

Department of Planning and Budget

2023 Fiscal Impact Statement

1. Bill Number: HB1467

House of Origin ☒ Introduced ☐ Substitute ☐ Engrossed

Second House ☐ In Committee ☐ Substitute ☐ Enrolled

2. Patron: Wyatt

3. Committee: Privileges and Elections

4. Title: Elections; voter identification containing photograph required, availability of absentee voting.

5. Summary: Requires presentation of a form of identification containing a photograph in order to vote and provides that a voter who does not have one of the required forms of identification is entitled to cast a provisional ballot. The bill repeals a provision that would permit any person who is qualified to register to vote to do so in person up to and including the day of the election and limits the persons who are entitled to register to vote after the close of registration records to members of a uniformed service on active duty, persons who are residing temporarily outside of the United States, and their spouses and dependents. The bill limits the period during which absentee voting in person is available from 45 days preceding the date of the election to the Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday immediately preceding the date of the election. The bill requires that absentee ballots returned by mail be returned to the office of the general registrar by the close of polls on election day and be postmarked on or before the Saturday preceding the date of the election. The bill eliminates the use of drop-off locations for the return of absentee ballots. The bill requires absentee ballot applications to contain the last four digits of the applicant's social security number and provides that the failure of an absentee ballot to include a witness signature is a material omission, rendering the ballot void.

6. Budget Amendment Necessary: Yes; Item 89.

7. Fiscal Impact Estimates: Preliminary; see Item 8.

8. Fiscal Implications: This bill would require the Department of Elections (ELECT) to provide free photo identification cards to voters who do not have one of the forms of identification required for voting purposes as specified in subsection B of § 24.2-643, Code of Virginia. ELECT is required to provide to each general register the equipment that would be used to obtain photographs and signatures that would be submitted to the department to create identification cards. ELECT estimates the cost of each set of camera and signature capture pad equipment to be approximately \$704 based on the retail cost of the equipment.

The bill allows the agency to contract out the production and distribution of the voter identification cards and ELECT currently estimates the retail cost to produce the identification cards to be \$7.95 per unit. While these retail costs are the best available estimates at this time, ELECT anticipates actual costs once bid out will likely be less.

The initial estimated one-time cost to purchase camera and signature pad equipment for all localities using the above cost assumptions is \$93,632. The number of localities that may still possess working equipment provided for previous photo identification requirements is unknown and the actual number of localities in need of such equipment may be less. Ongoing annual costs to produce identification cards for an estimated 2,000 voters is \$15,900. In addition to the card production, ongoing costs are expected to replace an estimated five percent of equipment annually. Assuming a replacement rate of 7 units per year, approximately five percent, ongoing equipment replacement costs would be \$4,928. This brings total estimated general fund costs to \$109,532 in fiscal year 2024 and \$20,828 in ongoing annual costs thereafter.

The bill eliminates the ability for voters without acceptable forms of identification to vote after signing a statement, subject to Class 5 felony penalties for false statements pursuant to § 24.2-1016, Code of Virginia, that they are the named registered voters they claim to be. These provisions were initially provided by Chapter 1065 and 1064 of the 2020 Acts of Assembly. At that time, the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission estimated a fiscal impact of \$0 for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities. While any estimate of the impact of eliminating this provision cannot be determined, any decrease in the prison or jail population would reduce costs to the state. The Commonwealth currently pays the localities \$15.00 a day for each state-responsible prisoner held in a jail.

The proposed legislation is not expected to have a fiscal impact on the Department of Motor Vehicles.

9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected: Virginia Department of Elections, State Board of Elections, Department of Motor Vehicles, and localities (General Registrars and Electoral Boards).

10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No.

11. Other Comments: This bill is similar, but not identical, to HB1444.