

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 9-298 and 38.2-3431 of the Code of Virginia, relating to accident and sickness insurance; special advisory committee on mandated health insurance benefits; provisions relating to accident and sickness insurance.

[H 2786]

Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**1. That §§ 9-298 and 38.2-3431 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:**

§ 9-298. Duties of the Special Advisory Commission; reimbursement.

A. The Special Advisory Commission shall:

1. Develop and maintain, with the Bureau of Insurance, a system and program of data collection to assess the impact of mandated benefits and providers, including costs to employers and insurers, impact of treatment, cost savings in the health care system, number of providers and other data as may be appropriate.

2. Advise and assist the Bureau of Insurance on matters relating to mandated insurance benefits and provider regulations.

3. Prescribe the format, content, and timing of information to be submitted to the Special Advisory Commission in its assessment of proposed and existing mandated benefits and providers. Such format, content, and timing requirements shall be binding upon all parties submitting information to the Special Advisory Commission in its assessment of proposed and existing mandated benefits and providers.

4. Provide assessments of proposed and existing mandated benefits and providers and other studies of mandated benefits and provider issues as requested by the General Assembly.

5. Provide additional information and recommendations, relating to any system of mandated health insurance benefits and providers, to the Governor and the General Assembly upon request.

6. Report annually on its activities to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having jurisdiction over insurance by December 1 of each year.

7. Review and evaluate as necessary the benefits and other provisions of the essential and standard health benefits plans established pursuant to § 38.2-3431, and submit to the State Corporation Commission, for adoption in the State Corporation Commission's applicable regulations pursuant to § 38.2-3431, any modifications needed to maintain or enhance the affordability and marketability of the plans.

B. Members of the Special Advisory Commission shall receive reimbursement for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties pursuant to Article 1 (§ 14.1-1 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 14.1.

§ 38.2-3431. Small employer market.

A. Each insurer proposing to issue individual or group accident and sickness insurance policies providing hospital, medical and surgical or major medical coverage on an expense incurred basis, each corporation providing individual or group accident and sickness subscription contracts, and each health maintenance organization or multiple employer welfare arrangement providing health care plans for health care services that offers coverage to the small employer or primary small employer market shall be subject to the provisions of this article if any of the following conditions are met:

1. Any portion of the premiums or benefits is paid by or on behalf of the small employer;

2. The eligible employee or dependent is reimbursed, whether through wage adjustments or otherwise, by or on behalf of the small employer for any portion of the premium;

3. The small employer has permitted payroll deduction for the covered individual or any portion of the premium is paid by the small employer; or

4. The health benefit plan is treated by the employer or any of the covered individuals as part of a plan or program for the purpose of §§ 106, 125, or 162 of the United States Internal Revenue Code.

B. For the purposes of this article:

"Actuarial certification" means a written statement by a member of the American Academy of Actuaries or other individual acceptable to the Commission that a small employer carrier is in compliance with the provisions of this article based upon the person's examination, including a review of the appropriate records and of the actuarial assumptions and methods used by the small employer carrier in establishing premium rates for applicable health benefit plans.

"Carrier" means any person that provides one or more health benefit plans or insurance in this Commonwealth, including an insurer, a health services plan, a fraternal benefit society, a health maintenance organization, a multiple employer welfare arrangement, a third party administrator or any

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57 other person providing a plan of health insurance subject to the authority of the Commission.

58 "Community rate" means the average rate charged for the same or similar coverage to all primary
59 small employer groups with the same area, age and gender characteristics. This rate shall be based on
60 the carrier's combined claims experience for all groups within its primary small employer market.

61 "Dependent" means the spouse or child of an eligible employee, subject to the applicable terms of
62 the policy, contract or plan covering the eligible employee.

63 "Eligible employee" means an employee who works for a small group employer on a full-time basis,
64 has a normal work week of thirty or more hours, has satisfied applicable waiting period requirements,
65 and is not a part-time, temporary or substitute employee.

66 "Essential and standard health benefit plans" means health benefit plans developed pursuant to
67 subsection D of this section.

