2024 SESSION

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[H 1301]

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 59.1-200 and 59.1-526 of the Code of Virginia, relating to Virginia 3 Post-Disaster Anti-Price Gouging Act; definitions.

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Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6

7 1. That §§ 59.1-200 and 59.1-526 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 8 § 59.1-200. Prohibited practices.

9 A. The following fraudulent acts or practices committed by a supplier in connection with a consumer 10 transaction are hereby declared unlawful:

1. Misrepresenting goods or services as those of another;

2. Misrepresenting the source, sponsorship, approval, or certification of goods or services;

13 3. Misrepresenting the affiliation, connection, or association of the supplier, or of the goods or 14 services, with another; 15

4. Misrepresenting geographic origin in connection with goods or services;

16 5. Misrepresenting that goods or services have certain quantities, characteristics, ingredients, uses, or 17 benefits;

18 6. Misrepresenting that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality, grade, style, or model; 7. Advertising or offering for sale goods that are used, secondhand, repossessed, defective, blemished, deteriorated, or reconditioned, or that are "seconds," irregulars, imperfects, or "not first 19 20 21 class," without clearly and unequivocally indicating in the advertisement or offer for sale that the goods 22 are used, secondhand, repossessed, defective, blemished, deteriorated, reconditioned, or are "seconds," 23 irregulars, imperfects or "not first class";

24 8. Advertising goods or services with intent not to sell them as advertised, or with intent not to sell 25 at the price or upon the terms advertised.

In any action brought under this subdivision, the refusal by any person, or any employee, agent, or 26 27 servant thereof, to sell any goods or services advertised or offered for sale at the price or upon the terms advertised or offered, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this subdivision. This paragraph 28 29 shall not apply when it is clearly and conspicuously stated in the advertisement or offer by which such 30 goods or services are advertised or offered for sale, that the supplier or offeror has a limited quantity or 31 amount of such goods or services for sale, and the supplier or offeror at the time of such advertisement 32 or offer did in fact have or reasonably expected to have at least such quantity or amount for sale;

33 9. Making false or misleading statements of fact concerning the reasons for, existence of, or amounts 34 of price reductions;

35 10. Misrepresenting that repairs, alterations, modifications, or services have been performed or parts 36 installed;

37 11. Misrepresenting by the use of any written or documentary material that appears to be an invoice 38 or bill for merchandise or services previously ordered;

12. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, using in any manner the words "wholesale," "wholesaler," "factory," or "manufacturer" in the supplier's name, or to describe the nature of the 39 40 41 supplier's business, unless the supplier is actually engaged primarily in selling at wholesale or in manufacturing the goods or services advertised or offered for sale; 42

43 13. Using in any contract or lease any liquidated damage clause, penalty clause, or waiver of 44 defense, or attempting to collect any liquidated damages or penalties under any clause, waiver, damages, 45 or penalties that are void or unenforceable under any otherwise applicable laws of the Commonwealth, 46 or under federal statutes or regulations;

13a. Failing to provide to a consumer, or failing to use or include in any written document or 47 material provided to or executed by a consumer, in connection with a consumer transaction any 48 49 statement, disclosure, notice, or other information however characterized when the supplier is required 50 by 16 C.F.R. Part 433 to so provide, use, or include the statement, disclosure, notice, or other 51 information in connection with the consumer transaction;

14. Using any other deception, fraud, false pretense, false promise, or misrepresentation in connection 52 53 with a consumer transaction;

54 15. Violating any provision of § 3.2-6509, 3.2-6512, 3.2-6513, 3.2-6513.1, 3.2-6514, 3.2-6515, 55 3.2-6516, or 3.2-6519 is a violation of this chapter;

56 16. Failing to disclose all conditions, charges, or fees relating to: HB1301ER

57 a. The return of goods for refund, exchange, or credit. Such disclosure shall be by means of a sign 58 attached to the goods, or placed in a conspicuous public area of the premises of the supplier, so as to be 59 readily noticeable and readable by the person obtaining the goods from the supplier. If the supplier does 60 not permit a refund, exchange, or credit for return, he shall so state on a similar sign. The provisions of 61 this subdivision shall not apply to any retail merchant who has a policy of providing, for a period of not 62 less than 20 days after date of purchase, a cash refund or credit to the purchaser's credit card account 63 for the return of defective, unused, or undamaged merchandise upon presentation of proof of purchase. 64 In the case of merchandise paid for by check, the purchase shall be treated as a cash purchase and any 65 refund may be delayed for a period of 10 banking days to allow for the check to clear. This subdivision 66 does not apply to sale merchandise that is obviously distressed, out of date, post season, or otherwise 67 reduced for clearance; nor does this subdivision apply to special order purchases where the purchaser has requested the supplier to order merchandise of a specific or unusual size, color, or brand not **68** ordinarily carried in the store or the store's catalog; nor shall this subdivision apply in connection with a 69 70 transaction for the sale or lease of motor vehicles, farm tractors, or motorcycles as defined in 71 § 46.2-100;

