# **2024 SESSION**

24108166D

1

2

3

4

5

2/27/24 11:33

#### **SENATE BILL NO. 448**

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE (Proposed by the House Committee on General Laws

on February 22, 2024)

# (Patrons Prior to Substitute—Senators Rouse and Ebbin [SB 423])

6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 3.2-4113, 4.1-352, 4.1-600, 4.1-601, 4.1-603, 4.1-604, 4.1-606, 7 4.1-607, 4.1-611, 4.1-614, 4.1-621, 4.1-1100, 4.1-1101, 4.1-1121, 4.1-1500, 4.1-1501, 4.1-1502, 8 4.1-1601, 4.1-1604, 5.1-13, 9.1-1101, 16.1-69.40:1, 16.1-260, 16.1-273, 16.1-278.9, 18.2-46.1, 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-251, 18.2-251.03, 18.2-251.1:1, 18.2-251.1:2, 18.2-251.1:3, 9 18.2-252, 18.2-254, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.1, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.1, 10 18.2-265.2, 18.2-265.3, 18.2-287.2, 18.2-308.012, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-460, 18.2-474.1, 19.2-66, 19.2-81, 11 19.2-81.1, 19.2-83.1, 19.2-188.1, 19.2-303.01, 19.2-386.22 through 19.2-386.25, 19.2-389, 19.2-389.3, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 19.2-392.02, 19.2-392.6, 12 13 14 22.1-206, 22.1-277.08, 23.1-1301, 46.2-105.2, 46.2-347, 48-17.1, 53.1-231.2, 54.1-2903, 58.1-301, 15 and 59.1-200 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 6 of Title 16 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-629, 4.1-630, and 4.1-631, by adding in Title 4.1 chapters numbered 7 through 10, consisting of sections numbered 4.1-700 through 4.1-1008, by adding sections numbered 17 18 4.1-1102 through 4.1-1105, 4.1-1106, 4.1-1113, 4.1-1114, 4.1-1115, 4.1-1117, 4.1-1118, and 4.1-1119, by adding in Title 4.1 a chapter numbered 12, consisting of sections numbered 4.1-1200 19 20 through 4.1-1206, by adding in Chapter 13 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1300, 4.1-1301, and 4.1-1303 through 4.1-1309, by adding in Chapter 14 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1403 through 21 4.1-1406, by adding in Article 2 of Chapter 1 of Title 6.2 a section numbered 6.2-108, and by adding in Chapter 44 of Title 54.1 a section numbered 54.1-4426; and to repeal §§ 4.1-1101.1, 22 23 24 4.1-1105.1, 18.2-248.1, and 18.2-251.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to cannabis control; retail 25 market; penalties. 26

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 3.2-4113, 4.1-352, 4.1-600, 4.1-601, 4.1-603, 4.1-604, 4.1-606, 4.1-607, 4.1-611, 4.1-614, 27 4.1-621, 4.1-1100, 4.1-1101, 4.1-1121, 4.1-1500, 4.1-1501, 4.1-1502, 4.1-1601, 4.1-1604, 5.1-13, 28 9.1-1101, 16.1-69.40:1, 16.1-260, 16.1-273, 16.1-278.9, 18.2-46.1, 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 29 30  $18.2-251, \quad 18.2-251.03, \quad 18.2-251.1:1, \quad 18.2-251.1:2, \quad 18.2-251.1:3, \quad 18.2-252, \quad 18.2-254, \quad 18.2-255, \quad 18.2-25, \quad 18.2-2$ 18.2-255.1, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.1, 18.2-265.2, 18.2-265.3, 31 18.2-287.2, 18.2-308.012, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-460, 18.2-474.1, 19.2-66, 19.2-81, 19.2-81.1, 19.2-83.1, 32 33 19.2-188.1, 19.2-303.01, 19.2-386.22 through 19.2-386.25, 19.2-389, 19.2-389.3, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 19.2-392.02, 19.2-392.6, 22.1-206, 22.1-277.08, 23.1-1301, 34 46.2-105.2, 46.2-347, 48-17.1, 53.1-231.2, 54.1-2903, 58.1-301, and 59.1-200 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 6 of 35 36 37 Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-629, 4.1-630, and 4.1-631, by adding in Title 4.1 chapters 38 numbered 7 through 10, consisting of sections numbered 4.1-700 through 4.1-1008, by adding 39 sections numbered 4.1-1102 through 4.1-1105, 4.1-1106, 4.1-1113, 4.1-1114, 4.1-1115, 4.1-1117, 4.1-1118, and 4.1-1119, by adding in Title 4.1 a chapter numbered 12, consisting of sections 40 numbered 4.1-1200 through 4.1-1206, by adding in Chapter 13 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 41 42 4.1-1300, 4.1-1301, and 4.1-1303 through 4.1-1309, by adding in Chapter 14 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1403 through 4.1-1406, by adding in Article 2 of Chapter 1 of Title 6.2 a section 43 44 numbered 6.2-108, and by adding in Chapter 44 of Title 54.1 a section numbered 54.1-4426 as 45 follows: 46

# § 3.2-4113. Production of industrial hemp lawful.

A. It is lawful for a grower, his agent, or a federally licensed hemp producer to grow, a handler or 47 **48** his agent to handle, or a processor or his agent to process industrial hemp in the Commonwealth for any lawful purpose. No federally licensed hemp producer or grower or his agent shall be prosecuted under 49 50 Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 51 18.2-250 for the possession or growing of industrial hemp or any Cannabis sativa with a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed the total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration 52 53 percentage established in federal regulations applicable to negligent violations located at 7 C.F.R. 54 § 990.6(b)(3). No handler or his agent or processor or his agent shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 or issued 55 a summons or judgment for the possession, handling, or processing of industrial hemp. In any 56 complaint, information, or indictment, and in any action or proceeding brought for the enforcement of any provision of *Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1*, Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 57 58 59 of Title 18.2, or the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it shall not be necessary to negate any

SB448H1

exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption contained in this article or the Drug Control Act, and the 60 61 burden of proof of any such exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption shall be on the defendant.

62 B. Nothing in this article shall be construed to authorize any person to violate any federal law or 63 regulation.

64 C. No person shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 65 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01,  $\frac{18.2-248.1}{18.2-248.1}$ , or 18.2-250 for the involuntary growth of industrial hemp through the 66 inadvertent natural spread of seeds or pollen as a result of proximity to a production field, handler's 67 storage site, or process site. **68** 

§ 4.1-352. Certificate of forensic scientist as evidence; requiring forensic scientist to appear.

69 The certificate of any forensic scientist employed by the Commonwealth on behalf of the Board or the Department of Forensic Science, when signed by him, shall be admissible as evidence in all 70 71 prosecutions for violations of this subtitle and all controversies in any judicial proceedings touching the 72 mixture analyzed by him of the facts therein stated and of the results of such analysis (i) in any criminal proceeding, provided the requirements of subsection A of § 19.2-187.1 have been satisfied and 73 the accused has not objected to the admission of the certificate pursuant to subsection B of § 19.2-187.1 74 75 or (ii) in any civil proceeding. On motion of the accused or any party in interest, the court may require the forensic scientist making the analysis to appear as a witness and be subject to cross-examination, 76 77 provided such motion is made within a reasonable time prior to the day on which the case is set for 78 trial.

# § 4.1-600. Definitions.

80 As used in this subtitle, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Advertisement" or "advertising" means any written or verbal statement, illustration, or depiction that 81 is calculated to induce sales of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, marijuana plants, or marijuana 82 seeds, including any written, printed, graphic, digital, electronic, or other material, billboard, sign, or 83 84 other outdoor display, publication, or radio or television broadcast. 85

"Authority" means the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority created pursuant to this subtitle. 86

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority.

"Cannabis Control Act" means Subtitle II (§ 4.1-600 et seq.).

87 "Canopy" means the space used by a licensee to produce flowering marijuana plants, including areas 88 89 between plants, pathways, walkways, and empty space between rows that allow for airflow, light, 90 growth, access for watering, trimming, and other activities associated with marijuana cultivation. 91 "Canopy" does not include space used for mother plants, clones, immature or nonflowering plants, 92 processing, drying, curing, trimming, storage, offices, hallways, work areas, or other administrative and 93 nonproduction uses. If flowering marijuana plants are cultivated using a shelving or other layered system, the surface area of each level shall be included for purposes of calculating canopy. 94

"Child-resistant" means, with respect to packaging or a container, (i) specially designed or 95 constructed to be significantly difficult for a typical child under five years of age to open and not to be 96 97 significantly difficult for a typical adult to open and reseal and (ii) for any product intended for more than a single use or that contains multiple servings, resealable. 98

99 "Cultivation" or "cultivate" means the planting, propagation, growing, harvesting, drying, curing, grading, trimming, packaging, or other similar processing manufacturing of marijuana for use or sale. 100 101 "Cultivation" or "cultivate" does not include manufacturing processing or testing.

102 "Edible hemp product" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

103 "Edible marijuana product" means a marijuana product intended to be consumed orally, including 104 marijuana intended to be consumed orally or marijuana concentrate intended to be consumed orally. 105

"Hemp product" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

"Historically economically disadvantaged community" means either (i) a jurisdiction identified by the Board utilizing census tract data made available by the United States Census Bureau in which offenses 106 107 108 for marijuana possession were committed at a rate in excess of 150 percent of the statewide average for marijuana possession offenses during the 10-year period of 2009 to 2019 or (ii) a historically underutilized business zone as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 657a. 109 110

"Immature plant" means a nonflowering marijuana plant that is no taller than eight inches and no 111 wider than eight inches, is produced from a cutting, clipping, or seedling, and is growing in a container. 112

"Industrial hemp" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112. 113

114 "Industrial hemp extract" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-5145.1.

"Licensed" means the holding of a valid license granted by the Authority. 115

"Licensee" means any person to whom a license has been granted by the Authority. 116

"Manufacturing" or "manufacture" means the production of marijuana products or the blending, 117 infusing, compounding, or other preparation of marijuana and marijuana products, including marijuana 118 extraction or preparation by means of chemical synthesis. "Manufacturing" or "manufacture" does not 119 120 include cultivation or testing.

121 "Marijuana" means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, its seeds or

122 resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. "Marijuana" does not include (i) the 123 124 mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, or oil or cake made from the seed of such 125 plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is combined with other parts of plants of the genus 126 Cannabis; (ii) industrial hemp, as defined in  $\frac{8}{3.2}$ -4112, that is possessed by a person registered 127 pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent; (iii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that 128 is possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of 129 Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; (iv) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112; (v) an 130 industrial hemp extract, as defined in § 3.2-5145.1; or (vi) any substance containing a 131 tetrahydrocannabinol isomer, ester, ether, salt, or salts of such isomer, ester, or ether that has been 132 placed by the Board of Pharmacy into one of the schedules set forth in the Drug Control Act 133 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) pursuant to § 54.1-3443.

"Marijuana concentrate" means marijuana that has undergone a process to concentrate one or more active cannabinoids, thereby increasing the product's potency. Resin from granular trichomes from a marijuana plant is a concentrate for purposes of this subtitle.

137 "Marijuana cultivation facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to cultivate, label, and 138 package retail marijuana; to purchase or take possession of marijuana plants and seeds from other 139 marijuana cultivation facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana, immature marijuana 140 plants, and marijuana seeds to marijuana wholesalers and retail marijuana stores; to transfer possession 141 of and sell retail marijuana, marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to other marijuana cultivation 142 facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana to marijuana manufacturing facilities; and to 143 sell immature marijuana plants and marijuana seeds to consumers for the purpose of cultivating 144 marijuana at home for personal use § 4.1-800.

145 "Marijuana establishment" means a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana testing facility, a marijuana manufacturing processing facility, a marijuana wholesaler transporter, or a retail marijuana
 147 store.

148 "Marijuana manufacturing facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to manufacture, label, 149 and package retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; to purchase or take possession of retail 150 marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility or another marijuana manufacturing facility; and to 151 transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to marijuana wholesalers, 152 retail marijuana stores, or other marijuana manufacturing facilities.

"Marijuana paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind that are either
 designed for use or are intended for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting,
 manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, strength testing, analyzing,
 packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into
 the human body marijuana.

**158** *"Marijuana processing facility" means a facility licensed under § 4.1-801.* 

159 "Marijuana products" means (i) products that are composed of marijuana and other ingredients and 160 are intended for use or consumption, ointments, and tinctures or (ii) marijuana concentrate.

161 "Marijuana testing facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to develop, research, or test 162 marijuana, marijuana products, and other substances  $\S 4.1-804$ .

"Marijuana wholesaler transporter" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to purchase or take
possession of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds
from a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana manufacturing facility, or another marijuana wholesaler
and to transfer possession and sell or resell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature
marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing
facility, retail marijuana store, or another marijuana wholesaler § 4.1-803.

169 "Non-retail marijuana" means marijuana that is not cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed
 170 marijuana establishment.

171 "Non-retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are not manufactured and sold by a
 172 licensed marijuana establishment.

173 "Micro business" means a licensee that meets the criteria set forth in subdivision B 13 of § 4.1-606.
174 "Outdoor cultivation" means cultivation in an area exposed to natural sunlight and open to
175 environmental conditions, including variable temperature, precipitation, and wind.

176 "Place or premises" means the real estate, together with any buildings or other improvements thereon,
177 designated in the application for a license as the place at which the cultivation, manufacture processing,
178 sale, or testing of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products shall be performed, except that portion of
179 any such building or other improvement actually and exclusively used as a private residence.

"Processing" or "process" means the production of marijuana products or the blending, infusing,
 compounding, or other preparation of marijuana or marijuana products, including marijuana extraction
 or preparation by means of chemical synthesis. "Processing" or "process" does not include cultivation

212

183 or testing.

184 "Public place" means any place, building, or conveyance to which the public has, or is permitted to 185 have, access, including restaurants, soda fountains, hotel dining areas, lobbies and corridors of hotels, 186 and any park, place of public resort or amusement, highway, street, lane, or sidewalk adjoining any 187 highway, street, or lane.

188 "Residence" means any building or part of a building or structure where a person resides, but does 189 not include any part of a building that is not actually and exclusively used as a private residence, nor 190 any part of a hotel or club other than a private guest room thereof.

191 "Retail marijuana" means marijuana that is cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed marijuana 192 establishment.

193 "Retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are manufactured and sold by a licensed 194 marijuana establishment.

195 "Retail marijuana store" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to purchase or take possession of 196 retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds from a 197 marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, or marijuana wholesaler and to sell retail 198 marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds to consumers 199 § 4.1-802.

200 "Sale" and "sell" includes soliciting or receiving an order for; keeping, offering, or exposing for sale; 201 peddling, exchanging, or bartering; or delivering otherwise other than gratuitously, by any means, retail 202 marijuana or retail marijuana products.

203 "Secure agricultural greenhouse" means an enclosed structure that has transparent walls and roofing 204 and is used for controlled-environment agriculture.

"Special agent" means an employee of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority whom the Board has 205 206 designated as a law-enforcement officer pursuant to this subtitle.

207 "Testing" or "test" means the research and analysis of marijuana, marijuana products, or other 208 substances for contaminants, safety, or potency. "Testing" or "test" does not include cultivation or 209 manufacturing processing. 210

"Tetrahydrocannabinol" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

"Total tetrahydrocannabinol" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

§ 4.1-601. Virginia Cannabis Control Authority created; public purpose.

213 A. The General Assembly has determined that there exists in the Commonwealth a need to control 214 the possession, sale, transportation, distribution, and delivery of retail marijuana and retail marijuana 215 products in the Commonwealth. Further, the General Assembly determines that the creation of an 216 authority for this purpose is in the public interest, serves a public purpose, and will promote the health, safety, welfare, convenience, and prosperity of the people of the Commonwealth. To achieve this 217 objective, there is hereby created an independent political subdivision of the Commonwealth, exclusive 218 219 of the legislative, executive, or judicial branches of state government, to be known as the Virginia 220 Cannabis Control Authority. The Authority's exercise of powers and duties conferred by this subtitle 221 shall be deemed the performance of an essential governmental function and a matter of public necessity 222 for which public moneys may be spent.

223 B. The Board of Directors of the Authority is vested with control of the possession, sale, 224 transportation, distribution, and delivery of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products in the 225 Commonwealth, with plenary power to prescribe and enforce regulations and conditions under which 226 retail marijuana and retail marijuana products are possessed, sold, transported, distributed, and delivered, 227 so as to prevent any corrupt, incompetent, dishonest, or unprincipled practices and to promote the health, 228 safety, welfare, convenience, and prosperity of the people of the Commonwealth. The exercise of the 229 powers granted by this subtitle shall be in all respects for the benefit of the citizens of the Commonwealth and for the promotion of their safety, health, welfare, and convenience. No part of the 230 231 assets or net earnings of the Authority shall inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to, any private 232 individual, except that reasonable compensation may be paid for services rendered to or for the Authority affecting one or more of its purposes, and benefits may be conferred that are in conformity 233 234 with said purposes, and no private individual shall be entitled to share in the distribution of any of the 235 corporate assets on dissolution of the Authority.

236 § 4.1-603. Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council; purpose; membership; quorum; meetings; 237 compensation and expenses; duties.

238 A. The Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council (the Advisory Council) is established as an 239 advisory council to the Board. The purpose of the Advisory Council is to assess and monitor public 240 health issues, trends, and impacts related to marijuana and marijuana legalization and make 241 recommendations regarding health warnings, retail; marijuana and retail marijuana products safety and 242 product composition, and public health awareness, programming, and related resource needs.

243 B. The Advisory Council shall have a total membership of 21 members that shall consist of 14 244 nonlegislative citizen members and seven ex officio members. Nonlegislative citizen members of the 5 of 81

Council shall be citizens of the Commonwealth and shall reflect the racial, ethnic, gender, and 245 246 geographic diversity of the Commonwealth. Nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed as 247 follows: four to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules, one of whom shall be a representative 248 from the Virginia Foundation for Healthy Youth, one of whom shall be a representative from the 249 Virginia Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics, one of whom shall be a representative from 250 the Medical Society of Virginia, and one of whom shall be a representative from the Virginia 251 Pharmacists Association; six to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, one of whom 252 shall be a representative from a community services board, one of whom shall be a person or health 253 care provider with expertise in substance use disorder treatment and recovery, one of whom shall be a 254 person or health care provider with expertise in substance use disorder prevention, one of whom shall be 255 a person with experience in disability rights advocacy, one of whom shall be a person with experience 256 in veterans health care, and one of whom shall be a person with a social or health equity background; 257 and four to be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly, one of 258 whom shall be a representative of a local health district, one of whom shall be a person who is part of 259 the cannabis industry, one of whom shall be an academic researcher knowledgeable about cannabis, and 260 one of whom shall be a registered medical cannabis patient.

The Secretary of Health and Human Resources, the Commissioner of Health, the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Director of the Department of Health Professions, the Director of the Department of Forensic Science, and the Chief Executive Officer of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, or their designees, shall serve ex officio with voting privileges. Ex officio members of the Advisory Council shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office.

After the initial staggering of terms, nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed for a term of four years. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be for the unexpired terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All members may be reappointed.

The Advisory Council shall be chaired by the Secretary of Health and Human Resources or his
 designee. The Advisory Council shall select a *chairman and* vice-chairman from among its membership.
 A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum *unless the Advisory Council adopts a policy by the*

affirmative vote of a majority of the Advisory Council members that allows for a lesser number of members to constitute a quorum, which shall be no less than nine members. The Advisory Council shall meet at least two times each year and shall meet at the call of the chairman of the members so request, or upon the Board's submission of regulations to the Advisory Council for approval.

279 The Advisory Council shall have the authority to create subgroups with additional stakeholders,280 experts, and state agency representatives.

281 C. Members shall receive no compensation for the performance of their duties but shall be
 282 reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as
 283 provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825.

284 D. The Advisory Council shall have the following duties, in addition to duties that may be necessary285 to fulfill its purpose as described in subsection A:

1. To review multi-agency efforts to support collaboration and a unified approach on public health
 responses related to marijuana and marijuana legalization in the Commonwealth and to develop
 recommendations as necessary.

289 2. To monitor changes in drug use data related to marijuana and marijuana legalization in the
290 Commonwealth and the science and medical information relevant to the potential health risks associated
291 with such drug use, and make appropriate recommendations to the Department of Health and the Board.

3. Submit To review and approve Board regulations related to public health pursuant to subsection
F of § 4.1-606. The Advisory Council shall approve or deny such regulations within 30 calendar days of
the Board's submission of the regulations to the Advisory Council. If the Advisory Council fails to
approve or deny a regulation within 30 calendar days, the Board may adopt such regulation without
approval by the Advisory Council.

297 4. To submit an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly for publication as a report 298 document as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the 299 processing of legislative documents and reports. The chairman shall submit to the Governor and the 300 General Assembly an annual executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Advisory 301 Council no later than the first day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive 302 summary shall be submitted as a report document as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be 303 304 posted on the General Assembly's website.

305 § 4.1-604. Powers and duties of the Board.

349

### 6 of 81

306 The Board shall have the following powers and duties:

307 1. Promulgate regulations in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and 308 § 4.1-606:

309 2. Control the possession, sale, transportation, and delivery of marijuana and marijuana products;

310 3. Grant, suspend, restrict, revoke, or refuse to grant or renew any license or permit issued or 311 authorized pursuant to this subtitle:

312 4. Determine the nature, form, and capacity of all containers used for holding marijuana products to 313 be kept or sold and prescribe the form and content of all labels and seals to be placed thereon;

5. Maintain actions to enjoin common nuisances as defined in § 4.1-1113;

315 6. Establish standards and implement an online course for employees of retail marijuana stores that 316 trains employees on how to educate consumers on the potential risks of marijuana use;

7. Establish a plan to develop and disseminate to retail marijuana store licensees a pamphlet or 317 318 similar document regarding the potential risks of marijuana use to be prominently displayed and made 319 available to consumers;

320 8. Establish a position for a Cannabis Social Equity Micro Business Liaison who shall lead the 321 Cannabis *Micro* Business Equity and Diversity Support Team and liaise with the Director of Diversity, 322 Equity, and Inclusion on matters related to diversity, equity, and inclusion standards micro business 323 *participation* in the marijuana industry:

324 9. Establish a Cannabis Micro Business Equity and Diversity Support Team, which shall (i) develop 325 requirements for the creation and submission of diversity, equity, and inclusion micro cannabis business 326 accelerator plans by persons who wish to possess a license in more than one license category pursuant to subsection C of § 4.1-805, which may include a requirement that the licensee participate in social 327 equity apprenticeship plan, and an approval process and requirements for implementation of such plans; 328 (ii) be responsible for conducting an analysis of potential barriers to entry for small, women-owned, and 329 minority-owned businesses and veteran-owned micro businesses interested in participating in the 330 marijuana industry and recommending strategies to effectively mitigate such potential barriers; (iii) 331 332 provide assistance with business planning for potential marijuana establishment licensees; (iv) spread 333 awareness of business opportunities related to the marijuana marketplace in areas disproportionately 334 impacted by marijuana prohibition and enforcement historically economically disadvantaged 335 communities; (v) provide technical assistance in navigating the administrative process to potential 336 marijuana establishment licensees; and (vi) conduct other outreach initiatives in areas disproportionately 337 impacted by marijuana prohibition and enforcement historically economically disadvantaged communities 338 as necessary;

339 10. Establish a position for an individual with professional experience in a health related field who 340 shall staff the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council, established pursuant to § 4.1-603, liaise with 341 the Office of the Secretary of Health and Human Resources and relevant health and human services 342 agencies and organizations, and perform other duties as needed;

11. Establish and implement a plan, in coordination with the Cannabis Social Equity Micro Business 343 344 Liaison and the Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion, to promote and encourage participation in 345 the marijuana industry by people from *historically economically disadvantaged* communities that have 346 been disproportionately impacted by marijuana prohibition and enforcement and to positively impact 347 those communities: 348

12. Sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and complain and defend in all courts;

13. Adopt, use, and alter at will a common seal;

350 14. Fix, alter, charge, and collect rates, rentals, fees, and other charges for the use of property of, the 351 sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority at rates to be determined by the Authority for the purpose of providing for the payment of the expenses of the Authority; 352

353 15. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of 354 its duties, the furtherance of its purposes, and the execution of its powers under this subtitle, including agreements with any person or federal agency; 355

356 16. Employ, at its discretion, consultants, researchers, architects, engineers, accountants, financial 357 experts, investment bankers, superintendents, managers, and such other employees and special agents as 358 may be necessary and fix their compensation to be payable from funds made available to the Authority. 359 Legal The Board may employ or retain legal counsel of its choice to advise or represent the Authority 360 in hearings, controversies, or other matters involving the interests of the Authority; however, upon request by the Board, the Attorney General shall provide legal services for the Authority shall be 361 provided by the Attorney General in accordance with Chapter 5 (§ 2.2-500 et seq.) of Title 2.2; 362

17. Receive and accept from any federal or private agency, foundation, corporation, association, or 363 364 person grants or other aid to be expended in accomplishing the objectives of the Authority, and receive and accept from the Commonwealth or any state and any municipality, county, or other political 365 subdivision thereof or from any other source aid or contributions of either money, property, or other 366 things of value, to be held, used, and applied only for the purposes for which such grants and 367

#### 7 of 81

368 contributions may be made. All federal moneys accepted under this section shall be accepted and
369 expended by the Authority upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the United States and as
370 are consistent with state law, and all state moneys accepted under this section shall be expended by the
371 Authority upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the Commonwealth;

372 18. Adopt, alter, and repeal bylaws, rules, and regulations governing the manner in which its 373 business shall be transacted and the manner in which the powers of the Authority shall be exercised and 374 its duties performed. The Board may delegate or assign any duty or task to be performed by the 375 Authority to any officer or employee of the Authority. The Board shall remain responsible for the 376 performance of any such duties or tasks. Any delegation pursuant to this subdivision shall, where 377 appropriate, be accompanied by written guidelines for the exercise of the duties or tasks delegated. 378 Where appropriate, the guidelines shall require that the Board receive summaries of actions taken. Such 379 delegation or assignment shall not relieve the Board of the responsibility to ensure faithful performance 380 of the duties and tasks;

381 19. Conduct or engage in any lawful business, activity, effort, or project consistent with the382 Authority's purposes or necessary or convenient to exercise its powers;

383 20. Develop policies and procedures generally applicable to the procurement of goods, services, and construction, based upon competitive principles;

385 21. Develop policies and procedures consistent with Article 4 (§ 2.2-4347 et seq.) of Chapter 43 of
 386 Title 2.2;

387 22. Acquire, purchase, hold, use, lease, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed, 388 tangible or intangible, or any interest therein necessary or desirable for carrying out the purposes of the 389 Authority; lease as lessee any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest 390 therein, at such annual rental and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; 391 lease as lessor to any person any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest 392 therein, at any time acquired by the Authority, whether wholly or partially completed, at such annual 393 rental and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; sell, transfer, or convey 394 any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest therein, at any time acquired 395 or held by the Authority on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; and occupy 396 and improve any land or building required for the purposes of this subtitle;

397 23. Purchase, lease, or acquire the use of, by any manner, any plant or equipment that may be
398 considered necessary or useful in carrying into effect the purposes of this subtitle, including rectifying,
399 blending, and processing plants;

400 24. Appoint every agent and employee required for its operations, require any or all of them to give
401 bonds payable to the Commonwealth in such penalty as shall be fixed by the Board, and engage the
402 services of experts and professionals;

403 25. Hold and conduct hearings, issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the **404** production of records, memoranda, papers, and other documents before the Board or any agent of the 405 Board, and administer oaths and take testimony thereunder. The Board may authorize any Board 406 member or agent of the Board to hold and conduct hearings, issue subpoenas, administer oaths and take 407 testimony thereunder, and decide cases, subject to final decision by the Board, on application of any 408 party aggrieved. The Board may enter into consent agreements and may request and accept from any 409 applicant, licensee, or permittee a consent agreement in lieu of proceedings on (i) objections to the 410 issuance of a license or permit or (ii) disciplinary action. Any such consent agreement (a) shall include 411 findings of fact and provisions regarding whether the terms of the consent agreement are confidential 412 and (b) may include an admission or a finding of a violation. A consent agreement shall not be 413 considered a case decision of the Board and shall not be subject to judicial review under the provisions 414 of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), but may be considered by the Board in future 415 disciplinary proceedings:

26. Make a reasonable charge for preparing and furnishing statistical information and compilations to
persons other than (i) officials, including court and police officials, of the Commonwealth and of its
subdivisions if the information requested is for official use and (ii) persons who have a personal or legal
interest in obtaining the information requested if such information is not to be used for commercial or
trade purposes;

421 27. Take appropriate disciplinary action and assess and collect civil penalties and civil charges for
 422 violations of this subtitle and Board regulations;

423 28. Review and approve any proposed legislative or regulatory changes suggested by the Chief424 Executive Officer as the Board deems appropriate;

425 29. Report quarterly to the Secretary of Public Safety and Homeland Security on the law-enforcement
 426 activities undertaken to enforce the provisions of this subtitle;

427 30. Establish and collect fees for all permits set forth in this subtitle, including fees associated with428 applications for such permits;

465

466

429 31. Develop and make available on its website guidance documents regarding compliance and safe 430 practices for persons who cultivate marijuana at home for personal use, which shall include information 431 regarding cultivation practices that promote personal and public safety, including child protection, and 432 discourage practices that create a nuisance;

433 32. Develop and make available on its website a resource that provides information regarding (i) 434 responsible marijuana consumption; (ii) health risks and other dangers associated with marijuana 435 consumption, including inability to operate a motor vehicle and other types of transportation and equipment; and (iii) ancillary effects of marijuana consumption, including ineligibility for certain 436 employment opportunities. The Board shall require that the web address for such resource be included 437 438 on the label of all retail marijuana and retail marijuana product as provided in § 4.1-1402; and

439 33. Access during business hours any facility governed by this subtitle and any business that offers for sale or sells at retail a substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation, that is 440 441 advertised or labeled as containing a cannabinoid for the purpose of conducting an inspection or 442 securing samples to identify potential violations of this subtitle;

443 34. Issue an quarterly report that contains information regarding (i) license fees waived or reduced 444 pursuant to § 4.1-606; (ii) licenses issued to or renewed for persons identified in subdivision B 13 of 445 *§* 4.1-606; (iii) public education initiatives, including public awareness campaigns regarding driving under the influence, underage consumption and youth awareness, and health risks; (iv) community 446 447 engagement initiatives; (v) sales and tax revenue; (vi) programs funded by cannabis tax revenue; (vii) 448 efforts made pursuant to subdivisions 8, 9, 11, and 32; and (viii) license denials and disciplinary actions 449 taken.

450 35. Coordinate with the Department of Criminal Justice Services to ensure the exchange of any 451 information necessary to comply with the reporting requirements of the Community Policing Reporting 452 Database established pursuant to § 52-30.3; and 453

36. Do all acts necessary or advisable to carry out the purposes of this subtitle.

§ 4.1-606. Regulations of the Board.

455 A. The Board may promulgate reasonable regulations, not inconsistent with this subtitle or the 456 general laws of the Commonwealth, that it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this subtitle 457 and to prevent the illegal cultivation, manufacture processing, transportation, distribution, sale, and testing of marijuana and marijuana products. The Board may amend or repeal such regulations. Such 458 459 Except as otherwise provided by law, such regulations shall be promulgated, amended, or repealed in 460 accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and shall have the effect of law. 461

B. The Board shall promulgate regulations that:

462 1. Govern the outdoor cultivation of marijuana by a marijuana cultivation facility licensee, including 463 security requirements to include lighting, physical security, and alarm requirements, provided that such 464 requirements do not prohibit the cultivation of marijuana outdoors or in a greenhouse;

2. Establish requirements for securely transporting marijuana between marijuana establishments;

3. Establish sanitary standards for retail marijuana product preparation;

4. Establish a testing program for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products pursuant to Chapter 467 468 14 (§ 4.1-1400 et seq.);

469 5. Establish an application process for licensure as a marijuana establishment pursuant to this subtitle 470 in a way that, when possible, prevents disparate impacts on historically economically disadvantaged 471 communities;

472 6. Establish requirements for health and safety warning labels to be placed on retail marijuana and 473 retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer in accordance with 474 the provisions of this subtitle;

475 7. Establish a maximum tetrahydrocannabinol level for retail marijuana products, which shall not 476 exceed (i) five 10 milligrams per serving for edible marijuana products and where practicable an 477 equivalent amount for other marijuana products or (ii) 50 100 milligrams per package for edible 478 marijuana products and where practicable an equivalent amount for other marijuana products. Such 479 regulations may include other product and dispensing limitations on tetrahydrocannabinol;

480 8. Establish requirements for the form, content, and retention of all records and accounts by all **481** licensees;

482 9. Provide alternative methods for licensees to maintain and store business records that are subject to 483 Board inspection, including methods for Board-approved electronic and offsite storage;

484 10. Establish (i) criteria by which to evaluate new licensees based on the density of retail marijuana 485 stores in the community and (ii) metrics that have similarly shown an association with negative community-level health outcomes or health disparities. In promulgating such regulations, the Board shall 486 coordinate with the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council established pursuant to § 4.1-603. Such 487 488 regulations shall ensure that marijuana establishment licenses are, as possible and practicable, issued 489 evenly among all areas of the Commonwealth;

490 11. Require retail licensees to file an appeal from any hearing decision rendered by a hearing officer

#### 9 of 81

491 within 30 days of the date the notice of the decision is sent. The notice shall be sent to the licensee at 492 the address on record with the Board by certified mail, return receipt requested, and by regular mail;

493 12. Prescribe the schedule of proration for refunded license fees to licensees who qualify pursuant to 494 subsection C of § 4.1-1002;

495 13. Establish criteria by which to evaluate social equity *identify micro business* license applicants, 496 which shall be an applicant who has lived or been domiciled for at least 12 months in the 497 Commonwealth and is either (i) an applicant with that has at least 66 percent ownership and direct 498 *control* by a person or persons who (i) have been convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any 499 misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-248.1, former § 18.2-250.1, or subsection A of § 18.2-265.3 as it relates 500 to marijuana; (ii) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who is are the 501 parent, child, sibling, or spouse of a person who has been convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any 502 misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-248.1, former § 18.2-250.1, or subsection A of § 18.2-265.3 as it relates 503 to marijuana; (iii) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who have have 504 resided for at least three of the past five years in a jurisdiction that is determined by the Board after 505 utilizing census tract data made available by the United States Census Bureau to have been 506 disproportionately policed for marijuana crimes; (iv) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by 507 a person or persons who have resided for at least three of the last five years in a jurisdiction determined 508 by the Board after utilizing census tract data made available by the United States Census Bureau to be 509 economically distressed; or (v) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons 510 who graduated from a historically black historically economically disadvantaged community; (iv) have 511 attended for at least five years a public elementary or secondary school located in a historically 512 economically disadvantaged community; (v) have received a federal Pell Grant or attended for at least 513 two years a college or university located in the Commonwealth at which at least 30 percent of the 514 students, on average, are eligible for a federal Pell Grant; or (vi) is a veteran of the armed forces of 515 the United States;

516 14. For the purposes of establishing criteria by which to evaluate social equity license applicants, 517 establish standards by which to determine (i) which jurisdictions have been disproportionately policed 518 for marijuana crimes and (ii) which jurisdictions are economically distressed;

519 15. Establish For applicants that meet the criteria set forth in subdivision 13, establish standards and 520 requirements for (i) any a preference in the licensing process for qualified social equity applicants; (ii) 521 what percentage of application or license fees are waived for a qualified social equity applicant, and to 522 promote participation by micro businesses with an inability to pay standard application and license fees; 523 (iii) a low-interest business loan program for qualified social equity applicants; (iv) a waiver of any 524 requirements to show proof of funds or current possession and control of the proposed licensed premises 525 at the time of application; and (v) to the extent practicable, the proportional distribution of licenses 526 among the applicants set forth in clauses (i) through (vi) in subdivision 13. The Board shall establish a 527 process that prioritizes such applicants based on the number of subdivision 13 criteria categories met 528 and ensures that increased priority is provided to applicants that meet the most criteria categories;

529 16. 15. Establish guidelines, in addition to requirements set forth in this subtitle, for the personal 530 cultivation of marijuana that promote personal and public safety, including child protection, and 531 discourage personal cultivation practices that create a nuisance, including a nuisance caused by odor;

532 47. 16. Establish reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions on outdoor advertising of retail 533 marijuana or retail marijuana products, not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, so that such 534 advertising displaces the illicit market and notifies the public of the location of marijuana establishments. 535 Such regulations shall be promulgated in accordance with § 4.1-1404;

536 18. 17. Establish restrictions on the number of licenses that a person may be granted to operate a 537 marijuana establishment in single locality or region; and

538 19. Establish restrictions on pharmaceutical processors and industrial hemp processors that have been 539 granted a license in more than one license category pursuant to subsection C of § 4.1-805 that ensure all 540 licensees have an equal and meaningful opportunity to participate in the market. Such regulations may 541 limit the amount of products cultivated or manufactured by the pharmaceutical processor or industrial 542 hemp processor that such processor may offer for sale in its retail marijuana stores

543 18. Allow micro business licensees to (i) enter into cooperative agreements with other micro business 544 licensees and (ii) lease space and equipment and cultivate, manufacture, and sell marijuana and 545 marijuana products on the premises of another licensee. 546

C. The Board may promulgate regulations that:

547 1. Limit the number of licenses issued by type or class to operate a marijuana establishment; 548 however, the number of licenses issued shall not exceed the following limits:

- 549 a. Retail marijuana stores, 400 350;
- 550 b. Marijuana wholesalers, 25;
- 551 e. Marijuana manufacturing processing facilities, 60 100; and

### 10 of 81

552 d. Marijuana c. Tier I marijuana cultivation facilities, 450 50;

553 d. Tier II marijuana cultivation facilities, 50;

554 e. Tier III marijuana cultivation facilities, 10;

555 f. Tier IV marijuana cultivation facilities, 5;

556 g. Tier V marijuana cultivation facilities, 10; and

557 h. Marijuana testing facilities, the maximum number of licenses permitted under Board regulations.

558 In determining the number of licenses issued pursuant to this subdivision, the Board shall not 559 consider any license granted pursuant to subsection C of § 4.1-805 to (i) a pharmaceutical processor that has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54. 1-3442.5 et seq.) of 560 the Drug Control Act or (ii) an industrial hemp processor registered with the Commissioner of 561 Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to Chapter 41.1 (§ 3. 2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2. 562

2. Prescribe any requirements deemed appropriate for the administration of taxes under \$ \$ 4.1-1003 563 564 and 4.1-1004, including method of filing a return, information required on a return, and form of 565 payment.

3. Limit the allowable square footage of a retail marijuana store, which shall not exceed  $\frac{1,500}{2,500}$ 566 567 square feet of retail floor space.

568 4. Allow certain persons to be granted or have interest in a license in more than one of the following 569 license categories: marijuana cultivation facility license, marijuana manufacturing facility license. 570 marijuana wholesaler license, or retail marijuana store license. Such regulations shall be drawn narrowly 571 to limit vertical integration to small businesses and ensure that all licensees have an equal and 572 meaningful opportunity to participate in the market.

573 D. Board regulations shall be uniform in their application, except those relating to hours of sale for 574 licensees. 575

E. Courts shall take judicial notice of Board regulations.

576 F. The Board shall consult with the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council in promulgating any 577 regulations relating to public health, including regulations promulgated pursuant to subdivision B 3, 4, 6, 578 7, 10, or 16 14, and, except as otherwise provided in § 4.1-603, shall not promulgate any such 579 regulation that has not been approved by a majority of the members of the Cannabis Public Health 580 Advisory Council.

581 G. With regard to regulations governing licensees that have been issued a permit by the Board of 582 Pharmacy to operate as a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility pursuant to Article 4.2 583 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.), the Board shall make 584 reasonable efforts (i) to align such regulations with any applicable regulations promulgated by the Board 585 of Pharmacy that establish health, safety, and security requirements for pharmaceutical processors and 586 cannabis dispensing facilities and (ii) to deem in compliance with applicable regulations promulgated 587 pursuant to this subtitle such pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities that have been 588 found to be in compliance with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy that mirror or are 589 more extensive in scope than similar regulations promulgated pursuant to other provisions of this 590 subtitle. 591

H. The Board's power to regulate shall be broadly construed.

# § 4.1-607. Board membership; terms; compensation.

593 A. The Authority shall be governed by a Board of Directors, which shall consist of five seven 594 citizens at large as follows: five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the affirmative 595 vote of a majority of those voting in each house of the General Assembly and two members appointed 596 by the Joint Rules Committee and confirmed by the affirmative vote of a majority of those voting in 597 each house of the General Assembly. Each appointee shall (i) have been a resident of the 598 Commonwealth for a period of at least three years next preceding his appointment, and his continued 599 residency shall be a condition of his tenure in office; (ii) hold, at a minimum, a baccalaureate degree in 600 business or a related field of study; and (iii) possess a minimum of seven years of demonstrated 601 experience or expertise in the direct management, supervision, or control of a business or legal affairs. 602 Members shall be appointed in a manner that ensures expertise among the Board members in health, 603 law, agriculture, finance, and law enforcement. Appointees shall reflect the racial, ethnic, gender, and 604 geographic diversity of the Commonwealth. Appointees shall be subject to a background check in 605 accordance with 4.1-609.

606 B. After the initial staggering of terms, members shall be appointed for a term of five years. All 607 members shall serve until their successors are appointed. Any appointment to fill a vacancy shall be for 608 the unexpired term. No member appointed by the Governor shall be eligible to serve more than two consecutive terms; however, a member appointed to fill a vacancy may serve two additional consecutive 609 terms. Members of the Board may be removed from office by the Governor for cause, including the 610 improper use of its police powers, malfeasance, misfeasance, incompetence, misconduct, neglect of duty, 611 612 absenteeism, conflict of interests, failure to carry out the policies of the Commonwealth as established in 613 the Constitution or by the General Assembly, or refusal to carry out a lawful directive of the Governor.

# 11 of 81

614 C. The Governor shall appoint the chairman and vice-chairman of the Board from among the 615 membership of the Board. The Board may elect other subordinate officers, who need not be members of 616 the Board. The Board may also form committees and advisory councils, which may include representatives who are not members of the Board, to undertake more extensive study and discussion of 617 618 the issues before the Board. A majority of the Board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of the 619 Authority's business, and no vacancy in the membership shall impair the right of a quorum to exercise 620 the rights and perform all duties of the Authority.

621 D. The Board shall meet at least every 60 days for the transaction of its business. Special meetings 622 may be held at any time upon the call of the chairman of the Board or the Chief Executive Officer or 623 upon the written request of a majority of the Board members.

624 E. Members of the Board shall receive annually such salary, compensation, and reimbursement of 625 expenses for the performance of their official duties as set forth in the general appropriation act for 626 members of the House of Delegates when the General Assembly is not in session, except that the 627 chairman of the Board shall receive annually such salary, compensation, and reimbursement of expenses 628 for the performance of his official duties as set forth in the general appropriation act for a member of 629 the Senate of Virginia when the General Assembly is not in session.

