INTRODUCED

HB912

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 912
2	Offered January 10, 2024
3	Prefiled January 9, 2024
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 53.1-115.2, 53.1-127.1, 53.1-127.2, 53.1-131, and 53.1-131.1 of the
5	Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Article 6 of Chapter 3 of Title 53.1 a
6	section numbered 53.1-127.6; and to repeal §§ 53.1-127.3, 53.1-127.5, and 53.1-131.3 of the Code of
7	Virginia, relating to local correctional facilities; fees; report.
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U	Patrons—Shin, Hope and Carr
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10	Referred to Committee on Public Safety
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12	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
13	1. That §§ 53.1-115.2, 53.1-127.1, 53.1-127.2, 53.1-131, and 53.1-131.1 of the Code of Virginia are
14	amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Article 6 of
15	Chapter 3 of Title 53.1 a section numbered 53.1-127.6 as follows:
16	§ 53.1-115.2. Establishment of stores in regional jails and regional jail farms.
17	The superintendent of a regional jail or regional jail farm may, with the approval of the governing
18	regional jail or jail farm board or jail authority, provide for the establishment and operation of stores or
19	commissaries in regional jail or regional jail farm facilities to deal in such articles as he deems proper.
20	The net profits from the operation of such stores shall be used within each facility respectively for
2 1	educational, or recreational, or other beneficial purposes as may be prescribed by the superintendent.
$\overline{22}$	Items or services sold by such stores or commissaries, including the sale or rental of electronic devices
$\overline{23}$	or media, may be priced at a maximum of 10 percent above the typical market rate for such items or
24	services at noncorrectional major retail stores. No facility or superintendent's office shall receive any
25	commissions or markups from any items or services sold.
26	§ 53.1-127.1. Establishment of stores in local correctional facilities.
27	A. Each sheriff who operates a correctional facility is authorized to provide for the establishment and
28	operation of a store or commissary to deal in such articles and services as he deems proper. The net
29	profits from the operation of such store that are generated from the inmates' accounts shall be used
30	within the facility for educational, or recreational or other purposes for the benefit of the inmates as
31	may be prescribed by the sheriff. Any other profits may be used for the general operation of the sheriff's
32	office. Items or services sold by such stores or commissaries, including the sale or rental of electronic
33	devices or media, may be priced at a maximum of 10 percent above the typical market rate for such
34	items or services at noncorrectional major retail stores. No facility or sheriff's office shall receive any
35	commissions or markups from any items or services sold.
36	B. Fees charged for the receipt of funds to any inmate's account shall not exceed three percent of
37	the amount received.
38	C. Upon discharge from a local correctional facility, inmates shall receive the balance of all
39	accounts maintained by the facility for an inmate's use. The inmate shall be given the option to receive
40	the balance by check, electronic funds transfer, or a debit or other account card. No fees shall be
41	charged by the facility or a vendor contracted by the facility to transfer funds, check account balances,
42	or maintain or close an account.
43	D. The sheriff shall be the purchasing agent in all matters involving the commissary and
44	nonappropriated funds received from inmates. The funds from such operation of a store or commissary
45	and from the inmate telephone services account shall be considered public funds.
46	§ 53.1-127.2. Fees for electronic visitation and messaging with prisoners in local correctional
47	facilities.
48	Each sheriff or jail superintendent who operates a correctional facility that utilizes an electronic
49 50	visitation system or electronic messaging system, including Voice-over-Internet Protocol technology and
50 51	web-based communication systems, for communication between prisoners and third parties is authorized to provide for the system utilized. However, no The fee
51 52	to provide for the establishment and collection of a fee for the system utilized. However, no The fee
52 53	shall not exceed the actual costs of establishing and operating such a system and the proceeds shall not be used for any other purpose than to offset the costs of establishing and operating the system. Such
55 54	be used for any other purpose than to offset the costs of establishing and operating the system. Such electronic visitation systems shall be established with the lowest available rates. Any facility that utilizes
	such systems (i) shall establish such system allowing for the security needs of the facility, (ii) shall not
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such systems (i) shall establish such system allowing for the security needs of the facility, (ii) shall not prohibit in-person visitation, and (iii) shall not exclude any prisoner from its use. No fee shall be charged for communication between prisoners and third parties within any local correctional facility or appurtenance thereto operated or controlled by the sheriff or jail superintendent. 58

59 This section does not apply to telephonic communication systems or to electronic video and audio 60 communication systems used in judicial proceedings.

