2023 SESSION

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1	SENATE BILL NO. 391
2	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the Senate Committee on Finance and Appropriations
4	on February 10, 2022)
5	(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Ebbin)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-221, 2.2-507, 2.2-511, 2.2-1119, 2.2-2499.8, 2.2-2818, 2.2-2905,
7	2.2-3114, 2.2-3705.3, 2.2-3711, 2.2-3802, 2.2-4024, 3.2-1010, 3.2-3906, 3.2-4113, 3.2-4116, 4.1-100,
8	4.1-101.02, 4.1-101.07, 4.1-101.09, 4.1-101.010, 4.1-101.1, 4.1-103, 4.1-104, 4.1-105, 4.1-106,
9	4.1-107, 4.1-111, 4.1-112.2, 4.1-113.1, 4.1-115, 4.1-116, 4.1-118, 4.1-119, as it is currently effective
10	and as it shall become effective, 4.1-122, 4.1-124, 4.1-128, 4.1-200, 4.1-201, 4.1-202, 4.1-205,
11	4.1-206.1, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 4.1-206.2, 4.1-206.3, as it is
12 13	currently effective and as it shall become effective, 4.1-212, 4.1-213, 4.1-215, 4.1-216, 4.1-216.1, 4.1-222, 4.1-224, 4.1-225, 4.1-227, 4.1-230, 4.1-240, 4.1-300, 4.1-302, 4.1-303, 4.1-310, 4.1-310.1,
13 14	4.1-222, 4.1-224, 4.1-225, 4.1-225, 4.1-250, 4.1-240, 4.1-500, 4.1-502, 4.1-503, 4.1-510, 4.1-510, 4.1-320, 4.1-323, 4.1-324, 4.1-325, 4.1-325.2, 4.1-329, 4.1-336, 4.1-337, 4.1-338, 4.1-348, 4.1-349,
15	4.1-520, 4.1-525, 4.1-525, 4.1-525, 4.1-525, 4.1-529, 4.1-550, 4.1-557, 4.1-550, 4.1-540, 4.1-540, 4.1-540, 4.1-1101, 4.1-1100, 4.1-1101,
16	4.1-1105.1, 4.1-1107, 4.1-1108, 4.1-1121, 5.1-13, 9.1-101, as it is currently effective and as it shall
17	become effective, 9.1-128, as it shall become effective, 9.1-400, 9.1-500, 9.1-801, 9.1-1101,
18	15.2-2820, 16.1-69.40:1, 16.1-260, 16.1-273, 16.1-278.9, 17.1-276, 18.2-46.1, 18.2-57, 18.2-247,
19	18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-251, 18.2-251.03, 18.2-251.1:1, 18.2-251.1:2, 18.2-251.1:3, 18.2-252,
20	18.2-254, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.1, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.1,
21	18.2-265.2, 18.2-265.3, 18.2-287.2, 18.2-308.03, 18.2-308.012, 18.2-308.016, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-371.2,
22	18.2-460, 18.2-474.1, 19.2-66, 19.2-81, 19.2-81.1, 19.2-83.1, 19.2-188.1, 19.2-303.01, 19.2-386.22
23	through 19.2-386.25, 19.2-389, 19.2-392.02, 19.2-392.6, as it shall become effective, 19.2-392.12, as
24	it shall become effective, 19.2-392.13, 19.2-392.3, 19.2-392.6, as it shall become effective, 22.1-206,
25 26	22.1-277.08, 23.1-609, 23.1-1301, 33.2-613, 46.2-105.2, 46.2-347, 48-17.1, 51.1-212, 53.1-165.1, 53.1-231.2, 54.1-2903, 54.1-3401, 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3442.8, 54.1-3446, 58.1-3, 59.1-148.3, 65.2-107,
20 27	65.2-402, and 65.2-402.1 of the Code of Virginia and the tenth and twenty-third enactments of
28	Chapter 550 and the tenth and twenty-third enactments of Chapter 551 of the Acts of Assembly of
29	2021, Special Session I; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 an
30	article numbered 6, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-5145.6 through 3.2-5145.9, by adding in
31	Chapter 6 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-629 and 4.1-630, by adding in Title 4.1 chapters
32	numbered 7 through 10, consisting of sections numbered 4.1-700 through 4.1-1009, by adding
33	sections numbered 4.1-1102 through 4.1-1105, 4.1-1106, 4.1-1111, and 4.1-1113 through 4.1-1119,
34	by adding in Title 4.1 a chapter numbered 12, consisting of sections numbered 4.1-1200 through
35	4.1-1207, by adding in Chapter 13 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1300, 4.1-1301, and 4.1-1303
36	through 4.1-1312, by adding in Title 4.1 a chapter numbered 14, consisting of sections numbered
37 38	4.1-1400 through 4.1-1407, by adding in Article 2 of Chapter 1 of Title 6.2 a section numbered 6.2-108, and by adding a section numbered 19.2-303.03; and to repeal Article 5 (§§ 3.2-5145.1
39	through 3.2-5145.5) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 and §§ 4.1-1101.1, 4.1-1105.1, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-251.1,
40	19.2-389.3, 19.2-392.2:1, and 19.2-392.2:2 of the Code of Virginia and the sixteenth enactment of
41	Chapter 550 and the sixteenth enactment of Chapter 551 of the Acts of Assembly of 2021, Special
42	Session I, relating to cannabis control; retail market; penalties.
43	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
44	1. That §§ 2.2-221, 2.2-507, 2.2-511, 2.2-1119, 2.2-2499.8, 2.2-2818, 2.2-2905, 2.2-3114, 2.2-3705.3,
45	2.2-3711, 2.2-3802, 2.2-4024, 3.2-1010, 3.2-3906, 3.2-4113, 3.2-4116, 4.1-100, 4.1-101.02, 4.1-101.07,
46	4.1-101.09, 4.1-101.010, 4.1-101.1, 4.1-103, 4.1-104, 4.1-105, 4.1-106, 4.1-107, 4.1-111, 4.1-112.2,
47 48	4.1-113.1, 4.1-115, 4.1-116, 4.1-118, 4.1-119, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 4.1-122, 4.1-124, 4.1-128, 4.1-200, 4.1-201, 4.1-202, 4.1-205, 4.1-206.1, as it is currently
40 49	effective and as it shall become effective, $4.1-206.2$, $4.1-206.3$, as it is currently effective and as it
50	shall become effective, 4.1-212, 4.1-213, 4.1-215, 4.1-216, 4.1-216.1, 4.1-222, 4.1-224, 4.1-225,
51	4.1-227, 4.1-230, 4.1-240, 4.1-300, 4.1-302, 4.1-303, 4.1-310, 4.1-310.1, 4.1-320, 4.1-323, 4.1-324,
52	4.1-325, 4.1-325.2, 4.1-329, 4.1-336, 4.1-337, 4.1-338, 4.1-348, 4.1-349, 4.1-350 through 4.1-354,
53	4.1-600, 4.1-601, 4.1-603, 4.1-604, 4.1-606, 4.1-611, 4.1-1100, 4.1-1101, 4.1-1105.1, 4.1-1107, 4.1-1108,
54	4.1-1121, 5.1-13, 9.1-101, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 9.1-128, as it

shall become effective, 9.1-400, 9.1-500, 9.1-801, 9.1-1101, 15.2-2820, 16.1-69.40:1, 16.1-260,

 $\begin{array}{c} 16.1-273, \ 16.1-278.9, \ 17.1-276, \ 18.2-46.1, \ 18.2-57, \ 18.2-247, \ 18.2-248, \ 18.2-248.01, \ 18.2-251, \\ 18.2-251.03, \ 18.2-251.11, \ 18.2-251.112, \ 18.2-251.113, \ 18.2-252, \ 18.2-254, \ 18.2-255, \ 18.2-255.1, \\ 18.2-255.2, \ 18.2-258.02, \ 18.2-258.1, \ 18.2-265.1, \ 18.2-265.2, \ 18.2-265.3, \ 18.2-287.2, \\ 18.2-287.2, \ 18.2-287.2, \ 18.2-287.2, \\ 18.2-287.2, \ 18.2-28$

18.2-308.03, 18.2-308.012, 18.2-308.016, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-371.2, 18.2-460, 18.2-474.1, 19.2-66, 19.2-81,

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60 19.2-81.1, 19.2-83.1, 19.2-188.1, 19.2-303.01, 19.2-386.22 through 19.2-386.25, 19.2-389, 19.2-392.02, 19.2-392.6, as it shall become effective, 19.2-392.12, as it shall become effective, 19.2-392.13, 19.3-392.3, 19.2-392.6, as it shall become effective, 22.1-206, 22.1-277.08, 23.1-609, 23.1-1301, 33.2-613, 46.2-105.2, 46.2-347, 48-17.1, 51.1-212, 53.1-165.1, 53.1-231.2, 54.1-2903, 54.1-3401, 61 62 63 64 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3442.8, 54.1-3446, 58.1-3, 59.1-148.3, 65.2-107, 65.2-402, and 65.2-402.1 of the 65 Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding 66 in Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 an article numbered 6, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-5145.6 through 3.2-5145.9, by adding in Chapter 6 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-629 and 4.1-630, by 67 adding in Title 4.1 chapters numbered 7 through 10, consisting of sections numbered 4.1-700 68 through 4.1-1009, by adding sections numbered 4.1-1102 through 4.1-1105, 4.1-1106, 4.1-1111, and 69 4.1-1113 through 4.1-1119, by adding in Title 4.1 a chapter numbered 12, consisting of sections numbered 4.1-1200 through 4.1-1207, by adding in Chapter 13 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1300, 4.1-1301, and 4.1-1303 through 4.1-1312, by adding in Title 4.1 a chapter numbered 14, 70 71 72 consisting of sections numbered 4.1-1400 through 4.1-1407, by adding in Article 2 of Chapter 1 of 73 74 Title 6.2 a section numbered 6.2-108, and by adding a section numbered 19.2-303.03 as follows: 75 § 2.2-221. Position established; agencies for which responsible; additional powers and duties.

A. The position of Secretary of Public Safety and Homeland Security (the Secretary) is created. The 76 Secretary shall be responsible to the Governor for the following agencies: the Virginia Alcoholic 77 78 Beverage Control Authority, Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, Department of Corrections, 79 Department of Juvenile Justice, Department of Criminal Justice Services, Department of Forensic Science, Virginia Parole Board, Department of Emergency Management, Department of State Police, 80 Department of Fire Programs, and Commonwealth's Attorneys' Services Council. The Governor may, by 81 82 executive order, assign any other state executive agency to the Secretary, or reassign any agency listed 83 above to another Secretary.

84 B. The Secretary shall by reason of professional background have knowledge of law enforcement, 85 public safety, or emergency management and preparedness issues, in addition to familiarity with the 86 structure and operations of the federal government and of the Commonwealth. 87

Unless the Governor expressly reserves such power to himself, the Secretary shall:

1. Work with and through others, including federal, state, and local officials as well as the private 88 89 sector, to develop a seamless, coordinated security and preparedness strategy and implementation plan. 90

2. Serve as the point of contact with the federal Department of Homeland Security.

91 3. Provide oversight, coordination, and review of all disaster, emergency management, and terrorism 92 management plans for the state and its agencies in coordination with the Virginia Department of 93 Emergency Management and other applicable state agencies.

94 4. Work with federal officials to obtain additional federal resources and coordinate policy 95 development and information exchange.

96 5. Work with and through appropriate members of the Governor's Cabinet to coordinate working 97 relationships between state agencies and take all actions necessary to ensure that available federal and 98 state resources are directed toward safeguarding Virginia and its citizens.

99 6. Designate a Commonwealth Interoperability Coordinator to ensure that all communications-related 100 preparedness federal grant requests from state agencies and localities are used to enhance interoperability. The Secretary shall ensure that the annual review and update of the statewide 101 102 interoperability strategic plan is conducted as required in § 2.2-222.2. The Commonwealth Interoperability Coordinator shall establish an advisory group consisting of representatives of state and 103 local government and constitutional offices, broadly distributed across the Commonwealth, who are 104 actively engaged in activities and functions related to communications interoperability. 105

7. Serve as one of the Governor's representatives on regional efforts to develop a coordinated 106 security and preparedness strategy, including the National Capital Region Senior Policy Group organized 107 108 as part of the federal Urban Areas Security Initiative.

109 8. Serve as a direct liaison between the Governor and local governments and first responders on 110 issues of emergency prevention, preparedness, response, and recovery.

9. Educate the public on homeland security and overall preparedness issues in coordination with 111 112 applicable state agencies.

10. Serve as chairman of the Secure and Resilient Commonwealth Panel.

11. Encourage homeland security volunteer efforts throughout the state.

115 12. Coordinate the development of an allocation formula for State Homeland Security Grant Program 116 funds to localities and state agencies in compliance with federal grant guidance and constraints. The formula shall be, to the extent permissible under federal constraints, based on actual risk, threat, and 117 118 need.

13. Work with the appropriate state agencies to ensure that regional working groups are meeting 119 120 regularly and focusing on regional initiatives in training, equipment, and strategy to ensure ready access to response teams in times of emergency and facilitate testing and training exercises for emergencies and 121

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122 mass casualty preparedness.

123 14. Provide oversight and review of the Virginia Department of Emergency Management's annual
 124 statewide assessment of local and regional capabilities, including equipment, training, personnel,
 125 response times, and other factors.

126 15. Employ, as needed, consultants, attorneys, architects, engineers, accountants, financial experts,
 127 investment bankers, superintendents, managers, and such other employees and agents as may be
 128 necessary, and fix their compensation to be payable from funds made available for that purpose.

129 16. Receive and accept from any federal or private agency, foundation, corporation, association, or person grants, donations of money, real property, or personal property for the benefit of the Commonwealth, and receive and accept from the Commonwealth or any state, any municipality, county, or other political subdivision thereof, or any other source, aid or contributions of money, property, or other things of value, to be held, used, and applied for the purposes for which such grants and contributions may be made.

135 17. Receive and accept from any source aid, grants, and contributions of money, property, labor, or
136 other things of value to be held, used, and applied to carry out these requirements subject to the
137 conditions upon which the aid, grants, or contributions are made.

138 18. Make grants to local governments, state and federal agencies, and private entities with any funds139 of the Secretary available for such purpose.

140 19. Provide oversight and review of the law-enforcement operations of the Alcoholic Beverage
141 Control Authority and the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority.

142 20. Take any actions necessary or convenient to the exercise of the powers granted or reasonably143 implied to this Secretary and not otherwise inconsistent with the law of the Commonwealth.

144 § 2.2-507. Legal service in civil matters.

145 A. All legal service in civil matters for the Commonwealth, the Governor, and every state department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, official, court, or judge, 146 147 including the conduct of all civil litigation in which any of them are interested, shall be rendered and 148 performed by the Attorney General, except as provided in this chapter and except for any litigation 149 concerning a justice or judge initiated by the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission. No regular 150 counsel shall be employed for or by the Governor or any state department, institution, division, 151 commission, board, bureau, agency, entity, or official. The Attorney General may represent personally or 152 through one or more of his assistants any number of state departments, institutions, divisions, 153 commissions, boards, bureaus, agencies, entities, officials, courts, or judges that are parties to the same 154 transaction or that are parties in the same civil or administrative proceeding and may represent multiple 155 interests within the same department, institution, division, commission, board, bureau, agency, or entity. 156 The soil and water conservation district directors or districts may request legal advice from local, public, 157 or private sources; however, upon request of the soil and water conservation district directors or districts, 158 the Attorney General shall provide legal service in civil matters for such district directors or districts.

B. The Attorney General may represent personally or through one of his assistants any of the following persons who are made defendant in any civil action for damages arising out of any matter connected with their official duties:

162 1. Members, agents, or employees of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the
 163 Virginia Cannabis Control Authority;

164 2. Agents inspecting or investigators appointed by the State Corporation Commission;

165 3. Agents, investigators, or auditors employed by the Department of Taxation;

4. Members, agents, or employees of the State Board of Behavioral Health and Developmental
Services, the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the State Board of Health,
the State Department of Health, the Department of General Services, the State Board of Social Services,
the Department of Social Services, the State Board of Local and Regional Jails, the Department of
Corrections, the State Board of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Virginia Parole
Board, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services;

5. Persons employed by the Commonwealth Transportation Board, the Department of Transportation,or the Department of Rail and Public Transportation;

- 6. Persons employed by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles;
- 175 7. Persons appointed by the Commissioner of Marine Resources;
- 176 8. Police officers appointed by the Superintendent of State Police;
- 177 9. Conservation police officers appointed by the Department of Wildlife Resources;
- 178 10. Hearing officers appointed to hear a teacher's grievance pursuant to § 22.1-311;

179 11. Staff members or volunteers participating in a court-appointed special advocate program pursuant180 to Article 5 (§ 9.1-151 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1;

181 12. Any emergency medical services agency that is a licensee of the Department of Health in any civil matter and any guardian ad litem appointed by a court in a civil matter brought against him for

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183 alleged errors or omissions in the discharge of his court-appointed duties;

184 13. Conservation officers of the Department of Conservation and Recreation; or

185 14. A person appointed by written order of a circuit court judge to run an existing corporation or 186 company as the judge's representative, when that person is acting in execution of a lawful order of the 187 court and the order specifically refers to this section and appoints such person to serve as an agent of 188 the Commonwealth.

189 Upon request of the affected individual, the Attorney General may represent personally or through 190 one of his assistants (i) any basic or advanced emergency medical care attendant or technician 191 possessing a valid certificate issued by authority of the State Board of Health in any civil matter in 192 which a defense of immunity from liability is raised pursuant to § 8.01-225 or (ii) any member of the 193 General Assembly in any civil matter alleging that such member in his official capacity violated the 194 Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) pursuant to § 2.2-3713 or 2.2-3714.

195 C. If, in the opinion of the Attorney General, it is impracticable or uneconomical for such legal 196 service to be rendered by him or one of his assistants, he may employ special counsel for this purpose, 197 whose compensation shall be fixed by the Attorney General. The compensation for such special counsel 198 shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the administration of the board, commission, division, or 199 department being represented or whose members, officers, inspectors, investigators, or other employees are being represented pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 200 201 contrary, the Supreme Court may employ its own counsel in any matter arising out of its official duties 202 in which it, or any justice, is a party.

D. Nothing herein shall limit the powers granted in § 16.1-88.03.

§ 2.2-511. Criminal cases.

204 205 A. Unless specifically requested by the Governor to do so, the Attorney General shall have no 206 authority to institute or conduct criminal prosecutions in the circuit courts of the Commonwealth except 207 in cases involving (i) violations of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act (§ 4.1-100 et seq.) or the 208 Cannabis Control Act (§ 4.1-600 et seq.), (ii) violation of laws relating to elections and the electoral 209 process as provided in § 24.2-104, (iii) violation of laws relating to motor vehicles and their operation, 210 (iv) the handling of funds by a state bureau, institution, commission or department, (v) the theft of state 211 property, (vi) violation of the criminal laws involving child pornography and sexually explicit visual material involving children, (vii) the practice of law without being duly authorized or licensed or the 212 213 illegal practice of law, (viii) violations of § 3.2-4212 or 58.1-1008.2, (ix) with the concurrence of the 214 local attorney for the Commonwealth, violations of the Virginia Computer Crimes Act (§ 18.2-152.1 et 215 seq.), (x) with the concurrence of the local attorney for the Commonwealth, violations of the Air 216 Pollution Control Law (§ 10.1-1300 et seq.), the Virginia Waste Management Act (§ 10.1-1400 et seq.), and the State Water Control Law (§ 62.1-44.2 et seq.), (xi) with the concurrence of the local attorney for the Commonwealth, violations of Chapters 2 (§ 18.2-18 et seq.), 3 (§ 18.2-22 et seq.), and 10 217 218 219 (§ 18.2-434 et seq.) of Title 18.2, if such crimes relate to violations of law listed in clause (x) of this 220 subsection, (xii) with the concurrence of the local attorney for the Commonwealth, criminal violations 221 by Medicaid providers or their employees in the course of doing business, or violations of Chapter 13 222 (§ 18.2-512 et seq.) of Title 18.2, in which cases the Attorney General may leave the prosecution to the 223 local attorney for the Commonwealth, or he may institute proceedings by information, presentment or indictment, as appropriate, and conduct the same, (xiii) with the concurrence of the local attorney for the 224 225 Commonwealth, violations of Article 9 (§ 18.2-246.1 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 18.2, (xiv) with the 226 concurrence of the local attorney for the Commonwealth, assisting in the prosecution of violations of 227 §§ 18.2-186.3 and 18.2-186.4, (xv) with the concurrence of the local attorney for the Commonwealth, 228 assisting in the prosecution of violations of § 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3, or 18.2-46.5 when such violations are 229 committed on the grounds of a state correctional facility, and (xvi) with the concurrence of the local 230 attorney for the Commonwealth, assisting in the prosecution of violations of Article 10 (§ 18.2-246.6 et 231 seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 18.2.

232 In all other criminal cases in the circuit courts, except where the law provides otherwise, the 233 authority of the Attorney General to appear or participate in the proceedings shall not attach unless and 234 until a notice of appeal has been filed with the clerk of the circuit court noting an appeal to the Court of 235 Appeals or the Supreme Court. In all criminal cases before the Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court 236 in which the Commonwealth is a party or is directly interested, the Attorney General shall appear and 237 represent the Commonwealth, unless, and with the consent of the Attorney General, the attorney for the 238 Commonwealth who prosecuted the underlying criminal case files a notice of appearance to represent 239 the Commonwealth in any such appeal.

240 B. The Attorney General shall, upon request of a person who was the victim of a crime and subject 241 to such reasonable procedures as the Attorney General may require, ensure that such person is given 242 notice of the filing, of the date, time and place and of the disposition of any appeal or habeas corpus 243 proceeding involving the cases in which such person was a victim. For the purposes of this section, a 244 victim is an individual who has suffered physical, psychological or economic harm as a direct result of

245 the commission of a crime; a spouse, child, parent or legal guardian of a minor or incapacitated victim; 246 or a spouse, child, parent or legal guardian of a victim of a homicide. Nothing in this subsection shall 247 confer upon any person a right to appeal or modify any decision in a criminal, appellate or habeas 248 corpus proceeding; abridge any right guaranteed by law; or create any cause of action for damages 249 against the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions, the Attorney General or any of his 250 employees or agents, any other officer, employee or agent of the Commonwealth or any of its political 251 subdivisions, or any officer of the court. 252

§ 2.2-1119. Cases in which purchasing through Division not mandatory.

253 A. Unless otherwise ordered by the Governor, the purchasing of materials, equipment, supplies, and 254 nonprofessional services through the Division shall not be mandatory in the following cases:

255 1. Materials, equipment and supplies incident to the performance of a contract for labor or for labor 256 and materials;

257 2. Manuscripts, maps, audiovisual materials, books, pamphlets and periodicals purchased for the use 258 of The Library of Virginia or any other library in the Commonwealth supported in whole or in part by 259 state funds;

260 3. Perishable articles, provided that no article except fresh vegetables, fish, eggs or milk shall be 261 considered perishable within the meaning of this subdivision, unless so classified by the Division;

262 4. Materials, equipment and supplies needed by the Commonwealth Transportation Board; however, 263 this exception may include, office stationery and supplies, office equipment, janitorial equipment and 264 supplies, and coal and fuel oil for heating purposes shall not be included except when authorized in 265 writing by the Division;

266 5. Materials, equipment, and supplies needed by the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority 267 or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, including office stationery and supplies, office equipment, 268 and janitorial equipment and supplies; however, coal and fuel oil for heating purposes shall not be 269 included except when authorized in writing by the Division;

270 6. Binding and rebinding of the books and other literary materials of libraries operated by the 271 Commonwealth or under its authority;

7. Printing of the records of the Supreme Court; and

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273 8. Financial services, including without limitation, underwriters, financial advisors, investment 274 advisors and banking services.

275 B. Telecommunications and information technology goods and services of every description shall be 276 procured as provided by § 2.2-2012.

§ 2.2-2499.8. Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Fund.

278 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Cannabis 279 Equity Reinvestment Fund, referred to in this section as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on 280 the books of the Comptroller. All funds appropriated for such purpose and any gifts, donations, grants, 281 bequests, and other funds received on its behalf shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the 282 Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any 283 moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert 284 to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the 285 purposes of:

286 1. Supporting persons, families, and communities historically and disproportionately targeted and 287 affected by drug enforcement;

288 2. Providing scholarship opportunities and educational and vocational resources for historically 289 marginalized persons, including persons in foster care, who have been adversely impacted by substance 290 use individually, in their families, or in their communities;

291 3. Awarding grants to support workforce development, mentoring programs, job training and 292 placement services, apprenticeships, and reentry services that serve persons and communities historically 293 and disproportionately targeted by drug enforcement.

294 4. Contributing to the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission established pursuant to § 19.2-163.01; 295 and

296 5. Contributing to the Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund established pursuant to § 4.1-297 1501; and

298 6. Funding the staffing and administrative costs of the Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Board. 299 Expenditures for staffing and administration shall be limited to those that are reasonable and necessary 300 for carrying out the powers and duties of the Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Board.

301 Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants 302 issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Director of Diversity, Equity, and 303 Inclusion.

304 § 2.2-2818. Health and related insurance for state employees.

305 A. The Department of Human Resource Management shall establish a plan, subject to the approval

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306 of the Governor, for providing health insurance coverage, including chiropractic treatment, 307 hospitalization, medical, surgical and major medical coverage, for state employees and retired state 308 employees with the Commonwealth paying the cost thereof to the extent of the coverage included in 309 such plan. The same plan shall be offered to all part-time state employees, but the total cost shall be 310 paid by such part-time employees. The Department of Human Resource Management shall administer 311 this section. The plan chosen shall provide means whereby coverage for the families or dependents of 312 state employees may be purchased. Except for part-time employees, the Commonwealth may pay all or a 313 portion of the cost thereof, and for such portion as the Commonwealth does not pay, the employee, 314 including a part-time employee, may purchase the coverage by paying the additional cost over the cost 315 of coverage for an employee.

Such contribution shall be financed through appropriations provided by law.

B. The plan shall:

1. Include coverage for low-dose screening mammograms for determining the presence of occult
breast cancer. Such coverage shall make available one screening mammogram to persons age 35 through
39, one such mammogram biennially to persons age 40 through 49, and one such mammogram annually
to persons age 50 and over and may be limited to a benefit of \$50 per mammogram subject to such
dollar limits, deductibles, and coinsurance factors as are no less favorable than for physical illness
generally.

The term "mammogram" shall mean an X-ray examination of the breast using equipment dedicated specifically for mammography, including but not limited to the X-ray tube, filter, compression device, screens, film, and cassettes, with an average radiation exposure of less than one rad mid-breast, two views of each breast.

328 In order to be considered a screening mammogram for which coverage shall be made available under329 this section:

a. The mammogram shall be (i) ordered by a health care practitioner acting within the scope of his
licensure and, in the case of an enrollee of a health maintenance organization, by the health maintenance
organization provider; (ii) performed by a registered technologist; (iii) interpreted by a qualified
radiologist; and (iv) performed under the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery
and certified by the American Board of Radiology or an equivalent examining body. A copy of the
mammogram report shall be sent or delivered to the health care practitioner who ordered it;

b. The equipment used to perform the mammogram shall meet the standards set forth by the VirginiaDepartment of Health in its radiation protection regulations; and

c. The mammography film shall be retained by the radiologic facility performing the examination in accordance with the American College of Radiology guidelines or state law.

2. Include coverage for postpartum services providing inpatient care and a home visit or visits that
shall be in accordance with the medical criteria, outlined in the most current version of or an official
update to the "Guidelines for Perinatal Care" prepared by the American Academy of Pediatrics and the
American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists or the "Standards for Obstetric-Gynecologic
Services" prepared by the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists. Such coverage shall be
provided incorporating any changes in such Guidelines or Standards within six months of the publication
of such Guidelines or Standards or any official amendment thereto.

3. Include an appeals process for resolution of complaints that shall provide reasonable procedures 347 348 for the resolution of such complaints and shall be published and disseminated to all covered state 349 employees. The appeals process shall be compliant with federal rules and regulations governing nonfederal, self-insured governmental health plans. The appeals process shall include a separate 350 351 expedited emergency appeals procedure that shall provide resolution within time frames established by federal law. For appeals involving adverse decisions as defined in § 32.1-137.7, the Department shall 352 353 contract with one or more independent review organizations to review such decisions. Independent review organizations are entities that conduct independent external review of adverse benefit 354 355 determinations. The Department shall adopt regulations to assure that the independent review 356 organization conducting the reviews has adequate standards, credentials and experience for such review. 357 The independent review organization shall examine the final denial of claims to determine whether the 358 decision is objective, clinically valid, and compatible with established principles of health care. The 359 decision of the independent review organization shall (i) be in writing, (ii) contain findings of fact as to 360 the material issues in the case and the basis for those findings, and (iii) be final and binding if 361 consistent with law and policy.

Prior to assigning an appeal to an independent review organization, the Department shall verify that the independent review organization conducting the review of a denial of claims has no relationship or association with (i) (a) the covered person or the covered person's authorized representative; (ii) (b) the treating health care provider, or any of its employees or affiliates; (iii) (c) the medical care facility at which the covered service would be provided, or any of its employees or affiliates; or (iv) (d) the development or manufacture of the drug, device, procedure or other therapy that is the subject of the

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368 final denial of a claim. The independent review organization shall not be a subsidiary of, nor owned or controlled by, a health plan, a trade association of health plans, or a professional association of health care providers. There shall be no liability on the part of and no cause of action shall arise against any officer or employee of an independent review organization for any actions taken or not taken or statements made by such officer or employee in good faith in the performance of his powers and duties.

373 4. Include coverage for early intervention services. For purposes of this section, "early intervention 374 services" means medically necessary speech and language therapy, occupational therapy, physical therapy 375 and assistive technology services and devices for dependents from birth to age three who are certified by 376 the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services as eligible for services under Part H 377 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. § 1471 et seq.). Medically necessary early intervention services for the population certified by the Department of Behavioral Health and 378 379 Developmental Services shall mean those services designed to help an individual attain or retain the 380 capability to function age-appropriately within his environment, and shall include services that enhance 381 functional ability without effecting a cure.

382 For persons previously covered under the plan, there shall be no denial of coverage due to the 383 existence of a preexisting condition. The cost of early intervention services shall not be applied to any 384 contractual provision limiting the total amount of coverage paid by the insurer to or on behalf of the 385 insured during the insured's lifetime.

386 5. Include coverage for prescription drugs and devices approved by the United States Food and Drug387 Administration for use as contraceptives.

6. Not deny coverage for any drug approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for
use in the treatment of cancer on the basis that the drug has not been approved by the United States
Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of the specific type of cancer for which the drug has
been prescribed, if the drug has been recognized as safe and effective for treatment of that specific type
of cancer in one of the standard reference compendia.

393 7. Not deny coverage for any drug prescribed to treat a covered indication so long as the drug has
394 been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for at least one indication and the
395 drug is recognized for treatment of the covered indication in one of the standard reference compendia or
396 in substantially accepted peer-reviewed medical literature.

8. Include coverage for equipment, supplies and outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, for the treatment of insulin-dependent diabetes, insulin-using diabetes, gestational diabetes and noninsulin-using diabetes if prescribed by a health care professional legally authorized to prescribe such items under law. To qualify for coverage under this subdivision, diabetes outpatient self-management training and education shall be provided by a certified, registered or licensed health care professional.

9. Include coverage for reconstructive breast surgery. For purposes of this section, "reconstructive breast surgery" means surgery performed on and after July 1, 1998, (i) coincident with a mastectomy performed for breast cancer or (ii) following a mastectomy performed for breast cancer to reestablish symmetry between the two breasts. For persons previously covered under the plan, there shall be no denial of coverage due to preexisting conditions.

408 10. Include coverage for annual pap smears, including coverage, on and after July 1, 1999, for annual testing performed by any FDA-approved gynecologic cytology screening technologies.

11. Include coverage providing a minimum stay in the hospital of not less than 48 hours for a patient following a radical or modified radical mastectomy and 24 hours of inpatient care following a total mastectomy or a partial mastectomy with lymph node dissection for treatment of breast cancer. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as requiring the provision of inpatient coverage where the attending physician in consultation with the patient determines that a shorter period of hospital stay is appropriate.

416 12. Include coverage (i) to persons age 50 and over and (ii) to persons age 40 and over who are at
417 high risk for prostate cancer, according to the most recent published guidelines of the American Cancer
418 Society, for one PSA test in a 12-month period and digital rectal examinations, all in accordance with
419 American Cancer Society guidelines. For the purpose of this subdivision, "PSA testing" means the
420 analysis of a blood sample to determine the level of prostate specific antigen.

421 13. Permit any individual covered under the plan direct access to the health care services of a 422 participating specialist (i) authorized to provide services under the plan and (ii) selected by the covered 423 individual. The plan shall have a procedure by which an individual who has an ongoing special 424 condition may, after consultation with the primary care physician, receive a referral to a specialist for 425 such condition who shall be responsible for and capable of providing and coordinating the individual's 426 primary and specialty care related to the initial specialty care referral. If such an individual's care would 427 most appropriately be coordinated by such a specialist, the plan shall refer the individual to a specialist. For the purposes of this subdivision, "special condition" means a condition or disease that is (i) (a) 428

429 life-threatening, degenerative, or disabling and (ii) (b) requires specialized medical care over a prolonged 430 period of time. Within the treatment period authorized by the referral, such specialist shall be permitted 431 to treat the individual without a further referral from the individual's primary care provider and may 432 authorize such referrals, procedures, tests, and other medical services related to the initial referral as the 433 individual's primary care provider would otherwise be permitted to provide or authorize. The plan shall 434 have a procedure by which an individual who has an ongoing special condition that requires ongoing 435 care from a specialist may receive a standing referral to such specialist for the treatment of the special condition. If the primary care provider, in consultation with the plan and the specialist, if any, 436 437 determines that such a standing referral is appropriate, the plan or issuer shall make such a referral to a 438 specialist. Nothing contained herein shall prohibit the plan from requiring a participating specialist to provide written notification to the covered individual's primary care physician of any visit to such 439 440 specialist. Such notification may include a description of the health care services rendered at the time of 441 the visit.

442 14. Include provisions allowing employees to continue receiving health care services for a period of 443 up to 90 days from the date of the primary care physician's notice of termination from any of the plan's 444 provider panels. The plan shall notify any provider at least 90 days prior to the date of termination of 445 the provider, except when the provider is terminated for cause.

For a period of at least 90 days from the date of the notice of a provider's termination from any of 446 447 the plan's provider panels, except when a provider is terminated for cause, a provider shall be permitted 448 by the plan to render health care services to any of the covered employees who (i) were in an active 449 course of treatment from the provider prior to the notice of termination and (ii) request to continue 450 receiving health care services from the provider.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, any provider shall be permitted by the plan to 451 452 continue rendering health services to any covered employee who has entered the second trimester of 453 pregnancy at the time of the provider's termination of participation, except when a provider is terminated 454 for cause. Such treatment shall, at the covered employee's option, continue through the provision of 455 postpartum care directly related to the delivery.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subdivision, any provider shall be permitted to continue 456 457 rendering health services to any covered employee who is determined to be terminally ill (as defined under § 1861(dd)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act) at the time of a provider's termination of 458 459 participation, except when a provider is terminated for cause. Such treatment shall, at the covered 460 employee's option, continue for the remainder of the employee's life for care directly related to the 461 treatment of the terminal illness.

462 A provider who continues to render health care services pursuant to this subdivision shall be 463 reimbursed in accordance with the carrier's agreement with such provider existing immediately before 464 the provider's termination of participation.

465 15. Include coverage for patient costs incurred during participation in clinical trials for treatment 466 studies on cancer, including ovarian cancer trials.

The reimbursement for patient costs incurred during participation in clinical trials for treatment 467 468 studies on cancer shall be determined in the same manner as reimbursement is determined for other 469 medical and surgical procedures. Such coverage shall have durational limits, dollar limits, deductibles, 470 copayments and coinsurance factors that are no less favorable than for physical illness generally. 471

For purposes of this subdivision:

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"Cooperative group" means a formal network of facilities that collaborate on research projects and have an established NIH-approved peer review program operating within the group. "Cooperative group" 472 473 includes (i) the National Cancer Institute Clinical Cooperative Group and (ii) the National Cancer 474 475 Institute Community Clinical Oncology Program.

'FDA" means the Federal Food and Drug Administration.

"Multiple project assurance contract" means a contract between an institution and the federal 477 478 Department of Health and Human Services that defines the relationship of the institution to the federal 479 Department of Health and Human Services and sets out the responsibilities of the institution and the 480 procedures that will be used by the institution to protect human subjects.

481 "NCI" means the National Cancer Institute.

482 "NIH" means the National Institutes of Health.

483 "Patient" means a person covered under the plan established pursuant to this section.

"Patient cost" means the cost of a medically necessary health care service that is incurred as a result 484 485 of the treatment being provided to a patient for purposes of a clinical trial. "Patient cost" does not include (i) the cost of nonhealth care services that a patient may be required to receive as a result of the 486 487 treatment being provided for purposes of a clinical trial, (ii) costs associated with managing the research associated with the clinical trial, or (iii) the cost of the investigational drug or device. 488

489 Coverage for patient costs incurred during clinical trials for treatment studies on cancer shall be 490 provided if the treatment is being conducted in a Phase II, Phase III, or Phase IV clinical trial. Such

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491 treatment may, however, be provided on a case-by-case basis if the treatment is being provided in a 492 Phase I clinical trial.

- 493 The treatment described in the previous paragraph shall be provided by a clinical trial approved by:
- 494 a. The National Cancer Institute;
- 495 b. An NCI cooperative group or an NCI center;
- 496 c. The FDA in the form of an investigational new drug application;
- 497 d. The federal Department of Veterans Affairs; or

498 e. An institutional review board of an institution in the Commonwealth that has a multiple project 499 assurance contract approved by the Office of Protection from Research Risks of the NCI.

500 The facility and personnel providing the treatment shall be capable of doing so by virtue of their 501 experience, training, and expertise. 502

Coverage under this subdivision shall apply only if: 503

(1) There is no clearly superior, noninvestigational treatment alternative;

504 (2) The available clinical or preclinical data provide a reasonable expectation that the treatment will 505 be at least as effective as the noninvestigational alternative; and

506 (3) The patient and the physician or health care provider who provides services to the patient under 507 the plan conclude that the patient's participation in the clinical trial would be appropriate, pursuant to 508 procedures established by the plan.

509 16. Include coverage providing a minimum stay in the hospital of not less than 23 hours for a 510 covered employee following a laparoscopy-assisted vaginal hysterectomy and 48 hours for a covered 511 employee following a vaginal hysterectomy, as outlined in Milliman & Robertson's nationally recognized 512 guidelines. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as requiring the provision of the total hours 513 referenced when the attending physician, in consultation with the covered employee, determines that a 514 shorter hospital stay is appropriate.

515 17. Include coverage for biologically based mental illness.

516 For purposes of this subdivision, a "biologically based mental illness" is any mental or nervous 517 condition caused by a biological disorder of the brain that results in a clinically significant syndrome 518 that substantially limits the person's functioning; specifically, the following diagnoses are defined as 519 biologically based mental illness as they apply to adults and children: schizophrenia, schizoaffective 520 disorder, bipolar disorder, major depressive disorder, panic disorder, obsessive-compulsive disorder, 521 attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, autism, and drug and alcoholism addiction.

522 Coverage for biologically based mental illnesses shall neither be different nor separate from coverage 523 for any other illness, condition or disorder for purposes of determining deductibles, benefit year or 524 lifetime durational limits, benefit year or lifetime dollar limits, lifetime episodes or treatment limits, 525 copayment and coinsurance factors, and benefit year maximum for deductibles and copayment and 526 coinsurance factors.

527 Nothing shall preclude the undertaking of usual and customary procedures to determine the 528 appropriateness of, and medical necessity for, treatment of biologically based mental illnesses under this 529 option, provided that all such appropriateness and medical necessity determinations are made in the same 530 manner as those determinations made for the treatment of any other illness, condition or disorder 531 covered by such policy or contract.

532 18. Offer and make available coverage for the treatment of morbid obesity through gastric bypass 533 surgery or such other methods as may be recognized by the National Institutes of Health as effective for 534 the long-term reversal of morbid obesity. Such coverage shall have durational limits, dollar limits, 535 deductibles, copayments and coinsurance factors that are no less favorable than for physical illness generally. Access to surgery for morbid obesity shall not be restricted based upon dietary or any other 536 537 criteria not approved by the National Institutes of Health. For purposes of this subdivision, "morbid 538 obesity" means (i) a weight that is at least 100 pounds over or twice the ideal weight for frame, age, 539 height, and gender as specified in the 1983 Metropolitan Life Insurance tables, (ii) a body mass index 540 (BMI) equal to or greater than 35 kilograms per meter squared with comorbidity or coexisting medical 541 conditions such as hypertension, cardiopulmonary conditions, sleep apnea, or diabetes, or (iii) a BMI of 542 40 kilograms per meter squared without such comorbidity. As used herein, "BMI" equals weight in 543 kilograms divided by height in meters squared.

544 19. Include coverage for colorectal cancer screening, specifically screening with an annual fecal 545 occult blood test, flexible sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy, or in appropriate circumstances radiologic 546 imaging, in accordance with the most recently published recommendations established by the American 547 College of Gastroenterology, in consultation with the American Cancer Society, for the ages, family histories, and frequencies referenced in such recommendations. The coverage for colorectal cancer 548 549 screening shall not be more restrictive than or separate from coverage provided for any other illness, 550 condition or disorder for purposes of determining deductibles, benefit year or lifetime durational limits, benefit year or lifetime dollar limits, lifetime episodes or treatment limits, copayment and coinsurance 551

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552 factors, and benefit year maximum for deductibles and copayments and coinsurance factors.

553 20. On and after July 1, 2002, require that a prescription benefit card, health insurance benefit card, 554 or other technology that complies with the requirements set forth in § 38.2-3407.4:2 be issued to each 555 employee provided coverage pursuant to this section, and shall upon any changes in the required data 556 elements set forth in subsection A of § 38.2-3407.4:2, either reissue the card or provide employees 557 covered under the plan such corrective information as may be required to electronically process a 558 prescription claim.

559 21. Include coverage for infant hearing screenings and all necessary audiological examinations 560 provided pursuant to § 32.1-64.1 using any technology approved by the United States Food and Drug 561 Administration, and as recommended by the national Joint Committee on Infant Hearing in its most current position statement addressing early hearing detection and intervention programs. Such coverage 562 shall include follow-up audiological examinations as recommended by a physician, physician assistant, 563 564 nurse practitioner or audiologist and performed by a licensed audiologist to confirm the existence or 565 absence of hearing loss.

22. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, every plan established in 566 accordance with this section shall comply with the provisions of § 2.2-2818.2. 567

568 C. Claims incurred during a fiscal year but not reported during that fiscal year shall be paid from 569 such funds as shall be appropriated by law. Appropriations, premiums and other payments shall be 570 deposited in the employee health insurance fund, from which payments for claims, premiums, cost 571 containment programs and administrative expenses shall be withdrawn from time to time. The funds of 572 the health insurance fund shall be deemed separate and independent trust funds, shall be segregated from 573 all other funds of the Commonwealth, and shall be invested and administered solely in the interests of the employees and their beneficiaries. Neither the General Assembly nor any public officer, employee, 574 or agency shall use or authorize the use of such trust funds for any purpose other than as provided in 575 576 law for benefits, refunds, and administrative expenses, including but not limited to legislative oversight 577 of the health insurance fund.

D. For the purposes of this section:

579 "Peer-reviewed medical literature" means a scientific study published only after having been critically 580 reviewed for scientific accuracy, validity, and reliability by unbiased independent experts in a journal 581 that has been determined by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors to have met the 582 Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts submitted to biomedical journals. Peer-reviewed medical 583 literature does not include publications or supplements to publications that are sponsored to a significant 584 extent by a pharmaceutical manufacturing company or health carrier. 585

- "Standard reference compendia" means:
- 1. American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information;
- 587 2. National Comprehensive Cancer Network's Drugs & Biologics Compendium; or
- 588 3. Elsevier Gold Standard's Clinical Pharmacology.

"State employee" means state employee as defined in § 51.1-124.3; employee as defined in 589 590 § 51.1-201; the Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Attorney General; judge as defined in § 51.1-301 591 and judges, clerks and deputy clerks of regional juvenile and domestic relations, county juvenile and 592 domestic relations, and district courts of the Commonwealth; interns and residents employed by the School of Medicine and Hospital of the University of Virginia, and interns, residents, and employees of 593 594 the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority as provided in § 23.1-2415; and 595 employees of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority as provided in § 4.1-101.05 and the 596 Virginia Cannabis Control Authority as provided in § 4.1-623.

597 E. Provisions shall be made for retired employees to obtain coverage under the above plan, 598 including, as an option, coverage for vision and dental care. The Commonwealth may, but shall not be 599 obligated to, pay all or any portion of the cost thereof.

600 F. Any self-insured group health insurance plan established by the Department of Human Resource 601 Management that utilizes a network of preferred providers shall not exclude any physician solely on the 602 basis of a reprimand or censure from the Board of Medicine, so long as the physician otherwise meets 603 the plan criteria established by the Department.

604 G. The plan shall include, in each planning district, at least two health coverage options, each 605 sponsored by unrelated entities. No later than July 1, 2006, one of the health coverage options to be 606 available in each planning district shall be a high deductible health plan that would qualify for a health 607 savings account pursuant to § 223 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

608 In each planning district that does not have an available health coverage alternative, the Department 609 shall voluntarily enter into negotiations at any time with any health coverage provider who seeks to 610 provide coverage under the plan.

This subsection shall not apply to any state agency authorized by the Department to establish and 611 612 administer its own health insurance coverage plan separate from the plan established by the Department.

613 H. Any self-insured group health insurance plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management that includes coverage for prescription drugs on an outpatient basis may apply a formulary
to the prescription drug benefits provided by the plan if the formulary is developed, reviewed at least
annually, and updated as necessary in consultation with and with the approval of a pharmacy and
therapeutics committee, a majority of whose members are actively practicing licensed (i) pharmacists,
(ii) physicians, and (iii) other health care providers.

619 If the plan maintains one or more drug formularies, the plan shall establish a process to allow a
620 person to obtain, without additional cost-sharing beyond that provided for formulary prescription drugs
621 in the plan, a specific, medically necessary nonformulary prescription drug if, after reasonable
622 investigation and consultation with the prescriber, the formulary drug is determined to be an
623 inappropriate therapy for the medical condition of the person. The plan shall act on such requests within
624 one business day of receipt of the request.

Any plan established in accordance with this section shall be authorized to provide for the selection of a single mail order pharmacy provider as the exclusive provider of pharmacy services that are delivered to the covered person's address by mail, common carrier, or delivery service. As used in this subsection, "mail order pharmacy provider" means a pharmacy permitted to conduct business in the Commonwealth whose primary business is to dispense a prescription drug or device under a prescriptive drug order and to deliver the drug or device to a patient primarily by mail, common carrier, or delivery service.

632 I. Any plan established in accordance with this section requiring preauthorization prior to rendering
 633 medical treatment shall have personnel available to provide authorization at all times when such
 634 preauthorization is required.

635 J. Any plan established in accordance with this section shall provide to all covered employees written
636 notice of any benefit reductions during the contract period at least 30 days before such reductions
637 become effective.

K. No contract between a provider and any plan established in accordance with this section shall
include provisions that require a health care provider or health care provider group to deny covered
services that such provider or group knows to be medically necessary and appropriate that are provided
with respect to a covered employee with similar medical conditions.

642 L. The Department of Human Resource Management shall appoint an Ombudsman to promote and 643 protect the interests of covered employees under any state employee's health plan.

644 The Ombudsman shall:

645 1. Assist covered employees in understanding their rights and the processes available to them 646 according to their state health plan.

647 2. Answer inquiries from covered employees by telephone and electronic mail.

648 3. Provide to covered employees information concerning the state health plans.

649 4. Develop information on the types of health plans available, including benefits and complaint 650 procedures and appeals.

651 5. Make available, either separately or through an existing Internet web site utilized by the
652 Department of Human Resource Management, information as set forth in subdivision 4 and such
653 additional information as he deems appropriate.

654 6. Maintain data on inquiries received, the types of assistance requested, any actions taken and the disposition of each such matter.

656 7. Upon request, assist covered employees in using the procedures and processes available to them 657 from their health plan, including all appeal procedures. Such assistance may require the review of health 658 care records of a covered employee, which shall be done only in accordance with the federal Health 659 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act privacy rules. The confidentiality of any such medical 660 records shall be maintained in accordance with the confidentiality and disclosure laws of the 661 Commonwealth.

662 8. Ensure that covered employees have access to the services provided by the Ombudsman and that663 the covered employees receive timely responses from the Ombudsman or his representatives to the664 inquiries.

665 9. Report annually on his activities to the standing committees of the General Assembly having
666 jurisdiction over insurance and over health and the Joint Commission on Health Care by December 1 of
667 each year.

668 M. The plan established in accordance with this section shall not refuse to accept or make 669 reimbursement pursuant to an assignment of benefits made to a dentist or oral surgeon by a covered 670 employee.

671 For purposes of this subsection, "assignment of benefits" means the transfer of dental care coverage
672 reimbursement benefits or other rights under the plan. The assignment of benefits shall not be effective
673 until the covered employee notifies the plan in writing of the assignment.

N. Beginning July 1, 2006, any plan established pursuant to this section shall provide for an

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675 identification number, which shall be assigned to the covered employee and shall not be the same as the 676 employee's social security number.

O. Any group health insurance plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management 677 678 that contains a coordination of benefits provision shall provide written notification to any eligible 679 employee as a prominent part of its enrollment materials that if such eligible employee is covered under another group accident and sickness insurance policy, group accident and sickness subscription contract, 680 681 or group health care plan for health care services, that insurance policy, subscription contract or health care plan may have primary responsibility for the covered expenses of other family members enrolled **682** 683 with the eligible employee. Such written notification shall describe generally the conditions upon which the other coverage would be primary for dependent children enrolled under the eligible employee's **684** coverage and the method by which the eligible enrollee may verify from the plan that coverage would **685** have primary responsibility for the covered expenses of each family member. 686

687 P. Any plan established by the Department of Human Resource Management pursuant to this section shall provide that coverage under such plan for family members enrolled under a participating state 688 689 employee's coverage shall continue for a period of at least 30 days following the death of such state 690 employee.

691 O. The plan established in accordance with this section that follows a policy of sending its payment **692** to the covered employee or covered family member for a claim for services received from a 693 nonparticipating physician or osteopath shall (i) include language in the member handbook that notifies 694 the covered employee of the responsibility to apply the plan payment to the claim from such nonparticipating provider, (ii) include this language with any such payment sent to the covered employee 695 696 or covered family member, and (iii) include the name and any last known address of the 697 nonparticipating provider on the explanation of benefits statement.

698 R. The Department of Human Resource Management shall report annually, by November 30 of each 699 year, on cost and utilization information for each of the mandated benefits set forth in subsection B, 700 including any mandated benefit made applicable, pursuant to subdivision B 22, to any plan established pursuant to this section. The report shall be in the same detail and form as required of reports submitted 701 702 pursuant to § 38.2-3419.1, with such additional information as is required to determine the financial 703 impact, including the costs and benefits, of the particular mandated benefit. 704

§ 2.2-2905. Certain officers and employees exempt from chapter.

The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:

706 1. Officers and employees for whom the Constitution specifically directs the manner of selection;

707 2. Officers and employees of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals;

708 3. Officers appointed by the Governor, whether confirmation by the General Assembly or by either 709 house thereof is required or not; 710

4. Officers elected by popular vote or by the General Assembly or either house thereof;

5. Members of boards and commissions however selected;

712 6. Judges, referees, receivers, arbiters, masters and commissioners in chancery, commissioners of 713 accounts, and any other persons appointed by any court to exercise judicial functions, and jurors and notaries public; 714

715 7. Officers and employees of the General Assembly and persons employed to conduct temporary or 716 special inquiries, investigations, or examinations on its behalf; 717

8. The presidents and teaching and research staffs of state educational institutions;

9. Commissioned officers and enlisted personnel of the National Guard;

719 10. Student employees at institutions of higher education and patient or inmate help in other state 720 institutions;

721 11. Upon general or special authorization of the Governor, laborers, temporary employees, and 722 employees compensated on an hourly or daily basis; 723

- 12. County, city, town, and district officers, deputies, assistants, and employees;
- 13. The employees of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission;
 - 14. The officers and employees of the Virginia Retirement System;

15. Employees whose positions are identified by the State Council of Higher Education and the 726 727 boards of the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts, The Science Museum of Virginia, the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, the Frontier Culture Museum of Virginia, the Virginia Museum of 728 729 Natural History, the New College Institute, the Southern Virginia Higher Education Center, and The 730 Library of Virginia, and approved by the Director of the Department of Human Resource Management 731 as requiring specialized and professional training;

732 16. Employees of the Virginia Lottery;

733 17. Employees of the Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired's rehabilitative manufacturing 734 and service industries who have a human resources classification of industry worker;

- 735 18. Employees of the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority;
- 19. Employees of the University of Virginia Medical Center. Any changes in compensation plans for 736

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such employees shall be subject to the review and approval of the Board of Visitors of the University of
Virginia. The University of Virginia shall ensure that its procedures for hiring University of Virginia
Medical Center personnel are based on merit and fitness. Such employees shall remain subject to the
provisions of the State Grievance Procedure (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.);

20. In executive branch agencies the employee who has accepted serving in the capacity of chief
deputy, or equivalent, and the employee who has accepted serving in the capacity of a confidential
assistant for policy or administration. An employee serving in either one of these two positions shall be
deemed to serve on an employment-at-will basis. An agency may not exceed two employees who serve
in this exempt capacity;

746 21. Employees of Virginia Correctional Enterprises. Such employees shall remain subject to the
 747 provisions of the State Grievance Procedure (§ 2.2-3000 et seq.);

- 748 22. Officers and employees of the Virginia Port Authority;
- 749 23. Employees of the Virginia College Savings Plan;

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24. Directors of state facilities operated by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental
Services employed or reemployed by the Commissioner after July 1, 1999, under a contract pursuant to
§ 37.2-707. Such employees shall remain subject to the provisions of the State Grievance Procedure
(§ 2.2-3000 et seq.);

25. Employees of the Virginia Foundation for Healthy Youth. Such employees shall be treated as
state employees for purposes of participation in the Virginia Retirement System, health insurance, and
all other employee benefits offered by the Commonwealth to its classified employees;

- 26. Employees of the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission;
- 758 27. Any chief of a campus police department that has been designated by the governing body of a public institution of higher education as exempt, pursuant to § 23.1-809;

760 28. The Chief Executive Officer, agents, officers, and employees of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage761 Control Authority; and

762 29. The Chief Executive Officer, agents, officers, and employees of the Virginia Cannabis Control 763 Authority; and

30. Officers and employees of the Fort Monroe Authority.

§ 2.2-3114. Disclosure by state officers and employees.

766 A. In accordance with the requirements set forth in § 2.2-3118.2, the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Justices of the Supreme Court, judges of the Court of Appeals, judges of any circuit 767 court, judges and substitute judges of any district court, members of the State Corporation Commission, 768 769 members of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission, members of the Commonwealth 770 Transportation Board, members of the Board of Trustees of the Virginia Retirement System, members of 771 the Board of Directors of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, members of the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, members of the Board of the Virginia College 772 773 Savings Plan, and members of the Virginia Lottery Board and other persons occupying such offices or 774 positions of trust or employment in state government, including members of the governing bodies of 775 authorities, as may be designated by the Governor, or officers or employees of the legislative branch, as 776 may be designated by the Joint Rules Committee of the General Assembly, shall file with the Council, 777 as a condition to assuming office or employment, a disclosure statement of their personal interests and 778 such other information as is required on the form prescribed by the Council pursuant to § 2.2-3117 and 779 thereafter shall file such a statement annually on or before February 1.

780 B. In accordance with the requirements set forth in § 2.2-3118.2, nonsalaried citizen members of all 781 policy and supervisory boards, commissions and councils in the executive branch of state government, 782 other than the Commonwealth Transportation Board, members of the Board of Trustees of the Virginia 783 Retirement System, members of the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan, and the Virginia 784 Lottery Board, shall file with the Council, as a condition to assuming office, a disclosure form of their 785 personal interests and such other information as is required on the form prescribed by the Council 786 pursuant to § 2.2-3118 and thereafter shall file such form annually on or before February 1. Nonsalaried 787 citizen members of other boards, commissions and councils, including advisory boards and authorities, 788 may be required to file a disclosure form if so designated by the Governor, in which case the form shall 789 be that prescribed by the Council pursuant to § 2.2-3118.

790 C. The disclosure forms required by subsections A and B shall be made available by the Council at 791 least 30 days prior to the filing deadline. Disclosure forms shall be filed electronically with the Council 792 in accordance with the standards approved by it pursuant to § 30-356. All forms shall be maintained as 793 public records for five years in the office of the Council. Such forms shall be made public no later than 794 six weeks after the filing deadline.

D. Candidates for the offices of Governor, Lieutenant Governor or Attorney General shall file a disclosure statement of their personal interests as required by § 24.2-502.

E. Any officer or employee of state government who has a personal interest in any transaction before

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798 the governmental or advisory agency of which he is an officer or employee and who is disqualified 799 from participating in that transaction pursuant to subsection A of § 2.2-3112, or otherwise elects to disqualify himself, shall forthwith make disclosure of the existence of his interest, including the full name and address of the business and the address or parcel number for the real estate if the interest involves a business or real estate, and his disclosure shall also be reflected in the public records of the agency for five years in the office of the administrative head of the officer's or employee's governmental agency or advisory agency or, if the agency has a clerk, in the clerk's office.

805 F. An officer or employee of state government who is required to declare his interest pursuant to 806 subdivision B 1 of § 2.2-3112, shall declare his interest by stating (i) the transaction involved, (ii) the nature of the officer's or employee's personal interest affected by the transaction, (iii) that he is a 807 808 member of a business, profession, occupation, or group the members of which are affected by the 809 transaction, and (iv) that he is able to participate in the transaction fairly, objectively, and in the public 810 interest. The officer or employee shall either make his declaration orally to be recorded in written 811 minutes for his agency or file a signed written declaration with the clerk or administrative head of his 812 governmental or advisory agency, as appropriate, who shall, in either case, retain and make available for 813 public inspection such declaration for a period of five years from the date of recording or receipt. If 814 reasonable time is not available to comply with the provisions of this subsection prior to participation in 815 the transaction, the officer or employee shall prepare and file the required declaration by the end of the 816 next business day.

817 G. An officer or employee of state government who is required to declare his interest pursuant to subdivision B 2 of § 2.2-3112, shall declare his interest by stating (i) the transaction involved, (ii) that a 818 819 party to the transaction is a client of his firm, (iii) that he does not personally represent or provide 820 services to the client, and (iv) that he is able to participate in the transaction fairly, objectively, and in the public interest. The officer or employee shall either make his declaration orally to be recorded in 821 822 written minutes for his agency or file a signed written declaration with the clerk or administrative head 823 of his governmental or advisory agency, as appropriate, who shall, in either case, retain and make 824 available for public inspection such declaration for a period of five years from the date of recording or 825 receipt. If reasonable time is not available to comply with the provisions of this subsection prior to 826 participation in the transaction, the officer or employee shall prepare and file the required declaration by 827 the end of the next business day.

828 H. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, chairs of departments at a public institution of higher
829 education in the Commonwealth shall not be required to file the disclosure form prescribed by the
830 Council pursuant to § 2.2-3117 or 2.2-3118.

831 § 2.2-3705.3. Exclusions to application of chapter; records relating to administrative 832 investigations.

833 The following information contained in a public record is excluded from the mandatory disclosure
834 provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such
835 disclosure is prohibited by law. Redaction of information excluded under this section from a public
836 record shall be conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3704.01.

837 1. Information relating to investigations of applicants for licenses and permits, and of all licensees
838 and permittees, made by or submitted to the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, *the Virginia*839 *Cannabis Control Authority*, the Virginia Lottery, the Virginia Racing Commission, the Department of
840 Agriculture and Consumer Services relating to investigations and applications pursuant to Article 1.1:1
841 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2, or the Private Security Services Unit of the
842 Department of Criminal Justice Services.

2. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Health Professions or by any health regulatory board in the Commonwealth pursuant to § 54.1-108.

3. Investigator notes, and other correspondence and information, furnished in confidence with respect
to an active investigation of individual employment discrimination complaints made to the Department
of Human Resource Management, to such personnel of any local public body, including local school
boards, as are responsible for conducting such investigations in confidence, or to any public institution
of higher education. However, nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the disclosure of information
taken from inactive reports in a form that does not reveal the identity of charging parties, persons
supplying the information, or other individuals involved in the investigation.

4. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Medical AssistanceServices pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 32.1-323 et seq.) of Title 32.1.

5. Investigative notes and other correspondence and information furnished in confidence with respect to an investigation or conciliation process involving an alleged unlawful discriminatory practice under the Virginia Human Rights Act (§ 2.2-3900 et seq.) or under any local ordinance adopted in accordance with the authority specified in § 2.2-524, or adopted pursuant to § 15.2-965, or adopted prior to July 1, 1987, in accordance with applicable law, relating to local human rights or human relations commissions.
However, nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the distribution of information taken from inactive

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860 reports in a form that does not reveal the identity of the parties involved or other persons supplying 861 information.

6. Information relating to studies and investigations by the Virginia Lottery of (i) lottery agents, (ii)
lottery vendors, (iii) lottery crimes under §§ 58.1-4014 through 58.1-4018, (iv) defects in the law or
regulations that cause abuses in the administration and operation of the lottery and any evasions of such
provisions, or (v) the use of the lottery as a subterfuge for organized crime and illegal gambling where
such information has not been publicly released, published or copyrighted. All studies and investigations
referred to under clauses (iii), (iv), and (v) shall be open to inspection and copying upon completion of
the study or investigation.

7. Investigative notes, correspondence and information furnished in confidence, and records otherwise 869 870 exempted by this chapter or any Virginia statute, provided to or produced by or for (i) the Auditor of 871 Public Accounts; (ii) the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission; (iii) an appropriate authority 872 as defined in § 2.2-3010 with respect to an allegation of wrongdoing or abuse under the Fraud and Abuse Whistle Blower Protection Act (§ 2.2-3009 et seq.); (iv) the Office of the State Inspector General 873 874 with respect to an investigation initiated through the Fraud, Waste and Abuse Hotline or an investigation 875 initiated pursuant to Chapter 3.2 (§ 2.2-307 et seq.); (v) internal auditors appointed by the head of a 876 state agency or by any public institution of higher education; (vi) the committee or the auditor with 877 respect to an investigation or audit conducted pursuant to § 15.2-825; or (vii) the auditors, appointed by 878 the local governing body of any county, city, or town or a school board, who by charter, ordinance, or 879 statute have responsibility for conducting an investigation of any officer, department, or program of such 880 body. Information contained in completed investigations shall be disclosed in a form that does not reveal 881 the identity of the complainants or persons supplying information to investigators. Unless disclosure is 882 excluded by this subdivision, the information disclosed shall include the agency involved, the identity of the person who is the subject of the complaint, the nature of the complaint, and the actions taken to 883 884 resolve the complaint. If an investigation does not lead to corrective action, the identity of the person who is the subject of the complaint may be released only with the consent of the subject person. Local 885 886 governing bodies shall adopt guidelines to govern the disclosure required by this subdivision.

887 8. The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of complainants furnished in confidence with
888 respect to an investigation of individual zoning enforcement complaints or complaints relating to the
889 Uniform Statewide Building Code (§ 36-97 et seq.) or the Statewide Fire Prevention Code (§ 27-94 et
890 seq.) made to a local governing body.

891 9. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Criminal Justice Services
892 pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.), Article 4.1 (§ 9.1-150.1 et seq.), Article 11 (§ 9.1-185 et seq.),
893 and Article 12 (§ 9.1-186 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1.

894 10. Information furnished to or prepared by the Board of Education pursuant to subsection D of 895 § 22.1-253.13:3 in connection with the review or investigation of any alleged breach in security, 896 unauthorized alteration, or improper administration of tests by local school board employees responsible 897 for the distribution or administration of the tests. However, this section shall not prohibit the disclosure 898 of such information to (i) a local school board or division superintendent for the purpose of permitting 899 such board or superintendent to consider or to take personnel action with regard to an employee or (ii) 900 any requester, after the conclusion of a review or investigation, in a form that (a) does not reveal the 901 identity of any person making a complaint or supplying information to the Board on a confidential basis 902 and (b) does not compromise the security of any test mandated by the Board.

903 11. Information contained in (i) an application for licensure or renewal of a license for teachers and 904 other school personnel, including transcripts or other documents submitted in support of an application, 905 and (ii) an active investigation conducted by or for the Board of Education related to the denial, 906 suspension, cancellation, revocation, or reinstatement of teacher and other school personnel licenses 907 including investigator notes and other correspondence and information, furnished in confidence with 908 respect to such investigation. However, this subdivision shall not prohibit the disclosure of such (a) 909 application information to the applicant at his own expense or (b) investigation information to a local 910 school board or division superintendent for the purpose of permitting such board or superintendent to 911 consider or to take personnel action with regard to an employee. Information contained in completed 912 investigations shall be disclosed in a form that does not reveal the identity of any complainant or person 913 supplying information to investigators. The completed investigation information disclosed shall include 914 information regarding the school or facility involved, the identity of the person who was the subject of 915 the complaint, the nature of the complaint, and the actions taken to resolve the complaint. If an 916 investigation fails to support a complaint or does not lead to corrective action, the identity of the person 917 who was the subject of the complaint may be released only with the consent of the subject person. No 918 personally identifiable information regarding a current or former student shall be released except as 919 permitted by state or federal law.

