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1	SENATE BILL NO. 36
2	Offered January 10, 2024
3	Prefiled December 16, 2023
4	A BILL to amend and reenact § 2.2-3701 of the Code of Virginia, relating to Virginia Freedom of
5	Information Act; definition of meetings.
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	Patron—Locke
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8	Referred to Committee on General Laws and Technology
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10	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
11	1. That § 2.2-3701 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
12	§ 2.2-3701. Definitions.
13	As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:
14	"All-virtual public meeting" means a public meeting (i) conducted by a public body, other than those
15	excepted pursuant to subsection C of § 2.2-3708.3, using electronic communication means, (ii) during
16 17	which all members of the public body who participate do so remotely rather than being assembled in
17 18	one physical location, and (iii) to which public access is provided through electronic communication means.
10 19	"Closed meeting" means a meeting from which the public is excluded.
20	"Electronic communication" means the use of technology having electrical, digital, magnetic,
2 1	wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities to transmit or receive information.
22	"Emergency" means an unforeseen circumstance rendering the notice required by this chapter
$\bar{23}$	impossible or impracticable and which circumstance requires immediate action.
24	"Information," as used in the exclusions established by §§ 2.2-3705.1 through 2.2-3705.7, means the
25	content within a public record that references a specifically identified subject matter, and shall not be
26	interpreted to require the production of information that is not embodied in a public record.
27	"Meeting" or "meetings" means the meetings including work sessions, when sitting physically, or
28	through electronic communication means pursuant to § 2.2-3708.2 or 2.2-3708.3, as a body or entity, or
29	as an informal assemblage of (i) as many as three members or (ii) a quorum, if less than three, of the
30	constituent membership, wherever held, with or without minutes being taken, whether or not votes are
31	cast, of any public body. Neither the gathering of employees of a public body nor the gathering or
32	attendance of two or more members of a public body (a) at any place or function where no part of the
33 34	purpose of such gathering or attendance is the discussion or transaction of any public business, where no transaction or discussion relating to the transaction of public business among three or more members of
34 35	transaction or discussion relating to the transaction of public business among three or more members of the public body in attendance takes place, and where such gathering or attendance was not called or
36	prearranged with any purpose of discussing or transacting any business of the public body, or (b) at a
37	public forum, candidate appearance, or debate, the purpose of which is to inform the electorate and not
38	to transact public business or to hold discussions relating to the transaction of public business, and
39	where no transaction or discussion relating to the transaction of public business among three or more
40	of the members of the public body in attendance takes place, even though the performance of the
41	members individually or collectively in the conduct of public business may be a topic of discussion or
42	debate at such public meeting, shall be deemed a "meeting" subject to the provisions of this chapter.
43	"Official public government website" means any Internet site controlled by a public body and used,
44	among any other purposes, to post required notices and other content pursuant to this chapter on behalf
45	of the public body.
46	"Open meeting" or "public meeting" means a meeting at which the public may be present.
47	"Public body" means any legislative body, authority, board, bureau, commission, district, or agency
48	of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, including counties, cities,
49 50	and towns, municipal councils, governing bodies of counties, school boards, and planning commissions;
50 51	governing boards of public institutions of higher education; and other organizations, corporations, or agencies in the Commonwealth supported wholly or principally by public funds. It shall include (i) the
51 52	agencies in the Commonwealth supported wholly or principally by public funds. It shall include (i) the Virginia Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Program and its board of directors established
52 53	pursuant to Chapter 50 (§ 38.2-5000 et seq.) of Title 38.2 and (ii) any committee, subcommittee, or
55 54	other entity however designated of the public body created to perform delegated functions of the public
55	body or to advise the public body. It shall not exclude any such committee, subcommittee, or entity
55 56	because it has private sector or citizen members. Corporations organized by the Virginia Retirement
57	System are "public bodies" for purposes of this chapter.
58	For the purposes of the provisions of this chapter applicable to access to public records,

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constitutional officers and private police departments as defined in § 9.1-101 shall be considered public
bodies and, except as otherwise expressly provided by law, shall have the same obligations to disclose
public records as other custodians of public records.

¹ "Public records" means all writings and recordings that consist of letters, words, or numbers, or their
equivalent, set down by handwriting, typewriting, printing, photostatting, photography, magnetic impulse,
optical or magneto-optical form, mechanical or electronic recording, or other form of data compilation,
however stored, and regardless of physical form or characteristics, prepared or owned by, or in the
possession of a public body or its officers, employees, or agents in the transaction of public business.

⁶⁷ "Regional public body" means a unit of government organized as provided by law within defined
 ⁶⁸ boundaries, as determined by the General Assembly, which unit includes two or more localities.

69 "Remote participation" means participation by an individual member of a public body by electronic
 70 communication means in a public meeting where a quorum of the public body is otherwise physically
 71 assembled.

"Scholastic records" means those records containing information directly related to a student or an applicant for admission and maintained by a public body that is an educational agency or institution or by a person acting for such agency or institution.

75 "Trade secret" means the same as that term is defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 76 et seq.).