VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY -- 1996 SESSION

CHAPTER 228

An Act to amend and reenact § 28.2-1205 of the Code of Virginia, relating to permits for use of bottomlands.

[H 530]

Approved March 16, 1996

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 28.2-1205 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 28.2-1205. Permits for the use of state-owned bottomlands.

A. When determining whether to grant or deny any permit for the use of state-owned bottomlands, the Commission shall be guided in its deliberations by the provisions of Article XI, Section I of the Constitution of Virginia. In addition to other factors, the Commission shall also consider the public and private benefits of the proposed project and its effect on the following:

1. Other reasonable and permissible uses of state waters and state-owned bottomlands;

2. Marine and fisheries resources of the Commonwealth;

3. Tidal wetlands, except when this has or will be determined under the provisions of Chapter 13 of this title;

4. Adjacent or nearby properties; and

5. Water quality; and

6. Submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV).

B. The Commission shall consult with other state agencies, including the Virginia Institute of Marine Science, the State Water Control Board, the Virginia Department of Transportation, and the State Corporation Commission, whenever the Commission's decision on a permit application relates to or affects the particular concerns or activities of those agencies.

C. No permit for a marina or boatyard for commercial use shall be granted until the owner or other applicant presents to the Commission a plan for sewage treatment or disposal facilities which has been approved by the State Department of Health.

D. All permits issued by the Commission for the use of state-owned bottomlands or to recover underwater historic property shall be in writing and specify the conditions, terms and royalties which the Commission determines are appropriate.

E. Any person aggrieved by a decision of the Commission under this section is entitled to judicial review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 9-6.14:1 et seq.).