68 "Established geographic service area" means a broad geographic area of the Commonwealth in which
69 a carrier sells or has sold insurance policies on or before January 1994, or upon its subsequent
70 authorization to do business in Virginia.

71 "Health benefit plan" means any accident and health insurance policy or certificate, health services
72 plan contract, health maintenance organization subscriber contract, plan provided by a MEWA or plan
73 provided by another benefit arrangement. Health benefit plan does not mean accident only, credit, or
74 disability insurance; coverage of Medicare services or federal employee health plans, pursuant to
75 contracts with the United States government; Medicare supplement or long-term care insurance;
76 *Medicaid coverage*; dental only or vision only insurance; specified disease insurance; hospital
77 confinement indemnity coverage; limited benefit health coverage; coverage issued as a supplement to
78 liability insurance; insurance arising out of a workers' compensation or similar law; automobile medical
79 payment insurance; or insurance under which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and
80 that is statutorily required to be contained in any liability insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance.

81 "Initial enrollment period" means a period of at least thirty days.

82 "Late enrollee" means an eligible employee or dependent who requests enrollment in a health benefit
83 plan of a small employer after the initial enrollment period provided under the terms of the health
84 benefit plan.

85 "Preexisting conditions provision" means a policy provision that limits, denies, or excludes coverage
86 for charges or expenses incurred during a specified period following the insured's effective date of
87 coverage, for a condition that, during a specified period immediately preceding the effective date of
88 coverage, had manifested itself in such a manner as would cause an ordinarily prudent person to seek
89 diagnosis, care, or treatment, or for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was
90 recommended or received within twelve months of the effective date of coverage.

91 "Premium" means all moneys paid by a small employer and eligible employees as a condition of
92 coverage from a carrier, including fees and other contributions associated with the health benefit plan.

93 "Primary small employer," a subset of "small employer," means any person actively engaged in
94 business that, on at least fifty percent of its working days during the preceding year, employed no more
95 than twenty-five eligible employees and not less than two unrelated eligible employees, except as
96 provided in subdivision A 2 of § 38.2-3523, the majority of whom are enrolled within this
97 Commonwealth. Primary small employer includes companies that are affiliated companies or that are
98 eligible to file a combined tax return. Except as otherwise provided, the provisions of this article that
99 apply to a primary small employer shall apply until the earlier of the plan anniversary or one year
100 following the date the employer no longer meets the requirements of this subsection.

101 "Rating period" means the twelve-month period for which premium rates are determined by a small
102 employer carrier and are assumed to be in effect.

103 "Small employer" or "small employer market" means any person actively engaged in business that,
104 on at least fifty percent of its working days during the preceding year, employed less than 100 eligible
105 employees and not less than two unrelated eligible employees, the majority of whom are employed
106 within this Commonwealth. A small employer market group includes companies that are affiliated
107 companies or that are eligible to file a combined tax return. Except as otherwise provided, the provisions
108 of this article that apply to a small employer shall continue to apply until the earlier of the plan
109 anniversary or one year following the date the employer no longer meets the requirements of this
110 section.

111 "Small employer carrier" means any carrier that offers health benefit plans covering eligible
112 employees of one or more small employers or one or more primary small employers.

113 C. A late enrollee may be excluded from coverage for up to eighteen months or may have a
114 preexisting condition limitation apply for up to twelve months; however, in no case shall a late enrollee
115 be excluded from some or all coverage for more than eighteen months. An eligible employee or
116 dependent shall not be considered a late enrollee if all of the conditions set forth below in subdivisions
117 1 through 4 are met or one of the conditions set forth below in subdivision 5 or 6 is met:

1. The individual was covered under a public or private health benefit plan at the time the individual was eligible to enroll.

2. The individual certified at the time of initial enrollment that coverage under another health benefit plan was the reason for declining enrollment.

3. The individual has lost coverage under a public or private health benefit plan as a result of termination of employment or employment status eligibility, the termination of the other plan's entire group coverage, death of a spouse, or divorce.

4. The individual requests enrollment within thirty days after termination of coverage provided under a public or private health benefit plan.

