# 2024 SESSION

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# HOUSE BILL NO. 624

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Joint Conference Committee

on March 8, 2024)

(Patrons Prior to Substitute—Delegates Rasoul and Delaney [HB 761]

- 4 5 6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-199.1, 22.1-253.13:2, 22.1-299.2, and 51.1-617 of the Code of 7 Virginia, relating to ratios of instructional positions to English language learner students; At-Risk 8 Program established; National Board Certification Incentive Reward Program grants; special 9 education staffing; report. 10
  - Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 22.1-199.1, 22.1-253.13:2, 22.1-299.2, and 51.1-617 of the Code of Virginia are amended 11 and reenacted as follows: 12

# § 22.1-199.1. Programs designed to promote educational opportunities.

14 A. The General Assembly finds that Virginia educational research supports the conclusion that poor 15 children are more at risk of educational failure than children from more affluent homes and that reduced pupil/teacher ratios and class sizes result in improved academic performance among young children; to 16 17 this end, the General Assembly establishes a long-term goal of reducing pupil/teacher ratios and class sizes for grades K through three in those schools in the Commonwealth with high or moderate 18 19 concentrations of at-risk students.

20 With such funds as are provided in the appropriation act for this purpose, there is hereby established 21 the statewide voluntary pupil/teacher ratio and class size reduction program for the purpose of reaching the long-term goal of statewide voluntary pupil/teacher ratio and class size reductions for grades K 22 23 through three in schools with high or moderate concentrations of at-risk students, consistent with the 24 provisions provided in the appropriation act.

25 In order to facilitate these primary grade ratio and class size reductions, the Department shall calculate the state funding of these voluntary ratio and class size reductions based on the incremental 26 27 cost of providing the lower class sizes according to the greater of the division average per-pupil cost of 28 all divisions or the actual division per-pupil cost. Localities shall provide matching funds for these 29 voluntary ratio and class size reductions based on the composite index of local ability to pay. School 30 divisions shall notify the Department of their intention to implement the reduced ratios and class sizes in 31 one or more of their qualifying schools by August 1 of each year. By March 31 of each year, school 32 divisions shall forward data substantiating that each participating school has a complying pupil/teacher 33 ratio.

34 In developing each proposed biennium budget for public education, the Board shall include funding 35 for these ratios and class sizes. These ratios and class sizes shall be included in the annual budget for public education. 36

37 B. The General Assembly finds that educational technology is one of the most important 38 components, along with highly skilled teachers, in ensuring the delivery of quality public school 39 education throughout the Commonwealth. Therefore, the Board shall strive to incorporate technological 40 studies within the teaching of all disciplines. Further, the General Assembly notes that educational 41 technology can only be successful if teachers and administrators are provided adequate training and 42 assistance. To this end, the following program is established.

With such funds as are appropriated for this purpose, the Board shall award to the several school 43 44 divisions grants for expanded access to educational technology. Funding for educational technology training for instructional personnel shall be provided as set forth in the appropriation act. 45

Funds for improving the quality and capacity of educational technology shall also be provided as set 46 47 forth in the appropriation act, including (i) funds for providing a technology resource assistant to serve every elementary school in this Commonwealth and (ii) funds to maintain the currency of career and **48** technical education programs. Any local school board accepting funds to hire technology resource 49 50 assistants or maintain currency of career and technical education programs shall commit to providing the 51 required matching funds, based on the composite index of local ability to pay.

Each qualifying school board shall establish an individualized technology plan, which shall be 52 53 approved by the Superintendent, for integrating technology into the classroom and into schoolwide 54 instructional programs, including career and technical education programs. The first priority for funding shall be consistent with those components of the Board's revised six-year technology plan that focus on 55 (i) retrofitting and upgrading existing school buildings to efficiently use educational technology; (ii) 56 providing (a) one network-ready multimedia microcomputer for each classroom, (b) a five-to-one ratio of 57 pupils to network-ready microcomputers, (c) graphing calculators and relevant scientific probes/sensors 58 59 as required by the Standards of Learning, and (d) training and professional development on available

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technologies and software to all levels and positions, including professional development for personnel 60 delivering career and technical education at all levels and positions; and (iii) assisting school divisions in 61 62 developing integrated voice-, video-, and data-connectivity to local, national and international resources.

63 This funding may be used to implement a local school division's long-range technology plan, at the 64 discretion of the relevant school board, if the local plan meets or exceeds the goals and standards of the 65 Board's revised six-year technology plan and has been approved by the Superintendent.

