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## SENATE BILL NO. 361

## AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Governor  
on April 8, 2024)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator VanValkenburg)

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 59.1-575, 59.1-576, 59.1-578, and 59.1-580 of the Code of Virginia, relating to Consumer Data Protection Act; protections for children.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 59.1-575, 59.1-576, 59.1-578, and 59.1-580 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 59.1-575. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Affiliate" means a legal entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another legal entity or shares common branding with another legal entity. For the purposes of this definition, "control" or "controlled" means (i) ownership of, or the power to vote, more than 50 percent of the outstanding shares of any class of voting security of a company; (ii) control in any manner over the election of a majority of the directors or of individuals exercising similar functions; or (iii) the power to exercise controlling influence over the management of a company.

"Authenticate" means verifying through reasonable means that the consumer, entitled to exercise his consumer rights in § 59.1-577, is the same consumer exercising such consumer rights with respect to the personal data at issue.

"Biometric data" means data generated by automatic measurements of an individual's biological characteristics, such as a fingerprint, voiceprint, eye retinas, irises, or other unique biological patterns or characteristics that is used to identify a specific individual. "Biometric data" does not include a physical or digital photograph, a video or audio recording or data generated therefrom, or information collected, used, or stored for health care treatment, payment, or operations under HIPAA.

"Business associate" means the same meaning as the term established by HIPAA.

"Child" means any natural person younger than 18 years of age.

"Consent" means a clear affirmative act signifying a consumer's freely given, specific, informed, and unambiguous agreement to process personal data relating to the consumer. Consent may include a written statement, including a statement written by electronic means, or any other unambiguous affirmative action.

"Consumer" means a natural person who is a resident of the Commonwealth acting only in an individual or household context. It does not include a natural person acting in a commercial or employment context.

"Controller" means the natural or legal person that, alone or jointly with others, determines the purpose and means of processing personal data.

"Covered entity" means the same as the term is established by HIPAA.

"Decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer" means a decision made by the controller that results in the provision or denial by the controller of financial and lending services, housing, insurance, education enrollment, criminal justice, employment opportunities, health care services, or access to basic necessities, such as food and water.

"De-identified data" means data that cannot reasonably be linked to an identified or identifiable natural person, or a device linked to such person. A controller that possesses "de-identified data" shall comply with the requirements of subsection A of § 59.1-581.

"Health record" means the same as that term is defined in § 32.1-127.1:03.

"Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in § 32.1-276.3.

"HIPAA" means the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq.).

"Identified or identifiable natural person" means a person who can be readily identified, directly or indirectly.

"Institution of higher education" means a public institution and private institution of higher education, as those terms are defined in § 23.1-100.

"Nonprofit organization" means any corporation organized under the Virginia Nonstock Corporation Act (§ 13.1-801 et seq.) or any organization exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3), 501(c)(6), or 501(c)(12) of the Internal Revenue Code, any political organization, any organization exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code that is identified in § 52-41, and any subsidiary or affiliate of entities organized pursuant to Chapter 9.1 (§ 56-231.15 et seq.) of Title 56.

"Online service, product, or feature" means any service, product, or feature that is provided online.

60 *"Online service, product, or feature" does not include telecommunications service, as defined in 47*  
61 *U.S.C. § 153, broadband Internet access service, as defined in 47 C.F.R. § 54.400, or delivery or use of*  
62 *a physical product.*

63 "Personal data" means any information that is linked or reasonably linkable to an identified or  
64 identifiable natural person. "Personal data" does not include de-identified data or publicly available  
65 information.

66 "Political organization" means a party, committee, association, fund, or other organization, whether or  
67 not incorporated, organized and operated primarily for the purpose of influencing or attempting to  
68 influence the selection, nomination, election, or appointment of any individual to any federal, state, or  
69 local public office or office in a political organization or the election of a presidential/vice-presidential  
70 elector, whether or not such individual or elector is selected, nominated, elected, or appointed.

71 "Precise geolocation data" means information derived from technology, including but not limited to  
72 global positioning system level latitude and longitude coordinates or other mechanisms, that directly  
73 identifies the specific location of a natural person with precision and accuracy within a radius of 1,750  
74 feet. "Precise geolocation data" does not include the content of communications or any data generated  
75 by or connected to advanced utility metering infrastructure systems or equipment for use by a utility.

76 "Process" or "processing" means any operation or set of operations performed, whether by manual or  
77 automated means, on personal data or on sets of personal data, such as the collection, use, storage,  
78 disclosure, analysis, deletion, or modification of personal data.

79 "Processor" means a natural or legal entity that processes personal data on behalf of a controller.