630 F. The provisions of the State and Local Government Conflict of Interests Act (§ 2.2-3100 et seq.) 631 shall apply to the members of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority, and the 632 employees of the Authority.

#### 633 § 4.1-611. Seed-to-sale tracking system.

634 To ensure that no retail marijuana or retail marijuana products grown or processed by a marijuana 635 establishment are sold or otherwise transferred except as authorized by law, the Board shall develop and 636 maintain a seed-to-sale tracking system that tracks retail marijuana from either the seed or immature 637 plant stage until the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product is sold to a customer at a retail 638 marijuana store. 639

### § 4.1-614. Disposition of moneys collected by the Board.

640 A. All moneys collected by the Board shall be paid directly and promptly into the state treasury, or 641 shall be deposited to the credit of the State Treasurer in a state depository, without any deductions on 642 account of salaries, fees, costs, charges, expenses, refunds, or claims of any description whatever, as 643 required by § 2.2-1802.

644 All moneys so paid into the state treasury, less the net profits determined pursuant to subsection C, 645 shall be set aside as and constitute an Enterprise Fund, subject to appropriation, for the payment of (i) 646 the salaries and remuneration of the members, agents, and employees of the Board and (ii) all costs and 647 expenses incurred in the administration of this subtitle.

648 B. The net profits derived under the provisions of this subtitle shall be transferred by the Comptroller 649 to the general fund of the state treasury quarterly, within 50 days after the close of each quarter or as 650 otherwise provided in the appropriation act. As allowed by the Governor, the Board may deduct from 651 the net profits quarterly a sum for the creation of a reserve fund not exceeding the sum of \$2.5 million 652 in connection with the administration of this subtitle and to provide for the depreciation on the 653 buildings, plants, and equipment owned, held, or operated by the Board. After accounting for the 654 Authority's expenses as provided in subsection A, net profits shall be appropriated in the general 655 appropriation act as follows:

656 1. Forty Ten percent to pre-kindergarten programs for at-risk three-year-olds and four-year-olds;

657 2. Thirty Sixty percent to the Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Fund established pursuant to 658 § 2.2-2499.8;

659 3. Twenty-five percent to the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, which 660 shall distribute such appropriated funds to community services boards for the purpose of administering substance use disorder prevention and treatment programs; and **661** 

4. Five percent to public health programs, including public awareness campaigns that are designed to 662 663 prevent drugged driving, discourage consumption by persons younger than 21 years of age, and inform 664 the public of other potential risks.

665  $\tilde{C}$ . As used in this section, "net profits" means the total of all moneys collected by the Board, less local marijuana tax revenues collected under subsection B of § 4.1-1004 and distributed pursuant to 666 667 <u>\$4.1-614</u> 4.1-1003 and all costs, expenses, and charges authorized by this section.

D. All local tax revenues collected under subsection B of § 4.1-1004 4.1-1003 shall be paid into the 668 669 state treasury as provided in subsection A and credited to a special fund, which is hereby created on the 670 Comptroller's books under the name "Collections of Local Marijuana Taxes." The revenues shall be 671 credited to the account of the locality in which they were collected. If revenues were collected from a 672 marijuana establishment located in more than one locality by reason of the boundary line or lines passing through the marijuana establishment, tax revenues shall be distributed pro rata among the 673 localities. The Authority shall provide to the Comptroller any records and assistance necessary for the 674

SB448H1

### 12 of 81

675 Comptroller to determine the locality to which tax revenues are attributable.

676 On a quarterly basis, the Comptroller shall draw his warrant on the Treasurer of Virginia in the proper amount in favor of each locality entitled to the return of its tax revenues, and such payments 677 678 shall be charged to the account of each such locality under the special fund created by this section. If 679 errors are made in any such payment, or adjustments are otherwise necessary, whether attributable to refunds to taxpayers, or to some other fact, the errors shall be corrected and adjustments made in the 680 681 payments for the next quarter. **682** 

# § 4.1-621. Certain information not to be made public.

683 Neither the Board nor its employees shall divulge any information regarding (i) financial reports or records required pursuant to this subtitle; (ii) the purchase orders and invoices for retail marijuana or **684** 685 retail marijuana products filed with the Board by marijuana wholesaler licensees; (iii) taxes collected from, refunded to, or adjusted for any person; or (iv) information contained in the seed-to-sale tracking 686 system maintained by the Board pursuant to § 4.1-611. The provisions of § 58.1-3 shall apply, mutatis **687** mutandis, to taxes collected pursuant to this subtitle and to purchase orders and invoices for retail 688 689 marijuana or retail marijuana products filed with the Board by marijuana wholesaler licensees.

690 Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit the use or release of such information or documents 691 by the Board to any governmental or law-enforcement agency, or when considering the granting, denial, 692 revocation, or suspension of a license or permit, or the assessment of any penalty against a licensee or 693 permittee, nor shall this section prohibit the Board or its employees from compiling and disseminating to 694 any member of the public aggregate statistical information pertaining to (a) tax collection, as long as 695 such information does not reveal or disclose tax collection from any identified licensee; (b) the total 696 amount of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products sales in the Commonwealth by marijuana 697 wholesaler licensees collectively; or (c) the total amount of purchases or sales submitted by licensees, 698 provided that such information does not identify the licensee. 699

# § 4.1-629. Local referendum on prohibition of retail marijuana stores.

700 A. The governing body of a locality may, by resolution, petition the circuit court for the locality for 701 a referendum on the question of whether retail marijuana stores should be prohibited in the locality.

702 Upon the filing of a petition, the circuit court shall order the election officials to conduct a 703 referendum on the question on the date fixed in the order. The date set by the order shall comply with 704 the provisions of § 24.2-682, but in no event shall such date be more than 90 days from the date the 705 order is issued. The clerk of the circuit court shall publish notice of the referendum in a newspaper of 706 general circulation in the locality once a week for three consecutive weeks prior to the referendum. 707 The question on the ballot shall be:

708 "Shall the operation of retail marijuana stores be prohibited in \_\_\_\_\_ (name of county, city, or 709 town)?"

710 The referendum shall be held and the results certified as provided in § 24.2-684. In addition to the 711 certifications required by such section, the secretary of the local electoral board shall certify the results 712 of the referendum to the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and to the 713 governing body of the locality.

714 B. If a majority of the qualified voters voting in such referendum vote "No" on the question of 715 whether retail marijuana stores shall be prohibited in the locality, retail marijuana stores shall be permitted to operate within the locality 60 days after the results are certified or on January 1, 2025, 716 717 whichever is later, and no subsequent referendum may be held pursuant to this section within such 718 locality.

719 If a majority of the qualified voters voting in such referendum vote "Yes" on the question of whether 720 retail marijuana stores shall be prohibited in the locality, retail marijuana stores shall be prohibited in 721 the locality effective January 1 of the year immediately following the referendum. A referendum on the 722 same question may be held subsequent to a vote to prohibit retail marijuana stores but not earlier than 723 four years following the date of the previous referendum. Any subsequent referendum shall be held 724 pursuant to the provisions of this section.

725 C. When any referendum is held pursuant to this section in a town, separate and apart from the 726 county in which such town or a part thereof is located, such town shall be treated as being separate 727 and apart from such county. When any referendum in held pursuant to this section in a county, any 728 town located within such county shall be treated as being part of such county.

729 D. The legality of any referendum held pursuant to this section shall be subject to the inquiry, 730 determination, and judgment of the circuit court that ordered the referendum. The court shall proceed 731 upon the complaint of 15 or more qualified voters of the county, city, or town, filed within 30 days after 732 the date the results of the referendum are certified and setting out fully the grounds of contest. The 733 complaint and the proceedings shall conform as nearly as practicable to the provisions of § 15.2-1654. 734 and the judgment of the court entered of record shall be a final determination of the legality of the 735 referendum. 736

E. Referendums held pursuant to this section shall not apply to or prohibit the licensure and

### 13 of 81

737 operation of a marijuana establishment by and on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor or 738 cannabis dispensing facility that holds a valid permit issued by the Board pursuant to Chapter 16 739 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) prior to November 1, 2024.

740 § 4.1-630. Local ordinances or resolutions regulating marijuana or marijuana products.

741 A. No county, city, or town shall, except as provided in §§ 4.1-629 and 4.1-631, adopt any ordinance 742 or resolution that regulates or prohibits the cultivation, processing, possession, sale, distribution, 743 handling, transportation, consumption, use, advertising, or dispensing of marijuana or marijuana 744 products in the Commonwealth.

745 B. However, the governing body of any county, city, or town may adopt an ordinance that prohibits 746 in its local public parks, playgrounds, public streets, or any sidewalk adjoining any public street the 747 acts described in § 4.1-1108 or the acts described in § 4.1-1109 and may provide a penalty for violation 748 thereof.

749 C. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to supersede or limit the authority of a locality to 750 adopt and enforce local ordinances to regulate businesses licensed pursuant to this chapter, including 751 local zoning and land use requirements and business license requirements.

752 D. Except as provided in this section, all local acts, including charter provisions and ordinances of 753 counties, cities, and towns, inconsistent with any of the provisions of this subtitle, are repealed to the 754 extent of such inconsistency. 755

§ 4.1-631. Local ordinances regulating time of sale of marijuana and marijuana products.

756 The governing body of each county may adopt ordinances effective in that portion of such county not 757 embraced within the corporate limits of any incorporated town, and the governing body of each city and 758 town may adopt ordinances effective in such city or town, fixing hours during which marijuana and 759 marijuana products may be sold. Such governing bodies shall provide for fines and other penalties for 760 violations of any such ordinances, which shall be enforced as if the violations were Class 1 761 misdemeanors with a right of appeal pursuant to § 16.1-106.

762 A copy of any ordinance adopted pursuant to this section shall be certified by the clerk of the 763 governing body adopting it and transmitted to the Board.

764 On and after the effective date of any ordinance adopted pursuant to this section, no marijuana store 765 shall sell marijuana or marijuana products during the hours limited by the ordinance. 766

CHAPTER 7.

# ADMINISTRATION OF LICENSES; GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§ 4.1-700. Exemptions from licensure.

769 The licensure requirements of this subtitle shall not apply to (i) a cannabis dispensing facility or 770 pharmaceutical processor that has been issued a permit by the Board and is acting in accordance with 771 the provisions of Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.); (ii) a handler, grower, or processor of industrial 772 hemp that is registered with the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to 773 Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2 and is acting in accordance with the provisions of Title 774 3.2; (iii) a person that has been issued a regulated hemp product retail facility registration and is acting in accordance with the provisions of Title 3.2; (iv) a manufacturer of an edible hemp product 775 operating in accordance with Article 5 (§ 3.2-5145.1 et seq.) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2; or (v) a person 776 who cultivates marijuana at home for personal use pursuant to § 4.1-1101. Nothing in this subtitle shall 777 778 be construed to (a) prevent any person described in clauses (i) through (iv) from obtaining a license 779 pursuant to this subtitle, provided such person satisfies applicable licensing requirements; (b) prevent a 780 licensee from acquiring hemp products from an industrial hemp processor in accordance with the 781 provisions of Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2; or (c) prevent a cultivation, processing, 782 transporter, or retail licensee from operating on the licensed premises a pharmaceutical processing 783 facility in accordance with Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) or an industrial hemp processing facility in 784 accordance with Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2.

785

767 768

### § 4.1-701. To whom privileges conferred by licenses extend; liability for violations of law.

786 The privilege of any licensee to cultivate, process, transport, sell, or test marijuana or marijuana 787 products shall extend to such licensee and to all agents or employees of such licensee for the purpose of 788 operating under such license. The licensee may be held liable for any violation of this subtitle or any 789 Board regulation committed by such agents or employees in connection with their employment.

790 § 4.1-702. Separate license for each place of business; transfer or amendment; posting; expiration; 791 civil penalties.

792 A. Each license granted by the Board shall designate the place where the business of the licensee 793 will be carried on. A separate license shall be required for each separate place of business.

794 B. No license shall be transferable from one location to another or from one person to another 795 unless such transfer is conducted in accordance with Board regulations.

C. The Board may permit a licensee to amend the classification of an existing license without 796 797 complying with the posting and publishing procedures required by § 4.1-1000 if the effect of the

811

#### 14 of 81

798 amendment is to reduce materially the privileges of an existing license.

799 D. Each license shall be posted in a location conspicuous to the public at the place where the 800 licensee carries on the business for which the license is granted.

801 E. The privileges conferred by any license granted by the Board shall continue until the last day of 802 the twelfth month next ensuing or the last day of the designated month and year of expiration, except 803 the license may be sooner terminated for any cause for which the Board would be entitled to refuse to 804 grant a license or by operation of law, voluntary surrender, or order of the Board.

805 The Board may grant licenses for one year or for multiple years, not to exceed three years, based on the fees set by the Board pursuant to § 4.1-1001. Qualification for a multiyear license shall be 806 determined on the basis of criteria established by the Board. Fees for multiyear licenses shall not be 807 refundable except as provided in § 4.1-1002. The Board may provide a discount for two-year or 808 809 three-year licenses, not to exceed five percent of the applicable license fee, which extends for one fiscal 810 year and shall not be altered or rescinded during such period.

F. The Board may permit a licensee who fails to pay:

812 1. The required license fee covering the continuation or reissuance of his license by midnight of the 813 fifteenth day of the twelfth month or of the designated month of expiration, whichever is applicable, to 814 pay the fee in lieu of posting and publishing notice and reapplying, provided payment of the fee is made within 30 days following that date and is accompanied by a civil penalty of \$25 or 10 percent of such 815 816 fee, whichever is greater; and

817 2. The fee and civil penalty pursuant to subdivision 1 to pay the fee in lieu of posting and publishing 818 notice and reapplying, provided payment of the fee is made within 45 days following the 30 days 819 specified in subdivision 1 and is accompanied by a civil penalty of \$100 or 25 percent of such fee, 820 whichever is greater.

Such civil penalties collected by the Board shall be deposited in accordance with § 4.1-614. 821 822

§ 4.1-703. Records of licensees; inspection of records and places of business.

823 A. Every licensed marijuana establishment shall keep complete, accurate, and separate records in 824 accordance with Board regulations of all marijuana and marijuana products it cultivated, purchased, 825 processed, sold, developed, researched, tested, or shipped.

826 B. Every licensed retail marijuana store shall keep complete, accurate, and separate records in 827 accordance with Board regulations of all purchases of marijuana products, the prices charged such 828 licensee therefor, and the names and addresses of the persons from whom purchased. Every licensed 829 retail marijuana store shall also preserve all invoices showing its purchases for a period as specified by 830 Board regulations. The licensee shall also keep an accurate account of daily sales, showing quantities of 831 marijuana products sold and the total price charged by it therefor. Except as otherwise provided in 832 subsections C and D, such account need not give the names or addresses of the purchasers thereof, 833 except as may be required by Board regulation.

834 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection D, electronic records of licensed retail marijuana stores 835 may be stored off site, provided that such records are readily retrievable and available for electronic 836 inspection by the Board or its special agents at the licensed premises. However, in the case that such electronic records are not readily available for electronic inspection on the licensed premises, the 837 838 licensee may obtain Board approval, for good cause shown, to permit the licensee to provide the 839 records to a special agent of the Board within three business days or less, as determined by the Board, 840 after a request is made to inspect the records.

841 C. Every licensed marijuana testing facility shall keep records of the names and addresses of all 842 licensees or persons who submit marijuana or marijuana products to the marijuana testing facility.

843 D. The Board and its special agents shall be allowed free access during reasonable hours to every 844 place in the Commonwealth and to the premises of every licensee or for the purpose of examining and 845 inspecting such place and all records, invoices, and accounts therein.

846 For the purposes of a Board inspection of the records of any retail marijuana store licensees, "reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" means the business hours 847 848 849 when the licensee is open to the public. At any other time of day, if the retail marijuana store licensee's 850 records are not available for inspection, the licensee shall provide the records to a special agent of the 851 Board within 24 hours after a request is made to inspect the records. CHAPTER 8.

852 853

854

# ADMINISTRATION OF LICENSES; LICENSES GRANTED BY BOARD.

# § 4.1-800. Marijuana cultivation facility license.

855 A. The Board may issue any of the following marijuana cultivation facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to cultivate, label, and package marijuana; to purchase or take possession of 856 857 marijuana plants and seeds from other marijuana cultivation facilities; to transfer possession of and sell 858 marijuana, immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to retail marijuana stores; to transfer 859 possession of marijuana, immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to marijuana transporters; to

#### 15 of 81

860 transfer possession of and sell marijuana, marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to other marijuana cultivation facilities; and to transfer possession of and sell marijuana to marijuana processing facilities: 861 862 1. Tier I marijuana cultivation facility license, which shall authorize the licensee to cultivate 863 marijuana indoors or outdoors with a canopy that does not exceed 2,000 square feet.

864 2. Tier II marijuana cultivation facility license, which shall authorize the licensee to cultivate 865 marijuana indoors or outdoors with a canopy that does not exceed 10,000 square feet.

866 3. Tier III marijuana cultivation facility license, which shall authorize the licensee to cultivate 867 marijuana indoors with a canopy that does not exceed 25,000 square feet.

868 4. Tier IV marijuana cultivation facility license, which shall authorize the licensee to cultivate 869 marijuana indoors with a canopy that does not exceed 45,000 square feet.

870 5. Tier V marijuana cultivation facility license, which shall authorize the licensee to cultivate 871 marijuana indoors with a canopy that does not exceed 70,000 square feet.

872 The Board may (i) adjust the canopy of marijuana cultivation facilities within the square footage parameters set forth in this subsection if deemed appropriate by the Board in consideration of (a) 873 874 market demand, (b) utilization rates, (c) sales data, (d) product transfers, (e) inventory data, and (f) the 875 volume of license applications and issuances or (ii) increase the canopy of a marijuana cultivation 876 facility beyond the square footage parameters set forth in this subsection if the Board determines that 877 such increase will assist or encourage participation by micro businesses in the industry.

878 B. In accordance with the requirements of § 4.1-611, a marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall 879 track the marijuana it cultivates from seed or immature marijuana plant to the point at which the 880 marijuana plant or the marijuana produced by the marijuana plant is delivered or transferred to a 881 marijuana testing facility, a marijuana transporter, another marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana 882 processor, or a retail marijuana store or is disposed of or destroyed.

883 C. The cultivation of marijuana by a marijuana cultivation facility licensee in a secure agricultural **884** greenhouse shall be considered indoor cultivation and shall be permitted, provided that the secure 885 agricultural greenhouse is surrounded by a privacy fence that is no less than eight feet tall and is 886 subject to monitored ingress and egress.

887 D. All areas within the licensed premises of a marijuana cultivation facility in which marijuana is 888 cultivated, labeled, packaged, or stored shall meet all sanitary standards specified in regulations 889 adopted by the Board. 890

# § 4.1-801. Marijuana processing facility license.

891 A. The Board may issue marijuana processing facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to 892 process, label, and package marijuana and marijuana products; to purchase or take possession of 893 marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility or another marijuana processing facility; to transfer 894 possession of and sell marijuana and marijuana products to retail marijuana stores or other marijuana 895 processing facilities; and to transfer possession of marijuana and marijuana products to marijuana 896 transporters.

897 B. All areas within the licensed premises of a marijuana processing facility in which marijuana and 898 marijuana products are processed shall meet all sanitary standards specified in regulations adopted by the Board. A marijuana processing facility that processes an edible marijuana product shall comply with 899 900 the requirements of Chapter 51 (§ 3.2-5100 et seq.) of Title 3.2 and any regulations adopted pursuant 901 thereto.

902 C. In accordance with the requirements of § 4.1-611, a marijuana processing facility licensee shall 903 track the marijuana it uses in its processing from the point the marijuana is delivered or transferred to 904 the marijuana processing facility by a marijuana transporter licensee to the point the marijuana or 905 marijuana products produced using the marijuana are delivered or transferred to another marijuana 906 processing facility, a marijuana testing facility, or a marijuana transporter or are disposed of or 907 destroyed. 908

#### § 4.1-802. Retail marijuana store license.

909 A. The Board may issue retail marijuana store licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to 910 purchase or take possession of marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or 911 marijuana seeds from a marijuana cultivation facility or marijuana processing facility; to take 912 possession of marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds from a 913 marijuana transporter; and to sell marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or 914 marijuana seeds to consumers on premises approved by the Board.

915 B. Retail marijuana stores shall be operated in accordance with the following provisions:

916 1. A person shall be 21 years of age or older to make a purchase in a retail marijuana store.

917 2. A retail marijuana store shall be permitted to sell marijuana, marijuana products, immature 918 marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds to consumers only in a direct, face-to-face exchange. Such store 919 shall not be permitted to sell marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana

920 seeds using:

# 16 of 81

921 a. An automated dispensing or vending machine;

922 b. A drive-through sales window;

923 c. An Internet-based sales platform; or

924 d. A delivery service.

925 3. A retail marijuana store shall not be permitted to sell more than two and one-half ounces of 926 marijuana or an equivalent amount of marijuana products as determined by regulation promulgated by 927 the Board during a single transaction to one person.

928 4. A retail marijuana store shall not:

929 a. Give away any marijuana or marijuana products, except as otherwise permitted by this subtitle; or 930 b. Sell marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds to any person 931 when at the time of such sale he knows or has reason to believe that the person attempting to purchase 932 the marijuana, marijuana product, immature marijuana plant, or marijuana seeds is intoxicated or is 933 attempting to purchase marijuana for someone younger than 21 years of age.

5. In accordance with the requirements of § 4.1-611, a retail marijuana store licensee shall track all 934 935 marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds from the point at which 936 the marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds are delivered or 937 transferred to the retail marijuana store to the point at which the marijuana, marijuana products, 938 immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds are sold to a consumer, delivered or transferred to a 939 marijuana testing facility, or disposed of or destroyed.

940 6. A retail marijuana store shall not be subject to the requirements of Chapter 51 (§ 3.2-5100 et 941 seq.) of Title 3.2.

942 C. Each retail marijuana store licensee shall post in each retail marijuana store notice of the 943 existence of a human trafficking hotline to alert possible witnesses or victims of human trafficking to the availability of a means to report crimes or gain assistance. The notice required by this subsection shall 944 945 (i) be posted in a place readily visible and accessible to the public and (ii) meet the requirements 946 specified in subsection C of § 40.1-11.3.

947 D. Each retail marijuana store licensee shall prominently display and make available for 948 dissemination to consumers Board-approved information regarding the potential risks of marijuana use.

949 E. Each retail marijuana store licensee shall provide training, established by the Board, to all 950 employees educating them on how to discuss the potential risks of marijuana use with consumers.

951 F. Any retail marijuana store license granted to a pharmaceutical processor that has been issued a 952 permit by the Board pursuant to Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) shall authorize the licensee to exercise 953 any privileges set forth in subsection A at the place of business designated in the license, which, notwithstanding subsection A of § 4.1-702, may include, upon request by the licensee, up to five 954 additional retail establishments of the licensee. Such additional retail establishments shall be located at 955 956 the five cannabis dispensing facilities for which the Board has issued a permit pursuant to Chapter 16 957 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) in the health service area in which the pharmaceutical processing facility is located.

958 G. All areas within the licensed premises of a retail marijuana store in which marijuana, marijuana 959 products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds are sold or stored shall meet all sanitary 960 standards specified in regulations adopted by the Board. 961

# § 4.1-803. Marijuana transporter license.

A. The Board may issue marijuana transporter licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to take 962 963 possession of marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds from a 964 marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana processing facility, a retail marijuana store, or another 965 marijuana transporter; to transfer possession of marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana 966 plants, and marijuana seeds to a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana processing facility, retail marijuana store, or another marijuana transporter; and to transport marijuana, marijuana products, 967 968 immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds from one licensed establishment to another.

969 B. All areas within the licensed premises of a marijuana transporter in which marijuana and 970 marijuana products are stored shall meet all sanitary standards specified in regulations adopted by the 971 Board.

972 C. In accordance with the requirements of § 4.1-611, a marijuana transporter licensee shall track the 973 marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds from the point at which 974 the marijuana, marijuana products, plants, or seeds are delivered or transferred to the marijuana 975 transporter to the point at which the marijuana, marijuana products, plants, or seeds are transferred to 976 a marijuana processor, marijuana transporter, retail marijuana store, or marijuana testing facility or 977 are disposed of or destroyed. 978

# § 4.1-804. Marijuana testing facility license.

979 A. The Board may issue marijuana testing facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to 980 develop, research, or test marijuana, marijuana products, and other substances.

981 B. A marijuana testing facility may develop, research, or test marijuana and marijuana products for 982 (i) that facility, (ii) another licensee, or (iii) a person who intends to use the marijuana or marijuana

#### 17 of 81

983 product for personal use as authorized under § 4.1-1100.

**984** C. Neither this subtitle nor the regulations adopted pursuant to this subtitle shall prevent a 985 marijuana testing facility from developing, researching, or testing substances that are not marijuana or 986 marijuana products for that facility or for another person.

987 D. To obtain licensure from the Board, a marijuana testing facility shall be required to obtain and **988** maintain accreditation pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International Organization for 989 Standardization by a third-party accrediting body.

990 E. In accordance with the requirements of § 4.1-611, a marijuana testing facility licensee shall track 991 all marijuana and marijuana products it receives from a licensee for testing purposes from the point at 992 which the marijuana or marijuana products are delivered or transferred to the marijuana testing facility 993 to the point at which the marijuana or marijuana products are disposed of or destroyed.

994 F. A person that has an interest in a marijuana testing facility license shall not have any interest in 995 a licensed marijuana cultivation facility, a licensed marijuana processing facility, a licensed marijuana 996 transporter, or a licensed retail marijuana store.

997 G. All areas within the licensed premises of a marijuana testing facility in which marijuana or **998** marijuana products are tested or stored shall meet all sanitary standards specified in regulations 999 adopted by the Board.

#### 1000 § 4.1-805. Multiple licenses awarded to one person; limitations.

1001 A. As used in this section, "interest" means an equity ownership interest or a partial equity 1002 ownership interest or any other type of financial interest, including being an investor or serving in a 1003 management position.

1004 B. A person may possess or hold interest in one or any combination of the following licenses 1005 pursuant to Board regulations: tier I marijuana cultivation facility license, tier II marijuana cultivation 1006 facility license, tier III marijuana cultivation facility license, tier IV marijuana cultivation facility 1007 license, tier V marijuana cultivation facility license, marijuana processing facility license, marijuana 1008 transporter license, or retail marijuana store license. Board regulations shall be drawn to ensure that 1009 all licensees have an equal and meaningful opportunity to participate in the market. Moreover, (i) no 1010 person shall be granted or hold interest in more than five total licenses, not including marijuana 1011 transporter licenses, issued pursuant to this subtitle or more than one tier V marijuana cultivation 1012 facility license and (ii) no person that has been granted or holds interest in a marijuana cultivation 1013 facility license, marijuana processing facility license, marijuana transporter license, or retail marijuana 1014 store license shall be issued or hold interest in a marijuana testing facility license. 1015

# § 4.1-806. Temporary permits required in certain instances.

1016 A. The Board may grant a permit that shall authorize any person who purchases at a foreclosure, 1017 secured creditor's, or judicial auction sale the premises or property of a person licensed by the Board and who has become lawfully entitled to the possession of the licensed premises to continue to operate 1018 1019 the marijuana establishment to the same extent as the license holder for a period not to exceed 60 days or for such longer period as determined by the Board. Such permit shall be temporary and shall confer 1020 1021 the privileges of any licenses held by the previous owner to the extent determined by the Board. Such 1022 temporary permit may be issued in advance, conditioned on the requirements in this subsection.

1023 B. A temporary permit granted pursuant to subsection A may be revoked summarily by the Board for 1024 any cause set forth in § 4.1-900 without complying with subsection A of § 4.1-903. Revocation of a 1025 temporary permit shall be effective upon service of the order of revocation upon the permittee or upon 1026 the expiration of three business days after the order of the revocation has been mailed to the permittee 1027 at either his residence or the address given for the business in the permit application. No further notice 1028 shall be required. 1029

#### § 4.1-807. Licensee shall maintain possession of premises.

1030 As a condition of licensure, a licensee shall at all times maintain possession of the licensed premises 1031 of the marijuana establishment that the licensee is licensed to operate, whether pursuant to a lease, 1032 rental agreement, or other arrangement for possession of the premises or by virtue of ownership of the 1033 premises. If the licensee fails to maintain possession of the licensed premises, the license shall be 1034 revoked by the Board. 1035

# § 4.1-808. Conditions under which the Board shall or may refuse to grant licenses.

1036 A. The Board may refuse to grant any license if it has reasonable cause to believe that the granting 1037 of the license would be detrimental to the interest, morals, safety, or welfare of the public or would be 1038 inconsistent with the provisions of this subtitle. 1039

B. The Board shall refuse to grant any license if it has reasonable cause to believe that:

1040 1. The applicant, or if the applicant is a partnership, any general partner thereof, or if the applicant 1041 is an association, any member thereof, or a limited partner of 10 percent or more with voting rights, or 1042 if the applicant is a corporation, any officer, director, or shareholder owning 10 percent or more of its 1043 capital stock, or if the applicant is a limited liability company, any member-manager or any member

#### 18 of 81

**1044** owning 10 percent or more of the membership interest of the limited liability company:

1045 a. Is not 21 years of age or older;

1046 b. Has been convicted in any court of a felony or any crime or offense involving moral turpitude
1047 under the laws of any state or of the United States within seven years of the date of the application or
1048 has not completed all terms of sentencing and probation resulting from any such conviction;

1049 c. Knowingly employs or allows to volunteer someone younger than 21 years of age;

1050 d. Is not the legitimate owner of the business proposed to be licensed, or other persons have 1051 ownership interests in the business that have not been disclosed;

e. Has not demonstrated financial responsibility sufficient to meet the requirements of the business
 proposed to be licensed;

1054 f. Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the Board for a license;

1055 g. Has defrauded or attempted to defraud the Board, or any federal, state, or local government or
1056 governmental agency or authority, by making or filing any report, document, or tax return required by
1057 statute or regulation that is fraudulent or contains a false representation of a material fact; or has
1058 willfully deceived or attempted to deceive the Board, or any federal, state, or local government or
1059 governmental agency or authority, by making or maintaining business records required by statute or
1060 regulation that are false or fraudulent;

1061 h. Is violating or allowing the violation of any provision of this subtitle in his establishment at the 1062 time his application for a license is pending;

i. Is a full-time or part-time employee of the Department of State Police or of a police department or
sheriff's office that is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision
thereof, and who is responsible for the enforcement of the penal, traffic, or motor vehicle laws of the
Commonwealth;

*j. Has been sanctioned by the Board pursuant to § 54.1-3316 and regulations promulgated by the* **Board** for a violation pursuant to Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.); or

k. Is physically unable to carry on the business for which the application for a license is filed or hasbeen adjudicated incapacitated.

1071 2. The applicant is a member or employee of the Board or is a corporation or other business entity 1072 in which a member or employee of the Board is a stockholder or has any other economic interest. 1073 Whenever any other elected or appointed official of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 1074 thereof applies for such a license or continuance thereof, he shall state on the application the official 1075 position he holds, and whenever a corporation or other business entity in which any such official is a 1076 stockholder or has any other economic interest applies for such a license, it shall state on the 1077 application the full economic interests of each such official in such corporation or other business entity. 1078 3. The place to be occupied by the applicant:

a. Does not conform to the requirements of the governing body of the county, city, or town in which

such place is located with respect to sanitation, health, construction, or equipment, or to any similarrequirements established by the laws of the Commonwealth or by Board regulation;

1082 b. Is so located that granting a license and operation thereunder by the applicant would result in
1083 violations of this subtitle or Board regulations or violation of the laws of the Commonwealth or local
1084 ordinances relating to peace and good order;

c. When the applicant is applying for a retail marijuana store license, is so located with respect to
any place of religious worship; hospital; public, private, or parochial school or institution of higher
education; public or private playground or other similar recreational facility; child day program;
substance use disorder treatment facility; or federal, state, or local government-operated facility that the
operation of such place under such license will adversely affect or interfere with the normal, orderly
c. When the applicant is applying for a retail marijuana store license, is so located with respect to
any place of religious worship; hospital; public, private, or parochial school or institution of higher
education; public or private playground or other similar recreational facility; child day program;
substance use disorder treatment facility; or federal, state, or local government-operated facility that the
operation of such place under such license will adversely affect or interfere with the normal, orderly
conduct of the affairs of such facilities, programs, or institutions;

d. When the applicant is applying for a retail marijuana store license, is so located with respect to
any residence or residential area that the operation of such place under such license will adversely
affect real property values or substantially interfere with the usual quietude and tranquility of such
residence or residential area;

1095 e. When the applicant is applying for a retail marijuana store license, is located within 1,000 feet of 1096 an existing retail marijuana store;

f. When the applicant is applying for a retail marijuana store license, is so constructed, arranged, or
illuminated that law-enforcement officers and special agents of the Board are prevented from ready
access to and reasonable observation of any room or area within which marijuana or marijuana
products are to be sold; or

**1101** g. Is an establishment where alcoholic beverages, tobacco, or tobacco products are manufactured, **1102** sold, or used.

1103 Nothing in this subdivision 3 shall be construed to require an applicant to have secured a place or 1104 premises until the final stage of the license approval process.

**1105** *4. The number of licenses existing in the locality is such that the granting of a license is detrimental* 

# 19 of 81

to the interest, morals, safety, or welfare of the public. In reaching such conclusion, the Board shall 1106 1107 consider (i) the criteria established by the Board to evaluate new licensees based on the density of retail 1108 marijuana stores in the community; (ii) the character of, population of, number of similar licenses, and 1109 number of all licenses existent in the particular county, city, or town and the immediate neighborhood 1110 concerned; (iii) the effect that a new license may have on such county, city, town, or neighborhood in 1111 conforming with the purposes of this subtitle; and (iv) the objections, if any, that may have been filed by 1112 a local governing body or local residents.

1113 5. There exists any law, ordinance, or regulation of the United States, the Commonwealth, or any 1114 political subdivision thereof that warrants refusal by the Board to grant any license.

6. The Board is not authorized under this subtitle to grant such license. 1115

1116 § 4.1-809. Notice and hearings for refusal to grant licenses; Administrative Process Act; 1117 exceptions.

1118 A. The action of the Board in granting or in refusing to grant any license shall be subject to judicial 1119 review in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), except as provided in 1120 subsection B or C. Such review shall extend to the entire evidential record of the proceedings provided by the Board in accordance with the Administrative Process Act. An appeal shall lie to the Court of 1121 1122 Appeals from any order of the court. Notwithstanding § 8.01-676.1, the final judgment or order of the 1123 circuit court shall not be suspended, stayed, or modified by such circuit court pending appeal to the 1124 *Court of Appeals. Neither mandamus nor injunction shall lie in any such case.* 

1125 B. The Board may refuse a hearing on any application for the granting of any retail marijuana store 1126 license, provided that such: 1127

1. License for the applicant has been refused or revoked within a period of 12 months;

1128 2. License for any premises has been refused or revoked at that location within a period of 12 1129 months; or

1130 3. Applicant, within a period of 12 months immediately preceding, has permitted a license granted by 1131 the Board to expire for nonpayment of license fee, and at the time of expiration of such license, there 1132 was a pending and unadjudicated charge, either before the Board or in any court, against the licensee 1133 alleging a violation of this subtitle.

1134 C. If an applicant has permitted a license to expire for nonpayment of license fee, and at the time of 1135 expiration there remained unexecuted any period of suspension imposed upon the licensee by the Board, 1136 the Board may refuse a hearing on an application for a new license until after the date on which the 1137 suspension period would have been executed had the license not been permitted to expire.

CHAPTER 9.

# ADMINISTRATION OF LICENSES; SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION.

# § 4.1-900. Grounds for which Board may suspend or revoke licenses.

1138

1139

1140

1141

A. The Board may suspend or revoke any license if it has reasonable cause to believe that:

1142 1. The licensee, or if the licensee is a partnership, any general partner thereof, or if the licensee is an association, any member thereof, or a limited partner of 10 percent or more with voting rights, or if 1143 1144 the licensee is a corporation, any officer, director, or shareholder owning 10 percent or more of its 1145 capital stock, or if the licensee is a limited liability company, any member-manager or any member 1146 owning 10 percent or more of the membership interest of the limited liability company: 1147

a. Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the Board for such license;

1148 b. Within the five years immediately preceding the date of the hearing held in accordance with 1149 § 4.1-903, has (i) violated any provision of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.), Chapter 12 (§ 4.1-1200 et 1150 seq.), or Chapter 13 (§ 4.1-1300 et seq.); (ii) committed a violation of this subtitle in bad faith; (iii) 1151 violated or failed or refused to comply with any regulation, rule, or order of the Board; or (iv) failed or 1152 refused to comply with any of the conditions or restrictions of the license granted by the Board;

1153 c. Has been convicted in any court of a felony or of any crime or offense involving moral turpitude 1154 under the laws of any state or of the United States;

1155 d. Is not the legitimate owner of the business conducted under the license granted by the Board, or 1156 other persons have ownership interests in the business that have not been disclosed;

1157 e. Cannot demonstrate financial responsibility sufficient to meet the requirements of the business 1158 conducted under the license granted by the Board;

1159 f. Has been intoxicated or under the influence of some self-administered drug while upon the 1160 *licensed premises;* 

1161 g. Has maintained the licensed premises in an unsanitary condition, or allowed such premises to 1162 become a meeting place or rendezvous for members of a criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1 1163 or persons of ill repute, or has allowed any form of illegal gambling to take place upon such premises;

1164 h. Has allowed any person whom he knew or had reason to believe was intoxicated to loiter upon 1165 such licensed premises;

1166 i. Has allowed any person to consume upon the licensed premises any marijuana or marijuana SB448H1

1167 product except as provided under this subtitle;

1168 j. Is physically unable to carry on the business conducted under such license or has been adjudicated 1169 *incapacitated;* 1170

k. Has possessed any illegal gambling apparatus, machine, or device upon the licensed premises;

1171 l. Has upon the licensed premises (i) illegally possessed, distributed, sold, or used, or has knowingly 1172 allowed any employee or agent, or any other person, to illegally possess, distribute, sell, or use, 1173 controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, drug paraphernalia, or controlled paraphernalia as those terms are defined in Articles 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) and 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 1174 1175 of Title 18.2 and the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.); (ii) laundered money in violation of § 18.2-246.3; or (iii) conspired to commit any drug-related offense in violation of Article 1 or 1.1 of 1176 1177 Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or the Drug Control Act. The provisions of this subdivision l shall also apply to 1178 any conduct related to the operation of the licensed business that facilitates the commission of any of the offenses set forth herein; 1179

1180 m. Has failed to take reasonable measures to prevent (i) the licensed premises, (ii) any premises 1181 immediately adjacent to the licensed premises that is owned or leased by the licensee, or (iii) any 1182 portion of public property immediately adjacent to the licensed premises from becoming a place where 1183 patrons of the establishment commit criminal violations of Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.), 2 (§ 18.2-38 et 1184 seq.), 2.1 (§ 18.2-46.1 et seq.), 2.2 (§ 18.2-46.4 et seq.), 3 (§ 18.2-47 et seq.), 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.), 5 1185 (§ 18.2-58 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-59 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; Article 2 (§ 18.2-266 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; Article 3 (§ 18.2-346 et seq.) or 5 (§ 18.2-372 et seq.) of 1186 Chapter 8 of Title 18.2; or Article 1 (§ 18.2-404 et seq.), 2 (§ 18.2-415), or 3 (§ 18.2-416 et seq.) of 1187 Chapter 9 of Title 18.2 and such violations lead to arrests that are so frequent and serious as to 1188 1189 reasonably be deemed a continuing threat to the public safety:

1190 n. Has failed to take reasonable measures to prevent an act of violence resulting in death or serious 1191 bodily injury, or a recurrence of such acts, from occurring on (i) the licensed premises, (ii) any 1192 premises immediately adjacent to the licensed premises that is owned or leased by the licensee, or (iii) 1193 any portion of public property immediately adjacent to the licensed premises; or

1194 o. Has been sanctioned by the Board pursuant to § 54.1-3316 and regulations promulgated by the 1195 Board for a violation pursuant to Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.). 1196

2. The place occupied by the licensee:

1197 a. Does not conform to the requirements of the governing body of the county, city, or town in which 1198 such establishment is located, with respect to sanitation, health, construction, or equipment, or to any 1199 similar requirements established by the laws of the Commonwealth or by Board regulations; 1200

b. Has been adjudicated a common nuisance under the provisions of this subtitle or § 18.2-258; or

1201 c. Has become a meeting place or rendezvous for illegal gambling, illegal users of narcotics, drunks, 1202 prostitutes, pimps, panderers, or habitual law violators or has become a place where illegal drugs are 1203 regularly used or distributed. The Board may consider the general reputation in the community of such 1204 establishment in addition to any other competent evidence in making such determination.

1205 3. The licensee or any employee of the licensee discriminated against any member of the Armed 1206 Forces of the United States by prices charged or otherwise.

4. Any cause exists for which the Board would have been entitled to refuse to grant such license had 1207 1208 the facts been known.

1209 5. The licensee is delinquent for a period of 90 days or more in the payment of any taxes, or any 1210 penalties or interest related thereto, lawfully imposed by the locality where the licensed business is 1211 located, as certified by the treasurer, commissioner of the revenue, or finance director of such locality, unless (i) the outstanding amount is de minimis; (ii) the licensee has pending a bona fide application for 1212 1213 correction or appeal with respect to such taxes, penalties, or interest; or (iii) the licensee has entered 1214 into a payment plan approved by the same locality to settle the outstanding liability.

1215 6. The licensee has been convicted for a violation of 8 U.S.C. § 1324a(f), as amended, for actions of 1216 its agents or employees constituting a pattern or practice of employing unauthorized aliens on the 1217 licensed premises in the Commonwealth. 1218

7. Any other cause authorized by this subtitle.

1219

1220

1221

B. The Board shall promulgate regulations regarding suspension and revocation standards and protocols.

# § 4.1-901. Summary suspension in emergency circumstances; grounds; notice and hearing.

1222 A. Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in Article 3 (§ 2.2-4018 et seq.) of the Administrative Process Act or § 4.1-806 or 4.1-903, the Board may summarily suspend any license or 1223 1224 permit if it has reasonable cause to believe that an act of violence resulting in death or serious bodily 1225 injury, or a recurrence of such acts, has occurred on (i) the licensed premises, (ii) any premises 1226 immediately adjacent to the licensed premises that is owned or leased by the licensee, or (iii) any portion of public property immediately adjacent to the licensed premises, and the Board finds that there 1227 1228 exists a continuing threat to public safety and that summary suspension of the license or permit is

#### 21 of 81

1229 justified to protect the health, safety, or welfare of the public.