5. The individual is employed by a small employer that offers multiple health benefit plans and the individual elects a different plan offered by that small employer during an open enrollment period.

6. A court has ordered that coverage be provided for a spouse or minor child under a covered employee's health benefit plan *or the premium is paid by Medicaid through the Health Insurance Premium Payment Program*, the minor is eligible for coverage and is a dependent, and the request for enrollment is made within thirty days after issuance of such court order.

However, such individual may be considered a late enrollee for benefit riders or enhanced coverage levels not covered under the enrollee's prior plan.

D. The Commission shall adopt regulations establishing the essential and standard plans. Such regulations shall incorporate the recommendations of the Essential Health Services Panel, established pursuant to Chapter 847 of the 1992 Acts of Assembly. *The Commission shall modify such regulations as necessary to incorporate any revisions to the essential and standard plans submitted by the Special Advisory Commission on Mandated Benefits pursuant to § 9-298.* Every small employer carrier shall, as a condition of transacting business in Virginia with primary small employers, offer to primary small employers at least the essential and standard plans. However, any regulation adopted by the Commission shall contain a provision requiring all small employer carriers to offer an option permitting a primary small employer electing to be covered under either an essential or standard health benefit plan to choose coverage that does not provide dental benefits. The regulation shall also require a primary small employer electing such option, as a condition of continuing eligibility for coverage pursuant to this article, to purchase separate dental coverage for all eligible employees and eligible dependents from a dental services plan authorized pursuant to Chapter 45 of this title. All small employer carriers shall issue the plans to every primary small employer that elects to be covered under either one of the plans and agrees to make the required premium payments, and shall satisfy the following provisions:

1. Such plan may include cost containment features such as, but not limited to, utilization review of health care services including review of medical necessity of hospital and physician services; case management; selective contracting with hospitals, physicians and other health care providers, subject to the limitations set forth in §§ 38.2-3407 and 38.2-4209 and Chapter 43 (§ 38.2-4300 et seq.) of this title; reasonable benefit differentials applicable to providers that participate or do not participate in arrangements using restricted network provisions; or other managed care provisions. The essential and standard plans for health maintenance organizations shall contain benefits and cost-sharing levels which are consistent with the basic method of operation and benefit plans of federally qualified health maintenance organizations, if a health maintenance organization is federally qualified, and of nonfederally qualified health maintenance organizations, if a health maintenance organization is not federally qualified. The essential and standard plans of coverage for health maintenance organizations shall be actuarial equivalents of these plans for small employer carriers.

2. No law requiring the coverage or offering of coverage of a benefit shall apply to the essential or standard health care plan or riders thereof.

3. Within 180 days after the Commission's approval of *regulations establishing or modifying the* essential and standard health benefit plans, every small employer carrier shall, as a condition of transacting business in Virginia with primary small employers, offer and make available to primary small employers an essential and a standard health benefit plan.

4. Within 180 days after the Commission's approval of *regulations establishing or modifying the* essential and standard health benefit plans, every primary small employer that elects to be covered under either an essential or standard health benefit plan and agrees to make the required premium payments and to satisfy the other provisions of the plan shall be issued such a plan by the small employer carrier to become effective upon renewal or termination of any group health benefit plan which the small employer may be party to.

5. All essential and standard benefit plans issued to primary small employers shall use a policy form approved by the Commission providing coverage defined by the essential and standard benefit plans. Coverages providing benefits greater than and in addition to the essential and standard plans may be provided by rider, separate policy or plan provided that no rider, separate policy or plan shall reduce benefit or premium. A small employer carrier shall submit all policy forms, including applications,

enrollment forms, policies, subscription contracts, certificates, evidences of coverage, riders, amendments, endorsements and disclosure plans to the Commission for approval in the same manner as required by § 38.2-316. Each rider, separate policy or plan providing benefits greater than the essential and standard benefit plans may require a specific premium for the benefits provided in such rider, separate policy or plan. The premium for such riders shall be determined in the same manner as the premiums are determined for the essential and standard plans. The Commission at any time may, after providing notice and an opportunity for a hearing to a small employer carrier, disapprove the continued use by the small employer carrier of an essential or standard health benefit plan on the grounds that such plan does not meet the requirements of this article.