920 12. Information provided in confidence and related to an investigation by the Attorney General under

921 Article 1 (§ 3.2-4200 et seq.) or Article 3 (§ 3.2-4204 et seq.) of Chapter 42 of Title 3.2, Article 10 922 (§ 18.2-246.6 et seq.) of Chapter 6 or Chapter 13 (§ 18.2-512 et seq.) of Title 18.2, or Article 1 923 (§ 58.1-1000) of Chapter 10 of Title 58.1. However, information related to an investigation that has been 924 inactive for more than six months shall, upon request, be disclosed provided such disclosure is not 925 otherwise prohibited by law and does not reveal the identity of charging parties, complainants, persons 926 supplying information, witnesses, or other individuals involved in the investigation.

927 13. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Behavioral Health and 928 Developmental Services pursuant to Chapter 4 (§ 37.2-400 et seq.) of Title 37.2.

929 § 2.2-3711. Closed meetings authorized for certain limited purposes.

930 A. Public bodies may hold closed meetings only for the following purposes:

931 1. Discussion, consideration, or interviews of prospective candidates for employment; assignment, appointment, promotion, performance, demotion, salaries, disciplining, or resignation of specific public 932 933 officers, appointees, or employees of any public body; and evaluation of performance of departments or schools of public institutions of higher education where such evaluation will necessarily involve 934 935 discussion of the performance of specific individuals. Any teacher shall be permitted to be present 936 during a closed meeting in which there is a discussion or consideration of a disciplinary matter that 937 involves the teacher and some student and the student involved in the matter is present, provided the 938 teacher makes a written request to be present to the presiding officer of the appropriate board. Nothing 939 in this subdivision, however, shall be construed to authorize a closed meeting by a local governing body 940 or an elected school board to discuss compensation matters that affect the membership of such body or 941 board collectively.

942 2. Discussion or consideration of admission or disciplinary matters or any other matters that would 943 involve the disclosure of information contained in a scholastic record concerning any student of any 944 public institution of higher education in the Commonwealth or any state school system. However, any 945 such student, legal counsel and, if the student is a minor, the student's parents or legal guardians shall 946 be permitted to be present during the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence at a closed 947 meeting, if such student, parents, or guardians so request in writing and such request is submitted to the 948 presiding officer of the appropriate board.

3. Discussion or consideration of the acquisition of real property for a public purpose, or of the 949 950 disposition of publicly held real property, where discussion in an open meeting would adversely affect 951 the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the public body. 952

4. The protection of the privacy of individuals in personal matters not related to public business.

953 5. Discussion concerning a prospective business or industry or the expansion of an existing business 954 or industry where no previous announcement has been made of the business' business's or industry's 955 interest in locating or expanding its facilities in the community.

6. Discussion or consideration of the investment of public funds where competition or bargaining is 956 957 involved, where, if made public initially, the financial interest of the governmental unit would be 958 adversely affected.

959 7. Consultation with legal counsel and briefings by staff members or consultants pertaining to actual 960 or probable litigation, where such consultation or briefing in open meeting would adversely affect the 961 negotiating or litigating posture of the public body. For the purposes of this subdivision, "probable 962 litigation" means litigation that has been specifically threatened or on which the public body or its legal 963 counsel has a reasonable basis to believe will be commenced by or against a known party. Nothing in 964 this subdivision shall be construed to permit the closure of a meeting merely because an attorney 965 representing the public body is in attendance or is consulted on a matter.

966 8. Consultation with legal counsel employed or retained by a public body regarding specific legal matters requiring the provision of legal advice by such counsel. Nothing in this subdivision shall be 967 968 construed to permit the closure of a meeting merely because an attorney representing the public body is 969 in attendance or is consulted on a matter.

970 9. Discussion or consideration by governing boards of public institutions of higher education of 971 matters relating to gifts, bequests and fund-raising activities, and of grants and contracts for services or 972 work to be performed by such institution. However, the terms and conditions of any such gifts, bequests, 973 grants, and contracts made by a foreign government, a foreign legal entity, or a foreign person and 974 accepted by a public institution of higher education in the Commonwealth shall be subject to public 975 disclosure upon written request to the appropriate board of visitors. For the purpose of this subdivision, 976 (i) "foreign government" means any government other than the United States government or the 977 government of a state or a political subdivision thereof, (ii) "foreign legal entity" means any legal entity 978 (a) created under the laws of the United States or of any state thereof if a majority of the ownership of 979 the stock of such legal entity is owned by foreign governments or foreign persons or if a majority of the 980 membership of any such entity is composed of foreign persons or foreign legal entities or (b) created 981 under the laws of a foreign government, and (iii) "foreign person" means any individual who is not a 982 citizen or national of the United States or a trust territory or protectorate thereof.

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983 10. Discussion or consideration by the boards of trustees of the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts, the
984 Virginia Museum of Natural History, the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, the Fort Monroe Authority,
985 and The Science Museum of Virginia of matters relating to specific gifts, bequests, and grants from
986 private sources.

987 11. Discussion or consideration of honorary degrees or special awards.

988 12. Discussion or consideration of tests, examinations, or other information used, administered, or prepared by a public body and subject to the exclusion in subdivision 4 of § 2.2-3705.1.

990 13. Discussion, consideration, or review by the appropriate House or Senate committees of possible
991 disciplinary action against a member arising out of the possible inadequacy of the disclosure statement
992 filed by the member, provided the member may request in writing that the committee meeting not be
993 conducted in a closed meeting.

994 14. Discussion of strategy with respect to the negotiation of a hazardous waste siting agreement or to consider the terms, conditions, and provisions of a hazardous waste siting agreement if the governing body in open meeting finds that an open meeting will have an adverse effect upon the negotiating position of the governing body or the establishment of the terms, conditions and provisions of the siting agreement, or both. All discussions with the applicant or its representatives may be conducted in a closed meeting.

1000 15. Discussion by the Governor and any economic advisory board reviewing forecasts of economic activity and estimating general and nongeneral fund revenues.

1002 16. Discussion or consideration of medical and mental health records subject to the exclusion in subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.5.

1004 17. Deliberations of the Virginia Lottery Board in a licensing appeal action conducted pursuant to
1005 subsection D of § 58.1-4007 regarding the denial or revocation of a license of a lottery sales agent; and
1006 discussion, consideration or review of Virginia Lottery matters related to proprietary lottery game
1007 information and studies or investigations excluded from disclosure under subdivision 6 of § 2.2-3705.3
1008 and subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.7.

1009 18. Those portions of meetings in which the State Board of Local and Regional Jails discusses or 1010 discloses the identity of, or information tending to identify, any prisoner who (i) provides information 1011 about crimes or criminal activities, (ii) renders assistance in preventing the escape of another prisoner or 1012 in the apprehension of an escaped prisoner, or (iii) voluntarily or at the instance of a prison official 1013 renders other extraordinary services, the disclosure of which is likely to jeopardize the prisoner's life or 1014 safety.

19. Discussion of plans to protect public safety as it relates to terrorist activity or specific 1015 1016 cybersecurity threats or vulnerabilities and briefings by staff members, legal counsel, or law-enforcement 1017 or emergency service officials concerning actions taken to respond to such matters or a related threat to 1018 public safety; discussion of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 2 or 14 of § 2.2-3705.2, 1019 where discussion in an open meeting would jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of any 1020 facility, building, structure, information technology system, or software program; or discussion of reports 1021 or plans related to the security of any governmental facility, building or structure, or the safety of 1022 persons using such facility, building or structure.

1023 20. Discussion by the Board of the Virginia Retirement System, acting pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, or 1024 of any local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, or by a local finance board or board of 1025 trustees of a trust established by one or more local public bodies to invest funds for postemployment 1026 benefits other than pensions, acting pursuant to Article 8 (§ 15.2-1544 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 1027 15.2, or by the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, acting pursuant to § 23.1-2210, or by the 1028 Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan, acting pursuant to § 23.1-706, regarding the acquisition, 1029 holding or disposition of a security or other ownership interest in an entity, where such security or 1030 ownership interest is not traded on a governmentally regulated securities exchange, to the extent that 1031 such discussion (i) concerns confidential analyses prepared for the board of visitors of the University of 1032 Virginia, prepared by the retirement system, or a local finance board or board of trustees, or the Virginia 1033 College Savings Plan or provided to the retirement system, a local finance board or board of trustees, or 1034 the Virginia College Savings Plan under a promise of confidentiality, of the future value of such 1035 ownership interest or the future financial performance of the entity, and (ii) would have an adverse 1036 effect on the value of the investment to be acquired, held, or disposed of by the retirement system, a 1037 local finance board or board of trustees, the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, or the 1038 Virginia College Savings Plan. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the disclosure 1039 of information relating to the identity of any investment held, the amount invested or the present value 1040 of such investment.

1041 21. Those portions of meetings in which individual child death cases are discussed by the State Child
1042 Fatality Review Team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.1, those portions of meetings in which
1043 individual child death cases are discussed by a regional or local child fatality review team established

1044 pursuant to § 32.1-283.2, those portions of meetings in which individual death cases are discussed by 1045 family violence fatality review teams established pursuant to § 32.1-283.3, those portions of meetings in 1046 which individual adult death cases are discussed by the state Adult Fatality Review Team established 1047 pursuant to § 32.1-283.5, those portions of meetings in which individual adult death cases are discussed 1048 by a local or regional adult fatality review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.6, those portions of 1049 meetings in which individual death cases are discussed by overdose fatality review teams established 1050 pursuant to § 32.1-283.7, those portions of meetings in which individual maternal death cases are discussed by the Maternal Mortality Review Team pursuant to § 32.1-283.8, and those portions of 1051 1052 meetings in which individual death cases of persons with developmental disabilities are discussed by the 1053 Developmental Disabilities Mortality Review Committee established pursuant to § 37.2-314.1.

1054 22. Those portions of meetings of the board of visitors of the University of Virginia or the Eastern Virginia Medical School Board of Visitors, as the case may be, and those portions of meetings of any 1055 1056 persons to whom management responsibilities for the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern 1057 Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, have been delegated, in which there is discussed 1058 proprietary, business-related information pertaining to the operations of the University of Virginia 1059 Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, including business development 1060 or marketing strategies and activities with existing or future joint venturers, partners, or other parties 1061 with whom the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case 1062 may be, has formed, or forms, any arrangement for the delivery of health care, if disclosure of such 1063 information would adversely affect the competitive position of the Medical Center or Eastern Virginia 1064 Medical School, as the case may be.

1065 23. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority 1066 or the board of visitors of Virginia Commonwealth University of any of the following: the acquisition or 1067 disposition by the Authority of real property, equipment, or technology software or hardware and related goods or services, where disclosure would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating 1068 1069 strategy of the Authority; matters relating to gifts or bequests to, and fund-raising activities of, the 1070 Authority; grants and contracts for services or work to be performed by the Authority; marketing or 1071 operational strategies plans of the Authority where disclosure of such strategies or plans would adversely 1072 affect the competitive position of the Authority; and members of the Authority's medical and teaching 1073 staffs and qualifications for appointments thereto.

1074 24. Those portions of the meetings of the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program Committee within
1075 the Department of Health Professions to the extent such discussions identify any practitioner who may
1076 be, or who actually is, impaired pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

1077 25. Meetings or portions of meetings of the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan wherein
1078 personal information, as defined in § 2.2-3801, which has been provided to the Board or its employees
1079 by or on behalf of individuals who have requested information about, applied for, or entered into
1080 prepaid tuition contracts or savings trust account agreements pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.)
1081 of Title 23.1 is discussed.

1082 26. Discussion or consideration, by the former Wireless Carrier E-911 Cost Recovery Subcommittee
1083 created pursuant to former § 56-484.15, of trade secrets submitted by CMRS providers, as defined in
1084 § 56-484.12, related to the provision of wireless E-911 service.

1085 27. Those portions of disciplinary proceedings by any regulatory board within the Department of
1086 Professional and Occupational Regulation, Department of Health Professions, or the Board of
1087 Accountancy conducted pursuant to § 2.2-4019 or 2.2-4020 during which the board deliberates to reach
1088 a decision or meetings of health regulatory boards or conference committees of such boards to consider
1089 settlement proposals in pending disciplinary actions or modifications to previously issued board orders as
1090 requested by either of the parties.

1091 28. Discussion or consideration of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 11 of 1092 § 2.2-3705.6 by a responsible public entity or an affected locality or public entity, as those terms are 1093 defined in § 33.2-1800, or any independent review panel appointed to review information and advise the 1094 responsible public entity concerning such records.

1095 29. Discussion of the award of a public contract involving the expenditure of public funds, including
1096 interviews of bidders or offerors, and discussion of the terms or scope of such contract, where
1097 discussion in an open session would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of
1098 the public body.

30. Discussion or consideration of grant or loan application information subject to the exclusion in
subdivision 17 of § 2.2-3705.6 by the Commonwealth Health Research Board.

1101 31. Discussion or consideration by the Commitment Review Committee of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 5 of § 2.2-3705.2 relating to individuals subject to commitment as sexually violent predators under Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2.

1104 32. Discussion or consideration of confidential proprietary information and trade secrets developed 1105 and held by a local public body providing certain telecommunication services or cable television services and subject to the exclusion in subdivision 18 of § 2.2-3705.6. However, the exemption provided by this
subdivision shall not apply to any authority created pursuant to the BVU Authority Act (§ 15.2-7200 et seq.).

1109 33. Discussion or consideration by a local authority created in accordance with the Virginia Wireless
1110 Service Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5431.1 et seq.) of confidential proprietary information and trade secrets
1111 subject to the exclusion in subdivision 19 of § 2.2-3705.6.

34. Discussion or consideration by the State Board of Elections or local electoral boards of voting security matters made confidential pursuant to § 24.2-410.2 or 24.2-625.1.

35. Discussion or consideration by the Forensic Science Board or the Scientific Advisory Committee
created pursuant to Article 2 (§ 9.1-1109 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 9.1 of criminal investigative
files.

36. Discussion or consideration by the Brown v. Board of Education Scholarship Committee of information or confidential matters subject to the exclusion in subdivision A 3 of § 2.2-3705.4, and meetings of the Committee to deliberate concerning the annual maximum scholarship award, review and consider scholarship applications and requests for scholarship award renewal, and cancel, rescind, or recover scholarship awards.

37. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Port Authority of information subject to the exclusion
in subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.6 related to certain proprietary information gathered by or for the Virginia
Port Authority.

38. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Trustees of the Virginia Retirement System acting pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, by the Investment Advisory Committee appointed pursuant to § 51.1-124.26, by any local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, by the Board of the Virginia College
Savings Plan acting pursuant to § 23.1-706, or by the Virginia College Savings Plan's Investment Advisory Committee appointed pursuant to § 23.1-702 of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 24 of § 2.2-3705.7.

39. Discussion or consideration of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 3 of§ 2.2-3705.6 related to economic development.

40. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Education of information relating to the denial,suspension, or revocation of teacher licenses subject to the exclusion in subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.3.

41. Those portions of meetings of the Virginia Military Advisory Council or any commission created
by executive order for the purpose of studying and making recommendations regarding preventing
closure or realignment of federal military and national security installations and facilities located in
Virginia and relocation of such facilities to Virginia, or a local or regional military affairs organization
appointed by a local governing body, during which there is discussion of information subject to the
exclusion in subdivision 8 of § 2.2-3705.2.

42. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Trustees of the Veterans Services Foundation of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 28 of § 2.2-3705.7 related to personally identifiable information of donors.

1144 43. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Tobacco Region Revitalization Commission of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 23 of § 2.2-3705.6 related to certain information contained in grant applications.

44. Discussion or consideration by the board of directors of the Commercial Space Flight Authority
of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 24 of § 2.2-3705.6 related to rate structures or
charges for the use of projects of, the sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority and
certain proprietary information of a private entity provided to the Authority.

45. Discussion or consideration of personal and proprietary information related to the resource management plan program and subject to the exclusion in (i) subdivision 25 of § 2.2-3705.6 or (ii) subsection E of § 10.1-104.7. This exclusion shall not apply to the discussion or consideration of records that contain information that has been certified for release by the person who is the subject of the information or transformed into a statistical or aggregate form that does not allow identification of the person who supplied, or is the subject of, the information.

46. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Directors of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.3 related to investigations of applicants for licenses and permits and of licensees and permittees.

1161 47. Discussion or consideration of grant, loan, or investment application records subject to the exclusion in subdivision 28 of § 2.2-3705.6 for a grant, loan, or investment pursuant to Article 11
1163 (§ 2.2-2351 et seq.) of Chapter 22.

48. Discussion or development of grant proposals by a regional council established pursuant to
Article 26 (§ 2.2-2484 et seq.) of Chapter 24 to be submitted for consideration to the Virginia Growth
and Opportunity Board.

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1167 49. Discussion or consideration of (i) individual sexual assault cases by a sexual assault response 1168 team established pursuant to § 15.2-1627.4, (ii) individual child abuse or neglect cases or sex offenses involving a child by a child sexual abuse response team established pursuant to § 15.2-1627.5, or (iii) 1169 1170 individual cases involving abuse, neglect, or exploitation of adults as defined in § 63.2-1603 pursuant to 1171 §§ 15.2-1627.5 and 63.2-1605.

1172 50. Discussion or consideration by the Board of the Virginia Economic Development Partnership 1173 Authority, the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission, or any subcommittees thereof, of the 1174 portions of the strategic plan, marketing plan, or operational plan exempt from disclosure pursuant to 1175 subdivision 33 of § 2.2-3705.7.

1176 51. Those portions of meetings of the subcommittee of the Board of the Virginia Economic 1177 Development Partnership Authority established pursuant to subsection F of § 2.2-2237.3 to review and 1178 discuss information received from the Virginia Employment Commission pursuant to subdivision C 2 of 1179 § 60.2-114.

1180 52. Discussion or consideration by the Commonwealth of Virginia Innovation Partnership Authority 1181 (the Authority), an advisory committee of the Authority, or any other entity designated by the Authority, 1182 of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 35 of § 2.2-3705.7.

1183 53. Deliberations of the Virginia Lottery Board conducted pursuant to § 58.1-4105 regarding the 1184 denial or revocation of a license of a casino gaming operator, or the refusal to issue, suspension of, or 1185 revocation of any license or permit related to casino gaming, and discussion, consideration, or review of 1186 matters related to investigations excluded from mandatory disclosure under subdivision 1 of 1187 § 2.2-3705.3.

1188 54. Deliberations of the Virginia Lottery Board in an appeal conducted pursuant to § 58.1-4007 1189 regarding the denial of, revocation of, suspension of, or refusal to renew any license or permit related to sports betting and any discussion, consideration, or review of matters related to investigations excluded 1190 from mandatory disclosure under subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.3. 1191

1192 B. No resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation or motion adopted, passed or agreed to in a 1193 closed meeting shall become effective unless the public body, following the meeting, reconvenes in open 1194 meeting and takes a vote of the membership on such resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation, or 1195 motion that shall have its substance reasonably identified in the open meeting.

1196 C. Public officers improperly selected due to the failure of the public body to comply with the other 1197 provisions of this section shall be de facto officers and, as such, their official actions are valid until they 1198 obtain notice of the legal defect in their election.

1199 D. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the holding of conferences between two or 1200 more public bodies, or their representatives, but these conferences shall be subject to the same 1201 procedures for holding closed meetings as are applicable to any other public body.

1202 E. This section shall not be construed to (i) require the disclosure of any contract between the 1203 Department of Health Professions and an impaired practitioner entered into pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1 or (ii) require the board of directors of any authority created pursuant 1204 1205 to the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act (§ 15.2-4900 et seq.), or any public body 1206 empowered to issue industrial revenue bonds by general or special law, to identify a business or industry 1207 to which subdivision A 5 applies. However, such business or industry shall be identified as a matter of 1208 public record at least 30 days prior to the actual date of the board's authorization of the sale or issuance 1209 of such bonds. 1210

§ 2.2-3802. Systems to which chapter inapplicable.

1211 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to personal information systems:

1212 1. Maintained by any court of the Commonwealth;

2. Which may exist in publications of general circulation;

1214 3. Contained in the Criminal Justice Information System as defined in §§ 9.1-126 through 9.1-137 or 1215 in the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry maintained by the Department of State Police pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, except to the extent that information is required to 1216 be posted on the Internet pursuant to § 9.1-913; 1217

4. Contained in the Virginia Juvenile Justice Information System as defined in §§ 16.1-222 through 1218 1219 16.1-225;

1220 5. Maintained by agencies concerning persons required by law to be licensed in the Commonwealth 1221 to engage in the practice of any profession, in which case the names and addresses of persons applying 1222 for or possessing the license may be disseminated upon written request to a person engaged in the 1223 profession or business of offering professional educational materials or courses for the sole purpose of 1224 providing the licensees or applicants for licenses with informational materials relating solely to available 1225 professional educational materials or courses, provided the disseminating agency is reasonably assured 1226 that the use of the information will be so limited;

1227 6. Maintained by the Parole Board, the Crime Commission, the Judicial Inquiry and Review 1228 Commission, the Virginia Racing Commission, the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission, and the

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1229 Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, and the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority;

1230 7. Maintained by any of the following and that deal with investigations and intelligence gathering 1231 related to criminal activity:

- 1232 a. The Department of State Police;
- 1233 b. The police department of the Chesapeake Bay Bridge and Tunnel Commission;
- 1234 c. Police departments of cities, counties, and towns;
- 1235 d. Sheriff's departments of counties and cities;
- 1236 e. Campus police departments of public institutions of higher education as established by Article 3
- 1237 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1; and
- 1238 f. The Division of Capitol Police.

1239 8. Maintained by local departments of social services regarding alleged cases of child abuse or 1240 neglect while such cases are also subject to an ongoing criminal prosecution; 1241

9. Maintained by the Virginia Port Authority as provided in § 62.1-132.4 or 62.1-134.1;

1242 10. Maintained by the Virginia Tourism Authority in connection with or as a result of the promotion 1243 of travel or tourism in the Commonwealth, in which case names and addresses of persons requesting 1244 information on those subjects may be disseminated upon written request to a person engaged in the 1245 business of providing travel services or distributing travel information, provided the Virginia Tourism 1246 Authority is reasonably assured that the use of the information will be so limited;

1247 11. Maintained by the Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services of the Department of General 1248 Services and the Department of Forensic Science, which deal with scientific investigations relating to 1249 criminal activity or suspected criminal activity, except to the extent that § 9.1-1104 may apply;

1250 12. Maintained by the Department of Corrections or the Office of the State Inspector General that 1251 deal with investigations and intelligence gathering by persons acting under the provisions of Chapter 3.2 1252 (§ 2.2-307 et seq.);

1253 13. Maintained by (i) the Office of the State Inspector General or internal audit departments of state 1254 agencies or institutions that deal with communications and investigations relating to the Fraud, Waste 1255 and Abuse Hotline or (ii) an auditor appointed by the local governing body of any county, city, or town 1256 or a school board that deals with local investigations required by § 15.2-2511.2;

1257 14. Maintained by the Department of Social Services or any local department of social services 1258 relating to public assistance fraud investigations;

1259 15. Maintained by the Department of Social Services related to child welfare or public assistance 1260 programs when requests for personal information are made to the Department of Social Services. 1261 Requests for information from these systems shall be made to the appropriate local department of social 1262 services that is the custodian of that record. Notwithstanding the language in this section, an individual 1263 shall not be prohibited from obtaining information from the central registry in accordance with the 1264 provisions of \S 63.2-1515; and

1265 16. Maintained by the Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services related to adult services, 1266 adult protective services, or auxiliary grants when requests for personal information are made to the 1267 Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services. Requests for information from these systems shall be 1268 made to the appropriate local department of social services that is the custodian of that record.

§ 2.2-4024. Hearing officers.

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1270 A. In all formal hearings conducted in accordance with § 2.2-4020, the hearing shall be presided over 1271 by a hearing officer selected from a list prepared by the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court and 1272 maintained in the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court. Parties to informal 1273 fact-finding proceedings conducted pursuant to § 2.2-4019 may agree at the outset of the proceeding to 1274 have a hearing officer preside at the proceeding, such agreement to be revoked only by mutual consent. 1275 The Executive Secretary may promulgate rules necessary for the administration of the hearing officer 1276 system and shall have the authority to establish the number of hearing officers necessary to preside over 1277 administrative hearings in the Commonwealth. 1278

Prior to being included on the list, all hearing officers shall meet the following minimum standards:

- 1. Active membership in good standing in the Virginia State Bar;
- 1280 2. Active practice of law for at least five years; and

1281 3. Completion of a course of training approved by the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court. In 1282 order to comply with the demonstrated requirements of the agency requesting a hearing officer, the 1283 Executive Secretary may require additional training before a hearing officer shall be assigned to a 1284 proceeding before that agency.

1285 B. On request from the head of an agency, the Executive Secretary shall name a hearing officer from 1286 the list, selected on a rotation system administered by the Executive Secretary. Lists reflecting 1287 geographic preference and specialized training or knowledge shall be maintained by the Executive 1288 Secretary if an agency demonstrates the need.

1289 C. A hearing officer appointed in accordance with this section shall be subject to disqualification as

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1290 provided in § 2.2-4024.1. If the hearing officer denies a petition for disqualification pursuant to 1291 § 2.2-4024.1, the petitioning party may request reconsideration of the denial by filing a written request 1292 with the Executive Secretary along with an affidavit, prior to the taking of evidence at a hearing, stating 1293 with particularity the grounds upon which it is claimed that a fair and impartial hearing cannot be 1294 accorded, or the applicable rule of practice requiring disqualification.

The issue shall be determined not less than 10 days prior to the hearing by the Executive Secretary.

1296 D. Any hearing officer empowered by the agency to provide a recommendation or conclusion in a 1297 case decision matter shall render that recommendation or conclusion as follows:

1298 1. If the agency's written regulations or procedures require the hearing officer to render a 1299 recommendation or conclusion within a specified time period, the hearing officer shall render the 1300 recommendation or conclusion on or before the expiration of the specified period; and

2. In all other cases, the hearing officer shall render the recommendation or conclusion within 90 1301 1302 days from the date of the case decision proceeding or from a later date agreed to by the named party 1303 and the agency.

1304 If the hearing officer does not render a decision within the time required by this subsection, then the 1305 agency or the named party to the case decision may provide written notice to the hearing officer and the 1306 Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court that a decision is due. If no decision is made within 30 days 1307 from receipt by the hearing officer of the notice, then the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court 1308 shall remove the hearing officer from the hearing officer list and report the hearing officer to the 1309 Virginia State Bar for possible disciplinary action, unless good cause is shown for the delay.

1310 E. The Executive Secretary shall remove hearing officers from the list, upon a showing of cause after 1311 written notice and an opportunity for a hearing. When there is a failure by a hearing officer to render a 1312 decision as required by subsection D, the burden shall be on the hearing officer to show good cause for the delay. Decisions to remove a hearing officer may be reviewed by a request to the Executive 1313 1314 Secretary for reconsideration, followed by judicial review in accordance with this chapter.

1315 F. This section shall not apply to hearings conducted by (i) any commission or board where all of 1316 the members, or a quorum, are present; (ii) the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, the 1317 Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission, the State 1318 Corporation Commission, the Virginia Employment Commission, the Department of Motor Vehicles under Title 46.2 (§ 46.2-100 et seq.), § 58.1-2409, or Chapter 27 (§ 58.1-2700 et seq.) of Title 58.1, or 1319 1320 the Motor Vehicle Dealer Board under Chapter 15 (§ 46.2-1500 et seq.) of Title 46.2; or (iii) any panel 1321 of a health regulatory board convened pursuant to § 54.1-2400, including any panel having members of 1322 a relevant advisory board to the Board of Medicine. All employees hired after July 1, 1986, pursuant to 1323 §§ 65.2-201 and 65.2-203 by the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission to conduct hearings 1324 pursuant to its basic laws shall meet the minimum qualifications set forth in subsection A. Agency employees who are not licensed to practice law in the Commonwealth, and are presiding as hearing 1325 1326 officers in proceedings pursuant to clause (ii) shall participate in periodic training courses.

G. Notwithstanding the exemptions of subsection A of § 2.2-4002, this article shall apply to hearing 1327 1328 officers conducting hearings of the kind described in § 2.2-4020 for the Department of Wildlife 1329 Resources, the Virginia Housing Development Authority, the Milk Commission, and the Virginia 1330 Resources Authority pursuant to their basic laws. 1331

§ 3.2-1010. Enforcement of chapter; summons.

1332 Any conservation police officer or law-enforcement officer as defined in § 9.1-101, excluding certain 1333 members of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority and the Virginia Cannabis Control 1334 Authority, may enforce the provisions of this chapter and the regulations adopted hereunder as well as those who are so designated by the Commissioner. Those designated by the Commissioner may issue a 1335 summons to any person who violates any provision of this chapter to appear at a time and place to be 1336 1337 specified in such summons. 1338

§ 3.2-3906. Board to adopt regulations.

1339 The Board may adopt regulations pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), 1340 including: 1341

1. Licensing of businesses that manufacture, sell, store, recommend for use, mix, or apply pesticides;

2. Registration of pesticides for manufacture, distribution, sale, storage, or use;

3. Requiring reporting and record keeping related to licensing and registration;

1344 4. Establishing training, testing and standards for certification of commercial applicators, registered 1345 technicians, and private applicators;

1346 5. Revoking, suspending or denying licenses (business), registration (products), and certification or 1347 certificate (applicators or technicians);

1348 6. Requiring licensees and certificate holders to inform the public when using pesticides in and 1349 around structures:

1350 7. Establishing a fee structure for licensure, registration and certification to defray the costs of 1351 implementing this chapter;

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1352 8. Classifying or subclassifying certification or certificates to be issued under this chapter. Such 1353 classifications may include agricultural, forest, ornamental, aquatic, right-of-way or industrial, 1354 institutional, structural or health-related pest control;

1355 9. Restricting or prohibiting the sale or use and disposal of any pesticide or pesticide container or 1356 residuals that: (i) undesirably persists in the environment or increases due to biological amplification or 1357 unreasonable adverse effects on the environment; or (ii) because of toxicity or inordinate hazard to man, 1358 animal, bird or plant may be contrary to the public interest; and

1359 10. Establishing criteria for or a list of pesticides that may be used on cannabis cultivated in 1360 compliance with Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) or the Cannabis Control Act (§ 4.1-600 et seq.); and 1361 11. Other regulations necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

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§ 3.2-4113. Production of industrial hemp lawful.

1363 A. It is lawful for a grower, his agent, or a federally licensed hemp producer to grow, a dealer or his 1364 agent to deal in, or a processor or his agent to process industrial hemp in the Commonwealth for any 1365 lawful purpose. No federally licensed hemp producer or grower or his agent shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 1366 1367 18.2-250 for the possession or growing of industrial hemp or any Cannabis sativa with a 1368 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed the total delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol 1369 concentration percentage established in federal regulations applicable to negligent violations located at 7 1370 C.F.R. 990.6(b)(3). No dealer or his agent or processor or his agent shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 or 1371 1372 issued a summons or judgment for the possession, dealing, or processing of industrial hemp. In any 1373 complaint, information, or indictment, and in any action or proceeding brought for the enforcement of 1374 any provision of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it shall not be necessary to negate any 1375 1376 exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption contained in this chapter or the Drug Control Act, and the 1377 burden of proof of any such exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption shall be on the defendant.

1378 B. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize any person to violate any federal law or 1379 regulation.

1380 C. No person shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 1381 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, $\frac{18.2-248.1}{18.2-248.1}$, or 18.2-250 for the involuntary growth of industrial hemp through the 1382 inadvertent natural spread of seeds or pollen as a result of proximity to a production field, dealership, or 1383 process site. 1384

§ 3.2-4116. Registration conditions.

1385 A. A person who is not a federally licensed hemp producer shall obtain a registration pursuant to 1386 subsection A of § 3.2-4115 prior to growing, dealing in, or processing any industrial hemp in the 1387 Commonwealth. 1388

B. A person issued a registration pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 shall:

1389 1. Maintain records that reflect compliance with this chapter and all other state and federal laws 1390 regulating the growing, dealing in, or processing of industrial hemp;

2. Retain all industrial hemp growing, dealing, or processing records for at least three years;

1392 3. Allow his production field, dealership, or process site to be inspected by and at the discretion of 1393 the Commissioner or his designee, the Department of State Police, or the chief law-enforcement officer 1394 of the locality in which the production field or dealership or process site exists;

1395 4. Allow the Commissioner or his designee to monitor and test the grower's, dealer's, or processor's 1396 industrial hemp for compliance with tetrahydrocannabinol levels and for other appropriate purposes 1397 established pursuant to § 3.2-4114, at the cost of the grower, dealer, or processor; and

1398 5. If required by the Commissioner, destroy, at the cost of the grower, dealer, or processor and in a 1399 manner approved of and verified by the Commissioner, any Cannabis sativa that the grower grows, the 1400 dealer deals in, or the processor processes that has been tested and, following any re-sampling and 1401 retesting as authorized pursuant to the provisions of § 3.2-4114.2, is found to have a concentration of 1402 tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater than that allowed by federal law, or any Cannabis sativa product that 1403 the processor produces.

Article 6.

Edible Marijuana Products and Edible Hemp Products.

1406 § 3.2-5145.6. Definitions.

1407 As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1408 "Edible hemp product" means the same as that term is defined in § 4.1-600.

"Edible marijuana product" means the same as that term is defined in § 4.1-600. 1409

- 1410 "Food" means any article that is intended for human consumption and introduction into commerce,
- 1411 whether the article is simple, mixed, or compound, and all substances or ingredients used in the
- preparation thereof. "Food" does not mean "drug" as defined in § 54.1-3401. 1412

§ 3.2-5145.7. Edible marijuana products and edible hemp products; approved food; adulterated

1414	food.
1415	A. An edible marijuana product or edible hemp product is a food and is subject to the requirements
1416	of this chapter and regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter.
1417	B. An edible marijuana product or edible hemp product that does not comply with the provisions of
1418	§ 4.1-1403 or health and safety regulations adopted pursuant thereto shall be deemed to be adulterated.
1419	§ 3.2-5145.8. Manufacturer of edible marijuana products or edible hemp products.
1420	A. A manufacturer of an edible marijuana product shall be an approved source if the manufacturer
1421	operates:
1422	1. Under inspection by the Commissioner in the location in which such manufacturing occurs; and
1423	2. In compliance with the laws, regulations, or criteria that pertain to the manufacture of edible
1424	marijuana products in the location in which such manufacturing occurs.
1425	B. A manufacturer of an edible hemp product shall be an approved source if the manufacturer
1426	operates:
1427	1. Under inspection by the responsible food regulatory agency in the location in which such
1428	manufacturing occurs; and
1429	2. In compliance with the laws, regulations, or criteria that pertain to the manufacture of edible
1430	hemp products in the location in which such manufacturing occurs.
1431	§ 3.2-5145.9. Regulations.
1432	A. The Board is authorized to adopt regulations for the efficient enforcement of this article.
1433	B. With the exception of § 2.2-4031, neither the provisions of the Administrative Process Act
1434	(§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) nor public participation guidelines adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the
1435	adoption of any regulation pursuant to this section. Prior to adopting any regulation pursuant to this
1436	section, the Board shall publish a notice of opportunity to comment in the Virginia Register of
1437 1438	Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. Such notice of opportunity to
1430	comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed regulation; (ii) the text of the proposed
1439	regulation; and (iii) the name, address, and telephone number of the agency contact person responsible for receiving public comments. Such notice shall be made at least 60 days in advance of the last date
1441	prescribed in such notice for submittals of public comment. The legislative review provisions of
1442	subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for
1443	regulations adopted pursuant to this section. The Board shall consider and keep on file all public
1444	comments received for any regulation adopted pursuant to this section.
1445	§ 4.1-100. Definitions.
1446	As used in this title subtitle, unless the context requires a different meaning:
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"Alcohol" means the product known as ethyl or grain alcohol obtained by distillation of any 1447 fermented liquor, rectified either once or more often, whatever the origin, and shall include synthetic 1448 1449 ethyl alcohol, but shall not include methyl alcohol and alcohol completely denatured in accordance with formulas approved by the government of the United States. 1450 1451

"Alcoholic Beverage Control Act" means Subtitle I (§ 4.1-100 et seq.).

"Alcohol vaporizing device" means any device, machine, or process that mixes any alcoholic 1452 beverages with pure oxygen or other gas to produce a vaporized product for the purpose of consumption 1453 1454 by inhalation.

1455 "Alcoholic beverages" includes alcohol, spirits, wine, and beer, and any one or more of such varieties containing one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume, including mixed alcoholic beverages, 1456 and every liquid or solid, powder or crystal, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine, or beer 1457 and capable of being consumed by a human being. Any liquid or solid containing more than one of the 1458 four varieties shall be considered as belonging to that variety which has the higher percentage of alcohol, however obtained, according to the order in which they are set forth in this definition; except 1459 1460 1461 that beer may be manufactured to include flavoring materials and other nonbeverage ingredients 1462 containing alcohol, as long as no more than 49 percent of the overall alcohol content of the finished product is derived from the addition of flavors and other nonbeverage ingredients containing alcohol for 1463 products with an alcohol content of no more than six percent by volume; or, in the case of products 1464 1465 with an alcohol content of more than six percent by volume, as long as no more than one and one-half percent of the volume of the finished product consists of alcohol derived from added flavors and other 1466 1467 nonbeverage ingredients containing alcohol.

"Arts venue" means a commercial or nonprofit establishment that is open to the public and in which 1468 1469 works of art are sold or displayed.

"Authority" means the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority created pursuant to this title 1470 1471 subtitle. 1472

"Barrel" means any container or vessel having a capacity of more than 43 ounces.

1473 "Bed and breakfast establishment" means any establishment (i) having no more than 15 bedrooms;

1474 (ii) offering to the public, for compensation, transitory lodging or sleeping accommodations; and (iii)

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1475 offering at least one meal per day, which may but need not be breakfast, to each person to whom 1476 overnight lodging is provided. For purposes of the licensing requirements of this title subtitle, "bed and 1477 breakfast establishment" includes any property offered to the public for short-term rental, as that term is 1478 defined in § 15.2-983, other than a hotel as defined in this section, regardless of whether a meal is 1479 offered to each person to whom overnight lodging is provided.

1480 "Beer" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of an infusion or decoction of 1481 barley, malt, and hops or of any similar products in drinkable water and containing one-half of one 1482 percent or more of alcohol by volume. 1483

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority.

1484 "Bottle" means any vessel intended to contain liquids and having a capacity of not more than 43 1485 ounces.

1486 "Bus" means a motor vehicle that (i) is operated by a common carrier licensed under Chapter 20 1487 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 46.2 to transport passengers for compensation over the highways of the 1488 Commonwealth on regular or irregular routes of not less than 100 miles, (ii) seats no more than 24 1489 passengers, (iii) is 40 feet in length or longer, (iv) offers wireless Internet services, (v) is equipped with 1490 charging stations at every seat for cellular phones or other portable devices, and (vi) during the 1491 transportation of passengers, is staffed by an attendant who has satisfied all training requirements set 1492 forth in this title subtitle or Board regulation.

1493 "Club" means any private nonprofit corporation or association which is the owner, lessee, or 1494 occupant of an establishment operated solely for a national, social, patriotic, political, athletic, or other 1495 like purpose, but not for pecuniary gain, the advantages of which belong to all of the members. It also 1496 means the establishment so operated. A corporation or association shall not lose its status as a club 1497 because of the conduct of charitable gaming conducted pursuant to Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) 1498 of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2 in which nonmembers participate frequently or in large numbers, provided 1499 that no alcoholic beverages are served or consumed in the room where such charitable gaming is being 1500 conducted while such gaming is being conducted and that no alcoholic beverages are made available 1501 upon the premises to any person who is neither a member nor a bona fide guest of a member.

1502 Any such corporation or association which has been declared exempt from federal and state income 1503 taxes as one which is not organized and operated for pecuniary gain or profit shall be deemed a 1504 nonprofit corporation or association.

1505 "Commercial lifestyle center" means a mixed-use commercial development covering a minimum of 1506 10 acres of land and having at least 100,000 square feet of retail space featuring national specialty chain 1507 stores and a combination of dining, entertainment, office, residential, or hotel establishments located in a 1508 physically integrated outdoor setting that is pedestrian friendly and that is governed by a commercial 1509 owners' association that is responsible for the management, maintenance, and operation of the common 1510 areas thereof.

"Container" means any barrel, bottle, carton, keg, vessel, or other receptacle used for holding 1511 1512 alcoholic beverages.

1513 "Contract winemaking facility" means the premises of a licensed winery or farm winery that obtains 1514 grapes, fruits, and other agricultural products from a person holding a farm winery license and crushes, 1515 processes, ferments, bottles, or provides any combination of such services pursuant to an agreement with 1516 the farm winery licensee. For all purposes of this title subtitle, wine produced by a contract winemaking 1517 facility for a farm winery shall be considered to be wine owned and produced by the farm winery that 1518 supplied the grapes, fruits, or other agricultural products used in the production of the wine. The 1519 contract winemaking facility shall have no right to sell the wine so produced, unless the terms of 1520 payment have not been fulfilled in accordance with the contract. The contract winemaking facility may 1521 charge the farm winery for its services.

1522 "Convenience grocery store" means an establishment that (i) has an enclosed room in a permanent 1523 structure where stock is displayed and offered for sale and (ii) maintains an inventory of edible items 1524 intended for human consumption consisting of a variety of such items of the types normally sold in 1525 grocery stores.

1526 "Culinary lodging resort" means a facility (i) having not less than 13 overnight guest rooms in a 1527 building that has at least 20,000 square feet of indoor floor space; (ii) located on a farm in the 1528 Commonwealth with at least 1,000 acres of land zoned agricultural; (iii) equipped with a full-service 1529 kitchen; and (iv) offering to the public, for compensation, at least one meal per day, lodging, and 1530 recreational and educational activities related to farming, livestock, and other rural activities.

1531 "Delicatessen" means an establishment that sells a variety of prepared foods or foods requiring little 1532 preparation, such as cheeses, salads, cooked meats, and related condiments.

1533 "Designated area" means a room or area approved by the Board for on-premises licensees.

1534 "Dining area" means a public room or area in which meals are regularly served.

1535 "Drugstore" means an establishment that sells medicines prepared by a licensed pharmacist pursuant

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to a prescription and other medicines and items for home and general use. 1536

1537 "Establishment" means any place where alcoholic beverages of one or more varieties are lawfully 1538 manufactured, sold, or used.

1539 "Farm winery" means (i) an establishment (a) located on a farm in the Commonwealth on land zoned 1540 agricultural with a producing vineyard, orchard, or similar growing area and with facilities for 1541 fermenting and bottling wine on the premises where the owner or lessee manufactures wine that contains 1542 not more than 21 percent alcohol by volume or (b) located in the Commonwealth on land zoned 1543 agricultural with a producing vineyard, orchard, or similar growing area or agreements for purchasing 1544 grapes or other fruits from agricultural growers within the Commonwealth, and with facilities for 1545 fermenting and bottling wine on the premises where the owner or lessee manufactures wine that contains 1546 not more than 21 percent alcohol by volume or (ii) an accredited public or private institution of higher 1547 education, provided that (a) no wine manufactured by the institution shall be sold, (b) the wine manufactured by the institution shall be used solely for research and educational purposes, (c) the wine 1548 1549 manufactured by the institution shall be stored on the premises of such farm winery that shall be 1550 separate and apart from all other facilities of the institution, and (d) such farm winery is operated in 1551 strict conformance with the requirements of this clause (ii) and Board regulations. As used in this 1552 definition, the terms "owner" and "lessee" shall include a cooperative formed by an association of 1553 individuals for the purpose of manufacturing wine. In the event that such cooperative is licensed as a 1554 farm winery, the term "farm" as used in this definition includes all of the land owned or leased by the 1555 individual members of the cooperative as long as such land is located in the Commonwealth. For purposes of this definition, "land zoned agricultural" means (1) land zoned as an agricultural district or 1556 classification or (2) land otherwise permitted by a locality for farm winery use. For purposes of this definition, "land zoned agricultural" does not include land zoned "residential conservation." Except for the limitation on land zoned "residential conservation," nothing in the definition of "land zoned 1557 1558 1559 1560 agricultural" shall otherwise limit or affect local zoning authority.

1561 "Gift shop" means any bona fide retail store selling, predominantly, gifts, books, souvenirs, specialty 1562 items relating to history, original and handmade arts and products, collectibles, crafts, and floral 1563 arrangements, which is open to the public on a regular basis. Such shop shall be a permanent structure 1564 where stock is displayed and offered for sale and which has facilities to properly secure any stock of 1565 wine or beer. Such shop may be located (i) on the premises or grounds of a government registered 1566 national, state or local historic building or site or (ii) within the premises of a museum. The Board shall 1567 consider the purpose, characteristics, nature, and operation of the shop in determining whether it shall be 1568 considered a gift shop.

1569 "Gourmet brewing shop" means an establishment which sells to persons to whom wine or beer may 1570 lawfully be sold, ingredients for making wine or brewing beer, including packaging, and rents to such 1571 persons facilities for manufacturing, fermenting and bottling such wine or beer.

1572 "Gourmet oyster house" means an establishment that (i) is located on the premises of a commercial 1573 marina, (ii) is permitted by the Department of Health to serve oysters and other fresh seafood for 1574 consumption on the premises, and (iii) offers to the public events for the purpose of featuring and 1575 educating the consuming public about local oysters and other seafood products.

1576 "Gourmet shop" means an establishment provided with adequate inventory, shelving, and storage 1577 facilities, where, in consideration of payment, substantial amounts of domestic and imported wines and 1578 beers of various types and sizes and related products such as cheeses and gourmet foods are habitually 1579 furnished to persons. 1580

"Government store" means a store established by the Authority for the sale of alcoholic beverages.

1581 "Grocery store" means an establishment that sells food and other items intended for human 1582 consumption, including a variety of ingredients commonly used in the preparation of meals.

1583 "Historic cinema house" means a nonprofit establishment exempt from taxation under 501(c)(3) of 1584 the Internal Revenue Code that was built prior to 1970 and that exists for the primary purpose of 1585 showing motion pictures to the public.

1586 "Hotel" means any duly licensed establishment, provided with special space and accommodation, 1587 where, in consideration of payment, food and lodging are habitually furnished to persons, and which has 1588 four or more bedrooms. It shall also mean the person who operates such hotel.

"Interdicted person" means a person to whom the sale of alcoholic beverages is prohibited by order 1589 pursuant to this title subtitle. 1590

1591 "Internet wine and beer retailer" means a person who owns or operates an establishment with adequate inventory, shelving, and storage facilities, where, in consideration of payment, Internet or 1592 1593 telephone orders are taken and shipped directly to consumers and which establishment is not a retail 1594 store open to the public.

"Infoxicated" means a condition in which a person has drunk enough alcoholic beverages to 1595 1596 observably affect his manner, disposition, speech, muscular movement, general appearance, or behavior. 1597 "Licensed" means the holding of a valid license granted by the Authority.

1598 "Licensee" means any person to whom a license has been granted by the Authority.

1599 "Liqueur" means any of a class of highly flavored alcoholic beverages that do not exceed an alcohol 1600 content of 25 percent by volume.

1601 "Low alcohol beverage cooler" means a drink containing one-half of one percent or more of alcohol 1602 by volume, but not more than seven and one-half percent alcohol by volume, and consisting of spirits 1603 mixed with nonalcoholic beverages or flavoring or coloring materials; it may also contain water, fruit 1604 juices, fruit adjuncts, sugar, carbon dioxide, preservatives or other similar products manufactured by 1605 fermenting fruit or fruit juices. Low alcohol beverage coolers shall be treated as wine for all purposes of 1606 this title subtitle, except that low alcohol beverage coolers may be manufactured by a licensed distiller or a distiller located outside the Commonwealth.

1608 "Marina store" means an establishment that is located on the same premises as a marina, is operated 1609 by the owner of such marina, and sells food and nautical and fishing supplies.

1610 "Meals" means, for a mixed beverage license, an assortment of foods commonly ordered in bona
1611 fide, full-service restaurants as principal meals of the day. Such restaurants shall include establishments
1612 specializing in full course meals with a single substantial entree.

1613 "Member of a club" means (i) a person who maintains his membership in the club by the payment of 1614 monthly, quarterly, or annual dues in the manner established by the rules and regulations thereof or (ii) 1615 a person who is a member of a bona fide auxiliary, local chapter, or squadron composed of direct lineal 1616 descendants of a bona fide member, whether alive or deceased, of a national or international 1617 organization to which an individual lodge holding a club license is an authorized member in the same 1618 locality. It shall also mean a lifetime member whose financial contribution is not less than 10 times the 1619 annual dues of resident members of the club, the full amount of such contribution being paid in advance 1620 in a lump sum.

1621 "Mixed beverage" or "mixed alcoholic beverage" means a drink composed in whole or in part of 1622 spirits.

1623 "Mixer" means any prepackaged ingredients containing beverages or flavoring or coloring materials,
1624 and which may also contain water, fruit juices, fruit adjuncts, sugar, carbon dioxide, or preservatives
1625 which are not commonly consumed unless combined with alcoholic beverages, whether or not such ingredients contain alcohol. Such specialty beverage product shall be manufactured or distributed by a
1627 Virginia corporation.

1628 "Municipal golf course" means any golf course that is owned by any town incorporated in 1849 and 1629 which is the county seat of Smyth County.

1630 "Place or premises" means the real estate, together with any buildings or other improvements thereon,
1631 designated in the application for a license as the place at which the manufacture, bottling, distribution,
1632 use or sale of alcoholic beverages shall be performed, except that portion of any such building or other
1633 improvement actually and exclusively used as a private residence.

1634 "Principal stockholder" means any person who individually or in concert with his spouse and 1635 immediate family members beneficially owns or controls, directly or indirectly, five percent or more of 1636 the equity ownership of any person that is a licensee of the Authority, or who in concert with his spouse 1637 and immediate family members has the power to vote or cause the vote of five percent or more of any 1638 such equity ownership. "Principal stockholder" does not include a broker-dealer registered under the 1639 Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that holds in inventory shares for sale on the financial 1640 markets for a publicly traded corporation holding, directly or indirectly, a license from the Authority.

1641 "Public place" means any place, building, or conveyance to which the public has, or is permitted to
1642 have, access, including restaurants, soda fountains, hotel dining areas, lobbies and corridors of hotels,
1643 and any park, place of public resort or amusement, highway, street, lane, or sidewalk adjoining any
1644 highway, street, or lane.

1645 "Public place" does not include (i) hotel or restaurant dining areas or ballrooms while in use for 1646 private meetings or private parties limited in attendance to members and guests of a particular group, 1647 association or organization; (ii) restaurants licensed by the Authority in office buildings or industrial or 1648 similar facilities while such restaurant is closed to the public and in use for private meetings or parties 1649 limited in attendance to employees and nonpaying guests of the owner or a lessee of all or part of such building or facility; (iii) offices, office buildings or industrial facilities while closed to the public and in 1650 1651 use for private meetings or parties limited in attendance to employees and nonpaying guests of the 1652 owner or a lessee of all or part of such building or facility; or (iv) private recreational or chartered boats 1653 which are not licensed by the Board and on which alcoholic beverages are not sold.

1654 "Residence" means any building or part of a building or structure where a person resides, but does not include any part of a building that is not actually and exclusively used as a private residence, nor any part of a hotel or club other than a private guest room thereof.

1657 "Resort complex" means a facility (i) with a hotel owning year-round sports and recreational facilities 1658 located contiguously on the same property; (ii) owned by a nonstock, nonprofit, taxable corporation with

1659 voluntary membership which, as its primary function, makes available golf, ski, and other recreational 1660 facilities both to its members and to the general public; or (iii) operated by a corporation that operates 1661 as a management company which, as its primary function, makes available (a) vacation accommodations, 1662 guest rooms, or dwelling units and (b) golf, ski, and other recreational facilities to members of the 1663 managed entities and the general public. The hotel or corporation shall have or manage a minimum of 1664 140 private guest rooms or dwelling units contained on not less than 50 acres, whether or not 1665 contiguous to the licensed premises; if the guest rooms or dwelling units are located on property that is 1666 not contiguous to the licensed premises, such guest rooms and dwelling units shall be located within the same locality. The Authority may consider the purpose, characteristics, and operation of the applicant 1667 establishment in determining whether it shall be considered as a resort complex. All other pertinent 1668 1669 qualifications established by the Board for a hotel operation shall be observed by such licensee.

1670 "Restaurant" means, for a wine and beer license or a limited mixed beverage restaurant license, any
1671 establishment provided with special space and accommodation, where, in consideration of payment,
1672 meals or other foods prepared on the premises are regularly sold.

1673 "Restaurant" means, for a mixed beverage license other than a limited mixed beverage restaurant
1674 license, an established place of business (i) where meals with substantial entrees are regularly sold and
1675 (ii) which has adequate facilities and sufficient employees for cooking, preparing, and serving such
1676 meals for consumption at tables in dining areas on the premises, and includes establishments specializing
1677 in full course meals with a single substantial entree.

1678 "Sale" and "sell" includes soliciting or receiving an order for; keeping, offering or exposing for sale;
 1679 peddling, exchanging or bartering; or delivering otherwise than gratuitously, by any means, alcoholic
 1680 beverages.

1681 "Sangria" means a drink consisting of red or white wine mixed with some combination of
1682 sweeteners, fruit, fruit juice, soda, or soda water that may also be mixed with brandy, triple sec, or other
1683 similar spirits.

1684 "Special agent" means an employee of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority whom the1685 Board has designated as a law-enforcement officer pursuant to § 4.1-105.

1686 "Special event" means an event sponsored by a duly organized nonprofit corporation or association1687 and conducted for an athletic, charitable, civic, educational, political, or religious purpose.

1688 "Spirits" means any beverage that contains alcohol obtained by distillation mixed with drinkable
1689 water and other substances, in solution, and includes, among other things, brandy, rum, whiskey, and
1690 gin, or any one or more of the last four named ingredients, but shall not include any such liquors
1691 completely denatured in accordance with formulas approved by the United States government.

1692 "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage, including cider, obtained by the fermentation of the natural 1693 sugar content of fruits or other agricultural products containing (i) sugar, including honey and milk, 1694 either with or without additional sugar; (ii) one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume; and 1695 (iii) no product of distillation. "Wine" includes any wine to which wine spirits have been added, as 1696 provided in the Internal Revenue Code, to make products commonly known as "fortified wine" which do 1697 not exceed an alcohol content of 21 percent by volume.

"Wine cooler" means a drink containing one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume, and
not more than three and two-tenths percent of alcohol by weight or four percent by volume consisting of
wine mixed with nonalcoholic beverages or flavoring or coloring materials, and which may also contain
water, fruit juices, fruit adjuncts, sugar, carbon dioxide, or preservatives and shall include other similar
products manufactured by fermenting fruit or fruit juices. Wine coolers and similar fermented fruit juice
beverages shall be treated as wine for all purposes except for taxation under § 4.1-236.

1704 "With or without meals" means the selling and serving of alcoholic beverages by retail licensees for
1705 on-premises consumption whether or not accompanied by food so long as the total food-beverage ratio
1706 required by § 4.1-206.3, or the monthly food sale requirement established by Board regulation, is met by
1707 such retail licensee.

1708 § 4.1-101.02. Appointment, salary, and powers of Chief Executive Officer; appointment of 1709 confidential assistant to the Chief Executive Officer.

1710 A. The Chief Executive Officer of the Authority shall be appointed by the Governor and confirmed 1711 by the affirmative vote of a majority of those voting in each house of the General Assembly. The Chief 1712 Executive Officer shall not be a member of the Board; shall hold, at a minimum, a baccalaureate degree 1713 in business or a related field of study; and shall possess a minimum of seven years of demonstrated 1714 experience or expertise in the direct management, supervision, or control of a business or legal affairs. 1715 The Chief Executive Officer shall receive such compensation as determined by the Board and approved 1716 by the Governor, including any performance bonuses or incentives as the Board deems advisable. The 1717 Chief Executive Officer shall be subject to a background check in accordance with § 4.1-101.03. The 1718 Chief Executive Officer shall (i) carry out the powers and duties conferred upon him by the Board or 1719 imposed upon him by law and (ii) meet performance measures or targets set by the Board and approved 1720 by the Governor. The Chief Executive Officer may be removed from office by the Governor for cause,

1721 including the improper use of the Authority's police powers, malfeasance, misfeasance, incompetence, 1722 misconduct, neglect of duty, absenteeism, conflict of interests, failure to meet performance measures or 1723 targets as set by the Board and approved by the Governor, failure to carry out the policies of the 1724 Commonwealth as established in the Constitution or by the General Assembly, or refusal to carry out a 1725 lawful directive of the Governor.

1726 B. The Chief Executive Officer shall devote his full time to the performance of his official duties 1727 and shall not be engaged in any other profession or occupation.

1728 C. The Chief Executive Officer shall supervise and administer the operations of the Authority in 1729 accordance with this title subtitle.

1730 D. The Chief Executive Officer shall:

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1731 1. Serve as the secretary to the Board and keep a true and full record of all proceedings of the 1732 Authority and preserve at the Authority's general office all books, documents, and papers of the 1733 Authority;

1734 2. Exercise and perform such powers and duties as may be delegated to him by the Board or as may 1735 be conferred or imposed upon him by law;

1736 3. Employ or retain such special agents or employees subordinate to the Chief Executive Officer as 1737 may be necessary to fulfill the duties of the Authority conferred upon the Chief Executive Officer, 1738 subject to the Board's approval; and 1739

4. Make recommendations to the Board for legislative and regulatory changes.

1740 E. Neither the Chief Executive Officer nor the spouse or any member of the immediate family of the 1741 Chief Executive Officer shall make any contribution to a candidate for office or officeholder at the local 1742 or state level or cause such a contribution to be made on his behalf.

1743 F. To assist the Chief Executive Officer in the performance of his duties, the Governor shall also 1744 appoint one confidential assistant for administration who shall be deemed to serve on an 1745 employment-at-will basis.

§ 4.1-101.07. Forms of accounts and records; audit; annual report.

1747 A. The accounts and records of the Authority showing the receipt and disbursement of funds from 1748 whatever source derived shall be in a form prescribed by the Auditor of Public Accounts. The Auditor 1749 of Public Accounts or his legally authorized representatives shall annually examine the accounts and 1750 books of the Authority. The Authority shall submit an annual report to the Governor and General 1751 Assembly on or before December 15 of each year. Such report shall contain the audited annual financial 1752 statements of the Authority for the year ending the previous June 30. The Authority shall also submit a 1753 six-year plan detailing its assumed revenue forecast, assumed operating costs, number of retail facilities, 1754 capital costs, including lease payments, major acquisitions of services and tangible or intangible 1755 property, any material changes to the policies and procedures issued by the Authority related to 1756 procurement or personnel, and any proposed marketing activities.

1757 B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in exercising any power conferred under this title 1758 subtitle, the Authority may implement and maintain independent payroll and nonpayroll disbursement 1759 systems. These systems and related procedures shall be subject to review and approval by the State 1760 Comptroller. Upon agreement with the State Comptroller, the Authority may report summary level detail 1761 on both payroll and nonpayroll transactions to the State Comptroller through the Department of 1762 Accounts' financial management system or its successor system. Such reports shall be made in 1763 accordance with policies, procedures, and directives as prescribed by the State Comptroller. A 1764 nonpayroll disbursement system shall include all disbursements and expenditures, other than payroll. 1765 Such disbursements and expenditures shall include travel reimbursements, revenue refunds, 1766 disbursements for vendor payments, petty cash, and interagency payments. 1767

§ 4.1-101.09. Exemptions from taxes or assessments.

1768 The exercise of the powers granted by this title subtitle shall be in all respects for the benefit of the 1769 people of the Commonwealth, for the increase of their commerce and prosperity, and for the 1770 improvement of their living conditions, and as the undertaking of activities in the furtherance of the 1771 purposes of the Authority constitutes the performance of essential governmental functions, the Authority 1772 shall not be required to pay any taxes or assessments upon any property acquired or used by the 1773 Authority under the provisions of this title subtitle or upon the income therefrom, including sales and 1774 use taxes on the tangible personal property used in the operations of the Authority. The exemption 1775 granted in this section shall not be construed to extend to persons conducting on the premises of any 1776 property of the Authority businesses for which local or state taxes would otherwise be required.

1777 § 4.1-101.010. Exemption of Authority from personnel and procurement procedures; 1778 information systems; etc.

1779 A. The provisions of the Virginia Personnel Act (§ 2.2-2900 et seq.) and the Virginia Public 1780 Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.) shall not apply to the Authority in the exercise of any power conferred under this title subtitle. Nor shall the provisions of Chapter 20.1 (§ 2.2-2005 et seq.) of Title 1781

1782 2.2 or Article 2 (§ 51.1-1104 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 51.1 apply to the Authority in the exercise of any power conferred under this title subtitle. 1783

1784 B. To effect its implementation, the Authority's procurement of goods, services, insurance, and 1785 construction and the disposition of surplus materials shall be exempt from:

1786 1. State agency requirements regarding disposition of surplus materials and distribution of proceeds 1787 from the sale or recycling of surplus materials under §§ 2.2-1124 and 2.2-1125;

1788 2. The requirement to purchase from the Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired under 1789 § 2.2-1117; and

1790 3. Any other state statutes, rules, regulations, or requirements relating to the procurement of goods, 1791 services, insurance, and construction, including Article 3 (§ 2.2-1109 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 2.2, regarding the duties, responsibilities, and authority of the Division of Purchases and Supply of the 1792 Virginia Department of General Services, and Article 4 (§ 2.2-1129 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 2.2, 1793 1794 regarding the review and the oversight by the Division of Engineering and Buildings of the Department 1795 of General Services of contracts for the construction of the Authority's capital projects and 1796 construction-related professional services under § 2.2-1132.

1797 C. The Authority (i) may purchase from and participate in all statewide contracts for goods and 1798 services, including information technology goods and services; (ii) shall use directly or by integration or 1799 interface the Commonwealth's electronic procurement system subject to the terms and conditions agreed 1800 upon between the Authority and the Department of General Services; and (iii) shall post on the 1801 Department of General Services' central electronic procurement website all Invitations to Bid, Requests 1802 for Proposal, sole source award notices, and emergency award notices to ensure visibility and access to 1803 the Authority's procurement opportunities on one website.

§ 4.1-101.1. Certified mail; subsequent mail or notices may be sent by regular mail; electronic 1804 1805 communications as alternative to regular mail; limitation.

1806 A. Whenever in this title subtitle the Board is required to send any mail or notice by certified mail 1807 and such mail or notice is sent certified mail, return receipt requested, then any subsequent, identical 1808 mail or notice that is sent by the Board may be sent by regular mail.

1809 B. Except as provided in subsection C, whenever in this title subtitle the Board is required or 1810 permitted to send any mail, notice, or other official communication by regular mail to persons licensed 1811 under Chapter 2 (§ 4.1-200 et seq.), upon the request of a licensee, the Board may instead such 1812 mail, notice, or official communication by email, text message, or other electronic means to the email 1813 address, telephone number, or other contact information provided to the Board by the licensee, provided 1814 that the Board retains sufficient proof of the electronic delivery, which may be an electronic receipt of 1815 delivery or a certificate of service prepared by the Board confirming the electronic delivery.

1816 C. No notice required by \S 4.1-227 to (i) a licensee of a hearing that may result in the suspension or revocation of his license or the imposition of a civil penalty or (ii) a person holding a permit shall be 1817 1818 sent by the Board by email, text message, or other electronic means, nor shall any decision by the Board 1819 to suspend or revoke a license or permit or impose a civil penalty be sent by the Board by email, text 1820 message, or other electronic means. 1821

§ 4.1-103. General powers of Board.