80 "Profiling" means any form of automated processing performed on personal data to evaluate, analyze,  
81 or predict personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable natural person's economic situation,  
82 health, personal preferences, interests, reliability, behavior, location, or movements.

83 "Protected health information" means the same as the term is established by HIPAA.

84 "Pseudonymous data" means personal data that cannot be attributed to a specific natural person  
85 without the use of additional information, provided that such additional information is kept separately  
86 and is subject to appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure that the personal data is not  
87 attributed to an identified or identifiable natural person.

88 "Publicly available information" means information that is lawfully made available through federal,  
89 state, or local government records, or information that a business has a reasonable basis to believe is  
90 lawfully made available to the general public through widely distributed media, by the consumer, or by  
91 a person to whom the consumer has disclosed the information, unless the consumer has restricted the  
92 information to a specific audience.

93 "Sale of personal data" means the exchange of personal data for monetary consideration by the  
94 controller to a third party. "Sale of personal data" does not include:

95 1. The disclosure of personal data to a processor that processes the personal data on behalf of the  
96 controller;

97 2. The disclosure of personal data to a third party for purposes of providing a product or service  
98 requested by the consumer;

99 3. The disclosure or transfer of personal data to an affiliate of the controller;

100 4. The disclosure of information that the consumer (i) intentionally made available to the general  
101 public via a channel of mass media and (ii) did not restrict to a specific audience; or

102 5. The disclosure or transfer of personal data to a third party as an asset that is part of a merger,  
103 acquisition, bankruptcy, or other transaction in which the third party assumes control of all or part of the  
104 controller's assets.

105 "Sensitive data" means a category of personal data that includes:

106 1. Personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, religious beliefs, mental or physical health  
107 diagnosis, sexual orientation, or citizenship or immigration status;

108 2. The processing of genetic or biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural  
109 person;

110 3. The personal data collected from a known child; or

111 4. Precise geolocation data.

112 "State agency" means the same as that term is defined in § 2.2-307.

113 "Targeted advertising" means displaying advertisements to a consumer where the advertisement is  
114 selected based on personal data obtained from that consumer's activities over time and across  
115 nonaffiliated websites or online applications to predict such consumer's preferences or interests.  
116 "Targeted advertising" does not include:

117 1. Advertisements based on activities within a controller's own websites or online applications;

118 2. Advertisements based on the context of a consumer's current search query, visit to a website, or  
119 online application;

120 3. Advertisements directed to a consumer in response to the consumer's request for information or  
121 feedback; or

4. Processing personal data processed solely for measuring or reporting advertising performance, reach, or frequency.

"Third party" means a natural or legal person, public authority, agency, or body other than the consumer, controller, processor, or an affiliate of the processor or the controller.

**§ 59.1-576. Scope; exemptions.**

A. This chapter applies to persons that conduct business in the Commonwealth or produce products or services that are targeted to residents of the Commonwealth and that (i) during a calendar year, control or process personal data of at least 100,000 consumers or (ii) control or process personal data of at least 25,000 consumers and derive over 50 percent of gross revenue from the sale of personal data.

B. This chapter shall not apply to any (i) body, authority, board, bureau, commission, district, or agency of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth; (ii) financial institution or data subject to Title V of the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. § 6801 et seq.); (iii) covered entity or business associate governed by the privacy, security, and breach notification rules issued by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 45 C.F.R. Parts 160 and 164 established pursuant to HIPAA, and the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (P.L. 111-5); (iv) nonprofit organization; or (v) institution of higher education.

C. The following information and data is exempt from this chapter:

1. Protected health information under HIPAA;
2. Health records for purposes of Title 32.1;
3. Patient identifying information for purposes of 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2;
4. Identifiable private information for purposes of the federal policy for the protection of human subjects under 45 C.F.R. Part 46; identifiable private information that is otherwise information collected as part of human subjects research pursuant to the good clinical practice guidelines issued by The International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use; the protection of human subjects under 21 C.F.R. Parts 6, 50, and 56, or personal data used or shared in research conducted in accordance with the requirements set forth in this chapter, or other research conducted in accordance with applicable law;

5. Information and documents created for purposes of the federal Health Care Quality Improvement Act of 1986 (42 U.S.C. § 11101 et seq.);

6. Patient safety work product for purposes of the federal Patient Safety and Quality Improvement Act (42 U.S.C. § 299b-21 et seq.);

7. Information derived from any of the health care-related information listed in this subsection that is de-identified in accordance with the requirements for de-identification pursuant to HIPAA;

8. Information originating from, and intermingled to be indistinguishable with, or information treated in the same manner as information exempt under this subsection that is maintained by a covered entity or business associate as defined by HIPAA or a program or a qualified service organization as defined by 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2;