66 The Department of Education, the Department of General Services, and the Virginia Information Technologies Agency shall coordinate master contracts for the purchase by local school boards of the 67 68 aforementioned educational technologies and reference materials.

69 A technology replacement program shall be, with such funds as may be appropriated for this 70 purpose, implemented to replace obsolete educational hardware and software. As provided in subsection 71 D of § 22.1-129, school boards may donate obsolete educational technology hardware and software that 72 are being replaced. Any such donations shall be offered to other school divisions and to preschool programs in the Commonwealth or to public school students as provided in guidelines to be promulgated 73 74 by the Board. Such guidelines shall include criteria for determining student eligibility and need, a 75 reporting system for the compilation of information concerning the number and socioeconomic 76 characteristics of recipient students, and notification of parents of the availability of such donations of 77 obsolete educational hardware and software.

78 C. The General Assembly finds that local autonomy in making decisions on local educational needs 79 and priorities results in effective grassroots efforts to improve education in the Commonwealth's public 80 schools only when coupled with sufficient state funding; to this end, the following block grant program is hereby established. With such funds as are provided in the appropriation act, the Department shall 81 distribute block grants to localities to enable compliance with the Commonwealth's requirements for school divisions in effect on January 1, 1995. Therefore, for the purpose of such compliance, the block 82 83 grant herein established shall consist of a sum equal to the amount appropriated in the appropriation act 84 85 for the covered programs, including the at-risk add-on program; dropout prevention, specifically Project 86 YES; Project Discovery; English as a second language programs, including programs for overage, 87 nonschooled students; Advancement Via Individual Determination (AVID); the Homework Assistance Program; programs initiated under the Virginia Guaranteed Assistance Program, except that such funds 88 89 shall not be used to pay any expenses of participating students at institutions of higher education; and 90 school/community health centers. Each school board may use any funds received through the block grant 91 to implement the covered programs and other programs designed to save the Commonwealth's children 92 from educational failure.

93 D. In order to reduce pupil/teacher ratios and class sizes in elementary schools, from such funds as may be appropriated for this purpose, each school board may employ additional classroom teachers, 94 remedial teachers, and reading specialists for each of its elementary schools over the requirements of the 95 96 Standards of Quality. State and local funding for such additional classroom teachers, remedial teachers, 97 and reading specialists shall be apportioned as provided in the appropriation act.

E. D. Pursuant to a turnaround specialist program administered by the Department, local school 98 99 boards may enter into agreements with individuals to be employed as turnaround specialists to address 100 those conditions at the school that may impede educational progress and effectiveness and academic success. Local school boards may offer such turnaround specialists or other administrative personnel 101 102 incentives such as increased compensation, improved retirement benefits in accordance with Chapter 6.2 (§ 51.1-617 et seq.) of Title 51.1, increased deferred compensation in accordance with § 51.1-603, 103 104 relocation expenses, bonuses, and other incentives as may be determined by the board.

F. E. The General Assembly finds that certain schools have particular difficulty hiring teachers for 105 certain subject areas and that the need for such teachers in these schools is particularly strong. Accordingly in an effort to attract and retain high quality teachers, local school boards may offer 106 107 108 instructional personnel serving in such schools as a member of a middle school teacher corps 109 administered by the Department incentives such as increased compensation, improved retirement benefits in accordance with Chapter 6.2 (§ 51.1-617 et seq.) of Title 51.1, increased deferred compensation in 110 accordance with § 51.1-603, relocation expenses, bonuses, and other incentives as may be determined by 111 112 the board.

For purposes of this subsection, "middle school teacher corps" means licensed instructional personnel 113 114 who are assigned to a local school division to teach in a subject matter in grades six, seven, or eight where there is a critical need, as determined by the Department. The contract between such persons and 115 116 the relevant local school board shall specify that the contract is for service in the middle school teacher 117 corps. 118

### § 22.1-253.13:2. Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel.

119 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, 120 and other professional personnel.

B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas. 121

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122 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 123 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, 124 excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors or certain other 125 licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and librarians, that are not greater than the 126 following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average 127 daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be 128 assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 129 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 130 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime 131 the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local 132 school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days 133 after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason 134 that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division 135 will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection.

Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher
 ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained
 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide
ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in
middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with
one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and
career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional
personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation
act.

E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs
of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be
provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K
through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State
funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and
the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by
the local school boards.

To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may
employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services.
School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner
shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board.

158 F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general 159 160 appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii) 161 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000 162 students identified as having limited English proficiency ratios of instructional positions to English 163 164 language learner students, based on each such student's English proficiency level, as established in the 165 general appropriation act, which positions may include dual language teachers who provide instruction 166 in English and in a second language.