6. No small employer carrier is required to offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to subdivisions 3 and 4 of this subsection:

a. From a primary small employer already covered under a health benefit plan except for coverage that is to commence on the group's anniversary date, but this subsection shall not be construed to prohibit a group from seeking coverage or a small employer carrier from issuing coverage to a group prior to its anniversary date; or

b. If the Commission determines that acceptance of an application or applications would result in the carrier being declared an impaired insurer.

A small employer carrier that does not offer coverage pursuant to subdivision 6 b of this subsection may not offer coverage to small employers until the Commission determines that the carrier is no longer impaired.

7. Every small employer carrier shall uniformly apply the provisions of subdivision D 6 of this section and shall fairly market the essential and standard health benefit plans to all primary small employers in their established geographic service area of the Commonwealth. A small employer carrier that fails to fairly market as required by this subdivision may not offer coverage in the Commonwealth to new small employers until the later of 180 days after the unfair marketing has been identified and proven to the Commission or the date on which the carrier submits and the Commission approves a plan to fairly market to their established geographic service area.

8. No health maintenance organization is required to offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to subdivisions 3 and 4 of this subsection in the case of any of the following:

a. To small employers, where the policy would not be delivered or issued for delivery in the health maintenance organization's approved service areas;

b. To an employee, where the employee does not reside or work within the health maintenance organization's approved service areas;

c. To primary small employers if the health maintenance organization is a federally qualified health maintenance organization and it demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Commission that the federally qualified health maintenance organization is prevented from doing so by federal requirement; however, any such exemption under this subdivision would be limited to the essential plan; or

d. Within an area where the health maintenance organization demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Commission, that it will not have the capacity within that area and its network of providers to deliver services adequately to the enrollees of those groups because of its obligations to existing group contract holders and enrollees.

A health maintenance organization that does not offer coverage pursuant to this subdivision may not offer coverage in the applicable area to new employer groups with more than ninety-nine eligible employees until the later of 180 days after closure to new applications or the date on which the carrier notifies the Commission that it has regained capacity to deliver services to small employers.

In the case of a health maintenance organization doing business in the small employer market in one service area of this Commonwealth, the rules set forth in this subdivision shall apply to the health maintenance organization's operations in the service area, unless the provisions of subdivision 7 of this subsection apply.

9. In order to ensure the broadest availability of health benefit plans to small employers, the Commission shall set market conduct and other requirements for carriers, agents and third-party administrators, including requirements relating to the following:

a. Registration by each carrier with the Commission of its intention to be a small employer carrier under this article;

b. Publication by the Commission of a list of all small employer carriers, including a potential requirement applicable to agents, third-party administrators, and carriers that no health benefit plan may be sold to a small employer by a carrier not so identified as a small employer carrier;

c. The availability of a broadly publicized toll-free telephone number for the Commission's Bureau of Insurance for access by small employers to information concerning this article;

d. To the extent deemed to be necessary to ensure the fair distribution of primary small employers among carriers, periodic reports by carriers about plans issued to primary small employers; provided that

reporting requirements shall be limited to information concerning case characteristics and numbers of health benefit plans in various categories marketed or issued to primary small employers. Carriers shall maintain data relating to the essential and standard benefit plans separate from data relating to additional benefits made available by rider for the purpose of complying with the reporting requirements of this section; and

e. Methods concerning periodic demonstration by small employer carriers that they are marketing and issuing health benefit plans to small employers in fulfillment of the purposes of this article.

10. All essential and standard health benefits plans contracts delivered, issued for delivery, reissued, renewed, or extended in this Commonwealth on or after July 1, 1997, shall include coverage for 365 days of inpatient hospitalization for each covered individual during a 12 month period. If coverage under the essential or standard health benefits plan terminates while a covered person is hospitalized, the inpatient hospital benefits shall continue to be provided until the earliest of (i) the day the maximum amount of benefit has been provided or (ii) the day the covered person is no longer hospitalized as an inpatient.