The Board shall have the power to:

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1823 1. Sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and complain and defend in all courts;

2. Adopt, use, and alter at will a common seal;

1825 3. Fix, alter, charge, and collect rates, rentals, fees, and other charges for the use of property of, the 1826 sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority at rates to be determined by the Authority for 1827 the purpose of providing for the payment of the expenses of the Authority;

1828 4. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its 1829 duties, the furtherance of its purposes, and the execution of its powers under this title subtitle, including 1830 agreements with any person or federal agency;

1831 5. Employ, at its discretion, consultants, researchers, architects, engineers, accountants, financial 1832 experts, investment bankers, superintendents, managers, and such other employees and special agents as 1833 may be necessary and fix their compensation to be payable from funds made available to the Authority. Legal services for the Authority shall be provided by the Attorney General in accordance with Chapter 5 1834 1835 (§ 2.2-500 et seq.) of Title 2.2;

1836 6. Receive and accept from any federal or private agency, foundation, corporation, association, or 1837 person grants or other aid to be expended in accomplishing the objectives of the Authority, and receive 1838 and accept from the Commonwealth or any state and any municipality, county, or other political subdivision thereof or from any other source aid or contributions of either money, property, or other 1839 1840 things of value, to be held, used, and applied only for the purposes for which such grants and contributions may be made. All federal moneys accepted under this section shall be accepted and 1841 1842 expended by the Authority upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the United States and as 1843 are consistent with state law, and all state moneys accepted under this section shall be expended by the

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1844 Authority upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the Commonwealth;

1845 7. Adopt, alter, and repeal bylaws, rules, and regulations governing the manner in which its business 1846 shall be transacted and the manner in which the powers of the Authority shall be exercised and its 1847 duties performed. The Board may delegate or assign any duty or task to be performed by the Authority 1848 to any officer or employee of the Authority. The Board shall remain responsible for the performance of 1849 any such duties or tasks. Any delegation pursuant to this subdivision shall, where appropriate, be 1850 accompanied by written guidelines for the exercise of the duties or tasks delegated. Where appropriate, 1851 the guidelines shall require that the Board receive summaries of actions taken. Such delegation or 1852 assignment shall not relieve the Board of the responsibility to ensure faithful performance of the duties 1853 and tasks;

1854 8. Conduct or engage in any lawful business, activity, effort, or project consistent with the 1855 Authority's purposes or necessary or convenient to exercise its powers;

1856 9. Develop policies and procedures generally applicable to the procurement of goods, services, and 1857 construction, based upon competitive principles;

1858 10. Develop policies and procedures consistent with Article 4 (§ 2.2-4347 et seq.) of Chapter 43 of 1859 Title 2.2;

1860 11. Buy, import and sell alcoholic beverages other than beer and wine not produced by farm 1861 wineries, and to have alcoholic beverages other than beer and wine not produced by farm wineries in its 1862 possession for sale;

1863 12. Buy and sell any mixers;

1864 13. Buy and sell products licensed by the Virginia Tourism Corporation that are within international trademark classes 16 (paper goods and printer matters), 18 (leather goods), 21 (housewares and glass), 1865 1866 and 25 (clothing); 1867

14. Control the possession, sale, transportation, and delivery of alcoholic beverages;

1868 15. Determine, subject to § 4.1-121, the localities within which government stores shall be 1869 established or operated and the location of such stores;

1870 16. Maintain warehouses for alcoholic beverages and control the storage and delivery of alcoholic 1871 beverages to and from such warehouses;

1872 17. Acquire, purchase, hold, use, lease, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed, 1873 tangible or intangible, or any interest therein necessary or desirable for carrying out the purposes of the 1874 Authority; lease as lessee any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest 1875 therein, at such annual rental and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; 1876 lease as lessor to any person any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest 1877 therein, at any time acquired by the Authority, whether wholly or partially completed, at such annual 1878 rental and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; sell, transfer, or convey 1879 any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest therein, at any time acquired 1880 or held by the Authority on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; and occupy 1881 and improve any land or building required for the purposes of this title *subtitle*;

1882 18. Purchase, lease, or acquire the use of, by any manner, any plant or equipment that may be 1883 considered necessary or useful in carrying into effect the purposes of this title subtitle, including 1884 rectifying, blending, and processing plants. The Board may purchase, build, lease, and operate distilleries 1885 and manufacture alcoholic beverages;

1886 19. Determine the nature, form and capacity of all containers used for holding alcoholic beverages to 1887 be kept or sold under this title subtitle, and prescribe the form and content of all labels and seals to be 1888 placed thereon; however, no container sold in or shipped into the Commonwealth shall include 1889 powdered or crystalline alcohol;

1890 20. Appoint every agent and employee required for its operations; require any or all of them to give 1891 bonds payable to the Commonwealth in such penalty as shall be fixed by the Board; and engage the 1892 services of experts and professionals;

1893 21. Hold and conduct hearings; issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the 1894 production of records, memoranda, papers and other documents before the Board or any agent of the 1895 Board; and administer oaths and take testimony thereunder. The Board may authorize any Board 1896 member or agent of the Board to hold and conduct hearings, issue subpoenas, administer oaths and take 1897 testimony thereunder, and decide cases, subject to final decision by the Board, on application of any 1898 party aggrieved. The Board may enter into consent agreements and may request and accept from any 1899 applicant or licensee a consent agreement in lieu of proceedings on (i) objections to the issuance of a 1900 license or (ii) disciplinary action. Any such consent agreement shall include findings of fact and may include an admission or a finding of a violation. A consent agreement shall not be considered a case 1901 1902 decision of the Board and shall not be subject to judicial review under the provisions of the 1903 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), but may be considered by the Board in future 1904 disciplinary proceedings;

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1905 22. Make a reasonable charge for preparing and furnishing statistical information and compilations to 1906 persons other than (i) officials, including court and police officials, of the Commonwealth and of its 1907 subdivisions if the information requested is for official use and (ii) persons who have a personal or legal 1908 interest in obtaining the information requested if such information is not to be used for commercial or 1909 trade purposes;

1910 23. Promulgate regulations in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) 1911 and § 4.1-111;

1912 24. Grant, suspend, and revoke licenses for the manufacture, bottling, distribution, importation, and 1913 sale of alcoholic beverages;

1914 25. Assess and collect civil penalties and civil charges for violations of this title subtitle and Board 1915 regulations;

1916 26. Maintain actions to enjoin common nuisances as defined in 4.1-317: 1917

27. Establish minimum food sale requirements for all retail licensees;

1918 28. Review and approve any proposed legislative or regulatory changes suggested by the Chief 1919 Executive Officer as the Board deems appropriate;

1920 29. Report quarterly to the Secretary of Public Safety and Homeland Security on the law-enforcement 1921 activities undertaken to enforce the provisions of this title subtitle;

30. Establish and collect fees for all permits set forth in this title subtitle, including fees associated 1922 1923 with applications for such permits;

1924 31. Impose a requirement that a mixed beverage restaurant licensee located on the premises of and operated by a casino gaming establishment pay for any cost incurred by the Board to enforce such 1925 1926 license in excess of the applicable state license fee; and 1927

32. Do all acts necessary or advisable to carry out the purposes of this title subtitle.

§ 4.1-104. Purchases by the Board.

1929 The purchasing of alcoholic beverages and mixers, products used in connection with distilled spirits 1930 intended for resale, or products licensed by the Virginia Tourism Corporation as specified in § 4.1-103 1931 intended for resale, the making of leases, and the purchasing of real estate by the Board under the 1932 provisions of this title subtitle are exempt from the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et 1933 seq.). 1934

§ 4.1-105. Police power of members, agents and employees of Board.

1935 Members of the Board are vested, and such agents and employees of the Board designated by it shall 1936 be vested, with like power to enforce the provisions of (i) this title subtitle and the criminal laws of the 1937 Commonwealth as is vested in the chief law-enforcement officer of a county, city, or town; (ii) 1938 § 3.2-4207; (iii) § 18.2-371.2; and (iv) § 58.1-1037. 1939

§ 4.1-106. Liability of Board members; suits by and against Board.

1940 A. No Board member may be sued civilly for doing or omitting to do any act in the performance of 1941 his duties as prescribed by this title subtitle, except by the Commonwealth, and then only in the Circuit Court of the City of Richmond. Such proceedings by the Commonwealth shall be instituted and 1942 1943 conducted by the Attorney General.

1944 B. The Board may, in the name of the Commonwealth, be sued in the Circuit Court of the City of 1945 Richmond to enforce any contract made by it or to recover damages for any breach thereof. The Board 1946 may defend the proceedings and may institute proceedings in any court. No such proceedings shall be 1947 taken against, or in the names of, the members of the Board. 1948

§ 4.1-107. Counsel for members, agents and employees of Board.

1949 If any member, agent, or employee of the Board shall be arrested, indicted or otherwise prosecuted 1950 on any charge arising out of any act committed in the discharge of his official duties, the Board 1951 chairman may employ special counsel approved by the Attorney General to defend such member, agent, or employee. The compensation for special counsel employed pursuant to this section, shall, subject to 1952 1953 the approval of the Attorney General, be paid in the same manner as other expenses incident to the 1954 administration of this title subtitle are paid. 1955

§ 4.1-111. Regulations of Board.

1956 A. The Board may promulgate reasonable regulations, not inconsistent with this title subtitle or the 1957 general laws of the Commonwealth, which it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this title 1958 subtitle and to prevent the illegal manufacture, bottling, sale, distribution, and transportation of alcoholic 1959 beverages. The Board may amend or repeal such regulations. Such regulations shall be promulgated, 1960 amended or repealed in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and shall have the effect of law. 1961

1962 B. The Board shall promulgate regulations that:

1963 1. Prescribe what hours and on what days alcoholic beverages shall not be sold by licensees or 1964 consumed on any licensed premises, including a provision that mixed beverages may be sold only at 1965 such times as wine and beer may be sold.

1966 2. Require mixed beverage caterer licensees to notify the Board in advance of any event to be served

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1967 by such licensee.

1968 3. Maintain the reasonable separation of retailer interests from those of the manufacturers, bottlers,
1969 brokers, importers and wholesalers in accordance with § 4.1-216 and in consideration of the established
1970 trade customs, quantity and value of the articles or services involved; prevent undue competitive
1971 domination of any person by any other person engaged in the manufacture, distribution and sale at retail
1972 or wholesale of alcoholic beverages in the Commonwealth; and promote reasonable accommodation of
1973 arm's length business transactions.

4. Establish requirements for the form, content, and retention of all records and accounts, including
the (i) reporting and collection of taxes required by § 4.1-236 and (ii) the sale of alcoholic beverages in
kegs, by all licensees.

1977 5. Require retail licensees to file an appeal from any hearing decision rendered by a hearing officer1978 within 30 days of the date the notice of the decision is sent. The notice shall be sent to the licensee at1979 the address on record with the Board by certified mail, return receipt requested, and by regular mail.

6. Prescribe the terms and conditions under which persons who collect or trade designer or vintage
spirit bottles may sell such bottles at auction, provided that (i) the auction is conducted in accordance
with the provisions of Chapter 6 (§ 54.1-600 et seq.) of Title 54.1 and (ii) the bottles are unopened and
the manufacturers' seals, marks, or stamps affixed to the bottles are intact.

1984 7. Prescribe the terms and conditions under which credit or debit cards may be accepted from
1985 licensees for purchases at government stores, including provision for the collection, where appropriate,
1986 of related fees, penalties, and service charges.

8. Require that banquet licensees in charge of public events as defined by Board regulations report to
the Board the income and expenses associated with the public event on a form prescribed by the Board
when the banquet licensee engages another person to organize, conduct, or operate the event on behalf
of the banquet licensee. Such regulations shall be applicable only to public events where alcoholic
beverages are being sold.

9. Provide alternative methods for licensees to maintain and store business records that are subject toBoard inspection, including methods for Board-approved electronic and off-site storage.

1994 10. Require off-premises retail licensees to place any premixed alcoholic energy drinks containing1995 one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume in the same location where wine and beer are1996 available for sale within the licensed premises.

1997 11. Prescribe the terms and conditions under which mixed beverage licensees may infuse, store, and1998 sell flavored distilled spirits, including a provision that limits infusion containers to a maximum of 201999 liters.

2000 12. Prescribe the schedule of proration for refunded license taxes to licensees who qualify pursuant to2001 subsection C of § 4.1-232.

2002 13. Establish reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions on outdoor advertising of alcoholic
2003 beverages, not inconsistent with the provisions of this title *subtitle*, so that such advertising does not
2004 encourage or otherwise promote the consumption of alcoholic beverages by persons to whom alcoholic
2005 beverages may not be lawfully sold. Such regulations shall:

a. Restrict outdoor advertising of alcoholic beverages in publicly visible locations consistent with (i)
the general prohibition against tied interests between retail licensees and manufacturers or wholesale
licensees as provided in §§ 4.1-215 and 4.1-216; (ii) the prohibition against manufacturer control of
wholesale licensees as set forth in § 4.1-223 and Board regulations adopted pursuant thereto; and (iii) the
general prohibition against cooperative advertising between manufacturers, wholesalers, or importers and
retail licensees as set forth in Board regulation; and

b. Permit (i) any outdoor signage or advertising not otherwise prohibited by this title subtitle and (ii)
the display of outdoor alcoholic beverage advertising on lawfully erected billboard signs regulated under
Chapter 12 (§ 33.2-1200 et seq.) of Title 33.2 where such signs are located on commercial real estate as
defined in § 55.1-1100, but only in accordance with this title subtitle.

14. Prescribe the terms and conditions under which a licensed brewery may manufacture beer
pursuant to an agreement with a brand owner not under common control with the manufacturing
brewery and sell and deliver the beer so manufactured to the brand owner. The regulations shall require
that (i) the brand owner be an entity appropriately licensed as a brewery or beer wholesaler, (ii) a
written agreement be entered into by the parties, and (iii) records as deemed appropriate by the Board
are maintained by the parties.

2022 15. Prescribe the terms for any "happy hour" conducted by on-premises licensees. Such regulations
2023 shall permit on-premises licensees to advertise any alcoholic beverage products featured during a happy
2024 hour and any pricing related to such happy hour. Such regulations shall not prohibit on-premises
2025 licensees from using creative marketing techniques in such advertisements, provided that such techniques
2026 do not tend to induce overconsumption or consumption by minors.

2027 16. Permit retail on-premises licensees to give a gift of one alcoholic beverage to a patron or one

2028 bottle of wine to a group of two or more patrons, provided that (i) such gifts only are made to 2029 individuals to whom such products may lawfully be sold and (ii) only one such gift is given during any 2030 24-hour period and subject to any Board limitations on the frequency of such gifts.

2031 17. Permit the sale of beer and cider for off-premises consumption in resealable growlers made of 2032 glass, ceramic, metal, or other materials approved by the Board, or other resealable containers approved 2033 by the Board, with a maximum capacity of 128 fluid ounces or, for metric-sized containers, four liters.

2034 18. Permit the sale of wine for off-premises consumption in reseatable growlers made of glass, 2035 ceramic, metal, or other materials approved by the Board, or other resealable containers approved by the Board, with a maximum capacity of 64 fluid ounces or, for metric-sized containers, two liters. Wine 2036 2037 growlers may be used only by persons licensed to sell wine for both on-premises and off-premises 2038 consumption or by gournet shops granted a retail off-premises wine and beer license. Growlers sold by gourmet shops shall be labeled with (i) the manufacturer's name or trade name, (ii) the place of 2039 2040 production, (iii) the net contents in fluid ounces, and (iv) the name and address of the retailer.

2041 19. Permit the sale of wine, cider, and beer by retailers licensed to sell beer and wine for both 2042 on-premises and off-premises consumption, or by gourmet shops granted a retail off-premises wine and 2043 beer license for off-premises consumption in sealed containers made of metal or other materials 2044 approved by the Board with a maximum capacity of 32 fluid ounces or, for metric-sized containers, one 2045 liter, provided that the alcoholic beverage is placed in the container following an order from the 2046 consumer.

2047 20. Permit mixed beverage licensees to premix containers of sangria and other mixed alcoholic 2048 beverages and to serve such alcoholic beverages in pitchers, subject to size and quantity limitations 2049 established by the Board.

2050 21. Establish and make available to all licensees and permittees for which on-premises consumption 2051 of alcoholic beverages is allowed and employees of such licensees and permittees who serve as a 2052 bartender or otherwise sell, serve, or dispense alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption a bar 2053 bystander training module, which shall include (i) information that enables licensees, permittees, and 2054 their employees to recognize situations that may lead to sexual assault and (ii) intervention strategies to 2055 prevent such situations from culminating in sexual assault.

2056 22. Require mixed beverage licensees to have food, cooked or prepared on the licensed premises, 2057 available for on-premises consumption until at least 30 minutes prior to an establishment's closing. Such 2058 food shall be available in all areas of the licensed premises in which spirits are sold or served.

2059 23. Prescribe the terms and conditions under which the Board may suspend the privilege of a mixed 2060 beverage licensee to purchase spirits from the Board upon such licensee's failure to submit any records 2061 or other documents necessary to verify the licensee's compliance with applicable minimum food sale 2062 requirements within 30 days of the date such records or documents are due. 2063

C. The Board may promulgate regulations that:

2064 1. Provide for the waiver of the license tax for an applicant for a banquet license, such waiver to be 2065 based on (i) the amount of alcoholic beverages to be provided by the applicant, (ii) the not-for-profit status of the applicant, and (iii) the condition that no profits are to be generated from the event. For the 2066 2067 purposes of clause (ii), the applicant shall submit with the application, an affidavit certifying its 2068 not-for-profit status. The granting of such waiver shall be limited to two events per year for each 2069 applicant.

2070 2. Establish limitations on the quantity and value of any gifts of alcoholic beverages made in the 2071 course of any business entertainment pursuant to subdivision A 22 of § 4.1-325 or subsection C of 2072 § 4.1-325.2.

2073 3. Provide incentives to licensees with a proven history of compliance with state and federal laws 2074 and regulations to encourage licensees to conduct their business and related activities in a manner that is 2075 beneficial to the Commonwealth.

2076 D. Board regulations shall be uniform in their application, except those relating to hours of sale for 2077 licensees. 2078

E. Courts shall take judicial notice of Board regulations.

F. The Board's power to regulate shall be broadly construed.

2080 § 4.1-112.2. Outdoor advertising; limitations; variances; compliance with Title 33.2.

2081 A. No outdoor alcoholic beverage advertising shall be placed within 500 linear feet on the same side 2082 of the road, and parallel to such road, measured from the nearest edge of the sign face upon which the 2083 advertisement is placed to the nearest edge of a building or structure located on the real property of (i) a 2084 church, synagogue, mosque or other place of religious worship; (ii) a public, private, or parochial school 2085 or an institution of higher education; (iii) a public or private playground or similar recreational facility; 2086 or (iv) a dwelling used for residential use.

B. However, (i) if there is no building or structure on a playground or similar recreational facility. 2087 2088 the measurement shall be from the nearest edge of the sign face upon which the advertisement is placed 2089 to the property line of such playground or similar recreational facility and (ii) if a public or private

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2090 school providing grade K through 12 education is located across the road from a sign, the measurement 2091 shall be from the nearest edge of the sign face upon which the advertisement is placed to the nearest 2092 edge of a building or structure located on such real property across the road.

2093 C. If, at the time the advertisement was displayed, the advertisement was more than 500 feet from (i) 2094 a church, synagogue, mosque or other place of religious worship; (ii) a public, private, or parochial 2095 school or an institution of higher education; (iii) a public or private playground or similar recreational 2096 facility; or (iv) a dwelling used for residential use, but the circumstances change such that the advertiser 2097 would otherwise be in violation of subsection A, the Board shall permit the advertisement to remain as 2098 displayed for the remainder of the term of any written advertising contract, but in no event more than 2099 one year from the date of the change in circumstances.

2100 D. The Board may grant a permit authorizing a variance from the distance requirements of this 2101 section upon a finding that the placement of alcoholic beverage advertising on a sign will not unduly 2102 expose children to alcoholic beverage advertising.

E. Provided such signs are in compliance with local ordinances, the distance and zoning restrictions 2103 2104 contained in this section shall not apply to: 2105

1. Signs placed by licensees upon the property on which the licensed premises are located; or

2106 2. Directional signs placed by manufacturers or wholesalers with advertising limited to trade names, 2107 brand names, the terms "distillery," "brewery," "farm winery," or "winery," and tour information.

2108 F. The distance and zoning restrictions contained in this section shall not apply to any sign that is 2109 included in the Integrated Directional Sign Program administered by the Virginia Department of 2110 Transportation or its agents.

2111 G. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize billboard signs containing outdoor alcoholic 2112 beverage advertising on property zoned agricultural or residential, or on any unzoned property. Nor shall 2113 this section be construed to authorize the erection of new billboard signs containing outdoor advertising 2114 that would be prohibited under state law or local ordinance.

2115 H. All lawfully erected outdoor alcoholic beverage signs shall comply with the provisions of this title 2116 subtitle, Board regulations, and Chapter 12 (§ 33.2-1200 et seq.) of Title 33.2 and regulations adopted 2117 pursuant thereto by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. Further, any outdoor alcoholic beverage 2118 directional sign located or to be located on highway rights of way shall also be governed by and comply 2119 with the Integrated Directional Sign Program administered by the Virginia Department of Transportation 2120 or its agents. 2121

§ 4.1-113.1. Outdoor advertising; compliance with Title 33.2.

2122 All lawfully erected outdoor alcoholic beverage signs shall comply with the provisions of this title 2123 subtitle, Board regulations, and Chapter 12 (§ 33.2-1200 et seq.) of Title 33.2 and regulations adopted 2124 pursuant thereto by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. Further, any outdoor alcoholic beverage 2125 directional sign located or to be located on highway rights-of-way shall also be governed by and comply 2126 with the Integrated Directional Sign Program administered by the Virginia Department of Transportation 2127 or its agents. 2128

§ 4.1-115. Reports and accounting systems of Board; auditing books and records.

2129 A. The Board shall make reports to the Governor as he may require covering the administration and 2130 enforcement of this title subtitle. Additionally, the Board shall submit an annual report to the Governor 2131 and General Assembly on or before December 15 each year, which shall contain:

2132 1. A statement of the nature and amount of the business transacted by each government store during 2133 the year;

2134 2. A statement of the assets and liabilities of the Board, including a statement of income and 2135 expenses and such other financial statements and matters as may be necessary to show the result of the 2136 operations of the Board for the year; 2137

3. A statement showing the taxes collected under this title subtitle during the year;

2138 4. General information and remarks about the working of the alcoholic beverage control laws within 2139 the Commonwealth; and

5. Any other information requested by the Governor.

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2141 B. The Board shall maintain an accounting system in compliance with generally accepted accounting 2142 principles and approved in accordance with § 2.2-803.

2143 C. A regular postaudit shall be conducted of all accounts and transactions of the Board. An annual 2144 audit of a fiscal and compliance nature of the accounts and transactions of the Board shall be conducted 2145 by the Auditor of Public Accounts on or before October 1. The cost of the annual audit and postaudit 2146 examinations shall be borne by the Board. The Board may order such other audits as it deems necessary. 2147

§ 4.1-116. Disposition of moneys collected by Board; creation of Enterprise Fund; reserve fund. A. All moneys collected by the Board shall be paid directly and promptly into the state treasury, or

2148 2149 shall be deposited to the credit of the State Treasurer in a state depository, without any deductions on 2150 account of salaries, fees, costs, charges, expenses, refunds or claims of any description whatever, as

2151 required by § 2.2-1802.

2152 All moneys so paid into the state treasury, less the net profits determined pursuant to subsection C, 2153 shall be set aside as and constitute an Enterprise Fund, subject to appropriation, for the payment of (i) 2154 the salaries and remuneration of the members, agents, and employees of the Board and (ii) all costs and 2155 expenses incurred in establishing and maintaining government stores and in the administration of the 2156 provisions of this title subtitle, including the purchasing, building, leasing and operation of distilleries 2157 and the manufacture of alcoholic beverages.

2158 B. The net profits derived under the provisions of this title subtitle shall be transferred by the 2159 Comptroller to the general fund of the state treasury quarterly, within fifty 50 days after the close of 2160 each quarter or as otherwise provided in the appropriation act. As allowed by the Governor, the Board may deduct from the net profits quarterly a sum for the creation of a reserve fund not exceeding the 2161 2162 sum of \$2.5 million in connection with the administration of this title subtitle and to provide for the 2163 depreciation on the buildings, plants and equipment owned, held or operated by the Board.

C. The term "net profits" as used in this section means the total of all moneys collected by the Board 2164 2165 less all costs, expenses and charges authorized by this section. 2166

§ 4.1-118. Certain information not to be made public.

2167 Neither the Board nor its employees shall divulge any information regarding (i) financial reports or 2168 records required pursuant to § 4.1-114; (ii) the purchase orders and invoices for beer and wine filed with 2169 the Board by wholesale beer and wine licensees; or (iii) beer and wine taxes collected from, refunded to, 2170 or adjusted for any person. The provisions of § 58.1-3 shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to beer and wine 2171 taxes collected pursuant to this title subtitle and to purchase orders and invoices for beer and wine filed 2172 with the Board by wholesale beer and wine licensees.

2173 Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit the use or release of such information or documents 2174 by the Board to any governmental or law-enforcement agency, or when considering the granting, denial, 2175 revocation, or suspension of a license or permit, or the assessment of any penalty against a licensee or 2176 permittee.

2177 Nor shall this section prohibit the Board or its employees from compiling and disseminating to any 2178 member of the public aggregate statistical information pertaining to (i) malt beverage excise tax 2179 collection as long as such information does not reveal or disclose excise tax collection from any 2180 identified licensee; (ii) the total quantities of wine sold or shipped into the Commonwealth by each 2181 out-of-state winery, distributor, or importer for resale in the Commonwealth by wholesale wine licensees 2182 collectively; (iii) the total amount of wine sales in the Commonwealth by wholesale wine licensees 2183 collectively; or (iv) the total amount of purchases or sales submitted by licensees as required pursuant to 2184 § 4.1-114, provided such information does not identify the licensee. 2185

§ 4.1-119. (Effective until July 1, 2022) Operation of government stores.

A. Subject to the provisions of §§ 4.1-121 and 4.1-122, the Board may establish, maintain, and 2186 2187 operate government stores for the sale of spirits, wine produced by farm wineries, low alcohol beverage 2188 coolers produced by licensed distillers, vermouth, mixers, products used in connection with distilled 2189 spirits, including any garnish or garnishment applied to the rim of a glass of distilled spirits, as may be 2190 approved by the Board from time to time, and products licensed by the Virginia Tourism Corporation as 2191 specified in § 4.1-103 in such counties, cities, and towns considered advisable by the Board. The Board 2192 may discontinue any such store.

2193 B. With respect to the sale of wine or cider produced by farm wineries, the Board may give 2194 preference to farm wineries that produce 2,500 cases or less of wine or cider per year.

2195 C. The Board shall fix the wholesale and retail prices at which the various classes, varieties and 2196 brands of alcoholic beverages and other Board-approved products that are sold in government stores. 2197 Differences in the cost of operating stores, and market competition and conditions may be reflected in 2198 the sale price of alcoholic beverages sold at government stores. The Board may sell alcoholic beverages 2199 to federal instrumentalities (i) authorized and operating under the laws of the United States and 2200 regulations of the United States Department of Defense and (ii) located within the boundaries of federal 2201 enclaves or reservations over which the United States has acquired jurisdiction, at prices which may be 2202 greater or less than the wholesale price charged other authorized purchasers. Nothing in this subsection 2203 shall be construed to limit the authority of the Board to fix the retail price of alcoholic beverages sold at 2204 government stores, which retail price may include promotional, volume, or other discounts deemed 2205 appropriate by the Board.

2206 D. Alcoholic beverages at government stores shall be sold by employees of the Authority who shall carry out the provisions of this title subtitle and Board regulations governing the operation of 2207 2208 government stores and the sale of alcoholic beverages, except that the Board may appoint the holder of 2209 a distiller's license or its officers and employees as agents of the Board for the sale of spirits and low alcohol beverage coolers, manufactured by or for, or blended by such licensee on the licensed premises, 2210 at government stores established by the Board (i) on the distiller's licensed premises or (ii) at the site of 2211 2212 an event licensed by the Board and conducted for the purpose of featuring and educating the consuming 2213 public about spirits products.

2214 Such agents shall sell the spirits and low alcohol beverage coolers in accordance with the provisions 2215 of this title subtitle, Board regulations, and the terms of the agency agreement between the Authority 2216 and the licensed distiller. The Authority shall pay a licensed distiller making sales pursuant to an 2217 agreement authorized by this subsection a commission of not less than 20 percent of the retail price of 2218 the goods sold. If the licensed distiller makes application and meets certain requirements established by 2219 the Board, such agreement shall allow monthly revenue transfers from the licensed distiller to the Board 2220 to be submitted electronically and, notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 2.2-1802 and 4.1-116, to be 2221 limited to the amount due to the Board in applicable taxes and markups.

For the purposes of this subsection, "blended" means the receipt by a licensed distiller of deliveries and shipments of alcoholic beverages, other than wine and beer, in accordance with subdivision A 6 of \$ 4.1-201 to be (a) (1) additionally aged by the receiving distillery in order to increase the quality and flavor of such alcoholic beverages or (2) used in a low alcohol beverage cooler and (b) bottled by the receiving distillery.

E. No Class 1 neutral grain spirit or alcohol, as defined by federal regulations, that is without distinctive character, aroma, taste or color shall be sold in government stores at a proof greater than 151 except upon permits issued by the Board for industrial, commercial, culinary, or medical use.

F. All alcoholic beverages sold in government stores, except for tasting samples pursuant to
subsection G sold in government stores established by the Board on a distiller's licensed premises, shall
be in closed containers, sealed and affixed with labels prescribed by the Board.

G. No alcoholic beverages shall be consumed in a government store by any person unless it is part of an organized tasting event conducted by (i) an employee of a manufacturer of distilled spirits or farm winery or (ii) an authorized representative of a manufacturer of distilled spirits or farm winery with a permit issued by the Board pursuant to subdivision A 14 of § 4.1-212, at which the samples of alcoholic beverages provided to any consumer do not exceed the limits for spirits or wine set forth in subdivision A 5 of § 4.1-201.1. No sample may be consumed by any individual to whom alcoholic beverages may not lawfully be sold pursuant to § 4.1-304.

Notwithstanding the provision of this subsection to the contrary, an agent of the Board appointed 2240 2241 pursuant to subsection D may give samples of spirits, beer, wine, or cider to persons to whom alcoholic 2242 beverages may be lawfully sold for on-premises or off-premises consumption, provided that (i) the 2243 spirits, beer, wine, or cider samples are manufactured within the same licensed premises or on 2244 contiguous premises of such agent licensed as a distillery, brewery, or winery; (ii) no single sample shall 2245 exceed four ounces of beer, two ounces of wine or cider, or one-half ounce of spirits, unless served as a 2246 mixed beverage, in which case a single sample of spirits may contain up to one and one-half ounces of 2247 spirits; (iii) no more than 12 ounces of beer, five ounces of wine, or three ounces of spirits shall be 2248 given or sold to any person per day; and (iv) in the case of spirits samples, a method is used to track 2249 the consumption of each consumer. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit such agent from serving 2250 samples of spirits as part of a mixed beverage. Such mixed beverage samples may contain spirits or 2251 vermouth not manufactured on the licensed premises or on contiguous premises of the licensed distillery, 2252 provided that at least 75 percent of the alcohol used in such samples is manufactured on the licensed 2253 premises or on contiguous premises of the licensed distillery. An agent of the Board appointed pursuant 2254 to subsection D may keep on the licensed premises no more than 10 varieties of spirits or vermouth not 2255 manufactured on the licensed premises or on contiguous premises of the licensed distillery. Any spirits 2256 or vermouth used in such samples that are not manufactured on the licensed premises or on contiguous 2257 premises of the licensed distillery shall be purchased from the Board.

The Board shall establish guidelines governing tasting events conducted pursuant to this subsection.
Any case fee charged to a licensed distiller by the Board for moving spirits from the production and bailment area to the tasting area of a government store established by the Board on the distiller's licensed premises shall be waived if such spirits are moved by employees of the licensed distiller.

H. With respect to purchases by licensees at government stores, the Authority shall (i) accept in payment for any purchase or series of purchases cash, electronic fund transfer, credit or debit card, or check payable to the Authority, in the exact amount of any such purchase or series of purchases and (ii) provide notice to licensees on Board policies relating to the assignment of government stores from which licensees may purchase products and any procedure for the licensee to elect to make purchases from an alternative government store.

I. With respect to purchases by consumers at government stores, the Authority shall accept cash in payment for any purchase or series of purchases. The Board may adopt regulations which provide for accepting a credit card or debit card as payment. Such regulations may provide for the collection, where appropriate, of related fees, penalties and service charges for the use of a credit card or debit card by any consumer.

J. Before the Authority implements any increase in the markup on distilled spirits or any change to

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the markup formula for distilled spirits pursuant to § 4.1-235 that would result in an increase in the retail price of distilled spirits sold to the public, the Authority shall (i) provide at least 45 days' public notice before such a price increase takes effect; (ii) provide the opportunity for submission of written comments regarding the proposed price increase; (iii) conduct a public meeting for the purpose of receiving verbal comment regarding the proposed price increase; and (iv) consider any written or verbal comments before implementing such a price increase.

§ 4.1-119. (Effective July 1, 2022) Operation of government stores.

A. Subject to the provisions of §§ 4.1-121 and 4.1-122, the Board may establish, maintain, and operate government stores for the sale of spirits, wine produced by farm wineries, low alcohol beverage coolers produced by licensed distillers, vermouth, mixers, products used in connection with distilled spirits, including any garnish or garnishment applied to the rim of a glass of distilled spirits, as may be approved by the Board from time to time, and products licensed by the Virginia Tourism Corporation as specified in § 4.1-103 in such counties, cities, and towns considered advisable by the Board. The Board may discontinue any such store.

B. With respect to the sale of wine or cider produced by farm wineries, the Board may givepreference to farm wineries that produce 2,500 cases or less of wine or cider per year.

2290 C. The Board shall fix the wholesale and retail prices at which the various classes, varieties and 2291 brands of alcoholic beverages and other Board-approved products that are sold in government stores. 2292 Differences in the cost of operating stores, and market competition and conditions may be reflected in 2293 the sale price of alcoholic beverages sold at government stores. The Board may sell alcoholic beverages 2294 to federal instrumentalities (i) authorized and operating under the laws of the United States and 2295 regulations of the United States Department of Defense and (ii) located within the boundaries of federal 2296 enclaves or reservations over which the United States has acquired jurisdiction, at prices which may be 2297 greater or less than the wholesale price charged other authorized purchasers. Nothing in this subsection 2298 shall be construed to limit the authority of the Board to fix the retail price of alcoholic beverages sold at 2299 government stores, which retail price may include promotional, volume, or other discounts deemed 2300 appropriate by the Board.

2301 D. Alcoholic beverages at government stores shall be sold by employees of the Authority who shall carry out the provisions of this title subtitle and Board regulations governing the operation of 2302 2303 government stores and the sale of alcoholic beverages, except that the Board may appoint the holder of 2304 a distiller's license or its officers and employees as agents of the Board for the sale of spirits and low 2305 alcohol beverage coolers, manufactured by or for, or blended by such licensee on the licensed premises, 2306 at government stores established by the Board (i) on the distiller's licensed premises or (ii) at the site of 2307 an event licensed by the Board and conducted for the purpose of featuring and educating the consuming 2308 public about spirits products.

2309 Such agents shall sell the spirits and low alcohol beverage coolers in accordance with the provisions 2310 of this title subtitle, Board regulations, and the terms of the agency agreement between the Authority 2311 and the licensed distiller. The Authority shall pay a licensed distiller making sales pursuant to an 2312 agreement authorized by this subsection a commission of not less than 20 percent of the retail price of 2313 the goods sold. If the licensed distiller makes application and meets certain requirements established by 2314 the Board, such agreement shall allow monthly revenue transfers from the licensed distiller to the Board 2315 to be submitted electronically and, notwithstanding the provisions of §§ 2.2-1802 and 4.1-116, to be 2316 limited to the amount due to the Board in applicable taxes and markups.

For the purposes of this subsection, "blended" means the receipt by a licensed distiller of deliveries and shipments of alcoholic beverages, other than wine and beer, in accordance with subdivision A 6 of \$ 4.1-201 to be (a) (1) additionally aged by the receiving distillery in order to increase the quality and flavor of such alcoholic beverages or (2) used in a low alcohol beverage cooler and (b) bottled by the receiving distillery.

E. No Class 1 neutral grain spirit or alcohol, as defined by federal regulations, that is without
distinctive character, aroma, taste or color shall be sold in government stores at a proof greater than 101
except upon permits issued by the Board for industrial, commercial, culinary, or medical use.

2325 F. All alcoholic beverages sold in government stores, except for tasting samples pursuant to
2326 subsection G sold in government stores established by the Board on a distiller's licensed premises, shall
2327 be in closed containers, sealed and affixed with labels prescribed by the Board.

G. No alcoholic beverages shall be consumed in a government store by any person unless it is part of an organized tasting event conducted by (i) an employee of a manufacturer of distilled spirits or farm winery or (ii) an authorized representative of a manufacturer of distilled spirits or farm winery with a permit issued by the Board pursuant to subdivision A 14 of § 4.1-212, at which the samples of alcoholic beverages provided to any consumer do not exceed the limits for spirits or wine set forth in subdivision A 5 of § 4.1-201.1. No sample may be consumed by any individual to whom alcoholic beverages may not lawfully be sold pursuant to § 4.1-304.

2335 Notwithstanding the provision of this subsection to the contrary, an agent of the Board appointed

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2336 pursuant to subsection D may give samples of spirits, beer, wine, or cider to persons to whom alcoholic 2337 beverages may be lawfully sold for on-premises consumption, provided that (i) the spirits, beer, wine, or 2338 cider samples are manufactured within the same licensed premises or on contiguous premises of such 2339 agent licensed as a distillery, brewery, or winery; (ii) no single sample shall exceed four ounces of beer, 2340 two ounces of wine or cider, or one-half ounce of spirits, unless served as a mixed beverage, in which 2341 case a single sample of spirits may contain up to one and one-half ounces of spirits; (iii) no more than 2342 12 ounces of beer, five ounces of wine, or three ounces of spirits shall be given or sold to any person 2343 per day; and (iv) in the case of spirits samples, a method is used to track the consumption of each 2344 consumer. Nothing in this paragraph shall prohibit such agent from serving samples of spirits as part of 2345 a mixed beverage. Such mixed beverage samples may contain spirits or vermouth not manufactured on 2346 the licensed premises or on contiguous premises of the licensed distillery, provided that at least 75 2347 percent of the alcohol used in such samples is manufactured on the licensed premises or on contiguous 2348 premises of the licensed distillery. An agent of the Board appointed pursuant to subsection D may keep 2349 on the licensed premises no more than 10 varieties of spirits or vermouth not manufactured on the 2350 licensed premises or on contiguous premises of the licensed distillery. Any spirits or vermouth used in 2351 such samples that are not manufactured on the licensed premises or on contiguous premises of the 2352 licensed distillery shall be purchased from the Board. 2353

The Board shall establish guidelines governing tasting events conducted pursuant to this subsection.

2354 Any case fee charged to a licensed distiller by the Board for moving spirits from the production and 2355 bailment area to the tasting area of a government store established by the Board on the distiller's 2356 licensed premises shall be waived if such spirits are moved by employees of the licensed distiller.

2357 H. With respect to purchases by licensees at government stores, the Authority shall (i) accept in 2358 payment for any purchase or series of purchases cash, electronic fund transfer, credit or debit card, or 2359 check payable to the Authority, in the exact amount of any such purchase or series of purchases and (ii) 2360 provide notice to licensees on Board policies relating to the assignment of government stores from 2361 which licensees may purchase products and any procedure for the licensee to elect to make purchases 2362 from an alternative government store.

2363 I. With respect to purchases by consumers at government stores, the Authority shall accept cash in payment for any purchase or series of purchases. The Board may adopt regulations which provide for 2364 2365 accepting a credit card or debit card as payment. Such regulations may provide for the collection, where 2366 appropriate, of related fees, penalties and service charges for the use of a credit card or debit card by 2367 any consumer.

2368 J. Before the Authority implements any increase in the markup on distilled spirits or any change to 2369 the markup formula for distilled spirits pursuant to § 4.1-235 that would result in an increase in the 2370 retail price of distilled spirits sold to the public, the Authority shall (i) provide at least 45 days' public 2371 notice before such a price increase takes effect; (ii) provide the opportunity for submission of written 2372 comments regarding the proposed price increase; (iii) conduct a public meeting for the purpose of 2373 receiving verbal comment regarding the proposed price increase; and (iv) consider any written or verbal 2374 comments before implementing such a price increase.

§ 4.1-122. Effect of local option referenda.

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2376 A. If in any referendum held under the provisions of § 4.1-121 in any county, city, or town a majority of the qualified voters vote "Yes" on the question, then on and after 60 days from the date on 2377 2378 which the order of the court, setting forth the results of such referendum was entered of record, none of 2379 the alcoholic beverages voted against shall be sold in such county, city, or town except for delivery or 2380 shipment to persons outside of such county, city, or town authorized under this title subtitle to acquire 2381 the alcoholic beverages for resale. This subsection shall not apply to common carriers of passengers by 2382 train, boat or airplane selling wine and beer to bona fide passengers.

2383 B. If in any such referendum held in any county, city, or town in which a majority of the qualified voters have previously voted to prohibit the sale of alcoholic beverages by the Board and in a subsequent election a majority of the voters of the county, city, or town vote "No" on the question 2384 2385 2386 stated in § 4.1-121, then such alcoholic beverages may, in accordance with this title subtitle, be sold 2387 within the county, city, or town on and after 60 days from the day on which the order of the court 2388 setting forth the results of such election is entered of record.

2389 C. If any referendum is held under the provisions of § 4.1-124 in any county, town, or supervisor's 2390 election district of a county and the majority of voters voting in such referendum voted "Yes," the sale 2391 by the Board of alcoholic beverages, other than beer and wine not produced by farm wineries, shall be 2392 prohibited in such county, town, or supervisor's election district of a county. Notwithstanding this 2393 section and any referendum held under § 4.1-121 to the contrary, persons licensed to sell mixed 2394 beverages in such county, town, or supervisor's election district of a county shall also be permitted to 2395 sell wine and beer for on-premises consumption, provided the appropriate license fees are paid for the 2396 privilege.

2397 D. The provisions of this section shall not prevent in any county, city, or town, the sale and delivery 2398 or shipment of alcoholic beverages specified in § 4.1-200 to and by persons therein authorized to sell 2399 alcoholic beverages, nor prevent the delivery or shipment of alcoholic beverages under Board regulations 2400 into any county, city, or town, except as otherwise prohibited by this title subtitle.

2401 E. For the purpose of this section, when any referendum is held in any town, separate and apart from 2402 the county in which such town or a part thereof is located, such town shall be treated as being separate 2403 and apart from such county. 2404

§ 4.1-124. Referendum on the sale of mixed beverages.

2405 A. The provisions of this title subtitle relating to the sale of mixed beverages shall be effective in 2406 any town, county, or supervisor's election district of a county unless a majority of the voters voting in a referendum vote "Yes" on the question of whether the sale of mixed alcoholic beverages by restaurants 2407 licensed under this title subtitle should be prohibited. The qualified voters of a town, county, or 2408 2409 supervisor's election district of a county may file a petition with the circuit court of the county asking 2410 that a referendum be held on the question of whether the sale of mixed beverages by restaurants 2411 licensed by the Board should be prohibited within that jurisdiction. The petition shall be signed by 2412 qualified voters equal in number to at least 10 percent of the number registered in the town, county, or 2413 supervisor's election district on January 1 preceding its filing or at least 100 qualified voters, whichever 2414 is greater.

2415 Petition requirements for any county shall be based on the number of registered voters in the county, 2416 including the number of registered voters in any town having a population in excess of 1,000 located 2417 within such county. Upon the filing of a petition, and under no other circumstances, the court shall order 2418 the election officials of the county to conduct a referendum on the question.

2419 The clerk of the circuit court of the county shall publish notice of the referendum in a newspaper of 2420 general circulation in the town, county, or supervisor's election district once a week for three consecutive 2421 weeks prior to the referendum. 2422

The question on the ballot shall be:

2423 "Shall the sale of mixed alcoholic beverages by restaurants licensed by the Virginia Alcoholic 2424 Beverage Control Authority be prohibited in _____ (name of town, county, or supervisor's election 2425 district of county)?"

2426 The referendum shall be ordered and held and the results certified as provided in Article 5 2427 (§ 24.2-681 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 24.2. Thereupon the court shall enter of record an order 2428 certified by the clerk of the court to be transmitted to the Board and to the governing body of the town 2429 or county. Mixed beverages prohibited from sale by such referendum shall not be sold by restaurants 2430 within the town, county, or supervisor's election district of a county on or after 30 days following the 2431 entry of the order if a majority of the voters voting in the referendum have voted "Yes."

2432 The provisions of this section shall be applicable to towns having a population in excess of 1,000 to 2433 the same extent and subject to the same conditions and limitations as are otherwise applicable to 2434 counties under this section. Such towns shall be treated as separate local option units, and only residents 2435 of any such town shall be eligible to vote in any referendum held pursuant to this section for any such 2436 town. Residents of towns having a population in excess of 1,000, however, shall also be eligible to vote 2437 in any referendum held pursuant to this section for any county in which the town is located.

2438 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the sale of mixed beverages by restaurants shall be 2439 prohibited in any town created as a result of a city-to-town reversion pursuant to Chapter 41 2440 (§ 15.2-4100 et seq.) of Title 15.2 if a referendum on the question of whether the sale of mixed 2441 beverages by restaurants licensed under this title subtitle should be prohibited was previously held in the 2442 former city and a majority of the voters voting in such referendum voted "Yes."

2443 B. Once a referendum has been held, no other referendum on the same question shall be held in the 2444 town, county, or supervisor's election district of a county for a period of 23 months.

2445 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, the sale of mixed beverages shall be allowed on 2446 property dedicated for industrial or commercial development and controlled through the provision of 2447 public utilities and covenanting of the land by any multijurisdictional industrial development authority, 2448 as set forth under Chapter 49 (§ 15.2-4900 et seq.) of Title 15.2, provided that (i) such authority 2449 operates under a partnership agreement between three or more counties, cities, or towns and such 2450 jurisdictions participate administratively and financially in the authority and (ii) the sale of mixed 2451 beverages is permitted in one of the member counties, cities, towns, or a supervisor's election district of one of the counties and that the governing board of the authority authorizes an establishment located 2452 2453 within the confines of such property to apply to the Board for such license. The appropriate license fees 2454 shall be paid for this privilege.

2455 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A of this section and subsection C of \S 4.1-122, the 2456 sale of mixed beverages by licensees, and the sale of alcoholic beverages other than beer and wine not 2457 produced by farm wineries by the Board, shall be allowed in any city in the Commonwealth.

2458 E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, the Board may grant a mixed beverage restaurant

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2459 license to a restaurant located on the premises of and operated by a private club exclusively for its 2460 members and their guests, subject to the qualifications and restrictions on the issuance of such license 2461 imposed by § 4.1-206.3. However, no license authorized by this subsection shall be granted if the private 2462 club restricts its membership on the basis of race, color, creed, national origin, or sex.

2463 § 4.1-128. Local ordinances or resolutions regulating or taxing alcoholic beverages.

2464 A. No county, city, or town shall, except as provided in § 4.1-205 or 4.1-129, adopt any ordinance or 2465 resolution which regulates or prohibits the manufacture, bottling, possession, sale, wholesale distribution, 2466 handling, transportation, drinking, use, advertising or dispensing of alcoholic beverages in the 2467 Commonwealth. Nor shall any county, city, or town adopt an ordinance or resolution that prohibits or 2468 regulates the storage, warehousing, and wholesaling of wine in accordance with Title 4.1, regulations of 2469 the Board, and federal law at a licensed farm winery.

2470 No provision of law, general or special, shall be construed to authorize any county, city or town to 2471 adopt any ordinance or resolution that imposes a sales or excise tax on alcoholic beverages, other than 2472 the taxes authorized by § 58.1-605, 58.1-3833 or 58.1-3840. The foregoing limitation shall not affect the 2473 authority of any county, city or town to impose a license or privilege tax or fee on a business engaged 2474 in whole or in part in the sale of alcoholic beverages if the license or privilege tax or fee (i) is based on 2475 an annual or per event flat fee specifically authorized by general law or (ii) is an annual license or 2476 privilege tax specifically authorized by general law, which includes alcoholic beverages in its taxable 2477 measure and treats alcoholic beverages the same as if they were nonalcoholic beverages.

2478 B. However, the governing body of any county, city, or town may adopt an ordinance that (i) 2479 prohibits the acts described in subsection A of § 4.1-308 subject to the provisions of subsections B and 2480 E of § 4.1-308, or the acts described in § 4.1-309, and may provide a penalty for violation thereof and 2481 (ii) subject to subsection C of § 4.1-308, regulates or prohibits the possession of opened alcoholic 2482 beverage containers in its local public parks, playgrounds, public streets, and any sidewalk adjoining any 2483 public street.

2484 C. Except as provided in this section, all local acts, including charter provisions and ordinances of 2485 cities and towns, inconsistent with any of the provisions of this title subtitle, are repealed to the extent 2486 of such inconsistency. 2487

§ 4.1-200. Exemptions from licensure.

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The licensure requirements of this chapter shall not apply to:

2489 1. A person in charge of an institution regularly conducted as a hospital or sanatorium for the care of 2490 persons in ill health, or as a home devoted exclusively to the care of aged people, who administers or 2491 causes to be administered alcoholic beverages to any bona fide patient or inmate of the institution who 2492 is in need of the same, either by way of external application or otherwise for emergency medicinal 2493 purposes. Such person may charge for the alcoholic beverages so administered, and carry such stock as 2494 may be necessary for this purpose. No charge shall be made of any patient for the alcoholic beverages 2495 so administered to him where the same have been supplied to the institution by the Board free of 2496 charge.

2497 2. The manufacture, sale and delivery or shipment by persons authorized under existing laws to 2498 engage in such business of any medicine containing sufficient medication to prevent it from being used 2499 as a beverage.

2500 3. The manufacture, sale and delivery or shipment by persons authorized under existing laws to 2501 engage in such business of any medicinal preparations manufactured in accordance with formulas 2502 prescribed by the United States pharmacopoeia; national formulary, patent and proprietary preparations; 2503 and other bona fide medicinal and technical preparations; which contain no more alcohol than is 2504 necessary to extract the medicinal properties of the drugs contained in such preparations, and no more 2505 alcohol than is necessary to hold the medicinal agents in solution and to preserve the same, and which 2506 are manufactured and sold to be used exclusively as medicine and not as beverages.

2507 4. The manufacture, sale and delivery or shipment of toilet, medicinal and antiseptic preparations and 2508 solutions not intended for internal human use nor to be sold as beverages.

2509 5. The manufacture and sale of food products known as flavoring extracts which are manufactured 2510 and sold for cooking and culinary purposes only and not sold as beverages.

2511 6. Any person who manufactures at his residence or at a gournet brewing shop for domestic 2512 consumption at his residence, but not to be sold, dispensed or given away, except as hereinafter 2513 provided, wine or beer or both, in an amount not to exceed the limits permitted by federal law.

2514 Any person who manufactures wine or beer in accordance with this subdivision may remove from 2515 his residence an amount not to exceed fifty 50 liters of such wine or fifteen 15 gallons of such beer on 2516 any one occasion for (i) personal or family use, provided such use does not violate the provisions of this 2517 title subtitle or Board regulations; (ii) giving to any person to whom wine or beer may be lawfully sold 2518 an amount not to exceed (a) one liter of wine per person per year or (b) seventy two 72 ounces of beer 2519 per person per year, provided such gift is for noncommercial purposes; or (iii) giving to any person to

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2520 whom beer may lawfully be sold a sample of such wine or beer, not to exceed (a) one ounce of wine 2521 by volume or (b) two ounces of beer by volume for on-premises consumption at events organized for 2522 judging or exhibiting such wine or beer, including events held on the premises of a retail licensee. 2523 Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize the sale of such wine or beer.

2524 The provision of this subdivision shall not apply to any person who resides on property on which a 2525 winery, farm winery, or brewery is located.

2526 7. Any person who keeps and possesses lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages in his residence for his 2527 personal use or that of his family. However, such alcoholic beverages may be served or given to guests 2528 in such residence by such person, his family or servants when (i) such guests are 21 years of age or 2529 older or are accompanied by a parent, guardian, or spouse who is 21 years of age or older, (ii) the 2530 consumption or possession of such alcoholic beverages by family members or such guests occurs only in 2531 such residence where the alcoholic beverages are allowed to be served or given pursuant to this subdivision, and (iii) such service or gift is in no way a shift or device to evade the provisions of this 2532 2533 title subtitle. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply when a person serves or provides alcoholic beverages to a guest occupying the residence as the lessee of a short-term rental, as that term 2534 2535 is defined in § 15.2-983, regardless of whether the person who permanently resides in the residence is 2536 present during the short-term rental.

2537 8. Any person who manufactures and sells cider to distillery licensees, or any person who 2538 manufactures wine from grapes grown by such person and sells it to winery licensees.

2539 9. The sale of wine and beer in or through canteens or post exchanges on United States reservations 2540 when permitted by the proper authority of the United States.

2541 10. The keeping and consumption of any lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages at a private meeting 2542 or private party limited in attendance to members and guests of a particular group, association or 2543 organization at a banquet or similar affair, or at a special event, if a banquet license has been granted. However, no banquet license shall be required for private meetings or private parties limited in 2544 2545 attendance to the members of a common interest community as defined in § 54.1-2345 and their guests, 2546 provided (i) the alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way, (ii) the premises where 2547 the alcoholic beverages are consumed is limited to the common area regularly occupied and utilized for 2548 such private meetings or private parties, and (iii) such meetings or parties are not open to the public. 2549

§ 4.1-201. Conduct not prohibited by this subtitle; limitation.

A. Nothing in this title subtitle or any Board regulation adopted pursuant thereto shall prohibit:

2551 1. Any club licensed under this chapter from keeping for consumption by its members any alcoholic 2552 beverages lawfully acquired by such members, provided the alcoholic beverages are not sold, dispensed 2553 or given away in violation of this title subtitle.

2554 2. Any person from having grain, fruit or fruit products and any other substance, when grown or lawfully produced by him, distilled by any distillery licensee, and selling the distilled alcoholic 2555 2556 beverages to the Board or selling or shipping them to any person outside of the Commonwealth in 2557 accordance with Board regulations. However, no alcoholic beverages so distilled shall be withdrawn from the place where distilled except in accordance with Board regulations. 2558

2559 3. Any person licensed to manufacture and sell, or either, in the Commonwealth or elsewhere, 2560 alcoholic beverages other than wine or beer, from soliciting and taking orders from the Board for such 2561 alcoholic beverages.

2562 4. The receipt by a person operating a licensed brewery of deliveries and shipments of beer in closed 2563 containers or the sale, delivery or shipment of such beer, in accordance with Board regulations to (i) 2564 persons licensed to sell beer at wholesale, (ii) persons licensed to sell beer at retail for the purpose of resale only as provided in subdivision B 4 of § 4.1-216, (iii) owners of boats registered under the laws 2565 2566 of the United States sailing for ports of call of a foreign country or another state, and (iv) persons 2567 outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth.

2568 5. The granting of any retail license to a brewery, distillery, or winery licensee, or to an applicant for 2569 such license, or to a lessee of such person, a wholly owned subsidiary of such person, or its lessee, 2570 provided the places of business or establishments for which the retail licenses are desired are located 2571 upon the premises occupied or to be occupied by such distillery, winery, or brewery, or upon property 2572 of such person contiguous to such premises, or in a development contiguous to such premises owned 2573 and operated by such person or a wholly owned subsidiary.

2574 6. The receipt by a distillery licensee of deliveries and shipments of alcoholic beverages, other than 2575 wine and beer, in closed containers from other distilleries, or the sale, delivery or shipment of such 2576 alcoholic beverages, in accordance with Board regulations, to the Board and to persons outside the 2577 Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth.

2578 7. The receipt by a farm winery or winery licensee of deliveries and shipments of wine in closed 2579 containers from other wineries or farm wineries located inside or outside the Commonwealth, or the 2580 receipt by a winery licensee or farm winery licensee of deliveries and shipments of spirits distilled from 2581 fruit or fruit juices in closed containers from distilleries located inside or outside the Commonwealth to

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be used only for the fortification of wine produced by the licensee in accordance with Board regulations, or the sale, delivery or shipment of such wine, in accordance with Board regulations, to persons licensed to sell wine at wholesale for the purpose of resale, and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth.

8. Any farm winery or winery licensee from shipping or delivering its wine in closed containers to another farm winery or winery licensee for the purpose of additional bottling in accordance with Board regulations and the return of the wine so bottled to the manufacturing farm winery or winery licensee.

2589 9. Any farm winery or winery licensee from selling and shipping or delivering its wine in closed 2590 containers to another farm winery or winery licensee, the wine so sold and shipped or delivered to be 2591 used by the receiving licensee in the manufacture of wine. Any wine received under this subsection shall 2592 be deemed an agricultural product produced in the Commonwealth for the purposes of § 4.1-219, to the 2593 extent it is produced from fresh fruits or agricultural products grown or produced in the Commonwealth. 2594 The selling licensee shall provide to the receiving licensee, and both shall maintain complete and 2595 accurate records of, the source of the fresh fruits or agricultural products used to produce the wine so 2596 transferred.

2597 10. Any retail on-and-off-premises wine and beer licensee, his agent or employee, from giving a 2598 sample of wine or beer to persons to whom alcoholic beverages may be lawfully sold for on-premises 2599 consumption, or any mixed beverage licensee, his agent or employee, from giving a sample of wine, 2600 beer, or spirits to persons to whom alcoholic beverages may be lawfully sold for on-premises 2601 consumption. Samples of wine shall not exceed two ounces, samples of beer shall not exceed four 2602 ounces, and samples of spirits shall not exceed one-half ounce, unless served as a mixed beverage, in 2603 which case a sample of spirits may contain up to one and one-half ounces of spirits. No more than 12 2604 ounces of beer, five ounces of wine, or three ounces of spirits shall be given to any person per day.

2605 11. Any manufacturer, including any vendor authorized by any such manufacturer, whether or not licensed in the Commonwealth, from selling service items bearing alcoholic brand references to 2606 2607 on-premises retail licensees or prohibit any such retail licensee from displaying the service items on the 2608 premises of his licensed establishment. Each such retail licensee purchasing such service items shall retain a copy of the evidence of his payment to the manufacturer or authorized vendor for a period of 2609 2610 not less than two years from the date of each sale of the service items. As used in this subdivision, 2611 "service items" mean articles of tangible personal property normally used by the employees of 2612 on-premises retail licensees to serve alcoholic beverages to customers including, but not limited to, 2613 glasses, napkins, buckets, and coasters.

12. Any employee of an alcoholic beverage wholesaler or manufacturer, whether or not licensed in
the Commonwealth, from distributing to retail licensees and their employees novelties and specialties,
including wearing apparel, having a wholesale value of \$10 or less and that bear alcoholic beverage
advertising. Such items may be distributed to retail licensees in quantities equal to the number of
employees of the retail establishment present at the time the items are delivered. Thereafter, such
employees may wear or display the items on the licensed premises.

13. Any (i) retail on-premises wine and beer licensee, his agent or employee from offering for sale
or selling for one price to any person to whom alcoholic beverages may be lawfully sold a flight of
wines or beers consisting of samples of not more than five different wines or beers and (ii) mixed
beverage licensee, his agent or employee from offering for sale or selling for one price to any person to
whom alcoholic beverages may be lawfully sold a flight of distilled spirits consisting of samples of not
more than five different spirits products.

14. Any restaurant licensed under this chapter from permitting the consumption of lawfully acquired
wine, beer, or cider by bona fide customers on the premises in all areas and locations covered by the
license, provided that (i) all such wine, beer, or cider shall have been acquired by the customer from a
retailer licensed to sell such alcoholic beverages and (ii) no such wine, beer, or cider shall be brought
onto the licensed premises by the customer except in sealed, nonresealable bottles or cans. The licensee
may charge a corkage fee to such customer for the wine, beer, or cider so consumed; however, the
licensee shall not charge any other fee to such customer.

2633 15. Any winery, farm winery, wine importer, wine wholesaler, brewery, limited brewery, beer
2634 importer, beer wholesaler, or distiller licensee from providing to adult customers of licensed retail
2635 establishments information about wine, beer, or spirits being consumed on such premises.

2636 16. Any private swim club operated by a duly organized nonprofit corporation or association from allowing members to bring lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages onto the premises of such club and consume such alcoholic beverages on the premises of such club.

B. No deliveries or shipments of alcoholic beverages to persons outside the Commonwealth for resaleoutside the Commonwealth shall be made into any state the laws of which prohibit the consignee fromreceiving or selling the same.

2642 § 4.1-202. To whom privileges conferred by licenses extend; liability for violations of law.

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2643 The privilege of any licensee to sell or serve alcoholic beverages shall extend to such licensee and to 2644 all agents or employees of such licensee for the purpose of selling or serving alcoholic beverages under 2645 such license. The licensee may be held liable for any violation of this title subtitle or any Board 2646 regulation committed by such agents or employees in connection with their employment. 2647

§ 4.1-205. Local licenses.

2648 A. In addition to the state licenses provided for in this chapter, the governing body of each county, 2649 city or town in the Commonwealth may provide by ordinance for the issuance of county, city or town 2650 licenses and to charge and collect license taxes therefor, to persons licensed by the Board to 2651 manufacture, bottle or sell alcoholic beverages within such county, city or town, except for temporary licenses authorized by § 4.1-211. Subject to § 4.1-233.1, the governing body of a county, city or town 2652 2653 may classify licenses and graduate the license taxes therefor in the manner it deems proper.

2654 B. No county, city, or town shall issue a local license to any person who does not hold or secure 2655 simultaneously the proper state license. If any person holds any local license without at the same time holding the proper state license, the local license, during the period when such person does not hold the 2656 proper state license, shall confer no privileges under the provisions of this title subtitle. 2657

§ 4.1-206.1. (Effective until July 1, 2022) Manufacturer licenses.

The Board may grant the following manufacturer licenses:

2660 1. Distiller's licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture alcoholic beverages other 2661 than wine and beer, and to sell and deliver or ship the same, in accordance with Board regulations, in 2662 closed containers, to the Board and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the 2663 Commonwealth. When the Board has established a government store on the distiller's licensed premises 2664 pursuant to subsection D of § 4.1-119, such license shall also authorize the licensee to make a charge to 2665 consumers to participate in an organized tasting event conducted in accordance with subsection G of § 4.1-119 and Board regulations. 2666

2667 2. Limited distiller's licenses, to distilleries that (i) are located on a farm in the Commonwealth on 2668 land zoned agricultural and owned or leased by such distillery or its owner and (ii) use agricultural 2669 products that are grown on the farm in the manufacture of their alcoholic beverages. Limited distiller's 2670 licensees shall be treated as distillers for all purposes of this title subtitle except as otherwise provided in this subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, "land zoned agricultural" means (a) land zoned as 2671 2672 an agricultural district or classification or (b) land otherwise permitted by a locality for limited distillery 2673 use. For purposes of this subdivision, "land zoned agricultural" does not include land zoned "residential conservation." Except for the limitation on land zoned "residential conservation," nothing in this 2674 2675 definition shall otherwise limit or affect local zoning authority.

2676 3. Brewery licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture beer and to sell and deliver or 2677 ship the beer so manufactured, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed containers to (i) persons 2678 licensed to sell the beer at wholesale and (ii) persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the 2679 Commonwealth. Such license shall also authorize the licensee to sell at retail at premises described in 2680 the brewery license (a) the brands of beer that the brewery owns for on-premises consumption, provided 2681 that not less than 20 percent of the volume of beer sold for on-premises consumption in any calendar 2682 year is manufactured on the licensed premises, and (b) beer in closed containers, which shall include 2683 growlers and other reusable containers, for off-premises consumption.

2684 4. Limited brewery licenses, to breweries that manufacture no more than 15,000 barrels of beer per 2685 calendar year, provided that (i) the brewery is located on a farm in the Commonwealth on land zoned 2686 agricultural and owned or leased by such brewery or its owner and (ii) agricultural products, including 2687 barley, other grains, hops, or fruit, used by such brewery in the manufacture of its beer are grown on the farm. The licensed premises shall be limited to the portion of the farm on which agricultural 2688 products, including barley, other grains, hops, or fruit, used by such brewery in the manufacture of its 2689 2690 beer are grown and that is contiguous to the premises of such brewery where the beer is manufactured, 2691 exclusive of any residence and the curtilage thereof. However, the Board may, with notice to the local 2692 governing body in accordance with the provisions of § 4.1-230, also approve other portions of the farm 2693 to be included as part of the licensed premises. For purposes of this subdivision, "land zoned 2694 agricultural" means (a) land zoned as an agricultural district or classification or (b) land otherwise 2695 permitted by a locality for limited brewery use. For purposes of this subdivision, "land zoned agricultural" does not include land zoned "residential conservation." Except for the limitation on land 2696 2697 zoned "residential conservation," nothing in this definition shall otherwise limit or affect local zoning 2698 authority.

2699 Limited brewery licensees shall be treated as breweries for all purposes of this title subtitle except as 2700 otherwise provided in this subdivision.

2701 5. Winery licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture wine and to sell and deliver or 2702 ship the wine, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed containers, to persons licensed to sell the 2703 wine so manufactured at wholesale for the purpose of resale, and to persons outside the Commonwealth 2704 for resale outside the Commonwealth. In addition, such license shall authorize the licensee to (i) operate

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2705 distilling equipment on the premises of the licensee in the manufacture of spirits from fruit or fruit 2706 juices only, which shall be used only for the fortification of wine produced by the licensee; (ii) operate 2707 a contract winemaking facility on the premises of the licensee in accordance with Board regulations; (iii) 2708 store wine in bonded warehouses on or off the licensed premises upon permit issued by the Board; and 2709 (iv) sell wine at retail at the place of business designated in the winery license for on-premises 2710 consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption, provided that any brand of wine not 2711 owned by the winery licensee is purchased from a wholesale wine licensee and any wine sold for 2712 on-premises consumption is manufactured on the licensed premises.

