Department of Planning and Budget 2023 Fiscal Impact Statement

3. Committee: Passed both houses							
childhood							
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- 5. Summary: Limits, in the context of early childhood care and education entities, the requirement for the implementation of policies for the possession and administration of epinephrine to child day centers. Under current law, such requirement applies to all early childhood care and education entities, which include child day centers, family day homes, and family day systems serving children younger than the age of five. The bill also requires the Board of Education to amend its regulations to require each family day home provider or at least one other caregiver employed by such provider in the family day home to be trained in the administration of epinephrine and to notify the parents of each child who receives care in such family day home whether the provider stores an appropriate weight-based dosage of epinephrine in the residence or home in which the family day home operates.
- 6. Budget Amendment Necessary: No
- 7. Fiscal Impact Estimates: Final, see Item 8.
- **8. Fiscal Implications:** There is no anticipated state fiscal impact as result of this bill.

Family day home providers may experience costs to be trained in the administration of epinephrine. Any actual fiscal impact is indeterminate.

- **9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected:** Board of Education, Department of Education
- 10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No
- **11. Other Comments:** This bill is identical to HB2140. Additionally, a 2-pack of epinephrine generic .15 mg auto-injector, used by children over 30 pounds, costs approximately \$30 at local pharmacies. A 2-pack of Auvi-Q epinephrine .1 mg injector, used by children under 30 pounds costs approximately \$720 at local pharmacies.