167 To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 168 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use 169 state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to 170 employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide instruction to 171 identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to 172 supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ 173 Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel 174 licensed by the Board.

175 G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local 176 school board shall employ one reading specialist for each 550 students in kindergarten through grade 177 five and one reading specialist for each 1,100 students in grades six through eight. Each such reading 178 specialist shall have training in science-based reading research and evidence-based literacy instruction 179 practices. In addition, each such reading specialist shall have training in the identification of and the 180 appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for students with dyslexia or a 181 related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related disorders. Such reading specialist shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a working knowledge of (i) techniques to 182

help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at
different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of the keys to reading, including multisensory,
explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations,
and assistive technology supports for students with dyslexia.

To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ
reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early
Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed
by the Board. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of reading specialists to meet this
staffing standard may assign reading specialists to grade levels according to grade levels with greatest
need, regardless of the individual staffing standards established for grades kindergarten through five and
six through eight.

H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positionsfor any school that reports fall membership, according to student enrollment:

196 1. Principals, one full-time in each elementary school, middle school, and high school, to be197 employed on a 12-month basis;

2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900 students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals in high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools are elementary, middle, or secondary;

3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

4. School counselors, one full-time equivalent position per 325 students in grades kindergartenthrough 12.

212 However, in order to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision, any local school board (i) may employ, under a provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with 213 214 an allowance for an additional two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, any 215 professional counselor licensed by the Board of Counseling, clinical social worker licensed by the Board of Social Work, psychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology, or other licensed counseling 216 professional with appropriate experience and training, provided that any such individual makes progress 217 toward completing the requirements for full licensure as a school counselor during such period of 218 219 employment or (ii) in the event that the school board does not receive any application from a licensed 220 school counselor, professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed 221 counseling professional with appropriate experience and training to fill a school counselor vacancy in the 222 school division, may enter into an annual contract with another entity for the provision of school 223 counseling services by a licensed professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or 224 another licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training. Local school boards 225 that employ a sufficient number of individuals to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this 226 subdivision may assign such individuals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest 227 need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in gradeskindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
 kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional
 technology resource teacher.

To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board.

K. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing
 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the
 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

L. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except

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245 for school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and shall be 246 based on the school's total enrollment. The Board may grant waivers from these staffing levels upon 247 request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs that are not 248 consistent with these staffing levels.

249 M. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 250 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the 251 current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 252 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the 253 teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 254 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any 255 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 256 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection 257 shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 258 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

259 N. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in the 260 relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 261 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 262 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 263 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 264 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course 265 enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 266 267 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 268 courses.

269 O. Each school board shall provide at least three specialized student support positions per 1,000 270 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school social 271 workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant behavior 272 analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by the 273 school board or provided through contracted services.

274 In order to fill vacant school psychologist positions, any local school board may employ, under a 275 provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with an allowance for an additional 276 two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, clinical psychologists licensed by 277 the Board of Psychology, provided that any such individual makes progress toward completing the 278 requirements for full licensure as a school psychologist during such period of employment.

279 P. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 280 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

281 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall 282 include the following:

283 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and 284 assistant superintendents; 285

2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

286 3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in 287 subsection O; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H 4; (iii) 288 homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to 289 truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in 290 subsection O;

291 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and 292 media positions not included in subdivision H 3; 293

5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J;

294 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation 295 and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions;

296 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional 297 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

298 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 299 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 300 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 301 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 302 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 303 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 304 305 elementary, middle, or secondary.

306 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

307 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional 308 instructional services.

309 Q. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of instructional 310 and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J, a local school board shall not be required to 311 include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.

312 R. There is hereby established the At-Risk Program for the purpose of supporting programs and services for students who are educationally at risk, including prevention, intervention, or remediation 313 activities required pursuant to Standard 1 (§ 22.1-253.13:1); teacher recruitment programs and 314 incentives; Dropout Prevention; community and school-based truancy officer programs; Advancement 315 Via Individual Determination (AVID); Project Discovery; programs for English language learners; the 316 hiring of additional school counselors, testing coordinators, and licensed behavior analysts; and 317 programs relating to increasing the success of disadvantaged students in completing a high school 318 319 degree and providing opportunities to encourage further education and training. A portion of the state funding provided for the At-Risk Program shall be allocated to school divisions on a flat per-student 320 321 percentage rate set out in the general appropriation act and a portion of such funding shall be 322 allocated to school divisions on a variable rate set out in the general appropriation act based on the 323 concentration of poverty in the school division. 324