2713 6. Farm winery licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture wine containing 21 2714 percent or less of alcohol by volume and to sell, deliver, or ship the wine, in accordance with Board 2715 regulations, in closed containers, to (i) the Board, (ii) persons licensed to sell the wine so manufactured 2716 at wholesale for the purpose of resale, or (iii) persons outside the Commonwealth. In addition, the 2717 licensee may (a) acquire and receive deliveries and shipments of wine and sell and deliver or ship this 2718 wine, in accordance with Board regulations, to the Board, persons licensed to sell wine at wholesale for 2719 the purpose of resale, or persons outside the Commonwealth; (b) operate a contract winemaking facility 2720 on the premises of the licensee in accordance with Board regulations; and (c) store wine in bonded 2721 warehouses located on or off the licensed premises upon permits issued by the Board. For the purposes 2722 of this title subtitle, a farm winery license shall be designated either as a Class A or Class B farm 2723 winery license in accordance with the limitations set forth in § 4.1-219. A farm winery may enter into 2724 an agreement in accordance with Board regulations with a winery or farm winery licensee operating a 2725 contract winemaking facility.

2726 Such licenses shall also authorize the licensee to sell wine at retail at the places of business 2727 designated in the licenses, which may include no more than five additional retail establishments of the 2728 licensee. Wine may be sold at these business places for on-premises consumption and in closed 2729 containers for off-premises consumption, provided that any brand of wine not owned by the farm winery 2730 licensee is purchased from a wholesale wine licensee. In addition, wine may be pre-mixed by the 2731 licensee to be served and sold for on-premises or off-premises consumption at these business places.

2732 7. Wine importer's licenses, which shall authorize persons located within or outside the 2733 Commonwealth to sell and deliver or ship wine, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed 2734 containers, to persons in the Commonwealth licensed to sell such wine at wholesale for the purpose of 2735 resale, and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth.

2736 8. Beer importer's licenses, which shall authorize persons located within or outside the 2737 Commonwealth to sell and deliver or ship beer, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed 2738 containers, to persons in the Commonwealth licensed to sell such beer at wholesale for the purpose of 2739 resale and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth. 2740

§ 4.1-206.1. (Effective July 1, 2022) Manufacturer licenses.

The Board may grant the following manufacturer licenses:

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2742 1. Distiller's licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture alcoholic beverages other 2743 than wine and beer, and to sell and deliver or ship the same, in accordance with Board regulations, in 2744 closed containers, to the Board and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the 2745 Commonwealth. When the Board has established a government store on the distiller's licensed premises 2746 pursuant to subsection D of § 4.1-119, such license shall also authorize the licensee to make a charge to 2747 consumers to participate in an organized tasting event conducted in accordance with subsection G of 2748 § 4.1-119 and Board regulations.

2749 2. Limited distiller's licenses, to distilleries that (i) are located on a farm in the Commonwealth on land zoned agricultural and owned or leased by such distillery or its owner and (ii) use agricultural 2750 2751 products that are grown on the farm in the manufacture of their alcoholic beverages. Limited distiller's 2752 licensees shall be treated as distillers for all purposes of this title subtitle except as otherwise provided 2753 in this subdivision. For purposes of this subdivision, "land zoned agricultural" means (a) land zoned as 2754 an agricultural district or classification or (b) land otherwise permitted by a locality for limited distillery 2755 use. For purposes of this subdivision, "land zoned agricultural" does not include land zoned "residential 2756 conservation." Except for the limitation on land zoned "residential conservation," nothing in this 2757 definition shall otherwise limit or affect local zoning authority.

2758 3. Brewery licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture beer and to sell and deliver or 2759 ship the beer so manufactured, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed containers to (i) persons 2760 licensed to sell the beer at wholesale and (ii) persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the 2761 Commonwealth. Such license shall also authorize the licensee to sell at retail at premises described in 2762 the brewery license (a) the brands of beer that the brewery owns for on-premises consumption, provided 2763 that not less than 20 percent of the volume of beer sold for on-premises consumption in any calendar 2764 year is manufactured on the licensed premises, and (b) beer in closed containers, which shall include 2765 growlers and other reusable containers, for off-premises consumption.

2766 4. Limited brewery licenses, to breweries that manufacture no more than 15,000 barrels of beer per 2767 calendar year, provided that (i) the brewery is located on a farm in the Commonwealth on land zoned agricultural and owned or leased by such brewery or its owner and (ii) agricultural products, including 2768 2769 barley, other grains, hops, or fruit, used by such brewery in the manufacture of its beer are grown on 2770 the farm. The licensed premises shall be limited to the portion of the farm on which agricultural 2771 products, including barley, other grains, hops, or fruit, used by such brewery in the manufacture of its 2772 beer are grown and that is contiguous to the premises of such brewery where the beer is manufactured, 2773 exclusive of any residence and the curtilage thereof. However, the Board may, with notice to the local 2774 governing body in accordance with the provisions of § 4.1-230, also approve other portions of the farm 2775 to be included as part of the licensed premises. For purposes of this subdivision, "land zoned agricultural" means (a) land zoned as an agricultural district or classification or (b) land otherwise 2776 permitted by a locality for limited brewery use. For purposes of this subdivision, "land zoned 2777 agricultural" does not include land zoned "residential conservation." Except for the limitation on land 2778 2779 zoned "residential conservation," nothing in this definition shall otherwise limit or affect local zoning 2780 authority.

2781 Limited brewery licensees shall be treated as breweries for all purposes of this title subtitle except as 2782 otherwise provided in this subdivision.

5. Winery licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture wine and to sell and deliver or 2783 2784 ship the wine, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed containers, to persons licensed to sell the 2785 wine so manufactured at wholesale for the purpose of resale, and to persons outside the Commonwealth 2786 for resale outside the Commonwealth. In addition, such license shall authorize the licensee to (i) operate distilling equipment on the premises of the licensee in the manufacture of spirits from fruit or fruit 2787 2788 juices only, which shall be used only for the fortification of wine produced by the licensee; (ii) operate 2789 a contract winemaking facility on the premises of the licensee in accordance with Board regulations; (iii) 2790 store wine in bonded warehouses on or off the licensed premises upon permit issued by the Board; and 2791 (iv) sell wine at retail at the place of business designated in the winery license for on-premises 2792 consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption, provided that any brand of wine not 2793 owned by the winery licensee is purchased from a wholesale wine licensee and any wine sold for 2794 on-premises consumption is manufactured on the licensed premises.

2795 6. Farm winery licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to manufacture wine containing 21 2796 percent or less of alcohol by volume and to sell, deliver, or ship the wine, in accordance with Board 2797 regulations, in closed containers, to (i) the Board, (ii) persons licensed to sell the wine so manufactured 2798 at wholesale for the purpose of resale, or (iii) persons outside the Commonwealth. In addition, the 2799 licensee may (a) acquire and receive deliveries and shipments of wine and sell and deliver or ship this wine, in accordance with Board regulations, to the Board, persons licensed to sell wine at wholesale for 2800 2801 the purpose of resale, or persons outside the Commonwealth; (b) operate a contract winemaking facility 2802 on the premises of the licensee in accordance with Board regulations; and (c) store wine in bonded 2803 warehouses located on or off the licensed premises upon permits issued by the Board. For the purposes 2804 of this title subtitle, a farm winery license shall be designated either as a Class A or Class B farm 2805 winery license in accordance with the limitations set forth in § 4.1-219. A farm winery may enter into 2806 an agreement in accordance with Board regulations with a winery or farm winery licensee operating a 2807 contract winemaking facility.

2808 Such licenses shall also authorize the licensee to sell wine at retail at the places of business 2809 designated in the licenses, which may include no more than five additional retail establishments of the 2810 licensee. Wine may be sold at these business places for on-premises consumption and in closed 2811 containers for off-premises consumption, provided that any brand of wine not owned by the farm winery 2812 licensee is purchased from a wholesale wine licensee. In addition, wine may be pre-mixed by the 2813 licensee to be served and sold for on-premises consumption at these business places.

2814 7. Wine importer's licenses, which shall authorize persons located within or outside the 2815 Commonwealth to sell and deliver or ship wine, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed 2816 containers, to persons in the Commonwealth licensed to sell such wine at wholesale for the purpose of 2817 resale, and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth.

8. Beer importer's licenses, which shall authorize persons located within or outside the 2818 2819 Commonwealth to sell and deliver or ship beer, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed 2820 containers, to persons in the Commonwealth licensed to sell such beer at wholesale for the purpose of 2821 resale and to persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth. 2822

§ 4.1-206.2. Wholesale licenses.

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The Board may grant the following wholesale licenses:

2824 1. Wholesale beer licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to acquire and receive deliveries and 2825 shipments of beer and to sell and deliver or ship the beer from one or more premises identified in the 2826 license, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed containers to (i) persons licensed under this 2827 chapter to sell such beer at wholesale or retail for the purpose of resale, (ii) owners of boats registered 2828 under the laws of the United States sailing for ports of call of a foreign country or another state, and 2829 (iii) persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth.

2830 No wholesale beer licensee shall purchase beer for resale from a person outside the Commonwealth 2831 who does not hold a beer importer's license unless such wholesale beer licensee holds a beer importer's 2832 license and purchases beer for resale pursuant to the privileges of such beer importer's license.

2833 2. Wholesale wine licenses, including those granted pursuant to subdivision 3, which shall authorize 2834 the licensee to acquire and receive deliveries and shipments of wine and to sell and deliver or ship the 2835 wine from one or more premises identified in the license, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed containers, to (i) persons licensed to sell such wine in the Commonwealth, (ii) persons outside 2836 the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth, (iii) religious congregations for use only for 2837 2838 sacramental purposes, and (iv) owners of boats registered under the laws of the United States sailing for 2839 ports of call of a foreign country or another state.

2840 No wholesale wine licensee shall purchase wine for resale from a person outside the Commonwealth 2841 who does not hold a wine importer's license unless such wholesale wine licensee holds a wine importer's 2842 license and purchases wine for resale pursuant to the privileges of such wine importer's license.

3. Restricted wholesale wine licenses, which shall authorize a nonprofit, nonstock corporation created 2843 2844 in accordance with subdivision B 2 of § 3.2-102 to provide wholesale wine distribution services to 2845 winery and farm winery licensees, provided that no more than 3,000 cases of wine produced by a 2846 winery or farm winery licensee shall be distributed by the corporation in any one year. The corporation 2847 shall provide such distribution services in accordance with the terms of a written agreement approved by 2848 the corporation between it and the winery or farm winery licensee, which shall comply with the 2849 provisions of this title subtitle and Board regulations. The corporation shall receive all of the privileges 2850 of, and be subject to, all laws and regulations governing wholesale wine licenses granted under 2851 subdivision 2. 2852

§ 4.1-206.3. (Effective until July 1, 2022) Retail licenses.

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A. The Board may grant the following mixed beverages licenses:

2854 1. Mixed beverage restaurant licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed 2855 beverages for on-premises consumption in dining areas and other designated areas of such restaurant or 2856 off-premises consumption. Such license may be granted only to persons (i) who operate a restaurant and 2857 (ii) whose gross receipts from the sale of food cooked, or prepared, and consumed on the premises and 2858 nonalcoholic beverages served on the premises, after issuance of such license, amount to at least 45 2859 percent of the gross receipts from the sale of mixed beverages and food. For the purposes of this 2860 subdivision, other designated areas shall include outdoor dining areas, whether or not contiguous to the 2861 licensed premises, which outdoor dining areas may have more than one means of ingress and egress to 2862 an adjacent public thoroughfare, provided such areas are under the control of the licensee and approved 2863 by the Board. Such noncontiguous designated areas shall not be approved for any retail license issued 2864 pursuant to subdivision A 5 of § 4.1-201.

2865 If the restaurant is located on the premises of a hotel or motel with no fewer than four permanent 2866 bedrooms where food and beverage service is customarily provided by the restaurant in designated areas, 2867 bedrooms, and other private rooms of such hotel or motel, such licensee may (a) sell and serve mixed 2868 beverages for on-premises consumption in such designated areas, bedrooms, and other private rooms or 2869 off-premises consumption and (b) sell spirits packaged in original closed containers purchased from the 2870 Board for on-premises consumption to registered guests and at scheduled functions of such hotel or 2871 motel only in such bedrooms or private rooms. However, with regard to a hotel classified as a resort 2872 complex, the Board may authorize the sale and on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages in all areas within the resort complex deemed appropriate by the Board. Nothing herein shall prohibit any 2873 person from keeping and consuming his own lawfully acquired spirits in bedrooms or private rooms. 2874

2875 If the restaurant is located on the premises of and operated by a private, nonprofit, or profit club 2876 exclusively for its members and their guests, or members of another private, nonprofit, or profit club in 2877 another city with which it has an agreement for reciprocal dining privileges, such license shall also 2878 authorize the licensees to (1) sell and serve mixed beverages for on-premises or off-premises 2879 consumption and (2) sell spirits that are packaged in original closed containers with a maximum capacity 2880 of two fluid ounces or 50 milliliters and purchased from the Board for on-premises consumption. Where 2881 such club prepares no food in its restaurant but purchases its food requirements from a restaurant 2882 licensed by the Board and located on another portion of the premises of the same hotel or motel 2883 building, this fact shall not prohibit the granting of a license by the Board to such club qualifying in all 2884 other respects. The club's gross receipts from the sale of nonalcoholic beverages consumed on the premises and food resold to its members and guests and consumed on the premises shall amount to at 2885 2886 least 45 percent of its gross receipts from the sale of mixed beverages and food. The food sales made 2887 by a restaurant to such a club shall be excluded in any consideration of the qualifications of such 2888 restaurant for a license from the Board.

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If the restaurant is located on the premises of and operated by a municipal golf course, the Board shall recognize the seasonal nature of the business and waive any applicable monthly food sales requirements for those months when weather conditions may reduce patronage of the golf course, provided that prepared food, including meals, is available to patrons during the same months. The gross receipts from the sale of food cooked, or prepared, and consumed on the premises and nonalcoholic beverages served on the premises, after the issuance of such license, shall amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale of mixed beverages and food on an annualized basis.

If the restaurant is located on the premises of and operated by a culinary lodging resort, such license shall authorize the licensee to (A) sell alcoholic beverages, without regard to the amount of gross receipts from the sale of food prepared and consumed on the premises, for off-premises consumption or for on-premises consumption in areas upon the licensed premises approved by the Board and other designated areas of the resort, including outdoor areas under the control of the licensee, and (B) permit the possession and consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages by persons to whom overnight lodging is being provided in bedrooms and private guest rooms.

2903 The granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to
2904 obtain a license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption and in closed containers
2905 for off-premises consumption; however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for
2906 such additional license pursuant to § 4.1-233.1.

2907 2. Mixed beverage caterer's licenses, which may be granted only to a person regularly engaged in the business of providing food and beverages to others for service at private gatherings or at special events, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption.
2910 The annual gross receipts from the sale of food cooked and prepared for service and nonalcoholic beverages served at gatherings and events referred to in this subdivision shall amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale of mixed beverages and food.

3. Mixed beverage limited caterer's licenses, which may be granted only to a person regularly engaged in the business of providing food and beverages to others for service at private gatherings or at special events, not to exceed 12 gatherings or events per year, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption. The annual gross receipts from the sale of food cooked and prepared for service and nonalcoholic beverages served at gatherings and events referred to in this subdivision shall amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale of mixed beverages and food.

2920 4. Mixed beverage carrier licenses to persons operating a common carrier of passengers by train, 2921 boat, bus, or airplane, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed beverages anywhere in 2922 the Commonwealth to passengers while in transit aboard any such common carrier, and in designated 2923 rooms of establishments of air carriers at airports in the Commonwealth. For purposes of supplying its 2924 airplanes, as well as any airplanes of a licensed express carrier flying under the same brand, an air 2925 carrier licensee may appoint an authorized representative to load alcoholic beverages onto the same 2926 airplanes and to transport and store alcoholic beverages at or in close proximity to the airport where the 2927 alcoholic beverages will be delivered onto airplanes of the air carrier and any such licensed express 2928 carrier. The air carrier licensee shall (i) designate for purposes of its license all locations where the 2929 inventory of alcoholic beverages may be stored and from which the alcoholic beverages will be 2930 delivered onto airplanes of the air carrier and any such licensed express carrier and (ii) maintain records 2931 of all alcoholic beverages to be transported, stored, and delivered by its authorized representative. The 2932 granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a 2933 license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for 2934 off-premises consumption; however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such 2935 additional license pursuant to § 4.1-233.1.

2936 5. Annual mixed beverage motor sports facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell 2937 mixed beverages, in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers or in single original metal cans, 2938 during scheduled events, as well as events or performances immediately subsequent thereto, to patrons in 2939 all dining facilities, seating areas, viewing areas, walkways, concession areas, or similar facilities, for 2940 on-premises consumption. Such license may be granted to persons operating food concessions at an 2941 outdoor motor sports facility that (i) is located on 1,200 acres of rural property bordering the Dan River 2942 and has a track surface of 3.27 miles in length or (ii) hosts a NASCAR national touring race. Upon 2943 authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic 2944 beverages on the premises in all areas and locations covered by the license. The granting of a license 2945 pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a license to sell and 2946 serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption; 2947 however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional license pursuant 2948 to § 4.1-233.1.

2949 6. Limited mixed beverage restaurant licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve2950 dessert wines as defined by Board regulation and no more than six varieties of liqueurs, which liqueurs

2951 shall be combined with coffee or other nonalcoholic beverages, for on-premises consumption in dining 2952 areas of the restaurant or off-premises consumption. Such license may be granted only to persons who 2953 operate a restaurant and in no event shall the sale of such wine or liqueur-based drinks, together with 2954 the sale of any other alcoholic beverages, exceed 10 percent of the total annual gross sales of all food 2955 and alcoholic beverages. The granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption or 2956 2957 in closed containers for off-premises consumption; however, the licensee shall be required to pay the 2958 local fee required for such additional license pursuant to § 4.1-233.1.

2959 7. Annual mixed beverage performing arts facility licenses, which shall (i) authorize the licensee to 2960 sell, on the dates of performances or events, alcoholic beverages in paper, plastic, or similar disposable 2961 containers or in single original metal cans for on-premises consumption in all seating areas, concourses, 2962 walkways, concession areas, similar facilities, and other areas upon the licensed premises approved by 2963 the Board and (ii) automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a license to sell and serve wine and 2964 beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption; however, the 2965 licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional license pursuant to 2966 § 4.1-233.1. Such licenses may be granted to the following:

a. Corporations or associations operating a performing arts facility, provided the performing arts facility (i) is owned by a governmental entity; (ii) is occupied by a for-profit entity under a bona fide lease, the original term of which was for more than one year's duration; and (iii) has been rehabilitated in accordance with historic preservation standards;

b. Persons operating food concessions at any performing arts facility located in the City of Norfolk
or the City of Richmond, provided that the performing arts facility (i) is occupied under a bona fide
long-term lease or concession agreement, the original term of which was more than five years; (ii) has a
capacity in excess of 1,400 patrons; (iii) has been rehabilitated in accordance with historic preservation
standards; and (iv) has monthly gross receipts from the sale of food cooked, or prepared, and consumed
on the premises and nonalcoholic beverages served on the premises that meet or exceed the monthly
minimum established by Board regulations for mixed beverage restaurants;

c. Persons operating food concessions at any performing arts facility located in the City of
Waynesboro, provided that the performing arts facility (i) is occupied under a bona fide long-term lease
or concession agreement, the original term of which was more than five years; (ii) has a total capacity
in excess of 550 patrons; and (iii) has been rehabilitated in accordance with historic preservation
standards;

d. Persons operating food concessions at any performing arts facility located in the arts and cultural district of the City of Harrisonburg, provided that the performing arts facility (i) is occupied under a bona fide long-term lease or concession agreement, the original term of which was more than five years;
(ii) has been rehabilitated in accordance with historic preservation standards; (iii) has monthly gross receipts from the sale of food cooked, or prepared, and consumed on the premises and nonalcoholic beverages served on the premises that meet or exceed the monthly minimum established by Board regulations for mixed beverage restaurants; and (iv) has a total capacity in excess of 900 patrons;

e. Persons operating food concessions at any multipurpose theater located in the historical district of
the Town of Bridgewater, provided that the theater (i) is owned and operated by a governmental entity
and (ii) has a total capacity in excess of 100 patrons;

2993 f. Persons operating food concessions at any outdoor performing arts amphitheater, arena, or similar
2994 facility that has seating for more than 20,000 persons and is located in Prince William County or the
2995 City of Virginia Beach;

2996 g. Persons operating food concessions at any outdoor performing arts amphitheater, arena, or similar2997 facility that has seating for more than 5,000 persons and is located in the City of Alexandria or the City2998 of Portsmouth; or

h. Persons operating food concessions at any corporate and performing arts facility located in Fairfax
County, provided that the corporate and performing arts facility (i) is occupied under a bona fide
long-term lease, management, or concession agreement, the original term of which was more than one
year and (ii) has a total capacity in excess of 1,400 patrons. Such license shall authorize the sale, on the
dates of performances or events, of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption in areas upon the
licensed premises approved by the Board.

3005 8. Combined mixed beverage restaurant and caterer's licenses, which may be granted to any restaurant or hotel that meets the qualifications for both a mixed beverage restaurant pursuant to subdivision 1 and mixed beverage caterer pursuant to subdivision 2 for the same business location, and which license shall authorize the licensee to operate as both a mixed beverage restaurant and mixed beverage caterer at the same business premises designated in the license, with a common alcoholic beverage inventory for purposes of the restaurant and catering operations. Such licensee shall meet the separate food qualifications established for the mixed beverage restaurant license pursuant to subdivision

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3012 1 and mixed beverage caterer's license pursuant to subdivision 2. The granting of a license pursuant to

this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a license to sell and serve wine and
beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption; however, the
licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional license pursuant to
§ 4.1-233.1.

3017 9. Bed and breakfast licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to (i) serve alcoholic beverages in 3018 dining areas, private guest rooms, and other designated areas to persons to whom overnight lodging is 3019 being provided, with or without meals, for on-premises consumption only in such rooms and areas, and 3020 without regard to the amount of gross receipts from the sale of food prepared and consumed on the 3021 premises and (ii) permit the consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages by persons to whom overnight lodging is being provided in (a) bedrooms or private guest rooms or (b) other designated areas 3022 of the bed and breakfast establishment. For purposes of this subdivision, "other designated areas" 3023 3024 includes outdoor dining areas, whether or not contiguous to the licensed premises, which may have more 3025 than one means of ingress and egress to an adjacent public thoroughfare, provided that such outdoor 3026 dining areas are under the control of the licensee and approved by the Board. Such noncontiguous 3027 designated areas shall not be approved for any retail license issued pursuant to subdivision A 5 of 3028 § 4.1-201.

3029 10. Museum licenses, which may be issued to nonprofit museums exempt from taxation under
3030 § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which shall authorize the licensee to (i) permit the
3031 consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by any bona fide
3032 member and guests thereof and (ii) serve alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee to any
3033 bona fide member and guests thereof. However, alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in
3034 any way by the licensee. The privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the museum,
3035 regularly occupied and utilized as such.

3036 11. Motor car sporting event facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the
3037 consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by patrons thereof
3038 during such events. However, alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way, directly
3039 or indirectly, by the licensee. The privileges of this license shall be limited to those areas of the
3040 licensee's premises designated by the Board that are regularly occupied and utilized for motor car
3041 sporting events.

3042 12. Commercial lifestyle center licenses, which may be issued only to a commercial owners' 3043 association governing a commercial lifestyle center, which shall authorize any retail on-premises 3044 restaurant licensee that is a tenant of the commercial lifestyle center to sell alcoholic beverages to any 3045 bona fide customer to whom alcoholic beverages may be lawfully sold for consumption on that portion 3046 of the licensed premises of the commercial lifestyle center designated by the Board, including (i) plazas, 3047 seating areas, concourses, walkways, or such other similar areas and (ii) the premises of any tenant 3048 location of the commercial lifestyle center that is not a retail licensee of the Board, upon approval of 3049 such tenant, but excluding any parking areas. Only alcoholic beverages purchased from such retail 3050 on-premises restaurant licensees may be consumed on the licensed premises of the commercial lifestyle 3051 center, and such alcoholic beverages shall be contained in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers 3052 with the name or logo of the restaurant licensee that sold the alcoholic beverage clearly displayed. 3053 Alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way by the commercial lifestyle center 3054 licensee. The licensee shall post appropriate signage clearly demarcating for the public the boundaries of 3055 the licensed premises; however, no physical barriers shall be required for this purpose. The licensee shall 3056 provide adequate security for the licensed premises to ensure compliance with the applicable provisions 3057 of this title subtitle and Board regulations.

3058 13. Mixed beverage port restaurant licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve 3059 mixed beverages for consumption in dining areas and other designated areas of such restaurant. Such 3060 license may be granted only to persons operating a business (i) that is primarily engaged in the sale of 3061 meals; (ii) that is located on property owned by the United States government or an agency thereof and 3062 used as a port of entry to or egress from the United States; and (iii) whose gross receipts from the sale 3063 of food cooked, or prepared, and consumed on the premises and nonalcoholic beverages served on the 3064 premises, after issuance of such license, amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale 3065 of mixed beverages and food. For the purposes of this subdivision, other designated areas shall include 3066 outdoor dining areas, whether or not contiguous to the licensed premises, which outdoor dining areas 3067 may have more than one means of ingress and egress to an adjacent public thoroughfare, provided such 3068 areas are under the control of the licensee and approved by the Board. Such noncontiguous designated 3069 areas shall not be approved for any retail license issued pursuant to subdivision A 5 of § 4.1-201. The 3070 granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a 3071 license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for 3072 off-premises consumption; however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such 3073 additional license pursuant to § 4.1-233.1.

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3074 14. Annual mixed beverage special events licenses to (i) a duly organized nonprofit corporation or 3075 association operating either a performing arts facility or an art education and exhibition facility; (ii) a 3076 nonprofit corporation or association chartered by Congress for the preservation of sites, buildings, and 3077 objects significant in American history and culture; (iii) persons operating an agricultural event and 3078 entertainment park or similar facility that has a minimum of 50,000 square feet of indoor exhibit space 3079 and equine and other livestock show areas, which includes barns, pavilions, or other structures equipped 3080 with roofs, exterior walls, and open-door or closed-door access; or (iv) a locality for special events 3081 conducted on the premises of a museum for historic interpretation that is owned and operated by the 3082 locality. The operation in all cases shall be upon premises owned by such licensee or occupied under a 3083 bona fide lease, the original term of which was for more than one year's duration. Such license shall 3084 authorize the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages during scheduled events and performances for 3085 on-premises consumption in areas upon the licensed premises approved by the Board.

3086 B. The Board may grant an on-and-off-premises wine and beer license to the following:

3087 1. Hotels, restaurants, and clubs, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer (i) in closed 3088 containers for off-premises consumption or (ii) for on-premises consumption, either with or without 3089 meals, in dining areas and other designated areas of such restaurants, or in dining areas, private guest 3090 rooms, and other designated areas of such hotels or clubs, for consumption only in such rooms and 3091 areas. However, with regard to a hotel classified by the Board as (a) a resort complex, the Board may 3092 authorize the sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages in all areas within the resort complex deemed 3093 appropriate by the Board or (b) a limited service hotel, the Board may authorize the sale and 3094 consumption of alcoholic beverages in dining areas, private guest rooms, and other designated areas to 3095 persons to whom overnight lodging is being provided, for on-premises consumption in such rooms or 3096 areas, and without regard to the amount of gross receipts from the sale of food prepared and consumed 3097 on the premises, provided that at least one meal is provided each day by the hotel to such guests. With 3098 regard to facilities registered in accordance with Chapter 49 (§ 38.2-4900 et seq.) of Title 38.2 as 3099 continuing care communities that are also licensed by the Board under this subdivision, any resident 3100 may, upon authorization of the licensee, keep and consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic 3101 beverages on the premises in all areas covered by the license. For purposes of this subdivision, "other 3102 designated areas" includes outdoor dining areas, whether or not contiguous to the licensed premises, 3103 which may have more than one means of ingress and egress to an adjacent public thoroughfare, 3104 provided that such outdoor dining areas are under the control of the licensee and approved by the Board. 3105 Such noncontiguous designated areas shall not be approved for any retail license issued pursuant to 3106 subdivision A 5 of § 4.1-201.

3107 2. Hospitals, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer (i) in the rooms of patients for
3108 their on-premises consumption only in such rooms, provided the consent of the patient's attending
3109 physician is first obtained or (ii) in closed containers for off-premises consumption.

3110 3. Rural grocery stores, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer for on-premises 3111 consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption. No license shall be granted unless (i) 3112 the grocery store is located in any town or in a rural area outside the corporate limits of any city or 3113 town and (ii) it appears affirmatively that a substantial public demand for such licensed establishment 3114 exists and that public convenience and the purposes of this title *subtitle* will be promoted by granting 3115 the license.

3116 4. Coliseums, stadiums, and racetracks, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer 3117 during any event and immediately subsequent thereto to patrons within all seating areas, concourses, 3118 walkways, concession areas, and additional locations designated by the Board (i) in closed containers for 3119 off-premises consumption or (ii) in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers or in single original 3120 metal cans for on-premises consumption. Upon authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and 3121 consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises in all areas and locations 3122 covered by the license. Such licenses may be granted to persons operating food concessions at 3123 coliseums, stadiums, racetracks, or similar facilities.

3124 5. Performing arts food concessionaires, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer 3125 during the performance of any event to patrons within all seating areas, concourses, walkways, or concession areas, or other areas approved by the Board (i) in closed containers for off-premises 3126 3127 consumption or (ii) in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers or in single original metal cans for 3128 on-premises consumption. Upon authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and consume his 3129 own lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises in all areas and locations covered by the 3130 license. Such licenses may be granted to persons operating food concessions at any outdoor performing 3131 arts amphitheater, arena, or similar facility that (a) has seating for more than 20,000 persons and is 3132 located in Prince William County or the City of Virginia Beach; (b) has seating or capacity for more than 3,500 persons and is located in the County of Albemarle, Alleghany, Augusta, Nelson, Pittsylvania, 3133 or Rockingham or the City of Charlottesville, Danville, or Roanoke; or (c) has capacity for more than 3134

3135 9,500 persons and is located in Henrico County.

3136 6. Exhibition halls, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer during the event to patrons or attendees within all seating areas, exhibition areas, concourses, walkways, concession areas, 3137 3138 and such additional locations designated by the Board in such facilities (i) in closed containers for 3139 off-premises consumption or (ii) in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers or in single original 3140 metal cans for on-premises consumption. Upon authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and 3141 consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises in all areas and locations 3142 covered by the license. Such licenses may be granted to persons operating food concessions at exhibition 3143 or exposition halls, convention centers, or similar facilities located in any county operating under the 3144 urban county executive form of government or any city that is completely surrounded by such county. For purposes of this subdivision, "exhibition or exposition hall" and "convention centers" mean facilities 3145 conducting private or public trade shows or exhibitions in an indoor facility having in excess of 100,000 3146 3147 square feet of floor space.

3148 7. Concert and dinner-theaters, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer during events 3149 to patrons or attendees within all seating areas, exhibition areas, concourses, walkways, concession areas, 3150 dining areas, and such additional locations designated by the Board in such facilities, for on-premises 3151 consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption. Persons licensed pursuant to this 3152 subdivision shall serve food, prepared on or off premises, whenever wine or beer is served. Such 3153 licenses may be granted to persons operating concert or dinner-theater venues on property fronting 3154 Natural Bridge School Road in Natural Bridge Station and formerly operated as Natural Bridge High 3155 School.

3156 8. Historic cinema houses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer, either with or without meals, during any showing of a motion picture to patrons to whom alcoholic beverages may be 3157 3158 lawfully sold, for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption. The 3159 privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the historic cinema house regularly occupied 3160 and utilized as such.

3161 9. Nonprofit museums, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer for on-premises 3162 consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption in areas approved by the Board. Such licenses may be granted to persons operating a nonprofit museum exempt from taxation under 3163 3164 § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, located in the Town of Front Royal, and dedicated to 3165 educating the consuming public about historic beer products. The privileges of this license shall be 3166 limited to the premises of the museum, regularly occupied and utilized as such. 3167

C. The Board may grant the following off-premises wine and beer licenses:

3168 1. Retail off-premises wine and beer licenses, which may be granted to a convenience grocery store, 3169 delicatessen, drugstore, gift shop, gourmet oyster house, gourmet shop, grocery store, or marina store as 3170 defined in § 4.1-100 and Board regulations. Such license shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer in closed containers for off-premises consumption and, notwithstanding the provisions of § 4.1-308, 3171 3172 to give to any person to whom wine or beer may be lawfully sold a sample of wine or beer for 3173 on-premises consumption; however, no single sample shall exceed four ounces of beer or two ounces of 3174 wine and no more than 12 ounces of beer or five ounces of wine shall be served to any person per day. 3175 The licensee may also give samples of wine and beer in designated areas at events held by the licensee 3176 for the purpose of featuring and educating the consuming public about the alcoholic beverages being 3177 tasted. With the consent of the licensee, farm wineries, wineries, breweries, distillers, and wholesale 3178 licensees or authorized representatives of such licensees may participate in such tastings, including the pouring of samples. The licensee shall comply with any food inventory and sales volume requirements 3179 3180 established by Board regulation.

3181 2. Gourmet brewing shop licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell to any person to whom 3182 wine or beer may be lawfully sold, ingredients for making wine or brewing beer, including packaging, 3183 and to rent to such persons facilities for manufacturing, fermenting, and bottling such wine or beer, for 3184 off-premises consumption in accordance with subdivision 6 of § 4.1-200.

3185 3. Confectionery licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to prepare and sell on the licensed 3186 premises for off-premises consumption confectionery that contains five percent or less alcohol by 3187 volume. Any alcohol contained in such confectionery shall not be in liquid form at the time such 3188 confectionery is sold.

D. The Board may grant the following banquet, special event, and tasting licenses:

1. Per-day event licenses.

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3191 a. Banquet licenses to persons in charge of banquets, and to duly organized nonprofit corporations or 3192 associations in charge of special events, which shall authorize the licensee to sell or give wine and beer 3193 in rooms or areas approved by the Board for the occasion for on-premises consumption in such rooms 3194 or areas. Licensees who are nonprofit corporations or associations conducting fundraisers (i) shall also 3195 be authorized to sell wine, as part of any fundraising activity, in closed containers for off-premises 3196 consumption to persons to whom wine may be lawfully sold; (ii) shall be limited to no more than one 3197 such fundraiser per year; and (iii) if conducting such fundraiser through an online meeting platform, may 3198 ship such wine, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed containers to persons located within the 3199 Commonwealth. Except as provided in § 4.1-215, a separate license shall be required for each day of ach banquet or special event. For the purposes of this subdivision, when the location named in the original application for a license is outdoors, the application may also name an alternative location in the event of inclement weather. However, no such license shall be required of any hotel, restaurant, or club holding a retail wine and beer license.

b. Mixed beverage special events licenses to a duly organized nonprofit corporation or association in charge of a special event, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed beverages for on-premises consumption in areas approved by the Board on the premises of the place designated in the license. A separate license shall be required for each day of each special event.

3208 c. Mixed beverage club events licenses to a club holding a wine and beer club license, which shall 3209 authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed beverages for on-premises consumption by club members 3210 and their guests in areas approved by the Board on the club premises. A separate license shall be 3211 required for each day of each club event. No more than 12 such licenses shall be granted to a club in any calendar year. The granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize 3212 3213 the licensee to obtain a license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption; however, 3214 the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional license pursuant to 3215 § 4.1-233.1.

d. Tasting licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell or give samples of alcoholic beverages
of the type specified in the license in designated areas at events held by the licensee. A tasting license
shall be issued for the purpose of featuring and educating the consuming public about the alcoholic
beverages being tasted. A separate license shall be required for each day of each tasting event. No
tasting license shall be required for conduct authorized by § 4.1-201.1.

3221 2. Annual licenses.

3222 a. Annual banquet licenses to duly organized private nonprofit fraternal, patriotic, or charitable 3223 membership organizations that are exempt from state and federal taxation and in charge of banquets 3224 conducted exclusively for members and their guests, which shall authorize the licensee to serve wine 3225 and beer in rooms or areas approved by the Board for the occasion for on-premises consumption in such 3226 rooms or areas. Such license shall authorize the licensee to conduct no more than 12 banquets per 3227 calendar year. For the purposes of this subdivision, when the location named in the original application 3228 for a license is outdoors, the application may also name an alternative location in the event of inclement 3229 weather. However, no such license shall be required of any hotel, restaurant, or club holding a retail 3230 wine and beer license.

3231 b. Banquet facility licenses to volunteer fire departments and volunteer emergency medical services 3232 agencies, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic 3233 beverages on the premises of the licensee by any person, and bona fide members and guests thereof, 3234 otherwise eligible for a banquet license. However, lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages shall not be 3235 purchased or sold by the licensee or sold or charged for in any way by the person permitted to use the 3236 premises. Such premises shall be a volunteer fire or volunteer emergency medical services agency 3237 station or both, regularly occupied as such and recognized by the governing body of the county, city, or 3238 town in which it is located. Under conditions as specified by Board regulation, such premises may be 3239 other than a volunteer fire or volunteer emergency medical services agency station, provided such other 3240 premises are occupied and under the control of the volunteer fire department or volunteer emergency 3241 medical services agency while the privileges of its license are being exercised.

3242 c. Designated outdoor refreshment area licenses to a locality, business improvement district, or 3243 nonprofit organization, which shall authorize (i) the licensee to permit the consumption of alcoholic 3244 beverages within the area designated by the Board for the designated outdoor refreshment area and (ii) 3245 any permanent retail on-premises licensee that is located within the area designated by the Board for the 3246 designated outdoor refreshment area to sell alcoholic beverages within the permanent retail location for 3247 consumption in the area designated for the designated outdoor refreshment area, including sidewalks and 3248 the premises of businesses not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages at retail, upon approval of such 3249 businesses. In determining the designated area for the designated outdoor refreshment area, the Board 3250 shall consult with the locality. Designated outdoor refreshment area licensees shall be limited to 16 3251 events per year, and the duration of any event shall not exceed three consecutive days. However, the 3252 Board may increase the frequency and duration of events after adoption of an ordinance by a locality 3253 requesting such increase in frequency and duration. Such ordinance shall include the size and scope of 3254 the area within which such events will be held, a public safety plan, and any other considerations 3255 deemed necessary by the Board. Such limitations on the number of events that may be held shall not 3256 apply during the effective dates of any rule, regulation, or order that is issued by the Governor or State Health Commissioner to meet a public health emergency and that effectively reduces allowable 3257

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3258 restaurant seating capacity; however, designated outdoor refreshment area licensees shall be subject to all 3259 other applicable provisions of this title subtitle and Board regulations and shall provide notice to the 3260 Board regarding the days and times during which the privileges of the license will be exercised. Only 3261 alcoholic beverages purchased from permanent retail on-premises licensees located within the designated 3262 area may be consumed at the event, and such alcoholic beverages shall be contained in paper, plastic, or 3263 similar disposable containers that clearly display the name or logo of the retail on-premises licensee 3264 from which the alcoholic beverage was purchased. Alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for 3265 in any way by the designated outdoor refreshment area licensee. The designated outdoor refreshment 3266 area licensee shall post appropriate signage clearly demarcating for the public the boundaries of the event; however, no physical barriers shall be required for this purpose. The designated outdoor 3267 3268 refreshment area licensee shall provide adequate security for the event to ensure compliance with the 3269 applicable provisions of this title *subtitle* and Board regulations.

3270 d. Annual mixed beverage banquet licenses to duly organized private nonprofit fraternal, patriotic, or 3271 charitable membership organizations that are exempt from state and federal taxation and in charge of 3272 banquets conducted exclusively for members and their guests, which shall authorize the licensee to serve 3273 mixed beverages for on-premises consumption in areas approved by the Board on the premises of the 3274 place designated in the license. Such license shall authorize the licensee to conduct no more than 12 3275 banquets per calendar year. The granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically 3276 authorize the licensee to obtain a license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption; 3277 however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional license pursuant 3278 to § 4.1-233.1.

3279 e. Equine sporting event licenses, which may be issued to organizations holding equestrian, hunt, and 3280 steeplechase events, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully acquired 3281 alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by patrons thereof during such event. However, 3282 alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way by the licensee. The privileges of this license shall be (i) limited to the premises of the licensee, regularly occupied and utilized for equestrian, 3283 3284 hunt, and steeplechase events, and (ii) exercised on no more than four calendar days per year.

3285 f. Annual arts venue event licenses, to persons operating an arts venue, which shall authorize the 3286 licensee participating in a community art walk that is open to the public to serve lawfully acquired wine 3287 or beer on the premises of the licensee to adult patrons thereof during such events. However, alcoholic 3288 beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way, directly or indirectly, by the licensee, and the 3289 licensee shall not give more than two five-ounce glasses of wine or two 12-ounce glasses of beer to any 3290 one adult patron. The privileges of this license shall be (i) limited to the premises of the arts venue 3291 regularly occupied and used as such and (ii) exercised on no more than 12 calendar days per year.

3292 E. The Board may grant a marketplace license to persons operating a business enterprise of which the primary function is not the sale of alcoholic beverages, which shall authorize the licensee to serve 3293 complimentary wine or beer to bona fide customers on the licensed premises subject to any limitations 3294 3295 imposed by the Board; however, the licensee shall not give more than two five-ounce glasses of wine or 3296 two 12-ounce glasses of beer to any customer per day, nor shall it sell or otherwise charge a fee to such 3297 customer for the wine or beer served or consumed. In order to be eligible for and retain a marketplace 3298 license, the applicant's business enterprise must (i) provide a single category of goods or services in a 3299 manner intended to create a personalized experience for the customer; (ii) employ staff with expertise in 3300 such goods or services; (iii) be ineligible for any other license granted by the Board; (iv) have an 3301 alcoholic beverage control manager on the licensed premises at all times alcohol is served; (v) ensure 3302 that all employees satisfy any training requirements imposed by the Board; and (vi) purchase all wine 3303 and beer to be served from a licensed wholesaler or the Authority and retain purchase records as 3304 prescribed by the Board. In determining whether to grant a marketplace license, the Board shall consider 3305 (a) the average amount of time customers spend at the business; (b) the business's hours of operation; 3306 (c) the amount of time that the business has been in operation; and (d) any other requirements deemed 3307 necessary by the Board to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. 3308

F. The Board may grant the following shipper, bottler, and related licenses:

3309 1. Wine and beer shipper licenses, which shall carry the privileges and limitations set forth in 3310 § 4.1-209.1.

3311 2. Internet wine and beer retailer licenses, which shall authorize persons located within or outside the 3312 Commonwealth to sell and ship wine and beer, in accordance with § 4.1-209.1 and Board regulations, in 3313 closed containers to persons in the Commonwealth to whom wine and beer may be lawfully sold for 3314 off-premises consumption. Such licensee shall not be required to comply with the monthly food sale 3315 requirement established by Board regulations.

3316 3. Bottler licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to acquire and receive deliveries and shipments 3317 of beer in closed containers and to bottle, sell, and deliver or ship it, in accordance with Board regulations to (i) wholesale beer licensees for the purpose of resale, (ii) owners of boats registered under 3318 3319 the laws of the United States sailing for ports of call of a foreign country or another state, and (iii)

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3320 persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth.

3321 4. Fulfillment warehouse licenses, which shall authorize associations as defined in § 13.1-313 with a 3322 place of business located in the Commonwealth to (i) receive deliveries and shipments of wine or beer 3323 owned by holders of wine and beer shipper's licenses; (ii) store such wine or beer on behalf of the 3324 owner; and (iii) pick, pack, and ship such wine or beer as directed by the owner, all in accordance with 3325 Board regulations. No wholesale wine or wholesale beer licensee, whether licensed in the 3326 Commonwealth or not, or any person under common control of such licensee, shall acquire or hold any 3327 financial interest, direct or indirect, in the business for which any fulfillment warehouse license is 3328 issued.

3329 5. Marketing portal licenses, which shall authorize agricultural cooperative associations organized 3330 under the provisions of the Agricultural Cooperative Association Act (§ 13.1-312 et seq.), with a place 3331 of business located in the Commonwealth, in accordance with Board regulations, to solicit and receive 3332 orders for wine or beer through the use of the Internet from persons in the Commonwealth to whom 3333 wine or beer may be lawfully sold, on behalf of holders of wine and beer shipper's licenses. Upon 3334 receipt of an order for wine or beer, the licensee shall forward it to a holder of a wine and beer 3335 shipper's license for fulfillment. Marketing portal licensees may also accept payment on behalf of the shipper. 3336 3337

§ 4.1-206.3. (Effective July 1, 2022) Retail licenses.

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A. The Board may grant the following mixed beverages licenses:

3339 1. Mixed beverage restaurant licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed 3340 beverages for consumption in dining areas and other designated areas of such restaurant. Such license may be granted only to persons (i) who operate a restaurant and (ii) whose gross receipts from the sale 3341 3342 of food cooked, or prepared, and consumed on the premises and nonalcoholic beverages served on the 3343 premises, after issuance of such license, amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale 3344 of mixed beverages and food. For the purposes of this subdivision, other designated areas shall include 3345 outdoor dining areas, whether or not contiguous to the licensed premises, which outdoor dining areas 3346 may have more than one means of ingress and egress to an adjacent public thoroughfare, provided such 3347 areas are under the control of the licensee and approved by the Board. Such noncontiguous designated 3348 areas shall not be approved for any retail license issued pursuant to subdivision A 5 of § 4.1-201.

3349 If the restaurant is located on the premises of a hotel or motel with no fewer than four permanent 3350 bedrooms where food and beverage service is customarily provided by the restaurant in designated areas, 3351 bedrooms, and other private rooms of such hotel or motel, such licensee may (a) sell and serve mixed 3352 beverages for consumption in such designated areas, bedrooms, and other private rooms and (b) sell 3353 spirits packaged in original closed containers purchased from the Board for on-premises consumption to 3354 registered guests and at scheduled functions of such hotel or motel only in such bedrooms or private 3355 rooms. However, with regard to a hotel classified as a resort complex, the Board may authorize the sale 3356 and on-premises consumption of alcoholic beverages in all areas within the resort complex deemed 3357 appropriate by the Board. Nothing herein shall prohibit any person from keeping and consuming his own 3358 lawfully acquired spirits in bedrooms or private rooms.

3359 If the restaurant is located on the premises of and operated by a private, nonprofit, or profit club 3360 exclusively for its members and their guests, or members of another private, nonprofit, or profit club in 3361 another city with which it has an agreement for reciprocal dining privileges, such license shall also 3362 authorize the licensees to (1) sell and serve mixed beverages for on-premises consumption and (2) sell 3363 spirits that are packaged in original closed containers with a maximum capacity of two fluid ounces or 3364 50 milliliters and purchased from the Board for on-premises consumption. Where such club prepares no 3365 food in its restaurant but purchases its food requirements from a restaurant licensed by the Board and 3366 located on another portion of the premises of the same hotel or motel building, this fact shall not 3367 prohibit the granting of a license by the Board to such club qualifying in all other respects. The club's 3368 gross receipts from the sale of nonalcoholic beverages consumed on the premises and food resold to its 3369 members and guests and consumed on the premises shall amount to at least 45 percent of its gross 3370 receipts from the sale of mixed beverages and food. The food sales made by a restaurant to such a club shall be excluded in any consideration of the qualifications of such restaurant for a license from the 3371 3372 Board.

3373 If the restaurant is located on the premises of and operated by a municipal golf course, the Board 3374 shall recognize the seasonal nature of the business and waive any applicable monthly food sales 3375 requirements for those months when weather conditions may reduce patronage of the golf course, 3376 provided that prepared food, including meals, is available to patrons during the same months. The gross 3377 receipts from the sale of food cooked, or prepared, and consumed on the premises and nonalcoholic 3378 beverages served on the premises, after the issuance of such license, shall amount to at least 45 percent 3379 of the gross receipts from the sale of mixed beverages and food on an annualized basis.

3380 If the restaurant is located on the premises of and operated by a culinary lodging resort, such license

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shall authorize the licensee to (A) sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption, without regard
to the amount of gross receipts from the sale of food prepared and consumed on the premises, in areas
upon the licensed premises approved by the Board and other designated areas of the resort, including
outdoor areas under the control of the licensee, and (B) permit the possession and consumption of
lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages by persons to whom overnight lodging is being provided in
bedrooms and private guest rooms.

3387 The granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to
3388 obtain a license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption and in closed containers
3389 for off-premises consumption; however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for
3390 such additional license pursuant to § 4.1-233.1.

3.391 2. Mixed beverage caterer's licenses, which may be granted only to a person regularly engaged in the business of providing food and beverages to others for service at private gatherings or at special events, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption.
3.394 The annual gross receipts from the sale of food cooked and prepared for service and nonalcoholic beverages served at gatherings and events referred to in this subdivision shall amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale of mixed beverages and food.

3. Mixed beverage limited caterer's licenses, which may be granted only to a person regularly
engaged in the business of providing food and beverages to others for service at private gatherings or at
special events, not to exceed 12 gatherings or events per year, which shall authorize the licensee to sell
and serve alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption. The annual gross receipts from the sale of
food cooked and prepared for service and nonalcoholic beverages served at gatherings and events
referred to in this subdivision shall amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale of
mixed beverages and food.

4. Mixed beverage carrier licenses to persons operating a common carrier of passengers by train, 3404 3405 boat, bus, or airplane, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed beverages anywhere in 3406 the Commonwealth to passengers while in transit aboard any such common carrier, and in designated 3407 rooms of establishments of air carriers at airports in the Commonwealth. For purposes of supplying its 3408 airplanes, as well as any airplanes of a licensed express carrier flying under the same brand, an air 3409 carrier licensee may appoint an authorized representative to load alcoholic beverages onto the same 3410 airplanes and to transport and store alcoholic beverages at or in close proximity to the airport where the 3411 alcoholic beverages will be delivered onto airplanes of the air carrier and any such licensed express 3412 carrier. The air carrier licensee shall (i) designate for purposes of its license all locations where the 3413 inventory of alcoholic beverages may be stored and from which the alcoholic beverages will be 3414 delivered onto airplanes of the air carrier and any such licensed express carrier and (ii) maintain records 3415 of all alcoholic beverages to be transported, stored, and delivered by its authorized representative. The 3416 granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a 3417 license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for 3418 off-premises consumption; however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such 3419 additional license pursuant to § 4.1-233.1.

3420 5. Annual mixed beverage motor sports facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell mixed beverages, in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers or in single original metal cans, 3421 3422 during scheduled events, as well as events or performances immediately subsequent thereto, to patrons in 3423 all dining facilities, seating areas, viewing areas, walkways, concession areas, or similar facilities, for 3424 on-premises consumption. Such license may be granted to persons operating food concessions at an 3425 outdoor motor sports facility that (i) is located on 1,200 acres of rural property bordering the Dan River 3426 and has a track surface of 3.27 miles in length or (ii) hosts a NASCAR national touring race. Upon 3427 authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic 3428 beverages on the premises in all areas and locations covered by the license. The granting of a license 3429 pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a license to sell and 3430 serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption; 3431 however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional license pursuant 3432 to § 4.1-233.1.

3433 6. Limited mixed beverage restaurant licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve 3434 dessert wines as defined by Board regulation and no more than six varieties of liqueurs, which liqueurs 3435 shall be combined with coffee or other nonalcoholic beverages, for consumption in dining areas of the 3436 restaurant. Such license may be granted only to persons who operate a restaurant and in no event shall 3437 the sale of such wine or liqueur-based drinks, together with the sale of any other alcoholic beverages, 3438 exceed 10 percent of the total annual gross sales of all food and alcoholic beverages. The granting of a 3439 license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a license to sell 3440 and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises 3441 consumption; however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional 3442 license pursuant to § 4.1-233.1.

3443 7. Annual mixed beverage performing arts facility licenses, which shall (i) authorize the licensee to 3444 sell, on the dates of performances or events, alcoholic beverages in paper, plastic, or similar disposable 3445 containers or in single original metal cans for on-premises consumption in all seating areas, concourses, 3446 walkways, concession areas, similar facilities, and other areas upon the licensed premises approved by 3447 the Board and (ii) automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a license to sell and serve wine and 3448 beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption; however, the 3449 licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional license pursuant to 3450 § 4.1-233.1. Such licenses may be granted to the following:

a. Corporations or associations operating a performing arts facility, provided the performing arts facility (i) is owned by a governmental entity; (ii) is occupied by a for-profit entity under a bona fide lease, the original term of which was for more than one year's duration; and (iii) has been rehabilitated in accordance with historic preservation standards;

b. Persons operating food concessions at any performing arts facility located in the City of Norfolk
or the City of Richmond, provided that the performing arts facility (i) is occupied under a bona fide
long-term lease or concession agreement, the original term of which was more than five years; (ii) has a
capacity in excess of 1,400 patrons; (iii) has been rehabilitated in accordance with historic preservation
standards; and (iv) has monthly gross receipts from the sale of food cooked, or prepared, and consumed
on the premises and nonalcoholic beverages served on the premises that meet or exceed the monthly
minimum established by Board regulations for mixed beverage restaurants;

c. Persons operating food concessions at any performing arts facility located in the City of
Waynesboro, provided that the performing arts facility (i) is occupied under a bona fide long-term lease
or concession agreement, the original term of which was more than five years; (ii) has a total capacity
in excess of 550 patrons; and (iii) has been rehabilitated in accordance with historic preservation
standards;

d. Persons operating food concessions at any performing arts facility located in the arts and cultural district of the City of Harrisonburg, provided that the performing arts facility (i) is occupied under a bona fide long-term lease or concession agreement, the original term of which was more than five years;
(ii) has been rehabilitated in accordance with historic preservation standards; (iii) has monthly gross receipts from the sale of food cooked, or prepared, and consumed on the premises and nonalcoholic beverages served on the premises that meet or exceed the monthly minimum established by Board regulations for mixed beverage restaurants; and (iv) has a total capacity in excess of 900 patrons;

e. Persons operating food concessions at any multipurpose theater located in the historical district of
the Town of Bridgewater, provided that the theater (i) is owned and operated by a governmental entity
and (ii) has a total capacity in excess of 100 patrons;

3477 f. Persons operating food concessions at any outdoor performing arts amphitheater, arena, or similar
3478 facility that has seating for more than 20,000 persons and is located in Prince William County or the
3479 City of Virginia Beach;

3480 g. Persons operating food concessions at any outdoor performing arts amphitheater, arena, or similar
3481 facility that has seating for more than 5,000 persons and is located in the City of Alexandria or the City
3482 of Portsmouth; or

h. Persons operating food concessions at any corporate and performing arts facility located in Fairfax
County, provided that the corporate and performing arts facility (i) is occupied under a bona fide
long-term lease, management, or concession agreement, the original term of which was more than one
year and (ii) has a total capacity in excess of 1,400 patrons. Such license shall authorize the sale, on the
dates of performances or events, of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption in areas upon the
licensed premises approved by the Board.

3489 8. Combined mixed beverage restaurant and caterer's licenses, which may be granted to any 3490 restaurant or hotel that meets the qualifications for both a mixed beverage restaurant pursuant to 3491 subdivision 1 and mixed beverage caterer pursuant to subdivision 2 for the same business location, and 3492 which license shall authorize the licensee to operate as both a mixed beverage restaurant and mixed 3493 beverage caterer at the same business premises designated in the license, with a common alcoholic 3494 beverage inventory for purposes of the restaurant and catering operations. Such licensee shall meet the 3495 separate food qualifications established for the mixed beverage restaurant license pursuant to subdivision 3496 1 and mixed beverage caterer's license pursuant to subdivision 2. The granting of a license pursuant to 3497 this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a license to sell and serve wine and 3498 beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption; however, the 3499 licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional license pursuant to 3500 § 4.1-233.1.

3501 9. Bed and breakfast licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to (i) serve alcoholic beverages in dining areas, private guest rooms, and other designated areas to persons to whom overnight lodging is being provided, with or without meals, for on-premises consumption only in such rooms and areas, and

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3504 without regard to the amount of gross receipts from the sale of food prepared and consumed on the 3505 premises and (ii) permit the consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages by persons to whom overnight lodging is being provided in (a) bedrooms or private guest rooms or (b) other designated areas 3506 of the bed and breakfast establishment. For purposes of this subdivision, "other designated areas" 3507 includes outdoor dining areas, whether or not contiguous to the licensed premises, which may have more 3508 3509 than one means of ingress and egress to an adjacent public thoroughfare, provided that such outdoor 3510 dining areas are under the control of the licensee and approved by the Board. Such noncontiguous 3511 designated areas shall not be approved for any retail license issued pursuant to subdivision A 5 of 3512 § 4.1-201.

10. Museum licenses, which may be issued to nonprofit museums exempt from taxation under
\$ 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which shall authorize the licensee to (i) permit the
consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by any bona fide
member and guests thereof and (ii) serve alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee to any
bona fide member and guests thereof. However, alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in
any way by the licensee. The privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the museum,
regularly occupied and utilized as such.

3520 11. Motor car sporting event facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by patrons thereof during such events. However, alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way, directly or indirectly, by the licensee. The privileges of this license shall be limited to those areas of the licensee's premises designated by the Board that are regularly occupied and utilized for motor car sporting events.

3526 12. Commercial lifestyle center licenses, which may be issued only to a commercial owners' 3527 association governing a commercial lifestyle center, which shall authorize any retail on-premises 3528 restaurant licensee that is a tenant of the commercial lifestyle center to sell alcoholic beverages to any 3529 bona fide customer to whom alcoholic beverages may be lawfully sold for consumption on that portion 3530 of the licensed premises of the commercial lifestyle center designated by the Board, including (i) plazas, 3531 seating areas, concourses, walkways, or such other similar areas and (ii) the premises of any tenant 3532 location of the commercial lifestyle center that is not a retail licensee of the Board, upon approval of 3533 such tenant, but excluding any parking areas. Only alcoholic beverages purchased from such retail 3534 on-premises restaurant licensees may be consumed on the licensed premises of the commercial lifestyle 3535 center, and such alcoholic beverages shall be contained in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers 3536 with the name or logo of the restaurant licensee that sold the alcoholic beverage clearly displayed. 3537 Alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way by the commercial lifestyle center 3538 licensee. The licensee shall post appropriate signage clearly demarcating for the public the boundaries of 3539 the licensed premises; however, no physical barriers shall be required for this purpose. The licensee shall 3540 provide adequate security for the licensed premises to ensure compliance with the applicable provisions 3541 of this title subtitle and Board regulations.

3542 13. Mixed beverage port restaurant licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve 3543 mixed beverages for consumption in dining areas and other designated areas of such restaurant. Such license may be granted only to persons operating a business (i) that is primarily engaged in the sale of 3544 3545 meals; (ii) that is located on property owned by the United States government or an agency thereof and 3546 used as a port of entry to or egress from the United States; and (iii) whose gross receipts from the sale 3547 of food cooked, or prepared, and consumed on the premises and nonalcoholic beverages served on the 3548 premises, after issuance of such license, amount to at least 45 percent of the gross receipts from the sale 3549 of mixed beverages and food. For the purposes of this subdivision, other designated areas shall include 3550 outdoor dining areas, whether or not contiguous to the licensed premises, which outdoor dining areas 3551 may have more than one means of ingress and egress to an adjacent public thoroughfare, provided such 3552 areas are under the control of the licensee and approved by the Board. Such noncontiguous designated 3553 areas shall not be approved for any retail license issued pursuant to subdivision A 5 of § 4.1-201. The 3554 granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize the licensee to obtain a 3555 license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption; however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such 3556 3557 additional license pursuant to § 4.1-233.1.

3558 14. Annual mixed beverage special events licenses to (i) a duly organized nonprofit corporation or 3559 association operating either a performing arts facility or an art education and exhibition facility; (ii) a 3560 nonprofit corporation or association chartered by Congress for the preservation of sites, buildings, and 3561 objects significant in American history and culture; (iii) persons operating an agricultural event and 3562 entertainment park or similar facility that has a minimum of 50,000 square feet of indoor exhibit space 3563 and equine and other livestock show areas, which includes barns, pavilions, or other structures equipped with roofs, exterior walls, and open-door or closed-door access; or (iv) a locality for special events 3564 3565 conducted on the premises of a museum for historic interpretation that is owned and operated by the

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locality. The operation in all cases shall be upon premises owned by such licensee or occupied under a
bona fide lease, the original term of which was for more than one year's duration. Such license shall
authorize the licensee to sell alcoholic beverages during scheduled events and performances for
on-premises consumption in areas upon the licensed premises approved by the Board.

3570 B. The Board may grant an on-and-off-premises wine and beer license to the following:

3571 1. Hotels, restaurants, and clubs, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer (i) in closed 3572 containers for off-premises consumption or (ii) for on-premises consumption, either with or without 3573 meals, in dining areas and other designated areas of such restaurants, or in dining areas, private guest 3574 rooms, and other designated areas of such hotels or clubs, for consumption only in such rooms and 3575 areas. However, with regard to a hotel classified by the Board as (a) a resort complex, the Board may 3576 authorize the sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages in all areas within the resort complex deemed 3577 appropriate by the Board or (b) a limited service hotel, the Board may authorize the sale and 3578 consumption of alcoholic beverages in dining areas, private guest rooms, and other designated areas to 3579 persons to whom overnight lodging is being provided, for on-premises consumption in such rooms or 3580 areas, and without regard to the amount of gross receipts from the sale of food prepared and consumed 3581 on the premises, provided that at least one meal is provided each day by the hotel to such guests. With regard to facilities registered in accordance with Chapter 49 (§ 38.2-4900 et seq.) of Title 38.2 as 3582 3583 continuing care communities that are also licensed by the Board under this subdivision, any resident 3584 may, upon authorization of the licensee, keep and consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic 3585 beverages on the premises in all areas covered by the license. For purposes of this subdivision, "other 3586 designated areas" includes outdoor dining areas, whether or not contiguous to the licensed premises, 3587 which may have more than one means of ingress and egress to an adjacent public thoroughfare, 3588 provided that such outdoor dining areas are under the control of the licensee and approved by the Board. 3589 Such noncontiguous designated areas shall not be approved for any retail license issued pursuant to 3590 subdivision A 5 of § 4.1-201.

3591 2. Hospitals, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer (i) in the rooms of patients for
3592 their on-premises consumption only in such rooms, provided the consent of the patient's attending
3593 physician is first obtained or (ii) in closed containers for off-premises consumption.

3594 3. Rural grocery stores, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer for on-premises
3595 consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption. No license shall be granted unless (i)
3596 the grocery store is located in any town or in a rural area outside the corporate limits of any city or
3597 town and (ii) it appears affirmatively that a substantial public demand for such licensed establishment
as and that public convenience and the purposes of this title *subtitle* will be promoted by granting
as the license.

3600 4. Coliseums, stadiums, and racetracks, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer 3601 during any event and immediately subsequent thereto to patrons within all seating areas, concourses, 3602 walkways, concession areas, and additional locations designated by the Board (i) in closed containers for 3603 off-premises consumption or (ii) in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers or in single original 3604 metal cans for on-premises consumption. Upon authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and 3605 consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises in all areas and locations 3606 covered by the license. Such licenses may be granted to persons operating food concessions at 3607 coliseums, stadiums, racetracks, or similar facilities.

3608 5. Performing arts food concessionaires, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer 3609 during the performance of any event to patrons within all seating areas, concourses, walkways, or 3610 concession areas, or other areas approved by the Board (i) in closed containers for off-premises consumption or (ii) in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers or in single original metal cans for 3611 3612 on-premises consumption. Upon authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises in all areas and locations covered by the 3613 license. Such licenses may be granted to persons operating food concessions at any outdoor performing 3614 arts amphitheater, arena, or similar facility that (a) has seating for more than 20,000 persons and is 3615 3616 located in Prince William County or the City of Virginia Beach; (b) has seating or capacity for more 3617 than 3,500 persons and is located in the County of Albemarle, Alleghany, Augusta, Nelson, Pittsylvania, 3618 or Rockingham or the City of Charlottesville, Danville, or Roanoke; or (c) has capacity for more than 3619 9,500 persons and is located in Henrico County.

6. Exhibition halls, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer during the event to
patrons or attendees within all seating areas, exhibition areas, concourses, walkways, concession areas,
and such additional locations designated by the Board in such facilities (i) in closed containers for
off-premises consumption or (ii) in paper, plastic, or similar disposable containers or in single original
metal cans for on-premises consumption. Upon authorization of the licensee, any person may keep and
consume his own lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages on the premises in all areas and locations
covered by the license. Such licenses may be granted to persons operating food concessions at exhibition

3627 or exposition halls, convention centers, or similar facilities located in any county operating under the 3628 urban county executive form of government or any city that is completely surrounded by such county. 3629 For purposes of this subdivision, "exhibition or exposition hall" and "convention centers" mean facilities 3630 conducting private or public trade shows or exhibitions in an indoor facility having in excess of 100,000 3631 square feet of floor space.

3632 7. Concert and dinner-theaters, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer during events 3633 to patrons or attendees within all seating areas, exhibition areas, concourses, walkways, concession areas, 3634 dining areas, and such additional locations designated by the Board in such facilities, for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption. Persons licensed pursuant to this 3635 3636 subdivision shall serve food, prepared on or off premises, whenever wine or beer is served. Such licenses may be granted to persons operating concert or dinner-theater venues on property fronting 3637 3638 Natural Bridge School Road in Natural Bridge Station and formerly operated as Natural Bridge High 3639 School.