1230 B. Prior to issuing an order of suspension pursuant to this section, special agents of the Board shall 1231 conduct an initial investigation and submit all findings to the Secretary of the Board within 48 hours of 1232 any such act of violence. If the Board determines suspension is warranted, it shall immediately notify 1233 the licensee of its intention to temporarily suspend his license pending the outcome of a formal 1234 investigation. Such temporary suspension shall remain effective for a minimum of 48 hours. After the 1235 48-hour period, the licensee may petition the Board for a restricted license pending the results of the 1236 formal investigation and proceedings for disciplinary review. If the Board determines that a restricted 1237 license is warranted, the Board shall have discretion to impose appropriate restrictions based on the 1238 facts presented.

1239 C. Upon a determination to temporarily suspend a license, the Board shall immediately commence a 1240 formal investigation. The formal investigation shall be completed within 10 days of its commencement 1241 and the findings reported immediately to the Secretary of the Board. If, following the formal 1242 investigation, the Secretary of the Board determines that suspension of the license is warranted, a 1243 hearing shall be held within five days of the completion of the formal investigation. A decision shall be 1244 rendered within 10 days of the conclusion of the hearing. If a decision is not rendered within 10 days of 1245 the conclusion of the hearing, the order of suspension shall be vacated and the license reinstated. Any 1246 appeal by the licensee shall be filed within 10 days of the decision and heard by the Board within 20 1247 days of the decision. The Board shall render a decision on the appeal within 10 days of the conclusion 1248 of the appeal hearing.

1249 D. Service of any order of suspension issued pursuant to this section shall be made by a special 1250 agent of the Board in person and by certified mail to the licensee. The order of suspension shall take 1251 effect immediately upon service. 1252

E. This section shall not apply to temporary permits granted under § 4.1-806.

§ 4.1-902. Grounds for which Board shall suspend or revoke licenses.

The Board shall suspend or revoke any license if it finds that:

1253

1254

1255 1. A licensee has violated or permitted the violation of § 18.2-331, relating to the illegal possession of a gambling device, upon the premises for which the Board has granted a retail marijuana store 1256 1257 license.

1258 2. A licensee has defrauded or attempted to defraud the Board, or any federal, state, or local 1259 government or governmental agency or authority, by making or filing any report, document, or tax 1260 return required by statute or regulation that is fraudulent or contains a willful or knowing false 1261 representation of a material fact or has willfully deceived or attempted to deceive the Board, or any 1262 federal, state, or local government or governmental agency or authority, by making or maintaining 1263 business records required by statute or regulation that are false or fraudulent.

1264 § 4.1-903. Suspension or revocation of licenses; notice and hearings; imposition of civil penalties.

1265 A. Before the Board may suspend or revoke any license, reasonable notice of such proposed or 1266 contemplated action shall be given to the licensee in accordance with the provisions of § 2.2-4020 of the 1267 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

1268 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 2.2-4022, the Board shall, upon written request by the licensee, 1269 permit the licensee to inspect and copy or photograph all (i) written or recorded statements made by the 1270 licensee or copies thereof or the substance of any oral statements made by the licensee or a previous or 1271 present employee of the licensee to any law-enforcement officer, the existence of which is known by the 1272 Board and upon which the Board intends to rely as evidence in any adversarial proceeding under this 1273 subtitle against the licensee, and (ii) designated books, papers, documents, tangible objects, buildings, or 1274 places, or copies or portions thereof, that are within the possession, custody, or control of the Board 1275 and upon which the Board intends to rely as evidence in any adversarial proceeding under this subtitle 1276 against the licensee. In addition, any subpoend for the production of documents issued to any person at the request of the licensee or the Board pursuant to § 4.1-604 shall provide for the production of the 1277 1278 documents sought within 10 working days, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in § 4.1-604.

If the Board fails to provide for inspection or copying under this section for the licensee after a 1279 1280 written request, the Board shall be prohibited from introducing into evidence any items the licensee 1281 would have lawfully been entitled to inspect or copy under this section.

1282 The action of the Board in suspending or revoking any license or in imposing a civil penalty shall be 1283 subject to judicial review in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Such 1284 review shall extend to the entire evidential record of the proceedings provided by the Board in 1285 accordance with the Administrative Process Act. An appeal shall lie to the Court of Appeals from any 1286 order of the court. Notwithstanding § 8.01-676.1, the final judgment or order of the circuit court shall 1287 not be suspended, stayed, or modified by such circuit court pending appeal to the Court of Appeals. 1288 Neither mandamus nor injunction shall lie in any such case.

1289 B. In suspending any license, the Board may impose, as a condition precedent to the removal of such

1347

1290 suspension or any portion thereof, a requirement that the licensee pay the cost incurred by the Board in 1291 investigating the licensee and in holding the proceeding resulting in such suspension, or it may impose 1292 and collect such civil penalties as it deems appropriate. In no event shall the Board impose a civil 1293 penalty exceeding \$2,000 for the first violation occurring within five years immediately preceding the 1294 date of the violation or \$5,000 for the second or subsequent violation occurring within five years 1295 immediately preceding the date of the second or subsequent violation. However, if the violation involved 1296 selling marijuana or marijuana products to a person prohibited from purchasing marijuana or 1297 marijuana products or allowing consumption of marijuana or marijuana products, the Board may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$3,000 for the first violation occurring within five years 1298 1299 immediately preceding the date of the violation and \$6,000 for a second or subsequent violation 1300 occurring within five years immediately preceding the date of the second or subsequent violation in lieu 1301 of such suspension or any portion thereof, or both. The Board may also impose a requirement that the 1302 licensee pay for the cost incurred by the Board not exceeding \$25,000 in investigating the licensee and 1303 in holding the proceeding resulting in the violation in addition to any suspension or civil penalty 1304 incurred.

1305 C. Following notice to (i) the licensee of a hearing that may result in the suspension or revocation 1306 of his license or (ii) the applicant of a hearing to resolve a contested application, the Board may accept 1307 a consent agreement as authorized in § 4.1-604. The notice shall advise the licensee or applicant of the 1308 option to (a) admit the alleged violation or the validity of the objection; (b) waive any right to a 1309 hearing or an appeal under the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.); and (c) (1) accept the 1310 proposed restrictions for operating under the license, (2) accept the period of suspension of the licensed privileges within the Board's parameters, (3) pay a civil penalty in lieu of the period of suspension, or 1311 1312 any portion of the suspension as applicable, or (4) proceed to a hearing. 1313

D. The Board shall, by regulation or written order:

1314 1. Designate those (i) objections to an application or (ii) alleged violations that will proceed to an 1315 *initial hearing*;

2. Designate the violations for which a waiver of a hearing and payment of a civil charge in lieu of 1316 1317 suspension may be accepted for a first offense occurring within three years immediately preceding the 1318 date of the violation;

1319 3. Provide for a reduction in the length of any suspension and a reduction in the amount of any civil 1320 penalty for any retail marijuana store licensee where the licensee can demonstrate that it provided to its 1321 employees marijuana seller training certified in advance by the Board;

1322 4. Establish a schedule of penalties for such offenses, prescribing the appropriate suspension of a 1323 license and the civil charge acceptable in lieu of such suspension; and

5. Establish a schedule of offenses for which any penalty may be waived upon a showing that the 1324 1325 licensee has had no prior violations within five years immediately preceding the date of the violation. 1326 No waiver shall be granted by the Board, however, for a licensee's willful and knowing violation of this 1327 subtitle or Board regulations.

1328 § 4.1-904. Suspension or revocation; disposition of marijuana or marijuana products on hand; 1329 termination.

1330 A. Marijuana or marijuana products owned by or in the possession of or for sale by any licensee at 1331 the time the license of such person is suspended or revoked may be disposed of as follows:

1332 1. Sold to persons in the Commonwealth licensed to sell such marijuana or marijuana products upon 1333 permits granted by the Board in accordance with § 4.1-806 and conditions specified by the Board; or 1334

2. Destroyed by the Board or its designee.

1335 B. All marijuana or marijuana products owned by or in the possession of any person whose license 1336 is suspended or revoked shall be disposed of by such person in accordance with the provisions of this 1337 section within 60 days from the date of such suspension or revocation.

1338 C. Marijuana or marijuana products owned by or in the possession of or for sale by persons whose 1339 licenses have been terminated other than by suspension or revocation may be disposed of in accordance 1340 with subsection A within such time as the Board deems proper. Such period shall not be less than 60 1341 days.

1342 D. All marijuana or marijuana products owned by or remaining in the possession of any person 1343 described in subsection A or C after the expiration of such period shall be deemed contraband and 1344 forfeited to the Commonwealth in accordance with the provisions of § 4.1-1303. 1345

CHAPTER 10.

# ADMINISTRATION OF LICENSES; APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSES; FEES; TAXES.

# § 4.1-1000. Applications for licenses; publication; notice to localities; fees; permits.

1348 A. Every person intending to apply for any license authorized by this subtitle shall file with the Board an application on forms provided by the Board and a statement in writing by the applicant 1349 1350 swearing and affirming that all of the information contained therein is true.

1351 B. Such applications, including applications for renewal, shall include any information necessary for

**1352** the Board to determine whether the applicant meets or continues to meet the criteria set forth in **1353** subdivision B 13 of § 4.1-606.

1354 C. Applicants for licenses for establishments that are otherwise required to obtain an inspection by 1355 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall provide proof of inspection or proof of a 1356 pending request for such inspection. If the applicant provides proof of inspection or proof of a pending 1357 request for an inspection, a license may be issued to the applicant. If a license is issued on the basis of 1358 a pending application or inspection, such license shall authorize the licensee to purchase marijuana, 1359 marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds in accordance with the provisions 1360 of this subtitle; however, the licensee shall not sell marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana 1361 plants, or marijuana seeds until an inspection is completed.

D. Each applicant for a license under the provisions of this subtitle shall post a notice of his application with the Board on the front door of the building, place, or room where he proposes to engage in such business for no more than 30 days and not less than 10 days. Such notice shall be of a size and contain such information as required by the Board, including a statement that any objections shall be submitted to the Board not more than 30 days following initial posting of the notice required pursuant to this subsection.

1368 The applicant shall also cause notice to be published at least once a week for two consecutive weeks 1369 in a newspaper published in or having a general circulation in the county, city, or town wherein such 1370 applicant proposes to engage in such business. Such notice shall contain such information as required 1371 by the Board, including a statement that any objections to the issuance of the license be submitted to 1372 the Board not later than 30 days from the date of the initial newspaper publication.

E. The Board shall conduct a background investigation on each license applicant, which shall include a criminal history records search and may include a fingerprint-based national criminal history records search and a requirement for the provision of personal descriptive information to be forwarded through the Central Criminal Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information regarding such applicant. The Central Criminal Records the results of the criminal history background check to the Board or its designee, which shall be a governmental entity.

1380 However, the Board may waive, for good cause shown, the requirement for a criminal history
1381 records search and completed personal data form for officers, directors, nonmanaging members, or
1382 limited partners of any applicant corporation, limited liability company, or limited partnership. In
1383 considering criminal history record information, the Board shall not disqualify an applicant because of
1384 a past conviction for a marijuana-related offense.

F. The Board shall notify the local governing body of each license application through the town manager, city manager, county administrator, or other designee of the locality. Local governing bodies shall submit objections to the granting of a license within 30 days of the filing of the application.

 G. Each applicant shall pay the required application fee at the time the application is filed. The license application fee shall be determined by the Board and shall be in addition to the actual cost charged to the Department of State Police by the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Central Criminal Records Exchange for processing any fingerprints through the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Central Criminal Records Exchange for each criminal history records search required by the Board. Application fees shall be in addition to the state license fee required pursuant to § 4.1-1001 and shall not be refunded.

H. Subsection A shall not apply to the continuance of licenses granted under this subtitle; however,
all licensees shall file and maintain with the Board a current, accurate record of the information
required by the Board pursuant to subsection A and notify the Board of any changes to such
information in accordance with Board regulations.

1399 I. Every application for a permit granted pursuant to § 4.1-806 shall be on a form provided by the 1400 Board. Such permits shall confer upon their holders no authority to make solicitations in the 1401 Commonwealth as otherwise provided by law.

1402 The fee for a temporary permit shall be one-twelfth of the combined fees required by this section for
1403 applicable licenses to sell marijuana or marijuana products computed to the nearest cent and multiplied
1404 by the number of months for which the permit is granted.

J. The Board shall have the authority to increase state license fees. The Board shall set the amount of such increases on the basis of the consumer price index and shall not increase fees more than once every three years. Prior to implementing any state license fee increase, the Board shall provide notice to all licensees and the general public of (i) the Board's intent to impose a fee increase and (ii) the new fee that would be required for any license affected by the Board's proposed fee increases. Such notice shall be provided on or before November 1 in any year in which the Board has decided to increase state license fees, and such increases shall become effective July 1 of the following year.

1412 § 4.1-1001. Fees for state licenses.

1447

1413 A. Annual fees on state licenses shall be established by the Board in an amount sufficient to cover 1414 the costs of regulating the marijuana establishment.

1415 B. The fee on each license granted or reissued for a period other than 12, 24, or 36 months shall be 1416 equal to one-twelfth of the fees required by subsection A computed to the nearest cent, multiplied by the 1417 number of months in the license period, and then increased by five percent. Such fee shall not be 1418 refundable, except as provided in § 4.1-1002.

1419 C. Nothing in this subtitle shall exempt any licensee from any state merchants' license or state 1420 restaurant license or any other state tax. Every licensee, in addition to the taxes and fees imposed by 1421 this subtitle, shall be liable to state merchants' license taxation, state restaurant license taxation, and 1422 other state taxation.

1423 D. In addition to the fees set forth in this section, a fee of \$5 may be imposed on any license 1424 purchased in person from the Board if such license is available for purchase online. 1425

### § 4.1-1002. Refund of state license fee.

1426 A. The Board may (i) correct erroneous assessments made by it against any person, (ii) refund any 1427 amounts collected through erroneous assessments or collected as fees on licenses applications that are 1428 subsequently refused or withdrawn, and (iii) allow credit for any license fees paid for any license that is 1429 subsequently merged or changed into another license during the same license period. No refund shall be 1430 made of any such amount, however, unless made within three years from the date of collection of the 1431 same.

1432 B. In any case where a licensee has changed its name or form of organization during a license period without any change being made in its ownership, and because of such change is required to pay 1433 1434 an additional license fee for such period, the Board shall refund to such licensee the amount of such fee so paid in excess of the required license fee for such period. 1435

C. The Board shall make refunds, prorated according to a schedule of its prescription, to licensees 1436 1437 of state license fees paid pursuant to subsection A of § 4.1-1001 if the place of business designated in 1438 the license is destroyed by an act of God, including but not limited to fire, earthquake, hurricane, storm, or similar natural disaster or phenomenon. 1439

1440 D. Any amount required to be refunded under this section shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of 1441 moneys appropriated to the Board and in the manner prescribed in 4.1-614.

#### § 4.1-1003. Marijuana taxes: exceptions.

1443 A. A tax of 4.5 percent is levied on the sale in the Commonwealth of any marijuana, marijuana 1444 products, or marijuana paraphernalia. Such tax shall be in lieu of any tax imposed under the Virginia 1445 Retail Sales and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-600 et seq.). The tax shall not apply to any sale: 1446

1. From a marijuana establishment to another marijuana establishment.

2. Of cannabis products for treatment under the provisions of Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.).

1448 3. Of industrial hemp by a grower, processor, or handler under the provisions of Chapter 41.1 1449 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2. 1450

4. Of a hemp product.

B. Any locality may by ordinance levy a 4.5 percent tax on any sale taxable under subsection A. 1451 1452 Such tax shall be in lieu of any local sales tax imposed under the Virginia Retail Sales and Use Tax Act 1453 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.), any food and beverage tax imposed under Article 7.1 (§ 58.1-3833 et seq.) of Chapter 38 of Title 58.1, and any excise tax imposed on meals under § 58.1-3840. Other than the taxes 1454 1455 authorized and identified in this subsection, a locality shall not impose any other tax on a sale taxable 1456 under subsection A. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to (i) prohibit a locality from 1457 imposing any tax authorized by law on a person or property regulated under this subtitle or (ii) limit 1458 the authority of any locality to impose a license or privilege tax or fee on a business engaged in whole 1459 or in part in sales taxable under this subsection A if such tax or fee is (a) based on an annual or 1460 per-event flat fee authorized by law or (b) is an annual license or privilege tax authorized by law and 1461 such tax includes sales or receipts taxable under subsection A in its taxable measure.

1462 If a locality imposes a tax under this subsection, such tax shall be irrevocable. If a town imposes a 1463 tax under this subsection, any tax imposed by its surrounding county under this subsection shall not apply within the limits of the town. 1464

1465 Any locality that enacts an ordinance pursuant to this subsection shall, within 30 days, notify the 1466 Authority and any retail marijuana store in such locality of the ordinance's enactment. The ordinance 1467 shall take effect on the first day of the second month following its enactment.

1468 C. All revenues remitted to the Authority under this subsection shall be disposed of as provided in § 4.1-614. 1469 1470

#### § 4.1-1004. Tax returns and payments; commissions; interest.

1471 A. For any sale taxable under § 4.1-1003, the seller shall be liable for collecting any taxes due. All 1472 taxes collected by a seller shall be deemed to be held in trust for the Commonwealth. The buyer shall 1473 not be liable for collecting or remitting the taxes or filing a return.

1474 B. On or before the tenth day of each month, any person liable for a tax due under § 4.1-1003 shall

# 25 of 81

1475 file a return under oath with the Authority and pay any taxes due. Upon written application by a person 1476 filing a return, the Authority may, if it determines good cause exists, grant an extension to the end of 1477 the calendar month in which the tax is due, or for a period not exceeding 30 days. Any extension shall 1478 toll the accrual of any interest or penalties under § 4.1-1007.

1479 C. The Authority may accept payment by any commercially acceptable means, including cash, checks, 1480 credit cards, debit cards, and electronic funds transfers, for any taxes, interest, or penalties due under 1481 this subtitle. The Board may assess a service charge for the use of a credit or debit card.

1482 D. Upon request, the Authority may collect and maintain a record of a person's credit card, debit 1483 card, or automated clearinghouse transfer information and use such information for future payments of 1484 taxes, interest, or penalties due under this subtitle. The Authority may assess a service charge for any 1485 payments made under this subsection. The Authority may procure the services of a third-party vendor 1486 for the secure storage of information collected pursuant to this subsection.

1487 E. If any person liable for tax under § 4.1-1003 sells out his business or stock of goods or quits the 1488 business, such person shall make a final return and payment within 15 days after the date of selling or 1489 quitting the business. Such person's successors or assigns, if any, shall withhold sufficient of the 1490 purchase money to cover the amount of such taxes, interest, and penalties due and unpaid until such 1491 former owner produces a receipt from the Authority showing payment or a certificate stating that no 1492 taxes, penalties, or interest are due. If the buyer of a business or stock of goods fails to withhold the 1493 purchase money as provided in this subsection, such buyer shall be liable for the payment of the taxes, 1494 interest, and penalties due and unpaid on account of the operation of the business by any former owner. 1495 F. When any person fails to timely pay the full amount of tax due under § 4.1-1003, interest at a 1496 rate determined in accordance with § 58.1-15 shall accrue on the tax until it is paid. Any taxes due 1497 under § 4.1-1003 shall, if applicable, be subject to penalties as provided in §§ 4.1-1205 and 4.1-1206.

#### 1498 § 4.1-1005. Bonds.

1499 The Authority may, when deemed necessary and advisable to do so in order to secure the collection 1500 of the taxes levied under  $\S$  4.1-1003, require any person subject to such tax to file a bond, with such 1501 surety as it determines is necessary to secure the payment of any tax, penalty, or interest due or that 1502 may become due from such person. In lieu of such bond, securities approved by the Authority may be 1503 deposited with the State Treasurer, which securities shall be kept in the custody of the State Treasurer, 1504 and shall be sold by the State Treasurer at the request of the Authority at public or private sale if it 1505 becomes necessary to do so in order to recover any tax, interest, or penalty due the Commonwealth. 1506 Upon any such sale, the surplus, if any, above the amounts due shall be returned to the person who 1507 deposited the securities. 1508

# § 4.1-1006. Refunds.

1509 A. Whenever it is proved to the satisfaction of the Authority that any taxes levied pursuant to 1510 § 4.1-1003 have been paid and that the taxable items were or are (i) damaged, destroyed, or otherwise 1511 deemed to be unsalable by reason of fire or any other providential cause before sale to the consumer; 1512 (ii) destroyed voluntarily, after notice to and approval by the Authority of such destruction, because the 1513 taxable items were defective; or (iii) destroyed in any manner while in the possession of a common, 1514 private, or contract carrier, the Authority shall certify such facts to the Comptroller for approval of a 1515 refund payment from the state treasury to such extent as may be proper.

1516 B. Whenever it is proved to the satisfaction of the Authority that any person has purchased taxable 1517 items that have been sold by such person in such manner as to be exempt from the tax, the Authority 1518 shall certify such facts to the Comptroller for approval of a refund payment from the state treasury to 1519 such extent as may be proper.

1520 C. In the event purchases are returned to the seller by the buyer after a tax imposed under 1521 § 4.1-1003 has been collected or charged to the account of the buyer, the seller shall be entitled to a 1522 refund of the amount of tax so collected or charged in the manner prescribed by the Authority. The 1523 amount of tax so refunded to the seller shall not, however, include the tax paid upon any amount 1524 retained by the seller after such return of merchandise. In case the tax has not been remitted by the 1525 seller, the seller may deduct the same in submitting his return.

1526 § 4.1-1007. Statute of limitations; civil remedies for collecting past-due taxes, interest, and 1527 penalties.

1528 A. The taxes imposed under § 4.1-1003 shall be assessed within three years from the date on which 1529 such taxes became due and payable. In the case of a false or fraudulent return with intent to defraud 1530 the Commonwealth, or a failure to file a return, the taxes may be assessed, or a proceeding in court for 1531 the collection of such taxes may be begun without assessment, at any time within six years from such 1532 date. The Authority shall not examine any person's records beyond the three-year period of limitations 1533 unless it has reasonable evidence of fraud or reasonable cause to believe that such person was required 1534 by law to file a return and failed to do so.

1535 B. If any person fails to file a return as required by this section, or files a return that is false or

1536 fraudulent, the Authority may make an estimate for the taxable period of the taxable sales of such 1537 person and assess the tax, plus any applicable interest and penalties. The Authority shall give such 1538 person 10 days' notice requiring such person to provide any records as it may require relating to the 1539 business of such person for the taxable period. The Authority may require such person or the agents 1540 and employees of such person to give testimony or to answer interrogatories under oath administered by 1541 the Authority respecting taxable sales, the filing of the return, and any other relevant information. If any 1542 person fails to file a required return, refuses to provide required records, or refuses to answer 1543 interrogatories from the Authority, the Authority may make an estimated assessment based upon the information available to it and issue a memorandum of lien under subsection C for the collection of any 1544 1545 taxes, interest, or penalties. The estimated assessment shall be deemed prima facie correct.

1546 C. 1. If the Authority assesses taxes, interest, or penalties on a person and such person does not pay 1547 within 30 days after the due date, taking into account any extensions granted by the Authority, the 1548 Authority may file a memorandum of lien in the circuit court clerk's office of the county or city in which 1549 the person's place of business is located or in which the person resides. If the person has no place of 1550 business or residence within the Commonwealth, the memorandum may be filed in the Circuit Court of 1551 the City of Richmond. A copy of the memorandum may also be filed in the clerk's office of all counties 1552 and cities in which the person owns real estate. Such memorandum shall be recorded in the judgment 1553 docket book and shall have the effect of a judgment in favor of the Commonwealth, to be enforced as 1554 provided in Article 19 (§ 8.01-196 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 8.01, except that a writ of fieri facias 1555 may issue at any time after the memorandum is filed. The lien on real estate shall become effective at 1556 the time the memorandum is filed in the jurisdiction in which the real estate is located. No 1557 memorandum of lien shall be filed unless the person is first given 10 or more days' prior notice of 1558 intent to file a lien; however, in those instances where the Authority determines that the collection of 1559 any tax, penalties, or interest required to be paid pursuant to law will be jeopardized by the provision 1560 of such notice, notification may be provided to the person concurrent with the filing of the memorandum 1561 of lien. Such notice shall be given to the person at his last known address.

2. Recordation of a memorandum of lien under this subsection shall not affect a person's right to 1562 1563 appeal under § 4.1-1008.

1564 3. If after filing a memorandum of lien the Authority determines that it is in the best interest of the 1565 Commonwealth, it may place padlocks on the doors of any business enterprise that is delinquent in 1566 filing or paying any tax owed to the Commonwealth. The Authority shall also post notices of distraint 1567 on each of the doors so padlocked. If, after three business days, the tax deficiency has not been satisfied 1568 or satisfactory arrangements for payment have not been made, the Authority may cause a writ of fieri 1569 facias to be issued. It shall be a Class 1 misdemeanor for anyone to enter the padlocked premises 1570 without prior approval of the Authority. In the event that the person against whom the distraint has 1571 been applied subsequently appeals under § 4.1-1008, the person shall have the right to post bond 1572 equaling the amount of liability in lieu of payment until the appeal is resolved.

1573 4. A person may petition the Authority after a memorandum of lien has been filed under this 1574 subsection if the person alleges an error in the filing of the lien. The Authority shall make a 1575 determination on such petition within 14 days. If the Authority determines that the filing was erroneous, 1576 it shall issue a certificate of release of the lien within seven days after such determination is made. 1577

§ 4.1-1008. Appeals.

1578 Any tax imposed under § 4.1-1003, any interest imposed under § 4.1-1007, any action of the 1579 Authority under § 4.1-1204, and any penalty imposed under § 4.1-1205 or 4.1-1206 shall be subject to 1580 review under the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Such review shall extend to the entire evidential record of the proceedings provided by the Authority in accordance with the Administrative 1581 Process Act. An appeal shall lie to the Court of Appeals from any order of a circuit court. 1582 Notwithstanding § 8.01-676.1, the final judgment or order of a circuit court shall not be suspended, 1583 1584 stayed, or modified by such circuit court pending appeal to the Court of Appeals. Neither mandamus 1585 nor injunction shall lie in any such case.

1586 § 4.1-1100. Possession, etc., of marijuana and marijuana products by persons 21 years of age or 1587 older lawful; penalties.

1588 A. Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle and notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 1589 person 21 years of age or older may lawfully possess on his person or in any public place not more 1590 than one ounce two and one-half ounces of marijuana or an equivalent amount of marijuana product as 1591 determined by regulation promulgated by the Board.

1592 B. Any person who possesses on his person or in any public place marijuana or marijuana products 1593 in excess of the amounts set forth in subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25 1594 except as otherwise provided in this section. The penalty for any violations of this section by an adult 1595 shall be prepayable according to the procedures in § 16.1-69.40:2.

1596 C. With the exception of possession by a person in his residence or possession by a licensee in the 1597 course of his duties related to such licensee's marijuana establishment, any person who possesses on his 1598 person or in any public place (i) more than four ounces but not more than one pound of marijuana or an 1599 equivalent amount of marijuana product as determined by regulation promulgated by the Board is guilty 1600 of a Class 3 misdemeanor and, for a second or subsequent offense, a Class 2 misdemeanor and (ii) more 1601 than one pound of marijuana or an equivalent amount of marijuana product as determined by regulation 1602 promulgated by the Board is guilty of a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than 1603 one year nor more than 10 years and a fine of not more than \$250,000, or both.

1604 D. The provisions of this section shall not apply to members of federal, state, county, city, or town 1605 law-enforcement agencies, jail officers, or correctional officers, as defined in § 53.1-1, certified as 1606 handlers of dogs trained in the detection of controlled substances when possession of marijuana is 1607 necessary for the performance of their duties. 1608

# § 4.1-1101. Home cultivation of marijuana for personal use; penalties.

1609 A. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (c) of  $\frac{8}{18.2-248.1}$ , a A person 21 years of age or older may cultivate up to four marijuana plants for personal use at their place of residence; however, at 1610 no point shall a household contain more than four marijuana plants. For purposes of this section, a 1611 1612 "household" means those individuals, whether related or not, who live in the same house or other place 1613 of residence.

1614 A person may only cultivate marijuana plants pursuant to this section at such person's main place of 1615 residence.

A violation of this subsection shall be punishable as follows:

1621

1616 1617 1. For possession of more than four marijuana plants but no more than 10 marijuana plants, (i) a 1618 civil penalty of \$250 for a first offense, (ii) a Class 3 misdemeanor for a second offense, and (iii) a 1619 Class 2 misdemeanor for a third and any subsequent offense; 1620

2. For possession of more than 10 but no more than 49 marijuana plants, a Class 1 misdemeanor;

3. For possession of more than 49 but no more than 100 marijuana plants, a Class 6 felony; and

1622 4. For possession of more than 100 marijuana plants, a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment 1623 of not less than one year nor more than 10 years or a fine of not more than \$250,000, or both. 1624

B. A person who cultivates marijuana for personal use pursuant to this section shall:

1625 1. Ensure that no marijuana plant is visible from a public way without the use of aircraft, binoculars, 1626 or other optical aids; 1627

2. Take precautions to prevent unauthorized access by persons younger than 21 years of age; and

1628 3. Attach to each marijuana plant a legible tag that includes the person's name, driver's license or 1629 identification number, and a notation that the marijuana plant is being grown for personal use as 1630 authorized under this section.

1631 Any person who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25. The 1632 penalty for any violations of this section by an adult shall be prepayable according to the procedures in 1633 § 16.1-69.40:2.

1634 C. A person shall not manufacture marijuana concentrate from home-cultivated marijuana. The owner 1635 of a property or parcel or tract of land may not intentionally or knowingly allow another person to 1636 manufacture marijuana concentrate from home-cultivated marijuana within or on that property or land.

#### 1637 § 4.1-1102. Illegal cultivation, processing, or manufacture of marijuana or marijuana products; 1638 conspiracy; penalties.

1639 A. Except as otherwise provided in §§ 4.1-700 and 4.1-1101, no person shall cultivate, process, or 1640 manufacture marijuana or marijuana products in the Commonwealth without being licensed under this 1641 subtitle to cultivate, process, or manufacture such marijuana or marijuana products. 1642

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

1643 C. If two or more persons conspire together to do any act that is in violation of subsection A, and 1644 one or more of such persons does any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each of the parties to 1645 such conspiracy is guilty of a Class 6 felony. 1646

§ 4.1-1103. Illegal sale of marijuana or marijuana products in general; penalties.

A. For the purposes of this section, "adult sharing" means transferring marijuana between persons 1647 1648 who are 21 years of age or older without remuneration. "Adult sharing" does not include instances in 1649 which (i) marijuana is given away contemporaneously with another reciprocal transaction between the 1650 same parties; (ii) a gift of marijuana is offered or advertised in conjunction with an offer for the sale of 1651 goods or services; or (iii) a gift of marijuana is contingent upon a separate reciprocal transaction for 1652 goods or services.

1653 B. If any person who is not licensed sells, gives, or distributes or possesses with intent to sell, give, 1654 or distribute any marijuana or marijuana products except as permitted by this chapter or provided in 1655 subsection C, he is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

1656 A second or subsequent conviction under this section shall constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1657 C. No civil or criminal penalty may be imposed for adult sharing of an amount of marijuana that does not exceed two and one-half ounces or of an equivalent amount of marijuana products. 1658

SB448H1

1659 § 4.1-1104. Persons to whom marijuana or marijuana products may not be sold; proof of legal 1660 age; penalties.

A. No person shall, except as otherwise permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.), sell, give, or distribute any marijuana or marijuana products to any individual when at the time of such sale he knows or has reason to believe that the individual to whom the sale is made is (i) younger than 21 years of age or (ii) intoxicated. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1666 B. Any person who sells, except as otherwise permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.), any 1667 marijuana or marijuana products to an individual who is younger than 21 years of age and at the time of the sale does not require the individual to present bona fide evidence of legal age indicating that the 1668 1669 individual is 21 years of age or older is guilty of a violation of this subsection. Bona fide evidence of legal age is limited to any evidence that is or reasonably appears to be an unexpired driver's license 1670 1671 issued by any state of the United States or the District of Columbia, military identification card, United States passport or foreign government visa, unexpired special identification card issued by the 1672 1673 Department of Motor Vehicles, or any other valid government-issued identification card bearing the 1674 individual's photograph, signature, height, weight, and date of birth, or which bears a photograph that 1675 reasonably appears to match the appearance of the purchaser. A student identification card shall not 1676 constitute bona fide evidence of legal age for purposes of this subsection. Any person convicted of a 1677 violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor.

**1678** *C.* No person shall be convicted of both subsections A and B for the same sale.

1679 § 4.1-1105. Purchasing of marijuana or marijuana products unlawful in certain cases; venue; 1680 exceptions; penalties; forfeiture; treatment and education programs and services.

A. No person to whom marijuana or marijuana products may not lawfully be sold under § 4.1-1104
shall consume, purchase, or possess, or attempt to consume, purchase, or possess, any marijuana or
marijuana products, except (i) pursuant to § 4.1-700 or (ii) by any federal, state, or local
law-enforcement officer or his agent when possession of marijuana or marijuana products is necessary
in the performance of his duties. Such person may be prosecuted either in the county or city in which
the marijuana or marijuana products were possessed or consumed or in the county or city in which the
person exhibits evidence of physical indicia of consumption of marijuana or marijuana products.

**1688** B. Any person 18 years of age or older who violates subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no **1689** more than \$25 and shall be ordered to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or **1690** both, if available, that in the opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused.

1691 C. Unless the juvenile is proceeded against informally pursuant to § 16.1-260, any juvenile who 1692 violates subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25 and the court shall require the 1693 accused to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or both, if available, that in the 1694 opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused. For purposes of §§ 16.1-266, 16.1-273, 1695 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, and 16.1-278.9, the court shall treat the child as delinquent.

1696 D. Any such substance abuse treatment or education program to which a juvenile is ordered 1697 pursuant to this section shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral 1698 Health and Developmental Services or (ii) a similar program available through a facility or program 1699 operated by or under contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice or a locally operated court 1700 services unit or a program funded through the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act 1701 (§ 16.1-309.2 et seq.). Any such substance abuse treatment or education program to which a person 18 1702 years of age or older is ordered pursuant to this section shall be provided by (a) a program licensed by 1703 the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or (b) a program or services made 1704 available through a community-based probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, if one has been established for the locality. When an 1705 offender is ordered to a local community-based probation services agency, the local community-based 1706 1707 probation services agency shall be responsible for providing for services or referring the offender to 1708 education or treatment services as a condition of probation.

1709 E. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02. No person younger than 21 1710 1711 years of age shall use or attempt to use any (i) altered, fictitious, facsimile, or simulated license to 1712 operate a motor vehicle; (ii) altered, fictitious, facsimile, or simulated document, including but not 1713 limited to a birth certificate or student identification card; or (iii) motor vehicle driver's license or other 1714 document issued under Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Title 46.2 or the comparable law of another 1715 jurisdiction, birth certificate, or student identification card of another person in order to establish a 1716 false identification or false age for himself to consume, purchase, or attempt to consume or purchase 1717 marijuana or marijuana products. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a 1718 Class 1 misdemeanor.

**1719** *F.* Any marijuana or marijuana product purchased or possessed in violation of this section shall be deemed contraband and forfeited to the Commonwealth in accordance with § 4.1-1303.

#### 29 of 81

1721 G. Any retail marijuana store licensee who in good faith promptly notifies the Board or any state or 1722 local law-enforcement agency of a violation or suspected violation of this section shall be accorded 1723 immunity from an administrative penalty for a violation of § 4.1-1104.

1724 § 4.1-1106. Purchasing marijuana or marijuana products for one to whom they may not be sold; 1725 penalties; forfeiture.

1726 A. Any person who purchases marijuana or marijuana products for another person and at the time 1727 of such purchase knows or has reason to believe that the person for whom the marijuana or marijuana 1728 products were purchased was intoxicated is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1729 B. Any person who purchases for, or otherwise gives, provides, or assists in the provision of 1730 marijuana or marijuana products to, another person when he knows or has reason to know that such 1731 person is younger than 21 years of age, except by any federal, state, or local law-enforcement officer 1732 when possession of marijuana or marijuana products is necessary in the performance of his duties, is 1733 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1734 C. Any marijuana or marijuana products purchased in violation of this section shall be deemed 1735 contraband and forfeited to the Commonwealth in accordance with § 4.1-1303. 1736

§ 4.1-1113. Maintaining common nuisances; penalties.

1737 A. All houses, boathouses, buildings, club or fraternity or lodge rooms, boats, cars, and places of 1738 every description where marijuana or marijuana products are manufactured, processed, stored, sold, 1739 dispensed, given away, or used contrary to law, by any scheme or device whatsoever, shall be deemed 1740 common nuisances.

1741 No person shall maintain, aid, abet, or knowingly associate with others in maintaining a common 1742 nuisance. 1743

Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1744 B. In addition, after due notice and opportunity to be heard on the part of any owner or lessor not 1745 involved in the original offense, by a proceeding analogous to that provided in § 4.1-1303 and upon proof of guilty knowledge, judgment may be given that such house, boathouse, building, boat, car, or 1746 other place, or any room or part thereof, be closed. The court may, upon the owner or lessor giving 1747 1748 bond in the penalty of not less than \$500 and with security to be approved by the court, conditioned 1749 that the premises shall not be used for unlawful purposes, or in violation of the provisions of this subtitle for a period of five years, turn the same over to its owner or lessor, or proceeding may be had 1750 1751 in equity as provided in § 4.1-1300.

1752 C. In a proceeding under this section, judgment shall not be entered against the owner, lessor, or 1753 lienholder of the property unless it is proved that he (i) knew of the unlawful use of the property and 1754 (ii) had the right, because of such unlawful use, to enter and repossess the property. 1755

#### § 4.1-1114. Maintaining a fortified drug house; penalty.

1756 Any office, store, shop, restaurant, dance hall, theater, poolroom, clubhouse, storehouse, warehouse, 1757 dwelling house, apartment, or building or structure of any kind that is (i) substantially altered from its 1758 original status by means of reinforcement with the intent to impede, deter, or delay lawful entry by a 1759 law-enforcement officer into such structure; (ii) being used for the purpose of illegally manufacturing, 1760 processing, or distributing marijuana; and (iii) the object of a valid search warrant shall be considered 1761 a fortified drug house. Any person who maintains or operates a fortified drug house is guilty of a Class 1762 5 felony.

#### 1763 § 4.1-1115. Disobeying subpoena; hindering conduct of hearing; penalty.

1764 No person shall (i) fail or refuse to obey any subpoena issued by the Board, any Board member, or 1765 any agent authorized by the Board to issue such subpoend or (ii) hinder the orderly conduct and 1766 decorum of any hearing held and conducted by the Board, any Board member, or any agent authorized 1767 by the Board to hold and conduct such hearing.

1768 Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1769 § 4.1-1117. Delivery of marijuana or marijuana products to prisoners; penalty.

1770 No person shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to any prisoner in any state, local, or regional 1771 correctional facility or any person committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice in any juvenile 1772 correctional center any marijuana or marijuana products.

Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 4.1-1118. Separation of plant resin by butane extraction; penalty.

1775 A. No person shall separate plant resin by butane extraction or another method that utilizes a 1776 substance with a flashpoint below 100 degrees Fahrenheit in any public place, motor vehicle, or within 1777 the curtilage of any residential structure.

1778 B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

#### 1779 § 4.1-1119. Attempts; aiding or abetting; penalty.

1773

1774

1780 No person shall attempt to do any of the things prohibited by this subtitle or to aid or abet another in doing, or attempting to do, any of the things prohibited by this subtitle. 1781

1796

1797

1829

1830

1834

1835

1782 On an indictment, information, or warrant for the violation of this subtitle, the jury or the court may 1783 find the defendant guilty of an attempt, or being an accessory, and the punishment shall be the same as 1784 if the defendant were solely guilty of such violation.

#### § 4.1-1121. Issuance of summonses for certain offenses; civil penalties. 1785

1786 Any violation under this subtitle that is subject to a civil penalty is a civil offense and, except in the 1787 case of a violation alleged to have been committed by a juvenile, in which case the juvenile shall be 1788 proceeded against pursuant to § 16.1-260, shall be charged by summons. A summons for a violation 1789 under this subtitle that is subject to a civil penalty may be executed by a law-enforcement officer when 1790 such violation is observed by such officer. The summons used by a law-enforcement officer pursuant to 1791 this section shall be in a form the same as the uniform summons for motor vehicle law violations as prescribed pursuant to § 46.2-388. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this subtitle shall be deposited into the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02. 1792 1793 1794

#### CHAPTER 12.

### PROHIBITED PRACTICES BY LICENSEES.

#### § 4.1-1200. Illegal cultivation, etc., of marijuana or marijuana products by licensees; penalty.

A. No licensee or any agent or employee of such licensee shall:

1798 1. Cultivate, process, transport, sell, or test any marijuana or marijuana products of a kind other 1799 than that which such license or this subtitle authorizes him to cultivate, process, transport, sell, or test;

1800 2. Sell marijuana or marijuana products to any person other than a person to whom such license or 1801 this subtitle authorizes him to sell;

1802 3. Cultivate, process, transport, sell, or test marijuana or marijuana products that such license or 1803 this subtitle authorizes him to sell, but in any place or in any manner other than such license or this 1804 subtitle authorizes him to cultivate, process, transport, sell, or test;

4. Cultivate, process, transport, sell, or test any marijuana or marijuana products when forbidden by 1805 1806 this subtitle;

1807 5. Keep or allow to be kept, other than in his residence and for his personal use, any marijuana or 1808 marijuana products other than that which he is authorized to cultivate, process, transport, sell, or test 1809 by such license or by this subtitle;

1810 6. Keep any marijuana or marijuana product other than in the container in which it was purchased 1811 by him: or

1812 7. Allow a person younger than 21 years of age to be employed by or volunteer for such licensee.

1813 B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 1814

# § 4.1-1201. Prohibited acts by employees of marijuana store licensees; civil penalty.

1815 A. In addition to the provisions of § 4.1-1200, no retail marijuana store licensee or his agent or 1816 employee shall use or consume any marijuana or marijuana products (i) on the licensed premises, 1817 except for certain sampling for quality control purposes in accordance with Board regulations or (ii) 1818 while on duty and in a position that is involved in the selling of marijuana or marijuana products to 1819 consumers.

1820 B. No retail marijuana store licensee or his agent or employee shall make any gift of any marijuana 1821 or marijuana products.

1822 C. Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount 1823 not to exceed \$500.

1824 § 4.1-1202. Sale of; purchase for resale; marijuana or marijuana products from a person without 1825 a license; penalty.

1826 Except as otherwise provided in § 4.1-805, no retail marijuana store licensee shall purchase for 1827 resale or sell any marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds 1828 purchased from anyone other than a marijuana cultivation facility or marijuana processing facility.

Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 4.1-1203. Prohibiting transfer of marijuana or marijuana products by licensees; penalty.