72 b. A layaway agreement. Such disclosure shall be furnished to the consumer (i) in writing at the time 73 of the layaway agreement, or (ii) by means of a sign placed in a conspicuous public area of the 74 premises of the supplier, so as to be readily noticeable and readable by the consumer, or (iii) on the bill 75 of sale. Disclosure shall include the conditions, charges, or fees in the event that a consumer breaches 76 the agreement;

77 16a. Failing to provide written notice to a consumer of an existing open-end credit balance in excess 78 of \$5 (i) on an account maintained by the supplier and (ii) resulting from such consumer's overpayment 79 on such account. Suppliers shall give consumers written notice of such credit balances within 60 days of 80 receiving overpayments. If the credit balance information is incorporated into statements of account furnished consumers by suppliers within such 60-day period, no separate or additional notice is required; 81 17. If a supplier enters into a written agreement with a consumer to resolve a dispute that arises in 82

83 connection with a consumer transaction, failing to adhere to the terms and conditions of such an 84 agreement; 85

18. Violating any provision of the Virginia Health Club Act, Chapter 24 (§ 59.1-294 et seq.);

19. Violating any provision of the Virginia Home Solicitation Sales Act, Chapter 2.1 (§ 59.1-21.1 et 86 87 seq.);

88 20. Violating any provision of the Automobile Repair Facilities Act, Chapter 17.1 (§ 59.1-207.1 et 89 seq.);

90 21. Violating any provision of the Virginia Lease-Purchase Agreement Act, Chapter 17.4 91 (§ 59.1-207.17 et seq.); 92

22. Violating any provision of the Prizes and Gifts Act, Chapter 31 (§ 59.1-415 et seq.);

93 23. Violating any provision of the Virginia Public Telephone Information Act, Chapter 32 94 (§ 59.1-424 et seq.); 95

24. Violating any provision of § 54.1-1505;

96 25. Violating any provision of the Motor Vehicle Manufacturers' Warranty Adjustment Act, Chapter 97 17.6 (§ 59.1-207.34 et seq.);

98 26. Violating any provision of § 3.2-5627, relating to the pricing of merchandise;

- 99 27. Violating any provision of the Pay-Per-Call Services Act, Chapter 33 (§ 59.1-429 et seq.);
- 100 28. Violating any provision of the Extended Service Contract Act, Chapter 34 (§ 59.1-435 et seq.);

101 29. Violating any provision of the Virginia Membership Camping Act, Chapter 25 (§ 59.1-311 et 102 seq.);

30. Violating any provision of the Comparison Price Advertising Act, Chapter 17.7 (§ 59.1-207.40 et 103 104 seq.);

- 105 31. Violating any provision of the Virginia Travel Club Act, Chapter 36 (§ 59.1-445 et seq.);
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- 32. Violating any provision of §§ 46.2-1231 and 46.2-1233.1; 33. Violating any provision of Chapter 40 (§ 54.1-4000 et seq.) of Title 54.1; 107
- 34. Violating any provision of Chapter 10.1 (§ 58.1-1031 et seq.) of Title 58.1; 108
- 109 35. Using the consumer's social security number as the consumer's account number with the supplier,

110 if the consumer has requested in writing that the supplier use an alternate number not associated with 111 the consumer's social security number;

- 36. Violating any provision of Chapter 18 (§ 6.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 6.2; 112
- 113 37. Violating any provision of § 8.01-40.2;
- 114 38. Violating any provision of Article 7 (§ 32.1-212 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 32.1;
- 115 39. Violating any provision of Chapter 34.1 (§ 59.1-441.1 et seq.);
- 116 40. Violating any provision of Chapter 20 (§ 6.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 41. Violating any provision of the Virginia Post-Disaster Anti-Price Gouging Act, Chapter 46 117

