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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 836
2	Offered January 10, 2024
3	Prefiled January 9, 2024
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 55.1-124, 55.1-125, 55.1-127, and 55.1-128 of the Code of Virginia,
5	relating to Uniform Statutory Rule Against Perpetuities; trusts; certain nonvested property interests
6 7	or powers of appointment over property or property interests.
/	Detrong Cousing Clark and Honson
8	Patrons—Cousins, Clark and Henson
9	Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice
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11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That §§ 55.1-124, 55.1-125, 55.1-127, and 55.1-128 of the Code of Virginia are amended and
13	reenacted as follows:
14	§ 55.1-124. Uniform Statutory Rule Against Perpetuities.
15	A. A nonvested property interest is invalid unless:
16 17	1. When the interest is created, it is certain to vest or terminate no later than 21 years after the death of an individual then alive on
17 18	of an individual then alive; or 2. The interest either vests or terminates within 90 years after its creation.
10 19	B. A general power of appointment not presently exercisable because of a condition precedent is
20	invalid unless:
$\overline{21}$	1. When the power is created, the condition precedent is certain to be satisfied or becomes
22	impossible to satisfy no later than 21 years after the death of an individual then alive; or
23	2. The condition precedent either is satisfied or becomes impossible to satisfy within 90 years after
24	its creation.
25	C. A nongeneral power of appointment or a general testamentary power of appointment is invalid
26 27	unless:
27 28	1. When the power is created, it is certain to be irrevocably exercised or otherwise to terminate no later than 21 years after the death of an individual then alive; or
<b>2</b> 9	2. The power is irrevocably exercised or otherwise terminates within 90 years after its creation.
30	D. In determining whether a nonvested property interest or a power of appointment is valid under
31	subdivision A 1, B 1, or C 1, the possibility that a child will be born to an individual after the
32	individual's death is disregarded.
33	E. If, in measuring a period from the creation of a trust or other property arrangement, language in a
34	governing instrument (i) seeks to disallow the vesting or termination of any interest or trust beyond, (ii)
35	seeks to postpone the vesting or termination of any interest or trust until, or (iii) seeks to operate in
36 37	effect in any similar fashion upon, the later of (a) the expiration of a period of time not exceeding 21 years after the death of the survivor of specified lives in being at the creation of the trust or other
38	property arrangement or (b) the expiration of a period of time that exceeds or might exceed 21 years
	after the death of the survivor of lives in being at the creation of the trust or other property
40	arrangement, that language is inoperative to the extent it produces a period of time that exceeds 21 years
41	after the death of the survivor of the specified lives.
42	F. For any nonvested interest in or power of appointment over personal property held in trust, or a
43	power of appointment over personal property granted under a trust, if such interest or power is created
44 45	on or after July 1, 2024, §§ 55.1-124 through 55.1-129 shall apply to such interest or power by
45 46	substituting "1,000 years" in each instance in which the term "90 years" appears in §§ 55.1-124 through 55.1-129. This subsection shall not extend to a nonvested property interest in, or a power of
40 47	appointment over, real property held in trust or a power of appointment over real property granted
48	under a trust. For the purposes of this subsection, real property does not include an interest in a
49	corporation, limited liability company, partnership, business trust, or other entity, even if such entity
50	owns an interest in real property.
51	§ 55.1-125. When nonvested property interest or power of appointment created.
52	A. Except as provided in subsections B and C this section and in subsection B of § 55.1-128, the
53	time of creation of a nonvested property interest or a power of appointment is determined under general
54 55	Principles of property law.
55 56	B. For the purposes of §§ 55.1-124 through 55.1-129, if there is a person who alone can exercise a power created by a governing instrument to become the unqualified beneficial owner of (i) a nonvested
50 57	property interest or (ii) a property interest subject to a power of appointment described in subsection B
58	or C in of § 55.1-124, the nonvested property interest or power of appointment is created when the

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59 power to become the unqualified beneficial owner terminates.