1831 A. No licensed marijuana establishment shall transfer any marijuana or marijuana products from one 1832 licensed place of business to another licensed place of business unless such transfer is completed by a 1833 marijuana transporter licensee.

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 4.1-1204. Illegal advertising materials; civil penalty.

1836 No person subject to the jurisdiction of the Board shall induce, attempt to induce, or consent to any licensee selling, renting, lending, buying for, or giving to any person any advertising materials or 1837 decorations under circumstances prohibited by this title or Board regulations. 1838

1839 Any person found by the Board to have violated this section shall be subject to a civil penalty as authorized in § 4.1-903. 1840

§ 4.1-1205. Failure of licensee to pay tax or to deliver, keep, and preserve records and accounts or 1841 1842 to allow examination and inspection; penalty.

1843 A. No licensee shall fail or refuse to (i) pay any tax provided for in § 4.1-1003; (ii) deliver, keep,

### 31 of 81

1844 and preserve such records, invoices, and accounts as are required by § 4.1-703 or Board regulation; or 1845 (iii) allow such records, invoices, and accounts or his place of business to be examined and inspected in 1846 accordance with § 4.1-703. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 1847 misdemeanor.

1848 B. After reasonable notice to a licensee that failed to make a return or pay taxes due, the Authority 1849 may suspend or revoke any license of such licensee that was issued by the Authority.

1850 § 4.1-1206. Nonpayment of marijuana tax; penalties.

A. No person shall make a sale taxable under § 4.1-1003 without paying all applicable taxes due. No 1851 1852 retail marijuana store licensee shall purchase, receive, transport, store, or sell any marijuana or 1853 marijuana products on which such retailer has reason to know such tax has not been paid and may not 1854 be paid. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1855 B. Any person who fails to file a return required for a tax due under § 4.1-1003 is subject to a civil 1856 penalty to be added to the tax in the amount of five percent of the proper tax due if the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional five percent for each additional 30 days, or fraction thereof, 1857 1858 during which the failure continues. Such civil penalty shall not exceed 25 percent in the aggregate.

1859 C. In the case of a false or fraudulent return, where willful intent exists to defraud the 1860 Commonwealth of any tax due on marijuana or marijuana products, a civil penalty of 50 percent of the amount of the proper tax due shall be assessed. Such penalty shall be in addition to any penalty 1861 imposed under subsection B. It shall be prima facie evidence of willful intent to defraud the 1862 1863 Commonwealth when any person reports its taxable sales to the Authority at 50 percent or less of the 1864 actual amount.

1865 D. If any check tendered for any amount due under § 4.1-1003 or this section is not paid by the 1866 bank on which it is drawn, and the person that tendered the check fails to pay the Authority the amount 1867 due within five days after the Authority gives it notice that such check was returned unpaid, the person 1868 that tendered the check is guilty of a violation of § 18.2-182.1.

1869 E. All penalties shall be payable to the Authority and if not so paid shall be collectible in the same 1870 manner as if they were a part of the tax imposed. 1871

# § 4.1-1300. Enjoining nuisances.

1872 A. In addition to the penalties imposed by § 4.1-1113, the Board, its special agents, the attorney for 1873 the Commonwealth, or any citizen of the county, city, or town where a common nuisance as defined in 1874 § 4.1-1113 exists may maintain a suit in equity in the name of the Commonwealth to enjoin the common 1875 nuisance.

1876 B. The courts of equity shall have jurisdiction, and in every case where the bill charges, on the 1877 knowledge or belief of the complainant, and is sworn to by two reputable citizens, that marijuana or 1878 marijuana products are cultivated, processed, stored, sold, dispensed, given away, or used in such 1879 house, building, or other place described in § 4.1-1113 contrary to the laws of the Commonwealth, an injunction shall be granted as soon as the bill is presented to the court. The injunction shall enjoin and 1880 1881 restrain the owners and tenants and their agents and employees, and any person connected with such 1882 house, building, or other place, and all persons whomsoever from cultivating, processing, storing, 1883 selling, dispensing, giving away, or using marijuana or marijuana products on such premises. The 1884 injunction shall also restrain all persons from removing any marijuana or marijuana products then on 1885 such premises until the further order of the court. If the court is satisfied that the material allegations of 1886 the bill are true, although the premises complained of may not then be unlawfully used, it shall continue 1887 the injunction against such place for a period of time as the court deems proper. The injunction may be 1888 dissolved if a proper case is shown for dissolution. 1889

# § 4.1-1301. Contraband marijuana or marijuana products and other articles subject to forfeiture.

1890 A. All apparatus and materials for the cultivation or processing of marijuana or marijuana products, 1891 all marijuana or marijuana products and materials used in their manufacture or processing, and all 1892 containers in which marijuana or marijuana products may be found that are kept, stored, possessed, or 1893 in any manner used in violation of the provisions of this subtitle, and any dangerous weapons as 1894 described in § 18.2-308 that may be used or that may be found upon the person, or in any vehicle that 1895 such person is using, to aid such person in the unlawful cultivation, manufacture, processing, 1896 transportation, or sale of marijuana or marijuana products, or found in the possession of such person, 1897 or any horse, mule, or other beast of burden or any wagon, automobile, truck, or vehicle of any nature 1898 whatsoever that is found in the immediate vicinity of any place where marijuana or marijuana products 1899 are being unlawfully manufactured or processed and where such animal or vehicle is being used to aid 1900 in the unlawful manufacture or processing, shall be deemed contraband and shall be forfeited to the 1901 Commonwealth.

1902 B. Proceedings for the confiscation of the property in subsection A shall be in accordance with 1903 § 4.1-1303 for all such property except motor vehicles, which proceedings shall be in accordance with 1904 Chapter 22.1 (§ 19.2-386.1 et seq.) of Title 19.2.

#### 32 of 81

1905 § 4.1-1303. Confiscation proceedings; disposition of forfeited articles.

1906 A. All proceedings for the confiscation of articles, except motor vehicles, declared contraband and 1907 forfeited to the Commonwealth under this subtitle shall be as provided in this section.

1908 B. Whenever any article declared contraband under the provisions of this subtitle and required to be 1909 forfeited to the Commonwealth has been seized, with or without a warrant, by any officer charged with 1910 the enforcement of this subtitle, he shall produce the contraband article and any person in whose 1911 possession it was found. In those cases where no person is found in possession of such articles, the 1912 return shall so state and a copy of the warrant shall be posted on the door of the buildings or room 1913 where the articles were found, or if there is no door, then in any conspicuous place upon the premises.

1914 In case of seizure of any item for any offense involving its forfeiture where it is impracticable to 1915 remove such item to a place of safe storage from the place where seized, the seizing officer may destroy 1916 such item only as necessary to prevent use of all or any part thereof. The destruction shall be in the 1917 presence of at least one credible witness, and such witness shall join the officer in a sworn report of the 1918 seizure and destruction to be made to the Board. The report shall set forth the grounds of the claim of 1919 forfeiture, the reasons for seizure and destruction, an estimate of the fair cash value of the item 1920 destroyed, and the materials remaining after such destruction. The report shall include a statement that, 1921 from facts within their own knowledge, the seizing officer and witness have no doubt whatever that the 1922 item was set up for use, or had been used in the unlawful cultivation, processing, or manufacture of 1923 marijuana, and that it was impracticable to remove such apparatus to a place of safe storage.

1924 In case of seizure of any quantity of marijuana or marijuana products for any offense involving 1925 forfeiture of the same, the seizing officer may destroy them to prevent the use of all or any part thereof 1926 for the purpose of unlawful cultivation, processing, or manufacture of marijuana or marijuana products or any other violation of this subtitle. The destruction shall be in the presence of at least one credible 1927 witness, and such witness shall join the officer in a sworn report of the seizure and destruction to be 1928 1929 made to the Board. The report shall set forth the grounds of the claim of forfeiture, the reasons for seizure and destruction, and a statement that, from facts within their own knowledge, the seizing officer 1930 1931 and witness have no doubt whatever that the marijuana or marijuana products were intended for use in 1932 the unlawful cultivation, processing, or manufacture of marijuana or marijuana products or were 1933 intended for use in violation of this subtitle.

1934 C. Upon the return of the warrant as provided in this section, the court shall fix a time not less than 1935 10 days, unless waived by the accused in writing, and not more than 30 days thereafter, for the hearing 1936 on such return to determine whether or not the articles seized, or any part thereof, were used or in any 1937 manner kept, stored, or possessed in violation of this subtitle.

1938 At such hearing, if no claimant appears, the court shall declare the articles seized forfeited to the 1939 Commonwealth and, if such articles are not necessary as evidence in any pending prosecution, shall 1940 turn them over to the Board. Any person claiming an interest in any of the articles seized may appear 1941 at the hearing and file a written claim setting forth particularly the character and extent of his interest. 1942 The court shall certify the warrant and the articles seized along with any claim filed to the circuit court 1943 to hear and determine the validity of such claim.

1944 If the evidence warrants, the court shall enter a judgment of forfeiture and order the articles seized 1945 to be turned over to the Board. Action under this section and the forfeiture of any articles hereunder 1946 shall not be a bar to any prosecution under any other provision of this subtitle.

1947 D. Any articles forfeited to the Commonwealth and turned over to the Board in accordance with this 1948 section shall be destroyed or sold by the Board as it deems proper. The net proceeds from such sales 1949 shall be paid into the Literary Fund.

1950 If the Board believes that any foodstuffs forfeited to the Commonwealth and turned over to the Board 1951 in accordance with this section are usable, should not be destroyed, and cannot be sold, or whose sale 1952 would be impractical, it may give such foodstuffs to any institution in the Commonwealth and shall 1953 prefer a gift to the local jail or other local correctional facility in the jurisdiction where seizure took 1954 place. A record shall be made showing the nature of the foodstuffs and amount given, to whom given, 1955 and the date when given and shall be kept in the offices of the Board. 1956

# § 4.1-1304. Contraband marijuana or marijuana products.

1957 Failure to maintain on a conveyance or vehicle a permit or other indicia of permission issued by the 1958 Board authorizing the transportation of marijuana or marijuana products within the Commonwealth 1959 when other Board regulations applicable to such transportation have been complied with shall not be 1960 cause for deeming such marijuana or marijuana products contraband.

#### 1961 § 4.1-1305. Punishment for violations of title or regulations; bond.

1962 A. Any person convicted of a misdemeanor under the provisions of this subtitle without specification 1963 as to the class of offense or penalty, or convicted of violating any other provision thereof, or convicted 1964 of violating any Board regulation is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1965 B. In addition to the penalties imposed by this subtitle for violations, any court before whom any 1966 person is convicted of a violation of any provision of this subtitle may require such defendant to execute

1967 bond based upon his ability to pay, with approved security, in the penalty of not more than \$1,000, with 1968 the condition that the defendant will not violate any of the provisions of this subtitle for the term of one

1969 year. If any such bond is required and is not given, the defendant shall be committed to jail until it is

1970 given, or until he is discharged by the court, provided that he shall not be confined for a period longer

1971 than six months. If any such bond required by a court is not given during the term of the court by

1972 which conviction is had, it may be given before any judge or before the clerk of such court.

1973 C. The provisions of this subtitle shall not prevent the Board from suspending, revoking, or refusing 1974 to continue the license of any person convicted of a violation of any provision of this subtitle.

1975 D. No court shall hear such a case unless the respective attorney for the Commonwealth or his 1976 assistant has been notified that such a case is pending.

#### 1977 § 4.1-1306. Witness not excused from testifying because of self-incrimination.

1978 No person shall be excused from testifying for the Commonwealth as to any offense committed by 1979 another under this subtitle by reason of his testimony tending to incriminate him. The testimony given by 1980 such person on behalf of the Commonwealth when called as a witness for the prosecution shall not be 1981 used against him and he shall not be prosecuted for the offense to which he testifies.

1982 § 4.1-1307. Previous convictions.

1983 In any indictment, information, or warrant charging any person with a violation of any provision of 1984 this subtitle, it may be alleged and evidence may be introduced at the trial of such person to prove that 1985 such person has been previously convicted of a violation of this subtitle.

1986 § 4.1-1308. Label on sealed container prima facie evidence of marijuana content.

1987 In any prosecution for violations of this subtitle, where a sealed container is labeled as containing 1988 marijuana or marijuana products, such labeling shall be prima facie evidence of the marijuana content 1989 of the container. Nothing shall preclude the introduction of other relevant evidence to establish the 1990 marijuana content of a container, whether sealed or not.

#### 1991 § 4.1-1309. No recovery for marijuana or marijuana products illegally sold.

1992 No action to recover the price of any marijuana or marijuana products sold in contravention of this 1993 subtitle may be maintained. 1994

# § 4.1-1403. Board to establish regulations for marijuana testing.

1995 The Board shall establish a testing program for marijuana and marijuana products. Except as 1996 otherwise provided in this subtitle or otherwise provided by law, the program shall require a licensee, 1997 prior to selling or distributing marijuana or a marijuana product to a consumer or to another licensee, 1998 to submit a representative sample of the marijuana or marijuana product, not to exceed 10 percent of 1999 the total harvest or batch, to a licensed marijuana testing facility for testing to ensure that the 2000 marijuana or marijuana product does not exceed the maximum level of allowable contamination for any 2001 contaminant that is injurious to health and for which testing is required and to ensure correct labeling. 2002 The Board shall adopt regulations (i) establishing a testing program pursuant to this section; (ii) 2003 establishing acceptable testing and research practices, including regulations relating to testing practices, 2004 methods, and standards; quality control analysis; equipment certification and calibration; marijuana 2005 testing facility recordkeeping, documentation, and business practices; disposal of used, unused, and waste marijuana and marijuana products; and reporting of test results; (iii) identifying the types of 2006 2007 contaminants that are injurious to health for which marijuana and marijuana products shall be tested 2008 under this subtitle; and (iv) establishing the maximum level of allowable contamination for each 2009 contaminant.

#### 2010 § 4.1-1404. Mandatory testing; scope; recordkeeping; notification; additional testing not required; 2011 required destruction; random testing.

2012 A. A licensee may not sell or distribute marijuana or a marijuana product to a consumer or to 2013 another licensee under this subtitle unless a representative sample of the marijuana or marijuana 2014 product has been tested pursuant to this subtitle and the regulations adopted pursuant to this subtitle 2015 and the mandatory testing has demonstrated that (i) the marijuana or marijuana product does not 2016 exceed the maximum level of allowable contamination for any contaminant that is injurious to health 2017 and for which testing is required and (ii) the labeling on the marijuana or marijuana product is correct. 2018 B. Mandatory testing of marijuana and marijuana products under this section shall include testing 2019 for:

- 2020 1. Residual solvents:
- 2021 2. Heavy metals;
- 2022 3. Microbiological contaminants:
- 2023 4. Mycotoxins:
- 2024 5. Pesticide chemical residue; and
- 2025 6. Active ingredient analysis.
- 2026 Testing shall be performed on the final form in which the marijuana or marijuana product will be 2027 consumed.

2028 C. A licensee shall maintain a record of all mandatory testing that includes a description of the 2029 marijuana or marijuana product provided to the marijuana testing facility, the identity of the marijuana 2030 testing facility, and the results of the mandatory test.

2031 D. If the results of a mandatory test conducted pursuant to this section indicate that the tested 2032 marijuana or marijuana product exceeds the maximum level of allowable tetrahydrocannabinol or 2033 contamination for any contaminant that is injurious to health and for which testing is required, the 2034 marijuana testing facility shall immediately quarantine, document, and properly destroy the marijuana 2035 or marijuana product and within seven days of completing the test shall notify the Board of the test 2036 results. 2037

A marijuana testing facility is not required to notify the Board of the results of any test:

2038 1. Conducted on marijuana or a marijuana product at the direction of a licensee pursuant to this 2039 section that demonstrates that the marijuana or marijuana product does not exceed the maximum level 2040 of allowable tetrahydrocannabinol or contamination for any contaminant that is injurious to health and 2041 for which testing is required;

2042 2. Conducted on marijuana or a marijuana product at the direction of a licensee for research and 2043 development purposes only, so long as the licensee notifies the marijuana testing facility prior to the 2044 performance of the test that the testing is for research and development purposes only; or

2045 3. Conducted on marijuana or a marijuana product at the direction of a person who is not a 2046 licensee.

2047 E. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a licensee may sell or furnish to a consumer or to another licensee 2048 marijuana or a marijuana product that the licensee has not submitted for testing in accordance with this 2049 subtitle and regulations adopted pursuant to this subtitle if the following conditions are met:

2050 1. The marijuana or marijuana product has previously undergone testing in accordance with this 2051 subtitle and regulations adopted pursuant to this subtitle at the direction of another licensee and the 2052 testing demonstrated that the marijuana or marijuana product does not exceed the maximum level of 2053 allowable tetrahydrocannabinol or contamination for any contaminant that is injurious to health and for 2054 which testing is required;

2055 2. The mandatory testing process and the test results for the marijuana or marijuana product are 2056 documented in accordance with the requirements of this subtitle and all applicable regulations adopted 2057 pursuant to this subtitle:

2058 3. Tracking from immature marijuana plant to the point of retail sale has been maintained for the 2059 marijuana or marijuana product and transfers of the marijuana or marijuana product to another 2060 licensee or to a consumer can be easily identified; and

2061 4. The marijuana or marijuana product has not undergone any further processing, manufacturing, or 2062 alteration subsequent to the performance of the prior testing under subsection A.

2063 F. Licensees shall be required to destroy harvested batches of marijuana or batches of marijuana 2064 products whose testing samples indicate noncompliance with the health and safety standards required by 2065 this subtitle and the regulations adopted by the Board pursuant to this subtitle, unless remedial 2066 measures can bring the marijuana or marijuana product into compliance with such required health and 2067 safety standards.

2068 G. A licensee shall comply with all requests for samples of marijuana and marijuana products for 2069 the purpose of random testing by a state-owned laboratory or state-approved private laboratory. 2070

§ 4.1-1405. Labeling and packaging requirements; prohibitions.

2071 A. Marijuana and marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer 2072 shall be labeled with the following information: 2073

1. Identification of the type of marijuana or marijuana product;

2074 2. The license numbers of the marijuana cultivation facility, the marijuana processing facility, and 2075 the retail marijuana store where the marijuana or marijuana product was cultivated, processed, and 2076 offered for sale, as applicable; 2077

3. A statement of the net weight of the marijuana or marijuana product;

2078 4. In English and in a font no less than 1/16 of an inch, information concerning (i) all ingredients, 2079 including pharmacologically active ingredients, tetrahydrocannabinol, cannabidiol, and other 2080 cannabinoid content; (ii) all possible allergens; (iii) the amount of servings in the package; (iv) if the 2081 product contains tetrahydrocannabinol, the total percentage and milligrams of all tetrahydrocannabinols 2082 included in the package and the total number of milligrams of all tetrahydrocannabinols contained in 2083 each serving; and (v) the potency of the tetrahydrocannabinol and other cannabinoid content;

2084 5. Information on gases, solvents, and chemicals used in marijuana extraction, if applicable;

2085 6. Instructions on usage, including information regarding the amount of marijuana or marijuana 2086 product that constitutes a single serving:

7. A recommended use by date or expiration date; 2087

2088 8. For marijuana and marijuana products, the following statement, prominently displayed in bold print and in a clear and legible fashion: "GOVERNMENT WARNING: THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS 2089

# 35 of 81

MARIJUANA AND TETRAHYDROCANNABINOL (THC). MARIJUANA MAY ONLY BE SOLD TO AND

USED BY ADULTS 21 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CONSUMPTION OF MARIJUANA IMPAIRS COGNITION AND YOUR ABILITY TO DRIVE AND MAY

2090

2091

2092

2093 BE HABIT-FORMING. MARIJUANA SHOULD NOT BE USED WHILE PREGNANT OR 2094 BREASTFEEDING. PLEASE USE CAUTION AND VISIT \_\_\_\_\_ (website maintained by the Board 2095 pursuant to § 4.1-604) FOR MORE INFORMATION."; 2096 9. A universal symbol stamped or embossed on the packaging of any marijuana and marijuana 2097 products; 2098 10. A certificate of analysis, produced by licensed marijuana testing facility, that states the total 2099 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the substance or the total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of 2100 the batch from which the substance originates; and 2101 11. Any other information required by Board regulations. 2102 B. Marijuana and marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer in 2103 accordance with the provisions of this subtitle shall be packaged in the following manner: 2104 1. Marijuana and marijuana products shall be prepackaged in child-resistant, tamper-evident, and 2105 resealable packaging that is opaque or shall be placed at the final point of sale to a consumer in 2106 child-resistant, tamper-evident, and resealable packaging that is opaque; 2107 2. Packaging for multiserving liquid marijuana products shall include an integral measurement 2108 component; and 2109 3. Packaging shall comply with any other requirements imposed by Board regulations. 2110 C. Marijuana and marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer in 2111 accordance with the provisions of this subtitle shall not: 2112 1. (i) Without authorization, bear, be packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or otherwise be 2113 labeled to bear the trademark, trade name, famous mark as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1125, or other 2114 identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, processor, packer, or 2115 distributor of a product intended for human consumption other than the manufacturer, processor, 2116 packer, or distributor that did in fact so manufacture, process, pack, or distribute such substance or (ii) 2117 otherwise be packaged or labeled in violation of a federal trademark law or regulation; 2118 2. Be labeled or packaged in a manner that appeals particularly to persons younger than 21 years of 2119 age; 2120 3. Be labeled or packaged in a manner that obscures identifying information on the label; 2121 4. Be labeled or packaged using a false or misleading label: 2122 5. Depict, model the shape of, or use a label or package that depicts or models the shape of a 2123 human, animal, vehicle, or fruit; and 2124 6. Be labeled or packaged in violation of any other labeling or packaging requirements imposed by 2125 Board regulations. 2126 § 4.1-1406. Other health and safety requirements for edible marijuana products and other 2127 marijuana products deemed applicable by the Authority; health and safety regulations. 2128 A. In addition to all other applicable provisions of this subtitle, edible marijuana products and other 2129 marijuana products deemed applicable by the Authority to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a 2130 consumer: 2131 1. Shall be processed and manufactured by an approved source, as determined by § 3.2-5145.3; 2132 2. Shall comply with the provisions of Chapter 51 ( $\S$  3.2-5100 et seq.) of Title 3.2; 2133 3. Shall be processed and manufactured in a manner that results in the cannabinoid content within 2134 the product being homogeneous throughout the product or throughout each element of the product that 2135 has a cannabinoid content; 2136 4. Shall be processed and manufactured in a manner that results in the amount of marijuana 2137 concentrate within the product being homogeneous throughout the product or throughout each element 2138 of the product that contains marijuana concentrate; 2139 5. Shall have a universal symbol stamped or embossed on the packaging of each product; 2140 6. Shall not contain more than 10 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol per serving of the product and 2141 shall not contain more than 100 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol per package of the product; 2142 7. Shall not contain additives that (i) are toxic or harmful to human beings, (ii) are specifically 2143 designed to make the product more addictive, (iii) contain alcohol or nicotine, (iv) are misleading to 2144 consumers, or (v) are specifically designed to make the product appeal particularly to persons younger 2145 than 21 years of age; and 2146 8. Shall not involve the addition of marijuana to a trademarked food or drink product, except when 2147 the trademarked product is used as a component of or ingredient in the edible marijuana product and

the trademarked product is used as a component of or ingredient in the edible marijuana product and
the edible marijuana product is not advertised or described for sale as containing the trademarked
product.

**2150** B. The Board shall adopt any additional labeling, packaging, or other health and safety regulations

SB448H1

### 36 of 81

2151 that it deems necessary for marijuana and marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a 2152 licensee to a consumer in accordance with this subtitle. Regulations adopted pursuant to this subsection shall establish mandatory health and safety standards applicable to the cultivation of marijuana, the 2153 2154 processing and manufacture of marijuana products, and the packaging and labeling of marijuana and 2155 marijuana products sold by a licensee to a consumer. Such regulations shall address:

2156 1. Requirements for the storage, warehousing, and transportation of marijuana and marijuana 2157 products by licensees;

2158 2. Sanitary standards for marijuana establishments, including sanitary standards for the processing 2159 and manufacture of marijuana and marijuana products; and

2160 3. Limitations on the display of marijuana and marijuana products at retail marijuana stores.

#### 2161 § 4.1-1500. Definitions.

2162 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

2163 "CDFI" means a community development financial institution that provides credit and financial 2164 services for underserved communities.

2165 "Fund" means the Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund established in § 4.1-1501.

2166 "Funding" means loans and grants made from the Fund.

2167 "Program" means the Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Program established in § 4.1-1502.

2168 "Social equity qualified cannabis licensee" means a person or business who meets the criteria in 2169 § 4.1-606 to qualify as a social equity applicant and who either holds or is in the final stages of 2170 acquiring, as determined by the Board, a license to operate a marijuana establishment. 2171

### § 4.1-1501. Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund.

2172 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund, referred to in this section as "the Fund." The Fund shall be 2173 established on the books of the Comptroller. All funds appropriated for such purpose and any gifts, 2174 2175 donations, grants, bequests, and other funds received on its behalf shall be paid into the state treasury 2176 and credited to the Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be 2177 credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal 2178 year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used 2179 solely for the purposes of providing grants, low-interest loans, and zero-interest loans, and other 2180 supports and services to social equity qualified cannabis micro business licensees in order to foster 2181 business ownership and economic growth within communities that have been the most disproportionately 2182 impacted by the former prohibition of cannabis. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be 2183 made by the State Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the 2184 Chief Executive Officer of the Authority.

# § 4.1-1502. Program requirements; guidelines for management of the Fund; selection of CDFI.

2186 A. The Authority shall establish a Program to provide loans, grants, and other supports and services 2187 to qualified social equity cannabis micro business licensees for the purpose of promoting business 2188 ownership and economic growth by communities that have been disproportionately impacted by the 2189 prohibition of cannabis. The For the purposes of issuing loans, the Authority shall may select and work 2190 in collaboration with a CDFI to assist in administering the Program and carrying out the purposes of the 2191 Fund. The If the Authority utilizes a CDFI for issuing loans, the CDFI selected by the Authority shall have (i) a statewide presence in Virginia, (ii) experience in business lending, (iii) a proven track record 2192 2193 of working with disadvantaged communities, and (iv) the capability to dedicate sufficient staff to 2194 manage the Program. Working with the selected CDFI, the The Authority shall establish monitoring and 2195 accountability mechanisms for *micro* businesses receiving funding and shall report annually the number 2196 of businesses funded; the geographic distribution of the businesses; the costs of the Program; and the 2197 outcomes, including the number and types of jobs created. 2198

B. The Program shall:

2199 1. Identify social equity qualified cannabis micro business licensees who are in need of capital or 2200 other supports and services for the start-up of a cannabis business properly licensed pursuant to the 2201 provisions of this subtitle;

2202 2. Provide loans, grants, and other supports and services for the purposes described in subsection A 2203 and § 4.1-1501;

2204 3. Provide technical assistance: and

2205 4. Bring together community partners to sustain the Program. 2206

§ 4.1-1601. Certification for use of cannabis for treatment.

2207 A. A practitioner in the course of his professional practice may issue a written certification for the 2208 use of cannabis products for treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of any diagnosed condition or disease determined by the practitioner to benefit from such use. The practitioner shall use his 2209 professional judgment to determine the manner and frequency of patient care and evaluation and may 2210 employ the use of telemedicine, provided that the use of telemedicine includes the delivery of patient 2211 2212 care through real-time interactive audiovisual technology. No practitioner may issue a written

## 37 of 81

2213 certification while such practitioner is on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 2214 dispensing facility. A pharmaceutical processor shall not endorse or promote any practitioner who issues 2215 certifications to patients. If a practitioner determines it is consistent with the standard of care to dispense 2216 botanical cannabis to a minor, the written certification shall specifically authorize such dispensing. If not 2217 specifically included on the initial written certification, authorization for botanical cannabis may be 2218 communicated verbally or in writing to the pharmacist at the time of dispensing. A practitioner who 2219 issues written certifications shall not directly or indirectly accept, solicit, or receive anything of value 2220 from a pharmaceutical processor, cannabis dispensing facility, or any person associated with a 2221 pharmaceutical processor, cannabis dispensing facility, or provider of paraphernalia, excluding 2222 information on products or educational materials on the benefits and risks of cannabis products.

B. The written certification shall be on a form provided by the Authority. Such written certification shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the practitioner, the name and address of the patient issued the written certification, the date on which the written certification was made, and the signature or authentic electronic signature of the practitioner. Such written certification issued pursuant to subsection A shall expire one year after its issuance unless the practitioner provides in such written certification an earlier expiration. A written certification shall not be issued to a patient by more than one practitioner during any given time period.

C. No practitioner shall be prosecuted under *Chapter 11* (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or [§ 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1 for the issuance of a certification for the use of cannabis products for the treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of a patient's diagnosed condition or disease pursuant to a written certification issued pursuant to subsection A. Nothing in this section shall preclude a practitioner's professional licensing board from sanctioning the practitioner for failing to properly evaluate or treat a patient's medical condition or otherwise violating the applicable standard of care for evaluating or treating medical conditions.

2237 D. A practitioner who issues a written certification to a patient pursuant to this section (i) shall hold 2238 sufficient education and training to exercise appropriate professional judgment in the certification of 2239 patients; (ii) shall not offer a discount or any other thing of value to a patient or a patient's parent, 2240 guardian, or registered agent that is contingent on or encourages the person's decision to use a particular 2241 pharmaceutical processor or cannabis product; (iii) shall not issue a certification to himself or his family 2242 members, employees, or coworkers; (iv) shall not provide product samples containing cannabis other 2243 than those approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration; and (v) shall not accept compensation 2244 from a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility. The Board shall not limit the number of 2245 patients to whom a practitioner may issue a written certification. The Board may report information to 2246 the applicable licensing board on unusual patterns of certifications issued by a practitioner.

E. No patient shall be required to physically present the written certification after the initial dispensing by any pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility under each written certification, provided that the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility maintains an electronic copy of the written certification. Pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities shall electronically transmit on a monthly basis all new written certifications received by the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility.

2253 F. A patient, or, if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such 2254 patient's parent or legal guardian, may designate an individual to act as his registered agent for the 2255 purposes of receiving cannabis products pursuant to a valid written certification. Such designated 2256 individual shall register with the Board unless the individual's name listed on the patient's written 2257 certification. An individual may, on the basis of medical need and in the discretion of the patient's 2258 registered practitioner, be listed on the patient's written certification upon the patient's request. The 2259 Board may set a limit on the number of patients for whom any individual is authorized to act as a 2260 registered agent.

G. Upon delivery of a cannabis product by a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility to a designated caregiver facility, any employee or contractor of a designated caregiver facility who is licensed or registered by a health regulatory board and who is authorized to possess, distribute, or administer medications may accept delivery of the cannabis product on behalf of a patient or resident for subsequent delivery to the patient or resident and may assist in the administration of the cannabis product to the patient or resident as necessary.

H. Information obtained under the patient certification or agent registration process shall be confidential and shall not be subject to the disclosure provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However, reasonable access to registry information shall be provided to (i) the Chairmen of the House Committee for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, (ii) state and federal agencies or local law enforcement for the purpose of investigating or prosecuting a specific individual for a specific violation of law, (iii) licensed practitioners or pharmacists, or their agents, for the purpose of providing patient care and drug therapy management and monitoring of drugs

2274 obtained by a patient, (iv) a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility involved in the 2275 treatment of a patient, or (v) a patient's registered agent, but only with respect to information related to 2276 such patient.

2277

# § 4.1-1604. Criminal liability; exceptions.

2278 No agent or employee of a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall be 2279 prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248, or 18.2-250 for possession 2280 or manufacture of marijuana or for possession, manufacture, or distribution of cannabis products, subject 2281 to any civil penalty, denied any right or privilege, or subject to any disciplinary action by a professional 2282 licensing board if such agent or employee (i) possessed or manufactured such marijuana for the purposes 2283 of producing cannabis products in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and Board regulations 2284 or (ii) possessed, manufactured, or distributed such cannabis products that are consistent with generally 2285 accepted cannabis industry standards in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and Board 2286 regulations.

#### 2287 § 5.1-13. Operation of aircraft while under influence of intoxicating liquors or drugs; reckless 2288 operation.

2289 Any person who shall operate operates any aircraft within the airspace over, above or upon the lands 2290 or waters of this the Commonwealth, while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or of any narcotic 2291 or marijuana or any habit-forming drugs shall be is guilty of a felony and shall be confined in a state 2292 correctional facility not less than one nor more than five years, or, in the discretion of the court or jury 2293 trying the case, be confined in jail not exceeding twelve 12 months and fined not exceeding \$500, or 2294 both such fine and imprisonment.

2295 Any person who shall operate operates any aircraft within the airspace over, above, or upon the 2296 lands or waters of this the Commonwealth carelessly or heedlessly in willful or wanton disregard of the 2297 rights or safety of others, or without due caution and circumspection and in a manner so as to endanger 2298 any person or property, shall be is guilty of a misdemeanor. 2299

# § 6.2-108. Financial services for licensed marijuana establishments.

2300 A. As used in this section, "licensed" and "marijuana establishment" have the same meaning as 2301 provided in § 4.1-600.

2302 B. A bank or credit union that provides a financial service to a licensed marijuana establishment, 2303 and the officers, directors, and employees of that bank or credit union, shall not be held liable pursuant 2304 to any state law or regulation solely for providing such a financial service or for further investing any 2305 income derived from such a financial service.

2306 C. Nothing in this section shall require a bank or credit union to provide financial services to a 2307 licensed marijuana establishment. 2308

# § 9.1-1101. Powers and duties of the Department.

2309 A. It shall be the responsibility of the Department to provide forensic laboratory services upon 2310 request of the Superintendent of State Police; the Chief Medical Examiner, the Assistant Chief Medical 2311 Examiners, and local medical examiners; any attorney for the Commonwealth; any chief of police, 2312 sheriff, or sergeant responsible for law enforcement in the jurisdiction served by him; any local fire 2313 department; the head of any private police department that has been designated as a criminal justice 2314 agency by the Department of Criminal Justice Services as defined by § 9.1-101; or any state agency in 2315 any criminal matter. The Department shall provide such services to any federal investigatory agency 2316 within available resources.

B. The Department shall:

2317

2318 1. Provide forensic laboratory services to all law-enforcement agencies throughout the 2319 Commonwealth and provide laboratory services, research, and scientific investigations for agencies of 2320 the Commonwealth as needed;

2321 2. Establish and maintain a DNA testing program in accordance with Article 1.1 (§ 19.2-310.2 et 2322 seq.) of Chapter 18 of Title 19.2 to determine identification characteristics specific to an individual; and

2323 3. Test the accuracy of equipment used to test the blood alcohol content of breath at least once every 2324 six months. Only equipment found to be accurate shall be used to test the blood alcohol content of 2325 breath; and

4. Determine the proper methods for detecting the concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in 2326 2327 substances for the purposes of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 and §§ 54.1-3401 and 2328 54.1-3446. The testing methodology shall use post-decarboxylation testing or other equivalent method 2329 and shall consider the potential conversion of tetrahydrocannabinol acid (THC-A) into THC. The test 2330 result shall include the total available THC derived from the sum of the THC and THC-A content. 2331

C. The Department shall have the power and duty to:

2332 1. Receive, administer, and expend all funds and other assistance available for carrying out the 2333 purposes of this chapter;

2334 2. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its 2335 duties and execution of its powers under this chapter including, but not limited to, contracts with the

#### 39 of 81

- 2336 United States, units of general local government or combinations thereof in Virginia or other states, and 2337 with agencies and departments of the Commonwealth; and
- 2338 3. Perform such other acts as may be necessary or convenient for the effective performance of its 2339 duties.
- 2340 D. The Director may appoint and employ a deputy director and such other personnel as are needed 2341 to carry out the duties and responsibilities conferred by this chapter.

#### 2342 § 16.1-69.40:1. Traffic infractions within authority of traffic violations clerk; schedule of fines; 2343 prepayment of local ordinances.

2344 A. The Supreme Court shall by rule, which may from time to time be amended, supplemented or 2345 repealed, but which shall be uniform in its application throughout the Commonwealth, designate the 2346 traffic infractions for which a pretrial waiver of appearance, plea of guilty and fine payment may be 2347 accepted. Such designated infractions shall include violations of §§ 46.2-830.1, 46.2-878.2 and 46.2-1242 2348 or any parallel local ordinances. Notwithstanding any rule of the Supreme Court, a person charged with 2349 a traffic offense that is listed as prepayable in the Uniform Fine Schedule may prepay his fines and 2350 costs without court appearance whether or not he was involved in an accident. The prepayable fine 2351 amount for a violation of § 46.2-878.2 shall be \$200 plus an amount per mile-per-hour in excess of 2352 posted speed limits, as authorized in § 46.2-878.3.

- 2353 Such infractions shall not include:
- 2354 1. Indictable offenses; 2355
  - 2. [Repealed.]
- 2356 3. Operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, *marijuana*, or a 2357 narcotic or habit-producing drug, or permitting another person, who is under the influence of 2358 intoxicating liquor, marijuana, or a narcotic or habit-producing drug, to operate a motor vehicle owned 2359 by the defendant or in his custody or control;
- 2360 4. Reckless driving;
- 2361 5. Leaving the scene of an accident;
  - 6. Driving while under suspension or revocation of driving privileges;
- 2363 7. Driving without being licensed to drive. 2364
  - 8. [Repealed.]

2362

2365 B. An appearance may be made in person or in writing by mail to a clerk of court or in person 2366 before a magistrate, prior to any date fixed for trial in court. Any person so appearing may enter a 2367 waiver of trial and a plea of guilty and pay the fine and any civil penalties established for the offense 2368 charged, with costs. He shall, prior to the plea, waiver, and payment, be informed of his right to stand 2369 trial, that his signature to a plea of guilty will have the same force and effect as a judgment of court, 2370 and that the record of conviction will be sent to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor 2371 Vehicles.

2372 C. The Supreme Court, upon the recommendation of the Committee on District Courts, shall 2373 establish a schedule, within the limits prescribed by law, of the amounts of fines and any civil penalties 2374 to be imposed, designating each infraction specifically. The schedule, which may from time to time be 2375 amended, supplemented or repealed, shall be uniform in its application throughout the Commonwealth. 2376 Such schedule shall not be construed or interpreted so as to limit the discretion of any trial judge trying 2377 individual cases at the time fixed for trial. The rule of the Supreme Court establishing the schedule shall 2378 be prominently posted in the place where the fines are paid. Fines and costs shall be paid in accordance 2379 with the provisions of this Code or any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder.

2380 D. Fines imposed under local traffic infraction ordinances that do not parallel provisions of state law 2381 and fulfill the criteria set out in subsection A may be prepayable in the manner set forth in subsection B 2382 if such ordinances appear in a schedule entered by order of the local circuit courts. The chief judge of 2383 each circuit may establish a schedule of the fines, within the limits prescribed by local ordinances, to be 2384 imposed for prepayment of local ordinances designating each offense specifically. Upon the entry of 2385 such order it shall be forwarded within 10 days to the Supreme Court of Virginia by the clerk of the 2386 local circuit court. The schedule, which from time to time may be amended, supplemented or repealed, 2387 shall be uniform in its application throughout the circuit. Such schedule shall not be construed or 2388 interpreted so as to limit the discretion of any trial judge trying individual cases at the time fixed for 2389 trial. This schedule shall be prominently posted in the place where fines are paid. Fines and costs shall 2390 be paid in accordance with the provisions of this Code or any rules or regulations promulgated 2391 thereunder. 2392

# § 16.1-260. Intake; petition; investigation.

2393 A. All matters alleged to be within the jurisdiction of the court shall be commenced by the filing of 2394 a petition, except as provided in subsection H and in § 16.1-259. The form and content of the petition 2395 shall be as provided in § 16.1-262. No individual shall be required to obtain support services from the 2396 Department of Social Services prior to filing a petition seeking support for a child. Complaints, requests,

2397 and the processing of petitions to initiate a case shall be the responsibility of the intake officer. 2398 However, (i) the attorney for the Commonwealth of the city or county may file a petition on his own 2399 motion with the clerk; (ii) designated nonattorney employees of the Department of Social Services may 2400 complete, sign, and file petitions and motions relating to the establishment, modification, or enforcement 2401 of support on forms approved by the Supreme Court of Virginia with the clerk; (iii) designated 2402 nonattorney employees of a local department of social services may complete, sign, and file with the 2403 clerk, on forms approved by the Supreme Court of Virginia, petitions for foster care review, petitions 2404 for permanency planning hearings, petitions to establish paternity, motions to establish or modify 2405 support, motions to amend or review an order, and motions for a rule to show cause; and (iv) any 2406 attorney may file petitions on behalf of his client with the clerk except petitions alleging that the subject 2407 of the petition is a child alleged to be in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent. 2408 Complaints alleging abuse or neglect of a child shall be referred initially to the local department of 2409 social services in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 15 (§ 63.2-1500 et seq.) of Title 63.2. Motions and other subsequent pleadings in a case shall be filed directly with the clerk. The intake 2410 2411 officer or clerk with whom the petition or motion is filed shall inquire whether the petitioner is 2412 receiving child support services or public assistance. No individual who is receiving support services or public assistance shall be denied the right to file a petition or motion to establish, modify, or enforce an 2413 2414 order for support of a child. If the petitioner is seeking or receiving child support services or public 2415 assistance, the clerk, upon issuance of process, shall forward a copy of the petition or motion, together 2416 with notice of the court date, to the Division of Child Support Enforcement. If a petitioner is seeking to 2417 establish child support, the intake officer shall provide the petitioner information on the possible 2418 availability of medical assistance through the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) 2419 plan or other government-sponsored coverage through the Department of Medical Assistance Services.

2420 B. The appearance of a child before an intake officer may be by (i) personal appearance before the 2421 intake officer or (ii) use of two-way electronic video and audio communication. If two-way electronic 2422 video and audio communication is used, an intake officer may exercise all powers conferred by law. All communications and proceedings shall be conducted in the same manner as if the appearance were in 2423 2424 person, and any documents filed may be transmitted by facsimile process. The facsimile may be served 2425 or executed by the officer or person to whom sent, and returned in the same manner, and with the same 2426 force, effect, authority, and liability as an original document. All signatures thereon shall be treated as 2427 original signatures. Any two-way electronic video and audio communication system used for an 2428 appearance shall meet the standards as set forth in subsection B of § 19.2-3.1.

When the court service unit of any court receives a complaint alleging facts which may be sufficient to invoke the jurisdiction of the court pursuant to § 16.1-241, the unit, through an intake officer, may proceed informally to make such adjustment as is practicable without the filing of a petition or may authorize a petition to be filed by any complainant having sufficient knowledge of the matter to establish probable cause for the issuance of the petition.

2434 An intake officer may proceed informally on a complaint alleging a child is in need of services, in 2435 need of supervision, or delinquent only if the juvenile (a) is not alleged to have committed a violent 2436 juvenile felony or (b) has not previously been proceeded against informally or adjudicated delinquent for 2437 an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult. A petition alleging that a juvenile 2438 committed a violent juvenile felony shall be filed with the court. A petition alleging that a juvenile is 2439 delinquent for an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult shall be filed with the court if 2440 the juvenile had previously been proceeded against informally by intake or had been adjudicated 2441 delinquent for an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult.

