

23102194D

SENATE BILL NO. 891

Offered January 11, 2023

Prefiled January 4, 2023

A BILL to amend and reenact § 55.1-1226 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; security deposits.

 Patron—Bell

 Referred to Committee on General Laws and Technology

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**1. That § 55.1-1226 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:****§ 55.1-1226. Security deposits.**

A. No landlord may demand or receive a security deposit, however denominated, in an amount or value in excess of two months' periodic rent. Upon termination of the tenancy or the date the tenant vacates the dwelling unit, whichever occurs last, such security deposit, whether it is property or money held by the landlord as security as provided in this section, may be applied by the landlord solely to (i) the payment of accrued rent, including the reasonable charges for late payment of rent specified in the rental agreement; (ii) the payment of the amount of damages that the landlord has suffered by reason of the tenant's noncompliance with § 55.1-1227, less reasonable wear and tear; (iii) other damages or charges as provided in the rental agreement; or (iv) actual damages for breach of the rental agreement pursuant to § 55.1-1251. The security deposit and any deductions, damages, and charges shall be itemized by the landlord in a written notice given to the tenant, together with any amount due to the tenant, within 45 days after the termination date of the tenancy or the date the tenant vacates the dwelling unit, whichever occurs last. As of the date of the termination of the tenancy or the date the tenant vacates the dwelling unit, whichever occurs last, the tenant shall be required to deliver possession of the dwelling unit to the landlord. If the termination date is prior to the expiration of the rental agreement or any renewal thereof, or the tenant has not given proper notice of termination of the rental agreement, the tenant shall be liable for actual damages pursuant to § 55.1-1251, in which case, the landlord shall give written notice of security deposit disposition within the 45-day period but may retain any security balance to apply against any financial obligations of the tenant to the landlord pursuant to this chapter or the rental agreement. If the tenant fails to vacate the dwelling unit as of the termination of the tenancy, the landlord may file an unlawful detainer action pursuant to § 8.01-126.

B. Where there is more than one tenant subject to a rental agreement, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by each of the tenants, disposition of the security deposit shall be made with one check being payable to all such tenants and sent to a forwarding address provided by one of the tenants. The landlord shall make the security deposit disposition within the 45-day time period required by subsection A, but if no forwarding address is provided to the landlord, the landlord may continue to hold such security deposit in escrow. If a tenant fails to provide a forwarding address to the landlord to enable the landlord to make a refund of the security deposit, upon the expiration of one year from the date of the end of the 45-day time period, the landlord may remit such sum to the State Treasurer as unclaimed property on a form prescribed by the administrator that includes the name; social security number, if known; and last known address of each tenant on the rental agreement. If the landlord or managing agent is a real estate licensee, compliance with this subsection shall be deemed compliance with § 54.1-2108 and corresponding regulations of the Real Estate Board.

C. Nothing in this section shall be construed by a court of law or otherwise as entitling the tenant, upon the termination of the tenancy, to an immediate credit against the tenant's delinquent rent account in the amount of the security deposit. The landlord shall apply the security deposit in accordance with this section within the 45-day time period required by subsection A. However, provided that the landlord has given prior written notice in accordance with this section, the landlord may withhold a reasonable portion of the security deposit to cover an amount of the balance due on the water, sewer, or other utility account that is an obligation of the tenant to a third-party provider under the rental agreement for the dwelling unit, and upon payment of such obligations the landlord shall provide written confirmation to the tenant within 10 days, along with payment to the tenant of any balance otherwise due to the tenant. In order to withhold such funds as part of the disposition of the security deposit, the landlord shall have so advised the tenant of his rights and obligations under this section in (i) a termination notice to the tenant in accordance with this chapter, (ii) a written notice to the tenant confirming the vacating date in accordance with this section, or (iii) a separate written notice to the tenant at least 15 days prior to the disposition of the security deposit. Any written notice to the tenant shall be given in

INTRODUCED

SB891

59 accordance with § 55.1-1202.

60 The tenant may provide the landlord with written confirmation of the payment of the final water,
61 sewer, or other utility bill for the dwelling unit, in which case the landlord shall refund the security
62 deposit, unless there are other authorized deductions, within the 45-day period required by subsection A.
63 If the tenant provides such written confirmation after the expiration of the 45-day period, the landlord
64 shall refund any remaining balance of the security deposit held to the tenant within 10 days following
65 the receipt of such written confirmation provided by the tenant. If the landlord otherwise receives
66 confirmation of payment of the final water, sewer, or other utility bill for the dwelling unit, the landlord
67 shall refund the security deposit, unless there are other authorized deductions, within the 45-day period.

