

## VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

*An Act to amend and reenact § 56-265.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to public utilities facilities act; exemption.*

[S 1273]

Approved

**Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:****1. That § 56-265.1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:****§ 56-265.1. Definitions.**

In this chapter the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(a) "Company" means a corporation, an individual, a partnership, an association, a joint-stock company, a business trust, a cooperative, or an organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not; or any receiver, trustee or other liquidating agent of any of the foregoing in his capacity as such; but not a municipal corporation or a county.

(b) "Public utility" means any company which owns or operates facilities within the Commonwealth of Virginia for the generation, transmission or distribution of electric energy for sale, for the production, storage, transmission, or distribution, otherwise than in enclosed portable containers, of natural or manufactured gas or geothermal resources for sale for heat, light or power, or for the furnishing of telephone service, sewerage facilities or water; however, the term "public utility" shall not include any of the following:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in § 56-265.3:1, any company furnishing sewerage facilities, geothermal resources or water to less than fifty customers. Any company furnishing water or sewer services to ten or more customers and excluded by this subdivision from the definition of "public utility" for purposes of this chapter nevertheless shall not abandon the water or sewer services unless and until approval is granted by the Commission or all the customers receiving such services agree to accept ownership of the company.

(2) Any company generating and distributing electric energy exclusively for its own consumption.

(3) Any company (A) which furnishes electric service together with heating and cooling services, generated at a central plant installed on the premises to be served, to the tenants of a building or buildings located on a single tract of land undivided by any publicly maintained highway, street or road at the time of installation of the central plant, and (B) which does not charge separately or by meter for electric energy used by any tenant except as part of a rental charge. Any company excluded by this subdivision from the definition of "public utility" for the purposes of this chapter nevertheless shall, within thirty days following the issuance of a building permit, notify the State Corporation Commission in writing of the ownership, capacity and location of such central plant, and it shall be subject, with regard to the quality of electric service furnished, to the provisions of Chapters 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.) and 17 (§ 56-509 et seq.) of this title and regulations thereunder and be deemed a public utility for such purposes, if such company furnishes such service to 100 or more lessees.

(4) Any company, or affiliate thereof, making a first or direct sale, or ancillary transmission or delivery service, of natural or manufactured gas to fewer than thirty-five commercial or industrial customers, which are not themselves "public utilities" as defined in this chapter, for use solely by such purchasing customers at facilities which are not located in a territory for which a certificate to provide gas service has been issued by the Commission under this chapter and which, at the time of the Commission's receipt of the notice provided under § 56-265.4:5, are not located within any area, territory, or jurisdiction served by a municipal corporation that provided gas distribution service as of January 1, 1992, provided that such company shall comply with the provisions of § 56-265.4:5.

(5) Any company which is not a public service corporation and which provides compressed natural gas service at retail for the public.

(6) Any company selling landfill gas from a solid waste management facility permitted by the Department of Environmental Quality to a public utility certificated by the Commission to provide gas distribution service to the public in the area in which the solid waste management facility is located. If such company submits to the public utility a written offer for sale of such gas and the public utility does not agree within sixty days to purchase such gas on mutually satisfactory terms, then the company may sell such gas to (i) any facility owned and operated by the Commonwealth which is located within three miles of the solid waste management facility or (ii) any purchaser after such landfill gas has been liquefied. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any city with a population of at least 64,000 but no more than 69,000 or any county with a population of at least 500,000.

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57 (7) Any authority created pursuant to the Virginia Water and Waste Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5100 et  
58 seq.) making a sale or ancillary transmission or delivery service of landfill gas to a commercial or  
59 industrial customer from a solid waste management facility permitted by the Department of  
60 Environmental Quality and operated by that same authority, if such an authority limits off-premises sale,  
61 transmission or delivery service of landfill gas to no more than one purchaser. The authority may  
62 contract with other persons for the construction and operation of facilities necessary or convenient to  
63 the sale, transmission or delivery of landfill gas, and no such person shall be deemed a public utility  
64 solely by reason of its construction or operation of such facilities. If the purchaser of the landfill gas is  
65 located within the certificated service territory of a natural gas public utility, the public utility may file  
66 for Commission approval a proposed tariff to reflect any anticipated or known changes in service to the  
67 purchaser as a result of the use of landfill gas. No such tariff shall impose on the purchaser of the  
68 landfill gas terms less favorable than similarly situated customers with alternative fuel capabilities;  
69 provided, however, that such tariff may impose such requirements as are reasonably calculated to  
70 recover the cost of such service and to protect and ensure the safety and integrity of the public utility's  
71 facilities.

72 (c) "Commission" means the State Corporation Commission.

73 (d) "Geothermal resources" means those resources as defined in § 45.1-179.2.