2442 If a juvenile is alleged to be a truant pursuant to a complaint filed in accordance with § 22.1-258 and 2443 the attendance officer has provided documentation to the intake officer that the relevant school division has complied with the provisions of § 22.1-258, then the intake officer shall file a petition with the 2444 2445 court. The intake officer may defer filing the petition and proceed informally by developing a truancy 2446 plan, provided that (1) the juvenile has not previously been proceeded against informally or adjudicated 2447 in need of supervision on more than two occasions for failure to comply with compulsory school 2448 attendance as provided in § 22.1-254 and (2) the immediately previous informal action or adjudication 2449 occurred at least three calendar years prior to the current complaint. The juvenile and his parent or 2450 parents, guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis must agree, in writing, for the development 2451 of a truancy plan. The truancy plan may include requirements that the juvenile and his parent or parents, 2452 guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis participate in such programs, cooperate in such 2453 treatment, or be subject to such conditions and limitations as necessary to ensure the juvenile's compliance with compulsory school attendance as provided in § 22.1-254. The intake officer may refer 2454 the juvenile to the appropriate public agency for the purpose of developing a truancy plan using an interagency interdisciplinary team approach. The team may include qualified personnel who are 2455 2456 reasonably available from the appropriate department of social services, community services board, local 2457 2458 school division, court service unit, and other appropriate and available public and private agencies and

may be the family assessment and planning team established pursuant to § 2.2-5207. If at the end of the deferral period the juvenile has not successfully completed the truancy plan or the truancy program, then the intake officer shall file the petition.

2462 Whenever informal action is taken as provided in this subsection on a complaint alleging that a child 2463 is in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent, the intake officer shall (A) develop a plan 2464 for the juvenile, which may include restitution, the performance of community service, or on a 2465 complaint alleging that a child has committed a delinquent act other than an act that would be a felony 2466 or a Class 1 misdemeanor if committed by an adult and with the consent of the juvenile's parent or legal 2467 guardian, referral to a youth justice diversion program established pursuant to § 16.1-309.11, based upon 2468 community resources and the circumstances which resulted in the complaint, (B) create an official record 2469 of the action taken by the intake officer and file such record in the juvenile's case file, and (C) advise 2470 the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis and the 2471 complainant that any subsequent complaint alleging that the child is in need of supervision or delinquent 2472 based upon facts which may be sufficient to invoke the jurisdiction of the court pursuant to § 16.1-241, 2473 or in the case of a referral to a youth justice diversion program established pursuant to § 16.1-309.11, 2474 that any subsequent report from the youth justice diversion program alleging that the juvenile failed to 2475 comply with the youth justice diversion program's sentence within 180 days of the sentencing date, may 2476 result in the filing of a petition with the court.

2477 C. The intake officer shall accept and file a petition in which it is alleged that (i) the custody, 2478 visitation, or support of a child is the subject of controversy or requires determination, (ii) a person has 2479 deserted, abandoned, or failed to provide support for any person in violation of law, (iii) a child or such 2480 child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco parentis is entitled to treatment, 2481 rehabilitation, or other services which are required by law, (iv) family abuse has occurred and a 2482 protective order is being sought pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, or 16.1-279.1, or (v) an act of 2483 violence, force, or threat has occurred, a protective order is being sought pursuant to § 19.2-152.8, 2484 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10, and either the alleged victim or the respondent is a juvenile. If any such 2485 complainant does not file a petition, the intake officer may file it. In cases in which a child is alleged to 2486 be abused, neglected, in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent, if the intake officer 2487 believes that probable cause does not exist, or that the authorization of a petition will not be in the best 2488 interest of the family or juvenile or that the matter may be effectively dealt with by some agency other 2489 than the court, he may refuse to authorize the filing of a petition. The intake officer shall provide to a 2490 person seeking a protective order pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, or 16.1-279.1 a written 2491 explanation of the conditions, procedures and time limits applicable to the issuance of protective orders 2492 pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, or 16.1-279.1. If the person is seeking a protective order pursuant 2493 to § 19.2-152.8, 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10, the intake officer shall provide a written explanation of the 2494 conditions, procedures, and time limits applicable to the issuance of protective orders pursuant to 2495 § 19.2-152.8, 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10.

2496 D. Prior to the filing of any petition alleging that a child is in need of supervision, the matter shall 2497 be reviewed by an intake officer who shall determine whether the petitioner and the child alleged to be 2498 in need of supervision have utilized or attempted to utilize treatment and services available in the 2499 community and have exhausted all appropriate nonjudicial remedies which are available to them. When 2500 the intake officer determines that the parties have not attempted to utilize available treatment or services 2501 or have not exhausted all appropriate nonjudicial remedies which are available, he shall refer the 2502 petitioner and the child alleged to be in need of supervision to the appropriate agency, treatment facility, 2503 or individual to receive treatment or services, and a petition shall not be filed. Only after the intake 2504 officer determines that the parties have made a reasonable effort to utilize available community 2505 treatment or services may he permit the petition to be filed.

2506 E. If the intake officer refuses to authorize a petition relating to an offense that if committed by an 2507 adult would be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor or as a felony, when such refusal is based solely 2508 upon a finding that no probable cause exists, the complainant shall be notified in writing at that time of 2509 the complainant's right to apply to a magistrate for a warrant. The application for a warrant to the 2510 magistrate shall be filed within 10 days of the issuance of the written notification. The written 2511 notification shall indicate that the intake officer made a finding that no probable cause exists and shall 2512 provide notice that the complainant has 10 days to apply for a warrant to the magistrate. The 2513 complainant shall provide the magistrate with a copy of the written notification upon application to the 2514 magistrate. If a magistrate determines that probable cause exists, he shall issue a warrant returnable to 2515 the juvenile and domestic relations district court. The warrant shall be delivered forthwith to the juvenile 2516 court, and the intake officer shall accept and file a petition founded upon the warrant. If the court is 2517 closed and the magistrate finds that the criteria for detention or shelter care set forth in § 16.1-248.1 2518 have been satisfied, the juvenile may be detained pursuant to the warrant issued in accordance with this 2519 subsection. If the intake officer refuses to authorize a petition relating to a child in need of services or

2549

2551

2557

2520 in need of supervision, a status offense, or a misdemeanor other than Class 1, his decision is final. If the 2521 intake officer refuses to authorize a petition relating to an offense that if committed by an adult would

2522 be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor or as a felony when such refusal is based upon a finding that 2523 (i) probable cause exists, but that (ii) the matter is appropriate for diversion, his decision is final and the

2524 complainant shall not have a right to apply to a magistrate for a warrant.

2525 Upon delivery to the juvenile court of a warrant issued pursuant to subdivision 2 of § 16.1-256, the 2526 intake officer shall accept and file a petition founded upon the warrant.

F. The intake officer shall notify the attorney for the Commonwealth of the filing of any petition 2527 2528 which alleges facts of an offense which would be a felony if committed by an adult.

2529 G. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.), the intake officer shall file a 2530 report with the division superintendent of the school division in which any student who is the subject of 2531 a petition alleging that such student who is a juvenile has committed an act, wherever committed, which 2532 would be a crime if committed by an adult, or that such student who is an adult has committed a crime 2533 and is alleged to be within the jurisdiction of the court. The report shall notify the division 2534 superintendent of the filing of the petition and the nature of the offense, if the violation involves:

2535 1. A firearm offense pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-279 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-288 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-299 2536 et seq.), 6.1 (§ 18.2-307.1 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-308.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; 2537

2. Homicide, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;

2538 3. Felonious assault and bodily wounding, pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of 2539 Title 18.2; 2540

4. Criminal sexual assault, pursuant to Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;

2541 5. Manufacture, sale, gift, distribution or possession of Schedule I or II controlled substances, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; 2542

2543 6. Manufacture, sale or distribution of marijuana pursuant to Article 1 Chapter 11 (§ 18.2-247 2544 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 4.1;

2545 7. Arson and related crimes, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-77 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2; 2546

8. Burglary and related offenses, pursuant to §§ 18.2-89 through 18.2-93;

- 2547 9. Robbery pursuant to § 18.2-58;
- 2548 10. Prohibited criminal street gang activity pursuant to § 18.2-46.2;
  - 11. Recruitment of other juveniles for a criminal street gang activity pursuant to § 18.2-46.3;
- 2550 12. An act of violence by a mob pursuant to § 18.2-42.1;
  - 13. Abduction of any person pursuant to § 18.2-47 or 18.2-48; or
- 2552 14. A threat pursuant to § 18.2-60.

2553 The failure to provide information regarding the school in which the student who is the subject of 2554 the petition may be enrolled shall not be grounds for refusing to file a petition.

2555 The information provided to a division superintendent pursuant to this section may be disclosed only 2556 as provided in § 16.1-305.2.

H. The filing of a petition shall not be necessary:

2558 1. In the case of violations of the traffic laws, including offenses involving bicycles, hitchhiking and 2559 other pedestrian offenses, game and fish laws, or a violation of the ordinance of any city regulating 2560 surfing or any ordinance establishing curfew violations, animal control violations, or littering violations. 2561 In such cases the court may proceed on a summons issued by the officer investigating the violation in 2562 the same manner as provided by law for adults. Additionally, an officer investigating a motor vehicle 2563 accident may, at the scene of the accident or at any other location where a juvenile who is involved in 2564 such an accident may be located, proceed on a summons in lieu of filing a petition.

2565 2. In the case of seeking consent to apply for the issuance of a work permit pursuant to subsection H 2566 of § 16.1-241.

3. In the case of a misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-266, 18.2-266.1, or 29.1-738 or the commission 2567 2568 of any other alcohol-related offense, provided that the juvenile is released to the custody of a parent or 2569 legal guardian pending the initial court date. The officer releasing a juvenile to the custody of a parent 2570 or legal guardian shall issue a summons to the juvenile and shall also issue a summons requiring the 2571 parent or legal guardian to appear before the court with the juvenile. Disposition of the charge shall be 2572 in the manner provided in § 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, or 16.1-278.9. If the juvenile so charged with a 2573 violation of § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, 18.2-266.1, 18.2-272, or 29.1-738 refuses to provide a sample of 2574 blood or breath or samples of both blood and breath for chemical analysis pursuant to §§ 18.2-268.1 2575 through 18.2-268.12 or 29.1-738.2, the provisions of these sections shall be followed except that the 2576 magistrate shall authorize execution of the warrant as a summons. The summons shall be served on a 2577 parent or legal guardian and the juvenile, and a copy of the summons shall be forwarded to the court in 2578 which the violation is to be tried. When a violation of § 4.1-305 or 4.1-1105 is charged by summons, 2579 the juvenile shall be entitled to have the charge referred to intake for consideration of informal 2580 proceedings pursuant to subsection B, provided that such right is exercised by written notification to the 2581 clerk not later than 10 days prior to trial. At the time such summons alleging a violation of § 4.1-305 or

#### 43 of 81

4.1-1105 is served, the officer shall also serve upon the juvenile written notice of the right to have the charge referred to intake on a form approved by the Supreme Court and make return of such service to the court. If the officer fails to make such service or return, the court shall dismiss the summons without prejudice.

4. In the case of offenses, *other than marijuana-related offenses*, which, if committed by an adult,
would be punishable as a Class 3 or Class 4 misdemeanor. In such cases the court may direct that an intake officer proceed as provided in § 16.1-237 on a summons issued by the officer investigating the violation in the same manner as provided by law for adults provided that notice of the summons to appear is mailed by the investigating officer within five days of the issuance of the summons to a parent or legal guardian of the juvenile.

**2592** I. Failure to comply with the procedures set forth in this section shall not divest the juvenile court of the jurisdiction granted it in § 16.1-241.

# 2594 § 16.1-273. Court may require investigation of social history and preparation of victim impact 2595 statement.

2596 A. When a juvenile and domestic relations district court or circuit court has adjudicated any case 2597 involving a child subject to the jurisdiction of the court hereunder, except for a traffic violation, a 2598 violation of the game and fish law, or a violation of any city ordinance regulating surfing or establishing 2599 curfew violations, the court before final disposition thereof may require an investigation, which (i) shall 2600 include a drug screening and (ii) may, and for the purposes of subdivision A 14 or 17 of § 16.1-278.8 2601 shall, include a social history of the physical, mental, and social conditions, including an assessment of 2602 any affiliation with a criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1, and personality of the child and the facts and circumstances surrounding the violation of law. However, in the case of a juvenile adjudicated 2603 2604 delinquent on the basis of an act committed on or after January 1, 2000, which would be (a) a felony if 2605 committed by an adult, or (b) a violation under Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or Article 1.1 2606 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 and such offense would be punishable as a Class 1 or Class 2 misdemeanor if committed by an adult, or (c) a violation of § 4.1-1105, the court shall order the 2607 2608 juvenile to undergo a drug screening. If the drug screening indicates that the juvenile has a substance 2609 abuse or dependence problem, an assessment shall be completed by a certified substance abuse counselor 2610 as defined in § 54.1-3500 employed by the Department of Juvenile Justice or by a locally operated court 2611 services unit or by an individual employed by or currently under contract to such agencies and who is 2612 specifically trained to conduct such assessments under the supervision of such counselor.

2613 B. The court also shall, on motion of the attorney for the Commonwealth with the consent of the victim, or may in its discretion, require the preparation of a victim impact statement in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-299.1 if the court determines that the victim may have suffered significant physical, psychological, or economic injury as a result of the violation of law.

# 2617 § 16.1-278.9. Delinquent children; loss of driving privileges for alcohol, firearm, and drug 2618 offenses; truancy.

2619 A. If a court has found facts which would justify a finding that a child at least 13 years of age at the 2620 time of the offense is delinquent and such finding involves (i) a violation of § 18.2-266 or of a similar 2621 ordinance of any county, city, or town; (ii) a refusal to take a breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2; 2622 (iii) a felony violation of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 2623 18.2-250; (iv) a misdemeanor violation of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 or a violation of § 4.1-1105; (v) the unlawful purchase, possession, or 2624 2625 consumption of alcohol in violation of § 4.1-305 or the unlawful drinking or possession of alcoholic 2626 beverages in or on public school grounds in violation of § 4.1-309; (vi) public intoxication in violation 2627 of § 18.2-388 or a similar ordinance of a county, city, or town; (vii) the unlawful use or possession of a 2628 handgun or possession of a "streetsweeper" as defined below; or (viii) a violation of § 18.2-83, the court 2629 shall order, in addition to any other penalty that it may impose as provided by law for the offense, that 2630 the child be denied a driver's license. In addition to any other penalty authorized by this section, if the 2631 offense involves a violation designated under clause (i) and the child was transporting a person 17 years 2632 of age or younger, the court shall impose the additional fine and order community service as provided in 2633 § 18.2-270. If the offense involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (viii), the denial 2634 of a driver's license shall be for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 17, 2635 whichever is longer, for a first such offense or for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the 2636 age of 18, whichever is longer, for a second or subsequent such offense. If the offense involves a 2637 violation designated under clause (iv), (v), or (vi) the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of 2638 six months unless the offense is committed by a child under the age of 16 years and three months, in which case the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be delayed for a period of six months 2639 2640 following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months. If the offense involves a first violation 2641 designated under clause (v) or (vi), the court shall impose the license sanction and may enter a judgment of guilt or, without entering a judgment of guilt, may defer disposition of the delinquency charge until 2642

2643 such time as the court disposes of the case pursuant to subsection F. If the offense involves a violation 2644 designated under clause (iii) or (iv), the court shall impose the license sanction and shall dispose of the 2645 delinquency charge pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or § 18.2-251. If the offense involves a 2646 violation designated under clause (vii), the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of not less 2647 than 30 days, except when the offense involves possession of a concealed handgun or a striker 12, 2648 commonly called a "streetsweeper," or any semi-automatic folding stock shotgun of like kind with a 2649 spring tension drum magazine capable of holding 12 shotgun shells, in which case the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of two years unless the offense is committed by a child under the age of 2650 2651 16 years and three months, in which event the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be 2652 delayed for a period of two years following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months.

A1. If a court finds that a child at least 13 years of age has failed to comply with school attendance and meeting requirements as provided in § 22.1-258, the court shall order the denial of the child's driving privileges for a period of not less than 30 days. If such failure to comply involves a child under the age of 16 years and three months, the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be delayed for a period of not less than 30 days following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months.

If the court finds a second or subsequent such offense, it may order the denial of a driver's license
for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 18, whichever is longer, or delay the
child's ability to apply for a driver's license for a period of one year following the date he reaches the
age of 16 and three months, as may be appropriate.

A2. If a court finds that a child at least 13 years of age has refused to take a blood test in violation of § 18.2-268.2, the court shall order that the child be denied a driver's license for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 17, whichever is longer, for a first such offense or for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 18, whichever is longer, for a second or subsequent such offense.

2667 B. Any child who has a driver's license at the time of the offense or at the time of the court's finding2668 as provided in subsection A1 or A2 shall be ordered to surrender his driver's license, which shall be2669 held in the physical custody of the court during any period of license denial.

C. The court shall report any order issued under this section to the Department of Motor Vehicles, which shall preserve a record thereof. The report and the record shall include a statement as to whether the child was represented by or waived counsel or whether the order was issued pursuant to subsection A1 or A2. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.) or the provisions of Title 46.2, this record shall be available only to all law-enforcement officers, attorneys for the Commonwealth and courts. No other record of the proceeding shall be forwarded to the Department of Motor Vehicles unless the proceeding results in an adjudication of guilt pursuant to subsection F.

2677 The Department of Motor Vehicles shall refuse to issue a driver's license to any child denied a2678 driver's license until such time as is stipulated in the court order or until notification by the court of2679 withdrawal of the order of denial under subsection E.

D. If the finding as to the child involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (vi) of subsection A or a violation designated under subsection A2, the child may be referred to a certified alcohol safety action program in accordance with § 18.2-271.1 upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth. If the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (iii), (iv), (v), (vii) or (viii) of subsection A, such child may be referred to appropriate rehabilitative or educational services upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth.

2686 The court, in its discretion and upon a demonstration of hardship, may authorize the use of a 2687 restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle by any child who has a driver's license at the time of the 2688 offense or at the time of the court's finding as provided in subsection A1 or A2 for any of the purposes 2689 set forth in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 or for travel to and from school, except that no restricted 2690 license shall be issued for travel to and from home and school when school-provided transportation is 2691 available and no restricted license shall be issued if the finding as to such child involves a violation 2692 designated under clause (iii) or (iv) of subsection A, or if it involves a second or subsequent violation of 2693 any offense designated in subsection A, a second finding by the court of failure to comply with school 2694 attendance and meeting requirements as provided in subsection A1, or a second or subsequent finding by the court of a refusal to take a blood test as provided in subsection A2. The issuance of the restricted 2695 2696 permit shall be set forth within the court order, a copy of which shall be provided to the child, and shall 2697 specifically enumerate the restrictions imposed and contain such information regarding the child as is reasonably necessary to identify him. The child may operate a motor vehicle under the court order in 2698 2699 accordance with its terms. Any child who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions 2700 imposed pursuant to this section is guilty of a violation of § 46.2-301.

2701 E. Upon petition made at least 90 days after issuance of the order, the court may review and withdraw any order of denial of a driver's license if for a first such offense or finding as provided in subsection A1 or A2. For a second or subsequent such offense or finding, the order may not be reviewed and withdrawn until one year after its issuance.

2705 F. If the finding as to such child involves a first violation designated under clause (vii) of subsection 2706 A, upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions prescribed by the court and after the child's driver's 2707 license has been restored, the court shall or, in the event the violation resulted in the injury or death of 2708 any person or if the finding involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (v), or (vi) of 2709 subsection A, may discharge the child and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal 2710 under these provisions shall be without an adjudication of guilt but a record of the proceeding shall be 2711 retained for the purpose of applying this section in subsequent proceedings. Failure of the child to fulfill 2712 such terms and conditions shall result in an adjudication of guilt. If the finding as to such child involves 2713 a violation designated under clause (iii) or (iv) of subsection A, the charge shall not be dismissed 2714 pursuant to this subsection but shall be disposed of pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or 2715 § 18.2-251. If the finding as to such child involves a second violation under clause (v), (vi) or (vii) of 2716 subsection A, the charge shall not be dismissed pursuant to this subsection but shall be disposed of 2717 under § 16.1-278.8.

#### § 18.2-46.1. Definitions.

2718

2719

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

2720 "Act of violence" means those felony offenses described in subsection C of § 17.1-805 or subsection2721 A of § 19.2-297.1.

"Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, (i) which has as one of its primary objectives or activities the commission of one or more criminal activities; (ii) which has an identifiable name or identifying sign or symbol; and (iii) whose members individually or collectively have engaged in the commission of, attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or solicitation of two or more predicate criminal acts, at least one of which is an act of violence, provided such acts were not part of a common act or transaction.

"Predicate criminal act" means (i) an act of violence; (ii) any violation of § 18.2-42, 18.2-46.3, 18.2-56.1, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-59, 18.2-83, 18.2-95, 18.2-103.1, 18.2-108.1, 18.2-121, 18.2-127, 2728 2729 18.2-128, 18.2-137, 18.2-138, 18.2-146, 18.2-147, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 2730 18.2-287.4, 18.2-300, 18.2-308.1, 18.2-308.2, 18.2-308.2:01, 18.2-308.4, or 18.2-357.1; (iii) a felony 2731 2732 violation of § 18.2-60.3, 18.2-346.01, 18.2-348, or 18.2-349; (iv) a felony violation of § 4.1-1101, or 2733 18.2-248, or 18.2-248.1 or a conspiracy to commit a felony violation of § 4.1-1101, or 18.2-248, or 2734 18.2-248.1; (v) any violation of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to § 15.2-1812.2; or (vi) any 2735 substantially similar offense under the laws of another state or territory of the United States, the District 2736 of Columbia, or the United States.

2737 § 18.2-247. Use of terms "controlled substances," "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and VI," 2738 "imitation controlled substance," and "counterfeit controlled substance" in Title 18.2.

A. Wherever the terms "controlled substances" and "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and VI" are used in
Title 18.2, such terms refer to those terms as they are used or defined in the Drug Control Act
(§ 54.1-3400 et seq.).

B. The term "imitation controlled substance" when used in this article means (i) a counterfeit controlled substance or (ii) a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any form whatsoever which that is not a controlled substance subject to abuse, and:

1. Which by overall dosage unit appearance, including color, shape, size, marking, and packaging or
by representations made, would cause the likelihood that such a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any
other form whatsoever will be mistaken for a controlled substance unless such substance was introduced
into commerce prior to the initial introduction into commerce of the controlled substance which it is
alleged to imitate; or

2750 2. Which by express or implied representations purports to act like a controlled substance as a
2751 stimulant or depressant of the central nervous system and which is not commonly used or recognized for
2752 use in that particular formulation for any purpose other than for such stimulant or depressant effect,
2753 unless marketed, promoted, or sold as permitted by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

C. In determining whether a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any other form whatsoever, is an "imitation controlled substance," there shall be considered, in addition to all other relevant factors, comparisons with accepted methods of marketing for legitimate nonprescription drugs for medicinal purposes rather than for drug abuse or any similar nonmedicinal use, including consideration of the packaging of the drug and its appearance in overall finished dosage form, promotional materials or representations, oral or written, concerning the drug, and the methods of distribution of the drug and where and how it is sold to the public.

D. The term "marijuana" when used in this article means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, its seeds or resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. "Marijuana" does not include (i) the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, oil or cake made from the seed of such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil or cake is combined with other

2766 parts of plants of the genus Cannabis; (ii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent; (iii) industrial hemp, as defined 2767 2768 in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; (iv) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112; 2769 2770 (v) an industrial hemp extract, as defined in § 3.2-5145.1; or (vi) any substance containing a 2771 tetrahydrocannabinol isomer, ester, ether, salt or salts of such isomer, ester, or ether that has been placed 2772 by the Board of Pharmacy into one of the schedules set forth in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) pursuant to § 54.1-3443. 2773

E. The term "counterfeit controlled substance" means a controlled substance that, without 2774 authorization, bears, is packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise labeled to 2775 bear, the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint or device or any likeness 2776 thereof, of a drug manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor other than the manufacturer. 2777 processor, packer, or distributor who did in fact so manufacture, process, pack or distribute such 2778 2779 drug.

2780  $\overline{\mathbf{F}}$ . E. The term "tetrahydrocannabinol" means any naturally occurring or synthetic 2781 tetrahydrocannabinol, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such 2782 salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation and any preparation, mixture, or substance containing, or mixed or infused with, any detectable amount of 2783 2784 tetrahydrocannabinol. For the purposes of this definition, "isomer" means the optical, position, and 2785 geometric isomers.

 $G_{\tau}$  F. The term "total tetrahydrocannabinol" means the sum, after the application of any necessary 2786 2787 conversion factor, of the percentage by weight of tetrahydrocannabinol and the percentage by weight of 2788 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid.

2789 H. G. The Department of Forensic Science shall determine the proper methods for detecting the 2790 concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol in substances for the purposes of this title, Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, and § 54.1-3401. The testing methodology shall use post-decarboxylation testing or 2791 other equivalent method and shall consider the potential conversion of tetrahydrocannabinolic acid into 2792 2793 tetrahydrocannabinol.

#### 2794 § 18.2-248. Manufacturing, selling, giving, distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance 2795 2796 prohibited; penalties.

2797 A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it shall be is unlawful for any 2798 person to manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute 2799 a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance.

B. In determining whether any person intends to manufacture, sell, give or distribute an imitation 2800 2801 controlled substance, the court may consider, in addition to all other relevant evidence, whether any 2802 distribution or attempted distribution of such pill, capsule, tablet or substance in any other form 2803 whatsoever included an exchange of or a demand for money or other property as consideration, and, if 2804 so, whether the amount of such consideration was substantially greater than the reasonable value of such 2805 pill, capsule, tablet or substance in any other form whatsoever, considering the actual chemical 2806 composition of such pill, capsule, tablet or substance in any other form whatsoever and, where applicable, the price at which over-the-counter substances of like chemical composition sell. 2807

2808 C. Except as provided in subsection C1, any person who violates this section with respect to a 2809 controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II shall upon conviction be imprisoned for not less than five nor more than 40 years and fined not more than \$500,000. Upon a second conviction of such a 2810 2811 violation, and it is alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information that the person has been before convicted of such an offense or of a substantially similar offense in any other jurisdiction, which offense 2812 2813 would be a felony if committed in the Commonwealth, and such prior conviction occurred before the date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, any such person may, in the 2814 2815 discretion of the court or jury imposing the sentence, be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for any 2816 period not less than five years, three years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 2817 imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence, and he shall be fined not more than 2818 \$500.000.

2819 When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent offense under this subsection and it is alleged in 2820 the warrant, indictment or information that he has been before convicted of two or more such offenses 2821 or of substantially similar offenses in any other jurisdiction which offenses would be felonies if 2822 committed in the Commonwealth and such prior convictions occurred before the date of the offense 2823 alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for a period of not less than 10 years, 10 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 2824 2825 imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence, and he shall be fined not more than \$500,000. 2826 2827

Any person who manufactures, sells, gives, distributes or possesses with the intent to manufacture,

47 of 81

sell, give, or distribute the following is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1
million and imprisonment for five years to life, five years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence:

**2831** 1. 100 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

2832 2. 500 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

2835 b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

2846

**2836** c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

**2837** d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of any of the substances **2838** referred to in subdivisions 2a through 2c a, b, and c;

**2839** 3. 250 grams or more of a mixture or substance described in subdivisions  $\frac{2a}{2a} 2a$  through  $\frac{2d}{2d} 2d$  that contain cocaine base; or

4. 10 grams or more of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or 20 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers.

**2844** The mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be imposed for a violation of this subsection shall **2845** not be applicable if the court finds that:

a. The person does not have a prior conviction for an offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805;

2847 b. The person did not use violence or credible threats of violence or possess a firearm or other
2848 dangerous weapon in connection with the offense or induce another participant in the offense to do so;
2849 c. The offense did not result in death or serious bodily injury to any person;

d. The person was not an organizer, leader, manager, or supervisor of others in the offense, and wasnot engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise as defined in subsection I; and

e. Not later than the time of the sentencing hearing, the person has truthfully provided to the
Commonwealth all information and evidence the person has concerning the offense or offenses that were
part of the same course of conduct or of a common scheme or plan, but the fact that the person has no
relevant or useful other information to provide or that the Commonwealth already is aware of the
information shall not preclude a determination by the court that the defendant has complied with this
requirement.

2858 C1. Any person who violates this section with respect to the manufacturing of methamphetamine, its 2859 salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or less than 200 grams of a mixture or substance containing a 2860 detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers shall, upon conviction, 2861 be imprisoned for not less than 10 nor more than 40 years and fined not more than \$500,000. Upon a 2862 second conviction of such a violation, any such person may, in the discretion of the court or jury 2863 imposing the sentence, be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for any period not less than 10 years, and be fined not more than \$500,000. When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent offense 2864 2865 under this subsection and it is alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information that he has been 2866 previously convicted of two or more such offenses or of substantially similar offenses in any other 2867 jurisdiction, which offenses would be felonies if committed in the Commonwealth and such prior 2868 convictions occurred before the date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he 2869 shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for a period not less than 10 years, three years of which 2870 shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence 2871 and he shall be fined not more than \$500,000.

2872 Upon conviction, in addition to any other punishment, a person found guilty of this offense shall be 2873 ordered by the court to make restitution, as the court deems appropriate, to any innocent property owner 2874 whose property is damaged, destroyed, or otherwise rendered unusable as a result of such 2875 methamphetamine production. This restitution shall include the person's or his estate's estimated or actual 2876 expenses associated with cleanup, removal, or repair of the affected property. If the property that is 2877 damaged, destroyed, or otherwise rendered unusable as a result of such methamphetamine production is 2878 property owned in whole or in part by the person convicted, the court shall order the person to pay to 2879 the Methamphetamine Cleanup Fund authorized in § 18.2-248.04 the reasonable estimated or actual 2880 expenses associated with cleanup, removal, or repair of the affected property or, if actual or estimated 2881 expenses cannot be determined, the sum of \$10,000. The convicted person shall also pay the cost of 2882 certifying that any building that is cleaned up or repaired pursuant to this section is safe for human 2883 occupancy according to the guidelines established pursuant to § 32.1-11.7.

D. If such person proves that he gave, distributed or possessed with intent to give or distribute a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II only as an accommodation to another individual who is not an inmate in a community correctional facility, local correctional facility or state correctional facility as defined in § 53.1-1 or in the custody of an employee thereof, and not with intent to profit thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of

2923

2926

2927

2889 the controlled substance to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance, he 2890 shall be is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

2891 E. If the violation of the provisions of this article consists of the filling by a pharmacist of the 2892 prescription of a person authorized under this article to issue the same, which prescription has not been 2893 received in writing by the pharmacist prior to the filling thereof, and such written prescription is in fact 2894 received by the pharmacist within one week of the time of filling the same, or if such violation consists 2895 of a request by such authorized person for the filling by a pharmacist of a prescription which has not 2896 been received in writing by the pharmacist and such prescription is, in fact, written at the time of such 2897 request and delivered to the pharmacist within one week thereof, either such offense shall constitute a 2898 Class 4 misdemeanor.

2899 E1. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule 2900 III except for an anabolic steroid classified in Schedule III, constituting a violation of § 18.2-248.5, shall 2901 be is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

2902 E2. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule 2903 IV shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

2904 E3. Any person who proves that he gave, distributed or possessed with the intent to give or distribute 2905 a controlled substance classified in Schedule III or IV, except for an anabolic steroid classified in 2906 Schedule III, constituting a violation of § 18.2-248.5, only as an accommodation to another individual 2907 who is not an inmate in a community correctional facility, local correctional facility or state correctional 2908 facility as defined in § 53.1-1 or in the custody of an employee thereof, and not with the intent to profit 2909 thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of 2910 the controlled substance to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance, is 2911 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

F. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule 2912 2913 V or Schedule VI or an imitation controlled substance which that imitates a controlled substance 2914 classified in Schedule V or Schedule VI, shall be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

2915 G. Any person who violates this section with respect to an imitation controlled substance which that 2916 imitates a controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV shall be is guilty of a Class 6 2917 felony. In any prosecution brought under this subsection, it is not a defense to a violation of this subsection that the defendant believed the imitation controlled substance to actually be a controlled 2918 2919 substance.

2920 H. Any person who manufactures, sells, gives, distributes or possesses with the intent to manufacture, 2921 sell, give or distribute the following: 2922

1. 1.0 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

2. 5.0 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

2924 a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and 2925 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

2928 d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which that contains any quantity of any of the substances 2929 referred to in subdivisions a through, b, and c;

2930 3. 2.5 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance described in subdivision 2 which that contains 2931 cocaine base; or 2932

4. 100 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana; or

2933 5. 100 grams or more of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or 200 grams or 2934 more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, 2935 or salts of its isomers shall be is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and imprisonment for 20 years to life, 20 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum sentence. Such 2936 2937 mandatory minimum sentence shall not be applicable if the court finds that (i) the person does not have a prior conviction for an offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805; (ii) the person did not use 2938 2939 violence or credible threats of violence or possess a firearm or other dangerous weapon in connection 2940 with the offense or induce another participant in the offense to do so; (iii) the offense did not result in 2941 death or serious bodily injury to any person; (iv) the person was not an organizer, leader, manager, or 2942 supervisor of others in the offense, and was not engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise as defined 2943 in subsection I of this section; and (v) not later than the time of the sentencing hearing, the person has 2944 truthfully provided to the Commonwealth all information and evidence the person has concerning the 2945 offense or offenses that were part of the same course of conduct or of a common scheme or plan, but 2946 the fact that the person has no relevant or useful other information to provide or that the Commonwealth 2947 already is aware of the information shall not preclude a determination by the court that the defendant 2948 has complied with this requirement.

2949 H1. Any person who was the principal or one of several principal administrators, organizers or 2950 leaders of a continuing criminal enterprise shall be is guilty of a felony if (i) the enterprise received at

## 49 of 81

2951 least \$100,000 but less than \$250,000 in gross receipts during any 12-month period of its existence from 2952 the manufacture, importation, or distribution of heroin or cocaine or ecgonine or methamphetamine or 2953 the derivatives, salts, isomers, or salts of isomers thereof or marijuana or (ii) the person engaged in the 2954 enterprise to manufacture, sell, give, distribute or possess with the intent to manufacture, sell, give or 2955 distribute the following during any 12-month period of its existence:

2956 1. At least 1.0 kilograms but less than 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a 2957 detectable amount of heroin;

2958 2. At least 5.0 kilograms but less than 10 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable 2959 amount of:

2960 a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and 2961 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

2962 b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

2963 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

2964 d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which that contains any quantity of any of the substances 2965 referred to in subdivisions a through, b, and c;

3. At least 2.5 kilograms but less than 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance described in 2966 2967 subdivision 2 which that contains cocaine base; or

2968 4. At least 100 kilograms but less than 250 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a 2969 detectable amount of marijuana; or

2970 5. At least 100 grams but less than 250 grams of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its 2971 isomers or at least 200 grams but less than 1.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a 2972 detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers.

2973 A conviction under this section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and 2974 imprisonment for 20 years to life, 20 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum sentence.

2975 H2. Any person who was the principal or one of several principal administrators, organizers or 2976 leaders of a continuing criminal enterprise if (i) the enterprise received \$250,000 or more in gross 2977 receipts during any 12-month period of its existence from the manufacture, importation, or distribution 2978 of heroin or cocaine or ecgonine or methamphetamine or the derivatives, salts, isomers, or salts of 2979 isomers thereof or marijuana or (ii) the person engaged in the enterprise to manufacture, sell, give, 2980 distribute or possess with the intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute the following during any 2981 12-month period of its existence:

2982 1. At least 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin; 2983

2. At least 10 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

2984 a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and 2985 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

2986 b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

2987 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

2988 d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which that contains any quantity of any of the substances 2989 referred to in subdivisions a through, b, and c;

2990 3. At least 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance described in subdivision 2 which that contains 2991 cocaine base; or 2992

4. At least 250 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana; or

2993 5. At least 250 grams of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or at least 1.0 2994 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, 2995 isomers, or salts of its isomers shall be is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 2996 million and imprisonment for life, which shall be served with no suspension in whole or in part. Such 2997 punishment shall be made to run consecutively with any other sentence. However, the court may impose 2998 a mandatory minimum sentence of 40 years if the court finds that the defendant substantially cooperated 2999 with law-enforcement authorities.

3000 I. For purposes of this section, a person is engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise if (i) he 3001 violates any provision of this section, the punishment for which is a felony and either (ii) such violation 3002 is a part of a continuing series of violations of this section which are undertaken by such person in 3003 concert with five or more other persons with respect to whom such person occupies a position of 3004 organizer, a supervisory position, or any other position of management, and from which such person 3005 obtains substantial income or resources or (iii) such violation is committed, with respect to 3006 methamphetamine or other controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II, for the benefit of, at the 3007 direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1.

3008 J. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), any person who possesses any 3009 two or more different substances listed below with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine, 3010 methcathinone, or amphetamine is guilty of a Class 6 felony: liquefied ammonia gas, ammonium nitrate, 3011 ether, hypophosphorus acid solutions, hypophosphite salts, hydrochloric acid, iodine crystals or tincture SB448H1

3019

3012 of iodine, phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, red phosphorus, methylamine, methyl formamide, lithium,

sodium metal, sulfuric acid, sodium hydroxide, potassium dichromate, sodium dichromate, potassium
 permanganate, chromium trioxide, methylbenzene, methamphetamine precursor drugs, trichloroethane, or
 2-propanone.

3016 K. The term "methamphetamine precursor drug," when used in this article, means a drug or product containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine or any of their salts, optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers.

# § 18.2-248.01. Transporting controlled substances into the Commonwealth; penalty.

3020 Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) it is unlawful for any person to 3021 transport into the Commonwealth by any means with intent to sell or distribute one ounce or more of 3022 cocaine, coca leaves or any salt, compound, derivative or preparation thereof as described in Schedule II of the Drug Control Act or one ounce or more of any other Schedule I or II controlled substance or five 3023 3024 or more pounds of marijuana. A violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct felony. 3025 Upon conviction, the person shall be sentenced to not less than five years nor more than 40 years 3026 imprisonment, three years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, and a fine not 3027 to exceed  $\frac{1,000,000}{1}$  *million*. A second or subsequent conviction hereunder shall be punishable by a 3028 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years, which shall be served consecutively with any 3029 other sentence.

3030 § 18.2-251. Persons charged with first offense may be placed on probation; conditions;
3031 substance abuse screening, assessment treatment and education programs or services; drug tests;
3032 costs and fees; violations; discharge.

3033 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any criminal offense under this 3034 article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or 3035 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for 3036 violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in this section, or pleads guilty to or enters a plea of 3037 not guilty to possession of a controlled substance under § 18.2-250, the court, upon such plea if the facts 3038 found by the court would justify a finding of guilt, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the 3039 consent of the accused, may defer further proceedings and place him on probation upon terms and 3040 conditions. If the court defers further proceedings, at that time the court shall determine whether the 3041 clerk of court has been provided with the fingerprint identification information or fingerprints of the 3042 person, taken by a law-enforcement officer pursuant to § 19.2-390, and, if not, shall order that the 3043 fingerprints and photograph of the person be taken by a law-enforcement officer.

3044 As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to undergo a substance abuse assessment 3045 pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 or 19.2-299.2, as appropriate, and enter treatment and/or education program or 3046 services, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the needs of the accused 3047 based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The program or services may be located in 3048 the judicial district in which the charge is brought or in any other judicial district as the court may 3049 provide. The services shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral 3050 Health and Developmental Services, by a similar program which is made available through the 3051 Department of Corrections, (ii) a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant 3052 to § 9.1-174, or (iii) an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP.

3053The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay3054all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, assessment, testing, and3055treatment, based upon the accused's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be3056indigent.

**3057**As a condition of probation, the court shall require the accused (a) to successfully complete treatment**3058**or education program or services, (b) to remain drug and alcohol free during the period of probation and**3059**submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate to determine if the accused**3060**is drug and alcohol free, (c) to make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, and (d) to**3061**comply with a plan of at least 100 hours of community service for a felony and up to 24 hours of**3062**community service for a misdemeanor. Such testing shall be conducted by personnel of the supervising**3063**probation agency or personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency.

3064 Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as 3065 otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, and upon determining that the clerk of 3066 court has been provided with the fingerprint identification information or fingerprints of such person, the 3067 court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under 3068 this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is a conviction only for the purposes of applying 3069 this section in subsequent proceedings.

3070 Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, whenever a court places an individual on probation upon terms and conditions pursuant to this section, such action shall be treated as a conviction for purposes of § 22.1-315. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be applicable to any offense for which a juvenile has had his license suspended or denied pursuant to § 16.1-278.9 for the same offense.

### 51 of 81

#### 3074 § 18.2-251.03. Arrest and prosecution when experiencing or reporting overdoses.

3075 A. For purposes of this section, "overdose" means a life-threatening condition resulting from the 3076 consumption or use of a controlled substance, alcohol, or any combination of such substances.

3077 B. No individual shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for the unlawful purchase, possession, or 3078 consumption of alcohol pursuant to § 4.1-305, unlawful purchase, possession, or consumption of marijuana pursuant to § 4.1-1105.1 4.1-1105, possession of a controlled substance pursuant to 3079 3080 § 18.2-250, intoxication in public pursuant to § 18.2-388, or possession of controlled paraphernalia 3081 pursuant to § 54.1-3466 if:

3082 1. Such individual (i) in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency medical attention (a) for himself, if 3083 he is experiencing an overdose, or (b) for another individual, if such other individual is experiencing an 3084 overdose; (ii) is experiencing an overdose and another individual, in good faith, seeks or obtains 3085 emergency medical attention for such individual, by contemporaneously reporting such overdose to a 3086 firefighter, as defined in § 65.2-102, emergency medical services personnel, as defined in § 32.1-111.1, a law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, or an emergency 911 system; or (iii) in good faith, 3087 3088 renders emergency care or assistance, including cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or the 3089 administration of naloxone or other opioid antagonist for overdose reversal, to an individual experiencing 3090 an overdose while another individual seeks or obtains emergency medical attention in accordance with 3091 this subdivision;

3092 2. Such individual remains at the scene of the overdose or at any alternative location to which he or 3093 the person requiring emergency medical attention has been transported until a law-enforcement officer 3094 responds to the report of an overdose. If no law-enforcement officer is present at the scene of the 3095 overdose or at the alternative location, then such individual shall cooperate with law enforcement as 3096 otherwise set forth herein;

3097 3. Such individual identifies himself to the law-enforcement officer who responds to the report of the 3098 overdose; and

3099 4. The evidence for the prosecution of an offense enumerated in this subsection was obtained as a 3100 result of the individual seeking or obtaining emergency medical attention or rendering emergency care or 3101 assistance.