- 118 (§ 59.1-525 et seq.). For the purposes of this subdivision, "consumer transaction" has the same meaning
- **119** as provided in § 59.1-526;
- 42. Violating any provision of Chapter 47 (§ 59.1-530 et seq.);
- **121** 43. Violating any provision of § 59.1-443.2;
- 44. Violating any provision of Chapter 48 (§ 59.1-533 et seq.);
- 45. Violating any provision of Chapter 25 (§ 6.2-2500 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 46. Violating the provisions of clause (i) of subsection B of § 54.1-1115;
- **125** 47. Violating any provision of § 18.2-239;
- 48. Violating any provision of Chapter 26 (§ 59.1-336 et seq.);
- 49. Selling, offering for sale, or manufacturing for sale a children's product the supplier knows or has
 reason to know was recalled by the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. There is a rebuttable
 presumption that a supplier has reason to know a children's product was recalled if notice of the recall
 has been posted continuously at least 30 days before the sale, offer for sale, or manufacturing for sale
 on the website of the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission. This prohibition does not apply to
 children's products that are used, secondhand or "seconds";
- 133 50. Violating any provision of Chapter 44.1 (§ 59.1-518.1 et seq.);
- 134 51. Violating any provision of Chapter 22 (§ 6.2-2200 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- **135** 52. Violating any provision of § 8.2-317.1;
- **136** 53. Violating subsection A of § 9.1-149.1;
- 137 54. Selling, offering for sale, or using in the construction, remodeling, or repair of any residential
 138 dwelling in the Commonwealth, any drywall that the supplier knows or has reason to know is defective
 139 drywall. This subdivision shall not apply to the sale or offering for sale of any building or structure in
 140 which defective drywall has been permanently installed or affixed;
- 55. Engaging in fraudulent or improper or dishonest conduct as defined in § 54.1-1118 while
 engaged in a transaction that was initiated (i) during a declared state of emergency as defined in
 § 44-146.16 or (ii) to repair damage resulting from the event that prompted the declaration of a state of
 emergency, regardless of whether the supplier is licensed as a contractor in the Commonwealth pursuant
 to Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 146 56. Violating any provision of Chapter 33.1 (§ 59.1-434.1 et seq.);
- 147 57. Violating any provision of § 18.2-178, 18.2-178.1, or 18.2-200.1;
- 148 58. Violating any provision of Chapter 17.8 (§ 59.1-207.45 et seq.);
- **149** 59. Violating any provision of subsection E of § 32.1-126;
- 150 60. Violating any provision of § 54.1-111 relating to the unlicensed practice of a profession licensed
- 151 under Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et seq.) or Chapter 21 (§ 54.1-2100 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 152 61. Violating any provision of \$ 2.2-2001.5;
- 153 62. Violating any provision of Chapter 5.2 (§ 54.1-526 et seq.) of Title 54.1;
- 154 63. Violating any provision of \S 6.2-312;
- 155 64. Violating any provision of Chapter 20.1 (§ 6.2-2026 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- 156 65. Violating any provision of Chapter 26 (§ 6.2-2600 et seq.) of Title 6.2;
- **157** 66. Violating any provision of Chapter 54 (§ 59.1-586 et seq.);
- **158** 67. Knowingly violating any provision of § 8.01-27.5;

68. Failing to, in accordance with § 59.1-207.46, (i) make available a conspicuous online option to cancel a recurring purchase of a good or service or (ii) with respect to a free trial lasting more than 30 days, notify a consumer of his option to cancel such free trial within 30 days of the end of the trial period to avoid an obligation to pay for the goods or services;

69. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by
inhalation, that contains a synthetic derivative of tetrahydrocannabinol. As used in this subdivision,
"synthetic derivative" means a chemical compound produced by man through a chemical transformation
to turn a compound into a different compound by adding or subtracting molecules to or from the
original compound. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by
the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or
(ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;

70. Selling or offering for sale to a person younger than 21 years of age any substance intended for
human consumption, orally or by inhalation, that contains tetrahydrocannabinol. This subdivision shall
not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and
scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct
permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;

175 71. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by
176 inhalation, that contains tetrahydrocannabinol, unless such substance is (i) contained in child-resistant
177 packaging, as defined in § 4.1-600; (ii) equipped with a label that states, in English and in a font no less
178 than 1/16 of an inch, (a) that the substance contains tetrahydrocannabinol and may not be sold to

