

**VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER**

*An Act to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Article 1 of Chapter 3 of Title 40.1 a section numbered 40.1-28.7:11, relating to prohibiting employer seeking wage or salary history of prospective employees; wage or salary range transparency; cause of action.*

[H 990]

Approved

**Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

**1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Article 1 of Chapter 3 of Title 40.1 a section numbered 40.1-28.7:11 as follows:**

**§ 40.1-28.7:11. Seeking wage or salary history of prospective employees prohibited; wage or salary range transparency; cause of action.**

**A. As used in this section:**

*"Wage or salary history" means the wage or salary paid to the prospective employee by the prospective employee's current or previous employer.*

*"Wage or salary range" means the minimum and maximum wage or salary for the position, set in good faith by reference to any applicable pay scale, any previously determined wage or salary range for the position, the actual range of wages or salaries for persons currently holding equivalent positions, or the budgeted amount available for the position, as applicable.*

**B. No employer shall:**

*1. Seek the wage or salary history of a prospective employee;*

*2. Rely on the wage or salary history of a prospective employee in considering the prospective employee for employment;*

*3. Except as provided in subsection D, rely on the wage or salary history of a prospective employee in determining the wages or salary the prospective employee is to be paid upon hire;*

*4. Refuse to interview, hire, employ, or promote, or otherwise retaliate against a prospective or current employee for not providing wage or salary history or requesting a wage or salary range;*

*5. Fail or refuse to disclose in each public and internal posting for each job, promotion, transfer, or other employment opportunity the wage, salary, or wage or salary range for the position; or*

*6. Fail to set a wage or salary range in good faith. Any analysis of whether the wage or salary range has been set in good faith shall consider, among other things, the breadth of such wage or salary range.*

**C. The provisions of subsection B shall not be construed to prevent a prospective employee from voluntarily disclosing wage or salary history, including for the purpose of negotiating wages or salary after an initial offer of employment with an offer of compensation.**

**D. If a prospective employee voluntarily provides his wage or salary history to an employer without the employer's prompting, then (i) the employer may rely on such wage or salary history to support a wage or salary higher than the employer's initial offer of compensation only to the extent that the higher wage or salary does not create an unlawful pay differential in violation of § 40.1-28.6 or federal law and (ii) the employer may seek to confirm the wage or salary history of the prospective employee to support a wage or salary higher than the wage or salary offered by the employer only to the extent that the higher wage or salary does not create an unlawful pay differential in violation of § 40.1-28.6 or federal law.**

**E. An employer that violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the prospective employee or employee who was the subject of such violation for statutory damages between \$1,000 and \$10,000 or actual damages, whichever is greater; reasonable attorney fees and costs; and any other legal and equitable relief as may be appropriate. An aggrieved prospective employee or employee may bring an action, individually, jointly with other aggrieved prospective employees or employees, or on behalf of similarly situated prospective employees or employees as a collective action against the employer in a court of competent jurisdiction within two years of when the prohibited action occurred. For the purpose of this section, a prohibited action occurs when (i) a prohibited wage or salary decision or practice is adopted; (ii) an individual is subject to a prohibited wage or salary decision or practice; or (iii) an individual is affected by the application of a prohibited wage or salary decision or practice, including each time wages or salaries paid result, in whole or in part, from a prohibited wage or salary decision or practice.**