3102 C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person who seeks or obtains emergency 3103 medical attention for himself or another individual, to a person experiencing an overdose when another 3104 individual seeks or obtains emergency medical attention for him, or to a person who renders emergency 3105 care or assistance to an individual experiencing an overdose while another person seeks or obtains 3106 emergency medical attention during the execution of a search warrant or during the conduct of a lawful 3107 search or a lawful arrest.

3108 D. This section does not establish protection from arrest or prosecution for any individual or offense 3109 other than those listed in subsection B.

E. No law-enforcement officer acting in good faith shall be found liable for false arrest if it is later 3110 3111 determined that the person arrested was immune from prosecution under this section. 3112

### § 18.2-251.1:1. Possession or distribution of cannabis oil; public schools.

3113 No school nurse employed by a local school board, person employed by a local health department 3114 who is assigned to the public school pursuant to an agreement between the local health department and the school board, or other person employed by or contracted with a local school board to deliver 3115 3116 health-related services shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or 3117 § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, or 18.2-255 for the possession or distribution of cannabis oil for 3118 storing, dispensing, or administering cannabis oil, in accordance with a policy adopted by the local 3119 school board, to a student who has been issued a valid written certification for the use of cannabis oil in 3120 accordance with § 4.1-1601.

#### 3121 § 18.2-251.1:2. Possession or distribution of cannabis oil; nursing homes and certified nursing 3122 facilities; hospice and hospice facilities; assisted living facilities.

3123 No person employed by a nursing home, hospice, hospice facility, or assisted living facility and 3124 authorized to possess, distribute, or administer medications to patients or residents shall be prosecuted 3125 under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the 3126 possession or distribution of cannabis oil for the purposes of storing, dispensing, or administering 3127 cannabis oil to a patient or resident who has been issued a valid written certification for the use of 3128 cannabis oil in accordance with § 4.1-1601.

#### 3129 § 18.2-251.1:3. Possession or distribution of cannabis oil, or industrial hemp; laboratories; 3130 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Department of Law employees.

3131 A. No person employed by an analytical laboratory to retrieve, deliver, or possess cannabis oil or 3132 industrial hemp samples from a permitted pharmaceutical processor, a registered industrial hemp grower, 3133 a federally licensed hemp producer, or a registered industrial hemp processor for the purpose of performing required testing shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or 3134

3135 § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, or 18.2-255 for the possession or distribution of cannabis oil or 3136 industrial hemp or for storing cannabis oil or industrial hemp for testing purposes in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy and the Board of Agriculture and Consumer 3137 3138 Services.

3139 B. No employee of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or of the Department of 3140 Law shall be prosecuted under *Chapter 11* (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or §  $\frac{18.2-247}{18.2-248}$ , 18.2-248, 3141 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the possession or distribution of industrial hemp or any 3142 substance containing tetrahydrocannabinol when possession of industrial hemp or any substance 3143 containing tetrahydrocannabinol is necessary in the performance of his duties.

#### 3144 § 18.2-252. Suspended sentence conditioned upon substance abuse screening, assessment, testing, 3145 and treatment or education.

3146 The trial judge or court trying the case of any person found guilty of a criminal violation of any law 3147 concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious 3148 chemical substances and like substances shall condition any suspended sentence by first requiring such 3149 person to agree to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 and to submit to such 3150 periodic substance abuse testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. Such testing 3151 shall be conducted by the supervising probation agency or by personnel of any program or agency 3152 approved by the supervising probation agency. The cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be 3153 paid by the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of such proceedings. The judge or court 3154 shall order the person, as a condition of any suspended sentence, to undergo such treatment or education 3155 for substance abuse, if available, as the judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency 3156 licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, by a similar program or 3157 3158 services available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a sentence of one year or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar program or services available 3159 3160 through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant 3161 to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP. 3162

# § 18.2-254. Commitment of convicted person for treatment for substance abuse.

A. Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any criminal offense under this 3163 3164 article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs or has not previously had a proceeding against him for 3165 violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in § 18.2-251 is found guilty of violating any law 3166 concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious 3167 3168 chemical substances, and like substances, the judge or court shall require such person to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 and to submit to such periodic substance abuse 3169 3170 testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. The cost of such testing ordered by 3171 the court shall be paid by the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of the criminal 3172 proceedings. The judge or court shall also order the person to undergo such treatment or education for 3173 substance abuse, if available, as the judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the 3174 substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency 3175 licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or by a similar program 3176 or services available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a sentence of one year 3177 or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar program or services 3178 available through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation services agency established 3179 pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP.

3180 B. The court trying the case of any person alleged to have committed any criminal offense 3181 designated by this article or by the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or in any other criminal case in which the commission of the offense was motivated by or closely related to the use of drugs and 3182 determined by the court, pursuant to a substance abuse screening and assessment, to be in need of 3183 3184 treatment for the use of drugs may commit, based upon a consideration of the substance abuse 3185 assessment, such person, upon his conviction, to any facility for the treatment of persons with substance 3186 abuse, licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, if space is available in such facility, for a period of time not in excess of the maximum term of imprisonment 3187 3188 specified as the penalty for conviction of such offense or, if sentence was determined by a jury, not in 3189 excess of the term of imprisonment as set by such jury. Confinement under such commitment shall be, 3190 in all regards, treated as confinement in a penal institution and the person so committed may be 3191 convicted of escape if he leaves the place of commitment without authority. A charge of escape may be 3192 prosecuted in either the jurisdiction where the treatment facility is located or the jurisdiction where the 3193 person was sentenced to commitment. The court may revoke such commitment at any time and transfer 3194 the person to an appropriate state or local correctional facility. Upon presentation of a certified statement 3195 from the director of the treatment facility to the effect that the confined person has successfully 3196 responded to treatment, the court may release such confined person prior to the termination of the period

3197 of time for which such person was confined and may suspend the remainder of the term upon such 3198 conditions as the court may prescribe.

3199 C. The court trying a case in which commission of the criminal offense was related to the 3200 defendant's habitual abuse of alcohol and in which the court determines, pursuant to a substance abuse 3201 screening and assessment, that such defendant is in need of treatment, may commit, based upon a 3202 consideration of the substance abuse assessment, such person, upon his conviction, to any facility for the 3203 treatment of persons with substance abuse licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 3204 Developmental Services, if space is available in such facility, for a period of time not in excess of the 3205 maximum term of imprisonment specified as the penalty for conviction. Confinement under such 3206 commitment shall be, in all regards, treated as confinement in a penal institution and the person so 3207 committed may be convicted of escape if he leaves the place of commitment without authority. The 3208 court may revoke such commitment at any time and transfer the person to an appropriate state or local 3209 correctional facility. Upon presentation of a certified statement from the director of the treatment facility 3210 to the effect that the confined person has successfully responded to treatment, the court may release such 3211 confined person prior to the termination of the period of time for which such person was confined and 3212 may suspend the remainder of the term upon such conditions as the court may prescribe.

# § 18.2-255. Distribution of certain drugs to persons under 18 prohibited; penalty.

3213 3214 A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act, Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1, it 3215 shall be is unlawful for any person who is at least 18 years of age to knowingly or intentionally (i) 3216 distribute any drug classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV or marijuana to any person under 18 years of 3217 age who is at least three years his junior or (ii) cause any person under 18 years of age to assist in such 3218 distribution of any drug classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV or marijuana. Any person violating this 3219 provision shall upon conviction be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for a period not less than 3220 10 nor more than 50 years, and fined not more than \$100,000. Five years of the sentence imposed for a 3221 conviction under this section involving a Schedule I or II controlled substance or one ounce or more of 3222 marijuana shall be a mandatory minimum sentence. Two years of the sentence imposed for a conviction 3223 under this section involving less than one ounce of marijuana shall be a mandatory minimum sentence.

3224 B. It shall be is unlawful for any person who is at least 18 years of age to knowingly or intentionally 3225 (i) distribute any imitation controlled substance to a person under 18 years of age who is at least three 3226 years his junior or (ii) cause any person under 18 years of age to assist in such distribution of any 3227 imitation controlled substance. Any person violating this provision shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

3228 § 18.2-255.1. Distribution, sale or display of printed material advertising instruments for use in 3229 administering controlled substances to minors; penalty.

3230 It shall be is a Class 1 misdemeanor for any person knowingly to sell, distribute, or display for sale 3231 to a minor any book, pamphlet, periodical, or other printed matter which that he knows advertises for 3232 sale any instrument, device, article, or contrivance for advertised use in unlawfully ingesting, smoking, 3233 administering, preparing, or growing marijuana or a controlled substance.

#### 3234 § 18.2-255.2. Prohibiting the sale or manufacture of drugs on or near certain properties; 3235 penalty.

3236 A. It shall be is unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell or distribute or possess with intent to 3237 sell, give, or distribute any controlled substance, or imitation controlled substance, or marijuana while:

3238 1. Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any public or private elementary or 3239 secondary school, any institution of higher education, or any clearly marked licensed child day center as 3240 defined in § 22.1-289.02;

3241 2. Upon public property or any property open to public use within 1,000 feet of the property 3242 described in subdivision 1;

3243 3. On any school bus as defined in § 46.2-100;

3244 4. Upon a designated school bus stop, or upon either public property or any property open to public 3245 use which is within 1,000 feet of such school bus stop, during the time when school children are 3246 waiting to be picked up and transported to or are being dropped off from school or a school-sponsored 3247 activity;

3248 5. Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any publicly owned or publicly operated 3249 recreation or community center facility or any public library; or

3250 6. Upon the property of any state facility as defined in § 37.2-100 or upon public property or 3251 property open to public use within 1,000 feet of such an institution facility. It is a violation of the 3252 provisions of this section if the person possessed the controlled substance, or imitation controlled 3253 substance, or marijuana on the property described in subdivisions 1 through 6, regardless of where the 3254 person intended to sell, give, or distribute the controlled substance, or imitation controlled substance, or 3255 marijuana. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the authorized distribution of controlled substances.

3256 B. Violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct felony. Any person violating the 3257 provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned for a term of not less than one year nor 3282

3258 more than five years and fined not more than \$100,000. A second or subsequent conviction hereunder 3259 for an offense involving a controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, or III of the Drug Control 3260 Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or more than one-half ounce of marijuana shall be punished by a mandatory 3261 minimum term of imprisonment of one year to be served consecutively with any other sentence. However, if such person proves that he sold such controlled substance or marijuana only as an 3262 3263 accommodation to another individual and not with intent to profit thereby from any consideration 3264 received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of the controlled substance or 3265 marijuana to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance or marijuana, he is 3266 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

3267 C. If a person commits an act violating the provisions of this section, and the same act also violates 3268 another provision of law that provides for penalties greater than those provided for by this section, then 3269 nothing in this section shall prohibit or bar any prosecution or proceeding under that other provision of 3270 law or the imposition of any penalties provided for thereby. 3271

# § 18.2-258. Certain premises deemed common nuisance; penalty.

3272 Any office, store, shop, restaurant, dance hall, theater, poolroom, clubhouse, storehouse, warehouse, 3273 dwelling house, apartment, building of any kind, vehicle, vessel, boat, or aircraft, which with the 3274 knowledge of the owner, lessor, agent of any such lessor, manager, chief executive officer, operator, or tenant thereof, is frequented by persons under the influence of illegally obtained controlled substances or 3275 3276 marijuana, as defined in § 54.1-3401, or for the purpose of illegally obtaining possession of, 3277 manufacturing, or distributing controlled substances or marijuana, or is used for the illegal possession, 3278 manufacture, or distribution of controlled substances or marijuana shall be deemed a common nuisance. 3279 Any such owner, lessor, agent of any such lessor, manager, chief executive officer, operator, or tenant 3280 who knowingly permits, establishes, keeps or maintains such a common nuisance is guilty of a Class 1 3281 misdemeanor and, for a second or subsequent offense, a Class 6 felony.

# § 18.2-258.02. Maintaining a fortified drug house; penalty.

3283 Any office, store, shop, restaurant, dance hall, theater, poolroom, clubhouse, storehouse, warehouse, 3284 dwelling house, apartment or building or structure of any kind which that is (i) substantially altered 3285 from its original status by means of reinforcement with the intent to impede, deter or delay lawful entry 3286 by a law-enforcement officer into such structure, (ii) being used for the purpose of manufacturing or 3287 distributing controlled substances or marijuana, and (iii) the object of a valid search warrant, shall be 3288 considered a fortified drug house. Any person who maintains or operates a fortified drug house is guilty 3289 of a Class 5 felony.

#### 3290 § 18.2-258.1. Obtaining drugs, procuring administration of controlled substances, etc., by fraud, 3291 deceit or forgery.

3292 A. It shall be is unlawful for any person to obtain or attempt to obtain any drug or procure or 3293 attempt to procure the administration of any controlled substance or marijuana: (i) by fraud, deceit, 3294 misrepresentation, embezzlement, or subterfuge; (ii) by the forgery or alteration of a prescription or of 3295 any written order; (iii) by the concealment of a material fact; or (iv) by the use of a false name or the 3296 giving of a false address.

3297 B. It shall be is unlawful for any person to furnish false or fraudulent information in or omit any 3298 information from, or willfully make a false statement in, any prescription, order, report, record, or other 3299 document required by Chapter 34 the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

3300 C. It shall be is unlawful for any person to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a 3301 controlled substance or marijuana a license number which that is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or 3302 issued to another person.

3303 D. It shall be is unlawful for any person, for the purpose of obtaining any controlled substance or 3304 marijuana to falsely assume the title of, or represent himself to be, a manufacturer, wholesaler, 3305 pharmacist, physician, dentist, veterinarian or other authorized person.

3306 E. It shall be is unlawful for any person to make or utter any false or forged prescription or false or 3307 forged written order.

3308 F. It shall be is unlawful for any person to affix any false or forged label to a package or receptacle 3309 containing any controlled substance.

3310 G. This section shall not apply to officers and employees of the United States, of this 3311 Commonwealth or of a political subdivision of this Commonwealth acting in the course of their 3312 employment, who obtain such drugs for investigative, research or analytical purposes, or to the agents or 3313 duly authorized representatives of any pharmaceutical manufacturer who obtain such drugs for investigative, research or analytical purposes and who are acting in the course of their employment; 3314 3315 provided that such manufacturer is licensed under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and 3316 Cosmetic Act; and provided further, that such pharmaceutical manufacturer, its agents and duly authorized representatives file with the Board such information as the Board may deem appropriate. 3317

3318 H. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any person who shall violate any provision herein 3319 shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

### 55 of 81

3320 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or 3321 under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, 3322 depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of 3323 such an offense dismissed, or reduced as provided in this section, pleads guilty to or enters a plea of not 3324 guilty to the court for violating this section, upon such plea if the facts found by the court would justify 3325 a finding of guilt, the court may place him on probation upon terms and conditions.

3326 As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to be evaluated and enter a treatment 3327 and/or education program, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the 3328 needs of the accused. This program may be located in the judicial circuit in which the charge is brought 3329 or in any other judicial circuit as the court may provide. The services shall be provided by a program 3330 certified or licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. The court 3331 shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay all or part of 3332 the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, evaluation, testing and education, based 3333 upon the person's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be indigent.

3334 As a condition of supervised probation, the court shall require the accused to remain drug free during 3335 the period of probation and submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate 3336 to determine if the accused is drug free. Such testing may be conducted by the personnel of any 3337 screening, evaluation, and education program to which the person is referred or by the supervising 3338 agency.

3339 Unless the accused was fingerprinted at the time of arrest, the court shall order the accused to report 3340 to the original arresting law-enforcement agency to submit to fingerprinting.

3341 Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt upon the felony 3342 and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court 3343 shall find the defendant guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 3344

### § 18.2-265.1. Definition.

3345 As used in this article, the term "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of 3346 any kind which are either designed for use or which are intended by the person charged with violating § 18.2-265.3 for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, 3347 3348 compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, strength testing, analyzing, packaging, 3349 repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into 3350 the human body marijuana or a controlled substance. It includes, but is not limited to:

3351 1. Kits intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or 3352 harvesting of marijuana or any species of plant which is a controlled substance or from which a 3353 controlled substance can be derived;

3354 2. Kits intended for use or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, 3355 processing, or preparing marijuana or controlled substances;

3356 3. Isomerization devices intended for use or designed for use in increasing the potency of marijuana 3357 or any species of plant which that is a controlled substance;

3358 4. Testing equipment intended for use or designed for use in identifying or in analyzing the strength 3359 or effectiveness of marijuana or controlled substances, other than narcotic testing products used to 3360 determine whether a controlled substance contains fentanyl or a fentanyl analog;

3361 5. Scales and balances intended for use or designed for use in weighing or measuring marijuana or 3362 controlled substances;

3363 6. Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, or mannite, intended for use or 3364 designed for use in cutting controlled substances;

3365 7. Separation gins and sifters intended for use or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from, 3366 or in otherwise cleaning or refining, marijuana;

3367 8- Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons, and mixing devices intended for use or designed for use in 3368 compounding controlled substances;

3369 9. 8. Capsules, balloons, envelopes, and other containers intended for use or designed for use in 3370 packaging small quantities of marijuana or controlled substances;

3371 10. 9. Containers and other objects intended for use or designed for use in storing or concealing 3372 marijuana or controlled substances;

3373 11. 10. Hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects intended for use or designed for use in 3374 parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body;

3375 12. 11. Objects intended for use or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing 3376 marijuana, cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body, such as:

3377 a. Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent 3378 screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;

3379 b. Water pipes:

3380 c. Carburetion tubes and devices; 3381 d. Smoking and carburetion masks;

3382 e. Roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has 3383 become too small or too short to be held in the hand;

- 3384 f. Miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials;
- 3385 g. Chamber pipes;
- 3386 h. Carburetor pipes;
- 3387 i. Electric pipes;
- 3388 j. Air-driven pipes;
- 3389 k. Chillums;
- 3390 1. Bongs;

3395

3407

3391 m. Ice pipes or chillers.

#### 3392 § 18.2-265.2. Evidence to be considered in cases under this article.

3393 In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, the court may consider, in addition to all 3394 other relevant evidence, the following:

- 1. Constitutionally admissible statements by the accused concerning the use of the object;
- 3396 2. The proximity of the object to marijuana or controlled substances, which proximity is actually 3397 known to the accused;
- 3398 3. Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use;
- 3399 4. Descriptive materials accompanying the object which that explain or depict its use;
- 3400 5. National and local advertising within the actual knowledge of the accused concerning its use;
- 6. The manner in which the object is displayed for sale; 3401
- 3402 7. Whether the accused is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a 3403 licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;
- 8. Evidence of the ratio of sales of the objects defined in  $\S$  18.2-265.1 to the total sales of the 3404 3405 business enterprise; 3406
  - 9. The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community;
  - 10. Expert testimony concerning its use or the purpose for which it was designed; and
- 3408 11. Relevant evidence of the intent of the accused to deliver it to persons who he knows, or should 3409 reasonably know, intend to use the object with an illegal drug. The innocence of an owner, or of anyone 3410 in control of the object, as to a direct violation of this article shall not prevent a finding that the object 3411 is intended for use or designed for use as drug paraphernalia.

#### 3412 § 18.2-265.3. Penalties for sale, etc., of drug paraphernalia.

3413 A. Any person who sells or possesses with intent to sell drug paraphernalia, knowing, or under 3414 circumstances where one reasonably should know, that it is either designed for use or intended by such person for use to illegally plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, 3415 3416 produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or 3417 otherwise introduce into the human body marijuana or a controlled substance, shall be is guilty of a 3418 Class 1 misdemeanor.

3419 B. Any person eighteen 18 years of age or older who violates subsection A hereof by selling drug 3420 paraphernalia to a minor who is at least three years junior to the accused in age shall be is guilty of a 3421 Class 6 felony.

3422 C. Any person eighteen 18 years of age or older who distributes drug paraphernalia to a minor shall 3423 be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 3424

# § 18.2-287.2. Wearing of body armor while committing a crime; penalty.

3425 Any person who, while committing a crime of violence as defined in § 18.2-288 (2) or a felony violation of § 18.2-248 or subdivision (a) 2 or 3 of § 18.2-248.1, has in his possession a firearm or knife 3426 3427 and is wearing body armor designed to diminish the effect of the impact of a bullet or projectile shall be is guilty of a Class 4 felony. 3428 3429

# § 18.2-308.012. Prohibited conduct.

3430 A. Any person permitted to carry a concealed handgun who is under the influence of alcohol, 3431 marijuana, or illegal drugs while carrying such handgun in a public place is guilty of a Class 1 3432 misdemeanor. Conviction of any of the following offenses shall be prima facie evidence, subject to rebuttal, that the person is "under the influence" for purposes of this section: manslaughter in violation 3433 of § 18.2-36.1, maiming in violation of § 18.2-51.4, driving while intoxicated in violation of § 18.2-266, 3434 3435 public intoxication in violation of § 18.2-388, or driving while intoxicated in violation of § 46.2-341.24. Upon such conviction that court shall revoke the person's permit for a concealed handgun and promptly 3436 3437 notify the issuing circuit court. A person convicted of a violation of this subsection shall be ineligible to 3438 apply for a concealed handgun permit for a period of five years.

3439 B. No person who carries a concealed handgun onto the premises of any restaurant or club as 3440 defined in § 4.1-100 for which a license to sell and serve alcoholic beverages for on-premises 3441 consumption has been granted by the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority under Title 4.1 3442 may consume an alcoholic beverage while on the premises. A person who carries a concealed handgun

3443 onto the premises of such a restaurant or club and consumes alcoholic beverages is guilty of a Class 2 3444 misdemeanor. However, nothing in this subsection shall apply to a federal, state, or local 3445 law-enforcement officer. 3446

# § 18.2-308.4. Possession of firearms while in possession of certain substances.

3447 A. It shall be is unlawful for any person unlawfully in possession of a controlled substance classified 3448 in Schedule I or II of the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1 to simultaneously with 3449 knowledge and intent possess any firearm. A violation of this subsection is a Class 6 felony and 3450 constitutes a separate and distinct felony.

3451 B. It shall be is unlawful for any person unlawfully in possession of a controlled substance classified 3452 in Schedule I or II of the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) to simultaneously with knowledge and 3453 intent possess any firearm on or about his person. A violation of this subsection is a Class 6 felony and 3454 constitutes a separate and distinct felony and any person convicted hereunder shall be sentenced to a 3455 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of two years. Such punishment shall be separate and apart 3456 from, and shall be made to run consecutively with, any punishment received for the commission of the 3457 primary felony.

3458 C. It shall be is unlawful for any person to possess, use, or attempt to use any pistol, shotgun, rifle, 3459 or other firearm or display such weapon in a threatening manner while committing or attempting to 3460 commit the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, or the possession with the intent to manufacture, sell, 3461 or distribute a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or Schedule II of the Drug Control Act 3462 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or more than one pound of marijuana. A violation of this subsection is a Class 6 3463 felony, and constitutes a separate and distinct felony and any person convicted hereunder shall be 3464 sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years. Such punishment shall be 3465 separate and apart from, and shall be made to run consecutively with, any punishment received for the 3466 commission of the primary felony.

3467 § 18.2-460. Obstructing justice; resisting arrest; fleeing from a law-enforcement officer; 3468 penalties.

3469 A. If any person without just cause knowingly obstructs a judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney 3470 for the Commonwealth, witness, any law-enforcement officer, or animal control officer employed 3471 pursuant to § 3.2-6555 in the performance of his duties as such or fails or refuses without just cause to 3472 cease such obstruction when requested to do so by such judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney for the 3473 Commonwealth, witness, law-enforcement officer, or animal control officer employed pursuant to 3474 § 3.2-6555, he is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

3475 B. Except as provided in subsection C, any person who, by threats or force, knowingly attempts to 3476 intimidate or impede a judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney for the Commonwealth, witness, any 3477 law-enforcement officer, or an animal control officer employed pursuant to § 3.2-6555 lawfully engaged 3478 in his duties as such, or to obstruct or impede the administration of justice in any court, is guilty of a 3479 Class 1 misdemeanor.

3480 C. If any person by threats of bodily harm or force knowingly attempts to intimidate or impede a 3481 judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney for the Commonwealth, witness, any or law-enforcement 3482 officer, lawfully engaged in the discharge of his duty, or to obstruct or impede the administration of 3483 justice in any court relating to a violation of or conspiracy to violate § 18.2-248 or subdivision (a)(3), 3484 (b) or (c) of § 18.2-248.1, or §, 18.2-46.2, or § 18.2-46.3, or relating to the violation of or conspiracy to 3485 violate any violent felony offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805, he is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

3486 D. Any person who knowingly and willfully makes any materially false statement or representation 3487 to a law-enforcement officer or an animal control officer employed pursuant to § 3.2-6555 who is in the 3488 course of conducting an investigation of a crime by another is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

3489 E. Any person who intentionally prevents or attempts to prevent a law-enforcement officer from 3490 lawfully arresting him, with or without a warrant, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. For purposes of 3491 this subsection, intentionally preventing or attempting to prevent a lawful arrest means fleeing from a 3492 law-enforcement officer when (i) the officer applies physical force to the person, or (ii) the officer 3493 communicates to the person that he is under arrest and (a) the officer has the legal authority and the 3494 immediate physical ability to place the person under arrest, and (b) a reasonable person who receives 3495 such communication knows or should know that he is not free to leave.

# § 18.2-474.1. Delivery of drugs, firearms, explosives, etc., to prisoners or committed persons.

3496

3497 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 18.2-474, any person who shall willfully in any manner deliver, 3498 attempt to deliver, or conspire with another to deliver to any prisoner confined under authority of the 3499 Commonwealth of Virginia, or of any political subdivision thereof, or to any person committed to the 3500 Department of Juvenile Justice in any juvenile correctional center, any drug which that is a controlled substance regulated by the Drug Control Act in Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1 or 3501 marijuana is guilty of a Class 5 felony. Any person who shall willfully in any manner so deliver or 3502 3503 attempt to deliver or conspire to deliver to any such prisoner or confined or committed person, firearms,

# 58 of 81

3504 ammunitions, or explosives of any nature is guilty of a Class 3 felony.

3505 Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal or amend § 18.2-473.

#### 3506 § 19.2-66. When Attorney General or Chief Deputy Attorney General may apply for order 3507 authorizing interception of communications.

3508 A. The Attorney General or Chief Deputy Attorney General, if the Attorney General so designates in 3509 writing, in any case where the Attorney General is authorized by law to prosecute or pursuant to a 3510 request in his official capacity of an attorney for the Commonwealth in any city or county, may apply to a judge of competent jurisdiction for an order authorizing the interception of wire, electronic or oral 3511 3512 communications by the Department of State Police, when such interception may reasonably be expected 3513 to provide evidence of the commission of a felonious offense of extortion, bribery, kidnapping, murder, any felony violation of § 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1, any felony violation of Chapter 29 (§ 59.1-364 et seq.) 3514 of Title 59.1, any felony violation of Article 2 (§ 18.2-38 et seq.), Article 2.1 (§ 18.2-46.1 et seq.), Article 2.2 (§ 18.2-46.4 et seq.), Article 5 (§ 18.2-58 et seq.), Article 6 (§ 18.2-59 et seq.) or any 3515 3516 felonies that are not Class 6 felonies in Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, or any 3517 3518 conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses. The Attorney General or Chief Deputy Attorney 3519 General may apply for authorization for the observation or monitoring of the interception by a police 3520 department of a county or city, by a sheriff's office, or by law-enforcement officers of the United States. 3521 Such application shall be made, and such order may be granted, in conformity with the provisions of 3522 § 19.2-68. 3523

B. The application for an order under subsection B of § 19.2-68 shall be made as follows:

3524 1. In the case of an application for a wire or electronic interception, a judge of competent jurisdiction 3525 shall have the authority to issue an order under subsection B of § 19.2-68 if there is probable cause to believe that an offense was committed, is being committed, or will be committed or the person or persons whose communications are to be intercepted live, work, subscribe to a wire or electronic 3526 3527 3528 communication system, maintain an address or a post office box, or are making the communication 3529 within the territorial jurisdiction of the court.

3530 2. In the case of an application for an oral intercept, a judge of competent jurisdiction shall have the 3531 authority to issue an order under subsection B of § 19.2-68 if there is probable cause to believe that an 3532 offense was committed, is being committed, or will be committed or the physical location of the oral 3533 communication to be intercepted is within the territorial jurisdiction of the court.

3534 C. For the purposes of an order entered pursuant to subsection B of § 19.2-68 for the interception of 3535 a wire or electronic communication, such communication shall be deemed to be intercepted in the 3536 jurisdiction where the order is entered, regardless of the physical location or the method by which the 3537 communication is captured or routed to the monitoring location. 3538

# § 19.2-81. Arrest without warrant authorized in certain cases.

3539 A. The following officers shall have the powers of arrest as provided in this section:

3540 1. Members of the State Police force of the Commonwealth;

3541 2. Sheriffs of the various counties and cities, and their deputies;

3542 3. Members of any county police force or any duly constituted police force of any city or town of 3543 the Commonwealth;

3544 4. The Commissioner, members and employees of the Marine Resources Commission granted the 3545 power of arrest pursuant to § 28.2-900: 3546

5. Regular conservation police officers appointed pursuant to § 29.1-200;

3547 6. United States Coast Guard and United States Coast Guard Reserve commissioned, warrant, and 3548 petty officers authorized under § 29.1-205 to make arrests; 3549

7. Conservation officers appointed pursuant to § 10.1-115;

3550 8. Full-time sworn members of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles 3551 appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217;

3552 9. Special agents of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis 3553 Control Authority;

3554 10. Campus police officers appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1; 3555 and

11. Members of the Division of Capitol Police.

3556

3557 B. Such officers may arrest without a warrant any person who commits any crime in the presence of 3558 the officer and any person whom he has reasonable grounds or probable cause to suspect of having 3559 committed a felony not in his presence.

Such officers may arrest without a warrant any person whom the officer has probable cause to 3560 3561 suspect of operating any watercraft or motorboat while (i) intoxicated in violation of subsection B of 3562 § 29.1-738 or a substantially similar ordinance of any county, city, or town in the Commonwealth or (ii) in violation of an order issued pursuant to § 29.1-738.4 and may thereafter transfer custody of the 3563 person arrested to another officer, who may obtain a warrant based upon statements made to him by the 3564 3565 arresting officer.

### 59 of 81

3566 C. Any such officer may, at the scene of any accident involving a motor vehicle, watercraft as 3567 defined in § 29.1-733.2 or motorboat, or at any hospital or medical facility to which any person 3568 involved in such accident has been transported, or in the apprehension of any person charged with the theft of any motor vehicle, on any of the highways or waters of the Commonwealth, upon reasonable 3569 3570 grounds to believe, based upon personal investigation, including information obtained from eyewitnesses, 3571 that a crime has been committed by any person then and there present, apprehend such person without a 3572 warrant of arrest. For purposes of this section, "the scene of any accident" shall include a reasonable 3573 location where a vehicle or person involved in an accident has been moved at the direction of a 3574 law-enforcement officer to facilitate the clearing of the highway or to ensure the safety of the motoring 3575 public.

3576 D. Such officers may, within three hours of the alleged offense, arrest without a warrant at any 3577 location any person whom the officer has probable cause to suspect of driving or operating a motor 3578 vehicle, watercraft or motorboat while intoxicated in violation of § 18.2-266, 18.2-266.1, 46.2-341.24, or 3579 subsection B of § 29.1-738; or a substantially similar ordinance of any county, city, or town in the 3580 Commonwealth, whether or not the offense was committed in such officer's presence. Such officers may, 3581 within three hours of the alleged offense, arrest without a warrant at any location any person whom the 3582 officer has probable cause to suspect of operating a watercraft or motorboat in violation of an order 3583 issued pursuant to § 29.1-738.4, whether or not the offense was committed in such officer's presence.

3584 E. Such officers may arrest, without a warrant or a capias, persons duly charged with a crime in 3585 another jurisdiction upon receipt of a photocopy of a warrant or a capias, telegram, computer printout, 3586 facsimile printout, a radio, telephone or teletype message, in which photocopy of a warrant, telegram, 3587 computer printout, facsimile printout, radio, telephone or teletype message shall be given the name or a 3588 reasonably accurate description of such person wanted and the crime alleged.

3589 F. Such officers may arrest, without a warrant or a capias, for an alleged misdemeanor not 3590 committed in his presence when the officer receives a radio message from his department or other 3591 law-enforcement agency within the Commonwealth that a warrant or capias for such offense is on file.

3592 G. Such officers may also arrest without a warrant for an alleged misdemeanor not committed in 3593 their presence involving (i) shoplifting in violation of § 18.2-96 or 18.2-103 or a similar local ordinance, 3594 (ii) carrying a weapon on school property in violation of § 18.2-308.1, (iii) assault and battery, (iv) 3595 brandishing a firearm in violation of § 18.2-282, or (v) destruction of property in violation of 3596 § 18.2-137, when such property is located on premises used for business or commercial purposes, or a 3597 similar local ordinance, when any such arrest is based on probable cause upon reasonable complaint of 3598 the person who observed the alleged offense. The arresting officer may issue a summons to any person 3599 arrested under this section for a misdemeanor violation involving shoplifting.

3600 § 19.2-81.1. Arrest without warrant by correctional officers in certain cases.

3604

3601 Any correctional officer, as defined in § 53.1-1, may arrest, in the same manner as provided in 3602 § 19.2-81, persons for crimes involving: 3603

(a) 1. The escape of an inmate from a correctional institution, as defined in § 53.1-1;

(b) 2. Assisting an inmate to escape from a correctional institution, as defined in  $\S$  53.1-1;

3605 (c) 3. The delivery of contraband to an inmate in violation of \$ 4.1-1117, 18.2-474, or \$ 18.2-474.1; 3606 and

3607 (d) 4. Any other criminal offense which that may contribute to the disruption of the safety, welfare, 3608 or security of the population of a correctional institution. 3609

# § 19.2-83.1. Report of arrest of school employees and adult students for certain offenses.

3610 A. Every state official or agency and every sheriff, police officer, or other local law-enforcement officer or conservator of the peace having the power to arrest for a felony, upon arresting a person who 3611 3612 is known or discovered by the arresting official to be a full-time, part-time, permanent, or temporary 3613 teacher or any other employee in any local school division in the Commonwealth for a felony or a Class 1 misdemeanor or an equivalent offense in another state, shall file a report of such arrest with the 3614 division safety official designated pursuant to subsection F of § 22.1-279.8 in the school division in 3615 3616 which such person is employed as soon as practicable but no later than 48 hours after such arrest. The contents of the report required pursuant to this subsection shall be utilized by the local school division 3617 3618 solely to implement the provisions of subsection B of § 22.1-296.2 and § 22.1-315.

3619 B. The report required pursuant to subsection A shall be transmitted to the division safety official (i) 3620 via certified mail, return receipt requested, to the mailing address identified by the division superintendent pursuant to subsection F of § 22.1-279.8 or (ii) via fax and email to the fax number and 3621 3622 email address identified by the division superintendent pursuant to subsection F of § 22.1-279.8. Any 3623 certified mail return receipt shall be retained in the case file.

3624 C. (Expires July 1, 2027) In the event that the law-enforcement agency has existing access to 3625 Virginia Employment Commission records, each arresting official shall request in writing that the Virginia Employment Commission provide the name of the current employer of each person arrested for 3626

3627 an offense set forth in § 9.1-902 for purposes of determining whether a report is required pursuant to 3628 subsection A.

3629 D. Every state official or agency and every sheriff, police officer, or other local law-enforcement 3630 officer or conservator of the peace having the power to arrest for a felony shall file a report, as soon as 3631 practicable, with the division superintendent of the school division in which the student is enrolled upon 3632 arresting a person who is known or discovered by the arresting official to be a student age 18 or older 3633 in any local school division in the Commonwealth for:

3634 1. A firearm offense pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-279 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-288 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-299 et seq.), 6.1 (§ 18.2-307.1 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-308.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; 3635

2. Homicide, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; 3636

3. Felonious assault and bodily wounding, pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of 3637 3638 Title 18.2:

3639 4. Criminal sexual assault, pursuant to Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;

3640 5. Manufacture, sale, gift, distribution or possession of Schedule I or II controlled substances, 3641 pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2;

3642 6. Manufacture, sale or distribution of marijuana pursuant to Article 1 Chapter 11 (§ 18.2-247 3643 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 4.1;

- 7. Arson and related crimes, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-77 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2; 3644
- 3645 8. Burglary and related offenses, pursuant to §§ 18.2-89 through 18.2-93;
- 3646 9. Robbery pursuant to § 18.2-58;
- 3647 10. Prohibited criminal street gang activity pursuant to § 18.2-46.2;
- 3648 11. Recruitment of juveniles for criminal street gang pursuant to § 18.2-46.3;
- 12. An act of violence by a mob pursuant to § 18.2-42.1; or 3649
- 13. Abduction of any person pursuant to § 18.2-47 or 18.2-48. 3650
- 3651 § 19.2-188.1. Testimony regarding identification of controlled substances.

3652 A. In any preliminary hearing on a violation of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, Article 1 3653 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, or subdivision 6 of § 53.1-203, any law-enforcement 3654 officer shall be permitted to testify as to the results of field tests that have been approved by the Department of Forensic Science pursuant to regulations adopted in accordance with the Administrative 3655 3656 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), regarding whether or not any substance the identity of which is at issue 3657 in such hearing is a controlled substance, imitation controlled substance, or marijuana, as defined in § §§ 4.1-600 and 18.2-247. 3658

3659 B. In any trial for a violation of § 4.1-1105.1 4.1-1104 or 4.1-1105, any law-enforcement officer 3660 shall be permitted to testify as to the results of any marijuana field test approved as accurate and reliable by the Department of Forensic Science pursuant to regulations adopted in accordance with the 3661 3662 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), regarding whether or not any plant material, the identity 3663 of which is at issue, is marijuana provided the defendant has been given written notice of his right to 3664 request a full chemical analysis. Such notice shall be on a form approved by the Supreme Court and 3665 shall be provided to the defendant prior to trial.

3666 In any case in which the person accused of a violation of § 4.1-1105.1 4.1-1104 or 4.1-1105, or the attorney of record for the accused, desires a full chemical analysis of the alleged plant material, he may, 3667 3668 by motion prior to trial before the court in which the charge is pending, request such a chemical 3669 analysis. Upon such motion, the court shall order that the analysis be performed by the Department of 3670 Forensic Science in accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-247 9.1-1101 and shall prescribe in its 3671 order the method of custody, transfer, and return of evidence submitted for chemical analysis. 3672

#### § 19.2-303.01. Reduction of sentence; substantial assistance to prosecution.

3673 Notwithstanding any other provision of law or rule of court, upon motion of the attorney for the 3674 Commonwealth, the sentencing court may reduce the defendant's sentence if the defendant, after entry of 3675 the final judgment order, provided substantial assistance in investigating or prosecuting another person 3676 for (i) an act of violence as defined in § 19.2-297.1, an act of larceny of a firearm in violation of 3677 § 18.2-95, or any violation of § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.02, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-248.5, 3678 18.2-251.2, 18.2-251.3, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, or 18.2-258.2, or any 3679 substantially similar offense in any other jurisdiction, which offense would be a felony if committed in 3680 the Commonwealth; (ii) a conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in clause (i); or (iii) violations 3681 as a principal in the second degree or accessory before the fact of any of the offenses listed in clause 3682 (i). In determining whether the defendant has provided substantial assistance pursuant to the provisions 3683 of this section, the court shall consider (a) the court's evaluation of the significance and usefulness of 3684 the defendant's assistance, taking into consideration the Commonwealth's evaluation of the assistance 3685 rendered; (b) the truthfulness, completeness, and reliability of any information or testimony provided by 3686 the defendant; (c) the nature and extent of the defendant's assistance; (d) any injury suffered or any 3687 danger or risk of injury to the defendant or his family resulting from his assistance; and (e) the 3688 timeliness of the defendant's assistance. If the motion is made more than one year after entry of the final

### 61 of 81

3689 judgment order, the court may reduce a sentence only if the defendant's substantial assistance involved (1) information not known to the defendant until more than one year after entry of the final judgment order, (2) information provided by the defendant within one year of entry of the final judgment order but that did not become useful to the Commonwealth until more than one year after entry of the final judgment order, or (3) information the usefulness of which could not reasonably have been anticipated by the defendant until more than one year after entry of the final judgment order and which was promptly provided to the Commonwealth by the defendant after its usefulness was reasonably apparent.

# 3696 § 19.2-386.22. Seizure of property used in connection with or derived from illegal drug 3697 transactions.

3698 A. The following property shall be subject to lawful seizure by any officer charged with enforcing 3699 the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 3700 7 of Title 18.2: (i) all money, medical equipment, office equipment, laboratory equipment, motor 3701 vehicles, and all other personal and real property of any kind or character, used in substantial connection 3702 with (a) the illegal manufacture, sale or distribution of controlled substances or possession with intent to 3703 sell or distribute controlled substances in violation of § 18.2-248, (b) the sale or distribution of 3704 marijuana or possession with intent to distribute marijuana in violation of subdivisions (a)(2), (a)(3) and 3705 (c) of <u>§ 18.2-248.1</u> § 4.1-1103, or (c) a drug-related offense in violation of § 4.1-1117 or 18.2-474.1; (ii) 3706 everything of value furnished, or intended to be furnished, in exchange for a controlled substance in 3707 violation of § 18.2-248 or for marijuana in violation of § 18.2-248.1 4.1-1103 or for a controlled 3708 substance or marijuana in violation of § 4.1-1117 or 18.2-474.1; and (iii) all moneys or other property, 3709 real or personal, traceable to such an exchange, together with any interest or profits derived from the 3710 investment of such money or other property. Under the provisions of clause (i), real property shall not 3711 be subject to lawful seizure unless the minimum prescribed punishment for the violation is a term of not 3712 less than five years.

B. All seizures and forfeitures under this section shall be governed by the procedures contained in Chapter 22.1 (§ 19.2-386.1 et seq.).

## § 19.2-386.23. Disposal of seized controlled substances, marijuana, and paraphernalia.

3715

**3716** A. All controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, marijuana, or paraphernalia, the lawful **3717** possession of which is not established or the title to which cannot be ascertained, which have come into **3718** the custody of a peace officer or have been seized in connection with violations of *Chapter 11*  **3719** (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 18.2, shall be forfeited and **3720** disposed of as follows:

1. Upon written application by (i) the Department of Forensic Science, (ii) the Department of State
Police, or (iii) any police department or sheriff's office in a locality, the court may order the forfeiture
of any such substance or paraphernalia to the Department of Forensic Science, the Department of State
Police, or to such police department or sheriff's office for research and training purposes and for
destruction pursuant to regulations of the United States Department of Justice Drug Enforcement
Administration and of the Board of Pharmacy once these purposes have been fulfilled.