9. Information used only for public health activities and purposes as authorized by HIPAA;

10. The collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale, communication, or use of any personal information bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living by a consumer reporting agency or furnisher that provides information for use in a consumer report, and by a user of a consumer report, but only to the extent that such activity is regulated by and authorized under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq.);

11. Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in compliance with the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994 (18 U.S.C. § 2721 et seq.);

12. Personal data regulated by the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (20 U.S.C. § 1232g et seq.);

13. Personal data collected, processed, sold, or disclosed in compliance with the federal Farm Credit Act (12 U.S.C. § 2001 et seq.); and

14. Data processed or maintained (i) in the course of an individual applying to, employed by, or acting as an agent or independent contractor of a controller, processor, or third party, to the extent that the data is collected and used within the context of that role; (ii) as the emergency contact information of an individual under this chapter used for emergency contact purposes; or (iii) that is necessary to retain to administer benefits for another individual relating to the individual under clause (i) and used for the purposes of administering those benefits.

D. Controllers and processors that comply with the verifiable parental consent requirements of the federal Children's Online Privacy Protection Act (15 U.S.C. § 6501 et seq.) shall be deemed compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent under this chapter *if a child is under the age of 13. For a child 13 years of age or older, controllers and processors shall be deemed compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent for this chapter if the controller or processor adheres to methods*

183 *in regulations promulgated by the Federal Trade Commission for compliance with obtaining consent*  
184 *from a child's parent or legal guardian in accordance with the federal Children's Online Privacy*  
185 *Protection Act.*

186 **§ 59.1-578. Data controller responsibilities; transparency.**

187 A. A controller shall:

188 1. Limit the collection of personal data to what is adequate, relevant, and reasonably necessary in  
189 relation to the purposes for which such data is processed, as disclosed to the consumer;

190 2. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, not process personal data for purposes that are  
191 neither reasonably necessary nor compatible with the disclosed purposes for which such personal data  
192 is processed, as disclosed to the consumer, unless the controller obtains the consumer's consent;

193 3. Establish, implement, and maintain reasonable administrative, technical, and physical data security  
194 practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of personal data. Such data security  
195 practices shall be appropriate to the volume and nature of the personal data at issue;

196 4. Not process personal data in violation of state and federal laws that prohibit unlawful  
197 discrimination against consumers. A controller shall not discriminate against a consumer for exercising  
198 any of the consumer rights contained in this chapter, including denying goods or services, charging  
199 different prices or rates for goods or services, or providing a different level of quality of goods and  
200 services to the consumer. However, nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require a controller  
201 to provide a product or service that requires the personal data of a consumer that the controller does not  
202 collect or maintain or to prohibit a controller from offering a different price, rate, level, quality, or  
203 selection of goods or services to a consumer, including offering goods or services for no fee, if the  
204 consumer has exercised his right to opt out pursuant to § 59.1-577 or the offer is related to a consumer's  
205 voluntary participation in a bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or club card  
206 program;

207 5. Not process sensitive data concerning a consumer without obtaining the consumer's consent, or, in  
208 the case of the processing of sensitive data concerning a known child *under the age of 13*, without  
209 processing such data in accordance with the federal Children's Online Privacy Protection Act (15 U.S.C.  
210 § 6501 et seq.);

211 6. *Not process sensitive data concerning a known child 13 years of age or older, without processing*  
212 *such data pursuant to the applicable provisions for children under the age of 13 in accordance with the*  
213 *federal Children's Online Privacy Protection Act (15 U.S.C. § 6501 et seq.).*

214 B. Any provision of a contract or agreement of any kind that purports to waive or limit in any way  
215 consumer rights pursuant to § 59.1-577 shall be deemed contrary to public policy and shall be void and  
216 unenforceable.

217 C. Controllers shall provide consumers with a reasonably accessible, clear, and meaningful privacy  
218 notice that includes:

219 1. The categories of personal data processed by the controller;

220 2. The purpose for processing personal data;

221 3. How consumers may exercise their consumer rights pursuant § 59.1-577, including how a  
222 consumer may appeal a controller's decision with regard to the consumer's request;

223 4. The categories of personal data that the controller shares with third parties, if any; and

224 5. The categories of third parties, if any, with whom the controller shares personal data.

225 D. If a controller sells personal data to third parties or processes personal data for targeted  
226 advertising, the controller shall clearly and conspicuously disclose such processing, as well as the  
227 manner in which a consumer may exercise the right to opt out of such processing.