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179 persons younger than 21 years of age, (b) all ingredients contained in the substance, (c) the amount of 180 such substance that constitutes a single serving, and (d) the total percentage and milligrams of 181 tetrahydrocannabinol included in the substance and the number of milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol 182 that are contained in each serving; and (iii) accompanied by a certificate of analysis, produced by an 183 independent laboratory that is accredited pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International 184 Organization of Standardization by a third-party accrediting body, that states the tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the substance or the tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of the batch from which the 185 186 substance originates. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by 187 the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or 188 (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1;

189 72. Manufacturing, offering for sale at retail, or selling at retail an industrial hemp extract, as defined
190 in § 3.2-5145.1, a food containing an industrial hemp extract, or a substance containing
191 tetrahydrocannabinol that depicts or is in the shape of a human, animal, vehicle, or fruit;

192 73. Selling or offering for sale any substance intended for human consumption, orally or by 193 inhalation, that contains tetrahydrocannabinol and, without authorization, bears, is packaged in a 194 container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear the trademark, trade name, famous mark 195 as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1125, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness thereof, of 196 a manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor of a product intended for human consumption other 197 than the manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor that did in fact so manufacture, process, pack, or 198 distribute such substance;

74. Selling or offering for sale a topical hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that does not include a label stating that the product is not intended for human consumption. This subdivision shall not (i) apply to products that are approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and scheduled in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), (ii) be construed to prohibit any conduct permitted under Chapter 16 (§ 4.1-1600 et seq.) of Title 4.1, or (iii) apply to topical hemp products that were manufactured prior to July 1, 2023, provided that the person provides documentation of the date of manufacture if requested;

75. Violating any provision of § 59.1-466.8;

76. Violating subsection F of § 36-96.3:1;

77. Selling or offering for sale (i) any kratom product to a person younger than 21 years of age or
(ii) any kratom product that does not include a label listing all ingredients and with the following
guidance: "This product may be harmful to your health, has not been evaluated by the FDA, and is not
intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease." As used in this subdivision, "kratom" means
any part of the leaf of the plant Mitragyna speciosa or any extract thereof; and

78. Failing to disclose the total cost of a good or continuous service, as defined in § 59.1-207.45, to
a consumer, including any mandatory fees or charges, prior to entering into an agreement for the sale of
any such good or provision of any such continuous service.

B. Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate or make unenforceable any contract or
lease solely by reason of the failure of such contract or lease to comply with any other law of the
Commonwealth or any federal statute or regulation, to the extent such other law, statute, or regulation
provides that a violation of such law, statute, or regulation shall not invalidate or make unenforceable
such contract or lease.

§ 59.1-526. Definitions.

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As used in this chapter:

"Consumer transaction," "goods," and "services," have the same meanings as are set forth for those
terms in § 59.1-198. However, "consumer transaction" also includes transactions involving the
advertisement, sale, lease, license, or offering for sale, lease, or license of goods or services to be used
for business purposes and the advertisement, sale, lease, license, or contract of employment services to
be provided or procured for business purposes.

"Disaster" means any "disaster," "emergency," or "major disaster," as those terms are used and
defined in § 44-146.16, that results in the declaration of a state of emergency by the Governor or the
President of the United States.

"Necessary goods and services" means any necessary good or service for which consumer demand
does, or is likely to, increase as a consequence of the disaster, and includes water, ice, consumer food
items or supplies, property or services for emergency cleanup, emergency supplies, communication
supplies and services, medical supplies and services, home heating fuel, building materials and services,
tree removal supplies and services, freight, storage services, housing, lodging, transportation, and motor
fuels.

237 "Supplier" means a seller, lessor, licensor, or professional who advertises, solicits, or engages in consumer transactions, or a manufacturer, distributor, or licensor who sells, leases, or licenses goods or services to be resold, leased, or sublicensed by other persons in consumer transactions. However, a

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manufacturer, distributor, or licensor who sells, leases, or licenses agricultural goods or services to be
resold, leased, or sublicensed by other persons in consumer transactions shall not be considered a
"supplier" unless such manufacturer, distributor, or licensor advertises such agricultural goods or
services.

244 "Time of disaster" means the shorter longer of (i) the period of time when a state of emergency 245 declared by the Governor or the President of the United States as the result of a disaster, emergency, or 246 major disaster, as those terms are used and defined in § 44-146.16, is in effect or (ii) 30 days after the 247 occurrence of the disaster, emergency, or major disaster that resulted in the declaration of the state of

248 emergency; however, if the state of emergency is extended or renewed within 30 days after such an occurrence, then such period shall be extended to include the 30 days following the date the state of

250 emergency was extended or renewed.