3727 2. In the event no application is made under subdivision 1, the court shall order the destruction of all 3728 such substances or paraphernalia, which order shall state the existence and nature of the substance or 3729 paraphernalia, the quantity thereof, the location where seized, the person or persons from whom the 3730 substance or paraphernalia was seized, if known, and the manner whereby such item shall be destroyed. 3731 However, the court may order that paraphernalia identified in subdivision 5 of § 18.2-265.1 not be 3732 destroyed and that it be given to a person or entity that makes a showing to the court of sufficient need 3733 for the property and an ability to put the property to a lawful and publicly beneficial use. A return under 3734 oath, reporting the time, place and manner of destruction shall be made to the court by the officer to 3735 whom the order is directed. A copy of the order and affidavit shall be made a part of the record of any 3736 criminal prosecution in which the substance or paraphernalia was used as evidence and shall, thereafter, 3737 be prima facie evidence of its contents. In the event a law-enforcement agency recovers, seizes, finds, is 3738 given or otherwise comes into possession of any such substances or paraphernalia that are not evidence 3739 in a trial in the Commonwealth, the chief law-enforcement officer of the agency or his designee may, 3740 with the written consent of the appropriate attorney for the Commonwealth, order destruction of same; 3741 provided that a statement under oath, reporting a description of the substances and paraphernalia 3742 destroyed and the time, place and manner of destruction, is made to the chief law-enforcement officer 3743 by the officer to whom the order is directed.

B. No such substance or paraphernalia used or to be used in a criminal prosecution under *Chapter 11* (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 18.2 shall be disposed of as provided by this section until all rights of appeal have been exhausted, except as provided in § 19.2-386.24.

3748 C. The amount of any specific controlled substance, or imitation controlled substance, retained by 3749 any law-enforcement agency pursuant to a court order issued under this section shall not exceed five 3763

3750 pounds, or 25 pounds in the case of marijuana. Any written application to the court for controlled 3751 substances, imitation controlled substances, or marijuana, shall certify that the amount requested shall 3752 not result in the requesting agency's exceeding the limits allowed by this subsection.

3753 D. A law-enforcement agency that retains any controlled substance, imitation controlled substance, or 3754 marijuana, pursuant to a court order issued under this section shall (i) be required to conduct an 3755 inventory of such substance on a monthly basis, which shall include a description and weight of the 3756 substance, and (ii) destroy such substance pursuant to subdivision A 1 when no longer needed for 3757 research and training purposes. A written report outlining the details of the inventory shall be made to 3758 the chief law-enforcement officer of the agency within 10 days of the completion of the inventory, and 3759 the agency shall detail the substances that were used for research and training pursuant to a court order in the immediately preceding fiscal year. Destruction of such substance shall be certified to the court 3760 3761 along with a statement prepared under oath, reporting a description of the substance destroyed, and the 3762 time, place, and manner of destruction.

## § 19.2-386.24. Destruction of seized controlled substances or marijuana prior to trial.

3764 Where seizures of controlled substances or marijuana are made in excess of 10 pounds in connection 3765 with any prosecution or investigation under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Chapter 7 3766 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 18.2, the appropriate law-enforcement agency may retain 10 pounds of the 3767 substance randomly selected from the seized substance for representative purposes as evidence and 3768 destroy the remainder of the seized substance.

3769 Before any destruction is carried out under this section, the law-enforcement agency shall cause the material seized to be photographed with identification case numbers or other means of identification and 3770 3771 shall prepare a report identifying the seized material. It shall also notify the accused, or other interested 3772 party, if known, or his attorney, at least five days in advance that the photography will take place and 3773 that they may be present. Prior to any destruction under this section, the law-enforcement agency shall 3774 also notify the accused or other interested party, if known, and his attorney at least seven days prior to the destruction of the time and place the destruction will occur. Any notice required under the 3775 3776 provisions of this section shall be by first-class mail to the last known address of the person required to 3777 be notified. In addition to the substance retained for representative purposes as evidence, all photographs 3778 and records made under this section and properly identified shall be admissible in any court proceeding 3779 for any purposes for which the seized substance itself would have been admissible.

#### 3780 § 19.2-386.25. Judge may order law-enforcement agency to maintain custody of controlled 3781 substances, etc.

3782 Upon request of the clerk of any court, a judge of the court may order a law-enforcement agency to 3783 take into its custody or to maintain custody of substantial quantities of any controlled substances, 3784 imitation controlled substances, chemicals, marijuana, or paraphernalia used or to be used in a criminal 3785 prosecution under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 3786 18.2. The court in its order may make provision for ensuring integrity of these items until further order 3787 of the court. 3788

## § 19.2-389. Dissemination of criminal history record information.

3789 A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an 3790 intermediary, only to:

3791 1. Authorized officers or employees of criminal justice agencies, as defined by § 9.1-101, for 3792 purposes of the administration of criminal justice and the screening of an employment application or 3793 review of employment by a criminal justice agency with respect to its own employees or applicants, and 3794 dissemination to the Virginia Parole Board, pursuant to this subdivision, of such information on all 3795 state-responsible inmates for the purpose of making parole determinations pursuant to subdivisions 1, 2, 3796 3, 4, and 6 of § 53.1-136 shall include collective dissemination by electronic means every 30 days. For 3797 purposes of this subdivision, criminal history record information includes information sent to the Central 3798 Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to §§ 37.2-819 and 64.2-2014 when disseminated to any full-time 3799 or part-time employee of the State Police, a police department or sheriff's office that is a part of or 3800 administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is responsible for the 3801 prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the 3802 Commonwealth for the purposes of the administration of criminal justice;

3803 2. Such other individuals and agencies that require criminal history record information to implement 3804 a state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor that 3805 expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or exclusions expressly based upon such 3806 conduct, except that information concerning the arrest of an individual may not be disseminated to a noncriminal justice agency or individual if an interval of one year has elapsed from the date of the 3807 3808 arrest and no disposition of the charge has been recorded and no active prosecution of the charge is 3809 pending:

3810 3. Individuals and agencies pursuant to a specific agreement with a criminal justice agency to provide 3811 services required for the administration of criminal justice pursuant to that agreement which shall

## 63 of 81

3812 specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to purposes for which given, and ensure the 3813 security and confidentiality of the data;

3814 4. Individuals and agencies for the express purpose of research, evaluative, or statistical activities 3815 pursuant to an agreement with a criminal justice agency that shall specifically authorize access to data, 3816 limit the use of data to research, evaluative, or statistical purposes, and ensure the confidentiality and 3817 security of the data;

3818 5. Agencies of state or federal government that are authorized by state or federal statute or executive 3819 order of the President of the United States or Governor to conduct investigations determining 3820 employment suitability or eligibility for security clearances allowing access to classified information; 6. Individuals and agencies where authorized by court order or court rule; 3821

3822 7. Agencies of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, public transportation companies 3823 owned, operated or controlled by any political subdivision, and any public service corporation that operates a public transit system owned by a local government for the conduct of investigations of 3824 3825 applicants for employment, permit, or license whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety, it is 3826 necessary to determine under a duly enacted ordinance if the past criminal conduct of a person with a 3827 conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment, permit, or license under 3828 consideration;

3829 7a. Commissions created pursuant to the Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) of 3830 Title 33.2 and their contractors, for the conduct of investigations of individuals who have been offered a 3831 position of employment whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety and as authorized in the 3832 Transportation District Act of 1964, it is necessary to determine if the past criminal conduct of a person 3833 with a conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment under consideration;

3834 8. Public or private agencies when authorized or required by federal or state law or interstate 3835 compact to investigate (i) applicants for foster or adoptive parenthood or (ii) any individual, and the 3836 adult members of that individual's household, with whom the agency is considering placing a child or from whom the agency is considering removing a child due to abuse or neglect, on an emergency, 3837 3838 temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to §§ 63.2-901.1 and 63.2-1505, subject to the restriction that 3839 the data shall not be further disseminated to any party other than a federal or state authority or court as 3840 may be required to comply with an express requirement of law;

3841 9. To the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, public service companies as defined in 3842 § 56-1, for the conduct of investigations of applicants for employment when such employment involves 3843 personal contact with the public or when past criminal conduct of an applicant would be incompatible 3844 with the nature of the employment under consideration;

3845 10. The appropriate authority for purposes of granting citizenship and for purposes of international 3846 travel, including, but not limited to, issuing visas and passports;

3847 11. A person requesting a copy of his own criminal history record information as defined in 3848 § 9.1-101 at his cost, except that criminal history record information shall be supplied at no charge to a person who has applied to be a volunteer with (i) a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of 3849 3850 America; (ii) a volunteer fire company; (iii) the Volunteer Emergency Families for Children; (iv) any affiliate of Prevent Child Abuse, Virginia; (v) any Virginia affiliate of Compeer; or (vi) any board 3851 3852 member or any individual who has been offered membership on the board of a Crime Stoppers, Crime 3853 Solvers or Crime Line program as defined in § 15.2-1713.1;

3854 12. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child 3855 welfare agency as defined in § 63.2-100 for dissemination to the Commissioner of Social Services' 3856 representative pursuant to § 63.2-1702 for the conduct of investigations with respect to employees of and 3857 volunteers at such facilities, caretakers, and foster and adoptive parent applicants of private child-placing 3858 agencies, pursuant to §§ 63.2-1719, 63.2-1720, and 63.2-1721, subject to the restriction that the data 3859 shall not be further disseminated by the facility or agency to any party other than the data subject, the 3860 Commissioner of Social Services' representative or a federal or state authority or court as may be 3861 required to comply with an express requirement of law for such further dissemination; however, nothing 3862 in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit the Commissioner of Social Services' representative 3863 from issuing written certifications regarding the results of a background check that was conducted before 3864 July 1, 2021, in accordance with subsection J of § 22.1-289.035 or § 22.1-289.039;

3865 13. The school boards of the Commonwealth for the purpose of screening individuals who are 3866 offered or who accept public school employment and those current school board employees for whom a 3867 report of arrest has been made pursuant to § 19.2-83.1;

3868 14. The Virginia Lottery for the conduct of investigations as set forth in the Virginia Lottery Law 3869 (§ 58.1-4000 et seq.) and casino gaming as set forth in Chapter 41 (§ 58.1-4100 et seq.) of Title 58.1, 3870 and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the conduct of investigations as set forth 3871 in Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2;

3872 15. Licensed nursing homes, hospitals and home care organizations for the conduct of investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed nursing homes pursuant to § 32.1-126.01, hospitalpharmacies pursuant to § 32.1-126.02, and home care organizations pursuant to § 32.1-162.9:1, subject to

**3875** the limitations set out in subsection E;

16. Licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers for the conduct of investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers pursuant to § 63.2-1720, subject to the limitations set out in subsection F;

3879 17. The Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority for the conduct of investigations as set forth
3880 in § 4.1-103.1 or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority for the conduct of investigations as set forth
3881 in § 4.1-622;

3882 18. The State Board of Elections and authorized officers and employees thereof and general registrars
appointed pursuant to § 24.2-110 in the course of conducting necessary investigations with respect to
voter registration, limited to any record of felony convictions;

19. The Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services (the Commissioner) or his designees for individuals who are committed to the custody of or being evaluated by the Commissioner pursuant to §§ 19.2-168.1, 19.2-169.1, 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.5, 19.2-169.6, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.3, 19.2-182.8, and 19.2-182.9 where such information may be beneficial for the purpose of placement, evaluation, treatment, or discharge planning;

3890 20. Any alcohol safety action program certified by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety
3891 Action Program for (i) interventions with first offenders under § 18.2-251 or (ii) services to offenders
3892 under § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 18.2-266.1;

3893 21. Residential facilities for juveniles regulated or operated by the Department of Social Services, the
3894 Department of Education, or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the
3895 purpose of determining applicants' fitness for employment or for providing volunteer or contractual
3896 services;

3897 22. The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and facilities operated by the
 3898 Department for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to
 3899 departmental instructions;

3900 23. Pursuant to § 22.1-296.3, the governing boards or administrators of private elementary or
3901 secondary schools which are accredited pursuant to § 22.1-19 or a private organization coordinating such records information on behalf of such governing boards or administrators pursuant to a written
3903 agreement with the Department of State Police;

3904 24. Public institutions of higher education and nonprofit private institutions of higher education for3905 the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or accept employment;

3906 25. Members of a threat assessment team established by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-79.4,
3907 by a public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805, or by a private nonprofit institution of higher education, for the purpose of assessing or intervening with an individual whose behavior may present a threat to safety; however, no member of a threat assessment team shall redisclose any criminal history record information obtained pursuant to this section or otherwise use any record of an individual beyond the purpose that such disclosure was made to the threat assessment team;

3912 26. Executive directors of community services boards or the personnel director serving the community services board for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider, permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver, or permission for any person under contract with the community services board to serve in a direct care position on behalf of the community services board pursuant to §§ 37.2-506, 37.2-506.1, and 37.2-607;

27. Executive directors of behavioral health authorities as defined in § 37.2-600 for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider, permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver, or permission for any person under contract with the behavioral health authority to serve in a direct care position on behalf of the behavioral health authority pursuant to §§ 37.2-506, 37.2-506.1, and 37.2-607;

3924 28. The Commissioner of Social Services for the purpose of locating persons who owe child support3925 or who are alleged in a pending paternity proceeding to be a putative father, provided that only the3926 name, address, demographics and social security number of the data subject shall be released;

3927 29. Authorized officers or directors of agencies licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of 3928 Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the 3929 purpose of determining if any applicant who accepts employment in any direct care position or requests 3930 approval as a sponsored residential service provider, permission to enter into a shared living arrangement 3931 with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver, or permission for any person 3932 under contract with the provider to serve in a direct care position has been convicted of a crime that 3933 affects his fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of individuals with mental illness, 3934 intellectual disability, or substance abuse pursuant to §§ 37.2-416, 37.2-416.1, 37.2-506, 37.2-506.1, and

**3935** 37.2-607;

3936 30. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, for the purpose of evaluating applicants
3937 for and holders of a motor carrier certificate or license subject to the provisions of Chapters 20
3938 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) and 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 46.2;

3939 31. The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary or the Chairman of the House3940 Committee for Courts of Justice for the purpose of determining if any person being considered for3941 election to any judgeship has been convicted of a crime;

3942 32. Heads of state agencies in which positions have been identified as sensitive for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment in positions designated as sensitive under Department of Human Resource Management policies developed pursuant to § 2.2-1201.1;

3945 33. The Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under
subdivision A 1 and for purposes of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually
Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

3948 34. Shipyards, to the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, engaged in the design, construction, overhaul, or repair of nuclear vessels for the United States Navy, including their subsidiary companies, for the conduct of investigations of applications for employment or for access to facilities, by contractors, leased laborers, and other visitors;

3952 35. Any employer of individuals whose employment requires that they enter the homes of others, for the purpose of screening individuals who apply for, are offered, or have accepted such employment;

3954 36. Public agencies when and as required by federal or state law to investigate (i) applicants as
3955 providers of adult foster care and home-based services or (ii) any individual with whom the agency is
3956 considering placing an adult on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to § 63.2-1601.1,
3957 subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the agency to any party other
3958 than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of
3959 law for such further dissemination, subject to limitations set out in subsection G;

3960 37. The Department of Medical Assistance Services, or its designee, for the purpose of screening
individuals who, through contracts, subcontracts, or direct employment, volunteer, apply for, are offered,
or have accepted a position related to the provision of transportation services to enrollees in the
Medicaid Program or the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Program, or any other
program administered by the Department of Medical Assistance Services;

38. The State Corporation Commission for the purpose of investigating individuals who are current or proposed members, senior officers, directors, and principals of an applicant or person licensed under Chapter 16 (§ 6.2-1600 et seq.), Chapter 19 (§ 6.2-1900 et seq.), or Chapter 26 (§ 6.2-2600 et seq.) of Title 6.2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if an application is denied based in whole or in part on information obtained from the Central Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to Chapter 16, 19, or 26 of Title 6.2, the Commissioner of Financial Institutions or his designee may disclose such information to the applicant or its designee;

3972 39. The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation for the purpose of investigating3973 individuals for initial licensure pursuant to § 54.1-2106.1;

40. The Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services and the Department for the Blind and
Vision Impaired for the purpose of evaluating an individual's fitness for various types of employment
and for the purpose of delivering comprehensive vocational rehabilitation services pursuant to Article 11
(§ 51.5-170 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 that will assist the individual in obtaining employment;
Bail bondsmen, in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-120;

3979 42. The State Treasurer for the purpose of determining whether a person receiving compensation for wrongful incarceration meets the conditions for continued compensation under § 8.01-195.12;

3981 43. The Department of Education or its agents or designees for the purpose of screening individuals
3982 seeking to enter into a contract with the Department of Education or its agents or designees for the
3983 provision of child care services for which child care subsidy payments may be provided;

3984 44. The Department of Juvenile Justice to investigate any parent, guardian, or other adult members of
3985 a juvenile's household when completing a predispositional or postdispositional report required by
3986 § 16.1-273 or a Board of Juvenile Justice regulation promulgated pursuant to § 16.1-233;

**3987** 45. The State Corporation Commission, for the purpose of screening applicants for insurance **3988** licensure under Chapter 18 (§ 38.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 38.2;

46. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child day
program or family day system, as such terms are defined in § 22.1-289.02, for dissemination to the
Superintendent of Public Instruction's representative pursuant to § 22.1-289.013 for the conduct of
investigations with respect to employees of and volunteers at such facilities pursuant to §§ 22.1-289.034
through 22.1-289.037, subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the
facility or agency to any party other than the data subject, the Superintendent of Public Instruction's
representative, or a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express

### 66 of 81

3996 requirement of law for such further dissemination; however, nothing in this subdivision shall be 3997 construed to prohibit the Superintendent of Public Instruction's representative from issuing written 3998 certifications regarding the results of prior background checks in accordance with subsection J of 3999 § 22.1-289.035 or § 22.1-289.039;

4000 47. The National Center for Missing and Exploited Children for the purpose of screening individuals 4001 who are offered or accept employment or will be providing volunteer or contractual services with the 4002 National Center for Missing and Exploited Children; and

4003

48. Other entities as otherwise provided by law. Upon an ex parte motion of a defendant in a felony case and upon the showing that the records 4004 4005 requested may be relevant to such case, the court shall enter an order requiring the Central Criminal

Records Exchange to furnish the defendant, as soon as practicable, copies of any records of persons 4006 4007 designated in the order on whom a report has been made under the provisions of this chapter.

4008 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, upon a written request sworn to 4009 before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the 4010 criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish a 4011 copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the person making the request; 4012 however, such person on whom the data is being obtained shall consent in writing, under oath, to the 4013 making of such request. A person receiving a copy of his own conviction data may utilize or further 4014 disseminate that data as he deems appropriate. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the data 4015 subject, the person making the request shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect.

4016 B. Use of criminal history record information disseminated to noncriminal justice agencies under this 4017 section shall be limited to the purposes for which it was given and may not be disseminated further, 4018 except as otherwise provided in subdivision A 46.

C. No criminal justice agency or person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal 4019 4020 history record information for employment or licensing inquiries except as provided by law.

4021 D. Criminal justice agencies shall establish procedures to query the Central Criminal Records 4022 Exchange prior to dissemination of any criminal history record information on offenses required to be 4023 reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to ensure that the most up-to-date disposition data is 4024 being used. Inquiries of the Exchange shall be made prior to any dissemination except in those cases 4025 where time is of the essence and the normal response time of the Exchange would exceed the necessary 4026 time period. A criminal justice agency to whom a request has been made for the dissemination of 4027 criminal history record information that is required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records 4028 Exchange may direct the inquirer to the Central Criminal Records Exchange for such dissemination. 4029 Dissemination of information regarding offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange shall be 4030 made by the criminal justice agency maintaining the record as required by § 15.2-1722.

4031 E. Criminal history information provided to licensed nursing homes, hospitals and to home care 4032 organizations pursuant to subdivision A 15 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange 4033 for any offense specified in §§ 32.1-126.01, 32.1-126.02, and 32.1-162.9:1.

4034 F. Criminal history information provided to licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day 4035 care centers pursuant to subdivision A 16 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange 4036 for any offense specified in § 63.2-1720.

4037 G. Criminal history information provided to public agencies pursuant to subdivision A 36 shall be 4038 limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense set forth in clause (i) of the 4039 definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02.

4040 H. Upon receipt of a written request from an employer or prospective employer, the Central Criminal 4041 Records Exchange, or the criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the 4042 Exchange, shall furnish at the employer's cost a copy of conviction data covering the person named in 4043 the request to the employer or prospective employer making the request, provided that the person on 4044 whom the data is being obtained has consented in writing to the making of such request and has 4045 presented a photo-identification to the employer or prospective employer. In the event no conviction data 4046 is maintained on the person named in the request, the requesting employer or prospective employer shall 4047 be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect. The criminal history record search shall be 4048 conducted on forms provided by the Exchange.

4049 I. Nothing in this section shall preclude the dissemination of a person's criminal history record 4050 information pursuant to the rules of court for obtaining discovery or for review by the court.

§ 19.2-389.3. (For contingent expiration dates see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524, 542, 550, and 4051 4052 551; Contingent repeal per Acts 2023, cc. 554, 555, cl. 3) Marijuana possession; limits on dissemination of criminal history record information; prohibited practices by employers, 4053 4054 educational institutions, and state and local governments; penalty.

4055 A. Records relating to the arrest, criminal charge, or conviction of a person for a misdemeanor 4056 violation of former § 18.2-248.1 or a violation of former § 18.2-250.1, including any violation charged 4057 under §§ former § 18.2-248.1 or former § 18.2-250.1 that was deferred and dismissed pursuant to

## 67 of 81

4058 § 18.2-251, maintained in the Central Criminal Records Exchange shall not be open for public inspection 4059 or otherwise disclosed, provided that such records may be disseminated (i) to make the determination as 4060 provided in § 18.2-308.2:2 of eligibility to possess or purchase a firearm; (ii) to aid in the preparation of 4061 a pretrial investigation report prepared by a local pretrial services agency established pursuant to Article 4062 5 (§ 19.2-152.2 et seq.) of Chapter 9, a pre-sentence or post-sentence investigation report pursuant to 4063 § 19.2-299 or in the preparation of the discretionary sentencing guidelines worksheets pursuant to 4064 subsection C of § 19.2-298.01; (iii) to aid local community-based probation services agencies established 4065 pursuant to the Comprehensive Community Corrections Act for Local-Responsible Offenders (§ 9.1-173 4066 et seq.) with investigating or serving adult local-responsible offenders and all court service units serving 4067 juvenile delinquent offenders; (iv) for fingerprint comparison utilizing the fingerprints maintained in the 4068 Automated Fingerprint Information System computer; (v) to attorneys for the Commonwealth to secure 4069 information incidental to sentencing and to attorneys for the Commonwealth and probation officers to 4070 prepare the discretionary sentencing guidelines worksheets pursuant to subsection C of § 19.2-298.01; 4071 (vi) to any full-time or part-time employee of the State Police, a police department, or sheriff's office 4072 that is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is 4073 responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic, or 4074 highway laws of the Commonwealth, for purposes of the administration of criminal justice as defined in 4075 § 9.1-101; (vii) to the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission for research purposes; (viii) to any 4076 full-time or part-time employee of the State Police or a police department or sheriff's office that is a part 4077 of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof for the purpose of 4078 screening any person for full-time or part-time employment with the State Police or a police department 4079 or sheriff's office that is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 4080 thereof; (ix) to the State Health Commissioner or his designee for the purpose of screening any person 4081 who applies to be a volunteer with or an employee of an emergency medical services agency as provided in § 32.1-111.5; (x) to any full-time or part-time employee of the Department of Forensic 4082 Science for the purpose of screening any person for full-time or part-time employment with the 4083 4084 Department of Forensic Science; (xi) to the chief law-enforcement officer of a locality, or his designee 4085 who shall be an individual employed as a public safety official of the locality, that has adopted an 4086 ordinance in accordance with §§ 15.2-1503.1 and 19.2-389 for the purpose of screening any person who 4087 applies to be a volunteer with or an employee of an emergency medical services agency as provided in 4088 § 32.1-111.5; and (xii) to any full-time or part-time employee of the Department of Motor Vehicles, any 4089 employer as defined in § 46.2-341.4, or any medical examiner as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 390.5 for the 4090 purpose of complying with the regulations of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.

B. An employer or educational institution shall not, in any application, interview, or otherwise,
require an applicant for employment or admission to disclose information concerning any arrest, criminal
charge, or conviction against him when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction
is not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A. An applicant need not, in answer to any
question concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction, include a reference to or information
concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction when the record relating to such arrest, criminal
concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction when the record relating to such arrest, criminal
charge, or conviction is not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A.

4098 C. Agencies, officials, and employees of the state and local governments shall not, in any 4099 application, interview, or otherwise, require an applicant for a license, permit, registration, or 4100 governmental service to disclose information concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction 4101 against him when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is not open for public 4102 inspection pursuant to subsection A. An applicant need not, in answer to any question concerning any 4103 arrest, criminal charge, or conviction, include a reference to or information concerning any arrest, 4104 criminal charge, or conviction when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is 4105 not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A. Such an application may not be denied solely 4106 because of the applicant's refusal to disclose information concerning any such arrest, criminal charge, or 4107 conviction.

**4108** D. A person who willfully violates subsection B or C is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor for each violation.

4110 § 19.2-389.3. (For contingent effective dates see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524, 542, 550, and
4111 551; Contingent repeal per Acts 2023, cc. 554, 555, cl. 3) Marijuana possession; limits on
4112 dissemination of criminal history record information; prohibited practices by employers,
4113 educational institutions, and state and local governments; penalty.

4114 A. Criminal history record information contained in the Central Criminal Records Exchange,
4115 including any records relating to an arrest, criminal charge, or conviction, for a misdemeanor violation
4116 of *former* § 18.2-248.1 or a violation of *former* § 18.2-250.1, including any violation charged under §§
4117 *former* § 18.2-248.1 or *former* § 18.2-250.1 that was deferred and dismissed pursuant to § 18.2-251,
4118 shall not be open for public inspection or otherwise disclosed, provided that such records may be

4119 disseminated and used for the following purposes: (i) to make the determination as provided in 4120 § 18.2-308.2:2 of eligibility to possess or purchase a firearm; (ii) for fingerprint comparison utilizing the 4121 fingerprints maintained in the Automated Fingerprint Information System; (iii) to the Virginia Criminal 4122 Sentencing Commission for its research purposes; (iv) to any full-time or part-time employee of the 4123 State Police or a police department or sheriff's office that is a part of or administered by the 4124 Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof for the purpose of screening any person for full-time 4125 or part-time employment with, or to be a volunteer with, the State Police or a police department or 4126 sheriff's office that is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 4127 thereof; (v) to the State Health Commissioner or his designee for the purpose of screening any person who applies to be a volunteer with or an employee of an emergency medical services agency as 4128 4129 provided in § 32.1-111.5; (vi) to any full-time or part-time employee of the Department of Forensic Science for the purpose of screening any person for full-time or part-time employment with the 4130 4131 Department of Forensic Science; (vii) to the chief law-enforcement officer of a locality, or his designee 4132 who shall be an individual employed as a public safety official of the locality, that has adopted an 4133 ordinance in accordance with §§ 15.2-1503.1 and 19.2-389 for the purpose of screening any person who 4134 applies to be a volunteer with or an employee of an emergency medical services agency as provided in § 32.1-111.5; (viii) to any full-time or part-time employee of the Department of Motor Vehicles, any 4135 4136 employer as defined in § 46.2-341.4, or any medical examiner as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 390.5 for the 4137 purpose of complying with the regulations of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration; (ix) to 4138 any employer or prospective employer or its designee where federal law requires the employer to inquire 4139 about prior criminal charges or convictions; (x) to any employer or prospective employer or its designee 4140 where the position that a person is applying for, or where access to the premises in or upon which any 4141 part of the duties of such position is performed or is to be performed, is subject to any requirement imposed in the interest of the national security of the United States under any security program in effect 4142 4143 pursuant to or administered under any contract with, or statute or regulation of, the United States or any 4144 Executive Order of the President; (xi) to any person authorized to engage in the collection of court 4145 costs, fines, or restitution under subsection C of § 19.2-349 for purposes of collecting such court costs, fines, or restitution; (xii) to administer and utilize the DNA Analysis and Data Bank set forth in Article 4146 4147 1.1 (§ 19.2-310.2 et seq.) of Chapter 18; (xiii) to publish decisions of the Supreme Court, Court of 4148 Appeals, or any circuit court; (xiv) to any full-time or part-time employee of a court, the Office of the 4149 Executive Secretary, the Division of Legislative Services, or the Chairs of the House Committee for 4150 Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary for the purpose of screening any person for 4151 full-time or part-time employment as a clerk, magistrate, or judge with a court or the Office of the 4152 Executive Secretary; (xv) to any employer or prospective employer or its designee where this Code or a 4153 local ordinance requires the employer to inquire about prior criminal charges or convictions; (xvi) to any 4154 employer or prospective employer or its designee that is allowed access to such sealed records in 4155 accordance with the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to § 9.1-128 and procedures adopted 4156 pursuant to § 9.1-134; (xvii) to any business screening service for purposes of complying with 4157 § 19.2-392.16; (xviii) to any attorney for the Commonwealth and any person accused of a violation of 4158 law, or counsel for the accused, in order to comply with any constitutional and statutory duties to 4159 provide exculpatory, mitigating, and impeachment evidence to an accused; (xix) to any party in a 4160 criminal or civil proceeding for use as authorized by law in such proceeding; (xx) to any party for use 4161 in a protective order hearing as authorized by law; (xxi) to the Department of Social Services or any 4162 local department of social services for purposes of performing any statutory duties as required under Title 63.2; (xxii) to any party in a proceeding relating to the care and custody of a child for use as 4163 authorized by law in such proceeding; (xxiii) to the attorney for the Commonwealth and the court for 4164 purposes of determining eligibility for sealing pursuant to the provisions of § 19.2-392.12; (xxiv) to 4165 determine a person's eligibility to be empaneled as a juror; and (xxv) to the person arrested, charged, or 4166 4167 convicted of the offense that was sealed.

4168 B. Except as provided in subsection C, agencies, officials, and employees of state and local governments, private employers that are not subject to federal laws or regulations in the hiring process, 4169 4170 and educational institutions shall not, in any application, interview, or otherwise, require an applicant for 4171 employment or admission to disclose information concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction 4172 against him when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is not open for public 4173 inspection pursuant to subsection A. An applicant need not, in answer to any question concerning any 4174 arrest, criminal charge, or conviction, include a reference to or information concerning any arrest, 4175 criminal charge, or conviction when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is 4176 not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A.

4177 C. The provisions of subsection B shall not apply if:

4178 1. The person is applying for full-time employment or part-time employment with, or to be a
4179 volunteer with, the State Police or a police department or sheriff's office that is a part of or administered
4180 by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;

#### 69 of 81

**4181** 2. This Code requires the employer to make such an inquiry;

4182 3. Federal law requires the employer to make such an inquiry;

4183
4. The position, or access to the premises in or upon which any part of the duties of such position is
4184
4185
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4187
4186
4186
4186
4186
4187
4186
4186
4186
4187
4186
4186
4186
4187
4186
4186
4186
4186
4187
4186
4186
4186
4186
4187
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186
4186</l

**4187** 5. The rules and regulations adopted pursuant to § 9.1-128 and procedures adopted pursuant to **§** 9.1-134 allow the employer to access such sealed records.

4189 D. Agencies, officials, and employees of the state and local governments shall not, in any 4190 application, interview, or otherwise, require an applicant for a license, permit, registration, or 4191 governmental service to disclose information concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction 4192 against him when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is not open for public 4193 inspection pursuant to subsection A. An applicant need not, in answer to any question concerning any 4194 arrest, criminal charge, or conviction, include a reference to or information concerning any arrest, 4195 criminal charge, or conviction when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is 4196 not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A. Such an application may not be denied solely 4197 because of the applicant's refusal to disclose information concerning any such arrest, criminal charge, or 4198 conviction.

4199 E. No person, as defined in § 36-96.1:1, shall, in any application for the sale or rental of a dwelling, 4200 as defined in § 36-96.1:1, require an applicant to disclose information concerning any arrest, criminal 4201 charge, or conviction against him when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A. An applicant need not, in answer to any 4202 4203 question concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction, include a reference to or information 4204 concerning arrests, criminal charges, or convictions when the record relating to such arrest, criminal 4205 charge, or conviction is not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A. Such an application 4206 may not be denied solely because of the applicant's refusal to disclose information concerning any such 4207 arrest, criminal charge, or conviction.

4208 F. No insurance company, as defined in § 38.2-100, shall, in any application for insurance, as defined 4209 in § 38.2-100, require an applicant to disclose information concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or 4210 conviction against him when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is not open 4211 for public inspection pursuant to subsection A. An applicant need not, in answer to any question 4212 concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction, include a reference to or information concerning 4213 arrests, criminal charges, or convictions when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or 4214 conviction is not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A. Such an application may not be 4215 denied solely because of the applicant's refusal to disclose information concerning any such arrest, 4216 criminal charge, or conviction.

4217 G. If any entity or person listed under subsection B, D, E, or F includes a question about a prior 4218 arrest, criminal charge, or conviction in an application for one or more of the purposes set forth in such 4219 subsections, such application shall include, or such entity or person shall provide, a notice to the 4220 applicant that an arrest, criminal charge, or conviction that is not open for public inspection pursuant to 4221 subsection A does not have to be disclosed in the application. Such notice need not be included on any 4222 application for one or more of the purposes set forth in subsection C.

4223 H. The provisions of this section shall not prohibit the disclosure of any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction that is not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A or any information from such records among law-enforcement officers and attorneys when such disclosures are made by such officers or attorneys while engaged in the performance of their duties for purposes solely relating to the disclosure or use of exculpatory, mitigating, and impeachment evidence or between attorneys for the Commonwealth when related to the prosecution of a separate crime.

**4229** I. A person who willfully violates subsection B, D, E, or F is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor for each violation.

4231 § 19.2-392.02. National criminal background checks by businesses and organizations regarding 4232 employees or volunteers providing care to children or the elderly or disabled.

4233 A. For purposes of this section:

4234 "Barrier crime" means (i) a felony violation of § 16.1-253.2; any violation of § 18.2-31, 18.2-32, 4235 18.2-32.1, 18.2-32.2, 18.2-33, 18.2-35, 18.2-36, 18.2-36.1, 18.2-36.2, 18.2-41, or 18.2-42; any felony 4236 violation of § 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3, 18.2-46.3:1, or 18.2-46.3:3; any violation of § 18.2-46.5, 18.2-46.6, 4237 or 18.2-46.7; any violation of subsection A or B of § 18.2-47; any violation of § 18.2-48, 18.2-49, or 18.2-50.3; any violation of § 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-51.2, 18.2-51.3, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-51.5, 18.2-51.6, 4238 4239 18.2-52, 18.2-52.1, 18.2-53, 18.2-53.1, 18.2-54.1, 18.2-54.2, 18.2-55, 18.2-55.1, 18.2-56, 18.2-56.1, 4240 18.2-56.2, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.01, 18.2-57.02, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-58, 18.2-58.1, 18.2-59, 18.2-60, or 18.2-60.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-60.3 or 18.2-60.4; any violation of § 18.2-61, 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, 4241

4242 18.2-64.2, 18.2-67.1, 18.2-67.2, 18.2-67.3, 18.2-67.4, 18.2-67.4:1, 18.2-67.4:2, 18.2-67.5, 18.2-67.5:1, 4243 18.2-67.5:2, 18.2-67.5:3, 18.2-77, 18.2-79, 18.2-80, 18.2-81, 18.2-82, 18.2-83, 18.2-84, 18.2-85, 18.2-86, 4244 18.2-87, 18.2-87.1, or 18.2-88; any felony violation of § 18.2-279, 18.2-280, 18.2-281, 18.2-282, 4245 18.2-282.1, 18.2-286.1, or 18.2-287.2; any violation of § 18.2-289, 18.2-290, 18.2-300, 18.2-308.4, or 4246 18.2-314; any felony violation of § 18.2-346.01, 18.2-348, or 18.2-349; any violation of § 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 18.2-357.1; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-361; any violation of 4247 4248 § 18.2-366, 18.2-369, 18.2-370, 18.2-370.1, 18.2-370.2, 18.2-370.3, 18.2-370.4, 18.2-370.5, 18.2-370.6, 4249 18.2-371.1, 18.2-374.1, 18.2-374.1:1, 18.2-374.3, 18.2-374.4, 18.2-379, 18.2-386.1, or 18.2-386.2; any felony violation of § 18.2-405 or 18.2-406; any violation of § 18.2-408, 18.2-413, 18.2-414, 18.2-423, 4250 4251 18.2-423.01, 18.2-423.1, 18.2-423.2, 18.2-433.2, 18.2-472.1, 18.2-474.1, 18.2-477, 18.2-477.1, 18.2-477.2, 18.2-478, 18.2-479, 18.2-480, 18.2-481, 18.2-484, 18.2-485, 37.2-917, or 53.1-203; or any 4252 4253 substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction; (ii) any violation of § 18.2-89, 4254 18.2-90, 18.2-91, 18.2-92, 18.2-93, or 18.2-94 or any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction; (iii) any felony violation of § 4.1-1101, 4.1-1114, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.02, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-248.5, 18.2-251.2, 18.2-251.3, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 4255 4256 4257 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, or 18.2-258.2 or any substantially similar offense under the laws of 4258 another jurisdiction; (iv) any felony violation of § 18.2-250 or any substantially similar offense under the 4259 laws of another jurisdiction; (v) any offense set forth in § 9.1-902 that results in the person's requirement 4260 to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to § 9.1-901, including 4261 any finding that a person is not guilty by reason of insanity in accordance with Chapter 11.1 (§ 19.2-182.2 et seq.) of Title 19.2 of an offense set forth in § 9.1-902 that results in the person's 4262 requirement to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to 4263 § 9.1-901; any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction; or any offense for 4264 4265 which registration in a sex offender and crimes against minors registry is required under the laws of the 4266 jurisdiction where the offender was convicted; or (vi) any other felony not included in clause (i), (ii), 4267 (iii), (iv), or (v) unless five years have elapsed from the date of the conviction.

4268 Barrier crime information" means the following facts concerning a person who has been arrested for, 4269 or has been convicted of, a barrier crime, regardless of whether the person was a juvenile or adult at the 4270 time of the arrest or conviction: full name, race, sex, date of birth, height, weight, fingerprints, a brief 4271 description of the barrier crime or offenses for which the person has been arrested or has been 4272 convicted, the disposition of the charge, and any other information that may be useful in identifying 4273 persons arrested for or convicted of a barrier crime.

4274 "Care" means the provision of care, treatment, education, training, instruction, supervision, or 4275 recreation to children or the elderly or disabled. 4276

"Department" means the Department of State Police.

4277 "Employed by" means any person who is employed by, volunteers for, seeks to be employed by, or 4278 seeks to volunteer for a qualified entity.

4279 "Identification document" means a document made or issued by or under the authority of the United 4280 States government, a state, a political subdivision of a state, a foreign government, political subdivision 4281 of a foreign government, an international governmental or an international quasi-governmental 4282 organization that, when completed with information concerning a particular individual, is of a type 4283 intended or commonly accepted for the purpose of identification of individuals.

4284 "Provider" means a person who (i) is employed by a qualified entity and has, seeks to have, or may 4285 have unsupervised access to a child or to an elderly or disabled person to whom the qualified entity 4286 provides care; (ii) is a volunteer of a qualified entity and has, seeks to have, or may have unsupervised 4287 access to a child to whom the qualified entity provides care; or (iii) owns, operates, or seeks to own or 4288 operate a qualified entity.

4289 "Qualified entity" means a business or organization that provides care to children or the elderly or 4290 disabled, whether governmental, private, for profit, nonprofit, or voluntary, except organizations exempt 4291 pursuant to subdivision A 7 of § 22.1-289.030.

4292 B. A qualified entity may request the Department of State Police to conduct a national criminal 4293 background check on any provider who is employed by such entity. No qualified entity may request a 4294 national criminal background check on a provider until such provider has: 4295

1. Been fingerprinted; and

4296 2. Completed and signed a statement, furnished by the entity, that includes (i) his name, address, and 4297 date of birth as it appears on a valid identification document; (ii) a disclosure of whether or not the 4298 provider has ever been convicted of or is the subject of pending charges for a criminal offense within or 4299 outside the Commonwealth, and if the provider has been convicted of a crime, a description of the crime 4300 and the particulars of the conviction; (iii) a notice to the provider that the entity may request a 4301 background check; (iv) a notice to the provider that he is entitled to obtain a copy of any background 4302 check report, to challenge the accuracy and completeness of any information contained in any such 4303 report, and to obtain a prompt determination as to the validity of such challenge before a final

#### 71 of 81

determination is made by the Department; and (v) a notice to the provider that prior to the completionof the background check the qualified entity may choose to deny the provider unsupervised access tochildren or the elderly or disabled for whom the qualified entity provides care.

4307 C. Upon receipt of (i) a qualified entity's written request to conduct a background check on a 4308 provider, (ii) the provider's fingerprints, and (iii) a completed, signed statement as described in 4309 subsection B, the Department shall make a determination whether the provider has been convicted of or 4310 is the subject of charges of a barrier crime. To conduct its determination regarding the provider's barrier 4311 crime information, the Department shall access the national criminal history background check system, 4312 which is maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is based on fingerprints and other 4313 methods of identification, and shall access the Central Criminal Records Exchange maintained by the 4314 Department. If the Department receives a background report lacking disposition data, the Department 4315 shall conduct research in whatever state and local recordkeeping systems are available in order to obtain 4316 complete data. The Department shall make reasonable efforts to respond to a qualified entity's inquiry 4317 within 15 business days.

4318 D. Any background check conducted pursuant to this section for a provider employed by a private
4319 entity shall be screened by the Department of State Police. If the provider has been convicted of or is
4320 under indictment for a barrier crime, the qualified entity shall be notified that the provider is not
4321 qualified to work or volunteer in a position that involves unsupervised access to children or the elderly
4322 or disabled.

4323 E. Any background check conducted pursuant to this section for a provider employed by a 4324 governmental entity shall be provided to that entity.

F. In the case of a provider who desires to volunteer at a qualified entity and who is subject to a national criminal background check, the Department and the Federal Bureau of Investigation may each charge the provider the lesser of \$18 or the actual cost to the entity of the background check conducted with the fingerprints.

4329 G. The failure to request a criminal background check pursuant to subsection B shall not be 4330 considered negligence per se in any civil action.

\$ 19.2-392.6. (For effective date see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524 and 542) Automatic sealing of
offenses resulting in a deferred and dismissed disposition or conviction; automatic sealing of
former possession of marijuana offenses.