3640 8. Historic cinema houses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer, either with or 3641 without meals, during any showing of a motion picture to patrons to whom alcoholic beverages may be 3642 lawfully sold, for on-premises consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption. The 3643 privileges of this license shall be limited to the premises of the historic cinema house regularly occupied 3644 and utilized as such.

3645 9. Nonprofit museums, which shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer for on-premises 3646 consumption or in closed containers for off-premises consumption in areas approved by the Board. Such 3647 licenses may be granted to persons operating a nonprofit museum exempt from taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, located in the Town of Front Royal, and dedicated to 3648 educating the consuming public about historic beer products. The privileges of this license shall be 3649 limited to the premises of the museum, regularly occupied and utilized as such. 3650 3651

C. The Board may grant the following off-premises wine and beer licenses:

3652 1. Retail off-premises wine and beer licenses, which may be granted to a convenience grocery store, delicatessen, drugstore, gift shop, gourmet oyster house, gourmet shop, grocery store, or marina store as 3653 3654 defined in § 4.1-100 and Board regulations. Such license shall authorize the licensee to sell wine and beer in closed containers for off-premises consumption and, notwithstanding the provisions of § 4.1-308, 3655 3656 to give to any person to whom wine or beer may be lawfully sold a sample of wine or beer for 3657 on-premises consumption; however, no single sample shall exceed four ounces of beer or two ounces of 3658 wine and no more than 12 ounces of beer or five ounces of wine shall be served to any person per day. 3659 The licensee may also give samples of wine and beer in designated areas at events held by the licensee 3660 for the purpose of featuring and educating the consuming public about the alcoholic beverages being tasted. With the consent of the licensee, farm wineries, wineries, breweries, distillers, and wholesale 3661 3662 licensees or authorized representatives of such licensees may participate in such tastings, including the pouring of samples. The licensee shall comply with any food inventory and sales volume requirements 3663 3664 established by Board regulation.

2. Gourmet brewing shop licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell to any person to whom 3665 3666 wine or beer may be lawfully sold, ingredients for making wine or brewing beer, including packaging, and to rent to such persons facilities for manufacturing, fermenting, and bottling such wine or beer, for 3667 3668 off-premises consumption in accordance with subdivision 6 of § 4.1-200.

3669 3. Confectionery licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to prepare and sell on the licensed 3670 premises for off-premises consumption confectionery that contains five percent or less alcohol by 3671 volume. Any alcohol contained in such confectionery shall not be in liquid form at the time such 3672 confectionery is sold. 3673

D. The Board may grant the following banquet, special event, and tasting licenses:

1. Per-day event licenses.

3674 3675 a. Banquet licenses to persons in charge of banquets, and to duly organized nonprofit corporations or 3676 associations in charge of special events, which shall authorize the licensee to sell or give wine and beer 3677 in rooms or areas approved by the Board for the occasion for on-premises consumption in such rooms 3678 or areas. Licensees who are nonprofit corporations or associations conducting fundraisers (i) shall also 3679 be authorized to sell wine, as part of any fundraising activity, in closed containers for off-premises 3680 consumption to persons to whom wine may be lawfully sold; (ii) shall be limited to no more than one 3681 such fundraiser per year; and (iii) if conducting such fundraiser through an online meeting platform, may 3682 ship such wine, in accordance with Board regulations, in closed containers to persons located within the 3683 Commonwealth. Except as provided in § 4.1-215, a separate license shall be required for each day of each banquet or special event. For the purposes of this subdivision, when the location named in the 3684 3685 original application for a license is outdoors, the application may also name an alternative location in the 3686 event of inclement weather. However, no such license shall be required of any hotel, restaurant, or club 3687 holding a retail wine and beer license.

3688 b. Mixed beverage special events licenses to a duly organized nonprofit corporation or association in

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3689 charge of a special event, which shall authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed beverages for3690 on-premises consumption in areas approved by the Board on the premises of the place designated in the3691 license. A separate license shall be required for each day of each special event.

3692 c. Mixed beverage club events licenses to a club holding a wine and beer club license, which shall 3693 authorize the licensee to sell and serve mixed beverages for on-premises consumption by club members 3694 and their guests in areas approved by the Board on the club premises. A separate license shall be 3695 required for each day of each club event. No more than 12 such licenses shall be granted to a club in 3696 any calendar year. The granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically authorize 3697 the licensee to obtain a license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption; however, 3698 the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional license pursuant to 3699 § 4.1-233.1.

d. Tasting licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to sell or give samples of alcoholic beverages
of the type specified in the license in designated areas at events held by the licensee. A tasting license
shall be issued for the purpose of featuring and educating the consuming public about the alcoholic
beverages being tasted. A separate license shall be required for each day of each tasting event. No
tasting license shall be required for conduct authorized by § 4.1-201.1.

3705 2. Annual licenses.

3706 a. Annual banquet licenses to duly organized private nonprofit fraternal, patriotic, or charitable 3707 membership organizations that are exempt from state and federal taxation and in charge of banquets 3708 conducted exclusively for members and their guests, which shall authorize the licensee to serve wine 3709 and beer in rooms or areas approved by the Board for the occasion for on-premises consumption in such 3710 rooms or areas. Such license shall authorize the licensee to conduct no more than 12 banquets per 3711 calendar year. For the purposes of this subdivision, when the location named in the original application 3712 for a license is outdoors, the application may also name an alternative location in the event of inclement 3713 weather. However, no such license shall be required of any hotel, restaurant, or club holding a retail 3714 wine and beer license.

3715 b. Banquet facility licenses to volunteer fire departments and volunteer emergency medical services 3716 agencies, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully acquired alcoholic 3717 beverages on the premises of the licensee by any person, and bona fide members and guests thereof, 3718 otherwise eligible for a banquet license. However, lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages shall not be 3719 purchased or sold by the licensee or sold or charged for in any way by the person permitted to use the 3720 premises. Such premises shall be a volunteer fire or volunteer emergency medical services agency 3721 station or both, regularly occupied as such and recognized by the governing body of the county, city, or 3722 town in which it is located. Under conditions as specified by Board regulation, such premises may be 3723 other than a volunteer fire or volunteer emergency medical services agency station, provided such other 3724 premises are occupied and under the control of the volunteer fire department or volunteer emergency 3725 medical services agency while the privileges of its license are being exercised.

3726 c. Designated outdoor refreshment area licenses to a locality, business improvement district, or 3727 nonprofit organization, which shall authorize (i) the licensee to permit the consumption of alcoholic 3728 beverages within the area designated by the Board for the designated outdoor refreshment area and (ii) 3729 any permanent retail on-premises licensee that is located within the area designated by the Board for the 3730 designated outdoor refreshment area to sell alcoholic beverages within the permanent retail location for 3731 consumption in the area designated for the designated outdoor refreshment area, including sidewalks and 3732 the premises of businesses not licensed to sell alcoholic beverages at retail, upon approval of such 3733 businesses. In determining the designated area for the designated outdoor refreshment area, the Board shall consult with the locality. Designated outdoor refreshment area licensees shall be limited to 16 3734 3735 events per year, and the duration of any event shall not exceed three consecutive days. However, the 3736 Board may increase the frequency and duration of events after adoption of an ordinance by a locality 3737 requesting such increase in frequency and duration. Such ordinance shall include the size and scope of 3738 the area within which such events will be held, a public safety plan, and any other considerations 3739 deemed necessary by the Board. Such limitations on the number of events that may be held shall not 3740 apply during the effective dates of any rule, regulation, or order that is issued by the Governor or State 3741 Health Commissioner to meet a public health emergency and that effectively reduces allowable 3742 restaurant seating capacity; however, designated outdoor refreshment area licensees shall be subject to all 3743 other applicable provisions of this title subtitle and Board regulations and shall provide notice to the 3744 Board regarding the days and times during which the privileges of the license will be exercised. Only 3745 alcoholic beverages purchased from permanent retail on-premises licensees located within the designated 3746 area may be consumed at the event, and such alcoholic beverages shall be contained in paper, plastic, or 3747 similar disposable containers that clearly display the name or logo of the retail on-premises licensee 3748 from which the alcoholic beverage was purchased. Alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for 3749 in any way by the designated outdoor refreshment area licensee. The designated outdoor refreshment 3750 area licensee shall post appropriate signage clearly demarcating for the public the boundaries of the 3751 event; however, no physical barriers shall be required for this purpose. The designated outdoor 3752 refreshment area licensee shall provide adequate security for the event to ensure compliance with the 3753 applicable provisions of this title subtitle and Board regulations.

3754 d. Annual mixed beverage banquet licenses to duly organized private nonprofit fraternal, patriotic, or 3755 charitable membership organizations that are exempt from state and federal taxation and in charge of 3756 banquets conducted exclusively for members and their guests, which shall authorize the licensee to serve 3757 mixed beverages for on-premises consumption in areas approved by the Board on the premises of the 3758 place designated in the license. Such license shall authorize the licensee to conduct no more than 12 banquets per calendar year. The granting of a license pursuant to this subdivision shall automatically 3759 3760 authorize the licensee to obtain a license to sell and serve wine and beer for on-premises consumption; 3761 however, the licensee shall be required to pay the local fee required for such additional license pursuant 3762 to § 4.1-233.1.

3763 e. Equine sporting event licenses, which may be issued to organizations holding equestrian, hunt, and 3764 steeplechase events, which shall authorize the licensee to permit the consumption of lawfully acquired 3765 alcoholic beverages on the premises of the licensee by patrons thereof during such event. However, alcoholic beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way by the licensee. The privileges of this 3766 3767 license shall be (i) limited to the premises of the licensee, regularly occupied and utilized for equestrian, 3768 hunt, and steeplechase events, and (ii) exercised on no more than four calendar days per year.

3769 f. Annual arts venue event licenses, to persons operating an arts venue, which shall authorize the 3770 licensee participating in a community art walk that is open to the public to serve lawfully acquired wine 3771 or beer on the premises of the licensee to adult patrons thereof during such events. However, alcoholic 3772 beverages shall not be sold or charged for in any way, directly or indirectly, by the licensee, and the 3773 licensee shall not give more than two five-ounce glasses of wine or two 12-ounce glasses of beer to any 3774 one adult patron. The privileges of this license shall be (i) limited to the premises of the arts venue 3775 regularly occupied and used as such and (ii) exercised on no more than 12 calendar days per year.

3776 E. The Board may grant a marketplace license to persons operating a business enterprise of which 3777 the primary function is not the sale of alcoholic beverages, which shall authorize the licensee to serve 3778 complimentary wine or beer to bona fide customers on the licensed premises subject to any limitations 3779 imposed by the Board; however, the licensee shall not give more than two five-ounce glasses of wine or 3780 two 12-ounce glasses of beer to any customer per day, nor shall it sell or otherwise charge a fee to such 3781 customer for the wine or beer served or consumed. In order to be eligible for and retain a marketplace 3782 license, the applicant's business enterprise must (i) provide a single category of goods or services in a 3783 manner intended to create a personalized experience for the customer; (ii) employ staff with expertise in 3784 such goods or services; (iii) be ineligible for any other license granted by the Board; (iv) have an 3785 alcoholic beverage control manager on the licensed premises at all times alcohol is served; (v) ensure 3786 that all employees satisfy any training requirements imposed by the Board; and (vi) purchase all wine 3787 and beer to be served from a licensed wholesaler or the Authority and retain purchase records as 3788 prescribed by the Board. In determining whether to grant a marketplace license, the Board shall consider 3789 (a) the average amount of time customers spend at the business; (b) the business's hours of operation; 3790 (c) the amount of time that the business has been in operation; and (d) any other requirements deemed 3791 necessary by the Board to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. 3792

F. The Board may grant the following shipper, bottler, and related licenses:

3793 1. Wine and beer shipper licenses, which shall carry the privileges and limitations set forth in § 4.1-209.1. 3794

3795 2. Internet wine and beer retailer licenses, which shall authorize persons located within or outside the 3796 Commonwealth to sell and ship wine and beer, in accordance with § 4.1-209.1 and Board regulations, in 3797 closed containers to persons in the Commonwealth to whom wine and beer may be lawfully sold for 3798 off-premises consumption. Such licensee shall not be required to comply with the monthly food sale 3799 requirement established by Board regulations.

3800 3. Bottler licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to acquire and receive deliveries and shipments 3801 of beer in closed containers and to bottle, sell, and deliver or ship it, in accordance with Board 3802 regulations to (i) wholesale beer licensees for the purpose of resale, (ii) owners of boats registered under 3803 the laws of the United States sailing for ports of call of a foreign country or another state, and (iii) 3804 persons outside the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth.

3805 4. Fulfillment warehouse licenses, which shall authorize associations as defined in § 13.1-313 with a place of business located in the Commonwealth to (i) receive deliveries and shipments of wine or beer 3806 3807 owned by holders of wine and beer shipper's licenses; (ii) store such wine or beer on behalf of the 3808 owner; and (iii) pick, pack, and ship such wine or beer as directed by the owner, all in accordance with Board regulations. No wholesale wine or wholesale beer licensee, whether licensed in the 3809 3810 Commonwealth or not, or any person under common control of such licensee, shall acquire or hold any 3811 financial interest, direct or indirect, in the business for which any fulfillment warehouse license is

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3813 5. Marketing portal licenses, which shall authorize agricultural cooperative associations organized 3814 under the provisions of the Agricultural Cooperative Association Act (§ 13.1-312 et seq.), with a place of business located in the Commonwealth, in accordance with Board regulations, to solicit and receive 3815 3816 orders for wine or beer through the use of the Internet from persons in the Commonwealth to whom 3817 wine or beer may be lawfully sold, on behalf of holders of wine and beer shipper's licenses. Upon 3818 receipt of an order for wine or beer, the licensee shall forward it to a holder of a wine and beer 3819 shipper's license for fulfillment. Marketing portal licensees may also accept payment on behalf of the 3820 shipper.

§ 4.1-212. Permits required in certain instances.

A. The Board may grant the following permits which shall authorize:

3823 1. Wine and beer salesmen representing any out-of-state wholesaler engaged in the sale of wine and beer, or either, to sell or solicit the sale of wine or beer, or both in the Commonwealth.

3825 2. Any person having any interest in the manufacture, distribution or sale of spirits or other alcoholic
3826 beverages to solicit any mixed beverage licensee, his agent, employee or any person connected with the licensee in any capacity in his licensed business to sell or offer for sale such spirits or alcoholic beverages.

3829 3. Any person to keep upon his premises alcoholic beverages that he is not authorized by any license to sell and which shall be used for culinary purposes only.

4. Any person to transport lawfully purchased alcoholic beverages within, into or through the
Commonwealth, except that no permit shall be required for any person shipping or transporting into the
Commonwealth a reasonable quantity of alcoholic beverages when such person is relocating his place of
residence to the Commonwealth in accordance with § 4.1-310.

3835 5. Any person to keep, store, or possess any still or distilling apparatus for the purpose of distilling3836 alcohol.

3837 6. The release of alcoholic beverages not under United States custom bonds or internal revenue3838 bonds stored in Board approved warehouses for delivery to the Board or to persons entitled to receive3839 them within or outside of the Commonwealth.

3840 7. The release of alcoholic beverages from United States customs bonded warehouses for delivery to**3841** the Board or to licensees and other persons enumerated in subsection B of § 4.1-131.

3842 8. The release of alcoholic beverages from United States internal revenue bonded warehouses for delivery in accordance with subsection C of § 4.1-132.

3844 9. A secured party or any trustee, curator, committee, conservator, receiver or other fiduciary
3845 appointed or qualified in any court proceeding, to continue to operate under the licenses previously
3846 issued to any deceased or other person licensed to sell alcoholic beverages for such period as the Board
3847 deems appropriate.

3848 10. The one-time sale of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages belonging to any person, or which 3849 may be a part of such person's estate, including a judicial sale, estate sale, sale to enforce a judgment 3850 lien or liquidation sale to satisfy indebtedness secured by a security interest in alcoholic beverages, by a 3851 sheriff, personal representative, receiver or other officer acting under authority of a court having 3852 jurisdiction in the Commonwealth, or by any secured party as defined in subdivision (a)(73) of 3853 § 8.9A-102 of the Virginia Uniform Commercial Code. Such sales shall be made only to persons who 3854 are licensed or hold a permit to sell alcoholic beverages in the Commonwealth or to persons outside the 3855 Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth and upon such conditions or restrictions as the 3856 Board may prescribe.

11. Any person who purchases at a foreclosure, secured creditor's or judicial auction sale the premises or property of a person licensed by the Board and who has become lawfully entitled to the possession of the licensed premises to continue to operate the establishment to the same extent as a person holding such licenses for a period not to exceed 60 days or for such longer period as determined by the Board. Such permit shall be temporary and shall confer the privileges of any licenses held by the previous owner to the extent determined by the Board. Such temporary permit may be issued in advance, conditioned on the above requirements.

3864 12. The storage of lawfully acquired alcoholic beverages not under customs bond or internal revenue3865 bond in warehouses located in the Commonwealth.

3866 13. The storage of wine by a licensed winery or farm winery under internal revenue bond in3867 warehouses located in the Commonwealth.

14. Any person to conduct tastings in accordance with § 4.1-201.1, provided that such person has
filed an application for a permit in which the applicant represents (i) that he or she is under contract to conduct such tastings on behalf of the alcoholic beverage manufacturer or wholesaler named in the application; (ii) that such contract grants to the applicant the authority to act as the authorized representative of such manufacturer or wholesaler; and (iii) that such contract contains an

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3873 acknowledgment that the manufacturer or wholesaler named in the application may be held liable for 3874 any violation of § 4.1-201.1 by its authorized representative. A permit issued pursuant to this subdivision 3875 shall be valid for at least one year, unless sooner suspended or revoked by the Board in accordance with 3876 § 4.1-229.

3877 15. Any person who, through contract, lease, concession, license, management or similar agreement 3878 (hereinafter referred to as the contract), becomes lawfully entitled to the use and control of the premises 3879 of a person licensed by the Board to continue to operate the establishment to the same extent as a 3880 person holding such licenses, provided such person has made application to the Board for a license at 3881 the same premises. The permit shall (i) confer the privileges of any licenses held by the previous owner 3882 to the extent determined by the Board and (ii) be valid for a period of 120 days or for such longer 3883 period as may be necessary as determined by the Board pending the completion of the processing of the permittee's license application. No permit shall be issued without the written consent of the previous 3884 3885 licensee. No permit shall be issued under the provisions of this subdivision if the previous licensee owes 3886 any state or local taxes, or has any pending charges for violation of this title subtitle or any Board 3887 regulation, unless the permittee agrees to assume the liability of the previous licensee for the taxes or 3888 any penalty for the pending charges. An application for a permit may be filed prior to the effective date 3889 of the contract, in which case the permit when issued shall become effective on the effective date of the 3890 contract. Upon the effective date of the permit, (a) the permittee shall be responsible for compliance 3891 with the provisions of this title subtitle and any Board regulation and (b) the previous licensee shall not 3892 be held liable for any violation of this title subtitle or any Board regulation committed by, or any errors 3893 or omissions of, the permittee.

3894 16. Any sight-seeing carrier or contract passenger carrier as defined in § 46.2-2000 transporting 3895 individuals for compensation to a winery, brewery, or restaurant, licensed under this chapter and authorized to conduct tastings, to collect the licensee's tasting fees from tour participants for the sole 3896 3897 purpose of remitting such fees to the licensee.

3898 17. Any tour company guiding individuals for compensation on a walking tour to one or more establishments licensed to sell alcoholic beverages at retail for on-premises consumption to collect as 3899 3900 one fee from tour participants (i) the licensee's fee for the alcoholic beverages served as part of the tour, 3901 (ii) a fee for any food offered as part of the tour, and (iii) a fee for the walking tour service. The tour 3902 company shall remit to the licensee any fee collected for the alcoholic beverages and any food served as 3903 part of the tour. The tour company shall ensure that (a) each tour includes no more than 15 participants 3904 per tour guide and no more than three tour guides, (b) a tour guide is present with the participants 3905 throughout the duration of the tour, and (c) all participants are persons to whom alcoholic beverages 3906 may be lawfully sold.

3907 B. Nothing in subdivision 9, 10, or 11 shall authorize any brewery, winery or affiliate or a subsidiary 3908 thereof which has supplied financing to a wholesale licensee to manage and operate the wholesale 3909 licensee in the event of a default, except to the extent authorized by subdivision B 3 a of § 4.1-216. 3910

§ 4.1-213. Manufacture and sale of cider.

3911 A. Any winery licensee or farm winery licensee may manufacture and sell cider to (i) the Board, (ii) 3912 any wholesale wine licensee, and (iii) persons outside the Commonwealth.

3913 B. Any wholesale wine licensee may acquire and receive shipments of cider, and sell and deliver and 3914 ship the cider in accordance with Board regulations to (i) the Board, (ii) any wholesale wine licensee, 3915 (iii) any retail licensee approved by the Board for the purpose of selling cider, and (iv) persons outside 3916 the Commonwealth for resale outside the Commonwealth.

C. Any licensee authorized to sell alcoholic beverages at retail may sell cider in the same manner 3917 3918 and to the same persons, and subject to the same limitations and conditions, as such license authorizes 3919 him to sell other alcoholic beverages.

3920 D. Cider containing less than seven percent of alcohol by volume may be sold in any containers that 3921 comply with federal regulations for wine or beer, provided such containers are labeled in accordance 3922 with Board regulations. Cider containing seven percent or more of alcohol by volume may be sold in 3923 any containers that comply with federal regulations for wine, provided such containers are labeled in 3924 accordance with Board regulations. 3925

E. No additional license fees shall be charged for the privilege of handling cider.

3926 F. The Board shall collect such markup as it deems appropriate on all cider manufactured or sold, or 3927 both, in the Commonwealth.

3928 G. The Board shall adopt regulations relating to the manufacture, possession, transportation and sale 3929 of cider as it deems necessary to prevent any unlawful manufacture, possession, transportation or sale of 3930 cider and to ensure that the markup required to be paid will be collected. 3931

H. For the purposes of this section:

"Chaptalization" means a method of increasing the alcohol in a wine by adding sugar to the must 3932 3933 before or during fermentation.

3934 "Cider" means any beverage, carbonated or otherwise, obtained by the fermentation of the natural

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sugar content of apples or pears (i) containing not more than 10 percent of alcohol by volume without chaptalization or (ii) containing not more than seven percent of alcohol by volume regardless of chaptalization. Cider shall be treated as wine for all purposes of this title *subtitle*, except as otherwise provided in this title *subtitle* or Board regulations.

3939 I. This section shall not limit the privileges set forth in subdivision 8 of § 4.1-200, nor shall any person be denied the privilege of manufacturing and selling sweet cider.

3941 § 4.1-215. Limitation on manufacturers, bottlers, and wholesalers; exemptions.

3942 A. 1. Unless exempted pursuant to subsection B, no retail license for the sale of alcoholic beverages 3943 shall be granted to any (i) manufacturer, bottler, or wholesaler of alcoholic beverages, whether licensed 3944 in the Commonwealth or not; (ii) officer or director of any such manufacturer, bottler, or wholesaler; 3945 (iii) partnership or corporation, where any partner or stockholder is an officer or director of any such 3946 manufacturer, bottler, or wholesaler; (iv) corporation which is a subsidiary of a corporation which owns 3947 or has interest in another subsidiary corporation which is a manufacturer, bottler, or wholesaler of 3948 alcoholic beverages; or (v) manufacturer, bottler, or wholesaler of alcoholic beverages who has a 3949 financial interest in a corporation which has a retail license as a result of a holding company, which 3950 owns or has an interest in such manufacturer, bottler, or wholesaler of alcoholic beverages. Nor shall 3951 such licenses be granted in any instances where such manufacturer, bottler, or wholesaler and such 3952 retailer are under common control, by stock ownership or otherwise.

3953 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this title subtitle, a manufacturer of wine or malt 3954 beverages, or two or more of such manufacturers together, whether licensed in the Commonwealth or 3955 not, may obtain a banquet license as provided in § 4.1-206.3 upon application to the Board, provided 3956 that the event for which a banquet license is obtained is (i) at a place approved by the Board and (ii) 3957 conducted for the purposes of featuring and educating the consuming public about wine or malt beverage products. Such manufacturer shall be limited to eight banquet licenses, whether or not jointly 3958 3959 obtained, for such events per year without regard to the number of wineries or breweries owned or 3960 operated by such manufacturer or by any parent, subsidiary, or company under common control with 3961 such manufacturer. Where the event occurs on no more than three consecutive days, a manufacturer 3962 need only obtain one such license for the event.

3963 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this title subtitle, a manufacturer of distilled spirits, 3964 whether licensed in the Commonwealth or not, may obtain a banquet license for a special event as 3965 provided in subdivision D 1 b of § 4.1-206.3 upon application to the Board, provided that such event is 3966 (i) at a place approved by the Board and (ii) conducted for the purposes of featuring and educating the 3967 consuming public about the manufacturer's spirits products. Such manufacturer shall be limited to no 3968 more than eight banquet licenses for such special events per year. Where the event occurs on no more 3969 than three consecutive days, a manufacturer need only obtain one such license for the event. Such 3970 banquet license shall authorize the manufacturer to sell or give samples of spirits to any person to whom 3971 alcoholic beverages may be lawfully sold in designated areas at the special event, provided that (a) no 3972 single sample shall exceed one-half ounce per spirits product offered, unless served as a mixed beverage, 3973 in which case a single sample may contain up to one and one-half ounces of spirits, and (b) no more 3974 than three ounces of spirits may be offered to any patron per day. Nothing in this paragraph shall 3975 prohibit such manufacturer from serving such samples as part of a mixed beverage.

3976 B. This section shall not apply to:

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3977 1. Corporations operating dining cars, buffet cars, club cars, or boats;

3978 2. Brewery, distillery, or winery licensees engaging in conduct authorized by subdivision A 5 of **3979** § 4.1-201;

3. Farm winery licensees engaging in conduct authorized by subdivision 6 of § 4.1-206.1;

4. Manufacturers, bottlers, or wholesalers of alcoholic beverages who do not (i) sell or otherwise
furnish, directly or indirectly, alcoholic beverages or other merchandise to persons holding a retail
license or banquet license as described in subsection A and (ii) require, by agreement or otherwise, such
person to exclude from sale at his establishment alcoholic beverages of other manufacturers, bottlers, or
wholesalers;

3986 5. Wineries, farm wineries, or breweries engaging in conduct authorized by subsection F of **3987** § 4.1-206.3 or § 4.1-209.1 or 4.1-212.1; or

6. One out-of-state winery, not under common control or ownership with any other winery, that is
under common ownership or control with one restaurant licensed to sell wine at retail in Virginia, so
long as any wine produced by that winery is purchased from a Virginia wholesale wine licensee by the
restaurant before it is offered for sale to consumers.

3992 C. The General Assembly finds that it is necessary and proper to require a separation between
3993 manufacturing interests, wholesale interests, and retail interests in the production and distribution of
3994 alcoholic beverages in order to prevent suppliers from dominating local markets through vertical
3995 integration and to prevent excessive sales of alcoholic beverages caused by overly aggressive marketing

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techniques. The exceptions established by this section to the general prohibition against tied interestsshall be limited to their express terms so as not to undermine the general prohibition and shall thereforebe construed accordingly.

3999 § 4.1-216. Further limitations on manufacturers, bottlers, importers, brokers or wholesalers; 4000 ownership interests prohibited; exceptions; prohibited trade practices.

4001 A. As used in this section:

"Broker" means any person, other than a manufacturer or a licensed beer or wine importer, who
regularly engages in the business of bringing together sellers and purchasers of alcoholic beverages for
resale and arranges for or consummates such transactions with persons in the Commonwealth to whom
such alcoholic beverages may lawfully be sold and shipped into the Commonwealth pursuant to the
provisions of this title *subtitle*.

4007 "Manufacturer, bottler, importer, broker or wholesaler of alcoholic beverages" includes any officers **4008** or directors of any such manufacturer, bottler, importer, broker or wholesaler.

B. Except as provided in this title *subtitle*, no manufacturer, importer, bottler, broker or wholesaler of alcoholic beverages, whether licensed in the Commonwealth or not, shall acquire or hold any financial interest, direct or indirect, (i) in the business for which any retail license is issued or (ii) in the premises where the business of a retail license is conducted.

4013 1. Subdivision B (ii) shall not apply so long as such manufacturer, bottler, importer, broker or
4014 wholesaler does not sell or otherwise furnish, directly or indirectly, alcoholic beverages or other
4015 merchandise to such retail licensee and such retailer is not required by agreement or otherwise to
4016 exclude from sale at his establishment alcoholic beverages of other manufacturers, bottlers, importers,
4017 brokers or wholesalers.

4018 2. Service as a member of the board of directors of a corporation licensed as a retailer, the shares of stock of which are sold to the general public on any national or local stock exchange, shall not be deemed to be a financial interest, direct or indirect, in the business or the premises of the retail licensee.

4021 3. A brewery, winery or subsidiary or affiliate thereof, hereinafter collectively referred to as a financing corporation, may participate in financing the business of a wholesale licensee in the Commonwealth by providing debt or equity capital or both but only if done in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.

4025 a. In order to assist a proposed new owner of an existing wholesale licensee, a financing corporation 4026 may provide debt or equity capital, or both, if prior approval of the Board has been obtained pursuant to 4027 subdivision 3 b of subsection B. A financing corporation which proposes to provide equity capital shall 4028 cause the proposed new owner to form a Virginia limited partnership in which the new owner is the 4029 general partner and the financing corporation is a limited partner. If the general partner defaults on any 4030 financial obligation to the limited partner, which default has been specifically defined in the partnership 4031 agreement, or, if the new owner defaults on its obligation to pay principal and interest when due to the 4032 financing corporation as specifically defined in the loan documents, then, and only then, shall such 4033 financing corporation be allowed to take title to the business of the wholesale licensee. Notwithstanding 4034 any other law to the contrary and provided written notice has been given to the Board within two 4035 business days after taking title, the wholesale licensee may be managed and operated by such financing 4036 corporation pursuant to the existing wholesale license for a period of time not to exceed 180 days as if 4037 the license had been issued in the name of the financing corporation. On or before the expiration of 4038 such 180-day period, the financing corporation shall cause ownership of the wholesale licensee's 4039 business to be transferred to a new owner. Otherwise, on the 181st day, the license shall be deemed 4040 terminated. The financing corporation may not participate in financing the transfer of ownership to the 4041 new owner or to any other subsequent owner for a period of twenty 20 years following the effective 4042 date of the original financing transaction; except where a transfer takes place before the expiration of the 4043 eighth full year following the effective date of the original financing transaction in which case the 4044 financing corporation may finance such transfer as long as the new owner is required to return such debt 4045 or equity capital within the originally prescribed eight-year period. The financing corporation may 4046 exercise its right to take title to, manage and operate the business of, the wholesale licensee only once 4047 during such eight-year period.

b. In any case in which a financing corporation proposes to provide debt or equity capital in order to
assist in a change of ownership of an existing wholesale licensee, the parties to the transaction shall first
submit an application for a wholesale license in the name of the proposed new owner to the Board.

The Board shall be provided with all documents that pertain to the transaction at the time of the license application and shall ensure that the application complies with all requirements of law pertaining to the issuance of wholesale licenses except that if the financing corporation proposes to provide equity capital and thereby take a limited partnership interest in the applicant entity, the financing corporation shall not be required to comply with any Virginia residency requirement applicable to the issuance of wholesale licenses. In addition to the foregoing, the applicant entity shall certify to the Board and provide supporting documentation that the following requirements are met prior to issuance of the

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4058 wholesale license: (i) the terms and conditions of any debt financing which the financing corporation 4059 proposes to provide are substantially the same as those available in the financial markets to other 4060 wholesale licensees who will be in competition with the applicant, (ii) the terms of any proposed equity 4061 financing transaction are such that future profits of the applicant's business shall be distributed annually 4062 to the financing corporation in direct proportion to its percentage of ownership interest received in return 4063 for its investment of equity capital, (iii) if the financing corporation proposes to provide equity capital, it 4064 shall hold an ownership interest in the applicant entity through a limited partnership interest and no 4065 other arrangement and (iv) the applicant entity shall be contractually obligated to return such debt or 4066 equity capital to the financing corporation not later than the end of the eighth full year following the 4067 effective date of the transaction thereby terminating any ownership interest or right thereto of the 4068 financing corporation.

4069 Once the Board has issued a wholesale license pursuant to an application filed in accordance with this subdivision 3 b, any subsequent change in the partnership agreement or the financing documents shall be subject to the prior approval of the Board. In accordance with the previous paragraph, the Board 4072 may require the licensee to resubmit certifications and documentation.

c. If a financing corporation wishes to provide debt financing, including inventory financing, but not 4073 4074 equity financing, to an existing wholesale licensee or a proposed new owner of an existing wholesale 4075 licensee, it may do so without regard to the provisions of subdivisions 3 a and 3 b of subsection B 4076 under the following circumstances and subject to the following conditions: (i) in order to secure such 4077 debt financing, a wholesale licensee or a proposed new owner thereof may grant a security interest in 4078 any of its assets, including inventory, other than the wholesale license itself or corporate stock of the 4079 wholesale licensee; in the event of default, the financing corporation may take title to any assets pledged 4080 to secure such debt but may not take title to the business of the wholesale licensee and may not manage 4081 or operate such business; (ii) debt capital may be supplied by such financing corporation to an existing 4082 wholesale licensee or a proposed new owner of an existing wholesale licensee so long as debt capital is 4083 provided on terms and conditions which are substantially the same as those available in the financial 4084 markets to other wholesale licensees in competition with the wholesale licensee which is being so 4085 financed; and (iii) the licensee or proposed new owner shall certify to the Board and provide supporting 4086 documentation that the requirements of (i) and (ii) of this subdivision 3 c have been met.

4087 Nothing in this section shall eliminate, affect or in any way modify the requirements of law
4088 pertaining to issuance and retention of a wholesale license as they may apply to existing wholesale
4089 licensees or new owners thereof which have received debt financing prior to the enactment of this
4090 subdivision 3 c.

4091 4. Except for holders of retail licenses issued pursuant to subdivision A 5 of § 4.1-201, brewery 4092 licensees may sell beer to retail licensees for resale only under the following conditions: If such brewery 4093 or an affiliate or subsidiary thereof has taken title to the business of a wholesale licensee pursuant to the 4094 provisions of subdivision 3 a of subsection B, direct sale to retail licensees may be made during the 4095 180-day period of operation allowed under that subdivision. Moreover, the holder of a brewery license 4096 may make sales of alcoholic beverages directly to retail licensees for a period not to exceed thirty 30 4097 days in the event that such retail licensees are normally serviced by a wholesale licensee representing 4098 that brewery which has been forced to suspend wholesale operations as a result of a natural disaster or 4099 other act of God or which has been terminated by the brewery for fraud, loss of license or assignment 4100 of assets for the benefit of creditors not in the ordinary course of business.

5. Notwithstanding any provision of this section, including but not limited to those provisions
whereby certain ownership or lease arrangements may be permissible, no manufacturer, bottler, importer,
broker or wholesaler of alcoholic beverages shall make an agreement, or attempt to make an agreement,
with a retail licensee pursuant to which any products sold by a competitor are excluded in whole or in
part from the premises on which the retail licensee's business is conducted.

6. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a winery, brewery, or distillery licensee from paying a royalty to a historical preservation entity pursuant to a bona fide intellectual property agreement that (i) authorizes the winery, brewery, or distillery licensee to manufacture wine, beer, or spirits based on authentic historical recipes and identified with brand names owned and trademarked by the historical preservation entity; (ii) provides for royalties to be paid based solely on the volume of wine, beer, or spirits manufactured using such recipes and trademarks, rather than on the sales revenues generated from such wine, beer, or spirits; and (iii) has been approved by the Board.

For purposes of this subdivision, "historical preservation entity" means an entity (a) that is exempt from income taxation under § 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; (b) whose declared purposes include the preservation, restoration, and protection of a historic community in the Commonwealth that is the site of at least 50 historically significant houses, shops, and public buildings dating to the eighteenth century; and (c) that owns not more than 12 retail establishments in the Commonwealth for which retail licenses have been issued by the Board. 4132

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4119 C. Subject to such exceptions as may be provided by statute or Board regulations, no manufacturer, 4120 bottler, importer, broker or wholesaler of alcoholic beverages, whether licensed in the Commonwealth or not, shall sell, rent, lend, buy for or give to any retail licensee, or to the owner of the premises in which 4121 4122 the business of any retail licensee is conducted, any (i) money, equipment, furniture, fixtures, property, 4123 services or anything of value with which the business of such retail licensee is or may be conducted, or 4124 for any other purpose; (ii) advertising materials; and (iii) business entertainment, provided that no 4125 transaction permitted under this section or by Board regulation shall be used to require the retail licensee to partially or totally exclude from sale at its establishment alcoholic beverages of other manufacturers 4126 4127 or wholesalers.

4128 The provisions of this subsection shall apply to manufacturers, bottlers, importers, brokers and 4129 wholesalers selling alcoholic beverages to any governmental instrumentality or employee thereof selling alcoholic beverages at retail within the exterior limits of the Commonwealth, including all territory 4130 4131 within these limits owned by or ceded to the United States of America.

The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any commercial lifestyle center licensee.

4133 § 4.1-216.1. Point-of-sale advertising materials authorized under certain conditions; civil 4134 penalties. 4135

A. As used in this section:

4136 "Alcoholic beverage advertising material" or "advertising material" means any item, other than an 4137 illuminated device, which contains one or more references to a brand of alcoholic beverage and which is 4138 used to promote the sale of alcoholic beverages within the interior of a licensed retail establishment and 4139 which otherwise complies with Board regulations.

4140 "Authorized vendor" or "vendor" means any person, other than a wholesale wine or beer licensee, 4141 that a manufacturer has authorized to engage in a business consisting in whole or in part of the sale and 4142 distribution of any articles of tangible personal property bearing any of the manufacturer's alcoholic 4143 beverage trademarks.

4144 "Manufacturer" means any brewery, winery, distillery, bottler, broker, importer and any person that a 4145 brewery, winery, or distiller has authorized to sell or arrange for the sale of its products to wholesale 4146 wine and beer licensees in Virginia or, in the case of spirits, to the Board.

4147 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 4.1-215 or 4.1-216 and Board regulations adopted thereunder, 4148 a manufacturer or its authorized vendor and a wholesale wine and beer licensee may lend, buy for, or 4149 give to a retail licensee any alcoholic beverage advertising material made of paper, cardboard, canvas, 4150 rubber, foam, or plastic, provided the advertising materials have a wholesale value of \$40 or less per 4151 item.

4152 C. Alcoholic beverage advertising materials, other than those authorized by subsection B to be given 4153 to a retailer, may be displayed by a retail licensee in the interior of its licensed establishment provided: 4154

1. The wholesale value of the advertising material does not exceed \$250 per item, and

4155 2. The advertising material is not obtained from a manufacturer, its authorized vendor, or any 4156 wholesale wine or beer licensee.

4157 A retail licensee shall retain for at least two years a record of its procurement of, including any payments for, such advertising materials along with an invoice or sales ticket containing a description of 4158 4159 the item so purchased or otherwise procured.

D. Except as otherwise provided in this title subtitle, a retail licensee shall not display in the interior 4160 4161 of its licensed establishment any alcoholic beverage advertising materials, other than those that may be 4162 lawfully obtained and displayed in accordance with this section or Board regulation.

4163 E. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any advertising materials permitted under 4164 Board regulations in effect on January 1, 2007.

§ 4.1-222. Conditions under which Board may refuse to grant licenses.

The Board may refuse to grant any license if it has reasonable cause to believe that:

4167 1. The applicant, or if the applicant is a partnership, any general partner thereof, or if the applicant is 4168 an association, any member thereof, or limited partner of 10 percent or more with voting rights, or if the 4169 applicant is a corporation, any officer, director, or shareholder owning 10 percent or more of its capital 4170 stock, or if the applicant is a limited liability company, any member-manager or any member owning 10 4171 percent or more of the membership interest of the limited liability company:

a. Is not 21 years of age or older;

4173 b. Has been convicted in any court of a felony or any crime or offense involving moral turpitude 4174 under the laws of any state, or of the United States;

4175 c. Has been convicted, within the five years immediately preceding the date of the application for such license, of a violation of any law applicable to the manufacture, transportation, possession, use or 4176 4177 sale of alcoholic beverages;

d. Is not a person of good moral character and repute; 4178

4179 e. Is not the legitimate owner of the business proposed to be licensed, or other persons have 4180 ownership interests in the business which have not been disclosed;

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4181 f. Has not demonstrated financial responsibility sufficient to meet the requirements of the business 4182 proposed to be licensed;

g. Has maintained a noisy, lewd, disorderly or unsanitary establishment; 4183

4184 h. Has demonstrated, either by his police record or by his record as a former licensee of the Board, a 4185 lack of respect for law and order;

4186 i. Is unable to speak, understand, read and write the English language in a reasonably satisfactory 4187 manner;

4188 j. Is a person to whom alcoholic beverages may not be sold under 4.1-304;

4189 k. Has the general reputation of drinking alcoholic beverages to excess or is addicted to the use of 4190 narcotics;

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1. Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the Board for a license;

4192 m. Has defrauded or attempted to defraud the Board, or any federal, state or local government or 4193 governmental agency or authority, by making or filing any report, document or tax return required by 4194 statute or regulation which is fraudulent or contains a false representation of a material fact; or has 4195 willfully deceived or attempted to deceive the Board, or any federal, state or local government, or 4196 governmental agency or authority, by making or maintaining business records required by statute or 4197 regulation which are false and fraudulent;

4198 n. Is violating or allowing the violation of any provision of this title subtitle in his establishment at 4199 the time his application for a license is pending;

4200 o. Is a police officer with police authority in the political subdivision within which the establishment 4201 designated in the application is located;

4202 p. Is physically unable to carry on the business for which the application for a license is filed or has 4203 been adjudicated incapacitated; or

4204 q. Is a member, agent or employee of the Board.

4205 2. The place to be occupied by the applicant:

4206 a. Does not conform to the requirements of the governing body of the county, city or town in which 4207 such place is located with respect to sanitation, health, construction or equipment, or to any similar 4208 requirements established by the laws of the Commonwealth or by Board regulation;

4209 b. Is so located that granting a license and operation thereunder by the applicant would result in 4210 violations of this title subtitle, Board regulations, or violation of the laws of the Commonwealth or local 4211 ordinances relating to peace and good order;

4212 c. Is so located with respect to any church; synagogue; hospital; public, private, or parochial school 4213 or an institution of higher education; public or private playground or other similar recreational facility; or any state, local, or federal government-operated facility, that the operation of such place under such 4214 4215 license will adversely affect or interfere with the normal, orderly conduct of the affairs of such facilities 4216 or institutions;

4217 d. Is so located with respect to any residence or residential area that the operation of such place 4218 under such license will adversely affect real property values or substantially interfere with the usual 4219 quietude and tranquility of such residence or residential area; or

4220 e. Under a retail on-premises license is so constructed, arranged or illuminated that law-enforcement 4221 officers and special agents of the Board are prevented from ready access to and reasonable observation 4222 of any room or area within which alcoholic beverages are to be sold or consumed.

4223 3. The number of licenses existent in the locality is such that the granting of a license is detrimental 4224 to the interest, morals, safety or welfare of the public. In reaching such conclusion the Board shall 4225 consider the (i) character of, population of, the number of similar licenses and the number of all licenses existent in the particular county, city or town and the immediate neighborhood concerned; (ii) effect 4226 4227 which a new license may have on such county, city, town or neighborhood in conforming with the 4228 purposes of this title subtitle; and (iii) objections, if any, which may have been filed by a local 4229 governing body or local residents.

4230 4. There exists any law, ordinance, or regulation of the United States, the Commonwealth or any 4231 political subdivision thereof, which warrants refusal by the Board to grant any license. 4232

5. The Board is not authorized under this chapter to grant such license.

4233 § 4.1-224. Notice and hearings for refusal to grant licenses; Administrative Process Act; 4234 exceptions.

4235 A. The action of the Board in granting or in refusing to grant any license shall be subject to review 4236 in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), except as provided in subsections B and C. Review shall be limited to the evidential record of the proceedings provided by the 4237 4238 Board. Both the petitioner and the Board shall have the right to appeal to the Court of Appeals from 4239 any order of the court.

4240 B. The Board may refuse a hearing on any application for the granting of any retail alcoholic 4241 beverage or mixed beverage license, including a banquet license, provided such:

4242 1. License for the applicant has been refused or revoked within a period of twelve 12 months;

4243 2. License for any premises has been refused or revoked at that location within a period of twelve 12 4244 months:

4245 3. Applicant, within a period of twelve 12 months immediately preceding, has permitted a license 4246 granted by the Board to expire for nonpayment of license tax, and at the time of expiration of such 4247 license, there was a pending and unadjudicated charge, either before the Board or in any court, against 4248 the licensee alleging a violation of this title subtitle; or

4249 4. Applicant has received a restricted license and reapplies for a lesser-restricted license at the same 4250 location within twelve 12 months of the date of the issuance of the restricted license.

4251 C. If an applicant has permitted a license to expire for nonpayment of license tax, and at the time of expiration there remained unexecuted any period of suspension imposed upon the licensee by the Board, 4252 4253 the Board may refuse a hearing on an application for a new license until after the date on which the 4254 suspension period would have been executed had the license not have been permitted to expire. 4255

§ 4.1-225. Grounds for which Board may suspend or revoke licenses.

4256 The Board may suspend or revoke any license other than a brewery license, in which case the Board 4257 may impose penalties as provided in § 4.1-227, if it has reasonable cause to believe that:

4258 1. The licensee, or if the licensee is a partnership, any general partner thereof, or if the licensee is an 4259 association, any member thereof, or a limited partner of 10 percent or more with voting rights, or if the 4260 licensee is a corporation, any officer, director, or shareholder owning 10 percent or more of its capital 4261 stock, or if the licensee is a limited liability company, any member-manager or any member owning 10 4262 percent or more of the membership interest of the limited liability company: 4263

a. Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the Board for such license;

b. Within the five years immediately preceding the date of the hearing held in accordance with § 4.1-227, has (i) been convicted of a violation of any law, ordinance, or regulation of the 4264 4265 4266 Commonwealth, of any county, city, or town in the Commonwealth, of any state, or of the United 4267 States, applicable to the manufacture, transportation, possession, use, or sale of alcoholic beverages; (ii) 4268 violated any provision of Chapter 3 (§ 4.1-300 et seq.); (iii) committed a violation of the Wine 4269 Franchise Act (§ 4.1-400 et seq.) or the Beer Franchise Act (§ 4.1-500 et seq.) in bad faith; (iv) violated 4270 or failed or refused to comply with any regulation, rule, or order of the Board; or (v) failed or refused 4271 to comply with any of the conditions or restrictions of the license granted by the Board;

4272 c. Has been convicted in any court of a felony or of any crime or offense involving moral turpitude 4273 under the laws of any state, or of the United States;

4274 d. Is not the legitimate owner of the business conducted under the license granted by the Board, or 4275 other persons have ownership interests in the business which that have not been disclosed;

4276 e. Cannot demonstrate financial responsibility sufficient to meet the requirements of the business 4277 conducted under the license granted by the Board;

4278 f. Has been intoxicated or under the influence of some self-administered drug while upon the 4279 licensed premises;

4280 g. Has maintained the licensed premises in an unsanitary condition, or allowed such premises to 4281 become a meeting place or rendezvous for members of a criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1 4282 or persons of ill repute, or has allowed any form of illegal gambling to take place upon such premises;

4283 h. Knowingly employs in the business conducted under such license, as agent, servant, or employee, 4284 other than a busboy, cook, or other kitchen help, any person who has been convicted in any court of a 4285 felony or of any crime or offense involving moral turpitude, or who has violated the laws of the 4286 Commonwealth, of any other state, or of the United States, applicable to the manufacture, transportation, 4287 possession, use, or sale of alcoholic beverages;

4288 i. Subsequent to the granting of his original license, has demonstrated by his police record a lack of 4289 respect for law and order:

4290 j. Has allowed the consumption of alcoholic beverages upon the licensed premises by any person 4291 whom he knew or had reason to believe was (i) less than 21 years of age, (ii) interdicted, or (iii) 4292 intoxicated, or has allowed any person whom he knew or had reason to believe was intoxicated to loiter 4293 upon such licensed premises;

4294 k. Has allowed any person to consume upon the licensed premises any alcoholic beverages except as 4295 provided under this title subtitle:

4296 1. Is physically unable to carry on the business conducted under such license or has been adjudicated 4297 incapacitated; 4298

m. Has allowed any obscene literature, pictures, or materials upon the licensed premises; 4299

n. Has possessed any illegal gambling apparatus, machine, or device upon the licensed premises;

o. Has upon the licensed premises (i) illegally possessed, distributed, sold, or used, or has knowingly 4300 allowed any employee or agent, or any other person, to illegally possess, distribute, sell, or use 4301 4302 marijuana, controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, drug paraphernalia, or controlled 4303 paraphernalia as those terms are defined in Articles 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) and 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.)

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d304 of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 and the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.); (ii) laundered money in violation of § 18.2-246.3; or (iii) conspired to commit any drug-related offense in violation of Article 1
d306 or 1.1 of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or the Drug Control Act. The provisions of this subdivision shall also apply to any conduct related to the operation of the licensed business that facilitates the commission of any of the offenses set forth herein;

4309 p. Has failed to take reasonable measures to prevent (i) the licensed premises, (ii) any premises 4310 immediately adjacent to the licensed premises that are owned or leased by the licensee, or (iii) any 4311 portion of public property immediately adjacent to the licensed premises from becoming a place where 4312 patrons of the establishment commit criminal violations of Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.), 2 (§ 18.2-38 et 4313 seq.), 2.1 (§ 18.2-46.1 et seq.), 2.2 (§ 18.2-46.4 et seq.), 3 (§ 18.2-47 et seq.), 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-58 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-59 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; Article 2 4314 (§ 18.2-266 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; Article 3 (§ 18.2-346 et seq.) or 5 (§ 18.2-372 et seq.) of 4315 Chapter 8 of Title 18.2; or Article 1 (§ 18.2-404 et seq.), 2 (§ 18.2-415), or 3 (§ 18.2-416 et seq.) of 4316 4317 Chapter 9 of Title 18.2 and such violations lead to arrests that are so frequent and serious as to 4318 reasonably be deemed a continuing threat to the public safety; or

q. Has failed to take reasonable measures to prevent an act of violence resulting in death or serious
bodily injury, or a recurrence of such acts, from occurring on (i) the licensed premises, (ii) any premises
immediately adjacent to the licensed premises that is owned or leased by the licensee, or (iii) any
portion of public property immediately adjacent to the licensed premises.

4323 2. The place occupied by the licensee:

a. Does not conform to the requirements of the governing body of the county, city, or town in which
such establishment is located, with respect to sanitation, health, construction, or equipment, or to any
similar requirements established by the laws of the Commonwealth or by Board regulations;

b. Has been adjudicated a common nuisance under the provisions of this title subtitle or § 18.2-258;or

c. Has become a meeting place or rendezvous for illegal gambling, illegal users of narcotics, drunks,
prostitutes, pimps, panderers, or habitual law violators or has become a place where illegal drugs are
regularly used or distributed. The Board may consider the general reputation in the community of such
establishment in addition to any other competent evidence in making such determination.

4333 3. The licensee or any employee of the licensee discriminated against any member of the armed4334 forces of the United States by prices charged or otherwise.

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4. The licensee, his employees, or any entertainer performing on the licensed premises has been
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4336 convicted of a violation of a local public nudity ordinance for conduct occurring on the licensed
4337 premises and the licensee allowed such conduct to occur.

4338 5. Any cause exists for which the Board would have been entitled to refuse to grant such license had4339 the facts been known.

6. The licensee is delinquent for a period of 90 days or more in the payment of any taxes, or any penalties or interest related thereto, lawfully imposed by the locality where the licensed business is located, as certified by the treasurer, commissioner of the revenue, or finance director of such locality, unless (i) the outstanding amount is de minimis; (ii) the licensee has pending a bona fide application for correction or appeal with respect to such taxes, penalties, or interest; or (iii) the licensee has entered into a payment plan approved by the same locality to settle the outstanding liability.
7. Any other cause authorized by this title subtitle.

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4.1-227. Suspension or revocation of licenses; m

§ 4.1-227. Suspension or revocation of licenses; notice and hearings; imposition of penalties.

4348 A. Except for temporary licenses, before the Board may impose a civil penalty against a brewery
4349 licensee or suspend or revoke any license, reasonable notice of such proposed or contemplated action
4350 shall be given to the licensee in accordance with the provisions of § 2.2-4020 of the Administrative
4351 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

4352 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 2.2-4022, the Board shall, upon written request by the licensee, 4353 permit the licensee to inspect and copy or photograph all (i) written or recorded statements made by the 4354 licensee or copies thereof or the substance of any oral statements made by the licensee or a previous or 4355 present employee of the licensee to any law-enforcement officer, the existence of which is known by the 4356 Board and upon which the Board intends to rely as evidence in any adversarial proceeding under this 4357 chapter against the licensee, and (ii) designated books, papers, documents, tangible objects, buildings, or 4358 places, or copies or portions thereof, that are within the possession, custody, or control of the Board and 4359 upon which the Board intends to rely as evidence in any adversarial proceeding under this chapter 4360 against the licensee. In addition, any subpoena for the production of documents issued to any person at 4361 the request of the licensee or the Board pursuant to § 4.1-103 shall provide for the production of the 4362 documents sought within ten 10 working days, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in § 4.1-103.

4363 If the Board fails to provide for inspection or copying under this section for the licensee after a 4364 written request, the Board shall be prohibited from introducing into evidence any items the licensee

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4365 would have lawfully been entitled to inspect or copy under this section.

4366 The action of the Board in suspending or revoking any license or in imposing a civil penalty against 4367 the holder of a brewery license shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with the Administrative 4368 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Such review shall extend to the entire evidential record of the 4369 proceedings provided by the Board in accordance with the Administrative Process Act. An appeal shall 4370 lie to the Court of Appeals from any order of the court. Notwithstanding § 8.01-676.1, the final 4371 judgment or order of the circuit court shall not be suspended, stayed, or modified by such circuit court 4372 pending appeal to the Court of Appeals. Neither mandamus nor injunction shall lie in any such case.

4373 B. In suspending any license, the Board may impose, as a condition precedent to the removal of such 4374 suspension or any portion thereof, a requirement that the licensee pay the cost incurred by the Board in 4375 investigating the licensee and in holding the proceeding resulting in such suspension, or it may impose and collect such civil penalties as it deems appropriate. In no event shall the Board impose a civil 4376 4377 penalty exceeding \$2,000 for the first violation occurring within five years immediately preceding the 4378 date of the violation or \$5,000 for the second violation occurring within five years immediately 4379 preceding the date of the second violation. However, if the violation involved selling alcoholic beverages 4380 to a person prohibited from purchasing alcoholic beverages or allowing consumption of alcoholic 4381 beverages by underage, intoxicated, or interdicted persons, the Board may impose a civil penalty not to 4382 exceed \$3,000 for the first violation occurring within five years immediately preceding the date of the 4383 violation and \$6,000 for a second violation occurring within five years immediately preceding the date 4384 of the second violation in lieu of such suspension or any portion thereof, or both. The Board may also 4385 impose a requirement that the licensee pay for the cost incurred by the Board not exceeding \$25,000 in 4386 investigating the licensee and in holding the proceeding resulting in the violation in addition to any 4387 suspension or civil penalty incurred.

4388 C. Following notice to (i) the licensee of a hearing that may result in the suspension or revocation of 4389 his license or (ii) the applicant of a hearing to resolve a contested application, the Board may accept a 4390 consent agreement as authorized in subdivision 21 of § 4.1-103. The notice shall advise the licensee or 4391 applicant of the option to (a) admit the alleged violation or the validity of the objection; (b) waive any 4392 right to a hearing or an appeal under the Virginia Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.); and 4393 (c) (1) accept the proposed restrictions for operating under the license, (2) accept the period of 4394 suspension of the licensed privileges within the Board's parameters, (3) pay a civil penalty in lieu of the 4395 period of suspension, or any portion of the suspension as applicable, or (4) proceed to a hearing.

4396 D. In case of an offense by the holder of a brewery license, the Board may (i) require that such 4397 holder pay the costs incurred by the Board in investigating the licensee, (ii) suspend or revoke the 4398 on-premises privileges of the brewery, and (iii) impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 for the first 4399 violation, \$50,000 for the second violation, and for the third or any subsequent violation, suspend or revoke such license or, in lieu of any suspension or portion thereof, impose a civil penalty not to exceed 4400 4401 \$100,000. Such suspension or revocation shall not prohibit the licensee from manufacturing or selling 4402 beer manufactured by it to the owners of boats registered under the laws of the United States sailing for 4403 ports of call of a foreign country or another state, and to persons outside the Commonwealth. 4404

E. The Board shall, by regulation or written order:

4405 1. Designate those (i) objections to an application or (ii) alleged violations that will proceed to an 4406 initial hearing:

4407 2. Designate the violations for which a waiver of a hearing and payment of a civil charge in lieu of 4408 suspension may be accepted for a first offense occurring within three years immediately preceding the 4409 date of the violation;

4410 3. Provide for a reduction in the length of any suspension and a reduction in the amount of any civil 4411 penalty for any retail licensee where the licensee can demonstrate that it provided to its employees 4412 alcohol server or seller training certified in advance by the Board;

4413 4. Establish a schedule of penalties for such offenses, prescribing the appropriate suspension of a 4414 license and the civil charge acceptable in lieu of such suspension; and

4415 5. Establish a schedule of offenses for which any penalty may be waived upon a showing that the 4416 licensee has had no prior violations within five years immediately preceding the date of the violation. 4417 No waiver shall be granted by the Board, however, for a licensee's willful and knowing violation of this 4418 title subtitle or Board regulations.

§ 4.1-230. Applications for licenses; publication; notice to localities; fees; permits.

4420 A. Every person intending to apply for any license authorized by this chapter shall file with the 4421 Board an application on forms provided by the Board and a statement in writing by the applicant 4422 swearing and affirming that all of the information contained therein is true.

4423 Applicants for retail licenses for establishments that serve food or are otherwise required to obtain a 4424 food establishment permit from the Department of Health or an inspection by the Department of 4425 Agriculture and Consumer Services shall provide a copy of such permit, proof of inspection, proof of a 4426 pending application for such permit, or proof of a pending request for such inspection. If the applicant

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provides a copy of such permit, proof of inspection, proof of a pending application for a permit, or
proof of a pending request for an inspection, a license may be issued to the applicant. If a license is
issued on the basis of a pending application or inspection, such license shall authorize the licensee to
purchase alcoholic beverages in accordance with the provisions of this title *subtitle*; however, the
licensee shall not sell or serve alcoholic beverages until a permit is issued or an inspection is completed.

4432 B. In addition, each applicant for a license under the provisions of this chapter, except applicants for 4433 annual banquet, banquet, tasting, special events, club events, annual mixed beverage banquet, wine and 4434 beer shipper's, delivery permit, annual arts venue, or museum licenses issued under the provisions of 4435 Chapter 2 (§ 4.1-200 et seq.), or beer or wine importer's licenses, shall post a notice of his application 4436 with the Board on the front door of the building, place or room where he proposes to engage in such 4437 business for no more than 30 days and not less than 10 days. Such notice shall be of a size and contain 4438 such information as required by the Board, including a statement that any objections shall be submitted 4439 to the Board not more than 30 days following initial publication of the notice required pursuant to this 4440 subsection.

The applicant shall also cause notice to be published at least once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper published in or having a general circulation in the county, city, or town wherein such applicant proposes to engage in such business. Such notice shall contain such information as required by the Board, including a statement that any objections to the issuance of the license be submitted to the Board not later than 30 days from the date of the initial newspaper publication. In the case of wine and beer shipper's licensees, delivery permittees or operators of boats, dining cars, buffet cars, club cars, buses, and airplanes, the posting and publishing of notice shall not be required.

4448 Except for applicants for annual banquet, banquet, tasting, mixed beverage special events, club 4449 events, annual mixed beverage banquet, wine and beer shipper's, beer or wine importer's, annual arts 4450 venue, or museum licenses, the Board shall conduct a background investigation, to include a criminal 4451 history records search, which may include a fingerprint-based national criminal history records search, 4452 on each applicant for a license. However, the Board may waive, for good cause shown, the requirement 4453 for a criminal history records search and completed personal data form for officers, directors, 4454 nonmanaging members, or limited partners of any applicant corporation, limited liability company, or 4455 limited partnership.

Except for applicants for wine and beer shipper's licenses and delivery permits, the Board shall notify
the local governing body of each license application through the county or city attorney or the chief
law-enforcement or administrative officer of the locality. Local governing bodies shall submit objections
to the granting of a license within 30 days of the filing of the application.

4460 C. Each applicant shall pay the required application fee at the time the application is filed. Each 4461 license application fee, including annual banquet and annual mixed beverage banquet, shall be \$195, 4462 plus the actual cost charged to the Department of State Police by the Federal Bureau of Investigation or 4463 the Central Criminal Records Exchange for processing any fingerprints through the Federal Bureau of 4464 Investigation or the Central Criminal Records Exchange for each criminal history records search required 4465 by the Board, except for banquet, tasting, or mixed beverage club events licenses, in which case the application fee shall be \$15. The application fee for banquet special event and mixed beverage special 4466 4467 event licenses shall be \$45. Application fees shall be in addition to the state license fee required 4468 pursuant to § 4.1-231.1 and shall not be refunded.

4469 D. Subsection A shall not apply to the continuance of licenses granted under this chapter; however,
4470 all licensees shall file and maintain with the Board a current, accurate record of the information required
4471 by the Board pursuant to subsection A and notify the Board of any changes to such information in
4472 accordance with Board regulations.

4473 E. Every application for a permit granted pursuant to § 4.1-212 shall be on a form provided by the 4474 Board. Such permits shall confer upon their holders no authority to make solicitations in the 4475 Commonwealth as otherwise provided by law.

4476 The fee for a temporary permit shall be one-twelfth of the combined fees required by this section for4477 applicable licenses to sell wine, beer, or mixed beverages computed to the nearest cent and multiplied4478 by the number of months for which the permit is granted.

4479 F. The Board shall have the authority to increase state license fees from the amounts set forth in 4480 § 4.1-231.1 as it was in effect on January 1, 2022. The Board shall set the amount of such increases on 4481 the basis of the consumer price index and shall not increase fees more than once every three years. Prior 4482 to implementing any state license fee increase, the Board shall provide notice to all licensees and the 4483 general public of (i) the Board's intent to impose a fee increase and (ii) the new fee that would be 4484 required for any license affected by the Board's proposed fee increases. Such notice shall be provided on 4485 or before November 1 in any year in which the Board has decided to increase state license fees, and 4486 such increases shall become effective July 1 of the following year.

4487 § 4.1-240. Collection of taxes and fees; service charge; storage of credit card, debit card, and

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4488 automated clearinghouse information.

4489 A. The Board may accept payment by any commercially acceptable means, including checks, credit 4490 cards, debit cards, and electronic funds transfers, for the taxes, penalties, or other fees imposed on a 4491 licensee in accordance with this title subtitle. In addition, the Board may assess a service charge for the 4492 use of a credit or debit card. The service charge shall not exceed the amount negotiated and agreed to in 4493 a contract with the Department.

4494 B. Upon the request of a license applicant or licensee, the Board may collect and maintain a record 4495 of the applicant's or licensee's credit card, debit card, or automated clearinghouse transfer information 4496 and use such information for future payments of taxes, penalties, other fees, or amounts due for products 4497 purchased from the Board. The Board may assess a service charge as provided in subsection A for any 4498 payments made under this subsection. The Board may procure the services of a third-party vendor for 4499 the secure storage of information collected pursuant to this subsection. 4500

§ 4.1-300. Illegal manufacture and bottling; penalty.

4501 A. Except as otherwise provided in §§ 4.1-200 and 4.1-201, no person shall manufacture alcoholic 4502 beverages in the Commonwealth without being licensed under this title subtitle to manufacture such 4503 alcoholic beverages. Nor shall any person, other than a brewery licensee or bottler's licensee, bottle beer 4504 for sale.

B. The presence of mash at an unlicensed distillery shall constitute manufacturing within the meaning 4505 4506 of this section. 4507

C. Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony.

§ 4.1-302. Illegal sale of alcoholic beverages in general; penalty.

4509 If any person who is not licensed sells any alcoholic beverages except as permitted by this title 4510 subtitle, he shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

In the event of a second or subsequent conviction under this section, a jail sentence of no less than 4511 4512 thirty 30 days shall be imposed and in no case be suspended.

§ 4.1-303. Purchase of alcoholic beverages from person not authorized to sell; penalty.

4514 If any person buys alcoholic beverages from any person other than the Board, a government store or 4515 a person authorized under this title subtitle to sell alcoholic beverages, he shall be guilty of a Class 1 4516 misdemeanor.

§ 4.1-310. Illegal importation, shipment and transportation of alcoholic beverages; penalty; 4517 4518 exception.