60 C. For the purposes of §§ 55.1-124 through 55.1-129, a nonvested property interest or a power of appointment arising from a transfer of property to a previously funded trust or other existing property 61 62 arrangement is created when the nonvested property interest or power of appointment in the original 63 contribution was created.

D. For the purposes of §§ 55.1-124 through 55.1-129, except as provided in subsection B of 64 65 § 55.1-128, if a nongeneral or testamentary power of appointment is exercised to create another nongeneral or testamentary power of appointment, every nonvested property interest or power of 66 appointment created through the exercise of such other nongeneral or testamentary power is considered 67 to have been created at the time of the creation of the first nongeneral or testamentary power of 68 69 appointment. 70

## § 55.1-127. Exclusions from statutory rule against perpetuities.

A. Section 55.1-124 does not apply to:

72 1. A nonvested property interest or a power of appointment arising out of a nondonative transfer, 73 except a nonvested property interest or a power of appointment arising out of (i) a premarital or 74 postmarital agreement; (ii) a separation or divorce settlement; (iii) a spouse's election; (iv) a similar 75 arrangement arising out of a prospective, existing, or previous marital relationship between the parties; 76 (v) a contract to make or not to revoke a will or trust; (vi) a contract to exercise or not to exercise a 77 power of appointment; (vii) a transfer in satisfaction of a duty of support; or (viii) a reciprocal transfer;

78 2. A fiduciary's power relating to the administration or management of assets, including the power of 79 a fiduciary to sell, lease, or mortgage property, and the power of a fiduciary to determine principal and 80 income; 81

3. A power to appoint a fiduciary;

4. A discretionary power of trustee to distribute principal before termination of a trust to a 82 83 beneficiary having an indefensibly vested interest in the income and principal;

84 5. A nonvested property interest held by a charity, government, or governmental agency or subdivision, if the nonvested property interest is preceded by an interest held by another charity, 85 86 government, or governmental agency or subdivision;

87 6. A nonvested property interest in or a power of appointment with respect to a trust or other 88 property arrangement forming part of a pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, health, disability, death 89 benefit, income deferral, or other current or deferred benefit plan for one or more employees, 90 independent contractors, or their beneficiaries or spouses, to which contributions are made for the 91 purpose of distributing to or for the benefit of the participants or their beneficiaries or spouses the 92 property, income, or principal in the trust or other property arrangement, except a nonvested property 93 interest or a power of appointment that is created by an election of a participant or a beneficiary or 94 spouse:

95 7. A property interest, power of appointment, or arrangement that was not subject to the 96 common-law rule against perpetuities or is excluded by another statute of the Commonwealth; or

97 8. A nonvested interest in or power of appointment over personal property held in trust, or a power 98 of appointment over personal property granted under a trust, if the trust instrument, by its terms, 99 provides that § 55.1-124 shall not apply, provided that such interest or power was created between July 100 1, 2000, and June 30, 2024. If a nonvested interest in or power of appointment over personal property 101 held in trust, or a power of appointment over personal property granted under a trust, was created on or after July 1, 2024, the provisions of the first sentence of this subdivision shall not apply, and any 102 terms in the trust instrument providing that § 55.1-124 does not apply shall not be operative and shall 103 not prevent the application of § 55.1-124 to such interest or power. 104

B. The exception to the Uniform Statutory Rule Against Perpetuities under the first sentence of 105 subdivision A 8 shall not extend to real property held in trust. For purposes of this subsection, real 106 107 property does not include an interest in a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, business 108 trust, or other entity, even if such entity owns an interest in real property. 109

## § 55.1-128. Prospective application.

110 A. Sections 55.1-124 through 55.1-129 apply to a nonvested property interest or a power of 111 appointment that is created on or after July 1, 2000.

112 B. For purposes of this section subsection A, the first sentence of subsection F of § 55.1-124, and 113 subdivision A 8 of § 55.1-127, a nonvested property interest or a power of appointment created by the 114 exercise of a power of appointment is created when the power is irrevocably exercised or when a 115 revocable exercise becomes irrevocable.