228 E. A controller shall establish, and shall describe in a privacy notice, one or more secure and reliable  
229 means for consumers to submit a request to exercise their consumer rights under this chapter. Such  
230 means shall take into account the ways in which consumers normally interact with the controller, the  
231 need for secure and reliable communication of such requests, and the ability of the controller to  
232 authenticate the identity of the consumer making the request. Controllers shall not require a consumer to  
233 create a new account in order to exercise consumer rights pursuant to § 59.1-577 but may require a  
234 consumer to use an existing account.

235 F. 1. *Subject to the consent requirement established by subdivision 3, no controller shall process any*  
236 *personal data collected from a known child:*

237 a. *For the purposes of (i) targeted advertising, (ii) the sale of such personal data, or (iii) profiling in*  
238 *furtherance of decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer;*

239 b. *Unless such processing is reasonably necessary to provide the online service, product, or feature;*

240 c. *For any processing purpose other than the processing purpose that the controller disclosed at the*  
241 *time such controller collected such personal data or that is reasonably necessary for and compatible*  
242 *with such disclosed purpose; or*

243 d. *For longer than is reasonably necessary to provide the online service, product, or feature.*

244 2. *Subject to the consent requirement established by subdivision 3, no controller shall collect precise*

geolocation data from a known child unless (i) such precise geolocation data is reasonably necessary for the controller to provide an online service, product, or feature and, if such data is necessary to provide such online service, product, or feature, such controller shall only collect such data for the time necessary to provide such online service, product, or feature and (ii) the controller provides to the known child a signal indicating that such controller is collecting such precise geolocation data, which signal shall be available to such known child for the entire duration of such collection.

3. No controller shall engage in the activities described in subdivisions 1 or 2 unless the controller obtains consent from the child's parent or legal guardian in accordance with the federal Children's Online Privacy Protection Act (15 U.S.C. § 6501 et seq.) if a child is under the age of 13. For a child 13 years of age or older, controllers and processors shall be deemed compliant with any obligation to obtain parental consent for this chapter if the controller or processor adheres to methods in regulations promulgated by the Federal Trade Commission for compliance with obtaining consent from a child's parent or legal guardian in accordance with the federal Children's Online Privacy Protection Act.

**§ 59.1-580. Data protection assessments.**

A. A controller shall conduct and document a data protection assessment of each of the following processing activities involving personal data:

1. The processing of personal data for purposes of targeted advertising;
2. The sale of personal data;
3. The processing of personal data for purposes of profiling, where such profiling presents a reasonably foreseeable risk of (i) unfair or deceptive treatment of, or unlawful disparate impact on, consumers; (ii) financial, physical, or reputational injury to consumers; (iii) a physical or other intrusion upon the solitude or seclusion, or the private affairs or concerns, of consumers, where such intrusion would be offensive to a reasonable person; or (iv) other substantial injury to consumers;
4. The processing of sensitive data; and
5. Any processing activities involving personal data that present a heightened risk of harm to consumers.

B. Each controller that offers any online service, product, or feature directed to consumers whom such controller has actual knowledge are children shall conduct a data protection assessment for such online service, product, or feature that addresses (i) the purpose of such online service, product, or feature; (ii) the categories of known children's personal data that such online service, product, or feature processes; and (iii) the purposes for which such controller processes known children's personal data with respect to such online service, product, or feature.

C. Data protection assessments conducted pursuant to ~~subsection A~~ this section shall identify and weigh the benefits that may flow, directly and indirectly, from the processing to the controller, the consumer, other stakeholders, and the public against the potential risks to the rights of the consumer associated with such processing, as mitigated by safeguards that can be employed by the controller to reduce such risks. The use of de-identified data and the reasonable expectations of consumers, as well as the context of the processing and the relationship between the controller and the consumer whose personal data will be processed, shall be factored into this assessment by the controller.

~~C.~~ D. The Attorney General may request, pursuant to a civil investigative demand, that a controller disclose any data protection assessment that is relevant to an investigation conducted by the Attorney General, and the controller shall make the data protection assessment available to the Attorney General. The Attorney General may evaluate the data protection assessment for compliance with the responsibilities set forth in § 59.1-578. Data protection assessments shall be confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). The disclosure of a data protection assessment pursuant to a request from the Attorney General shall not constitute a waiver of attorney-client privilege or work product protection with respect to the assessment and any information contained in the assessment.

~~D.~~ E. A single data protection assessment may address a comparable set of processing operations that include similar activities.

~~E.~~ F. Data protection assessments conducted by a controller for the purpose of compliance with other laws or regulations may comply under this section if the assessments have a reasonably comparable scope and effect.

~~F.~~ G. Data protection assessment requirements shall apply to processing activities created or generated after January 1, 2023, and are not retroactive.

**2. That the provisions of this act shall become effective on January 1, 2025.**