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## **HOUSE BILL NO. 386**

Offered January 10, 2024 Prefiled January 8, 2024

A BILL to amend and reenact § 22.1-253.13:2, as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, relating to public school staffing ratios; specialized student support positions.

Patrons-Hernandez, Anthony, Bennett-Parker, Callsen, Clark, Cohen, Cole, Convirs-Fowler, Feggans, Henson, Keys-Gamarra, Martinez, McClure, Rasoul, Shin, Simon, Simonds, Watts and Willett

Referred to Committee on Education

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

11 1. That § 22.1-253.13:2, as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia is amended and 12 reenacted as follows:

\$ 22.1-253.13:2. (For Effective Date, see Acts 2022, cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 2. Instructional,
 administrative, and support personnel.

15 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, 16 and other professional personnel.

17 B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas.

C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 18 19 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, 20 excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors or certain other 21 licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and librarians, that are not greater than the 22 following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average 23 daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be 24 assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 25 26 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime 27 the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local 28 school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days 29 after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason 30 that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division 31 will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection.

Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher
 ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained
 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide
ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in
middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with
one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and
 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional
 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation
 act.

E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs
of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be
provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K
through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State
funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and
the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by
the local school boards.

To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may
employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services.
School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner
shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board.

F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii)

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58 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000
59 students identified as having limited English proficiency, which positions may include dual language
60 teachers who provide instruction in English and in a second language.

61 To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 62 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use 63 state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to 64 employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide instruction to identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to 65 supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ 66 Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel 67 68 licensed by the Board.

G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local 69 70 school board shall employ one reading specialist for each 550 students in kindergarten through grade 71 five and one reading specialist for each 1,100 students in grades six through eight. Each such reading 72 specialist shall have training in science-based reading research and evidence-based literacy instruction practices. In addition, each such reading specialist shall have training in the identification of and the 73 appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for students with dyslexia or a 74 related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related disorders. Such reading specialist 75 76 shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a working knowledge of (i) techniques to 77 help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at 78 different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of the keys to reading, including multisensory, 79 explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations, 80 and assistive technology supports for students with dyslexia.

To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of reading specialists to meet this staffing standard may assign reading specialists to grade levels according to grade levels with greatest need, regardless of the individual staffing standards established for grades kindergarten through five and six through eight.

88 H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positions89 for any school that reports fall membership, according to student enrollment:

90 1. Principals, one full-time in each elementary school, middle school, and high school, to be employed on a 12-month basis;

92 2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900
93 students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals
94 in high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient
95 number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are
97 elementary, middle, or secondary;

3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

4. School counselors, one full-time equivalent position per 325 students in grades kindergartenthrough 12.

106 However, in order to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision, any local school 107 board (i) may employ, under a provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with 108 an allowance for an additional two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, any professional counselor licensed by the Board of Counseling, clinical social worker licensed by the Board 109 of Social Work, psychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology, or other licensed counseling 110 professional with appropriate experience and training, provided that any such individual makes progress 111 112 toward completing the requirements for full licensure as a school counselor during such period of 113 employment or (ii) in the event that the school board does not receive any application from a licensed 114 school counselor, professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training to fill a school counselor vacancy in the 115 116 school division, may enter into an annual contract with another entity for the provision of school counseling services by a licensed professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or 117 another licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training. Local school boards 118 that employ a sufficient number of individuals to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this 119

120 subdivision may assign such individuals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest 121 need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in gradeskindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
 kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional
 technology resource teacher.

To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board.

K. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing
 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the
 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

L. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing
requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except
for school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and shall be
based on the school's total enrollment. The Board may grant waivers from these staffing levels upon
request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs that are not
consistent with these staffing levels.

143 M. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 144 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the 145 current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 146 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the 147 teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 148 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any 149 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 150 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection 151 shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 152 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

153 N. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in the 154 relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 155 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 156 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 157 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 158 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course 159 enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 160 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 161 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 162 courses.

163 O. Each school board shall provide at least three *four* specialized student support positions per 1,000
 164 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school social
 165 workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant behavior
 166 analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by the
 167 school board or provided through contracted services.

168 In order to fill vacant school psychologist positions, any local school board may employ, under a 169 provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with an allowance for an additional 170 two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, clinical psychologists licensed by 171 the Board of Psychology, provided that any such individual makes progress toward completing the 172 requirements for full licensure as a school psychologist during such period of employment.

P. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shallinclude the following:

177 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and178 assistant superintendents;

**179** 2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

180 3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in

181 subsection O; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H 4; (iii)

182 homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to
 183 truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in
 184 subsection O;

185 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and186 media positions not included in subdivision H 3;

187 5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J;

188 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation189 and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions;

190 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional191 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 192 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 193 194 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 195 196 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 197 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 198 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 199 elementary, middle, or secondary.

200 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

201 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional 202 instructional services.

Q. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of instructional
 and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J, a local school board shall not be required to
 include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.