§ 53.1-127.6. Telephone systems within local correctional facilities. 61

Local correctional facilities shall offer telephone systems that allow telephone calls to be placed to 62 63 the telephone number or numbers on an approved call list. Telephone services shall be provided at no cost to the inmate or to any recipient of a call from an inmate when such calls are made to or received 64 65 from a telephone number on an approved call list. The maximum number of telephone numbers permitted on an approved call list shall be no fewer than 20. At least one telephone per every 10 66 inmates shall be available within each housing unit at each local correctional facility. No local 67 correctional facility shall receive any commission from such telephone systems. 68

§ 53.1-131. Provision for release of prisoner from confinement for employment, educational, or 69 70 other rehabilitative programs; escape; penalty; disposition of earnings.

71 A. Any court having jurisdiction for the trial of a person charged with a criminal offense or charged with an offense under Chapter 5 (§ 20-61 et seq.) of Title 20 may, if the defendant is convicted and (i) 72 sentenced to confinement in jail or (ii) being held in jail pending completion of a presentence report 73 pursuant to § 19.2-299, and if it appears to the court that such offender is a suitable candidate for work 74 75 release, assign the offender to a work release program under the supervision of a probation officer, the sheriff, or the administrator of a local or regional jail or a program designated by the court. The court 76 77 further may authorize the offender to participate in educational or other rehabilitative programs designed 78 to supplement his work release employment. The court shall be notified in writing by the director or 79 administrator of the program to which the offender is assigned of the offender's place of employment 80 and the location of any educational or rehabilitative program in which the offender participates.

81 Any person who has been sentenced to confinement in jail or who has been convicted of a felony but is confined in jail pursuant to § 53.1-20, in the discretion of the sheriff may be assigned by the 82 83 sheriff to a work release program under the supervision of the sheriff or the administrator of a local or regional jail. The sheriff may further authorize the offender to participate in educational or other 84 85 rehabilitative programs as defined in this section designed to supplement his work release employment. The court that sentenced the offender shall be notified in writing by the sheriff or the administrator of a 86 87 local or regional jail of any such assignment and of the offender's place of employment or other 88 rehabilitative program. The court, in its discretion, may thereafter revoke the authority for such an 89 offender to participate in a work release program.

90 The sheriff and the Director may enter into agreements whereby persons who are committed to the 91 Department, whether such persons are housed in a state or local correctional facility, and who have met 92 all standards for such release, may participate in a local work release program or in educational or other rehabilitative programs as defined in this section. The administrator of a regional jail and the Director 93 may also enter into such agreements where such agreements are approved in advance by a majority of 94 95 the sheriffs on the regional jail board. All persons accepted in accordance with this section shall be governed by all regulations applying to local work release, notwithstanding the provisions of any other 96 97 section of the Code. Local jails shall qualify for compensation for cost of incarceration of such persons 98 pursuant to § 53.1-20.1, less any payment for room and board collected from the inmate.

99 If an offender who has been assigned to such a program by the court is in violation of the rules of the jail pursuant to § 53.1-117, the sheriff or jail administrator may remove the offender from the work 100 101 release program, either temporarily or for the duration of the offender's confinement. Upon removing an 102 offender from the work release program, the sheriff or jail administrator shall notify in writing the court that sentenced the offender and indicate the specific violations that led to the decision. 103

Any offender assigned to such a program by the court or sheriff who, without proper authority or 104 just cause, leaves the area to which he has been assigned to work or attend educational or other 105 rehabilitative programs, or leaves the vehicle or route of travel involved in his going to or returning 106 107 from such place, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. In the event such offender leaves the 108 Commonwealth, the offender may be found guilty of an escape as provided in § 18.2-477. An offender 109 who is found guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor in accordance with this section shall be ineligible for 110 further participation in a work release program during his current term of confinement.