68 D. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the landlord from making the disposition of
69 the security deposit prior to the 45-day period required by subsection A and charging an administrative
70 fee to the tenant for such expedited processing, if the rental agreement so provides and the tenant
71 requests expedited processing in a separate written document.

72 E. The landlord shall notify the tenant in writing of any deductions provided by this section to be
73 made from the tenant's security deposit during the course of the tenancy. Such notification shall be made
74 within 30 days of the date of the determination of the deduction and shall itemize the reasons in the
75 same manner as provided in subsection F. No such notification shall be required for deductions made
76 less than 30 days prior to the termination of the rental agreement. If the landlord willfully fails to
77 comply with this section, the court shall order the return of the security deposit to the tenant, together
78 with actual damages and reasonable attorney fees, unless the tenant owes rent to the landlord, in which
79 case the court shall order an amount equal to the security deposit credited against the rent due to the
80 landlord. In the event that damages to the premises exceed the amount of the security deposit and
81 require the services of a third-party contractor, the landlord shall give written notice to the tenant
82 advising him of that fact within the 45-day period required by subsection A. If notice is given as
83 prescribed in this subsection, the landlord shall have an additional ~~15-day~~ 30-day period to provide an
84 itemization of the damages and the cost of repair. This section shall not preclude the landlord or tenant
85 from recovering other damages to which he may be entitled under this chapter. The holder of the
86 landlord's interest in the premises at the time of the termination of the tenancy, regardless of how the
87 interest is acquired or transferred, is bound by this section and shall be required to return any security
88 deposit received by the original landlord that is duly owed to the tenant, whether or not such security
89 deposit is transferred with the landlord's interest by law or equity, regardless of any contractual
90 agreements between the original landlord and his successors in interest.

91 F. The landlord shall:

92 1. Maintain and itemize records for each tenant of all deductions from security deposits provided for
93 under this section that the landlord has made by reason of a tenant's noncompliance with § 55.1-1227, or
94 for any other reason set out in this section, during the preceding two years; and

95 2. Permit a tenant or his authorized agent or attorney to inspect such tenant's records of deductions at
96 any time during normal business hours.

97 G. Upon request by the landlord to a tenant to vacate, or within five days after receipt of notice by
98 the landlord of the tenant's intent to vacate, the landlord shall provide written notice to the tenant of the
99 tenant's right to be present at the landlord's inspection of the dwelling unit for the purpose of
100 determining the amount of security deposit to be returned. If the tenant desires to be present when the
101 landlord makes the inspection, he shall, in writing, so advise the landlord, who in turn shall notify the
102 tenant of the date and time of the inspection, which must be made within 72 hours of delivery of
103 possession. Following the move-out inspection, the landlord shall provide the tenant with a written
104 security deposit disposition statement, including an itemized list of damages. If additional damages are
105 discovered by the landlord after the security deposit disposition has been made, nothing in this section
106 shall be construed to preclude the landlord from recovery of such damages against the tenant, provided,
107 however, that the tenant may present into evidence a copy of the move-out report to support the tenant's
108 position that such additional damages did not exist at the time of the move-out inspection.

109 H. If the tenant has any assignee or sublessee, the landlord shall be entitled to hold a security deposit
110 from only one party in compliance with the provisions of this section.

111 I. The landlord may permit a tenant to provide damage insurance coverage in lieu of the payment of
112 a security deposit. Such damage insurance in lieu of a security deposit shall conform to the following
113 criteria:

114 1. The provider of damage insurance is licensed or approved by the Virginia State Corporation
115 Commission;

116 2. The coverage is effective upon the payment of the first premium and remains effective for the
117 entire lease term;

118 3. The coverage provided per claim is no less than the amount the landlord requires for security
119 deposits;

120 4. The provider of damage insurance agrees to approve or deny payment of a claim; and

121 5. The provider of damage insurance shall notify the landlord within 10 days if the damage policy
122 lapses or is canceled.

123 J. A tenant who initially opts to provide damage insurance in lieu of a security deposit may, at any
124 time without consent of the landlord, opt to pay the full security deposit to the landlord in lieu of
125 maintaining a damage insurance policy. The landlord shall not alter the terms of the lease in the event a
126 tenant opts to pay the full amount of the security deposit pursuant to this subsection.

127 **2. That the provisions of this act shall expire on June 30, 2024.**

INTRODUCED

SB891