## **Virginia Retirement System**

## **2024 Fiscal Impact Statement**

1.	Bill Number: HB 321										
	House of Origin	$\boxtimes$	Introduced		Substitute		Engrossed				
	<b>Second House</b>		In Committee		Substitute		Enrolled				
2.	Patron: McQuinn										
3.	Committee: General Laws										

- 4. Title: Line of Duty Act; payment of benefits.
- 5. Summary: Increases from \$25,000 to \$100,000 the death benefit payout under the Virginia Line of Duty Act for a death caused by occupational cancer, respiratory disease, or hypertension or heart disease for those deaths that will occur on or after July 1, 2024.
- 6. Summary of Impacts

**Benefit(s) impacted:** Line of Duty Act (LODA) death benefit.

<u>Impact to unfunded liability (see Item 9 for details):</u> The VRS-administered LODA fund is a "pay-as-you-go" arrangement and does not pre-fund or develop unfunded liabilities.

Impact to LODA premium rate(s) (see Item 9 for details): Estimated to increase LODA premiums for fiscal years 2025 and 2026 by \$35.00 per full-time equivalent (FTE), from \$995.00 per FTE to \$1,030 per FTE, or an annual increase of approximately \$675,000 in increased premiums.

<u>Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected (see Item 10):</u> VRS, DHRM, and all LODA participating and non-participating employers.

<u>VRS cost to implement (see Item 7 and Item 8 for details):</u> Minimal ongoing costs to implement and administer.

Employer cost to implement (see Item 7 and Item 8 for details): Indeterminate.

Other VRS and employer impacts: See Item 7, Item 9, Item 11, and Item 12 for details.

<u>GF budget impacts (see Item 8 for details):</u> VRS' one-time implementation costs to provide LODA benefits cannot be borne by the VRS Trust Fund due to the exclusive benefit rule (*See* § 51.1-124.30(C) of the *Code of Virginia*, art. 10, § 11 of the Constitution of Virginia, and 26 U.S.C. § 401(a)). GF employers will also need increased funding for LODA premiums.

NGF budget impacts (see Item 8 for details): VRS' one-time implementation costs to provide LODA benefits cannot be borne by the VRS Trust Fund due to the exclusive benefit rule (See § 51.1-124.30(C) of the Code of Virginia, art. 10, § 11 of the Constitution of

Virginia, and 26 U.S.C. § 401(a)). NGF employers will also need increased funding for LODA premiums.

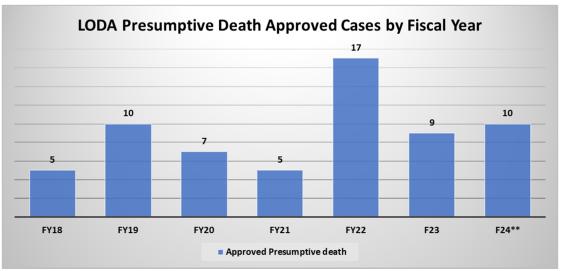
- 7. Budget Amendment Necessary: Yes. See Item 8. VRS expects minimal implementation costs. Employers will need increased funding for LODA premiums. Political subdivisions who are non-participating LODA employers, meaning they have opted out of the LODA Fund and so are self-insured or use a separate provider, will also need increased NGF funding for LODA premiums and implementation.
- **8. Fiscal Impact Estimates:** The VRS administered LODA fund covered 18,161 full-time equivalent (FTE) members as of June 30, 2023. State, VaLORS, and SPORS members including members of the National Guard made up 10,655 FTE, with political subdivision employees making up the remaining 7,506 FTEs. This bill would require \$372,925 in additional funding for State entities and \$262,710 in additional funding from participating political subdivisions payable on the proposed effective date of July 1, 2024. The table below does not include non-participating LODA employers that will also be required to provide and fund the increased benefit.

		Full-Time Equivalents	Board Certified Premium Per	Expected Premiums for	Additional Premium per FTE Associated	Additional Premiums Associated	Total Premiums for Fiscal Year 2025
Funding Source	Entities	(FTE)	FTE	Fiscal Year 2025	with HB 321	with HB 321	with HB 321
	State, SPORS, VaLORS	9,025	\$995	\$8,979,875	\$35	\$315,875	\$9,295,750
State Funded	Virginia National Guard	1,630	\$995	\$1,621,850	\$35	\$57,050	\$1,678,900
	Total State Covered	10,655	\$995	\$10,601,725	\$35	\$372,925	\$10,974,650
Political Subdivision Funded	Political Subdivisions	7,506	\$995	\$7,468,470	\$35	\$262,710	\$7,731,180
Total LODA Fund		18,161	\$995	\$18,070,195	\$35	\$635,635	\$18,705,830

Note that a portion of the State-funded LODA premiums are associated with General funding which varies by agency.

A more detailed breakdown of estimated costs is shown in Item 9 below.

**9. Fiscal Implications:** The LODA Fund is a pay-as-you-go fund, which means that there is no pre-funding, and the premiums are generally set to cover costs anticipated over the next two years of benefit payments. The LODA Fund premium effective July 1, 2024 is \$995.00 per eligible employee. The exhibit below provides historical data on LODA presumptive death benefit payments, which have averaged about nine per year since 2018. Increasing the death benefit payment from \$25,000 to \$100,000 will increase LODA expenses by approximately \$675,000 per year and will require an additional \$35.00 in LODA premiums for FY 2025-2026 per eligible employee.



<sup>\*\*</sup>LODA cases for FY 2024 as of January 10, 2024.

- **10. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected:** VRS, DHRM, and all LODA participating and non-participating employers.
- 11. Technical Amendment Necessary: No.
- **12. Other Comments:** The bill increases the LODA death benefit payment from \$25,000 to \$100,000 for a death related to a disability directly related to service in the line of duty that occurs on or after July 1, 2024. By statute, deaths related to a disability directly related to service in the line of duty are those caused by occupational cancer, respiratory disease, or hypertension or heart disease.

In addition to potential ongoing benefits, the one-time LODA death benefit is currently:

- \$100,000 to survivors of eligible individuals killed in the line of duty or
- \$25,000 in the event of a death related to a disability directly related to service in the line of duty.
- In addition, surviving family members receive health coverage with some restrictions.

Passage of this bill will also increase estimated costs for HB 232, HB 751 and SB 466.

This bill is identical to SB 649.

**Date:** 1/182024

**Document:** HB321.DOC/VRS