

Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission

# Senate Bill No. 1192

(Patrons – Ebbin and Boysko)

## LD#: <u>23103857</u>

Date: 01/06/2023

### Topic: <u>Carrying certain firearms in public areas</u>

### **Fiscal Impact Summary:**

- State Adult Correctional Facilities: \$50,000\*
- Local Adult Correctional Facilities: Cannot be determined
- Adult Community Corrections Programs: Cannot be determined

Juvenile Direct Care: Cannot be determined\*\*
Juvenile Detention Facilities: Cannot be determined\*\*

\*\*Provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice

\* The estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000.

Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, fiscal impact statements prepared by the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission only include the estimated increase in operating costs associated with additional state-responsible prison beds and do not reflect any other costs or savings that may be associated with the proposed legislation.

#### **Summary of Proposed Legislation:**

The proposal expands § 18.2-287.4 of the *Code of Virginia* to prohibit the carrying of certain semiautomatic center-fire rifles, pistols, or shotguns on any public street, road, etc., or in any public park or other place open to the public in any locality in the Commonwealth. The proposal provides an expanded list of firearms, whether loaded or unloaded, to which the prohibition applies. The proposal also removes the exemptions for licensed security guards and persons with valid concealed handgun permits provided in current *Code*.

Currently, under § 18.2-287.4, it is a Class 1 misdemeanor for a person to carry a loaded semi-automatic firearm with specified features and equipped with a magazine that holds more than 20 rounds or a shotgun with a magazine that will hold more than seven rounds in public areas in the cities of Alexandria, Chesapeake, Fairfax, Falls Church, Newport News, Norfolk, Richmond, or Virginia Beach or in the counties of Arlington, Fairfax, Henrico, Loudoun, or Prince William. The proposal would expand this provision to prohibit possession of these types of firearms in public places in any locality.

The proposal expands an existing Class 1 misdemeanor to include additional circumstances. Pursuant to § 18.2-311.2, a third or subsequent Class 1 misdemeanor weapon violation (defined in Article 4, 5, 6, or 7 of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2) is punishable as a Class 6 felony.

#### Analysis:

Existing databases do not provide sufficient detail to identify the number of new convictions likely to result from enactment of the proposal.

According to fiscal year (FY) 2017 through FY2022 General District Court Case Management System (CMS) data, 214 offenders were convicted of a Class 1 misdemeanor under § 18.2-287.4 for carrying a loaded firearm into a prohibited area. The majority (69.2%) of these offenders did not receive an active term of incarceration to serve after sentencing. The median sentence for the 30.8% who were sentenced to a local-responsible (jail) term was two months.

Offenders convicted of the affected Class 1 misdemeanor who accumulate three or more weapon convictions could be found guilty of a Class 6 felony under § 18.2-311.2. According to Circuit Court CMS data for the same six-year period, three offenders were convicted of a felony under § 18.2-311.2 for a third or subsequent weapon offense. The felony violation of § 18.2-311.2 was the primary, or most serious, offense for only one of these offenders. This offender received a state-responsible (prison) sentence of 1.3 years.

#### **Impact of Proposed Legislation:**

**State adult correctional facilities.** By expanding the applicability of an existing Class 6 felony, the proposal may increase the future state-responsible (prison) bed space needs of the Commonwealth. Available data do not provide sufficient detail to estimate the number of new felony convictions that may result from the proposal; therefore, the magnitude of the impact on prison bed space needs cannot be determined.

**Local adult correctional facilities.** Similarly, by expanding the applicability of existing offenses, the proposal may increase local-responsible (jail) bed space needs. Because the number of new convictions resulting from the proposal cannot be determined, the magnitude of the impact on jail beds cannot be estimated.

Adult community corrections programs. Because the proposal could result in convictions and subsequent supervision requirements for an additional number of offenders, the proposal may increase the need for adult community corrections resources. Since the number of cases that may be affected cannot be determined, the potential impact on community corrections resources cannot be quantified.

**Virginia's Sentencing Guidelines.** Convictions under § 18.2-287.4 are not covered by the Sentencing Guidelines as the primary, or most serious, offense in a case. Such a conviction could augment the Guidelines recommendation (as an additional offense) if the most serious offense at sentencing is covered by the Guidelines. No adjustment to the Guidelines would be necessary under the proposal.

**Juvenile direct care.** According to the Department of Juvenile Justice, the impact of the proposal on direct care (juvenile correctional center or alternative commitment placement) bed space needs cannot be determined.

**Juvenile detention facilities.** The Department of Juvenile Justice reports that the proposal's impact on the bed space needs of juvenile detention facilities cannot be determined.

Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000.

Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.

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