4519 A. No alcoholic beverages, other than wine or beer, shall be imported, shipped, transported, or 4520 brought into the Commonwealth, other than to distillery licensees or winery licensees, unless consigned 4521 to the Board. However, the Board may permit such alcoholic beverages ordered by it from outside the 4522 Commonwealth for (i) persons, for industrial purposes, (ii) the manufacture of articles allowed to be manufactured under § 4.1-200, or (iii) hospitals, to be shipped or transported directly to such persons. 4523 4524 On such orders or shipments of alcohol, the Board shall charge only a reasonable permit fee.

B. Except as otherwise provided in subsection F of § 4.1-206.3 or § 4.1-209.1 or 4.1-212.1, no wine 4525 4526 shall be imported, shipped, transported or brought into the Commonwealth unless it is consigned to a 4527 wholesale wine licensee.

4528 C. Except as otherwise provided in subsection F of § 4.1-206.3 or § 4.1-209.1 or 4.1-212.1, no beer 4529 shall be imported, shipped, transported or brought into the Commonwealth except to persons licensed to 4530 sell it. 4531

D. Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

4532 E. The provisions of this chapter shall not prohibit (i) any person from bringing, in his personal 4533 possession, or through United States Customs in his accompanying baggage, into the Commonwealth not for resale, alcoholic beverages in an amount not to exceed one gallon or four liters if any part of the 4534 alcoholic beverages being transported is held in metric-sized containers, (ii) the shipment or 4535 4536 transportation into the Commonwealth of a reasonable quantity of alcoholic beverages not for resale in the personal or household effects of a person relocating his place of residence to the Commonwealth, or 4537 4538 (iii) the possession or storage of alcoholic beverages on passenger boats, dining cars, buffet cars and 4539 club cars, licensed under this title subtitle, or common carriers engaged in interstate or foreign 4540 commerce. 4541

§ 4.1-310.1. Delivery of wine or beer to retail licensee.

4542 Except as otherwise provided in this title subtitle or in Board regulation, no wine or beer may be 4543 shipped or delivered to a retail licensee for resale unless such wine or beer has first been (i) delivered to 4544 the licensed premises of a wine or beer wholesaler and unloaded, (ii) kept on the licensed premises of 4545 the wholesaler for not less than four hours prior to reloading on a vehicle, and (iii) recorded in the 4546 wholesaler's inventory. Any holder of a restricted wholesale wine license issued pursuant to subdivision 4547 3 of § 4.1-206.2 shall be exempt from the requirement set forth in clause (ii).

4548 § 4.1-320. Illegal advertising; penalty; exception.

4549 A. Except in accordance with this title subtitle and Board regulations, no person shall advertise in or

4550 send any advertising matter into the Commonwealth about or concerning alcoholic beverages other than 4551 those which may legally be manufactured or sold without a license.

4552 B. Manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers may engage in the display of outdoor alcoholic beverage 4553 advertising on lawfully erected signs provided such display is done in accordance with § 4.1-112.2 and 4554 Board regulations.

4555 C. Except as provided in subsection D, any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be 4556 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

4557 D. For violations of § 4.1-112.2 relating to distance and zoning restrictions on outdoor advertising, 4558 the Board shall give the advertiser written notice to take corrective action to either bring the 4559 advertisement into compliance with this title subtitle and Board regulations or to remove such 4560 advertisement. If corrective action is not taken within 30 days, the advertiser shall be guilty of a Class 4 4561 misdemeanor.

4562 E. Neither this section nor any Board regulation shall prohibit (i) the awarding of watches of a 4563 wholesale value of less than \$100 by a licensed distillery, winery or brewery, to participants in athletic 4564 contests; (ii) the exhibition or display of automobiles, boats, or aircraft regularly and normally used in 4565 racing or other competitive events and the sponsorship of an automobile, boat or aircraft racing team by 4566 a licensed distillery, winery or brewery and the display on the automobile, boat or aircraft and uniforms of the members of the racing team, the trademark or brand name of an alcoholic beverage manufactured 4567 4568 by such distillery, winery or brewery; (iii) the sponsorship of a professional athletic event, including, but 4569 not limited to, golf, auto racing or tennis, by a licensed distillery, winery or brewery or the use of any 4570 trademark or brand name of any alcoholic beverage in connection with such sponsorship; (iv) the 4571 advertisement of beer by the display of such product's name on any airship, which advertising is paid 4572 for by the manufacturer of such product; (v) the advertisement of beer or any alcoholic beverage by the 4573 display of such product's name on any scale model, reproduction or replica of any motor vehicle, aircraft 4574 or watercraft offered for sale; (vi) the placement of billboard advertising within stadia, coliseums, or 4575 racetracks that are used primarily for professional or semiprofessional athletic or sporting events; or (vii) 4576 the sponsorship of an entertainment or cultural event. 4577

§ 4.1-323. Attempts; aiding or abetting; penalty.

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4578 No person shall attempt to do any of the things prohibited by this title subtitle or to aid or abet 4579 another in doing, or attempting to do, any of the things prohibited by this title subtitle.

4580 On an indictment, information or warrant for the violation of this title subtitle, the jury or the court 4581 may find the defendant guilty of an attempt, or being an accessory, and the punishment shall be the 4582 same as if the defendant were solely guilty of such violation.

§ 4.1-324. Illegal sale or keeping of alcoholic beverages by licensees; penalty.

A. No licensee or any agent or employee of such licensee shall:

4585 1. Sell any alcoholic beverages of a kind other than that which such license or this title subtitle 4586 authorizes him to sell;

4587 2. Sell beer to which wine, spirits or alcohol has been added, except that a mixed beverage licensee 4588 may combine wine or spirits, or both, with beer pursuant to a patron's order;

4589 3. Sell wine to which spirits or alcohol, or both, have been added, otherwise than as required in the 4590 manufacture thereof under Board regulations, except that a mixed beverage licensee may (i) make 4591 sangria that contains brandy, triple sec, or other similar spirits and (ii) combine beer or spirits, or both, 4592 with wine pursuant to a patron's order;

4593 4. Sell alcoholic beverages of a kind which such license or this title subtitle authorizes him to sell, 4594 but to any person other than to those to whom such license or this title subtitle authorizes him to sell;

4595 5. Sell alcoholic beverages which such license or this title subtitle authorizes him to sell, but in any 4596 place or in any manner other than such license or this title subtitle authorizes him to sell; 4597

6. Sell any alcoholic beverages when forbidden by this title subtitle;

4598 7. Keep or allow to be kept, other than in his residence and for his personal use, any alcoholic 4599 beverages other than that which he is authorized to sell by such license or by this title subtitle;

4600 8. Sell any beer to a retail licensee, except for cash, if the seller holds a brewery, bottler's or 4601 wholesale beer license;

4602 9. Sell any beer on draft and fail to display to customers the brand of beer sold or misrepresent the 4603 brand of any beer sold;

4604 10. Sell any wine for delivery within the Commonwealth to a retail licensee, except for cash, if the 4605 seller holds a wholesale wine or farm winery license;

4606 11. Keep or allow to be kept or sell any vaporized form of an alcoholic beverage produced by an 4607 alcohol vaporizing device;

4608 12. Keep any alcoholic beverage other than in the bottle or container in which it was purchased by 4609 him except: (i) for a frozen alcoholic beverage; and (ii) in the case of wine, in containers of a type 4610 approved by the Board pending automatic dispensing and sale of such wine; or

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4611 13. Establish any normal or customary pricing of its alcoholic beverages that is intended as a shift or 4612 device to evade any "happy hour" regulations adopted by the Board; however, a licensee may increase 4613 the volume of an alcoholic beverage sold to a customer if there is a commensurate increase in the 4614 normal or customary price charged for the same alcoholic beverage.

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 4615

4616 C. Neither this section nor any Board regulation shall prohibit an on-premises restaurant licensee 4617 from using alcoholic beverages that the licensee otherwise is authorized to purchase and possess for the 4618 purposes of preparing and selling for on-premises consumption food products with a final alcohol 4619 content of more than one-half of one percent by volume, as long as such food products are sold to and 4620 consumed by persons who are 21 years of age or older. 4621

§ 4.1-325. Prohibited acts by mixed beverage licensees; penalty.

4622 A. In addition to § 4.1-324, no mixed beverage licensee nor any agent or employee of such licensee 4623 shall: 4624

1. Sell or serve any alcoholic beverage other than as authorized by law;

4625 2. Sell any authorized alcoholic beverage to any person or at any place except as authorized by law;

4626 3. Allow at the place described in his license the consumption of alcoholic beverages in violation of 4627 this title subtitle;

4628 4. Keep at the place described in his license any alcoholic beverage other than that which he is 4629 licensed to sell;

5. Misrepresent the brand of any alcoholic beverage sold or offered for sale;

4631 6. Keep any alcoholic beverage other than in the bottle or container in which it was purchased by 4632 him except (i) for a frozen alcoholic beverage, which may include alcoholic beverages in a frozen drink dispenser of a type approved by the Board; (ii) in the case of wine, in containers of a type approved by 4633 the Board pending automatic dispensing and sale of such wine; and (iii) as otherwise provided by Board 4634 4635 regulation. Neither this subdivision nor any Board regulation shall prohibit any mixed beverage licensee 4636 from premixing containers of sangria, to which spirits may be added, to be served and sold for 4637 consumption on the licensed premises;

4638 7. Refill or partly refill any bottle or container of alcoholic beverage or dilute or otherwise tamper 4639 with the contents of any bottle or container of alcoholic beverage, except as provided by Board 4640 regulation adopted pursuant to subdivision B 11 of § 4.1-111:

4641 8. Sell or serve any brand of alcoholic beverage which is not the same as that ordered by the 4642 purchaser without first advising such purchaser of the difference;

4643 9. Remove or obliterate any label, mark, or stamp affixed to any container of alcoholic beverages 4644 offered for sale;

4645 10. Deliver or sell the contents of any container if the label, mark, or stamp has been removed or 4646 obliterated:

4647 11. Allow any obscene conduct, language, literature, pictures, performance, or materials on the 4648 licensed premises; 4649

12. Allow any striptease act on the licensed premises;

13. Allow persons connected with the licensed business to appear nude or partially nude;

4651 14. Consume or allow the consumption by an employee of any alcoholic beverages while on duty 4652 and in a position that is involved in the selling or serving of alcoholic beverages to customers.

4653 The provisions of this subdivision shall not prohibit any retail licensee or his designated employee 4654 from (i) consuming product samples or sample servings of (a) beer or wine provided by a representative 4655 of a licensed beer or wine wholesaler or manufacturer or (b) a distilled spirit provided by a permittee of 4656 the Board who represents a distiller, if such samples are provided in accordance with Board regulations and the retail licensee or his designated employee does not violate the provisions of subdivision 1 f of 4657 4658 § 4.1-225 or (ii) tasting an alcoholic beverage that has been or will be delivered to a customer for 4659 quality control purposes;

4660 15. Deliver to a consumer an original bottle of an alcoholic beverage purchased under such license 4661 whether the closure is broken or unbroken except in accordance with $\S 4.1-206.3$. 4662

The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the delivery of:

4663 a. "Soju." For the purposes of this subdivision, "soju" means a traditional Korean alcoholic beverage 4664 distilled from rice, barley or sweet potatoes; or

4665 b. Spirits, provided (i) the original container is no larger than 375 milliliters, (ii) the alcohol content 4666 is no greater than 15 percent by volume, and (iii) the contents of the container are carbonated and 4667 perishable;

4668 16. Be intoxicated while on duty or employ an intoxicated person on the licensed premises;

4669 17. Conceal any sale or consumption of any alcoholic beverages;

4670 18. Fail or refuse to make samples of any alcoholic beverages available to the Board upon request or obstruct special agents of the Board in the discharge of their duties; 4671

4672 19. Store alcoholic beverages purchased under the license in any unauthorized place or remove any

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4673 such alcoholic beverages from the premises;

4674 20. Knowingly employ in the licensed business any person who has the general reputation as a 4675 prostitute, panderer, habitual law violator, person of ill repute, user or peddler of narcotics, or person 4676 who drinks to excess or engages in illegal gambling;

4677 21. Keep on the licensed premises a slot machine or any prohibited gambling or gaming device, 4678 machine or apparatus;

4679 22. Make any gift of an alcoholic beverage, other than as a gift made (i) to a personal friend, as a 4680 matter of normal social intercourse, so long as the gift is in no way a shift or device to evade the 4681 restriction set forth in this subdivision; (ii) to a person responsible for the planning, preparation or conduct on any conference, convention, trade show or event held or to be held on the premises of the 4682 4683 licensee, when such gift is made in the course of usual and customary business entertainment and is in 4684 no way a shift or device to evade the restriction set forth in this subdivision; (iii) pursuant to subsection 4685 B of § 4.1-209; (iv) pursuant to subdivision A 10 of § 4.1-201; or (v) pursuant to any Board regulation. 4686 Any gift permitted by this subdivision shall be subject to the taxes imposed by this title subtitle on sales 4687 of alcoholic beverages. The licensee shall keep complete and accurate records of gifts given in 4688 accordance with this subdivision; or

4689 23. Establish any normal or customary pricing of its alcoholic beverages that is intended as a shift or 4690 device to evade any "happy hour" regulations adopted by the Board; however, a licensee may increase 4691 the volume of an alcoholic beverage sold to a customer if there is a commensurate increase in the 4692 normal or customary price charged for the same alcoholic beverage. 4693

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

4694 C. The provisions of subdivisions A 12 and A 13 shall not apply to persons operating theaters, 4695 concert halls, art centers, museums, or similar establishments that are devoted primarily to the arts or 4696 theatrical performances, when the performances that are presented are expressing matters of serious 4697 literary, artistic, scientific, or political value. 4698

§ 4.1-325.2. Prohibited acts by employees of wine or beer licensees; penalty.

4699 A. In addition to the provisions of § 4.1-324, no retail wine or beer licensee or his agent or employee shall consume any alcoholic beverages while on duty and in a position that is involved in the 4700 4701 selling or serving of alcoholic beverages to customers.

4702 The provisions of this subsection shall not prohibit any retail licensee or his designated employee 4703 from (i) consuming product samples or sample servings of beer or wine provided by a representative of 4704 a licensed beer or wine wholesaler or manufacturer, if such samples are provided in accordance with 4705 Board regulations and the retail licensee or his designated employee does not violate the provisions of 4706 subdivision 1 f of § 4.1-225 or (ii) tasting an alcoholic beverage that has been or will be delivered to a 4707 customer for quality control purposes.

4708 B. For the purposes of subsection A, a wine or beer wholesaler or farm winery licensee or its 4709 employees that participate in a wine or beer tasting sponsored by a retail wine or beer licensee shall not 4710 be deemed to be agents of the retail wine or beer licensee.

C. No retail wine or beer licensee, or his agent or employee shall make any gift of an alcoholic 4711 4712 beverage, other than as a gift made (i) to a personal friend, as a matter of normal social intercourse, so 4713 long as the gift is in no way a shift or device to evade the restriction set forth in this subsection; (ii) to 4714 a person responsible for the planning, preparation or conduct on any conference, convention, trade show 4715 or event held or to be held on the premises of the licensee, when such gift is made in the course of 4716 usual and customary business entertainment and is in no way a shift or device to evade the restriction 4717 set forth in this subsection; (iii) pursuant to subsection B of § 4.1-209; (iv) pursuant to subdivision A 10 4718 of § 4.1-201; or (v) pursuant to any Board regulation. Any gift permitted by this subsection shall be 4719 subject to the taxes imposed by this title subtitle on sales of alcoholic beverages. The licensee shall keep 4720 complete and accurate records of gifts given in accordance with this subsection.

4721 D. Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty in an 4722 amount not to exceed \$500.

§ 4.1-329. Illegal advertising materials; penalty.

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No person subject to the jurisdiction of the Board shall induce, attempt to induce, or consent to, any 4724 4725 manufacturer, as defined in § 4.1-216.1, or any wholesale licensee selling, renting, lending, buying for or 4726 giving to any person any advertising materials or decorations under circumstances prohibited by this title 4727 subtitle or Board regulations.

4728 Any person found by the Board to have violated this section shall be subject to a civil penalty as 4729 provided in § 4.1-227.

§ 4.1-336. Contraband beverages and other articles subject to forfeiture.

4731 All stills and distilling apparatus and materials for the manufacture of alcoholic beverages, all 4732 alcoholic beverages and materials used in their manufacture, all containers in which alcoholic beverages 4733 may be found, which are kept, stored, possessed, or in any manner used in violation of the provisions of

4734 this title subtitle, and any dangerous weapons as described in § 18.2-308, which may be used, or which 4735 may be found upon the person or in any vehicle which such person is using, to aid such person in the 4736 unlawful manufacture, transportation or sale of alcoholic beverages, or found in the possession of such 4737 person, or any horse, mule or other beast of burden, any wagon, automobile, truck or vehicle of any 4738 nature whatsoever which is found in the immediate vicinity of any place where alcoholic beverages are 4739 being unlawfully manufactured and which such animal or vehicle is being used to aid in the unlawful 4740 manufacture, shall be deemed contraband and shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth.

4741 Proceedings for the confiscation of the above property shall be in accordance with § 4.1-338 for all 4742 such property except motor vehicles which proceedings shall be in accordance with Chapter 22.1 4743 (§ 19.2-386.1 et seq.) of Title 19.2. 4744

§ 4.1-337. Search warrants.

4745 A. If complaint on oath is made that alcoholic beverages are being manufactured, sold, kept, stored, 4746 or in any manner held, used or concealed in a particular house, or other place, in violation of law, the 4747 judge, magistrate, or other person having authority to issue criminal warrants, to whom such complaint 4748 is made, if satisfied that there is a probable cause for such belief, shall issue a warrant to search such 4749 house or other place for alcoholic beverages. Such warrants, except as herein otherwise provided, shall 4750 be issued, directed and executed in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth pertaining to search 4751 warrants.

4752 B. Warrants issued under this title subtitle for the search of any automobile, boat, conveyance or 4753 vehicle, whether of like kind or not, or for the search of any article of baggage, whether of like kind or 4754 not, for alcoholic beverages, may be executed in any part of the Commonwealth where they are overtaken and shall be made returnable before any judge within whose jurisdiction such automobile, 4755 4756 boat, conveyance, vehicle, truck, or article of baggage, or any of them, was transported or attempted to 4757 be transported contrary to law. 4758

§ 4.1-338. Confiscation proceedings; disposition of forfeited articles.

4759 A. All proceedings for the confiscation of articles, except motor vehicles, declared contraband and 4760 forfeited to the Commonwealth under this chapter shall be as provided in this section.

B. Production of seized property. — Whenever any article declared contraband under the provisions 4761 4762 of this title subtitle and required to be forfeited to the Commonwealth has been seized, with or without a 4763 warrant, by any officer charged with the enforcement of this title subtitle, he shall produce the 4764 contraband article and any person in whose possession it was found. In those cases where no person is 4765 found in possession of such articles the return shall so state and a copy of the warrant shall be posted 4766 on the door of the buildings or room where the articles were found, or if there is no door, then in any 4767 conspicuous place upon the premises.

4768 In case of seizure of a still, doubler, worm, worm tub, mash tub, fermenting tub, or other distilling 4769 apparatus, for any offense involving their forfeiture, where it is impracticable to remove such distilling 4770 apparatus to a place of safe storage from the place where seized, the seizing officer may destroy such apparatus only as necessary to prevent use of all or any part thereof for the purpose of distilling. The 4771 4772 destruction shall be in the presence of at least one credible witness, and such witness shall join the 4773 officer in a sworn report of the seizure and destruction, to be made to the Board. The report shall set forth the grounds of the claim of forfeiture, the reasons for seizure and destruction, an estimate of the 4774 4775 fair cash value of the apparatus destroyed, and the materials remaining after such destruction. The report 4776 shall include a statement that, from facts within their own knowledge, the seizing officer and witness 4777 have no doubt whatever that the distilling apparatus was set up for use, or had been used in the 4778 unlawful distillation of spirits, and that it was impracticable to remove such apparatus to a place of safe 4779 storage.

4780 In case of seizure of any quantity of mash, or of alcoholic beverages on which the tax imposed by the laws of the United States has not been paid, for any offense involving forfeiture of the same, the 4781 4782 seizing officer may destroy them to prevent the use of all or any part thereof for the purpose of 4783 unlawful distillation of spirits or any other violation of this title subtitle. The destruction shall be in the 4784 presence of at least one credible witness, and such witness shall join the officer in a sworn report of the 4785 seizure and destruction, to be made to the Board. The report shall set forth the grounds of the claim of 4786 forfeiture, the reasons for seizure and destruction, and a statement that, from facts within their own 4787 knowledge, the seizing officer and witness have no doubt whatever that the mash was intended for use 4788 in the unlawful distillation of spirits, or that the alcoholic beverages were intended for use in violation 4789 of this title subtitle.

4790 C. Hearing and determination. - Upon the return of the warrant as provided in this section, the 4791 court shall fix a time not less than ten 10 days, unless waived by the accused in writing, and not more 4792 than thirty 30 days thereafter, for the hearing on such return to determine whether or not the articles 4793 seized, or any part thereof, were used or in any manner kept, stored or possessed in violation of this 4794 title subtitle.

4795 At such hearing if no claimant appears, the court shall declare the articles seized forfeited to the

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4796 Commonwealth and, if such articles are not necessary as evidence in any pending prosecution, shall turn 4797 them over to the Board. Any person claiming an interest in any of the articles seized may appear at the 4798 hearing and file a written claim setting forth particularly the character and extent of his interest. The 4799 court shall certify the warrant and the articles seized along with any claim filed to the circuit court to 4800 hear and determine the validity of such claim.

4801 If the evidence warrants, the court shall enter a judgment of forfeiture and order the articles seized to 4802 be turned over to the Board. Action under this section and the forfeiture of any articles hereunder shall 4803 not be a bar to any prosecution under any other provision of this title subtitle.

D. Disposition of forfeited beverages and other articles. - Any articles forfeited to the 4804 4805 Commonwealth and turned over to the Board in accordance with this section shall be destroyed or sold 4806 by the Board as it deems proper. The net proceeds from such sales shall be paid into the Literary Fund. 4807 If the Board believes that any alcoholic beverages forfeited to the Commonwealth and turned over to the 4808 Board in accordance with this section cannot be sold and should not be destroyed, it may give such 4809 alcoholic beverages for medicinal purposes to any institution in the Commonwealth regularly conducted 4810 as a hospital, nursing home or sanatorium for the care of persons in ill health, or as a home devoted 4811 exclusively to the care of aged people, to supply the needs of such institution for alcoholic beverages for 4812 such purposes, provided that (i) the State Health Commissioner has issued a certificate stating that such 4813 institution has need for such alcoholic beverages and (ii) preference is accorded by the Board to 4814 institutions supported either in whole or in part by public funds. A record shall be made showing the 4815 amount issued in each case, to whom issued and the date when issued, and shall be kept in the offices 4816 of the State Health Commissioner and the Board. No charge shall be made to any patient for the 4817 alcoholic beverages supplied to him where they have been received from the Board pursuant to this 4818 section. Such alcoholic beverages shall be administered only upon approval of the patient's physician.

If the Board believes that any foodstuffs forfeited to the Commonwealth and turned over to the 4819 4820 Board in accordance with this section are usable, should not be destroyed and cannot be sold or whose 4821 sale would be impractical, it may give such foodstuffs to any institution in the Commonwealth and shall 4822 prefer a gift to the local jail or other local correctional facility in the jurisdiction where seizure took 4823 place. A record shall be made showing the nature of the foodstuffs and amount given, to whom given 4824 and the date when given, and shall be kept in the offices of the Board. 4825

§ 4.1-348. Beverages not licensed under this subtitle.

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4826 The provisions of §§ 4.1-339 through 4.1-348 shall not apply to alcoholic beverages which that may 4827 be manufactured and sold without any license under the provisions of this title subtitle.

§ 4.1-349. Punishment for violations of subtitle or regulations; bond.

4829 A. Any person convicted of a misdemeanor under the provisions of this title subtitle without 4830 specification as to the class of offense or penalty, or convicted of violating any other provision thereof, 4831 or convicted of violating any Board regulation, shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

4832 B. In addition to the penalties imposed by this title subtitle for violations, any court before whom 4833 any person is convicted of a violation of any provision of this title subtitle may require such defendant 4834 to execute bond, with approved security, in the penalty of not more than \$1,000, with the condition that 4835 the defendant will not violate any of the provisions of this title subtitle for the term of one year. If any 4836 such bond is required and is not given, the defendant shall be committed to jail until it is given, or until 4837 he is discharged by the court, provided he shall not be confined for a period longer than six months. If 4838 any such bond required by a court is not given during the term of the court by which conviction is had, 4839 it may be given before any judge or before the clerk of such court.

C. The provisions of this title subtitle shall not prevent the Board from suspending, revoking or 4840 refusing to continue the license of any person convicted of a violation of any provision of this title 4841 4842 subtitle.

4843 D. No court shall hear such a case unless the respective attorney for the Commonwealth or his 4844 assistant has been notified that such a case is pending. 4845

§ 4.1-350. Witness not excused from testifying because of self-incrimination.

4846 No person shall be excused from testifying for the Commonwealth as to any offense committed by 4847 another under this title subtitle by reason of his testimony tending to incriminate him. The testimony 4848 given by such person on behalf of the Commonwealth when called as a witness for the prosecution shall 4849 not be used against him, and he shall not be prosecuted for the offense to which he testifies. 4850

§ 4.1-351. Previous convictions.

4851 In any indictment, information, or warrant charging any person with a violation of any provision of this title subtitle, it may be alleged and evidence may be introduced at the trial of such person to prove 4852 4853 that such person has been previously convicted of a violation of this title subtitle. 4854

§ 4.1-352. Certificate of forensic scientist as evidence; requiring forensic scientist to appear.

4855 The certificate of any forensic scientist employed by the Commonwealth on behalf of the Board or the Department of Forensic Science, when signed by him, shall be admissible as evidence in all 4856

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4857 prosecutions for violations of this title and all controversies in any judicial proceedings touching the 4858 mixture analyzed by him of the facts therein stated and of the results of such analysis (i) in any 4859 criminal proceeding, provided the requirements of subsection A of § 19.2-187.1 have been satisfied and 4860 the accused has not objected to the admission of the certificate pursuant to subsection B of § 19.2-187.1 4861 or (ii) in any civil proceeding. On motion of the accused or any party in interest, the court may require 4862 the forensic scientist making the analysis to appear as a witness and be subject to cross-examination, 4863 provided such motion is made within a reasonable time prior to the day on which the case is set for 4864 trial.

§ 4.1-353. Label on sealed container prima facie evidence of alcoholic content.

4866 In any prosecution for violations of this title subtitle, where a sealed container is labeled as containing an alcoholic beverage as defined herein, such labeling shall be prima facie evidence of the 4867 4868 alcoholic content of the container. Nothing shall preclude the introduction of other relevant evidence to 4869 establish the alcoholic content of a container, whether sealed or not.

4870 § 4.1-354. No recovery for alcoholic beverages illegally sold.

4871 No action to recover the price of any alcoholic beverages sold in contravention of this title subtitle 4872 may be maintained.

§ 4.1-600. Definitions.

4874 As used in this subtitle, unless the context requires a different meaning:

4875 "Advertisement" or " advertising" means any written or verbal statement, illustration, or depiction 4876 that is calculated to induce sales of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, marijuana plants, or 4877 marijuana seeds, or regulated hemp products, including any written, printed, graphic, digital, electronic, 4878 or other material, billboard, sign, or other outdoor display, publication, or radio or television broadcast.

4879 "Authority" means the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority created pursuant to this subtitle.

4880 "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority.

4881 "Cannabis Control Act" means Subtitle II (§ 4.1-600 et seq.).

4882 "Canopy" means any area dedicated to live marijuana plant cultivation, including areas in which 4883 plants are grown, propagated, cloned, or maintained. If any such areas are stacked vertically, each level 4884 of space shall be measured and included in the total canopy square footage.

4885 'Child-resistant'' means, with respect to packaging or a container, (i) specially designed or constructed to be significantly difficult for a typical child under five years of age to open and not to be 4886 4887 significantly difficult for a typical adult to open and reseal and (ii) for any product intended for more 4888 than a single use or that contains multiple servings, resealable.

"Cultivation" or "cultivate" means the planting, propagation, growing, harvesting, drying, curing, 4889 grading, trimming, or other similar processing of marijuana for use or sale. "Cultivation" or "cultivate' 4890 4891 does not include manufacturing or testing.

4892 "Edible hemp product" means a hemp product intended to be consumed orally that is or contains an 4893 industrial hemp extract.

4894 "Edible marijuana product" means a marijuana product intended to be consumed orally, including 4895 marijuana intended to be consumed orally or marijuana concentrate intended to be consumed orally.

4896 "Hemp product" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

4897 "Hemp product intended for smoking" means any hemp product intended to be consumed by 4898 inhalation.

4899 "Immature plant" means a nonflowering marijuana plant that is no taller than eight inches and no 4900 wider than eight inches, is produced from a cutting, clipping, or seedling, and is growing in a container. 4901 "Industrial hemp" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

4902 "Industrial hemp extract" means any phytochemical that has been removed from industrial hemp. 4903 "Industrial hemp extract" is not a hemp seed-derived ingredient that is approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration or the subject of a generally recognized as safe notice for which the U.S. Food 4904 4905 and Drug Administration had no questions. 4906

"Licensed" means the holding of a valid license granted by the Authority.

4907 "Licensee" means any person to whom a license has been granted by the Authority.

4908 "Manufacturing" or "manufacture" means the production of marijuana products or regulated hemp 4909 products or the blending, infusing, compounding, or other preparation of marijuana and, marijuana 4910 products, or regulated hemp products, including marijuana extraction or preparation by means of chemical synthesis. "Manufacturing" or "manufacture" does not include cultivation or testing. 4911

4912 "Marijuana" means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, its seeds or 4913 resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. "Marijuana" does not include the mature 4914 4915 stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, or oil or cake made from the seed of such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is combined with other parts of plants of the genus Cannabis. 4916 "Marijuana" does not include (i) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person 4917 4918 registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent or; (ii) industrial hemp that is possessed

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by a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; (iii) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, other than a regulated hemp product, containing a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; or (iv) a regulated hemp product that does not exceed the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol concentration established pursuant to § 4.1-606 and that is derived from industrial hemp that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal law.

4926 "Marijuana concentrate" means marijuana that has undergone a process to concentrate one or more
4927 active cannabinoids, thereby increasing the product's potency. Resin from granular trichomes from a
4928 marijuana plant is a concentrate for purposes of this subtitle.

4929 "Marijuana cultivation facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to cultivate, label, and 4930 package retail marijuana; to purchase or take possession of marijuana plants and seeds from other 4931 marijuana cultivation facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana, immature marijuana 4932 plants, and marijuana seeds to marijuana wholesalers and retail marijuana stores; to transfer possession 4933 of and sell retail marijuana, marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to other marijuana cultivation 4934 facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana to marijuana manufacturing facilities; and to 4935 sell immature marijuana plants and marijuana seeds to consumers for the purpose of cultivating 4936 marijuana at home for personal use.

4937 "Marijuana establishment" means a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana testing facility, a **4938** marijuana manufacturing facility, a marijuana wholesaler, or a retail marijuana store.

"Marijuana manufacturing facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to manufacture, label,
and package retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; to purchase or take possession of retail
marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility or another marijuana manufacturing facility; and to
transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to marijuana wholesalers,
retail marijuana stores, or other marijuana manufacturing facilities.

4944 "Marijuana paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind that are either
4945 designed for use or are intended for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting,
4946 manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, strength testing, analyzing,
4947 packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into
4948 the human body marijuana.

4949 "Marijuana products" means (i) products that are composed of marijuana and other ingredients and are intended for use or consumption, ointments, and tinctures or (ii) marijuana concentrate.

4951 "Marijuana testing facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to develop, research, or test4952 marijuana, marijuana products, *regulated hemp products*, and other substances.

"Marijuana wholesaler" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to purchase or take possession of
retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds from a
marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana manufacturing facility, or another marijuana wholesaler and to
transfer possession and sell or resell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana
plants, and marijuana seeds to a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, retail
marijuana store, or another marijuana wholesaler.

4959 "Non-retail marijuana" means marijuana that is not cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed **4960** marijuana establishment.

4961 "Non-retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are not manufactured and sold by a licensed marijuana establishment.

4963 "Place or premises" means the real estate, together with any buildings or other improvements thereon,
4964 designated in the application for a license as the place at which the cultivation, manufacture, sale, or
4965 testing of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products shall be performed, except that portion of any
4966 such building or other improvement actually and exclusively used as a private residence.

"Public place" means any place, building, or conveyance to which the public has, or is permitted to
have, access, including restaurants, soda fountains, hotel dining areas, lobbies and corridors of hotels,
and any park, place of public resort or amusement, highway, street, lane, or sidewalk adjoining any
highway, street, or lane.

4971 *"Regulated hemp product" means a hemp product intended for smoking or edible hemp products.*

4972 "Residence" means any building or part of a building or structure where a person resides, but does not include any part of a building that is not actually and exclusively used as a private residence, nor any part of a hotel or club other than a private guest room thereof.

4975 "Retail marijuana" means marijuana that is cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed marijuana establishment.

4977 "Retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are manufactured and sold by a licensed **4978** marijuana establishment.

4979 "Retail marijuana store" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to purchase or take possession of

4980 retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds from a 4981 marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, or marijuana wholesaler and to sell retail 4982 marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds to consumers.

4983 "Sale" and "sell" includes soliciting or receiving an order for; keeping, offering, or exposing for sale; 4984 peddling, exchanging, or bartering; or delivering otherwise than gratuitously, by any means, retail 4985 marijuana or, retail marijuana products, or regulated hemp products.

4986 "Special agent" means an employee of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority whom the Board has 4987 designated as a law-enforcement officer pursuant to this subtitle.

4988 Testing" or "test" means the research and analysis of marijuana, marijuana products, regulated hemp 4989 products, or other substances for contaminants, safety, or potency. "Testing" or "test" does not include 4990 cultivation or manufacturing. 4991

§ 4.1-601. Virginia Cannabis Control Authority created; public purpose.

4992 A. The General Assembly has determined that there exists in the Commonwealth a need to control 4993 the possession, sale, transportation, distribution, and delivery of retail marijuana and, retail marijuana 4994 products, and regulated hemp products in the Commonwealth. Further, the General Assembly determines 4995 that the creation of an authority for this purpose is in the public interest, serves a public purpose, and 4996 will promote the health, safety, welfare, convenience, and prosperity of the people of the 4997 Commonwealth. To achieve this objective, there is hereby created an independent political subdivision 4998 of the Commonwealth, exclusive of the legislative, executive, or judicial branches of state government, 4999 to be known as the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority. The Authority's exercise of powers and duties 5000 conferred by this subtitle shall be deemed the performance of an essential governmental function and a 5001 matter of public necessity for which public moneys may be spent.

B. The Board of Directors of the Authority is vested with control of the possession, sale, 5002 transportation, distribution, and delivery of retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products, and regulated 5003 5004 hemp products in the Commonwealth, with plenary power to prescribe and enforce regulations and conditions under which retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp products are 5005 5006 possessed, sold, transported, distributed, and delivered, so as to prevent any corrupt, incompetent, 5007 dishonest, or unprincipled practices and to promote the health, safety, welfare, convenience, and 5008 prosperity of the people of the Commonwealth. The exercise of the powers granted by this subtitle shall 5009 be in all respects for the benefit of the citizens of the Commonwealth and for the promotion of their 5010 safety, health, welfare, and convenience. No part of the assets or net earnings of the Authority shall 5011 inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to, any private individual, except that reasonable compensation 5012 may be paid for services rendered to or for the Authority affecting one or more of its purposes, and 5013 benefits may be conferred that are in conformity with said purposes, and no private individual shall be 5014 entitled to share in the distribution of any of the corporate assets on dissolution of the Authority.

5015 § 4.1-603. Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council; purpose; membership; quorum; meetings; 5016 compensation and expenses; duties.

5017 A. The Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council (the Advisory Council) is established as an 5018 advisory council to the Board. The purpose of the Advisory Council is to assess and monitor public 5019 health issues, trends, and impacts related to marijuana and marijuana legalization and make 5020 recommendations regarding health warnings, retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products, and 5021 regulated hemp products safety and product composition, and public health awareness, programming, 5022 and related resource needs.

5023 B. The Advisory Council shall have a total membership of 21 24 members that shall consist of 14 16 5024 nonlegislative citizen members and seven eight ex officio members. Nonlegislative citizen members of 5025 the Council shall be citizens of the Commonwealth and shall reflect the racial, ethnic, gender, and geographic diversity of the Commonwealth. Nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed as 5026 follows: four to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules, one of whom shall be a representative 5027 5028 from the Virginia Foundation for Healthy Youth, one of whom shall be a representative from the 5029 Virginia Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics, one of whom shall be a representative from 5030 the Medical Society of Virginia, and one of whom shall be a representative from the Virginia 5031 Pharmacists Association; six to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, one of whom 5032 shall be a representative from a community services board, one of whom shall be a person or health 5033 care provider with expertise in substance use disorder treatment and recovery, one of whom shall be a 5034 person or health care provider with expertise in substance use disorder prevention, one of whom shall be 5035 a person with experience in disability rights advocacy, one of whom shall be a person with experience 5036 in veterans health care, and one of whom shall be a person with a social or health equity background; 5037 and four six to be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly, one of 5038 whom shall be a representative of a local health district, one of whom shall be a person who is part of 5039 the cannabis industry, one of whom shall be an academic researcher knowledgeable about cannabis, and 5040 one of whom shall be a registered medical cannabis patient, one of whom shall be a person with 5041 expertise in marijuana consumer safety, and one of whom shall be a representative of a marijuana

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5042 testing laboratory that has operated in the Commonwealth for no less than one year.

5043 The Secretary of Health and Human Resources, the Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion, the 5044 Commissioner of Health, the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the 5045 Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Director of the Department of Health 5046 Professions, the Director of the Department of Forensic Science, and the Chief Executive Officer of the 5047 Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, or their designees, shall serve ex officio with voting privileges. Ex 5048 officio members of the Advisory Council shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office.

5049 After the initial staggering of terms, nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed for a term of 5050 four years. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be for the unexpired 5051 terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All members may be 5052 reappointed.

5053 The Advisory Council shall be chaired by the Secretary of Health and Human Resources or his 5054 designee. The Advisory Council shall select a vice-chairman from among its membership. A majority of 5055 the members shall constitute a quorum. The Advisory Council shall meet at least two times each year 5056 and shall meet at the call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the members so request.

5057 The Advisory Council shall have the authority to create subgroups with additional stakeholders, 5058 experts, and state agency representatives.

5059 C. Members shall receive no compensation for the performance of their duties but shall be 5060 reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as 5061 provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825.

5062 D. The Advisory Council shall have the following duties, in addition to duties that may be necessary 5063 to fulfill its purpose as described in subsection A:

5064 1. To review multi-agency efforts to support collaboration and a unified approach on public health 5065 responses related to marijuana and marijuana legalization in the Commonwealth and to develop 5066 recommendations as necessary.

5067 2. To monitor changes in drug use data related to marijuana and marijuana legalization in the 5068 Commonwealth and the science and medical information relevant to the potential health risks associated with such drug use, and make appropriate recommendations to the Department of Health and the Board. 5069

5070 3. Submit To submit an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly for publication as a 5071 report document as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the 5072 processing of legislative documents and reports. The chairman shall submit to the Governor and the 5073 General Assembly an annual executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Advisory 5074 Council no later than the first day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive 5075 summary shall be submitted as a report document as provided in the procedures of the Division of 5076 Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be 5077 posted on the General Assembly's website.

5078 § 4.1-604. Powers and duties of the Board. 5079

The Board shall have the following powers and duties:

5080 1. Promulgate regulations in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and 5081 § 4.1-606;

5082 2. Control the possession, sale, transportation, and delivery of marijuana and, marijuana products, and 5083 regulated hemp products;

5084 3. Grant, suspend, and revoke licenses for the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, and testing 5085 of marijuana and, marijuana products, and regulated hemp products as provided by law;

4. Determine the nature, form, and capacity of all containers used for holding marijuana products and 5086 5087 regulated hemp products to be kept or sold and prescribe the form and content of all labels and seals to 5088 be placed thereon; 5089

5. Maintain actions to enjoin common nuisances as defined in § 4.1-1113;

5090 6. Establish standards and implement an online course for employees of retail marijuana stores that 5091 trains employees on how to educate consumers on the potential risks of marijuana use;

5092 7. Establish a plan to develop and disseminate to retail marijuana store licensees a pamphlet or 5093 similar document regarding the potential risks of marijuana use to be prominently displayed and made 5094 available to consumers;

5095 8. Establish a position for a Cannabis Social Equity Liaison who shall lead the Cannabis Business 5096 Equity and Diversity Support Team and liaise with the Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion on 5097 matters related to diversity, equity, and inclusion standards in the marijuana industry;

5098 9. Establish a Cannabis Business Equity and Diversity Support Team, which shall (i) develop 5099 requirements for the creation and submission of diversity, equity, and inclusion plans by persons who 5100 wish to possess a license in more than one license category pursuant to subsection C of § 4.1-805, which may include a requirement that the licensee participate in social equity apprenticeship plan, and 5101 an approval process and requirements for implementation of such plans; (ii) be responsible for 5102

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5103 conducting an analysis of potential barriers to entry for small, women-owned, and minority-owned 5104 businesses and veteran-owned businesses interested in participating in the marijuana industry and recommending strategies to effectively mitigate such potential barriers; (iii) provide assistance with 5105 business planning for potential marijuana establishment licensees; (iv) spread awareness of business 5106 opportunities related to the marijuana marketplace in areas disproportionately impacted by marijuana 5107 5108 prohibition and enforcement; (v) provide technical assistance in navigating the administrative process to 5109 potential marijuana establishment licensees; and (vi) conduct other outreach initiatives in areas disproportionately impacted by marijuana prohibition and enforcement as necessary; 5110

10. Establish a position for an individual with professional experience in a health related field who 5111 5112 shall staff the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council, established pursuant to § 4.1-603, liaise with 5113 the Office of the Secretary of Health and Human Resources and relevant health and human services 5114 agencies and organizations, and perform other duties as needed.

5115 11. Establish and implement a plan, in coordination with the Cannabis Social Equity Liaison and the 5116 Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion to promote and encourage participation in the marijuana 5117 industry by people from communities that have been disproportionately impacted by marijuana 5118 prohibition and enforcement and to positively impact those communities; 5119

12. Sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and complain and defend in all courts;

13. Adopt, use, and alter at will a common seal;

5121 14. Fix, alter, charge, and collect rates, rentals, fees, and other charges for the use of property of, the 5122 sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority at rates to be determined by the Authority for 5123 the purpose of providing for the payment of the expenses of the Authority;

5124 15. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of 5125 its duties, the furtherance of its purposes, and the execution of its powers under this subtitle, including 5126 agreements with any person or federal agency;

5127 16. Employ, at its discretion, consultants, researchers, architects, engineers, accountants, financial 5128 experts, investment bankers, superintendents, managers, and such other employees and special agents as 5129 may be necessary and fix their compensation to be payable from funds made available to the Authority. 5130 Legal services for the Authority shall be provided by the Attorney General in accordance with Chapter 5 5131 (§ 2.2-500 et seq.) of Title 2.2;

5132 17. Receive and accept from any federal or private agency, foundation, corporation, association, or 5133 person grants or other aid to be expended in accomplishing the objectives of the Authority, and receive 5134 and accept from the Commonwealth or any state and any municipality, county, or other political 5135 subdivision thereof or from any other source aid or contributions of either money, property, or other 5136 things of value, to be held, used, and applied only for the purposes for which such grants and 5137 contributions may be made. All federal moneys accepted under this section shall be accepted and 5138 expended by the Authority upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the United States and as 5139 are consistent with state law, and all state moneys accepted under this section shall be expended by the 5140 Authority upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the Commonwealth;

5141 18. Adopt, alter, and repeal bylaws, rules, and regulations governing the manner in which its 5142 business shall be transacted and the manner in which the powers of the Authority shall be exercised and 5143 its duties performed. The Board may delegate or assign any duty or task to be performed by the Authority to any officer or employee of the Authority. The Board shall remain responsible for the 5144 5145 performance of any such duties or tasks. Any delegation pursuant to this subdivision shall, where 5146 appropriate, be accompanied by written guidelines for the exercise of the duties or tasks delegated. 5147 Where appropriate, the guidelines shall require that the Board receive summaries of actions taken. Such delegation or assignment shall not relieve the Board of the responsibility to ensure faithful performance 5148 5149 of the duties and tasks;

5150 19. Conduct or engage in any lawful business, activity, effort, or project consistent with the 5151 Authority's purposes or necessary or convenient to exercise its powers;

5152 20. Develop policies and procedures generally applicable to the procurement of goods, services, and 5153 construction, based upon competitive principles;

5154 21. Develop policies and procedures consistent with Article 4 (§ 2.2-4347 et seq.) of Chapter 43 of 5155 Title 2.2;

5156 22. Acquire, purchase, hold, use, lease, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed, 5157 tangible or intangible, or any interest therein necessary or desirable for carrying out the purposes of the 5158 Authority; lease as lessee any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest 5159 therein, at such annual rental and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; 5160 lease as lessor to any person any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest 5161 therein, at any time acquired by the Authority, whether wholly or partially completed, at such annual rental and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; sell, transfer, or convey 5162 5163 any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest therein, at any time acquired 5164 or held by the Authority on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; and occupy

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5165 and improve any land or building required for the purposes of this subtitle;

5166 23. Purchase, lease, or acquire the use of, by any manner, any plant or equipment that may be 5167 considered necessary or useful in carrying into effect the purposes of this subtitle, including rectifying, 5168 blending, and processing plants;

5169 24. Appoint every agent and employee required for its operations, require any or all of them to give 5170 bonds payable to the Commonwealth in such penalty as shall be fixed by the Board, and engage the 5171 services of experts and professionals;

5172 25. Hold and conduct hearings, issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the 5173 production of records, memoranda, papers, and other documents before the Board or any agent of the 5174 Board, and administer oaths and take testimony thereunder. The Board may authorize any Board 5175 member or agent of the Board to hold and conduct hearings, issue subpoenas, administer oaths and take 5176 testimony thereunder, and decide cases, subject to final decision by the Board, on application of any 5177 party aggrieved. The Board may enter into consent agreements and may request and accept from any applicant or licensee a consent agreement in lieu of proceedings on (i) objections to the issuance of a 5178 5179 license or (ii) disciplinary action. Any such consent agreement shall include findings of fact and may include an admission or a finding of a violation. A consent agreement shall not be considered a case 5180 5181 decision of the Board and shall not be subject to judicial review under the provisions of the 5182 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), but may be considered by the Board in future 5183 disciplinary proceedings;

5184 26. Make a reasonable charge for preparing and furnishing statistical information and compilations to 5185 persons other than (i) officials, including court and police officials, of the Commonwealth and of its 5186 subdivisions if the information requested is for official use and (ii) persons who have a personal or legal 5187 interest in obtaining the information requested if such information is not to be used for commercial or 5188 trade purposes:

5189 27. Assess and collect civil penalties and civil charges for violations of this subtitle and Board 5190 regulations;

5191 28. Review and approve any proposed legislative or regulatory changes suggested by the Chief 5192 Executive Officer as the Board deems appropriate;

5193 29. Report quarterly to the Secretary of Public Safety and Homeland Security on the law-enforcement 5194 activities undertaken to enforce the provisions of this subtitle;

5195 30. Establish and collect fees for all permits set forth in this subtitle, including fees associated with 5196 applications for such permits;

5197 31. Develop and make available on its website guidance documents regarding compliance and safe 5198 practices for persons who cultivate marijuana at home for personal use, which shall include information 5199 regarding cultivation practices that promote personal and public safety, including child protection, and 5200 discourage practices that create a nuisance;

5201 32. Develop and make available on its website a resource that provides information regarding (i) 5202 responsible marijuana consumption; (ii) health risks and other dangers associated with marijuana 5203 consumption, including inability to operate a motor vehicle and other types of transportation and 5204 equipment; and (iii) ancillary effects of marijuana consumption, including ineligibility for certain employment opportunities. The Board shall require that the web address for such resource be included 5205 5206 on the label of all retail marijuana and retail marijuana product as provided in § 4.1-1402; and

5207 33. Do all acts necessary or advisable to carry out the purposes of this subtitle. 5208

§ 4.1-606. Regulations of the Board.

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5209 A. The Board may promulgate reasonable regulations, not inconsistent with this subtitle or the 5210 general laws of the Commonwealth, that it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this subtitle 5211 and to prevent the illegal cultivation, manufacture, sale, and testing of marijuana and, marijuana 5212 products, and regulated hemp products. The Board may amend or repeal such regulations. Such 5213 regulations shall be promulgated, amended, or repealed in accordance with the Administrative Process 5214 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and shall have the effect of law.

B. The Board shall promulgate regulations that:

5216 1. Govern the outdoor cultivation of marijuana by a marijuana cultivation facility licensee, including 5217 security requirements to include lighting, physical security, and alarm requirements, provided that such 5218 requirements do not prohibit the cultivation of marijuana outdoors or in a greenhouse; 5219

2. Establish requirements for securely transporting marijuana between marijuana establishments;

5220 3. Establish sanitary standards for retail marijuana product and regulated hemp product preparation;

5221 4. Establish a testing program for retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp 5222 *products* pursuant to Chapter 14 (§ 4.1-1400 et seq.);

5223 5. Establish an application process for licensure as a marijuana establishment pursuant to this subtitle 5224 in a way that, when possible, prevents disparate impacts on historically disadvantaged communities;

5225 6. Establish requirements for health and safety warning labels to be placed on retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer and on regulated
hemp products to be sold or offered for sale by a person in accordance with the provisions of this
subtitle;

5229 7. Establish a maximum tetrahydrocannabinol level for retail marijuana products, which and
5230 regulated hemp products. Such tetrahydrocannabinol level for retail marijuana products shall not exceed
5231 (i) five milligrams per serving for edible marijuana products and where practicable an equivalent amount
5232 for other marijuana products or (ii) 50 milligrams per package for edible marijuana products and where
5233 practicable an equivalent amount for other marijuana products. Such regulations may include other
5234 product and dispensing limitations on tetrahydrocannabinol;

5235 8. Establish requirements for the form, content, and retention of all records and accounts by all licensees *and by any person selling a regulated hemp product*;

5237 9. Provide alternative methods for licensees and any person selling a regulated hemp product to
5238 maintain and store business records that are subject to Board inspection, including methods for
5239 Board-approved electronic and offsite storage;

5240 10. Éstablish (i) criteria by which to evaluate new licensees based on the density of retail marijuana
5241 stores in the community and (ii) metrics that have similarly shown an association with negative
5242 community-level health outcomes or health disparities. In promulgating such regulations, the Board shall
5243 coordinate with the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council established pursuant to § 4.1-603;

5244 11. Require retail licensees to file an appeal from any hearing decision rendered by a hearing officer
5245 within 30 days of the date the notice of the decision is sent. The notice shall be sent to the licensee at the address on record with the Board by certified mail, return receipt requested, and by regular mail;

5247 12. Prescribe the schedule of proration for refunded license fees to licensees who qualify pursuant to5248 subsection C of § 4.1-1002;

5249 13. Establish criteria by which to evaluate social equity license applicants, which shall be an 5250 applicant who has lived or been domiciled for at least 12 months in the Commonwealth and is either (i) 5251 an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who have been convicted of or 5252 adjudicated delinquent for any misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-248.1, former § 18.2-250.1, or subsection 5253 A of § 18.2-265.3 as it relates to marijuana, including any such violation that was deferred and 5254 *dismissed*; (ii) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who is the parent, 5255 child, sibling, or spouse of a person (a) has a family member who has been convicted of or adjudicated 5256 delinquent for any misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-248.1, former § 18.2-250.1, or subsection A of 5257 § 18.2-265.3 as it relates to marijuana, including any such violation that was deferred and dismissed, 5258 and (b) was a dependent of such family member at the time such offense was committed or was significantly impacted, as determined by the Board, by such conviction, adjudication, or disposition; or 5259 5260 (iii) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who have meet two or more 5261 of the following: (a) resided for at least three of the past five years in a jurisdiction that is determined 5262 by the Board after utilizing census tract data made available by the United States Census Bureau to have 5263 been disproportionately policed for marijuana crimes; (iv) an applicant with at least 66 percent 5264 ownership by a person or persons who have, (b) resided for at least three of the last five years in a 5265 jurisdiction determined by the Board after utilizing census tract data made available by the United States 5266 Census Bureau to be economically distressed; or (v) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by 5267 a person or persons who, or (c) graduated from a historically black college or university located in the 5268 Commonwealth;

5269 14. For the purposes of establishing criteria by which to evaluate social equity license applicants,
5270 establish standards by which to determine (i) which jurisdictions have been disproportionately policed
5271 for marijuana crimes and, (ii) which jurisdictions are economically distressed, and (iii) whether a person
5272 was significantly impacted by a family member's conviction, adjudication of delinquency, or deferred
5273 disposition for any misdemeanor violation of former § 18.2-248.1, former § 18.2-250.1, or subsection A
5274 of § 18.2-265.3 as it relates to marijuana;

5275 15. Establish standards and requirements for (i) any preference in the licensing process for qualified
5276 social equity applicants, (ii) what percentage of application or license fees are waived for a qualified
5277 social equity applicant, and (iii) a low-interest business loan program for qualified social equity
5278 applicants;

5279 16. Establish guidelines, in addition to requirements set forth in this subtitle, for the personal cultivation *and manufacturing* of marijuana that promote personal and public safety, including child protection, and discourage personal cultivation practices that create a nuisance, including a nuisance caused by odor;

5283 17. Éstablish reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions on outdoor advertising of retail
5284 marijuana or, retail marijuana products, or regulated hemp products, not inconsistent with the provisions
5285 of this chapter, so that such advertising displaces the illicit market and notifies the public of the location
5286 of marijuana establishments. Such regulations shall be promulgated in accordance with § 4.1-1404;

5287 18. Establish restrictions on the number of licenses that a person may be granted to operate a

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5288 marijuana establishment in single locality or region; and

5289 19. Establish restrictions on pharmaceutical processors and industrial hemp processors that have been 5290 granted a license in more than one license category pursuant to subsection C of § 4.1-805 that ensure all 5291 licensees have an equal and meaningful opportunity to participate in the market. Such regulations (i)5292 shall limit such pharmaceutical processors to a total canopy of 80,000 square feet and (ii) may limit the 5293 amount of products cultivated or manufactured by the pharmaceutical processor or industrial hemp 5294 processor that such processor may offer for sale in its retail marijuana stores.

5295 C. The Board may promulgate regulations that:

5296 1. Limit Establish classes within any license category or limit the number of licenses issued by type 5297 or class to operate a marijuana establishment; however, the number of licenses issued shall not exceed 5298 the following limits:

5299 a. Retail marijuana stores, 400;

5300 b. Marijuana wholesalers, 25;

5301 c. Marijuana manufacturing facilities, 60; and

5302 d. Marijuana cultivation facilities, 450 the Board may not issue more than 400 retail marijuana store 5303 licenses.

5304 In determining the number of licenses issued pursuant to this subdivision, the Board shall not 5305 consider any license granted pursuant to subsection C of § 4.1-805 to (i) a pharmaceutical processor that 5306 has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the 5307 Drug Control Act or (ii) an industrial hemp processor registered with the Commissioner of Agriculture 5308 and Consumer Services pursuant to Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2.

5309 2. Prescribe any requirements deemed appropriate for the administration of taxes under §§ 4.1-1003 5310 and 4.1-1004, including method of filing a return, information required on a return, and form of 5311 payment.

5312 3. Limit the allowable square footage of a retail marijuana store, which shall not exceed 1,500 square 5313 feet.

5314 4. Allow certain persons to be granted or have interest in a license in more than one of the following 5315 license categories: marijuana cultivation facility license, marijuana manufacturing facility license, 5316 marijuana wholesaler license, or retail marijuana store license. Such regulations shall (i) be drawn 5317 narrowly to limit vertical integration to small businesses and ensure that all licensees have an equal and 5318 meaningful opportunity to participate in the market and (ii) limit such vertically integrated licensees to a 5319 total canopy of 8,000 square feet.

5320 D. Board regulations shall be uniform in their application, except those relating to hours of sale for 5321 licensees. 5322

E. Courts shall take judicial notice of Board regulations.

5323 F. The Board shall consult with the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council in promulgating any 5324 regulations relating to public health, including regulations promulgated pursuant to subdivision B 3, 4, 6, 5325 7, 10, or 16, and shall not promulgate any such regulation that has not been approved by a majority of 5326 the members of the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council.

5327 G. With regard to regulations governing licensees that have been issued a permit by the Board of 5328 Pharmacy to operate as a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility pursuant to Article 4.2 5329 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act, the Board shall make reasonable efforts (i) to align 5330 such regulations with any applicable regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy that establish 5331 health, safety, and security requirements for pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities 5332 and (ii) to deem in compliance with applicable regulations promulgated pursuant to this subtitle such 5333 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities that have been found to be in compliance 5334 with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy that mirror or are more extensive in scope than 5335 similar regulations promulgated pursuant to this subtitle.

5336 H. The Board's power to regulate shall be broadly construed.

5337 § 4.1-611. Seed-to-sale tracking system.

5338 To ensure that no retail marijuana or retail marijuana products grown or processed by a marijuana establishment are sold or otherwise transferred except as authorized by law, the Board shall develop and 5339 5340 maintain a seed-to-sale tracking system that tracks at every stage retail marijuana from either the seed or 5341 immature plant stage until the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product is sold to a customer at a 5342 retail marijuana store. 5343

§ 4.1-629. Local referendum on prohibition of marijuana establishments.

5344 A. The governing body of a locality may, by resolution, petition the circuit court for the locality for 5345 a referendum on the question of whether marijuana establishments should be prohibited in the locality.

5346 Upon the filing of a petition, the circuit court shall order the election officials to conduct a 5347 referendum on the question on the date fixed in the order. The date set by the order shall comply with the provisions of § 24.2-682, but in no event shall such date be more than 90 days from the date the 5348

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5349 order is issued. The clerk of the circuit court shall publish notice of the referendum in a newspaper of 5350 general circulation in the locality once a week for three consecutive weeks prior to the referendum.

5351 The question on the ballot shall be:

5352 "Shall the operation of marijuana establishments be prohibited in _____ (name of county, city, 5353 or town)?"

5354 The referendum shall be held and the results certified as provided in § 24.2-684. In addition to the 5355 certifications required by such section, the secretary of the local electoral board shall certify the results 5356 of the referendum to the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and to the 5357 governing body of the locality.

5358 B. If a majority of the qualified voters voting in such referendum vote "No" on the question of 5359 whether marijuana establishments shall be prohibited in the locality, marijuana establishments shall be permitted to operate within the locality 60 days after the results are certified or on January 1, 2024, 5360 5361 whichever is later, and no subsequent referendum may be held pursuant to this section within such 5362 locality.

5363 If a majority of the qualified voters voting in such referendum vote "Yes" on the question of whether 5364 marijuana establishments shall be prohibited in the locality, marijuana establishments shall be 5365 prohibited in the locality effective January 1 of the year immediately following the referendum. A 5366 referendum on the same question may be held subsequent to a vote to prohibit marijuana establishments 5367 but not earlier than the fourth November following the date of the previous referendum. Any subsequent 5368 referendum shall be held pursuant to the provisions of this section.

5369 C. When any referendum is held pursuant to this section in a town, separate and apart from the 5370 county in which such town or a part thereof is located, such town shall be treated as being separate 5371 and apart from such county. When any referendum is held pursuant to this section in a county, any town located within such county shall be treated as being separate and apart from such county. 5372

5373 D. The legality of any referendum held pursuant to this section shall be subject to the inquiry, 5374 determination, and judgment of the circuit court that ordered the referendum. The court shall proceed 5375 upon the complaint of 15 or more qualified voters of the county, city, or town, filed within 30 days after 5376 the date the results of the referendum are certified and setting out fully the grounds of contest. The 5377 complaint and the proceedings shall conform as nearly as practicable to the provisions of § 15.2-1654, 5378 and the judgment of the court entered of record shall be a final determination of the legality of the 5379 referendum.

5380 § 4.1-630. Local ordinances or resolutions regulating retail marijuana or retail marijuana 5381 products.

5382 A. No county, city, or town shall, except as provided in § 4.1-629, adopt any ordinance or resolution 5383 that regulates or prohibits the cultivation, manufacture, possession, sale, wholesale distribution, 5384 handling, transportation, consumption, use, advertising, or dispensing of retail marijuana or retail 5385 marijuana products in the Commonwealth.

5386 B. However, the governing body of any county, city, or town may adopt an ordinance (i) that 5387 prohibits the acts described in § 4.1-1108, or the acts described in § 4.1-1109, and may provide a penalty for violation thereof and (ii) that regulates or prohibits the possession of opened retail 5388 5389 marijuana or retail marijuana products containers in its local public parks, playgrounds, public streets, 5390 and any sidewalk adjoining any public street.

5391 C. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to supersede or limit the authority of a locality to 5392 adopt and enforce local ordinances to regulate businesses licensed pursuant to this chapter, including 5393 local zoning and land use requirements and business license requirements; however, a locality shall not 5394 adopt any local ordinance, zoning requirement, land use requirement, or business license requirement 5395 that regulates marijuana establishments unless such ordinance or requirement applies with equal force 5396 and effect to similarly situated businesses.

5397 D. Except as provided in this section, all local acts, including charter provisions and ordinances of 5398 counties, cities, and towns, inconsistent with any of the provisions of this subtitle, are repealed to the 5399 extent of such inconsistency. 5400

CHAPTER 7.

ADMINISTRATION OF LICENSES; GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§ 4.1-700. Exemptions from licensure.

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5403 The licensure requirements of this subtitle shall not apply to (i) a cannabis dispensing facility or 5404 pharmaceutical processor that has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to Article 5405 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act; (ii) a dealer, grower, or processor of industrial 5406 hemp registered with the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to Chapter 41.1 5407 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2; (iii) a manufacturer of an edible hemp product operating in accordance with Article 6 (§ 3.2-5145.6 et seq.) Chapter 51 of Title 3.2; or (iv) a person who cultivates marijuana at home for personal use pursuant to § 4.1-1101. Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to (a) 5408 5409 5410 prevent any person described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) from obtaining a license pursuant to this subtitle,

provided such person satisfies applicable licensing requirements; (b) prevent a licensee from acquiring
hemp products from an industrial hemp processor in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 41.1 of
Title 3.2; or (c) prevent a cultivation, manufacturing, wholesale, or retail licensee from operating on the
licensed premises of a pharmaceutical processing facility in accordance with Chapter 41.1 of Title 3.2.

5416 § 4.1-701. To whom privileges conferred by licenses extend; liability for violations of law.

 The privilege of any licensee to cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test retail marijuana or retail marijuana products shall extend to such licensee and to all agents or employees of such licensee for the purpose of operating under such license. The licensee may be held liable for any violation of this subtitle or any Board regulation committed by such agents or employees in connection with their employment.

5422 § 4.1-702. Separate license for each place of business; transfer or amendment; posting; expiration; 5423 civil penalties.

5424 A. Each license granted by the Board shall designate the place where the business of the licensee 5425 will be carried on. A separate license shall be required for each separate place of business.

5426 B. No license shall be transferable from one person to another or from one location to another. The 5427 Board may permit a licensee to amend the classification of an existing license without complying with 5428 the posting and publishing procedures required by § 4.1-1000 if the effect of the amendment is to reduce 5429 materially the privileges of an existing license. However, if (i) the Board determines that the amendment 5430 is a device to evade the provisions of this subtitle, (ii) a majority of the corporate stock of a retail 5431 marijuana store licensee is sold to a new entity, or (iii) there is a change of business at the premises of a retail marijuana store licensee, the Board may, within 30 days of receipt of written notice by the 5432 5433 licensee of a change in ownership or a change of business, require the licensee to comply with any or 5434 all of the requirements of § 4.1-1000. If the Board fails to exercise its authority within the 30-day 5435 period, the licensee shall not be required to reapply for a license. The licensee shall submit such written 5436 notice to the secretary of the Board.

5437 *C.* Each license shall be posted in a location conspicuous to the public at the place where the licensee carries on the business for which the license is granted.

5439 D. The privileges conferred by any license granted by the Board shall continue until the last day of
5440 the twelfth month next ensuing or the last day of the designated month and year of expiration, except
5441 the license may be sooner terminated for any cause for which the Board would be entitled to refuse to
5442 grant a license or by operation of law, voluntary surrender, or order of the Board.

The Board may grant licenses for one year or for multiple years, not to exceed three years, based on the fees set by the Board pursuant to § 4.1-1001. Qualification for a multiyear license shall be determined on the basis of criteria established by the Board. Fees for multiyear licenses shall not be refundable except as provided in § 4.1-1002. The Board may provide a discount for two-year or three-year licenses, not to exceed five percent of the applicable license fee, which extends for one fiscal year and shall not be altered or rescinded during such period.

E. The Board may permit a licensee who fails to pay:

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5450 1. The required license fee covering the continuation or reissuance of his license by midnight of the 5451 fifteenth day of the twelfth month or of the designated month of expiration, whichever is applicable, to 5452 pay the fee in lieu of posting and publishing notice and reapplying, provided payment of the fee is made 5453 within 30 days following that date and is accompanied by a civil penalty of \$25 or 10 percent of such 5454 fee, whichever is greater; and

5455 2. The fee and civil penalty pursuant to subdivision 1 to pay the fee in lieu of posting and publishing
5456 notice and reapplying, provided payment of the fee is made within 45 days following the 30 days
5457 specified in subdivision 1 and is accompanied by a civil penalty of \$100 or 25 percent of such fee,
5458 whichever is greater.