# § 22.1-299.2. National Board Certification Incentive Reward Program and Fund.

325 A. From such funds as may be appropriated for such purpose and from such gifts, donations, grants, 326 bequests, and other funds as may be received on its behalf, there is hereby established the National 327 Teacher Board Certification Incentive Reward Program (the "Program"), to be administered by the Board of Education, and a special nonreverting fund within the state treasury known as the National Teacher 328 Board Certification Incentive Reward Program Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund shall be established on the 329 330 books of the Comptroller, and any moneys remaining in the Fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Interest earned on such funds shall remain in the 331 332 Fund and be credited to it.

333 The State Treasurer shall manage the Fund, subject to the authority of the Board of Education to 334 provide for its disbursement. The Fund shall be disbursed to award incentive grants to public school 335 teachers obtaining staff who have obtained national certification from the National Board for 336 Professional Teaching Standards or who are candidates for initial national certification or maintenance 337 of national certification (MOC) from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards to assist 338 with the upfront costs of obtaining or maintaining such certification.

339 To the extent funds are available in the Fund, teachers B. Any candidate (i) working in a Title 1 340 school or a school eligible for participation in the Community Eligibility Provision pursuant to 341 § 22.1-207.4:1 and (ii) who is pursuing initial national certification from the National Board for 342 Professional Teaching Standards is eligible to apply to the Department for an incentive grant from the 343 Fund pursuant to the Program to cover (i) half of the total initial national certification fee, equal to the 344 sum of the cost of four components and the registration fee for initial national certification, to be disbursed upon initial registration for such certification and (ii) the remaining half of such total initial 345 346 national certification fee to be disbursed upon successful achievement of initial national certification as verified by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards. 347

348 C. Any candidate (i) working in a Title 1 school or a school eligible for participation in the 349 Community Eligibility Provision pursuant to § 22.1-207.4:1 and (ii) who is pursuing MOC from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards is eligible to apply to the Department for an 350 351 incentive grant from the Fund pursuant to the Program to cover the total MOC fee, equal to the sum of the cost of MOC and the registration fee for MOC, to be disbursed upon successful completion of the 352 353 MOC process as verified by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards.

354 D. Any public school staff member who obtain has obtained national certification from the National 355 Board for Professional Teaching Standards shall receive an initial state-funded from the Fund pursuant 356 to the Program an initial incentive grant award of \$5,000 and a subsequent award of \$2,500 each year 357 for the life of the certificate. Such annual incentive grant awards shall continue to be paid upon renewal 358 *maintenance* of the certificate. The Board shall establish procedures for determining amounts of awards 359 if the moneys in the Fund are not sufficient to award each eligible teacher the appropriate award 360 amount.

361 B. E. The Board may issue guidelines governing the Program as it deems necessary and appropriate. 362 § 51.1-617. Definitions.

363 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Board" means the Board of Trustees of the Virginia Retirement System. 364

"Eligible employee" means any turnaround specialist or member of the middle school teacher corps 365 providing services for a participating public school division pursuant to subsections D and E and F of 366 367 § 22.1-199.1.

**368** "Participating employer" means any local public school board that offers and pays the costs of improved retirement benefits as described in subsections D and E and F of § 22.1-199.1.

- "Plan" means the defined contribution plan established pursuant to this chapter and the provisions of
  \$401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- 372 "Qualified participant" means an eligible employee of a participating employer.

373 2. That to begin to address the recommendations of the Joint Legislative Audit and Review 374 Commission's 2023 review of Virginia's K-12 Funding Formula, the Virginia Department of 375 Education shall develop and implement a data collection process related to English language 376 learner expenditures and student English proficiency levels and identify other options to support 377 English language learners. The Department shall provide a status report to the Joint 378 Subcommittee on Elementary and Secondary Funding on its implementation and data collection 379 efforts by September 1, 2024.

380 3. That the Department of Education, in collaboration with the Department of Behavioral Health 381 and Developmental Services or any other relevant stakeholders with expertise in special education 382 as the Department of Education deems appropriate, shall develop a plan for revised special 383 education staffing requirements that addresses the staffing needs of each special education 384 program in each school division as determined by the specific educational and behavioral support 385 needs of students who receive special education and aims to improve special education teacher 386 recruitment and retention. The Department of Education shall report its findings to the Joint 387

387 Subcommittee on Elementary and Secondary Funding by November 1, 2024.