111 The Board shall prescribe regulations to govern the work release, educational, and other rehabilitative 112 programs authorized by this section.

113 Any wages earned pursuant to this section by an offender may, upon order of the court, be paid to the director or administrator of the program after standard payroll deductions required by law. 114 115 Distribution of such wages shall be made for the following purposes: 116

1. To pay an amount to defray the cost of his keep;

117 2. To pay travel and other such expenses made necessary by his work release employment or 118 participation in an educational or rehabilitative program;

119 3. To provide support and maintenance for his dependents or to make payments to the local 120 department of social services or the Commissioner of Social Services, as appropriate, on behalf of 121 dependents who are receiving public assistance or social services as defined in § 63.2-100; or 122

4. 2. To pay any fines, restitution, or costs as ordered by the court.

123 Any balance at the end of his sentence shall be paid to the offender upon his release.

124 B. For the purposes of this section:

125 "Educational program" means a program of learning recognized by the State Council of Higher 126 Education, the State Board of Education, the Director, or the State Board of Local and Regional Jails.

127 "Rehabilitative program" includes an alcohol and drug treatment program, mental health program, 128 family counseling, community service, or other community program approved by the court having 129 jurisdiction over the offender.

130 "Sheriff" means the sheriff of the jurisdiction where the person charged with the criminal offense was 131 convicted and sentenced, provided that the sheriff may designate a deputy sheriff or regional jail 132 administrator to assign offenders to work release programs under this section.

133 "Work release" means full-time employment or participation in suitable career and technical 134 education programs. 135

§ 53.1-131.1. Provision for sentencing of person to nonconsecutive days in jail; penalty.

136 Any court having jurisdiction for the trial of a person charged with a misdemeanor, traffic offense, 137 any offense under Chapter 5 (§ 20-61 et seq.) of Title 20, or a felony that is not an act of violence as 138 defined in § 19.2-297.1 may, for good cause, if the defendant is convicted and sentenced to confinement 139 in jail and the active portion of the sentence remaining to be served is 45 days or less, impose the 140 remaining time to be served on weekends or nonconsecutive days to permit the convicted defendant to 141 retain gainful employment; however, the court shall not impose weekends or nonconsecutive days for a 142 person convicted of a felony if the Commonwealth objects. A person sentenced pursuant to this section 143 shall pay an amount to defray the cost of his keep, which amount shall be the actual cost of 144 incarceration but shall not exceed that amount charged to the Compensation Board for purposes of 145 reimbursement as provided in the general appropriation act. Such amount shall be collected by the 146 sheriff, if he is responsible for operating a jail, or by the regional jail superintendent, and remitted by 147 the sheriff to the treasurer of the appropriate county or city, or by the regional jail superintendent to the 148 regional jail board or authority, solely for the purposes of defraying the costs of such weekend or 149 nonconsecutive incarceration. The funds collected pursuant to this section shall not be used for purposes 150 other than those provided for in this section. The assessment provided for herein shall be in addition to 151 any other fees prescribed by law. If the defendant willfully fails to report at times specified by the court, 152 the sentence imposed pursuant to this section shall be revoked and a straight jail sentence imposed.

153 If an offender who has been sentenced to nonconsecutive days by the court is in violation of the 154 rules of the jail pursuant to § 53.1-117, the sheriff or jail administrator may require the offender to serve 155 out a portion or the entirety of the remainder of his sentence in consecutive days. Upon revoking the 156 offender's ability to serve his sentence on nonconsecutive days, the sheriff or jail administrator shall 157 notify in writing the court that sentenced the offender and indicate the specific violations that led to the 158 decision.

159 The time served by a person sentenced for violation of state law in a local jail, regional jail, or local jail farm pursuant to this section shall be included in the count of prisoner days reported by the 160 161 Department for the purpose of apportioning state funds to local correctional facilities for operating costs

in accordance with § 53.1-84. 162

2. That §§ 53.1-127.3, 53.1-127.5, and 53.1-131.3 of the Code of Virginia are repealed. 163