Such civil penalties collected by the Board shall be deposited in accordance with § 4.1-614.

5460 § 4.1-703. Records of licensees; inspection of records and places of business.

5461 A. Every licensed marijuana manufacturing facility or marijuana wholesaler shall keep complete,
5462 accurate, and separate records in accordance with Board regulations of all retail marijuana and retail
5463 marijuana products it purchased, manufactured, sold, or shipped.

5464 B. Every licensed retail marijuana store shall keep complete, accurate, and separate records in 5465 accordance with Board regulations of all purchases of retail marijuana products, the prices charged 5466 such licensee therefor, and the names and addresses of the persons from whom purchased. Every 5467 licensed retail marijuana store shall also preserve all invoices showing its purchases for a period as 5468 specified by Board regulations. The licensee shall also keep an accurate account of daily sales, showing 5469 quantities of retail marijuana products sold and the total price charged by it therefor. Except as 5470 otherwise provided in subsections D and E, such account need not give the names or addresses of the 5471 purchasers thereof, except as may be required by Board regulation.

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5472 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection E, electronic records of licensed retail marijuana stores 5473 may be stored off site, provided that such records are readily retrievable and available for electronic 5474 inspection by the Board or its special agents at the licensed premises. However, in the case that such 5475 electronic records are not readily available for electronic inspection on the licensed premises, the 5476 licensee may obtain Board approval, for good cause shown, to permit the licensee to provide the 5477 records to a special agent of the Board within three business days or less, as determined by the Board, 5478 after a request is made to inspect the records.

5479 C. Every licensed marijuana cultivation facility shall keep complete, accurate, and separate records 5480 in accordance with Board regulations of all retail marijuana and retail marijuana products it 5481 purchased, manufactured, sold, or shipped.

5482 D. Every licensed marijuana testing facility shall keep complete, accurate, and separate records in 5483 accordance with Board regulations of all retail marijuana and retail marijuana products it developed, 5484 researched, or tested and the names and addresses of the licensees or persons who submitted the retail 5485 marijuana or retail marijuana product to the marijuana testing facility.

5486 E. The Board and its special agents shall be allowed free access during reasonable hours to every 5487 place in the Commonwealth and to the premises of every licensee or for the purpose of examining and 5488 inspecting such place and all records, invoices, and accounts therein.

5489 For the purposes of a Board inspection of the records of any retail marijuana store licensees, 5490 "reasonable hours" means the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m.; however, if the licensee generally is not 5491 open to the public substantially during the same hours, "reasonable hours" means the business hours 5492 when the licensee is open to the public. At any other time of day, if the retail marijuana store licensee's 5493 records are not available for inspection, the licensee shall provide the records to a special agent of the 5494 Board within 24 hours after a request is made to inspect the records. 5495

CHAPTER 8.

ADMINISTRATION OF LICENSES; LICENSES GRANTED BY BOARD.

§ 4.1-800. Marijuana cultivation facility license.

5498 A. The Board may issue marijuana cultivation facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to 5499 cultivate, label, and package retail marijuana; to purchase or take possession of marijuana plants and 5500 seeds from other marijuana cultivation facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana, 5501 immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to marijuana wholesalers and retail marijuana stores; 5502 to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana, marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to other 5503 marijuana cultivation facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana to marijuana 5504 manufacturing facilities; and to sell immature marijuana plants and marijuana seeds to consumers for 5505 the purpose of cultivating marijuana at home for personal use.

5506 B. In accordance with the requirements of § 4.1-611, a marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall 5507 track the retail marijuana it cultivates from seed or immature marijuana plant to the point at which the 5508 marijuana plant or the marijuana produced by the marijuana plant is delivered or transferred to a 5509 marijuana testing facility, a marijuana wholesaler, another marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana 5510 manufacturer, a retail marijuana store, or a consumer or is disposed of or destroyed. 5511

§ 4.1-801. Marijuana manufacturing facility license.

5512 A. The Board may issue marijuana manufacturing facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee 5513 to manufacture, label, and package retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; to purchase or take 5514 possession of retail marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility or another marijuana manufacturing 5515 facility; and to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to 5516 marijuana wholesalers, retail marijuana stores, or other marijuana manufacturing facilities.

5517 B. Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, retail marijuana products shall be prepared on a 5518 licensed premises that is used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products and using equipment that is used exclusively for the manufacture and 5519 5520 preparation of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products.

5521 C. All areas within the licensed premises of a marijuana manufacturing facility in which retail 5522 marijuana and retail marijuana products are manufactured shall meet all sanitary standards specified in 5523 regulations adopted by the Board. A marijuana manufacturing facility that manufactures an edible 5524 marijuana product shall comply with the requirements of Chapter 51 (§ 3.2-5100 et seq.) of Title 3.2 5525 and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

5526 D. In accordance with the requirements of § 4.1-611, a marijuana manufacturing facility licensee 5527 shall track the retail marijuana it uses in its manufacturing processes from the point the retail 5528 marijuana is delivered or transferred to the marijuana manufacturing facility by a marijuana wholesaler 5529 licensee to the point the retail marijuana or retail marijuana products produced using the retail 5530 marijuana are delivered or transferred to another marijuana manufacturing facility, a marijuana testing 5531 facility, or a marijuana wholesaler or are disposed of or destroyed.

5532 § 4.1-802. Marijuana testing facility license.

5533 A. The Board may issue marijuana testing facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to

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5534 develop, research, or test retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, regulated hemp products, and 5535 other substances.

5536 B. A marijuana testing facility may develop, research, or test retail marijuana and retail marijuana 5537 products for (i) that facility, (ii) another licensee, or (iii) a person who intends to use the retail 5538 marijuana or retail marijuana product for personal use as authorized under § 4.1-1100.

5539 \hat{C} . Neither this subtitle nor the regulations adopted pursuant to this subtitle shall (i) prevent a 5540 marijuana testing facility from developing, researching, or testing substances that are not marijuana, 5541 marijuana products, or regulated hemp products for that facility or for another person or (ii) prevent a 5542 licensed marijuana cultivation facility or licensed marijuana manufacturing facility from conducting 5543 research and analysis of marijuana or marijuana products, provided that such research and analysis is 5544 conducted exclusively for research and development purposes and in accordance with Board regulations. D. To obtain licensure from the Board, a marijuana testing facility shall be required to obtain and 5545 maintain accreditation pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International Organization for 5546 5547 Standardization by a third-party accrediting body.

5548 E. In accordance with the requirements of § 4.1-611, a marijuana testing facility licensee shall track 5549 all retail marijuana and retail marijuana products it receives from a licensee for testing purposes from 5550 the point at which the retail marijuana or retail marijuana products are delivered or transferred to the 5551 marijuana testing facility to the point at which the retail marijuana or retail marijuana products are 5552 disposed of or destroyed.

5553 F. A person that has an interest in a marijuana testing facility license shall not have any interest in 5554 a licensed marijuana cultivation facility, a licensed marijuana manufacturing facility, a licensed 5555 marijuana wholesaler, or a licensed retail marijuana store. 5556

§ 4.1-803. Marijuana wholesaler license.

5557 A. The Board may issue marijuana wholesaler licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to 5558 purchase or take possession of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, 5559 and marijuana seeds from a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana manufacturing facility, or 5560 another marijuana wholesaler and to transfer possession and sell or resell retail marijuana, retail 5561 marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to a marijuana cultivation facility, 5562 marijuana manufacturing facility, retail marijuana store, or another marijuana wholesaler.

5563 B. All areas within the licensed premises of a marijuana wholesaler in which retail marijuana and 5564 retail marijuana products are stored shall meet all sanitary standards specified in regulations adopted 5565 by the Board.

5566 C. In accordance with the requirements of 4.1-611, a marijuana wholesaler licensee shall track the 5567 retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds from the 5568 point at which the retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, plants, or seeds are delivered or 5569 transferred to the marijuana wholesaler to the point at which the retail marijuana, retail marijuana 5570 products, plants, or seeds are transferred or sold to a marijuana manufacturer, marijuana wholesaler, 5571 retail marijuana store, or marijuana testing facility or are disposed of or destroyed. 5572

§ 4.1-804. Retail marijuana store license.

5573 A. The Board may issue retail marijuana store licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to 5574 purchase or take possession of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, 5575 or marijuana seeds from a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, or marijuana 5576 wholesaler and to sell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or 5577 marijuana seeds to consumers on premises approved by the Board. 5578

B. Retail marijuana stores shall be operated in accordance with the following provisions: 5579

1. A person shall be 21 years of age or older to make a purchase in a retail marijuana store.

5580 2. A retail marijuana store shall be permitted to sell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, 5581 immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds to consumers only in a direct, face-to-face exchange. Such store shall not be permitted to sell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature 5582 5583 marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds using:

- 5584 a. An automated dispensing or vending machine:
- 5585 b. A drive-through sales window;
- 5586 c. An Internet-based sales platform; or

5587 d. A delivery service.

5588 3. A retail marijuana store shall not be permitted to sell more than one ounce of retail marijuana or 5589 an equivalent amount of retail marijuana products as determined by regulation promulgated by the 5590 Board during a single transaction to one person.

- 5591 4. A retail marijuana store shall not:
- 5592 a. Give away any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, except as otherwise permitted by 5593 this subtitle:
- 5594 b. Sell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds

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5595 to any person when at the time of such sale he knows or has reason to believe that the person 5596 attempting to purchase the retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, immature marijuana plant, or 5597 marijuana seeds is intoxicated or is attempting to purchase retail marijuana for someone younger than 5598 21 years of age;

5599 c. Sell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds 5600 between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.; or

d. Employ or allow to volunteer any person younger than 21 years of age.

5. In accordance with the requirements of § 4.1-611, a retail marijuana store licensee shall track all 5602 5603 retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds from the 5604 point at which the retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds are delivered or transferred to the retail marijuana store to the point at which the retail 5605 marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds are sold to a 5606 5607 consumer, delivered or transferred to a marijuana testing facility, or disposed of or destroyed.

5608 6. A retail marijuana store shall not be subject to the requirements of Chapter 51 (§ 3.2-5100 et 5609 seq.) of Title 3.2.

5610 C. Each retail marijuana store licensee shall post in each retail marijuana store notice of the 5611 existence of a human trafficking hotline to alert possible witnesses or victims of human trafficking to the 5612 availability of a means to report crimes or gain assistance. The notice required by this subsection shall 5613 (i) be posted in a place readily visible and accessible to the public and (ii) meet the requirements 5614 specified in subsection C of § 40.1-11.3.

5615 D. Each retail marijuana store licensee shall prominently display and make available for 5616 dissemination to consumers Board-approved information regarding the potential risks of marijuana use.

5617 E. Each retail marijuana store licensee shall provide training, established by the Board, to all 5618 employees educating them on how to discuss the potential risks of marijuana use with consumers.

5619 F. Any retail marijuana store license granted to a pharmaceutical processor that has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control 5620 5621 Act shall authorize the licensee to exercise any privileges set forth in subsection A at the place of 5622 business designated in the license, which, notwithstanding subsection A of § 4.1-702, may include, upon 5623 request by the licensee, up to five additional retail establishments of the licensee. Such additional retail 5624 establishments shall be located at the five cannabis dispensing facilities for which the Board of 5625 Pharmacy has issued a permit pursuant to subsection B of § 54.1-3442.6 in the health service area in 5626 which the pharmaceutical processing facility is located.

§ 4.1-805. Multiple licenses awarded to one person prohibited.

5628 A. As used in this section, "interest" means an equity ownership interest or a partial equity 5629 ownership interest or any other type of financial interest, including but not limited to being an investor 5630 or serving in a management position.

5631 B. Except as otherwise permitted by Board regulation promulgated pursuant to subdivision C 4 of § 4.1-606, no person shall be granted or have interest in a license in more than one of the following 5632 5633 license categories: marijuana cultivation facility license, marijuana manufacturing facility license, 5634 marijuana wholesaler license, retail marijuana store license, or marijuana testing facility license.

5635 C. Notwithstanding subsection B and any other provision of law to the contrary, any pharmaceutical 5636 processor that has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to Article 4.2 5637 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act shall be permitted to possess one or any combination of 5638 the following licenses: marijuana cultivation facility license, marijuana manufacturing facility license, 5639 marijuana wholesaler license, or retail marijuana store license. However, no pharmaceutical processor 5640 that has been issued a marijuana cultivation facility license, marijuana manufacturing facility license, 5641 marijuana wholesaler license, or retail marijuana store license shall be issued a marijuana testing 5642 facility license or have any interest in a marijuana testing facility licensee. Any pharmaceutical 5643 processor that wishes to possess a license in more than one license category pursuant to this subsection 5644 shall (a) pay a \$6 million fee to the Board, unless the processor has already paid a \$6 million fee to 5645 the Board to engage in the lawful sale of cannabis products prior to January 1, 2024, and (b) submit a 5646 diversity, equity, and inclusion plan to the Cannabis Business Equity and Diversity Support Team (the 5647 Support Team) for approval and, upon approval, implement such plan in accordance with the requirements set by the Support Team. Fees collected by the Board pursuant to this subsection shall be 5648 5649 allocated to (1) the Virginia Cannabis Equity Loan Fund or (2) the Virginia Cannabis Equity 5650 Reinvestment Fund. 5651

§ 4.1-806. Temporary permits required in certain instances.

5652 A. The Board may grant a permit that shall authorize any person who purchases at a foreclosure, 5653 secured creditor's, or judicial auction sale the premises or property of a person licensed by the Board 5654 and who has become lawfully entitled to the possession of the licensed premises to continue to operate 5655 the marijuana establishment to the same extent as the license holder for a period not to exceed 60 days 5656 or for such longer period as determined by the Board. Such permit shall be temporary and shall confer

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the privileges of any licenses held by the previous owner to the extent determined by the Board. Such temporary permit may be issued in advance, conditioned on the requirements in this subsection.

 B. A temporary permit granted pursuant to subsection A may be revoked summarily by the Board for any cause set forth in § 4.1-900 without complying with subsection A of § 4.1-903. Revocation of a temporary permit shall be effective upon service of the order of revocation upon the permittee or upon the expiration of three business days after the order of the revocation has been mailed to the permittee at either his residence or the address given for the business in the permit application. No further notice shall be required.

§ 4.1-807. Licensee shall maintain possession of premises.

5666 As a condition of licensure, a licensee shall at all times maintain possession of the licensed premises
5667 of the marijuana establishment that the licensee is licensed to operate, whether pursuant to a lease,
5668 rental agreement, or other arrangement for possession of the premises or by virtue of ownership of the
5669 premises. If the licensee fails to maintain possession of the licensed premises, the license shall be
5670 revoked by the Board.

5671 § 4.1-808. Use or consumption of marijuana or marijuana products on premises of licensee by 5672 licensee, agent, or employee.

5673 No marijuana or marijuana products may be used or consumed on the premises of a licensee by the 5674 licensee or any agent or employee of the licensee, except for certain sampling for quality control 5675 purposes that may be permitted by Board regulation.

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§ 4.1-809. Conditions under which the Board may refuse to grant licenses.

5677 The Board may refuse to grant any license if it has reasonable cause to believe that:

5678 1. The applicant, or if the applicant is a partnership, any general partner thereof, or if the applicant
5679 is an association, any member thereof, or a limited partner of 10 percent or more with voting rights, or
5680 if the applicant is a corporation, any officer, director, or shareholder owning 10 percent or more of its
5681 capital stock, or if the applicant is a limited liability company, any member-manager or any member
5682 owning 10 percent or more of the membership interest of the limited liability company:

- 5683 a. Is not 21 years of age or older;
- 5684 b. Is not a resident of the Commonwealth;

5685 c. Has been convicted in any court of any crime or offense involving moral turpitude under the laws 5686 of any state or of the United States within seven years of the date of the application or has not 5687 completed all terms of sentencing and probation resulting from any such felony conviction;

5688 *d.* Knowingly employs someone younger than 21 years of age;

5689 e. Is not the legitimate owner of the business proposed to be licensed, or other persons have ownership interests in the business that have not been disclosed;

5691 f. Has not demonstrated financial responsibility sufficient to meet the requirements of the business 5692 proposed to be licensed;

5693 g. Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the Board for a license;

h. Has defrauded or attempted to defraud the Board, or any federal, state, or local government or governmental agency or authority, by making or filing any report, document, or tax return required by statute or regulation that is fraudulent or contains a false representation of a material fact; or has willfully deceived or attempted to deceive the Board, or any federal, state, or local government or governmental agency or authority, by making or maintaining business records required by statute or regulation that are false or fraudulent;

5700 *i.* Is violating or allowing the violation of any provision of this subtitle in his establishment at the 5701 time his application for a license is pending;

5702 *j.* Is a police officer with police authority in the political subdivision within which the establishment 5703 designated in the application is located;

5704 *k.* Is a manufacturer, distributor, or retailer of alcoholic beverages licensed under Chapter 2 **5705** (§ 4.1-200 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or a retailer of tobacco or tobacco products;

5706 *l.* Has been sanctioned by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to § 54.1-3316 and regulations
5707 promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy for a violation pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of
5708 the Drug Control Act; or

5709 *m. Is physically unable to carry on the business for which the application for a license is filed or* 5710 *has been adjudicated incapacitated.*

5711 2. The place to be occupied by the applicant:

a. Does not conform to the requirements of the governing body of the county, city, or town in which
such place is located with respect to sanitation, health, construction, or equipment, or to any similar
requirements established by the laws of the Commonwealth or by Board regulation;

5715 b. Is so located that granting a license and operation thereunder by the applicant would result in 5716 violations of this subtitle or Board regulations or violation of the laws of the Commonwealth or local 5717 ordinances relating to peace and good order; SB391S2

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5718 c. Is so located with respect to any place of religious worship; hospital; public, private, or parochial school or institution of higher education; public or private playground or other similar recreational 5719 5720 facility; child day program; substance use disorder treatment facility; or federal, state, or local 5721 government-operated facility that the operation of such place under such license will adversely affect or 5722 interfere with the normal, orderly conduct of the affairs of such facilities, programs, or institutions;

5723 d. Is so located with respect to any residence or residential area that the operation of such place 5724 under such license will adversely affect real property values or substantially interfere with the usual 5725 quietude and tranquility of such residence or residential area;

5726 e. When the applicant is applying for a retail marijuana store license, is located within 1,000 feet of 5727 an existing retail marijuana store; or

f. Under a retail marijuana store license, is so constructed, arranged, or illuminated that 5728 law-enforcement officers and special agents of the Board are prevented from ready access to and 5729 5730 reasonable observation of any room or area within which retail marijuana or retail marijuana products 5731 are to be sold.

5732 Nothing in this subdivision 2 shall be construed to require an applicant to have secured a place or 5733 premises until the final stage of the license approval process.

5734 3. The number of licenses existing in the locality is such that the granting of a license is detrimental 5735 to the interest, morals, safety, or welfare of the public. In reaching such conclusion, the Board shall 5736 consider (i) the criteria established by the Board to evaluate new licensees based on the density of retail 5737 marijuana stores in the community; (ii) the character of, population of, number of similar licenses, and 5738 number of all licenses existent in the particular county, city, or town and the immediate neighborhood 5739 concerned; (iii) the effect that a new license may have on such county, city, town, or neighborhood in 5740 conforming with the purposes of this subtitle; and (iv) the objections, if any, that may have been filed by a local governing body or local residents. 5741

5742 4. There exists any law, ordinance, or regulation of the United States, the Commonwealth, or any 5743 political subdivision thereof that warrants refusal by the Board to grant any license. 5744

5. The Board is not authorized under this subtitle to grant such license.

§ 4.1-810. Conditions under which the Board shall refuse to grant licenses.

5746 The Board shall refuse to grant any license to any member or employee of the Board or to any 5747 corporation or other business entity in which such member or employee is a stockholder or has any 5748 other economic interest.

5749 Whenever any other elected or appointed official of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 5750 thereof applies for such a license or continuance thereof, he shall state on the application the official 5751 position he holds, and whenever a corporation or other business entity in which any such official is a stockholder or has any other economic interest applies for such a license, it shall state on the 5752 application the full economic interests of each such official in such corporation or other business entity. 5753 5754 § 4.1-811. Notice and hearings for refusal to grant licenses; Administrative Process Act;

5755 exceptions.

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5756 A. The action of the Board in granting or in refusing to grant any license shall be subject to judicial 5757 review in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), except as provided in 5758 subsection B or C. Such review shall extend to the entire evidential record of the proceedings provided 5759 by the Board in accordance with the Administrative Process Act. An appeal shall lie to the Court of 5760 Appeals from any order of the court. Notwithstanding § 8.01-676.1, the final judgment or order of the circuit court shall not be suspended, stayed, or modified by such circuit court pending appeal to the 5761 5762 Court of Appeals. Neither mandamus nor injunction shall lie in any such case.

5763 B. The Board may refuse a hearing on any application for the granting of any retail marijuana store 5764 license, provided that such: 5765

1. License for the applicant has been refused or revoked within a period of 12 months;

5766 2. License for any premises has been refused or revoked at that location within a period of 12 5767 months: or

5768 3. Applicant, within a period of 12 months immediately preceding, has permitted a license granted by 5769 the Board to expire for nonpayment of license fee, and at the time of expiration of such license, there 5770 was a pending and unadjudicated charge, either before the Board or in any court, against the licensee 5771 alleging a violation of this subtitle.

5772 C. If an applicant has permitted a license to expire for nonpayment of license fee, and at the time of 5773 expiration there remained unexecuted any period of suspension imposed upon the licensee by the Board, 5774 the Board may refuse a hearing on an application for a new license until after the date on which the 5775 suspension period would have been executed had the license not have been permitted to expire. CHAPTER 9.

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ADMINISTRATION OF LICENSES: SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION.

§ 4.1-900. Grounds for which Board may suspend or revoke licenses.

5779 The Board may suspend or revoke any license if it has reasonable cause to believe that:

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5780 1. The licensee, or if the licensee is a partnership, any general partner thereof, or if the licensee is 5781 an association, any member thereof, or a limited partner of 10 percent or more with voting rights, or if 5782 the licensee is a corporation, any officer, director, or shareholder owning 10 percent or more of its 5783 capital stock, or if the licensee is a limited liability company, any member-manager or any member 5784 owning 10 percent or more of the membership interest of the limited liability company:

5785 a. Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the Board for such license;

5786 b. Within the five years immediately preceding the date of the hearing held in accordance with 5787 § 4.1-903, has (i) violated any provision of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.), Chapter 12 (§ 4.1-1200 et 5788 seq.), or Chapter 13 (§ 4.1-1300 et seq.); (ii) committed a violation of this subtitle in bad faith; (iii) 5789 violated or failed or refused to comply with any regulation, rule, or order of the Board; or (iv) failed or 5790 refused to comply with any of the conditions or restrictions of the license granted by the Board;

5791 c. Has been convicted in any court of a felony or of any crime or offense involving moral turpitude 5792 under the laws of any state or of the United States;

5793 d. Is not the legitimate owner of the business conducted under the license granted by the Board, or 5794 other persons have ownership interests in the business that have not been disclosed;

e. Cannot demonstrate financial responsibility sufficient to meet the requirements of the business 5795 5796 conducted under the license granted by the Board;

5797 f. Has been intoxicated or under the influence of some self-administered drug while upon the 5798 *licensed premises;*

5799 g. Has maintained the licensed premises in an unsanitary condition, or allowed such premises to 5800 become a meeting place or rendezvous for members of a criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1 or persons of ill repute, or has allowed any form of illegal gambling to take place upon such premises; 5801

5802 h. Has allowed any person whom he knew or had reason to believe was intoxicated to loiter upon 5803 such licensed premises;

5804 i. Has allowed any person to consume upon the licensed premises any marijuana or marijuana 5805 product except as provided under this subtitle;

j. Is physically unable to carry on the business conducted under such license or has been adjudicated 5806 5807 incapacitated; 5808

k. Has possessed any illegal gambling apparatus, machine, or device upon the licensed premises;

5809 l. Has upon the licensed premises (i) illegally possessed, distributed, sold, or used, or has knowingly 5810 allowed any employee or agent, or any other person, to illegally possess, distribute, sell, or use, controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, drug paraphernalia, or controlled paraphernalia 5811 5812 as those terms are defined in Articles 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) and 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 5813 of Title 18.2 and the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.); (ii) laundered money in violation of 5814 § 18.2-246.3; or (iii) conspired to commit any drug-related offense in violation of Article 1 or 1.1 of 5815 Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or the Drug Control Act. The provisions of this subdivision l shall also apply to 5816 any conduct related to the operation of the licensed business that facilitates the commission of any of 5817 the offenses set forth herein;

5818 m. Has failed to take reasonable measures to prevent (i) the licensed premises, (ii) any premises immediately adjacent to the licensed premises that is owned or leased by the licensee, or (iii) any 5819 5820 portion of public property immediately adjacent to the licensed premises from becoming a place where 5821 patrons of the establishment commit criminal violations of Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.), 2 (§ 18.2-38 et 5822 seq.), 2.1 (§ 18.2-46.1 et seq.), 2.2 (§ 18.2-46.4 et seq.), 3 (§ 18.2-47 et seq.), 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-58 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-59 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; Article 2 5823 5824 (§ 18.2-266 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; Article 3 (§ 18.2-346 et seq.) or 5 (§ 18.2-372 et seq.) of 5825 Chapter 8 of Title 18.2; or Article 1 (§ 18.2-404 et seq.), 2 (§ 18.2-415), or 3 (§ 18.2-416 et seq.) of 5826 Chapter 9 of Title 18.2 and such violations lead to arrests that are so frequent and serious as to 5827 reasonably be deemed a continuing threat to the public safety;

5828 n. Has failed to take reasonable measures to prevent an act of violence resulting in death or serious bodily injury, or a recurrence of such acts, from occurring on (i) the licensed premises, (ii) any 5829 5830 premises immediately adjacent to the licensed premises that is owned or leased by the licensee, or (iii) 5831 any portion of public property immediately adjacent to the licensed premises;

5832 o. Has been sanctioned by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to § 54.1-3316 and regulations 5833 promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy for a violation pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of 5834 the Drug Control Act; or

5835 p. Has refused to (i) remain neutral regarding any union organizing efforts by employees, including 5836 card check recognition and union access to employees; (ii) pay employees prevailing wages as 5837 determined by the U.S. Department of Labor; or (iii) classify no more than 10 percent of its workers as 5838 independent contractors and such workers are not owners in a worker-owned cooperative.

5839 2. The place occupied by the licensee:

5840 a. Does not conform to the requirements of the governing body of the county, city, or town in which SB391S2

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5841 such establishment is located, with respect to sanitation, health, construction, or equipment, or to any 5842 similar requirements established by the laws of the Commonwealth or by Board regulations; 5843

b. Has been adjudicated a common nuisance under the provisions of this subtitle or § 18.2-258; or

5844 c. Has become a meeting place or rendezvous for illegal gambling, illegal users of narcotics, drunks, 5845 prostitutes, pimps, panderers, or habitual law violators or has become a place where illegal drugs are 5846 regularly used or distributed. The Board may consider the general reputation in the community of such 5847 establishment in addition to any other competent evidence in making such determination.

5848 3. The licensee or any employee of the licensee discriminated against any member of the Armed 5849 Forces of the United States by prices charged or otherwise.

5850 4. Any cause exists for which the Board would have been entitled to refuse to grant such license had 5851 the facts been known.

5. The licensee is delinquent for a period of 90 days or more in the payment of any taxes, or any 5852 5853 penalties or interest related thereto, lawfully imposed by the locality where the licensed business is 5854 located, as certified by the treasurer, commissioner of the revenue, or finance director of such locality, 5855 unless (i) the outstanding amount is de minimis; (ii) the licensee has pending a bona fide application for 5856 correction or appeal with respect to such taxes, penalties, or interest; or (iii) the licensee has entered 5857 into a payment plan approved by the same locality to settle the outstanding liability.

5858 6. The licensee has been convicted for a violation of 8 U.S.C. \S 1324a(f), as amended, for actions of 5859 its agents or employees constituting a pattern or practice of employing unauthorized aliens on the 5860 licensed premises in the Commonwealth. 5861

7. Any other cause authorized by this subtitle.

§ 4.1-901. Summary suspension in emergency circumstances; grounds; notice and hearing.

A. Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in Article 3 (§ 2.2-4018 et seq.) of the 5863 Administrative Process Act or § 4.1-806 or 4.1-903, the Board may summarily suspend any license or 5864 5865 permit if it has reasonable cause to believe that an act of violence resulting in death or serious bodily 5866 injury, or a recurrence of such acts, has occurred on (i) the licensed premises, (ii) any premises 5867 immediately adjacent to the licensed premises that is owned or leased by the licensee, or (iii) any 5868 portion of public property immediately adjacent to the licensed premises, and the Board finds that there 5869 exists a continuing threat to public safety and that summary suspension of the license or permit is 5870 justified to protect the health, safety, or welfare of the public.

5871 B. Prior to issuing an order of suspension pursuant to this section, special agents of the Board shall 5872 conduct an initial investigation and submit all findings to the Secretary of the Board within 48 hours of 5873 any such act of violence. If the Board determines suspension is warranted, it shall immediately notify 5874 the licensee of its intention to temporarily suspend his license pending the outcome of a formal 5875 investigation. Such temporary suspension shall remain effective for a minimum of 48 hours. After the 48-hour period, the licensee may petition the Board for a restricted license pending the results of the 5876 5877 formal investigation and proceedings for disciplinary review. If the Board determines that a restricted 5878 license is warranted, the Board shall have discretion to impose appropriate restrictions based on the 5879 facts presented.

5880 C. Upon a determination to temporarily suspend a license, the Board shall immediately commence a 5881 formal investigation. The formal investigation shall be completed within 10 days of its commencement 5882 and the findings reported immediately to the Secretary of the Board. If, following the formal 5883 investigation, the Secretary of the Board determines that suspension of the license is warranted, a 5884 hearing shall be held within five days of the completion of the formal investigation. A decision shall be rendered within 10 days of the conclusion of the hearing. If a decision is not rendered within 10 days of 5885 5886 the conclusion of the hearing, the order of suspension shall be vacated and the license reinstated. Any appeal by the licensee shall be filed within 10 days of the decision and heard by the Board within 20 5887 days of the decision. The Board shall render a decision on the appeal within 10 days of the conclusion 5888 5889 of the appeal hearing.

5890 D. Service of any order of suspension issued pursuant to this section shall be made by a special 5891 agent of the Board in person and by certified mail to the licensee. The order of suspension shall take 5892 effect immediately upon service. 5893

E. This section shall not apply to temporary permits granted under § 4.1-806.

§ 4.1-902. Grounds for which Board shall suspend or revoke licenses.

The Board shall suspend or revoke any license if it finds that:

5896 1. A licensee has violated or permitted the violation of § 18.2-331, relating to the illegal possession 5897 of a gambling device, upon the premises for which the Board has granted a retail marijuana store 5898 license.

5899 2. A licensee has defrauded or attempted to defraud the Board, or any federal, state, or local 5900 government or governmental agency or authority, by making or filing any report, document, or tax 5901 return required by statute or regulation that is fraudulent or contains a willful or knowing false 5902 representation of a material fact or has willfully deceived or attempted to deceive the Board, or any

5903 federal, state, or local government or governmental agency or authority, by making or maintaining 5904 business records required by statute or regulation that are false or fraudulent. 5905

§ 4.1-903. Suspension or revocation of licenses; notice and hearings; imposition of civil penalties.

5906 A. Before the Board may suspend or revoke any license, reasonable notice of such proposed or 5907 contemplated action shall be given to the licensee in accordance with the provisions of § 2.2-4020 of the 5908 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

5909 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 2.2-4022, the Board shall, upon written request by the licensee, 5910 permit the licensee to inspect and copy or photograph all (i) written or recorded statements made by the 5911 licensee or copies thereof or the substance of any oral statements made by the licensee or a previous or 5912 present employee of the licensee to any law-enforcement officer, the existence of which is known by the 5913 Board and upon which the Board intends to rely as evidence in any adversarial proceeding under this 5914 subtitle against the licensee, and (ii) designated books, papers, documents, tangible objects, buildings, or 5915 places, or copies or portions thereof, that are within the possession, custody, or control of the Board 5916 and upon which the Board intends to rely as evidence in any adversarial proceeding under this subtitle against the licensee. In addition, any subpoena for the production of documents issued to any person at the request of the licensee or the Board pursuant to § 4.1-604 shall provide for the production of the 5917 5918 5919 documents sought within 10 working days, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in § 4.1-604.

5920 If the Board fails to provide for inspection or copying under this section for the licensee after a 5921 written request, the Board shall be prohibited from introducing into evidence any items the licensee 5922 would have lawfully been entitled to inspect or copy under this section.

5923 The action of the Board in suspending or revoking any license or in imposing a civil penalty shall be 5924 subject to judicial review in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Such 5925 review shall extend to the entire evidential record of the proceedings provided by the Board in 5926 accordance with the Administrative Process Act. An appeal shall lie to the Court of Appeals from any 5927 order of the court. Notwithstanding § 8.01-676.1, the final judgment or order of the circuit court shall 5928 not be suspended, stayed, or modified by such circuit court pending appeal to the Court of Appeals. 5929 Neither mandamus nor injunction shall lie in any such case.

5930 B. In suspending any license, the Board may impose, as a condition precedent to the removal of such 5931 suspension or any portion thereof, a requirement that the licensee pay the cost incurred by the Board in 5932 investigating the licensee and in holding the proceeding resulting in such suspension, or it may impose 5933 and collect such civil penalties as it deems appropriate. In no event shall the Board impose a civil 5934 penalty exceeding \$2,000 for the first violation occurring within five years immediately preceding the 5935 date of the violation or \$5,000 for the second or subsequent violation occurring within five years 5936 immediately preceding the date of the second or subsequent violation. However, if the violation involved 5937 selling retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to a person prohibited from purchasing retail 5938 marijuana or retail marijuana products or allowing consumption of retail marijuana or retail marijuana 5939 products, the Board may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$3,000 for the first violation occurring 5940 within five years immediately preceding the date of the violation and \$6,000 for a second or subsequent 5941 violation occurring within five years immediately preceding the date of the second or subsequent 5942 violation in lieu of such suspension or any portion thereof, or both. The Board may also impose a requirement that the licensee pay for the cost incurred by the Board not exceeding \$25,000 in 5943 investigating the licensee and in holding the proceeding resulting in the violation in addition to any 5944 5945 suspension or civil penalty incurred.

5946 C. Following notice to (i) the licensee of a hearing that may result in the suspension or revocation 5947 of his license or (ii) the applicant of a hearing to resolve a contested application, the Board may accept 5948 a consent agreement as authorized in § 4.1-604. The notice shall advise the licensee or applicant of the 5949 option to (a) admit the alleged violation or the validity of the objection; (b) waive any right to a 5950 hearing or an appeal under the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.); and (c) (1) accept the 5951 proposed restrictions for operating under the license, (2) accept the period of suspension of the licensed 5952 privileges within the Board's parameters, (3) pay a civil penalty in lieu of the period of suspension, or 5953 any portion of the suspension as applicable, or (4) proceed to a hearing.

5954 D. The Board shall, by regulation or written order:

5955 1. Designate those (i) objections to an application or (ii) alleged violations that will proceed to an 5956 *initial hearing*;

5957 2. Designate the violations for which a waiver of a hearing and payment of a civil charge in lieu of 5958 suspension may be accepted for a first offense occurring within three years immediately preceding the 5959 date of the violation;

5960 3. Provide for a reduction in the length of any suspension and a reduction in the amount of any civil 5961 penalty for any retail marijuana store licensee where the licensee can demonstrate that it provided to its 5962 employees marijuana seller training certified in advance by the Board;

5963 4. Establish a schedule of penalties for such offenses, prescribing the appropriate suspension of a

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5964 license and the civil charge acceptable in lieu of such suspension; and

5965 5. Establish a schedule of offenses for which any penalty may be waived upon a showing that the 5966 licensee has had no prior violations within five years immediately preceding the date of the violation. 5967 No waiver shall be granted by the Board, however, for a licensee's willful and knowing violation of this 5968 subtitle or Board regulations.

5969 § 4.1-904. Suspension or revocation; disposition of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products 5970 on hand; termination.

5971 A. Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products owned by or in the possession of or for sale by any 5972 licensee at the time the license of such person is suspended or revoked may be disposed of as follows:

5973 1. Sold to persons in the Commonwealth licensed to sell such retail marijuana or retail marijuana 5974 products upon permits granted by the Board in accordance with § 4.1-806 and conditions specified by 5975 the Board: or 5976

2. Destroyed by the Board or its designee.

5977 B. All retail marijuana or retail marijuana products owned by or in the possession of any person 5978 whose license is suspended or revoked shall be disposed of by such person in accordance with the 5979 provisions of this section within 60 days from the date of such suspension or revocation.

5980 C. Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products owned by or in the possession of or for sale by 5981 persons whose licenses have been terminated other than by suspension or revocation may be disposed of 5982 in accordance with subsection A within such time as the Board deems proper. Such period shall not be 5983 less than 60 days.

5984 D. All retail marijuana or retail marijuana products owned by or remaining in the possession of any 5985 person described in subsection A or C after the expiration of such period shall be deemed contraband 5986 and forfeited to the Commonwealth in accordance with the provisions of \S 4.1-1304. 5987

CHAPTER 10.

ADMINISTRATION OF LICENSES; APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSES; FEES; TAXES.

§ 4.1-1000. Applications for licenses; publication; notice to localities; fees; permits.

5990 A. Every person intending to apply for any license authorized by this subtitle shall file with the 5991 Board an application on forms provided by the Board and a statement in writing by the applicant 5992 swearing and affirming that all of the information contained therein is true.

5993 Applicants for licenses for establishments that are otherwise required to obtain an inspection by the 5994 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall provide proof of inspection or proof of a 5995 pending request for such inspection. If the applicant provides proof of inspection or proof of a pending request for an inspection, a license may be issued to the applicant. If a license is issued on the basis of 5996 5997 a pending application or inspection, such license shall authorize the licensee to purchase retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds in accordance 5998 5999 with the provisions of this subtitle; however, the licensee shall not sell retail marijuana, retail marijuana 6000 products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds until an inspection is completed.

6001 B. In addition, each applicant for a license under the provisions of this subtitle shall post a notice of 6002 his application with the Board on the front door of the building, place, or room where he proposes to 6003 engage in such business for no more than 30 days and not less than 10 days. Such notice shall be of a 6004 size and contain such information as required by the Board, including a statement that any objections shall be submitted to the Board not more than 30 days following initial posting of the notice required 6005 6006 pursuant to this subsection.

6007 The applicant shall also cause notice to be published at least once a week for two consecutive weeks 6008 in a newspaper published in or having a general circulation in the county, city, or town wherein such applicant proposes to engage in such business. Such notice shall contain such information as required 6009 6010 by the Board, including a statement that any objections to the issuance of the license be submitted to the Board not later than 30 days from the date of the initial newspaper publication. 6011

6012 The Board shall conduct a background investigation, to include a criminal history records search, 6013 which may include a fingerprint-based national criminal history records search, on each applicant for a 6014 license. However, the Board may waive, for good cause shown, the requirement for a criminal history 6015 records search and completed personal data form for officers, directors, nonmanaging members, or 6016 limited partners of any applicant corporation, limited liability company, or limited partnership. In considering criminal history record information, the Board shall not disgualify an applicant because of 6017 6018 a past conviction for a marijuana-related offense.

6019 The Board shall notify the local governing body of each license application through the town 6020 manager, city manager, county administrator, or other designee of the locality. Local governing bodies 6021 shall submit objections to the granting of a license within 30 days of the filing of the application.

6022 C. Each applicant shall pay the required application fee at the time the application is filed, except 6023 that such fee shall be waived or discounted for qualified social equity applicants pursuant to regulations 6024 promulgated by the Board. The license application fee shall be determined by the Board and shall be in addition to the actual cost charged to the Department of State Police by the Federal Bureau of 6025

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6026 Investigation or the Central Criminal Records Exchange for processing any fingerprints through the 6027 Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Central Criminal Records Exchange for each criminal history 6028 records search required by the Board. Application fees shall be in addition to the state license fee 6029 required pursuant to § 4.1-1001 and shall not be refunded.

6030 D. Subsection A shall not apply to the continuance of licenses granted under this subtitle; however, 6031 all licensees shall file and maintain with the Board a current, accurate record of the information 6032 required by the Board pursuant to subsection A and notify the Board of any changes to such 6033 information in accordance with Board regulations.

6034 E. Every application for a permit granted pursuant to § 4.1-806 shall be on a form provided by the 6035 Board. Such permits shall confer upon their holders no authority to make solicitations in the 6036 Commonwealth as otherwise provided by law.

The fee for a temporary permit shall be one-twelfth of the combined fees required by this section for 6037 6038 applicable licenses to sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products computed to the nearest cent 6039 and multiplied by the number of months for which the permit is granted.

6040 F. The Board shall have the authority to increase state license fees. The Board shall set the amount 6041 of such increases on the basis of the consumer price index and shall not increase fees more than once 6042 every three years. Prior to implementing any state license fee increase, the Board shall provide notice to 6043 all licensees and the general public of (i) the Board's intent to impose a fee increase and (ii) the new 6044 fee that would be required for any license affected by the Board's proposed fee increases. Such notice 6045 shall be provided on or before November 1 in any year in which the Board has decided to increase 6046 state license fees, and such increases shall become effective July 1 of the following year. 6047

§ 4.1-1001. Fees for state licenses.

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A. The annual fees on state licenses shall be determined by the Board.

6049 B. The fee on each license granted or reissued for a period other than 12, 24, or 36 months shall be 6050 equal to one-twelfth of the fees required by subsection A computed to the nearest cent, multiplied by the number of months in the license period, and then increased by five percent. Such fee shall not be 6051 refundable, except as provided in § 4.1-1002. 6052

6053 C. Nothing in this subtitle shall exempt any licensee from any state merchants' license or state 6054 restaurant license or any other state tax. Every licensee, in addition to the taxes and fees imposed by 6055 this subtitle, shall be liable to state merchants' license taxation and other state taxation.

6056 D. In addition to the fees set forth in this section, a fee of \$5 may be imposed on any license 6057 purchased in person from the Board if such license is available for purchase online.

6058 § 4.1-1002. Refund of state license fee.

6059 A. The Board may correct erroneous assessments made by it against any person and make refunds of 6060 any amounts collected pursuant to erroneous assessments, or collected as fees on licenses, that are subsequently refused or application therefor withdrawn, and to allow credit for any license fees paid by 6061 6062 any licensee for any license that is subsequently merged or changed into another license during the 6063 same license period. No refund shall be made of any such amount, however, unless made within three 6064 *vears from the date of collection of the same.*

6065 B. In any case where a licensee has changed its name or form of organization during a license 6066 period without any change being made in its ownership, and because of such change is required to pay 6067 an additional license fee for such period, the Board shall refund to such licensee the amount of such fee 6068 so paid in excess of the required license fee for such period.

6069 C. The Board shall make refunds, prorated according to a schedule of its prescription, to licensees 6070 of state license fees paid pursuant to subsection A of § 4.1-1001 if the place of business designated in 6071 the license is destroyed by an act of God, including but not limited to fire, earthquake, hurricane, storm, 6072 or similar natural disaster or phenomenon.

- 6073 D. Any amount required to be refunded under this section shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of 6074 moneys appropriated to the Board and in the manner prescribed in \S 4.1-614. 6075
 - § 4.1-1003. Marijuana tax; exceptions.

6076 A. A tax of 21 percent is levied on the sale in the Commonwealth of any retail marijuana, retail 6077 marijuana products, marijuana paraphernalia sold by a retail marijuana store, non-retail marijuana, 6078 and non-retail marijuana products. The tax shall be in addition to any tax imposed under the Virginia 6079 Retail Sales and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) or any other provision of federal, state, or local law.

6080 B. The tax shall not apply to any sale:

6081 1. From a marijuana establishment to another marijuana establishment.

6082 2. Of cannabis oil for treatment under the provisions of § 54.1-3408.3 and Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 6083 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act.

6084 3. Of industrial hemp by a grower, processor, or dealer under the provisions of Chapter 41.1 6085 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2.

6086 4. Of a hemp product or regulated hemp product. SB391S2

6087 C. All revenues remitted to the Authority under this section shall be disposed of as provided in 6088 § 4.1-614.

6089 § 4.1-1004. Optional local marijuana tax.

6090 A. Any locality may by ordinance levy a three percent tax on any sale taxable under § 4.1-1003. The 6091 tax shall be in addition to any local sales tax imposed under the Virginia Retail Sales and Use Tax Act 6092 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.), any food and beverage tax imposed under Article 7.1 (§ 58.1-3833 et seq.) of 6093 Chapter 38 of Title 58.1, and any excise tax imposed on meals under § 58.1-3840. Other than the taxes 6094 authorized and identified in this subsection, a locality shall not impose any other tax on a sale taxable 6095 under § 4.1-1003.

6096 B. If a town imposes a tax under this section, any tax imposed by its surrounding county under this 6097 section shall not apply within the limits of the town.

6098 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a locality from imposing any tax authorized 6099 by law on a person or property regulated under this subtitle. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of any locality to impose a license or privilege tax or fee on a business engaged in 6100 whole or in part in sales taxable under § 4.1-1003 if such tax or fee is (i) based on an annual or 6101 6102 per-event flat fee authorized by law or (ii) is an annual license or privilege tax authorized by law, and 6103 such tax includes sales or receipts taxable under § 4.1-1003 in its taxable measure.

D. Any locality that enacts an ordinance pursuant to subsection A shall, within 30 days, notify the 6104 6105 Authority and any retail marijuana store in such locality of the ordinance's enactment. The ordinance 6106 shall take effect on the first day of the second month following its enactment.

6107 E. Any tax levied under this section shall be administered and collected by the Authority in the same manner as provided for the tax imposed under § 4.1-1003. 6108

6109 F. All revenues remitted to the Authority under this section shall be disposed of as provided in 6110 § 4.1-614. 6111

§ 4.1-1005. Tax returns and payments; commissions; interest.

A. For any sale taxable under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004, the seller shall be liable for collecting any 6112 6113 taxes due. All taxes collected by a seller shall be deemed to be held in trust for the Commonwealth. The 6114 buyer shall not be liable for collecting or remitting the taxes or filing a return.

B. On or before the tenth day of each month, any person liable for a tax due under § 4.1-1003 or 6115 6116 4.1-1004 shall file a return under oath with the Authority and pay any taxes due. Upon written 6117 application by a person filing a return, the Authority may, if it determines good cause exists, grant an extension to the end of the calendar month in which the tax is due, or for a period not exceeding 30 6118 6119 days. Any extension shall toll the accrual of any interest or penalties under § 4.1-1008.

6120 C. The Authority may accept payment by any commercially acceptable means, including cash, checks, 6121 credit cards, debit cards, and electronic funds transfers, for any taxes, interest, or penalties due under this subtitle. The Board may assess a service charge for the use of a credit or debit card. 6122

6123 D. Upon request, the Authority may collect and maintain a record of a person's credit card, debit 6124 card, or automated clearinghouse transfer information and use such information for future payments of 6125 taxes, interest, or penalties due under this subtitle. The Authority may assess a service charge for any 6126 payments made under this subsection. The Authority may procure the services of a third-party vendor 6127 for the secure storage of information collected pursuant to this subsection.

E. If any person liable for tax under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004 sells out his business or stock of 6128 6129 goods or quits the business, such person shall make a final return and payment within 15 days after the date of selling or quitting the business. Such person's successors or assigns, if any, shall withhold 6130 sufficient of the purchase money to cover the amount of such taxes, interest, and penalties due and 6131 unpaid until such former owner produces a receipt from the Authority showing payment or a certificate 6132 6133 stating that no taxes, penalties, or interest are due. If the buyer of a business or stock of goods fails to withhold the purchase money as provided in this subsection, such buyer shall be liable for the payment 6134 6135 of the taxes, interest, and penalties due and unpaid on account of the operation of the business by any 6136 former owner.

6137 F. When any person fails to timely pay the full amount of tax due under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004, 6138 interest at a rate determined in accordance with § 58.1-15 shall accrue on the tax until it is paid. Any 6139 taxes due under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004 shall, if applicable, be subject to penalties as provided in 6140 §§ 4.1-1206 and 4.1-1207.

§ 4.1-1006. Bonds.

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6142 The Authority may, when deemed necessary and advisable to do so in order to secure the collection 6143 of the taxes levied under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004, require any person subject to such tax to file a 6144 bond, with such surety as it determines is necessary to secure the payment of any tax, penalty, or interest due or that may become due from such person. In lieu of such bond, securities approved by the 6145 Authority may be deposited with the State Treasurer, which securities shall be kept in the custody of the 6146 6147 State Treasurer, and shall be sold by the State Treasurer at the request of the Authority at public or 6148 private sale if it becomes necessary to do so in order to recover any tax, interest, or penalty due the

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6149 *Commonwealth. Upon any such sale, the surplus, if any, above the amounts due shall be returned to the* 6150 *person who deposited the securities.*

6151 § 4.1-1007. Refunds.

A. Whenever it is proved to the satisfaction of the Authority that any taxes levied pursuant to § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 have been paid and that the taxable items were or are (i) damaged, destroyed, or otherwise deemed to be unsalable by reason of fire or any other providential cause before sale to the consumer; (ii) destroyed voluntarily because the taxable items were defective and after notice to and approval by the Authority of such destruction; or (iii) destroyed in any manner while in the possession of a common, private, or contract carrier, the Authority shall certify such facts to the Comptroller for approval of a refund payment from the state treasury to such extent as may be proper.

6159 B. Whenever it is proved to the satisfaction of the Authority that any person has purchased taxable 6160 items that have been sold by such person in such manner as to be exempt from the tax, the Authority 6161 shall certify such facts to the Comptroller for approval of a refund payment from the state treasury to 6162 such extent as may be proper.

6163 C. In the event purchases are returned to the seller by the buyer after a tax imposed under
6164 § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 has been collected or charged to the account of the buyer, the seller shall be
6165 entitled to a refund of the amount of tax so collected or charged in the manner prescribed by the
6166 Authority. The amount of tax so refunded to the seller shall not, however, include the tax paid upon any
6167 amount retained by the seller after such return of merchandise. In case the tax has not been remitted by
6168 the seller, the seller may deduct the same in submitting his return.

6169 § 4.1-1008. Statute of limitations; civil remedies for collecting past-due taxes, interest, and 6170 penalties.

6171 A. The taxes imposed under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004 shall be assessed within three years from the 6172 date on which such taxes became due and payable. In the case of a false or fraudulent return with 6173 intent to defraud the Commonwealth, or a failure to file a return, the taxes may be assessed, or a 6174 proceeding in court for the collection of such taxes may be begun without assessment, at any time 6175 within six years from such date. The Authority shall not examine any person's records beyond the 6176 three-year period of limitations unless it has reasonable evidence of fraud or reasonable cause to 6177 believe that such person was required by law to file a return and failed to do so.

6178 B. If any person fails to file a return as required by this section, or files a return that is false or 6179 fraudulent, the Authority may make an estimate for the taxable period of the taxable sales of such 6180 person and assess the tax, plus any applicable interest and penalties. The Authority shall give such 6181 person 10 days' notice requiring such person to provide any records as it may require relating to the 6182 business of such person for the taxable period. The Authority may require such person or the agents 6183 and employees of such person to give testimony or to answer interrogatories under oath administered by 6184 the Authority respecting taxable sales, the filing of the return, and any other relevant information. If any 6185 person fails to file a required return, refuses to provide required records, or refuses to answer 6186 interrogatories from the Authority, the Authority may make an estimated assessment based upon the 6187 information available to it and issue a memorandum of lien under subsection C for the collection of any 6188 taxes, interest, or penalties. The estimated assessment shall be deemed prima facie correct.

6189 C. 1. If the Authority assesses taxes, interest, or penalties on a person and such person does not pay 6190 within 30 days after the due date, taking into account any extensions granted by the Authority, the 6191 Authority may file a memorandum of lien in the circuit court clerk's office of the county or city in which 6192 the person's place of business is located or in which the person resides. If the person has no place of 6193 business or residence within the Commonwealth, the memorandum may be filed in the Circuit Court of 6194 the City of Richmond. A copy of the memorandum may also be filed in the clerk's office of all counties 6195 and cities in which the person owns real estate. Such memorandum shall be recorded in the judgment 6196 docket book and shall have the effect of a judgment in favor of the Commonwealth, to be enforced as provided in Article 19 (§ 8.01-196 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 8.01, except that a writ of fieri facias 6197 may issue at any time after the memorandum is filed. The lien on real estate shall become effective at 6198 6199 the time the memorandum is filed in the jurisdiction in which the real estate is located. No 6200 memorandum of lien shall be filed unless the person is first given 10 or more days' prior notice of 6201 intent to file a lien; however, in those instances where the Authority determines that the collection of 6202 any tax, penalties, or interest required to be paid pursuant to law will be jeopardized by the provision 6203 of such notice, notification may be provided to the person concurrent with the filing of the memorandum 6204 of lien. Such notice shall be given to the person at his last known address.

6205 2. Recordation of a memorandum of lien under this subsection shall not affect a person's right to appeal under § 4.1-1009.

6207 3. If after filing a memorandum of lien the Authority determines that it is in the best interest of the 6208 Commonwealth, it may place padlocks on the doors of any business enterprise that is delinquent in 6209 filing or paying any tax owed to the Commonwealth. The Authority shall also post notices of distraint

6210 on each of the doors so padlocked. If, after three business days, the tax deficiency has not been satisfied 6211 or satisfactory arrangements for payment made, the Authority may cause a writ of fieri facias to be issued. It shall be a Class 1 misdemeanor for anyone to enter the padlocked premises without prior 6212 approval of the Authority. In the event that the person against whom the distraint has been applied 6213 6214 subsequently appeals under § 4.1-1009, the person shall have the right to post bond equaling the 6215 amount of liability in lieu of payment until the appeal is resolved.

6216 4. A person may petition the Authority after a memorandum of lien has been filed under this subsection if the person alleges an error in the filing of the lien. The Authority shall make a 6217 6218 determination on such petition within 14 days. If the Authority determines that the filing was erroneous, 6219 it shall issue a certificate of release of the lien within seven days after such determination is made.

6220 § 4.1-1009. Appeals.

Any tax imposed under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004, any interest imposed under § 4.1-1008, any action of 6221 6222 the Authority under § 4.1-1204, and any penalty imposed under § 4.1-1206 or 4.1-1207 shall be subject 6223 to review under the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Such review shall extend to the 6224 entire evidential record of the proceedings provided by the Authority in accordance with the 6225 Administrative Process Act. An appeal shall lie to the Court of Appeals from any order of a circuit 6226 court. Notwithstanding § 8.01-676.1, the final judgment or order of a circuit court shall not be 6227 suspended, stayed, or modified by such circuit court pending appeal to the Court of Appeals. Neither 6228 mandamus nor injunction shall lie in any such case.

6229 § 4.1-1100. Possession, etc., of marijuana and marijuana products by persons 21 years of age or 6230 older lawful; penalties.

6231 A. Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle and notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 6232 person 21 years of age or older may lawfully possess on his person or in any public place not more 6233 than one ounce of marijuana or an equivalent amount of marijuana product as determined by regulation 6234 promulgated by the Board.

6235 B. Any person who possesses on his person or in any public place marijuana or marijuana products in excess of the amounts set forth in subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25. The 6236 6237 penalty for any violations of this section by an adult shall be prepayable according to the procedures in 6238 § 16.1-69.40:2.

6239 C. With the exception of a licensee in the course of his duties related to such licensee's marijuana 6240 establishment, any person who possesses on his person or in any public place (i) more than four ounces 6241 but not more than one pound of marijuana or an equivalent amount of marijuana product as determined 6242 by regulation promulgated by the Board is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor and, for a second or 6243 subsequent offense, a Class 2 misdemeanor and (ii) more than one pound of marijuana or an equivalent 6244 amount of marijuana product as determined by regulation promulgated by the Board is guilty of a felony 6245 punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than one year nor more than 10 years and a fine of 6246 not more than \$250,000, or both.

6247 D. With the exception of a licensee in the course of his duties related to such licensee's marijuana 6248 establishment, any person who possesses in his residence or in any place other than a public place 6249 more than four pounds of marijuana or an equivalent amount of marijuana product as determined by 6250 regulation promulgated by the Board is guilty of a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not 6251 less than one year nor more than 10 years and a fine of not more than \$250,000, or both.

6252 E. The provisions of this section shall not apply to members of federal, state, county, city, or town 6253 law-enforcement agencies, jail officers, or correctional officers, as defined in § 53.1-1, certified as 6254 handlers of dogs trained in the detection of controlled substances when possession of marijuana is 6255 necessary for the performance of their duties. 6256

§ 4.1-1101. Home cultivation of marijuana for personal use; penalties.

6257 A. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision e(c) of § 18.2-248.1, a person 21 years of age or 6258 older may cultivate up to four marijuana plants for personal use at their place of residence; however, at 6259 no point shall a household contain more than four marijuana plants. For purposes of this section, a 6260 "household" means those individuals, whether related or not, who live in the same house or other place 6261 of residence.

6262 A person may only cultivate marijuana plants pursuant to this section at such person's main place of 6263 residence. 6264

A violation of this subsection shall be punishable as follows:

6265 1. For possession of more than four marijuana plants but no more than 10 marijuana plants, (i) a 6266 civil penalty of \$250 for a first offense, (ii) a Class 3 misdemeanor for a second offense, and (iii) a Class 2 misdemeanor for a third and any subsequent offense; 6267 6268

2. For possession of more than 10 but no more than 49 marijuana plants, a Class 1 misdemeanor;

6269 3. For possession of more than 49 but no more than 100 marijuana plants, a Class 6 felony; and

6270 4. For possession of more than 100 marijuana plants, a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than one year nor more than 10 years and a fine of not more than \$250,000, or both. 6271

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6272 B. A person who cultivates marijuana for personal use pursuant to this section shall:

6273 1. Ensure that no marijuana plant is visible from a public way without the use of aircraft, binoculars, 6274 or other optical aids; 6275

2. Take precautions to prevent unauthorized access by persons younger than 21 years of age; and

6276 3. Attach to each marijuana plant a legible tag that includes the person's name, driver's license or 6277 identification number, and a notation that the marijuana plant is being grown for personal use as 6278 authorized under this section.

6279 Any person who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25. The 6280 penalty for any violations of this section by an adult shall be prepayable according to the procedures in § 16.1-69.40:2. 6281

6282 C. A person shall not manufacture marijuana concentrate from home-cultivated marijuana. The owner 6283 of a property or parcel or tract of land may not intentionally or knowingly allow another person to 6284 manufacture marijuana concentrate from home-cultivated marijuana within or on that property or land.

6285 D. The following penalties or punishments shall be imposed on any person convicted of a violation 6286 of this section:

6287 1. For possession of more than four marijuana plants but no more than 10 marijuana plants, (i) a 6288 civil penalty of \$250 for a first offense, (ii) a Class 3 misdemeanor for a second offense, and (iii) a 6289 Class 2 misdemeanor for a third and any subsequent offense;

6290 2. For possession of more than 10 but no more than 49 marijuana plants, a Class 1 misdemeanor;

6291 3. For possession of more than 49 but no more than 100 marijuana plants, a Class 6 felony; and

6292 4. For possession of more than 100 marijuana plants, a felony punishable by a term of imprisonment 6293 of not less than one year nor more than 10 years and a fine of not more than \$250,000, or both.

6294 § 4.1-1102. Illegal cultivation or manufacture of marijuana or marijuana products; conspiracy; 6295 penalties.

6296 A. Except as otherwise provided in §§ 4.1-700 and 4.1-1101, no person shall cultivate or 6297 manufacture marijuana or marijuana products in the Commonwealth without being licensed under this 6298 subtitle to cultivate or manufacture such marijuana or marijuana products. 6299

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

6300 C. If two or more persons conspire together to do any act that is in violation of subsection A, and 6301 one or more of such persons does any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each of the parties to 6302 such conspiracy is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

6303 § 4.1-1103. Illegal sale of marijuana or marijuana products in general; penalties.

6304 A. For the purposes of this section, "adult sharing" means transferring marijuana between persons 6305 who are 21 years of age or older without remuneration. "Adult sharing" does not include instances in 6306 which (i) marijuana is given away contemporaneously with another reciprocal transaction between the 6307 same parties; (ii) a gift of marijuana is offered or advertised in conjunction with an offer for the sale of 6308 goods or services; or (iii) a gift of marijuana is contingent upon a separate reciprocal transaction for 6309 goods or services.

6310 B. If any person who is not licensed sells, gives, or distributes or possesses with intent to sell, give, 6311 or distribute any marijuana or marijuana products except as permitted by this chapter or provided in 6312 subsection C, he is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

6313 A second or subsequent conviction under this section shall constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6314 C. No civil or criminal penalty may be imposed for adult sharing of an amount of marijuana that 6315 does not exceed one ounce or of an equivalent amount of marijuana products.

6316 § 4.1-1104. Persons to whom marijuana or marijuana products may not be sold; proof of legal 6317 age; penalties.

6318 A. No person shall, except pursuant to § 4.1-700, sell, give, or distribute any marijuana or marijuana 6319 products to any individual when at the time of such sale he knows or has reason to believe that the 6320 individual to whom the sale is made is (i) younger than 21 years of age or (ii) intoxicated. Any person 6321 convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6322 B. It is unlawful for any person 21 years of age or older to sell or distribute, or possess with the 6323 intent to sell or distribute, marijuana paraphernalia to any person younger than 21 years of age. Any 6324 person who violates this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6325 C. It is unlawful for any person 21 years of age or older to place in any newspaper, magazine, 6326 handbill, or other publication any advertisement, knowing or under circumstances where one reasonably 6327 should know, that the purpose of the advertisement, in whole or in part, is to promote the sale of 6328 marijuana paraphernalia to persons younger than 21 years of age. Any person who violates this 6329 subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6330 D. Any person who sells, except pursuant to § 4.1-700, any marijuana or marijuana products to an individual who is younger than 21 years of age and at the time of the sale does not require the 6331 individual to present bona fide evidence of legal age indicating that the individual is 21 years of age or 6332

6333 older is guilty of a violation of this subsection. Bona fide evidence of legal age is limited to any 6334 evidence that is or reasonably appears to be an unexpired driver's license issued by any state of the United States or the District of Columbia, military identification card, United States passport or foreign 6335 government visa, unexpired special identification card issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or 6336 any other valid government-issued identification card bearing the individual's photograph, signature, 6337 6338 height, weight, and date of birth, or which bears a photograph that reasonably appears to match the 6339 appearance of the purchaser. A student identification card shall not constitute bona fide evidence of 6340 legal age for purposes of this subsection. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty 6341 of a Class 3 misdemeanor. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 4.1-701, the Board shall not take 6342 administrative action against a licensee for the conduct of his employee who violates this subsection. 6343

E. No person shall be convicted of both subsections A and D for the same sale.

6344 § 4.1-1105. Purchasing of marijuana or marijuana products unlawful in certain cases; venue; 6345 exceptions; penalties; forfeiture; treatment and education programs and services.

6346 A. No person to whom retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may not lawfully be sold under 6347 § 4.1-1104 shall consume, purchase, or possess, or attempt to consume, purchase, or possess, any 6348 marijuana or marijuana products, except (i) pursuant to § 4.1-700 or (ii) by any federal, state, or local 6349 law-enforcement officer or his agent when possession of marijuana or marijuana products is necessary 6350 in the performance of his duties. Such person may be prosecuted either in the county or city in which 6351 the marijuana or marijuana products were possessed or consumed or in the county or city in which the 6352 person exhibits evidence of physical indicia of consumption of marijuana or marijuana products.

6353 B. Any person 18 years of age or older who violates subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no 6354 more than \$25 and shall be ordered to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or both, if available, that in the opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused. 6355

C. Unless the juvenile is proceeded against informally pursuant to § 16.1-260, any juvenile who 6356 6357 violates subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25 and the court shall require the 6358 accused to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or both, if available, that in the 6359 opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused. For purposes of §§ 16.1-266, 16.1-273, 6360 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, and 16.1-278.9, the court shall treat the child as delinquent.

D. Any such substance abuse treatment or education program to which a juvenile is ordered 6361 6362 pursuant to this section shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral 6363 Health and Developmental Services or (ii) a similar program available through a facility or program operated by or under contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice or a locally operated court 6364 services unit or a program funded through the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act 6365 6366 (§ 16.1-309.2 et seq.). Any such substance abuse treatment or education program to which a person 18 years of age or older is ordered pursuant to this section shall be provided by (a) a program licensed by 6367 6368 the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or (b) a program or services made 6369 available through a community-based probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 6370 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, if one has been established for the locality. When an 6371 offender is ordered to a local community-based probation services agency, the local community-based 6372 probation services agency shall be responsible for providing for services or referring the offender to 6373 education or treatment services as a condition of probation.