A. If a person was convicted of a violation of any of the following sections, such conviction, including any records relating to such conviction, shall be ordered to be automatically sealed in the manner set forth in § 19.2-392.7, subject to the provisions of subsections B and C: § 18.2-96, 18.2-103, 18.2-119, 18.2-120, or 18.2-134; a misdemeanor violation of *former* § 18.2-248.1; or § 18.2-415.

B. Subject to the provisions of subsection C, any conviction listed under subsection A shall be
ordered to be automatically sealed if seven years have passed since the date of the conviction and the
person convicted of such offense has not been convicted of violating any law of the Commonwealth that
requires a report to the Central Criminal Records Exchange under subsection A of § 19.2-390 or any
other state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or any territory thereof, excluding traffic
infractions under Title 46.2, during that time period.

4344 C. No conviction listed under subsection a shall be automatically sealed if, on the date of the 4345 conviction, the person was convicted of another offense that is not eligible for automatic sealing under 4346 subsection A.

4347 D. If a person was charged with any criminal offense and such offense concluded with any final
4348 disposition as a violation of former § 18.2-250.1, such offense shall be ordered to be automatically
4349 sealed in the manner set forth in § 19.2-392.7.

**4350** E. This section shall not be construed as prohibiting a person from seeking sealing in the circuit court pursuant to the provisions of § 19.2-392.12.

4352 § 22.1-206. Instruction concerning drugs, alcohol, substance abuse, tobacco and nicotine 4353 products, and gambling.

4354 A. Instruction concerning drugs and drug abuse shall be provided by the public schools as prescribed 4355 by the Board of Education.

B. Instruction concerning the public safety hazards and dangers of alcohol abuse, underage drinking, *underage marijuana use*, and drunk driving shall be provided in the public schools. The Virginia
Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority *and the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority* shall provide
educational materials to the Department of Education. The Department of Education shall review and
shall distribute such materials as are approved to the public schools.

4361 C. The Virginia Foundation for Healthy Youth shall develop and the Department of Education shall
4362 distribute to each local school division educational materials concerning the health and safety risks of
4363 using tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, and alternative nicotine products, as such terms are
4364 defined in § 18.2-371.2. Instruction concerning the health and safety risks of using tobacco products,

# 72 of 81

4365 nicotine vapor products, and alternative nicotine products, as such terms are defined in § 18.2-371.2, 4366 shall be provided in each public elementary and secondary school in the Commonwealth, consistent with 4367 such educational materials.

4368 D. Instruction concerning gambling and the addictive potential thereof shall be provided by the 4369 public schools as prescribed by the Board.

#### 4370 § 22.1-277.08. Expulsion of students for certain drug offenses.

4371 A. School boards shall expel from school attendance any student whom such school board has 4372 determined, in accordance with the procedures set forth in this article, to have brought a controlled 4373 substance, or imitation controlled substance, or marijuana as those terms are defined in § 18.2-247 onto 4374 school property or to a school-sponsored activity. A school administrator, pursuant to school board policy, or a school board may, however, determine, based on the facts of a particular situation, that 4375 special circumstances exist and no disciplinary action or another disciplinary action or another term of 4376 4377 expulsion is appropriate. A school board may, by regulation, authorize the division superintendent or his 4378 designee to conduct a preliminary review of such cases to determine whether a disciplinary action other 4379 than expulsion is appropriate. Such regulations shall ensure that, if a determination is made that another 4380 disciplinary action is appropriate, any such subsequent disciplinary action is to be taken in accordance 4381 with the procedures set forth in this article. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a 4382 student's expulsion regardless of the facts of the particular situation.

4383 B. Each school board shall revise its standards of student conduct to incorporate the requirements of 4384 this section no later than three months after the date on which this act becomes effective. 4385

# § 23.1-1301. Governing boards; powers.

4386 A. The board of visitors of each baccalaureate public institution of higher education or its designee 4387 may:

4388

1. Make regulations and policies concerning the institution:

4389 2. Manage the funds of the institution and approve an annual budget;

4390 3. Appoint the chief executive officer of the institution;

4391 4. Appoint professors and fix their salaries; and

4392 5. Fix the rates charged to students for tuition, mandatory fees, and other necessary charges.

4393 B. The governing board of each public institution of higher education or its designee may:

4394 1. In addition to the powers set forth in Restructured Higher Education Financial and Administrative 4395 Operations Act (§ 23.1-1000 et seq.), lease or sell and convey its interest in any real property that it has 4396 acquired by purchase, will, or deed of gift, subject to the prior approval of the Governor and any terms 4397 and conditions of the will or deed of gift, if applicable. The proceeds shall be held, used, and 4398 administered in the same manner as all other gifts and bequests;

4399 2. Grant easements for roads, streets, sewers, waterlines, electric and other utility lines, or other 4400 purposes on any property owned by the institution;

4401 3. Adopt regulations or institution policies for parking and traffic on property owned, leased, 4402 maintained, or controlled by the institution;

4403 4. Adopt regulations or institution policies for the employment and dismissal of professors, teachers, 4404 instructors, and other employees;

4405 5. Adopt regulations or institution policies for the acceptance and assistance of students in addition to 4406 the regulations or institution policies required pursuant to § 23.1-1303;

4407 6. Adopt regulations or institution policies for the conduct of students in attendance and for the 4408 rescission or restriction of financial aid, suspension, and dismissal of students who fail or refuse to abide 4409 by such regulations or policies;

4410 7. Establish programs, in cooperation with the Council and the Office of the Attorney General, to 4411 promote (i) student compliance with state laws on the use of alcoholic beverages and marijuana and (ii) 4412 the awareness and prevention of sexual crimes committed upon students;

4413 8. Establish guidelines for the initiation or induction of students into any social fraternity or sorority 4414 in accordance with the prohibition against hazing as defined in § 18.2-56;

4415 9. Assign any interest it possesses in intellectual property or in materials in which the institution 4416 claims an interest, provided such assignment is in accordance with the terms of the institution's 4417 intellectual property policies adopted pursuant to § 23.1-1303. The Governor's prior written approval is 4418 required for transfers of such property (i) developed wholly or predominantly through the use of state 4419 general funds, exclusive of capital assets and (ii)(a) developed by an employee of the institution acting 4420 within the scope of his assigned duties or (b) for which such transfer is made to an entity other than (1) 4421 the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority, (2) an entity whose purpose is to manage 4422 intellectual properties on behalf of nonprofit organizations, colleges, and universities, or (3) an entity whose purpose is to benefit the respective institutions. The Governor may attach conditions to these 4423 4424 transfers as he deems necessary. In the event the Governor does not approve such transfer, the materials 4425 shall remain the property of the respective institutions and may be used and developed in any manner permitted by law; 4426

4427 10. Conduct closed meetings pursuant to §§ 2.2-3711 and 2.2-3712 and conduct business through 4428 electronic communication means pursuant to § 2.2-3708.3; and

4429 11. Adopt a resolution to require the governing body of a locality that is contiguous to the institution 4430 to enforce state statutes and local ordinances with respect to offenses occurring on the property of the 4431 institution. Upon receipt of such resolution, the governing body of such locality shall enforce statutes 4432 and local ordinances with respect to offenses occurring on the property of the institution. 4433

§ 46.2-105.2. Obtaining documents from the Department when not entitled thereto; penalty.

4434 A. It shall be unlawful for any person to obtain a Virginia driver's license, special identification card, 4435 vehicle registration, certificate of title, or other document issued by the Department if such person has 4436 not satisfied all legal and procedural requirements for the issuance thereof, or is otherwise not legally 4437 entitled thereto, including obtaining any document issued by the Department through the use of 4438 counterfeit, forged, or altered documents.

4439 B. It shall be unlawful to aid any person to obtain any driver's license, special identification card, 4440 vehicle registration, certificate of title, or other document in violation of the provisions of subsection A.

4441 C. It shall be unlawful to knowingly possess or use for any purpose any driver's license, special 4442 identification card, vehicle registration, certificate of title, or other document obtained in violation of the 4443 provisions of subsection A.

4444 D. A violation of any provision of this section shall constitute a Class 2 misdemeanor if a person is 4445 charged and convicted of a violation of this section that involved the unlawful obtaining or possession 4446 of any document issued by the Department for the purpose of engaging in any age-limited activity, 4447 including but not limited to obtaining, possessing, or consuming alcoholic beverages or marijuana. 4448 However, if a person is charged and convicted of any other violation of this section, such offense shall 4449 constitute a Class 6 felony.

4450 E. Whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that any driver's license, special 4451 identification card, vehicle registration, certificate of title, or other document issued by the Department 4452 has been obtained in violation of this section, it may be cancelled by the Commissioner, who shall mail 4453 notice of the cancellation to the address of record maintained by the Department.

4454 § 46.2-347. Fraudulent use of driver's license or Department of Motor Vehicles identification 4455 card to obtain alcoholic beverages; penalties.

4456 Any underage person as specified in § 4.1-304 who knowingly uses or attempts to use a forged, 4457 deceptive or otherwise nongenuine driver's license issued by any state, territory or possession of the 4458 United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or any foreign country or 4459 government; United States Armed Forces identification card; United States passport or foreign 4460 government visa; Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles special identification card; official 4461 identification issued by any other federal, state or foreign government agency; or official student 4462 identification card of an institution of higher education to obtain alcoholic beverages shall be or 4463 marijuana is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor, and upon conviction of a violation of this section, the 4464 court shall revoke such convicted person's driver's license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle for a 4465 period of not less than 30 days nor more than one year.

#### 4466 § 48-17.1. Temporary injunctions against alcoholic beverage sales.

4467 A. Any locality by or through its mayor, chief executive, or attorney may petition a circuit court to 4468 temporarily enjoin the sale of alcohol or marijuana at any establishment licensed by the Virginia 4469 Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority. The basis for such 4470 petition shall be the operator of the establishment has allowed it to become a meeting place for persons 4471 committing serious criminal violations of the law on or immediately adjacent to the premises so frequent 4472 and serious as to be deemed a continuing threat to public safety, as represented in an affidavit by the 4473 chief law-enforcement officer of the locality, supported by records of such criminal acts. The court shall, 4474 upon the presentation of evidence at a hearing on the matter, grant a temporary injunction, without 4475 bond, enjoining the sale of alcohol or marijuana at the establishment, if it appears to the satisfaction of 4476 the court that the threat to public safety complained of exists and is likely to continue if such injunction 4477 is not granted. The court hearing on the petition shall be held within 10 days of service upon the 4478 respondent. The respondent shall be served with notice of the time and place of the hearing and copies 4479 of all documentary evidence to be relied upon by the complainant at such hearing. Any injunction issued 4480 by the court shall be dissolved in the event the court later finds that the threat to public safety that is 4481 the basis of the injunction has been abated by reason of a change of ownership, management, or 4482 business operations at the establishment, or other change in circumstance.

4483 B. The Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority 4484 shall be given notice of any hearing under this section. In the event an injunction is granted, the 4485 Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority shall initiate 4486 an investigation into the activities at the establishment complained of and conduct an administrative 4487 hearing. After the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control

4488 Authority hearing and when a final determination has been issued by the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage 4489 Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, regardless of disposition, any injunction 4490 issued hereunder shall be null, without further action by the complainant, respondent, or the court. 4491

§ 53.1-231.2. Restoration of the civil right to be eligible to register to vote to certain persons.

4492 This section shall apply to any person who is not a qualified voter because of a felony conviction, 4493 who seeks to have his right to register to vote restored and become eligible to register to vote, and who 4494 meets the conditions and requirements set out in this section.

4495 Any person, other than a person (i) convicted of a violent felony as defined in § 19.2-297.1 or in subsection C of § 17.1-805 and any crime ancillary thereto; (ii) convicted of a felony pursuant to § 4.1-1101, 4.1-1114, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, or 18.2-258.02; or (iii) 4496 4497 4498 convicted of a felony pursuant to § 24.2-1016, may petition the circuit court of the county or city in which he was convicted of a felony, or the circuit court of the county or city in which he presently 4499 4500 resides, for restoration of his civil right to be eligible to register to vote through the process set out in 4501 this section. On such petition, the court may approve the petition for restoration to the person of his 4502 right if the court is satisfied from the evidence presented that the petitioner has completed, five or more 4503 years previously, service of any sentence and any modification of sentence including probation, parole, 4504 and suspension of sentence; that the petitioner has demonstrated civic responsibility through community 4505 or comparable service; and that the petitioner has been free from criminal convictions, excluding traffic 4506 infractions, for the same period.

4507 If the court approves the petition, it shall so state in an order, provide a copy of the order to the 4508 petitioner, and transmit its order to the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The order shall state that the 4509 petitioner's right to be eligible to register to vote may be restored by the date that is 90 days after the date of the order, subject to the approval or denial of restoration of that right by the Governor. The 4510 Secretary of the Commonwealth shall transmit the order to the Governor who may grant or deny the 4511 4512 petition for restoration of the right to be eligible to register to vote approved by the court order. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send, within 90 days of the date of the order, to the petitioner at 4513 4514 the address stated on the court's order, a certificate of restoration of that right or notice that the 4515 Governor has denied the restoration of that right. The Governor's denial of a petition for the restoration of voting rights shall be a final decision and the petitioner shall have no right of appeal. The Secretary 4516 4517 shall notify the court and the State Board of Elections in each case of the restoration of the right or 4518 denial of restoration by the Governor.

4519 On receipt of the certificate of restoration of the right to register to vote from the Secretary of the 4520 Commonwealth, the petitioner, who is otherwise a qualified voter, shall become eligible to register to 4521 vote. 4522

# § 54.1-2903. What constitutes practice: advertising in connection with medical practice.

4523 A. Any person shall be regarded as practicing the healing arts who actually engages in such practice 4524 as defined in this chapter, or who opens an office for such purpose, or who advertises or announces to the public in any manner a readiness to practice or who uses in connection with his name the words or letters "Doctor," "Dr.," "M.D.," "D.O.," "D.P.M.," "D.C.," "Healer," "N.P.," or any other title, word, 4525 4526 4527 letter or designation intending to designate or imply that he is a practitioner of the healing arts or that 4528 he is able to heal, cure or relieve those suffering from any injury, deformity or disease.

4529 Signing a birth or death certificate, or signing any statement certifying that the person so signing has 4530 rendered professional service to the sick or injured, or signing or issuing a prescription for drugs or 4531 other remedial agents, shall be prima facie evidence that the person signing or issuing such writing is 4532 practicing the healing arts within the meaning of this chapter except where persons other than physicians 4533 are required to sign birth certificates.

B. No person regulated under this chapter shall use the title "Doctor" or the abbreviation "Dr." in 4534 4535 writing or in advertising in connection with his practice unless he simultaneously uses words, initials, an 4536 abbreviation or designation, or other language that identifies the type of practice for which he is 4537 licensed. No person regulated under this chapter shall include in any advertisement a reference to marijuana, as defined in § 18.2-247 54.1-3401, unless such advertisement is for the treatment of 4538 4539 addiction or substance abuse. However, nothing in this subsection shall prevent a person from including 4540 in any advertisement that such person is registered with the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis 4541 Control Authority to issue written certifications for the use of cannabis products, as defined in 4542 § 4.1-1600. 4543

# § 54.1-4426. Accounting services for licensed marijuana establishments.

4544 A. As used in this section, "licensed" and "marijuana establishment" have the same meaning as 4545 provided in § 4.1-600.

4546 B. A CPA, CPA firm, or officer, director, or employee of a CPA or CPA firm that provides 4547 accounting services to a licensed marijuana establishment shall not be held liable pursuant to any state 4548 law or regulation solely for providing such accounting services.

4549 C. Nothing in this section shall require a CPA or CPA firm to provide accounting services to a **4550** *licensed marijuana establishment.* 

4551 § 58.1-301. (Applicable to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2023) Conformity to 4552 Internal Revenue Code.

4553 A. Any term used in this chapter shall have the same meaning as when used in a comparable context 4554 in the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes, unless a different meaning is clearly 4555 required.

4556 B. Any reference in this chapter to the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes
4557 shall mean the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, and amendments thereto, and other
4558 provisions of the laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes, except for:

**4559** 1. The special depreciation allowance for certain property provided for under §§ 168(k), 168(l), **4560** 168(m), 1400L, and 1400N of the Internal Revenue Code;

4561 2. The carry-back of certain net operating losses for five years under § 172(b)(1)(H) of the Internal4562 Revenue Code;

**4563** 3. The original issue discount on applicable high yield discount obligations under § 163(e)(5)(F) of the Internal Revenue Code;

4565 4. The deferral of certain income under § 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. For Virginia income 4566 tax purposes, income from the discharge of indebtedness in connection with the reacquisition of an 4567 "applicable debt instrument" (as defined under § 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code) reacquired in the 4568 taxable year shall be fully included in the taxpayer's Virginia taxable income for the taxable year, unless 4569 the taxpayer elects to include such income in the taxpayer's Virginia taxable income ratably over a 4570 three-taxable-year period beginning with taxable year 2009 for transactions completed in taxable year 4571 2009, or over a three-taxable-year period beginning with taxable year 2010 for transactions completed in 4572 taxable year 2010 on or before April 21, 2010. For purposes of such election, all other provisions of 4573 § 108(i) of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply mutatis mutandis. No other deferral shall be allowed 4574 for income from the discharge of indebtedness in connection with the reacquisition of an "applicable 4575 debt instrument";

4576 5. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2019, the suspension of the overall limitation4577 on itemized deductions under § 68(f) of the Internal Revenue Code;

6. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2017, but before January 1, 2018, and for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2019, the 7.5 percent of federal adjusted gross income threshold set forth in § 213(a) of the Internal Revenue Code that is used for purposes of computing the deduction allowed for expenses for medical care pursuant to § 213 of the Internal Revenue Code. For such taxable years, the threshold utilized for Virginia income tax purposes to compute the deduction allowed for expenses for medical care pursuant to § 213 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be 10 percent of federal adjusted gross income;

**4585** 7. The provisions of §§ 2303(a) and 2303(b) of the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic **4586** Security Act, P.L. 116-136 (2020), related to the net operating loss limitation and carryback;

4587 8. The provisions of § 2304(a) of the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act,
4588 P.L. 116-136 (2020), related to a loss limitation applicable to taxpayers other than corporations;

4589 9. The provisions of § 2306 of the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, P.L.
4590 116-136 (2020), related to the limitation on business interest;

**4591** 10. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2021, the provisions of §§ 276(a), 276(b)(2), **4592** 276(b)(3), 278(a)(2), 278(a)(3), 278(b)(2), 278(b)(3), 278(c)(2), 278(c)(3), 278(d)(2), and 278(d)(3) of the federal Consolidated Appropriations Act, P.L. 116-260 (2020), and §§ 9672(2), 9672(3), 9673(2), **4594** and 9673(3) of the federal American Rescue Plan Act, P.L. 117-2 (2021) related to deductions, tax attributes, and basis increases for certain loan forgiveness and other business financial assistance; and

4596 11. a. (1) Any amendment enacted on or after January 1, 2023, with a projected impact that would
4597 increase or decrease general fund revenues by greater than \$15 million in the fiscal year in which the
4598 amendment was enacted or any of the succeeding four fiscal years. The provisions of this subdivision
4599 shall not apply to any amendment to federal income tax law that is either subsequently adopted by the
4600 General Assembly or a federal tax extender as defined in subdivision b;

4601 12. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2024, the prohibition on utilizing tax
4602 deductions for ordinary and necessary expenditures made in connection with carrying on a trade or
4603 business licensed in Virginia pursuant to Subtitle II of Title 4.1 (§ 4.1-600 et. seq.) under § 280E of the
4604 Internal Revenue Code.

(2) All amendments enacted on or after January 1, 2023, and occurring between adjournment sine die
of the previous regular session of the General Assembly and the first day of the subsequent regular
session of the General Assembly if the cumulative projected impact of such amendments would increase
or decrease general fund revenues by greater than \$75 million in the fiscal year in which the
amendments were enacted or any of the succeeding four fiscal years. The provisions of this subdivision
shall not apply to any amendment to federal income tax law that is (i) subsequently adopted by the

SB448H1

4636

4640

4646

# 76 of 81

General Assembly, (ii) a federal tax extender as defined in subdivision b, or (iii) enacted before the date 4611 4612 on which the cumulative projected impact is met. However, any amendment conformed to pursuant to 4613 clause (iii) shall be included in the calculation of the \$75 million threshold for purposes of determining 4614 whether such threshold has been met.

(3) Beginning January 1, 2024, the threshold provided by subdivision (1) shall be adjusted annually 4615 4616 based on the preceding change in the Chained Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers 4617 (C-CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the U.S. Department of Labor or any 4618 successor index for the previous year.

4619 b. For purposes of this subdivision 11, "amendment" means a single amendment to federal income 4620 tax law or a group of such amendments enacted in the same act of Congress that collectively surpass the threshold impact, and "federal tax extender" means an amendment to federal tax law that extends the 4621 expiration date of a federal tax provision to which Virginia conforms or has previously conformed. 4622

4623 c. The Secretary of Finance, in consultation with the Chairmen of the Senate Committee on Finance 4624 and Appropriations and the House Committees on Appropriations and Finance, shall be responsible for 4625 determining whether the criteria of subdivision a are met.

4626 d. The Secretary of Finance shall annually provide a report on or before November 15 of each year 4627 on the fiscal impact of amendments to federal income tax law occurring since the adjournment sine die 4628 of the preceding regular session of the General Assembly to the Chairmen of the Senate Committee on 4629 Finance and Appropriations and the House Committees on Appropriations and Finance. The Secretary of 4630 Finance shall also provide updates to the same Chairmen on any further amendments to federal income 4631 tax law occurring between submission of the required report and the first day of the subsequent regular 4632 session of the General Assembly.

4633 C. The Department of Taxation is hereby authorized to develop procedures or guidelines for 4634 implementation of the provisions of this section, which procedures or guidelines shall be exempt from 4635 the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

## § 59.1-200. Prohibited practices.

4637 A. The following fraudulent acts or practices committed by a supplier in connection with a consumer 4638 transaction are hereby declared unlawful:

4639 1. Misrepresenting goods or services as those of another;

2. Misrepresenting the source, sponsorship, approval, or certification of goods or services;

4641 3. Misrepresenting the affiliation, connection, or association of the supplier, or of the goods or 4642 services, with another; 4643

4. Misrepresenting geographic origin in connection with goods or services;

4644 5. Misrepresenting that goods or services have certain quantities, characteristics, ingredients, uses, or 4645 benefits:

6. Misrepresenting that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, grade, style, or model;

7. Advertising or offering for sale goods that are used, secondhand, repossessed, defective, blemished, deteriorated, or reconditioned, or that are "seconds," irregulars, imperfects, or "not first 4647 4648 4649 class," without clearly and unequivocally indicating in the advertisement or offer for sale that the goods 4650 are used, secondhand, repossessed, defective, blemished, deteriorated, reconditioned, or are "seconds," 4651 irregulars, imperfects or "not first class";

4652 8. Advertising goods or services with intent not to sell them as advertised, or with intent not to sell 4653 at the price or upon the terms advertised.

4654 In any action brought under this subdivision, the refusal by any person, or any employee, agent, or servant thereof, to sell any goods or services advertised or offered for sale at the price or upon the terms 4655 4656 advertised or offered, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this subdivision. This paragraph 4657 shall not apply when it is clearly and conspicuously stated in the advertisement or offer by which such goods or services are advertised or offered for sale, that the supplier or offeror has a limited quantity or 4658 4659 amount of such goods or services for sale, and the supplier or offeror at the time of such advertisement 4660 or offer did in fact have or reasonably expected to have at least such quantity or amount for sale;

4661 9. Making false or misleading statements of fact concerning the reasons for, existence of, or amounts 4662 of price reductions:

4663 10. Misrepresenting that repairs, alterations, modifications, or services have been performed or parts 4664 installed:

4665 11. Misrepresenting by the use of any written or documentary material that appears to be an invoice 4666 or bill for merchandise or services previously ordered;

4667 12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, using in any manner the words "wholesale," "wholesaler," "factory," or "manufacturer" in the supplier's name, or to describe the nature of the 4668 4669 supplier's business, unless the supplier is actually engaged primarily in selling at wholesale or in 4670 manufacturing the goods or services advertised or offered for sale;

4671 13. Using in any contract or lease any liquidated damage clause, penalty clause, or waiver of 4672 defense, or attempting to collect any liquidated damages or penalties under any clause, waiver, damages,

### 77 of 81

4673 or penalties that are void or unenforceable under any otherwise applicable laws of the Commonwealth, 4674 or under federal statutes or regulations;

4675 13a. Failing to provide to a consumer, or failing to use or include in any written document or 4676 material provided to or executed by a consumer, in connection with a consumer transaction any 4677 statement, disclosure, notice, or other information however characterized when the supplier is required 4678 by 16 C.F.R. Part 433 to so provide, use, or include the statement, disclosure, notice, or other 4679 information in connection with the consumer transaction;

4680 14. Using any other deception, fraud, false pretense, false promise, or misrepresentation in connection 4681 with a consumer transaction;

15. Violating any provision of § 3.2-6509, 3.2-6512, 3.2-6513, 3.2-6513.1, 3.2-6514, 3.2-6515, 4682 4683 3.2-6516, or 3.2-6519 is a violation of this chapter; 4684

16. Failing to disclose all conditions, charges, or fees relating to:

4685 a. The return of goods for refund, exchange, or credit. Such disclosure shall be by means of a sign 4686 attached to the goods, or placed in a conspicuous public area of the premises of the supplier, so as to be 4687 readily noticeable and readable by the person obtaining the goods from the supplier. If the supplier does not permit a refund, exchange, or credit for return, he shall so state on a similar sign. The provisions of 4688 4689 this subdivision shall not apply to any retail merchant who has a policy of providing, for a period of not 4690 less than 20 days after date of purchase, a cash refund or credit to the purchaser's credit card account 4691 for the return of defective, unused, or undamaged merchandise upon presentation of proof of purchase. 4692 In the case of merchandise paid for by check, the purchase shall be treated as a cash purchase and any 4693 refund may be delayed for a period of 10 banking days to allow for the check to clear. This subdivision 4694 does not apply to sale merchandise that is obviously distressed, out of date, post season, or otherwise 4695 reduced for clearance; nor does this subdivision apply to special order purchases where the purchaser 4696 has requested the supplier to order merchandise of a specific or unusual size, color, or brand not 4697 ordinarily carried in the store or the store's catalog; nor shall this subdivision apply in connection with a 4698 transaction for the sale or lease of motor vehicles, farm tractors, or motorcycles as defined in 4699 § 46.2-100;

4700 b. A layaway agreement. Such disclosure shall be furnished to the consumer (i) in writing at the time 4701 of the layaway agreement, or (ii) by means of a sign placed in a conspicuous public area of the 4702 premises of the supplier, so as to be readily noticeable and readable by the consumer, or (iii) on the bill 4703 of sale. Disclosure shall include the conditions, charges, or fees in the event that a consumer breaches 4704 the agreement;

4705 16a. Failing to provide written notice to a consumer of an existing open-end credit balance in excess 4706 of \$5 (i) on an account maintained by the supplier and (ii) resulting from such consumer's overpayment 4707 on such account. Suppliers shall give consumers written notice of such credit balances within 60 days of 4708 receiving overpayments. If the credit balance information is incorporated into statements of account 4709 furnished consumers by suppliers within such 60-day period, no separate or additional notice is required; 4710 17. If a supplier enters into a written agreement with a consumer to resolve a dispute that arises in 4711 connection with a consumer transaction, failing to adhere to the terms and conditions of such an

- 4712 agreement; 4713 18. Violating any provision of the Virginia Health Club Act, Chapter 24 (§ 59.1-294 et seq.);
- 4714 19. Violating any provision of the Virginia Home Solicitation Sales Act, Chapter 2.1 (§ 59.1-21.1 et 4715 seq.);
- 4716 20. Violating any provision of the Automobile Repair Facilities Act, Chapter 17.1 (§ 59.1-207.1 et 4717 seq.);
- 4718 21. Violating any provision of the Virginia Lease-Purchase Agreement Act, Chapter 17.4 (§ 59.1-207.17 et seq.); 4719
- 4720 22. Violating any provision of the Prizes and Gifts Act, Chapter 31 (§ 59.1-415 et seq.);
- 4721 23. Violating any provision of the Virginia Public Telephone Information Act, Chapter 32 4722 (§ 59.1-424 et seq.); 4723
  - 24. Violating any provision of § 54.1-1505;
- 25. Violating any provision of the Motor Vehicle Manufacturers' Warranty Adjustment Act, Chapter 4724 4725 17.6 (§ 59.1-207.34 et seq.);
- 4726 26. Violating any provision of § 3.2-5627, relating to the pricing of merchandise;
- 4727 27. Violating any provision of the Pay-Per-Call Services Act, Chapter 33 (§ 59.1-429 et seq.);
- 4728 28. Violating any provision of the Extended Service Contract Act, Chapter 34 (§ 59.1-435 et seq.);
- 4729 29. Violating any provision of the Virginia Membership Camping Act, Chapter 25 (§ 59.1-311 et 4730 seq.);
- 4731 30. Violating any provision of the Comparison Price Advertising Act, Chapter 17.7 (§ 59.1-207.40 et 4732 seq.);
- 4733 31. Violating any provision of the Virginia Travel Club Act, Chapter 36 (§ 59.1-445 et seq.);

#### 78 of 81

- **4734** 32. Violating any provision of §§ 46.2-1231 and 46.2-1233.1;
- 4735 33. Violating any provision of Chapter 40 (§ 54.1-4000 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 4736 34. Violating any provision of Chapter 10.1 (§ 58.1-1031 et seq.) of Title 58.1;
- 4737 35. Using the consumer's social security number as the consumer's account number with the supplier,
- 4738 if the consumer has requested in writing that the supplier use an alternate number not associated with 4739 the consumer's social security number;
- 4740 36. Violating any provision of Chapter 18 (§ 6.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- **4741** 37. Violating any provision of § 8.01-40.2;
- 4742 38. Violating any provision of Article 7 (§ 32.1-212 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 32.1;
- **4743** 39. Violating any provision of Chapter 34.1 (§ 59.1-441.1 et seq.);
- 4744 40. Violating any provision of Chapter 20 (§ 6.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 4745 41. Violating any provision of the Virginia Post-Disaster Anti-Price Gouging Act, Chapter 46 4746 (§ 59.1-525 et seq.);
- 4747 42. Violating any provision of Chapter 47 (§ 59.1-530 et seq.);
- **4748** 43. Violating any provision of § 59.1-443.2;
- 4749 44. Violating any provision of Chapter 48 (§ 59.1-533 et seq.);
- 4750 45. Violating any provision of Chapter 25 (§ 6.2-2500 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 4751 46. Violating the provisions of clause (i) of subsection B of § 54.1-1115;
- **4752** 47. Violating any provision of § 18.2-239;
- 4753 48. Violating any provision of Chapter 26 (§ 59.1-336 et seq.);
- 4754 49. Selling, offering for sale, or manufacturing for sale a children's product the supplier knows or has
  4755 reason to know was recalled by the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. There is a rebuttable
  4756 presumption that a supplier has reason to know a children's product was recalled if notice of the recall
  4757 has been posted continuously at least 30 days before the sale, offer for sale, or manufacturing for sale
  4758 on the website of the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. This prohibition does not apply to
  4759 children's products that are used, secondhand or "seconds";
- **4760** 50. Violating any provision of Chapter 44.1 (§ 59.1-518.1 et seq.);
- 4761 51. Violating any provision of Chapter 22 (§ 6.2-2200 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- **4762** 52. Violating any provision of § 8.2-317.1;
- **4763** 53. Violating subsection A of § 9.1-149.1;
- 4764 54. Selling, offering for sale, or using in the construction, remodeling, or repair of any residential
  4765 dwelling in the Commonwealth, any drywall that the supplier knows or has reason to know is defective
  4766 drywall. This subdivision shall not apply to the sale or offering for sale of any building or structure in
  4767 which defective drywall has been permanently installed or affixed;
- 4768 55. Engaging in fraudulent or improper or dishonest conduct as defined in § 54.1-1118 while
  4769 engaged in a transaction that was initiated (i) during a declared state of emergency as defined in
  4770 § 44-146.16 or (ii) to repair damage resulting from the event that prompted the declaration of a state of
  4771 emergency, regardless of whether the supplier is licensed as a contractor in the Commonwealth pursuant
  4772 to Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- **4773** 56. Violating any provision of Chapter 33.1 (§ 59.1-434.1 et seq.);
- **4774** 57. Violating any provision of § 18.2-178, 18.2-178.1, or 18.2-200.1;
- 4775 58. Violating any provision of Chapter 17.8 (§ 59.1-207.45 et seq.);
- **4776** 59. Violating any provision of subsection E of § 32.1-126;
- 4777 60. Violating any provision of § 54.1-111 relating to the unlicensed practice of a profession licensed
  4778 under Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et seq.) or Chapter 21 (§ 54.1-2100 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- **4779** 61. Violating any provision of § 2.2-2001.5;
- 4780 62. Violating any provision of Chapter 5.2 (§ 54.1-526 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- **4781** 63. Violating any provision of § 6.2-312;
- **4782** 64. Violating any provision of Chapter 20.1 (§ 6.2-2026 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 4783 65. Violating any provision of Chapter 26 (§ 6.2-2600 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 4784 66. Violating any provision of Chapter 54 (§ 59.1-586 et seq.);
- **4785** 67. Knowingly violating any provision of § 8.01-27.5;
- 4786 68. Failing to, in accordance with § 59.1-207.46, (i) make available a conspicuous online option to cancel a recurring purchase of a good or service or (ii) with respect to a free trial lasting more than 30 days, notify a consumer of his option to cancel such free trial within 30 days of the end of the trial
  4789 period to avoid an obligation to pay for the goods or services;

4790 69. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by
4791 inhalation, that contains a synthetic derivative of tetrahydrocannabinol. As used in this subdivision,
4792 "synthetic derivative" means a chemical compound produced by man through a chemical transformation
4793 to turn a compound into a different compound by adding or subtracting molecules to or from the
4794 original compound. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by
4795 the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or

### 79 of 81

**4796** (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;

4797 70. Selling or offering for sale to a person younger than 21 years of age any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by inhalation, that contains tetrahydrocannabinol. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct
4801 permitted under Chapter 16 Subtitle II (§ 4.1-1600 4.1-600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;

4802 71. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by 4803 inhalation, that contains tetrahydrocannabinol, unless such substance is (i) contained in child-resistant 4804 packaging, as defined in § 4.1-600; (ii) equipped with a label that states, in English and in a font no less 4805 than 1/16 of an inch, (a) that the substance contains tetrahydrocannabinol and may not be sold to 4806 persons younger than 21 years of age, (b) all ingredients contained in the substance, (c) the amount of such substance that constitutes a single serving, and (d) the total percentage and milligrams of 4807 tetrahydrocannabinol included in the substance and the number of milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol 4808 4809 that are contained in each serving; and (iii) accompanied by a certificate of analysis, produced by an 4810 independent laboratory that is accredited pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International 4811 Organization of Standardization by a third party accrediting body a licensed marijuana testing facility, that states the tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the substance or the tetrahydrocannabinol 4812 4813 concentration of the batch from which the substance originates. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to 4814 products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in 4815 the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under 4816 Chapter 16 ( $\S$  4.1-1600 et seq.) Subtitle II ( $\S$  4.1-600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;

4817 72. Manufacturing, offering for sale at retail, or selling at retail an industrial hemp extract, as defined
4818 in § 3.2-5145.1, a food containing an industrial hemp extract, or a substance containing
4819 tetrahydrocannabinol that depicts or is in the shape of a human, animal, vehicle, or fruit;

4820 73. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by
4821 inhalation, that contains tetrahydrocannabinol and, without authorization, bears, is packaged in a
4822 container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear the trademark, trade name, famous mark
4823 as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1125, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness thereof, of
4824 a manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor of a product intended for human consumption other
4825 than the manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor that did in fact so manufacture, process, pack, or
4826 distribute such substance;

4827 74. Selling or offering for sale a topical hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that does not
4828 include a label stating that the product is not intended for human consumption. This subdivision shall
4829 not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and
4830 scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct
4831 permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1, or (iii) apply to topical hemp products that
4832 were manufactured prior to July 1, 2023, provided that the person provides documentation of the date of
4833

75. Violating any provision of § 59.1-466.8;

76. Violating subsection F of § 36-96.3:1;

4834

4835

4836 77. Selling or offering for sale (i) any kratom product to a person younger than 21 years of age or
4837 (ii) any kratom product that does not include a label listing all ingredients and with the following
4838 guidance: "This product may be harmful to your health, has not been evaluated by the FDA, and is not
4839 intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease." As used in this subdivision, "kratom" means
4840 any part of the leaf of the plant Mitragyna speciosa or any extract thereof; and

4841 78. Failing to disclose the total cost of a good or continuous service, as defined in § 59.1-207.45, to
4842 a consumer, including any mandatory fees or charges, prior to entering into an agreement for the sale of
4843 any such good or provision of any such continuous service.

B. Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate or make unenforceable any contract or
lease solely by reason of the failure of such contract or lease to comply with any other law of the
Commonwealth or any federal statute or regulation, to the extent such other law, statute, or regulation
provides that a violation of such law, statute, or regulation shall not invalidate or make unenforceable
such contract or lease.

4849 2. That §§ 4.1-1101.1, 4.1-1105.1, 18.2-248.1, and 18.2-251.1 of the Code of Virginia are repealed. 4850 3. That the following provisions shall become effective on May 1, 2025: (i) §§ 3.2-4113, 4.1-1121, 4851 4.1-1601, 4.1-1604, 16.1-260, 16.1-273, 16.1-278.9, 18.2-46.1, 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01,  $18.2-251, \quad 18.2-251.03, \quad 18.2-251.1:1, \quad 18.2-251.1:2, \quad 18.2-251.1:3, \quad 18.2-252, \quad 18.2-254, \quad 18.2-255, \quad 18.2-25, \quad 18.2-$ 4852 18.2-255.1, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.1, 18.2-265.2, 18.2-265.3, 4853 4854 18.2-287.2, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-460, 18.2-474.1, 19.2-66, 19.2-81.1, 19.2-83.1, 19.2-188.1, 19.2-303.01, 19.2-386.22, 19.2-389.3, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 19.2-392.02, 4855 19.2-392.6, 22.1-277.08, 46.2-105.2, 46.2-347, 53.1-231.2, 54.1-2903, and 59.1-200 of the Code of 4856

4857 Virginia, as amended by this act; (ii) §§ 4.1-1102 through 4.1-1105, 4.1-1106, 4.1-1113, 4.1-1114, 4858 4.1-1115, 4.1-1117, 4.1-1118, 4.1-1119, 4.1-1300, 4.1-1301, and 4.1-1303 through 4.1-1309 of the 4859 Code of Virginia, as created by this act; and (iii) §§ 4.1-1101.1, 4.1-1105.1, 18.2-248.1, and 4860 18.2-251.1 of the Code of Virginia, as repealed by this act.

4. That the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority (the Authority) may, on and after September 1, 4861 4862 2024, begin accepting license applications from all applicants, including pharmaceutical processors 4863 and cannabis dispensing facilities that hold a permit pursuant to Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of 4864 Title 4.1 of the Code of Virginia and industrial hemp processors or growers that are registered 4865 with the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia, and issuing licenses pursuant to the 4866 provisions of § 4.1-1000 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act. Notwithstanding the third 4867 4868 enactment of this act, any applicant issued a license by the Authority may operate in accordance 4869 with the provisions of this act prior to May 1, 2025; however, prior to May 1, 2025, no licensee 4870 may engage in the retail sale of marijuana, marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or 4871 marijuana seeds. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, on or after September 1, 2024, and 4872 prior to May 1, 2025, no marijuana cultivation facility licensee, marijuana processing facility 4873 licensee, marijuana transporter licensee, retail marijuana store licensee, or marijuana testing 4874 facility licensee or agent or employee thereof shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for a 4875 violation of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 of the Code of Virginia or § 18.2-248, 4876 18.2-248.01, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.1, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-308.4 of the 4877 Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, or § 18.2-248.1 of the Code of Virginia, as repealed by 4878 this act, involving marijuana if such violation is related to acts committed within the scope of the 4879 licensure or employment and in accordance with the provisions of the Cannabis Control Act (§ 4.1-600 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) and this enactment. From September 1, 2024, to 4880 4881 September 1, 2029, the Authority shall reserve license slots for all pharmaceutical processors and 4882 cannabis dispensing facilities that have been issued a permit by the Board of Directors (the Board) 4883 of the Authority pursuant to Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1 of the Code of Virginia 4884 and issue applicable licenses for any location for which such a permit has been issued, provided 4885 the applicable licensing requirements are met. The Board shall not permit any marijuana 4886 cultivation facility licensee to engage in the outdoor growth of marijuana plants until the Board 4887 has promulgated regulations governing outdoor growth pursuant to § 4.1-606 of the Code of 4888 Virginia, as amended by this act. Priority for tier IV and tier V marijuana cultivation facility 4889 licenses shall be given to pharmaceutical processors that have been issued a permit by the Board 4890 pursuant to Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1 of the Code of Virginia and no less than 4891 five industrial hemp processors or growers that are registered with the Commissioner of 4892 Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2 of the 4893 Code of Virginia and completed such registration prior to January 1, 2021.

4894 5. That the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority shall establish a seed-to-sale tracking system pursuant to § 4.1-611 of the Code of Virginia by December 31, 2024.

6. That the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority (the Authority) shall (i) analyze whether any
limits should be placed on the number of licenses issued to operate a marijuana establishment, (ii)
analyze and identify any necessary adjustments regarding canopy limits for marijuana cultivation
facility licensees, and (iii) report its finding to the General Assembly by November 1, 2025. The
Authority shall continue such analysis and submit updated findings to the General Assembly for
two years after such initial report prior to November 1 during the two subsequent years.

4902 7. That the Board of Directors (the Board) of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority shall
4903 promulgate regulations to implement the provisions of this act by December 31, 2024. With the
4904 exception of § 2.2-4031 of the Code of Virginia, neither the provisions of the Administrative
4905 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) nor public participation guidelines adopted
4906 pursuant thereto shall apply to the Board's initial adoption of such regulations.

4907 8. That, from July 1, 2024, to July 1, 2025, the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority (the
4908 Authority) shall deposit all funds collected through marijuana establishment annual license fees
4909 into the Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund established pursuant to § 4.1-1501 of the Code of
4910 Virginia, as amended by this act. Such deposits shall occur within 60 days of the Authority's
4911 receipt of such license fees.

9. That the initial referendum authorized by § 4.1-629 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, on the question of whether the operation of retail marijuana stores shall be prohibited in a particular locality shall be held and results certified by December 31, 2024. A referendum on such question shall not be permitted in a locality after January 1, 2025, unless such referendum follows a referendum held prior to December 31, 2024, and any subsequent referendum, in which a majority of the qualified voters voting in such referendum voted "Yes" to prohibit the operation of retail marijuana stores.

4919 10. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 4920 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the 4921 necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult 4922 correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 1 of the Acts of Assembly of 2023, Special Session I, 4923 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of 4924 \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary 4925 appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department 4926 of Juvenile Justice.