6374 E. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Drug Offender 6375 Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02. No person younger than 21 6376 years of age shall use or attempt to use any (i) altered, fictitious, facsimile, or simulated license to 6377 operate a motor vehicle; (ii) altered, fictitious, facsimile, or simulated document, including but not 6378 limited to a birth certificate or student identification card; or (iii) motor vehicle driver's license or other 6379 document issued under Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Title 46.2 or the comparable law of another 6380 jurisdiction, birth certificate, or student identification card of another person in order to establish a 6381 false identification or false age for himself to consume, purchase, or attempt to consume or purchase 6382 retail marijuana or retail marijuana products. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is 6383 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6384 F. Any marijuana or marijuana product purchased or possessed in violation of this section shall be 6385 deemed contraband and forfeited to the Commonwealth in accordance with § 4.1-1304.

6386 G. Any retail marijuana store licensee who in good faith promptly notifies the Board or any state or 6387 local law-enforcement agency of a violation or suspected violation of this section shall be accorded 6388 immunity from an administrative penalty for a violation of § 4.1-1104.

6389 § 4.1-1105.1. Possession of marijuana or marijuana products unlawful in certain cases; venue; 6390 exceptions; penalties; treatment and education programs and services.

6391 A. No person younger than 21 years of age shall consume or possess, or attempt to consume or 6392 possess, any marijuana or marijuana products, except by any federal, state, or local law-enforcement officer or his agent when possession of marijuana or marijuana products is necessary in the performance 6393 6394 of his duties. Such person may be prosecuted either in the county or city in which the marijuana or 6395 marijuana products were possessed or consumed or in the county or city in which the person exhibits6396 evidence of physical indicia of consumption of marijuana or marijuana products.

6397 B. Any person 18 years of age or older who violates subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no
6398 more than \$25 and shall be ordered to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or both,
6399 if available, that in the opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused.

C. Any Unless the juvenile is proceeded against informally pursuant to § 16.1-260, any juvenile who
violates subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25 and the court shall require the
accused to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or both, if available, that in the
opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused. For purposes of §§ 16.1-266, 16.1-273,
16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, and 16.1-278.9, the court shall treat the child as delinquent.

6405 D. Any such substance abuse treatment or education program to which a person is ordered pursuant 6406 to this section shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 6407 Developmental Services or (ii) a program or services made available through a community-based 6408 probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, 6409 if one has been established for the locality. When an offender is ordered to a local community-based 6410 probation services agency, the local community-based probation services agency shall be responsible for 6411 providing for services or referring the offender to education or treatment services as a condition of 6412 probation.

6413 E. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Drug Offender **6414** Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02.

6415 § 4.1-1106. Purchasing retail marijuana or retail marijuana products for one to whom they may 6416 not be sold; penalties; forfeiture.

6417 A. Any person who purchases retail marijuana or retail marijuana products for another person and
6418 at the time of such purchase knows or has reason to believe that the person for whom the retail
6419 marijuana or retail marijuana products were purchased was intoxicated is guilty of a Class 1
6420 misdemeanor.

B. Any person who purchases for, or otherwise gives, provides, or assists in the provision of retail
marijuana or retail marijuana products to, another person when he knows or has reason to know that
such person is younger than 21 years of age, except by any federal, state, or local law-enforcement
officer when possession of marijuana or marijuana products is necessary in the performance of his
duties, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6426 C. Any marijuana or marijuana products purchased in violation of this section shall be deemed 6427 contraband and forfeited to the Commonwealth in accordance with § 4.1-1304.

6428 § 4.1-1107. Using or consuming marijuana or marijuana products while in a motor vehicle 6429 being driven upon a public highway; penalty.

6430 A. For the purposes of this section:

6431 "Open container" means any vessel containing marijuana or marijuana products, except the originally
 6432 sealed manufacturer's container.

6433 "Passenger area" means the area designed to seat the driver of any motor vehicle, any area within the 6434 reach of the driver, including an unlocked glove compartment, and the area designed to seat passengers. 6435 "Passenger area" does not include the trunk of any passenger vehicle; the area behind the last upright 6436 seat of a passenger van, station wagon, hatchback, sport utility vehicle or any similar vehicle; the living 6437 quarters of a motor home; or the passenger area of a motor vehicle designed, maintained, or used 6438 primarily for the transportation of persons for compensation, including a bus, taxi, or limousine, while 6439 engaged in the transportation of such persons.

6440 B. It is unlawful for any person to use or consume marijuana or marijuana products while driving a motor vehicle upon a public highway of the Commonwealth or while being a passenger in a motor vehicle being driven upon a public highway of the Commonwealth.

6443 C. B. A judge or jury may make a permissive inference that a person has consumed marijuana or 6444 marijuana products in violation of this section if (i) an open container is the marijuana or marijuana 6445 products are located within the reach of the driver or passenger area of the motor vehicle, (ii) the marijuana or marijuana products in the open container have been at least partially removed are not 6446 6447 secured in a closed container, compartment, or vessel, and (iii) the appearance, conduct, speech, or other 6448 physical characteristic of such person, excluding odor, is consistent with the consumption of marijuana 6449 or marijuana products. Such person may be prosecuted either in the county or city in which the 6450 marijuana was used or consumed, or in the county or city in which the person exhibits evidence of 6451 physical indicia of use or consumption of marijuana.

6452 D. C. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor.

6453 § 4.1-1108. Consuming marijuana or marijuana products, or offering to another, in public 6454 place; penalty.

6455 A. No person shall consume marijuana or a marijuana product or offer marijuana or a marijuana

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6456 product to another, whether accepted or not, at or in any public place.

6457 B. Any person who violates this section is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25 for a first 6458 offense. A person who is convicted under this section of a second offense is subject to a \$25 civil 6459 penalty and shall be ordered to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or both, if available, that in the opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused. A person convicted under 6460 6461 this section of a third or subsequent offense is guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor.

6462 § 4.1-1111. Illegal importation, shipment, and transportation of marijuana or marijuana products; 6463 penalty; exception.

6464 A. No marijuana or marijuana products shall be imported, shipped, transported, or brought into the 6465 Commonwealth.

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty of no more 6466 6467 than \$25. The penalty for any violations of this section by an adult shall be prepayable according to the 6468 procedures in § 16.1-69.40:2. 6469

§ 4.1-1113. Maintaining common nuisances; penalties.

6470 A. All houses, boathouses, buildings, club or fraternity or lodge rooms, boats, cars, and places of 6471 every description where marijuana or marijuana products are manufactured, stored, sold, dispensed, 6472 given away, or used contrary to law, by any scheme or device whatsoever, shall be deemed common 6473 nuisances.

6474 No person shall maintain, aid, abet, or knowingly associate with others in maintaining a common 6475 nuisance.

6476 Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6477 B. In addition, after due notice and opportunity to be heard on the part of any owner or lessor not 6478 involved in the original offense, by a proceeding analogous to that provided in §§ 4.1-1304 and 6479 4.1-1305 and upon proof of guilty knowledge, judgment may be given that such house, boathouse, building, boat, car, or other place, or any room or part thereof, be closed. The court may, upon the 6480 owner or lessor giving bond in the penalty of not less than \$500 and with security to be approved by 6481 6482 the court, conditioned that the premises shall not be used for unlawful purposes, or in violation of the provisions of this subtitle for a period of five years, turn the same over to its owner or lessor, or 6483 6484 proceeding may be had in equity as provided in \S 4.1-1305.

6485 C. In a proceeding under this section, judgment shall not be entered against the owner, lessor, or 6486 lienholder of the property unless it is proved that he (i) knew of the unlawful use of the property and 6487 (ii) had the right, because of such unlawful use, to enter and repossess the property. 6488

§ 4.1-1114. Maintaining a fortified drug house; penalty.

6489 Any office, store, shop, restaurant, dance hall, theater, poolroom, clubhouse, storehouse, warehouse, 6490 dwelling house, apartment, or building or structure of any kind that is (i) substantially altered from its 6491 original status by means of reinforcement with the intent to impede, deter, or delay lawful entry by a 6492 law-enforcement officer into such structure; (ii) being used for the purpose of illegally manufacturing or distributing marijuana; and (iii) the object of a valid search warrant shall be considered a fortified drug 6493 6494 house. Any person who maintains or operates a fortified drug house is guilty of a Class 5 felony. 6495

§ 4.1-1115. Disobeying subpoena; hindering conduct of hearing; penalty.

6496 No person shall (i) fail or refuse to obey any subpoena issued by the Board, any Board member, or any agent authorized by the Board to issue such subpoena or (ii) hinder the orderly conduct and 6497 6498 decorum of any hearing held and conducted by the Board, any Board member, or any agent authorized 6499 by the Board to hold and conduct such hearing.

6500 Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 6501

§ 4.1-1116. Illegal advertising; penalty; exception.

A. Except in accordance with this title and Board regulations, no person shall advertise in or send 6502 any advertising matter into the Commonwealth about or concerning marijuana other than such that may 6503 6504 legally be manufactured or sold without a license.

6505 B. Marijuana cultivation facility licensees, marijuana manufacturing facility licensees, marijuana wholesaler licensees, and retail marijuana store licensees may engage in the display of outdoor retail 6506 6507 marijuana or retail marijuana products advertising on lawfully erected signs, provided that such display 6508 is done in accordance with § 4.1-1405 and Board regulations.

6509 C. Except as provided in subsection D, any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of 6510 a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6511 D. For violations of § 4.1-1405 relating to distance and zoning restrictions on outdoor advertising, 6512 the Board shall give the advertiser written notice to take corrective action to either bring the 6513 advertisement into compliance with this title and Board regulations or to remove such advertisement. If 6514 corrective action is not taken within 30 days, the advertiser is guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor.

6515 § 4.1-1117. Delivery of marijuana or marijuana products to prisoners; penalty.

6516 No person shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to any prisoner in any state, local, or regional 6517 correctional facility or any person committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice in any juvenile

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6518 correctional center any marijuana or marijuana products.

6519 Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6520 § 4.1-1118. Separation of plant resin by butane extraction; penalty.

6521 A. No person shall separate plant resin by butane extraction or another method that utilizes a 6522 substance with a flashpoint below 100 degrees Fahrenheit in any public place, motor vehicle, or within 6523 the curtilage of any residential structure.

6524 B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6525 § 4.1-1119. Attempts; aiding or abetting; penalty.

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6526 No person shall attempt to do any of the things prohibited by this subtitle or to aid or abet another 6527 in doing, or attempting to do, any of the things prohibited by this subtitle.

6528 On an indictment, information, or warrant for the violation of this subtitle, the jury or the court may 6529 find the defendant guilty of an attempt, or being an accessory, and the punishment shall be the same as 6530 if the defendant were solely guilty of such violation.

§ 4.1-1121. Issuance of summonses for certain offenses; civil penalties.

6532 Any violation under this subtitle that is subject to a civil penalty is a civil offense and, except in the 6533 case of a violation alleged to have been committed by a juvenile, in which case the juvenile shall be 6534 proceeded against pursuant to § 16.1-260, shall be charged by summons. A summons for a violation under this subtitle that is subject to a civil penalty may be executed by a law-enforcement officer when 6535 6536 such violation is observed by such officer. The summons used by a law-enforcement officer pursuant to 6537 this section shall be in a form the same as the uniform summons for motor vehicle law violations as 6538 prescribed pursuant to § 46.2-388. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this subtitle shall be 6539 deposited into the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02. 6540

CHAPTER 12.

PROHIBITED PRACTICES BY LICENSEES.

§ 4.1-1200. Illegal cultivation, etc., of marijuana or marijuana products by licensees; penalty.

A. No licensee or any agent or employee of such licensee shall:

6544 1. Cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products of 6545 a kind other than that which such license or this subtitle authorizes him to cultivate, manufacture, 6546 transport, sell, or test;

6547 2. Sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to any person other than a person to whom 6548 such license or this subtitle authorizes him to sell;

6549 3. Cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test retail marijuana or retail marijuana products that 6550 such license or this subtitle authorizes him to sell, but in any place or in any manner other than such 6551 license or this subtitle authorizes him to cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test;

6552 4. Cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products 6553 when forbidden by this subtitle;

6554 5. Keep or allow to be kept, other than in his residence and for his personal use, any retail 6555 marijuana or retail marijuana products other than that which he is authorized to cultivate, manufacture, 6556 transport, sell, or test by such license or by this subtitle;

6. Keep any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product other than in the container in which it was 6557 6558 purchased by him; or

6559 7. Allow a person younger than 21 years of age to be employed by or volunteer for such licensee at 6560 a retail marijuana store.

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 4.1-1201. Prohibited acts by employees of retail marijuana store licensees; civil penalty.

6563 A. In addition to the provisions of § 4.1-1200, no retail marijuana store licensee or his agent or 6564 employee shall consume any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products while on duty and in a position that is involved in the selling of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to consumers. 6565

6566 B. No retail marijuana store licensee or his agent or employee shall make any gift of any retail 6567 marijuana or retail marijuana products.

6568 C. Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount 6569 not to exceed \$500.

6570 § 4.1-1202. Sale of; purchase for resale; retail marijuana or retail marijuana products from a 6571 person without a license; penalty.

6572 Except as otherwise provided in § 4.1-805, no retail marijuana store licensee shall purchase for 6573 resale or sell any retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana 6574 seeds purchased from anyone other than a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing 6575 facility, or marijuana wholesaler licensee.

6576 Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6577 § 4.1-1203. Prohibiting transfer of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products by licensees; 6578 penalty.

6579 A. No retail marijuana store licensee shall transfer any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products from one licensed place of business to another licensed place of business, whether or not such places of 6580

6581 business are under the same ownership.

6582 B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 4.1-1204. Illegal advertising materials; civil penalty. 6583

6584 No person subject to the jurisdiction of the Board shall induce, attempt to induce, or consent to any 6585 licensee selling, renting, lending, buying for, or giving to any person any advertising materials or decorations under circumstances prohibited by this title or Board regulations. 6586

6587 Any person found by the Board to have violated this section shall be subject to a civil penalty as authorized in § 4.1-903. 6588

§ 4.1-1205. Solicitation by persons interested in manufacture, etc., of retail marijuana or retail 6589 6590 marijuana products; penalty.

6591 A. No person having any interest, direct or indirect, in the manufacture, distribution, or sale of retail 6592 marijuana or retail marijuana products shall, without a permit granted by the Board and upon such 6593 conditions as the Board may prescribe, solicit either directly or indirectly (i) a retail marijuana store 6594 licensee; (ii) any agent or employee of such licensee; or (iii) any person connected with the licensee in 6595 any capacity whatsoever in his licensed business to sell or offer for sale the retail marijuana or retail 6596 marijuana products in which such person may be so interested.

6597 The Board, upon proof of any solicitation in violation of this subsection, may suspend or terminate the sale of the retail marijuana or retail marijuana products that were the subject matter of the 6598 unlawful solicitation or promotion. In addition, the Board may suspend or terminate the sale of all retail 6599 6600 marijuana or retail marijuana products manufactured or distributed by either the employer or principal 6601 of such solicitor, the broker, or by the owner of the brand unlawfully solicited or promoted. The Board may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$250,000 in lieu of such suspension or termination of sales, or 6602 6603 both.

Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

B. No retail marijuana store licensee or any agent or employee of such licensee, or any person 6605 6606 connected with the licensee in any capacity whatsoever in his licensed business shall, either directly or indirectly, be a party to, consent to, solicit, or aid or abet another in a violation of subsection A. 6607

6608 The Board may suspend or revoke the license granted to such licensee or may impose a civil penalty 6609 not to exceed \$25,000 in lieu of such suspension or any portion thereof, or both.

6610 Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6611 § 4.1-1206. Failure of licensee to pay tax or to deliver, keep, and preserve records and accounts or 6612 to allow examination and inspection; penalty.

A. No licensee shall fail or refuse to (i) pay any tax provided for in § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004; (ii) 6613 6614 deliver, keep, and preserve such records, invoices, and accounts as are required by § 4.1-703 or Board 6615 regulation; or (iii) allow such records, invoices, and accounts or his place of business to be examined and inspected in accordance with § 4.1-703. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is 6616 6617 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

6618 B. After reasonable notice to a licensee that failed to make a return or pay taxes due, the Authority 6619 may suspend or revoke any license of such licensee that was issued by the Authority. 6620

§ 4.1-1207. Nonpayment of marijuana tax; penalties.

6621 A. No person shall make a sale taxable under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 without paying all applicable taxes due under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004. No retail marijuana store licensee shall purchase, receive, 6622 6623 transport, store, or sell any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products on which such retailer has 6624 reason to know such tax has not been paid and may not be paid. Any person convicted of a violation of 6625 this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

B. Any person who fails to file a return required for a tax due under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 is 6626 6627 subject to a civil penalty to be added to the tax in the amount of five percent of the proper tax due if 6628 the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional five percent for each additional 30 days, or 6629 fraction thereof, during which the failure continues. Such civil penalty shall not exceed 25 percent in the 6630 aggregate.

6631 C. In the case of a false or fraudulent return, where willful intent exists to defraud the 6632 Commonwealth of any tax due on retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, a civil penalty of 50 6633 percent of the amount of the proper tax due shall be assessed. Such penalty shall be in addition to any penalty imposed under subsection B. It shall be prima facie evidence of willful intent to defraud the 6634 6635 Commonwealth when any person reports its taxable sales to the Authority at 50 percent or less of the 6636 actual amount.

6637 D. If any check tendered for any amount due under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 or this section is not 6638 paid by the bank on which it is drawn, and the person that tendered the check fails to pay the Authority 6639 the amount due within five days after the Authority gives it notice that such check was returned unpaid, 6640 the person that tendered the check is guilty of a violation of § 18.2-182.1.

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6641 *E.* All penalties shall be payable to the Authority and if not so paid shall be collectible in the same 6642 manner as if they were a part of the tax imposed.

6643 § 4.1-1300. Enjoining nuisances.

6644 A. In addition to the penalties imposed by § 4.1-1113, the Board, its special agents, the attorney for 6645 the Commonwealth, or any citizen of the county, city, or town where a common nuisance as defined in 6646 § 4.1-1113 exists may maintain a suit in equity in the name of the Commonwealth to enjoin the common 6647 nuisance.

6648 B. The courts of equity shall have jurisdiction, and in every case where the bill charges, on the 6649 knowledge or belief of the complainant, and is sworn to by two reputable citizens, that marijuana or 6650 marijuana products are cultivated, manufactured, stored, sold, dispensed, given away, or used in such 6651 house, building, or other place described in § 4.1-1113 contrary to the laws of the Commonwealth, an injunction shall be granted as soon as the bill is presented to the court. The injunction shall enjoin and 6652 6653 restrain the owners and tenants and their agents and employees, and any person connected with such house, building, or other place, and all persons whomsoever from cultivating, manufacturing, storing, 6654 selling, dispensing, giving away, or using marijuana or marijuana products on such premises. The 6655 6656 injunction shall also restrain all persons from removing any marijuana or marijuana products then on 6657 such premises until the further order of the court. If the court is satisfied that the material allegations of 6658 the bill are true, although the premises complained of may not then be unlawfully used, it shall continue 6659 the injunction against such place for a period of time as the court deems proper. The injunction may be 6660 dissolved if a proper case is shown for dissolution.

6661 § 4.1-1301. Contraband marijuana or marijuana products and other articles subject to forfeiture.

6662 A. All apparatus and materials for the cultivation or manufacture of marijuana or marijuana 6663 products, all marijuana or marijuana products and materials used in their manufacture, all containers in which marijuana or marijuana products may be found, that are kept, stored, possessed, or in any 6664 manner used in violation of the provisions of this subtitle, and any dangerous weapons as described in 6665 § 18.2-308 that may be used or that may be found upon the person, or in any vehicle that such person 6666 6667 is using, to aid such person in the unlawful cultivation, manufacture, transportation, or sale of 6668 marijuana or marijuana products, or found in the possession of such person, or any horse, mule, or 6669 other beast of burden or any wagon, automobile, truck, or vehicle of any nature whatsoever that is 6670 found in the immediate vicinity of any place where marijuana or marijuana products are being 6671 unlawfully manufactured and where such animal or vehicle is being used to aid in the unlawful 6672 manufacture, shall be deemed contraband and shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth.

6673 B. Proceedings for the confiscation of the property in subsection A shall be in accordance with 6674 § 4.1-1304 for all such property except motor vehicles, which proceedings shall be in accordance with 6675 Chapter 22.1 (§ 19.2-386.1 et seq.) of Title 19.2.

6676 § 4.1-1303. Search warrants.

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A. If complaint on oath is made that marijuana or marijuana products are being cultivated,
manufactured, sold, kept, stored, or in any manner held, used, or concealed in a particular house, or
other place, in violation of law, the judge, magistrate, or other person having authority to issue criminal
warrants, to whom such complaint is made, if satisfied that there is a probable cause for such belief,
shall issue a warrant to search such house or other place for marijuana or marijuana products. Such
warrants, except as herein otherwise provided, shall be issued, directed, and executed in accordance
with the laws of the Commonwealth pertaining to search warrants.

B. Warrants issued under this subtitle for the search of any automobile, boat, conveyance, or vehicle,
whether of like kind or not, or for the search of any article of baggage, whether of like kind or not, for
marijuana or marijuana products may be executed in any part of the Commonwealth where they are
overtaken and shall be made returnable before any judge within whose jurisdiction such automobile,
boat, conveyance, vehicle, truck, or article of baggage, or any of them, was transported or attempted to
be transported contrary to law.

§ 4.1-1304. Confiscation proceedings; disposition of forfeited articles.

6691 A. All proceedings for the confiscation of articles, except motor vehicles, declared contraband and forfeited to the Commonwealth under this subtitle shall be as provided in this section.

B. Production of seized property. Whenever any article declared contraband under the provisions of
this subtitle and required to be forfeited to the Commonwealth has been seized, with or without a
warrant, by any officer charged with the enforcement of this subtitle, he shall produce the contraband
article and any person in whose possession it was found. In those cases where no person is found in
possession of such articles, the return shall so state and a copy of the warrant shall be posted on the
door of the buildings or room where the articles were found, or if there is no door, then in any
conspicuous place upon the premises.

6700 In case of seizure of any item for any offense involving its forfeiture where it is impracticable to 6701 remove such item to a place of safe storage from the place where seized, the seizing officer may destroy

6702 such item only as necessary to prevent use of all or any part thereof. The destruction shall be in the 6703 presence of at least one credible witness, and such witness shall join the officer in a sworn report of the seizure and destruction to be made to the Board. The report shall set forth the grounds of the claim of 6704 forfeiture, the reasons for seizure and destruction, an estimate of the fair cash value of the item 6705 destroyed, and the materials remaining after such destruction. The report shall include a statement that, 6706 6707 from facts within their own knowledge, the seizing officer and witness have no doubt whatever that the 6708 item was set up for use, or had been used in the unlawful cultivation or manufacture of marijuana, and 6709 that it was impracticable to remove such apparatus to a place of safe storage.

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6710 In case of seizure of any quantity of marijuana or marijuana products for any offense involving 6711 forfeiture of the same, the seizing officer may destroy them to prevent the use of all or any part thereof 6712 for the purpose of unlawful cultivation or manufacture of marijuana or marijuana products or any other violation of this subtitle. The destruction shall be in the presence of at least one credible witness, and 6713 6714 such witness shall join the officer in a sworn report of the seizure and destruction to be made to the Board. The report shall set forth the grounds of the claim of forfeiture, the reasons for seizure and 6715 6716 destruction, and a statement that, from facts within their own knowledge, the seizing officer and witness 6717 have no doubt whatever that the marijuana or marijuana products were intended for use in the unlawful 6718 cultivation or manufacture of marijuana or marijuana products or were intended for use in violation of 6719 this subtitle.

6720 C. Hearing and determination. Upon the return of the warrant as provided in this section, the court 6721 shall fix a time not less than 10 days, unless waived by the accused in writing, and not more than 30 6722 days thereafter, for the hearing on such return to determine whether or not the articles seized, or any 6723 part thereof, were used or in any manner kept, stored, or possessed in violation of this subtitle.

At such hearing, if no claimant appears, the court shall declare the articles seized forfeited to the 6724 6725 Commonwealth and, if such articles are not necessary as evidence in any pending prosecution, shall 6726 turn them over to the Board. Any person claiming an interest in any of the articles seized may appear at the hearing and file a written claim setting forth particularly the character and extent of his interest. 6727 6728 The court shall certify the warrant and the articles seized along with any claim filed to the circuit court 6729 to hear and determine the validity of such claim.

6730 If the evidence warrants, the court shall enter a judgment of forfeiture and order the articles seized 6731 to be turned over to the Board. Action under this section and the forfeiture of any articles hereunder 6732 shall not be a bar to any prosecution under any other provision of this subtitle.

6733 D. Disposition of forfeited articles. Any articles forfeited to the Commonwealth and turned over to 6734 the Board in accordance with this section shall be destroyed or sold by the Board as it deems proper. 6735 The net proceeds from such sales shall be paid into the Literary Fund.

6736 If the Board believes that any foodstuffs forfeited to the Commonwealth and turned over to the Board in accordance with this section are usable, should not be destroyed, and cannot be sold or whose sale 6737 6738 would be impractical, it may give such foodstuffs to any institution in the Commonwealth and shall 6739 prefer a gift to the local jail or other local correctional facility in the jurisdiction where seizure took 6740 place. A record shall be made showing the nature of the foodstuffs and amount given, to whom given, 6741 and the date when given and shall be kept in the offices of the Board. 6742

§ 4.1-1305. Search and seizure of conveyances or vehicles used in violation of law; arrests.

6743 A. When any officer charged with the enforcement of the cannabis control laws of the 6744 Commonwealth has reason to believe that retail marijuana or retail marijuana products illegally 6745 acquired, or being illegally transported, are in any conveyance or vehicle of any kind, either on land or 6746 on water, except a conveyance or vehicle owned or operated by a railroad, express, sleeping, or parlor 6747 car or a steamboat company, other than barges, tugs, or small craft, he shall obtain a search warrant and search such conveyance or vehicle. If illegally acquired retail marijuana or retail marijuana 6748 products or retail marijuana or retail marijuana products being illegally transported in amounts in 6749 6750 excess of two and one-half ounces of retail marijuana, 16 ounces of solid retail marijuana product, or 6751 72 ounces of liquid retail marijuana product, the officer shall seize the retail marijuana or retail 6752 marijuana product, seize and take possession of such conveyance or vehicle, and deliver them to the 6753 chief law-enforcement officer of the locality in which such seizure was made, taking his receipt therefor 6754 in duplicate.

6755 B. The officer making such seizure shall forthwith report in writing such seizure and arrest to the 6756 attorney for the Commonwealth for the county or city in which the seizure and arrest were made.

6757 § 4.1-1306. Contraband retail marijuana or retail marijuana products.

6758 Retail marijuana or retail marijuana products seized pursuant to § 4.1-1305 shall be deemed contraband and disposed of accordingly. Failure to maintain on a conveyance or vehicle a permit or 6759 6760 other indicia of permission issued by the Board authorizing the transportation of retail marijuana or 6761 retail marijuana products within the Commonwealth when other Board regulations applicable to such transportation have been complied with shall not be cause for deeming such retail marijuana or retail 6762 6763 marijuana products contraband.

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6764 § 4.1-1307. Punishment for violations of title or regulations; bond.

6765 A. Any person convicted of a misdemeanor under the provisions of this subtitle without specification 6766 as to the class of offense or penalty, or convicted of violating any other provision thereof, or convicted of violating any Board regulation is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 6767

6768 B. In addition to the penalties imposed by this subtitle for violations, any court before whom any 6769 person is convicted of a violation of any provision of this subtitle may require such defendant to execute 6770 bond based upon his ability to pay, with approved security, in the penalty of not more than \$1,000, with 6771 the condition that the defendant will not violate any of the provisions of this subtitle for the term of one 6772 year. If any such bond is required and is not given, the defendant shall be committed to jail until it is 6773 given, or until he is discharged by the court, provided that he shall not be confined for a period longer 6774 than six months. If any such bond required by a court is not given during the term of the court by 6775 which conviction is had, it may be given before any judge or before the clerk of such court.

6776 C. The provisions of this subtitle shall not prevent the Board from suspending, revoking, or refusing 6777 to continue the license of any person convicted of a violation of any provision of this subtitle.

6778 D. No court shall hear such a case unless the respective attorney for the Commonwealth or his 6779 assistant has been notified that such a case is pending.

6780 § 4.1-1308. Witness not excused from testifying because of self-incrimination.

6781 No person shall be excused from testifying for the Commonwealth as to any offense committed by 6782 another under this subtitle by reason of his testimony tending to incriminate him. The testimony given by such person on behalf of the Commonwealth when called as a witness for the prosecution shall not be 6783 6784 used against him and he shall not be prosecuted for the offense to which he testifies.

6785 § 4.1-1309. Previous convictions.

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6786 In any indictment, information, or warrant charging any person with a violation of any provision of 6787 this subtitle, it may be alleged and evidence may be introduced at the trial of such person to prove that 6788 such person has been previously convicted of a violation of this subtitle.

§ 4.1-1310. Certificate of forensic scientist as evidence; requiring forensic scientist to appear.

6790 The certificate of any forensic scientist employed by the Commonwealth on behalf of the Board or 6791 the Department of Forensic Science, when signed by him, shall be admissible as evidence of the facts 6792 therein stated and of the results of such analysis (i) in any criminal proceeding, provided the 6793 requirements of subsection A of § 19.2-187.1 have been satisfied and the accused has not objected to the 6794 admission of the certificate pursuant to subsection B of § 19.2-187.1 or (ii) in any civil proceeding. On 6795 motion of the accused or any party in interest, the court may require the forensic scientist making the 6796 analysis to appear as a witness and be subject to cross-examination, provided such motion is made 6797 within a reasonable time prior to the day on which the case is set for trial. 6798

§ 4.1-1311. Label on sealed container prima facie evidence of marijuana content.

6799 In any prosecution for violations of this subtitle, where a sealed container is labeled as containing 6800 retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, such labeling shall be prima facie evidence of the marijuana content of the container. Nothing shall preclude the introduction of other relevant evidence to 6801 6802 establish the marijuana content of a container, whether sealed or not. 6803

§ 4.1-1312. No recovery for retail marijuana or retail marijuana products illegally sold.

6804 No action to recover the price of any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products sold in contravention of this subtitle may be maintained. 6805 6806

CHAPTER 14.

CANNABIS AND REGULATED HEMP PRODUCT CONTROL, TESTING, AND ADVERTISING.

§ 4.1-1400. Board to establish regulations for marijuana and regulated hemp product testing.

6809 The Board shall establish a testing program for marijuana, marijuana products, and regulated hemp products. Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle or otherwise provided by law, the program shall 6810 require a licensee, prior to selling or distributing retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product to a 6811 6812 consumer or to another licensee, or any persons, prior to selling a regulated hemp product, to submit a 6813 representative sample of the retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, or regulated hemp product, not 6814 to exceed 10 percent of the total harvest or batch, to a licensed marijuana testing facility for testing to 6815 ensure that the retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, or regulated hemp product does not exceed 6816 the maximum level of allowable contamination for any contaminant that is injurious to health and for 6817 which testing is required and to ensure correct labeling. The Board shall adopt regulations (i) 6818 establishing a testing program pursuant to this section; (ii) establishing acceptable testing and research 6819 practices, including regulations relating to testing practices, methods, and standards; quality control 6820 analysis; equipment certification and calibration; marijuana testing facility recordkeeping, 6821 documentation, and business practices; disposal of used, unused, and waste retail marijuana, retail 6822 marijuana products, and regulated hemp products; and reporting of test results; (iii) identifying the 6823 types of contaminants that are injurious to health for which retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, 6824 and regulated hemp products shall be tested under this subtitle; and (iv) establishing the maximum level

6825 of allowable contamination for each contaminant.

6826 § 4.1-1401. Mandatory testing; scope; recordkeeping; notification; additional testing not required; 6827 required destruction; random testing.

6828 A. A licensee may not sell or distribute retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product to a consumer 6829 or to another licensee under this subtitle and a person may not sell a regulated hemp product unless a 6830 representative sample of the retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, or regulated hemp product has 6831 been tested pursuant to this subtitle and the regulations adopted pursuant to this subtitle and that mandatory testing has demonstrated that (i) the retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, or regulated 6832 6833 hemp product does not exceed the maximum level of allowable contamination for any contaminant that 6834 is injurious to health and for which testing is required and (ii) the labeling on the retail marijuana, 6835 retail marijuana product, or regulated hemp product is correct.

B. Mandatory testing of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp products 6836 6837 under this section shall include testing for:

6838 1. Residual solvents, poisons, and toxins;

6839 2. Harmful chemicals;

6840 3. Dangerous molds and mildew;

6841 4. Harmful microbes, including but not limited to Escherichia coli and Salmonella;

6842 5. Pesticides, fungicides, and insecticides; and

6843 6. Tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) potency, homogeneity, and cannabinoid profiles to ensure correct 6844 labeling.

6845 Testing shall be performed on the final form in which the retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, 6846 or regulated hemp product will be consumed.

6847 C. A licensee shall maintain a record of all mandatory testing that includes a description of the 6848 retail marijuana or retail marijuana product provided to the marijuana testing facility, the identity of 6849 the marijuana testing facility, and the results of the mandatory test. A person who sells a regulated hemp product shall maintain a record of all mandatory testing that includes a description of the 6850 6851 regulated hemp product that person sells, the identity of the marijuana testing facility, and the results of 6852 the mandatory test.

6853 D. If the results of a mandatory test conducted pursuant to this section indicate that the tested retail 6854 marijuana, retail marijuana product, or regulated hemp product exceeds the maximum level of allowable 6855 tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) or contamination for any contaminant that is injurious to health and for which testing is required, the marijuana testing facility shall immediately quarantine, document, and 6856 6857 properly destroy the retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, or regulated hemp product and within 6858 seven days of completing the test shall notify the Board of the test results. 6859

A marijuana testing facility is not required to notify the Board of the results of any test:

6860 1. Conducted on retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product at the direction of a licensee or 6861 conducted on a regulated hemp product at the direction of any person pursuant to this section that 6862 demonstrates that the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product does not exceed the maximum level 6863 of allowable tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) or contamination for any contaminant that is injurious to 6864 health and for which testing is required;

6865 2. Conducted on retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product at the direction of a licensee or 6866 conducted on a regulated hemp product at the direction of any person for research and development 6867 purposes only, so long as the licensee or person notifies the marijuana testing facility prior to the 6868 performance of the test that the testing is for research and development purposes only; or

6869 3. Conducted on retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product at the direction of a person who is 6870 not a licensee.

6871 E. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a licensee may sell or furnish to a consumer or to another licensee 6872 retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product or a person may sell a regulated hemp product that the 6873 licensee or person has not submitted for testing in accordance with this subtitle and regulations adopted 6874 pursuant to this subtitle if the following conditions are met:

6875 1. The retail marijuana or retail marijuana product has previously undergone testing in accordance 6876 with this subtitle and regulations adopted pursuant to this subtitle at the direction of another licensee or **6877** the regulated hemp product has previously undergone testing in accordance with this subtitle and 6878 regulations adopted pursuant to this subtitle at the direction of another person and that testing 6879 demonstrated that the retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, or regulated hemp product does not 6880 exceed the maximum level of allowable tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) or contamination for any 6881 contaminant that is injurious to health and for which testing is required;

2. The mandatory testing process and the test results for the retail marijuana, retail marijuana 6882 6883 product, or regulated hemp product are documented in accordance with the requirements of this subtitle 6884 and all applicable regulations adopted pursuant to this subtitle;

6885 3. Tracking from immature marijuana plant to the point of retail sale has been maintained for the 6886 retail marijuana or retail marijuana product and transfers of the retail marijuana or retail marijuana

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6887 product to another licensee or to a consumer can be easily identified; and

6888 4. The retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, or regulated hemp product has not undergone any
6889 further processing, manufacturing, or alteration subsequent to the performance of the prior testing under
6890 subsection A.

F. Licensees shall be required to destroy harvested batches of retail marijuana or batches of retail
marijuana products and any person shall be required to destroy any batch of a regulated hemp product
whose testing samples indicate noncompliance with the health and safety standards required by this
subtitle and the regulations adopted by the Board pursuant to this subtitle, unless remedial measures
can bring the retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, or regulated hemp products into compliance
with such required health and safety standards.

6897 G. A licensee shall comply with all requests for samples of retail marijuana and retail marijuana
6898 products and a person shall comply with all requests for samples of regulated hemp products for the
6899 purpose of random testing by a state-owned laboratory or state-approved private laboratory.

6900 § 4.1-1402. Labeling and packaging requirements; prohibitions.

6901 A. Retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a
6902 consumer or regulated hemp products to be sold or offered for sale by a person in accordance with the
6903 provisions of this subtitle shall be labeled with the following information:

6904 1. Identification of the type of retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, or regulated hemp product 6905 and the date of cultivation, manufacturing, and packaging;

6906 2. The license numbers of the marijuana cultivation facility, the marijuana manufacturing facility,
6907 and the retail marijuana store where the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product was cultivated,
6908 manufactured, and offered for sale, as applicable;

6909 3. A statement of the net weight of the retail marijuana, retail marijuana product, or regulated hemp 6910 product;

6911 *4.* Information concerning (i) pharmacologically active ingredients, including tetrahydrocannabinol (THC), cannabidiol (CBD), and other cannabinoid content; (ii) the THC and other cannabinoid amount in milligrams per serving, the total servings per package, and the THC and other cannabinoid amount *in milligrams per serving, the total servings per package, and the THC and other cannabinoid amount*

in milligrams for the total package; and (iii) the potency of the THC and other cannabinoid content;
 5. Information on gases, solvents, and chemicals used in marijuana extraction or the processing of a

6916 *regulated hemp product, if applicable;*

6917 6. Instructions on usage;

6918 7. For retail marijuana products and regulated hemp product, (i) a list of ingredients and possible allergens and (ii) a recommended use by date or expiration date;

6920 8. For edible marijuana products and edible hemp products, a nutritional fact panel;

9. For retail marijuana and retail marijuana products, the following statement, prominently displayed
in bold print and in a clear and legible fashion: "GOVERNMENT WARNING: THIS PACKAGE
CONTAINS MARIJUANA. MARIJUANA IS FOR USE BY ADULTS 21 YEARS OF AGE AND OLDER.
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. CONSUMPTION OF MARIJUANA IMPAIRS COGNITION
AND YOUR ABILITY TO DRIVE AND MAY BE HABIT FORMING. MARIJUANA SHOULD NOT BE
USED WHILE PREGNANT OR BREASTFEEDING. PLEASE USE CAUTION AND VISIT __________
(website maintained by the Board pursuant to § 4.1-604) FOR MORE INFORMATION.";

6928 10. A universal symbol stamped or embossed on the packaging of any retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; and

6930 11. Any other information required by Board regulations.

6931 B. Retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a
6932 consumer in accordance with the provisions of this subtitle and regulated hemp products to be sold or
6933 offered for sale by a person in accordance with the provisions of this subtitle shall be packaged in the
6934 following manner:

6935 1. Retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp products shall be prepackaged in
6936 child-resistant, tamper-evident, and resealable packaging that is opaque or shall be placed at the final
6937 point of sale to a consumer in child-resistant, tamper-evident, and resealable packaging that is opaque;

6938 2. Packaging for multiserving liquid marijuana products shall include an integral measurement 6939 component; and

6940 *3.* Packaging shall comply with any other requirements imposed by Board regulations.

6941 C. Retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer in accordance with the provisions of this subtitle shall not:

6943 1. Be labeled or packaged in violation of a federal trademark law or regulation;

6944 2. Be labeled or packaged in a manner that appeals particularly to persons younger than 21 years of 6945 age;

6946 3. Be labeled or packaged in a manner that obscures identifying information on the label;

6947 4. Be labeled or packaged using a false or misleading label;

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6948 5. Be sold or offered for sale using a label or packaging that depicts a human, an animal, a vehicle, 6949 or fruit; and

6950 6. Be labeled or packaged in violation of any other labeling or packaging requirements imposed by 6951 Board regulations.

6952 § 4.1-1403. Other health and safety requirements for edible marijuana products, edible hemp 6953 products, and other retail marijuana products deemed applicable by the Authority; health and safety 6954 regulations.

6955 A. Requirements and restrictions for edible marijuana products, edible hemp products, and other 6956 retail marijuana products deemed applicable by the Authority. In addition to all other applicable provisions of this subtitle, edible marijuana products and other retail marijuana products deemed 6957 applicable by the Authority to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer and edible hemp 6958 6959 products deemed applicable by the Authority to be sold or offered for sale by a person in accordance 6960 with this subtitle: 6961

1. Shall be manufactured by an approved source, as determined by § 3.2-5145.8;

2. Shall comply with the provisions of Chapter 51 (§ 3.2-5100 et seq.) of Title 3.2;

6963 3. Shall be manufactured in a manner that results in the cannabinoid content within the product 6964 being homogeneous throughout the product or throughout each element of the product that has a cannabinoid content: 6965

6966 4. Shall be manufactured in a manner that results in the amount of marijuana concentrate or 6967 industrial hemp extract, as appropriate, within the product being homogeneous throughout the product 6968 or throughout each element of the product that contains marijuana concentrate or industrial hemp 6969 extract, as appropriate; 6970

5. Shall have a universal symbol stamped or embossed on the packaging of each product;

6. Shall not contain more than five milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) per serving of the 6971 6972 product and shall not contain more than 50 milligrams of THC per package of the product, except for 6973 edible hemp products, which shall not exceed the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol level established for a 6974 regulated hemp product pursuant to § 4.1-606;

6975 7. Shall not contain additives that (i) are toxic or harmful to human beings, (ii) are specifically 6976 designed to make the product more addictive, (iii) contain alcohol or nicotine, (iv) are misleading to **6977** consumers, or (v) are specifically designed to make the product appeal particularly to persons younger 6978 than 21 years of age; and

6979 8. Shall not involve the addition of marijuana to a trademarked food or drink product, except when 6980 the trademarked product is used as a component of or ingredient in the edible marijuana product and 6981 the edible marijuana product is not advertised or described for sale as containing the trademarked 6982 product.

B. Health and safety regulations. The Board shall adopt any additional labeling, packaging, or other 6983 6984 health and safety regulations that it deems necessary for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products 6985 to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer in accordance with this subtitle or regulated 6986 hemp products to be sold or offered for sale by a person in accordance with this subtitle. Regulations **6987** adopted pursuant to this subsection shall establish mandatory health and safety standards applicable to 6988 the cultivation of retail marijuana, the manufacture of retail marijuana products, the processing of 6989 regulated hemp products, the packaging and labeling of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products 6990 sold by a licensee to a consumer, and the packaging and labeling of regulated hemp products sold by a 6991 person to any other person. Such regulations shall address:

6992 1. Requirements for the storage, warehousing, and transportation of retail marijuana and retail 6993 marijuana products by licensees;

6994 2. Sanitary standards for marijuana establishments, including sanitary standards for the manufacture 6995 of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp products; and

6996 3. Limitations on the display of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products at retail marijuana 6997 stores. 6998

§ 4.1-1404. Advertising and marketing restrictions.

6999 A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning, "health-related statement" 7000 means any statement related to health and includes statements of a curative or therapeutic nature that, 7001 expressly or by implication, suggest a relationship between the consumption of retail marijuana or retail 7002 marijuana products and health benefits or effects on health.

7003 B. No person shall advertise in or send any advertising matter into the Commonwealth about or 7004 concerning retail marijuana or retail marijuana products other than those that may be legally manufactured in the Commonwealth under this subtitle or Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug 7005 7006 Control Act.

7007 C. A licensee shall not advertise (i) through any means unless at least 85 percent of the audience is 7008 reasonably expected to be 21 years of age or older, as determined by reliable, up-to-date audience 7009 composition data or (ii) on television or the radio at any time outside of regular school hours for

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7010 elementary and secondary schools.

7011 D. A licensee shall not engage in the use of pop-up digital advertisements but may list their 7012 establishment in public phone books and directories.

7013 E. A licensee shall not display any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product pricing through any 7014 means of advertisement other than their establishment website, which shall be registered with the 7015 Authority, or an opt-in subscription-based service, provided that the licensee utilizes proper age 7016 verification techniques to confirm that the person attempting to access the website or sign up for a 7017 subscription-based service is 21 years of age or older.

7018 F. Advertising or marketing used by or on behalf of a licensee:

7019 1. Shall accurately and legibly identify the licensee responsible for its content by adding, at a 7020 minimum, the licensee's license number and shall include the following statement: "For use by adults 21 7021 years of age and older";

7022 2. Shall not be misleading, deceptive, or false;

7023 3. Shall not appeal particularly to persons younger than 21 years of age, including by using 7024 cartoons in any way;

7025 4. Shall not imply that marijuana or marijuana products enhance athletic prowess; imply that any 7026 marijuana or marijuana product is government endorsed; make any reference to the intoxicating effects 7027 of marijuana or marijuana products; depict a person consuming marijuana or marijuana products; or 7028 depict any person younger than 21 years of age; and

7029 5. Shall comply with any other provisions imposed by Board regulations.

7030 G. Any advertising or marketing involving direct, individualized communication or dialogue 7031 controlled by the licensee shall utilize a method of age affirmation to verify that the recipient is 21 7032 years of age or older before engaging in that communication or dialogue controlled by the licensee. For the purposes of this subsection, such method of age affirmation may include user confirmation, birth 7033 7034 date disclosure, or any other similar registration method.

7035 H. A licensee shall not (i) give away any amount of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, or 7036 marijuana accessories as part of a business promotion or other commercial activity, (ii) create any 7037 contest or sweepstakes that conditions entry on the purchase of retail marijuana, retail marijuana 7038 products, or marijuana accessories, or (iii) offer to provide anything of value conditioned on the 7039 purchase of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, or marijuana accessories.

7040 I. A licensee shall not include on the label of any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product or 7041 publish or disseminate advertising or marketing containing any health-related statement that is untrue in 7042 any particular manner or tends to create a misleading impression as to the effects on health of 7043 marijuana consumption.

7044 J. The provisions of this section shall not apply to noncommercial speech.

7045 K. The purpose of the advertising limitations set forth in this subtitle is to displace the illicit market 7046 and notify the public of the location of marijuana establishments. 7047

§ 4.1-1405. Outdoor advertising; limitations; variances; compliance with Title 33.2.

A. No outdoor retail marijuana or retail marijuana products advertising shall be placed (i) on property zoned exclusively for agricultural or residential uses or on unzoned property or (ii) within 7048 7049 7050 1,000 linear feet of (a) a public, private, or parochial school or an institution of higher education; (b) a 7051 public or private playground or similar recreational or child-centered facility; (c) a substance use 7052 disorder treatment facility; (d) a place of religious worship; or (e) a residential dwelling. Measurements 7053 pursuant to this section shall be taken from the nearest edge of the sign face upon which the 7054 advertisement is placed to the nearest edge of the closest building or structure located on the real 7055 property of the entity set forth above; however, if there is no building or structure, the measurement 7056 shall be taken from the nearest edge of the sign face upon which the advertisement is placed to the 7057 nearest property line.

7058 B. If at the time the advertisement was displayed, the advertisement was more than 1,000 feet from 7059 an entity set forth in subsection A but the circumstances change such that the advertisement would 7060 otherwise be in violation of subsection A, the Board shall permit the advertisement to remain as 7061 displayed for the remainder of the term of any written advertising contract, but in no event more than 7062 one year from the date of the change in circumstances.

7063 C. Provided that such signs are in compliance with local ordinances, the distance and zoning 7064 restrictions contained in this section shall not apply to:

7065 1. Signs placed by licensees upon the property on which the licensed premises are located so long as 7066 such signs do not display imagery of marijuana or the use of marijuana or utilize long luminous 7067 gas-discharge tubes that contain rarefied neon or other gases; or

7068 2. Directional signs placed by marijuana manufacturing facility licensees or marijuana wholesaler 7069 licensees with advertising limited to trade names and brand names.

7070 D. The distance and zoning restrictions contained in this section shall not apply to any sign that is

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7071 included in the Integrated Directional Sign Program administered by the Virginia Department of 7072 Transportation or its agents.

7073 E. A marijuana licensee shall not advertise at any sporting event or use any billboard advertisements 7074 in the Commonwealth.

7075 F. All lawfully erected outdoor retail marijuana or retail marijuana products signs shall comply with 7076 the provisions of this subtitle, Board regulations, Chapter 12 (§ 33.2-1200 et seq.) of Title 33.2 and 7077 regulations adopted pursuant thereto by the Commonwealth Transportation Board, and federal laws and 7078 regulations. Further, any outdoor retail marijuana products directional sign located or to be located on 7079 highway rights of way shall also be governed by and comply with the Integrated Directional Sign 7080 Program administered by the Virginia Department of Transportation or its agents and federal laws and 7081 regulations. 7082

§ 4.1-1406. Regulated hemp products; violations; penalties.

7083 For any violation of a requirement of this chapter or Chapter 6 of this subtitle, or of any regulation 7084 promulgated thereunder, pertaining to a regulated hemp product, the Authority may assess a penalty not 7085 to exceed (i) \$100 for a first violation, (ii) \$200 for a second violation, and (iii) \$500 for a third or subsequent violation. All penalties collected by the Authority pursuant to this section shall be deposited 7086 7087 in the state treasury. 7088

§ 4.1-1407. Hemp product not retail marijuana or retail marijuana product.

7089 A regulated hemp product that is tested, labeled, packaged, and advertised in accordance with the 7090 provisions pertaining to a regulated hemp product in this chapter or Chapter 6 of this subtitle, or in any regulation promulgated thereunder, shall not be subject to the requirements in this subtitle or 7091 7092 regulations adopted thereunder that pertain only to retail marijuana or retail marijuana products.

7093 § 5.1-13. Operation of aircraft while under influence of intoxicating liquors or drugs or 7094 marijuana; reckless operation; penalties.

7095 Any person who shall operate operates any aircraft within the airspace over, above, or upon the 7096 lands or waters of this the Commonwealth, while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or of any 7097 narcotic or marijuana or any habit-forming drugs shall be is guilty of a felony and shall be confined in 7098 a state correctional facility not less than one nor more than five years, or, in the discretion of the court 7099 or jury trying the case, be confined in jail not exceeding twelve 12 months and fined not exceeding 7100 \$500, or both such fine and imprisonment.

7101 Any person who shall operate operates any aircraft within the airspace over, above, or upon the 7102 lands or waters of this the Commonwealth carelessly or heedlessly in willful or wanton disregard of the rights or safety of others, or without due caution and circumspection and in a manner so as to endanger 7103 7104 any person or property, shall be is guilty of a misdemeanor. 7105

§ 6.2-108. Financial services for licensed marijuana establishments.

A. As used in this section, "licensed" and "marijuana establishment" have the same meaning as 7106 7107 provided in § 4.1-600.

7108 B. A bank or credit union that provides a financial service to a licensed marijuana establishment, 7109 and the officers, directors, and employees of that bank or credit union, shall not be held liable pursuant 7110 to any state law or regulation solely for providing such a financial service or for further investing any 7111 income derived from such a financial service.

C. Nothing in this section shall require a bank or credit union to provide financial services to a 7112 7113 licensed marijuana establishment.

§ 9.1-101. (For contingent expiration date, see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524 and 542) 7114 7115 **Definitions.**

7116 As used in this chapter or in Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, unless the context requires 7117 a different meaning:

"Administration of criminal justice" means performance of any activity directly involving the 7118 7119 detection, apprehension, detention, pretrial release, post-trial release, prosecution, adjudication, correctional supervision, or rehabilitation of accused persons or criminal offenders or the collection, 7120 7121 storage, and dissemination of criminal history record information. 7122

"Board" means the Criminal Justice Services Board.

7123 "Conviction data" means information in the custody of any criminal justice agency relating to a 7124 judgment of conviction, and the consequences arising therefrom, in any court.

7125 Correctional status information" means records and data concerning each condition of a convicted 7126 person's custodial status, including probation, confinement, work release, study release, escape, or 7127 termination of custody through expiration of sentence, parole, pardon, or court decision.

"Criminal history record information" means records and data collected by criminal justice agencies 7128 7129 on adult individuals consisting of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, informations, or other formal charges, and any disposition arising therefrom. The term shall 7130 not include juvenile record information which is controlled by Chapter 11 (§ 16.1-226 et seq.) of Title 7131 16.1, criminal justice intelligence information, criminal justice investigative information, or correctional 7132

7133 status information.

7134 "Criminal justice agency" means (i) a court or any other governmental agency or subunit thereof 7135 which as its principal function performs the administration of criminal justice and any other agency or 7136 subunit thereof which performs criminal justice activities, but only to the extent that it does so; (ii) for 7137 the purposes of Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, any private corporation or agency which, 7138 within the context of its criminal justice activities, employs special conservators of the peace appointed 7139 under Chapter 2 (§ 19.2-12 et seq.) of Title 19.2, provided that (a) such private corporation or agency 7140 requires its officers or special conservators to meet compulsory training standards established by the 7141 Criminal Justice Services Board and submits reports of compliance with the training standards and (b) 7142 the private corporation or agency complies with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 9.1-126 et seq.), but only 7143 to the extent that the private corporation or agency so designated as a criminal justice agency performs 7144 criminal justice activities; and (iii) the Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities 7145 otherwise permitted under clause (i) and for the purpose of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.). 7146

7147 "Criminal justice agency" includes any program certified by the Commission on VASAP pursuant to 7148 § 18.2-271.2.

7149 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

7150 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission.

7151 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Virginia State Crime Commission.

7152 "Criminal justice information system" means a system including the equipment, facilities, procedures,
7153 agreements, and organizations thereof, for the collection, processing, preservation, or dissemination of
7154 criminal history record information. The operations of the system may be performed manually or by
7155 using electronic computers or other automated data processing equipment.

7156 "Department" means the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

7157 "Dissemination" means any transfer of information, whether orally, in writing, or by electronic
7158 means. The term shall not include access to the information by officers or employees of a criminal
7159 justice agency maintaining the information who have both a need and right to know the information.

7160 "Law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or 7161 sheriff's office which is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 7162 thereof, or any full-time or part-time employee of a private police department, and who is responsible 7163 for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of 7164 the Commonwealth, and shall include any (i) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control 7165 Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority; (ii) police agent appointed under the provisions 7166 of § 56-353; (iii) officer of the Virginia Marine Police; (iv) conservation police officer who is a full-time 7167 sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Wildlife Resources; (v) investigator 7168 who is a sworn member of the security division of the Virginia Lottery; (vi) conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115; (vii) full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to 7169 7170 § 46.2-217; (viii) animal protection police officer employed under § 15.2-632 or 15.2-836.1; (ix) campus 7171 7172 police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1; (x) member of 7173 the investigations unit designated by the State Inspector General pursuant to § 2.2-311 to investigate 7174 allegations of criminal behavior affecting the operations of a state or nonstate agency; (xi) employee 7175 with internal investigations authority designated by the Department of Corrections pursuant to 7176 subdivision 11 of § 53.1-10 or by the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to subdivision A 7 of 7177 § 66-3; or (xii) private police officer employed by a private police department. Part-time employees are 7178 those compensated officers who are not full-time employees as defined by the employing police 7179 department, sheriff's office, or private police department.

7180 "Private police department" means any police department, other than a department that employs police agents under the provisions of § 56-353, that employs private police officers operated by an entity 7181 7182 authorized by statute or an act of assembly to establish a private police department or such entity's 7183 successor in interest, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein. No entity is authorized 7184 to operate a private police department or represent that it is a private police department unless such 7185 entity has been authorized by statute or an act of assembly or such entity is the successor in interest of 7186 an entity that has been authorized pursuant to this section, provided it complies with the requirements 7187 set forth herein. The authority of a private police department shall be limited to real property owned, 7188 leased, or controlled by the entity and, if approved by the local chief of police or sheriff, any contiguous 7189 property; such authority shall not supersede the authority, duties, or jurisdiction vested by law with the 7190 local police department or sheriff's office including as provided in §§ 15.2-1609 and 15.2-1704. The 7191 chief of police or sheriff who is the chief local law-enforcement officer shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the private police department that addresses the duties and responsibilities of the 7192 7193 private police department and the chief law-enforcement officer in the conduct of criminal investigations.

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7194 Private police departments and private police officers shall be subject to and comply with the 7195 Constitution of the United States; the Constitution of Virginia; the laws governing municipal police departments, including the provisions of §§ 9.1-600, 15.2-1705 through 15.2-1708, 15.2-1719, 15.2-1721, 7196 7197 15.2-1721.1, and 15.2-1722; and any regulations adopted by the Board that the Department designates as 7198 applicable to private police departments. Any person employed as a private police officer pursuant to 7199 this section shall meet all requirements, including the minimum compulsory training requirements, for 7200 law-enforcement officers pursuant to this chapter. A private police officer is not entitled to benefits under the Line of Duty Act (§ 9.1-400 et seq.) or under the Virginia Retirement System, is not a 7201 "qualified law enforcement officer" or "qualified retired law enforcement officer" within the meaning of 7202 the federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B et seq., and shall not be deemed an 7203 employee of the Commonwealth or any locality. An authorized private police department may use the 7204 word "police" to describe its sworn officers and may join a regional criminal justice academy created 7205 7206 pursuant to Article 5 (§ 15.2-1747 et seq.) of Chapter 17 of Title 15.2. Any private police department in 7207 existence on January 1, 2013, that was not otherwise established by statute or an act of assembly and 7208 whose status as a private police department was recognized by the Department at that time is hereby 7209 validated and may continue to operate as a private police department as may such entity's successor in 7210 interest, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein.

"School resource officer" means a certified law-enforcement officer hired by the local 7211 7212 law-enforcement agency to provide law-enforcement and security services to Virginia public elementary 7213 and secondary schools.

7214 "School security officer" means an individual who is employed by the local school board or a private 7215 or religious school for the singular purpose of maintaining order and discipline, preventing crime, investigating violations of the policies of the school board or the private or religious school, and 7216 detaining students violating the law or the policies of the school board or the private or religious school 7217 7218 on school property, school buses, or at school-sponsored events and who is responsible solely for 7219 ensuring the safety, security, and welfare of all students, faculty, staff, and visitors in the assigned 7220 school.

7221 "Unapplied criminal history record information" means information pertaining to criminal offenses 7222 submitted to the Central Criminal Records Exchange that cannot be applied to the criminal history 7223 record of an arrested or convicted person (i) because such information is not supported by fingerprints 7224 or other accepted means of positive identification or (ii) due to an inconsistency, error, or omission 7225 within the content of the submitted information.

§ 9.1-101. (For contingent effective date, see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524 and 542) Definitions.

7227 As used in this chapter or in Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, unless the context requires 7228 a different meaning:

7229 'Administration of criminal justice" means performance of any activity directly involving the 7230 detection, apprehension, detention, pretrial release, post-trial release, prosecution, adjudication, 7231 correctional supervision, or rehabilitation of accused persons or criminal offenders or the collection, 7232 storage, and dissemination of criminal history record information. 7233

"Board" means the Criminal Justice Services Board.

7234 "Conviction data" means information in the custody of any criminal justice agency relating to a 7235 judgment of conviction, and the consequences arising therefrom, in any court.

7236 'Correctional status information" means records and data concerning each condition of a convicted 7237 person's custodial status, including probation, confinement, work release, study release, escape, or 7238 termination of custody through expiration of sentence, parole, pardon, or court decision.

7239 "Criminal history record information" means records and data collected by criminal justice agencies 7240 on adult individuals consisting of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, informations, or other formal charges, and any disposition arising therefrom. The term shall 7241 7242 not include juvenile record information which is controlled by Chapter 11 (§ 16.1-226 et seq.) of Title 7243 16.1, criminal justice intelligence information, criminal justice investigative information, or correctional 7244 status information.

7245 "Criminal justice agency" means (i) a court or any other governmental agency or subunit thereof 7246 which as its principal function performs the administration of criminal justice and any other agency or 7247 subunit thereof which performs criminal justice activities, but only to the extent that it does so; (ii) for 7248 the purposes of Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, any private corporation or agency which, 7249 within the context of its criminal justice activities, employs special conservators of the peace appointed 7250 under Chapter 2 (§ 19.2-12 et seq.) of Title 19.2, provided that (a) such private corporation or agency 7251 requires its officers or special conservators to meet compulsory training standards established by the Criminal Justice Services Board and submits reports of compliance with the training standards and (b) 7252 7253 the private corporation or agency complies with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 9.1-126 et seq.), but only 7254 to the extent that the private corporation or agency so designated as a criminal justice agency performs 7255 criminal justice activities; and (iii) the Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities 7256 otherwise permitted under clause (i) and for the purpose of performing duties required by the Civil7257 Commitment of Sexually Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.).

7258 "Criminal justice agency" includes any program certified by the Commission on VASAP pursuant to § 18.2-271.2.

7260 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

7261 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission.

7262 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Virginia State Crime Commission.

"Criminal justice information system" means a system including the equipment, facilities, procedures, agreements, and organizations thereof, for the collection, processing, preservation, or dissemination of criminal history record information. The operations of the system may be performed manually or by using electronic computers or other automated data processing equipment.

7267

"Department" means the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

7268 "Dissemination" means any transfer of information, whether orally, in writing, or by electronic
7269 means. The term shall not include access to the information by officers or employees of a criminal
7270 justice agency maintaining the information who have both a need and right to know the information.

7271 "Law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or sheriff's office which is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 7272 7273 thereof, or any full-time or part-time employee of a private police department, and who is responsible 7274 for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of 7275 the Commonwealth, and shall include any (i) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control 7276 Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority; (ii) police agent appointed under the provisions 7277 of § 56-353; (iii) officer of the Virginia Marine Police; (iv) conservation police officer who is a full-time 7278 sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Wildlife Resources; (v) investigator 7279 who is a sworn member of the security division of the Virginia Lottery; (vi) conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115; (vii) full-time sworn 7280 member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to 7281 § 46.2-217; (viii) animal protection police officer employed under § 15.2-632 or 15.2-836.1; (ix) campus 7282 7283 police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1; (x) member of 7284 the investigations unit designated by the State Inspector General pursuant to § 2.2-311 to investigate 7285 allegations of criminal behavior affecting the operations of a state or nonstate agency; (xi) employee 7286 with internal investigations authority designated by the Department of Corrections pursuant to subdivision 11 of § 53.1-10 or by the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to subdivision A 7 of 7287 7288 § 66-3; or (xii) private police officer employed by a private police department. Part-time employees are 7289 those compensated officers who are not full-time employees as defined by the employing police 7290 department, sheriff's office, or private police department.

"Private police department" means any police department, other than a department that employs police agents under the provisions of § 56-353, that employs private police officers operated by an entity 7291 7292 7293 authorized by statute or an act of assembly to establish a private police department or such entity's 7294 successor in interest, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein. No entity is authorized 7295 to operate a private police department or represent that it is a private police department unless such 7296 entity has been authorized by statute or an act of assembly or such entity is the successor in interest of 7297 an entity that has been authorized pursuant to this section, provided it complies with the requirements 7298 set forth herein. The authority of a private police department shall be limited to real property owned, 7299 leased, or controlled by the entity and, if approved by the local chief of police or sheriff, any contiguous 7300 property; such authority shall not supersede the authority, duties, or jurisdiction vested by law with the 7301 local police department or sheriff's office including as provided in §§ 15.2-1609 and 15.2-1704. The 7302 chief of police or sheriff who is the chief local law-enforcement officer shall enter into a memorandum 7303 of understanding with the private police department that addresses the duties and responsibilities of the 7304 private police department and the chief law-enforcement officer in the conduct of criminal investigations. 7305 Private police departments and private police officers shall be subject to and comply with the 7306 Constitution of the United States; the Constitution of Virginia; the laws governing municipal police 7307 departments, including the provisions of §§ 9.1-600, 15.2-1705 through 15.2-1708, 15.2-1719, 15.2-1721, 7308 15.2-1721.1, and 15.2-1722; and any regulations adopted by the Board that the Department designates as 7309 applicable to private police departments. Any person employed as a private police officer pursuant to 7310 this section shall meet all requirements, including the minimum compulsory training requirements, for 7311 law-enforcement officers pursuant to this chapter. A private police officer is not entitled to benefits 7312 under the Line of Duty Act (§ 9.1-400 et seq.) or under the Virginia Retirement System, is not a 7313 "qualified law enforcement officer" or "qualified retired law enforcement officer" within the meaning of 7314 the federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B et seq., and shall not be deemed an 7315 employee of the Commonwealth or any locality. An authorized private police department may use the 7316 word "police" to describe its sworn officers and may join a regional criminal justice academy created

pursuant to Article 5 (§ 15.2-1747 et seq.) of Chapter 17 of Title 15.2. Any private police department in
existence on January 1, 2013, that was not otherwise established by statute or an act of assembly and
whose status as a private police department was recognized by the Department at that time is hereby
validated and may continue to operate as a private police department as may such entity's successor in
interest, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein.

7322 "School resource officer" means a certified law-enforcement officer hired by the local
7323 law-enforcement agency to provide law-enforcement and security services to Virginia public elementary
7324 and secondary schools.

7325 "School security officer" means an individual who is employed by the local school board or a private 7326 or religious school for the singular purpose of maintaining order and discipline, preventing crime, 7327 investigating violations of the policies of the school board or the private or religious school, and 7328 detaining students violating the law or the policies of the school board or the private or religious school 7329 on school property, school buses, or at school-sponsored events and who is responsible solely for 7330 ensuring the safety, security, and welfare of all students, faculty, staff, and visitors in the assigned 7331 school.

"Sealing" means (i) restricting dissemination of criminal history record information contained in the
Central Criminal Records Exchange, including any records relating to an arrest, charge, or conviction, in
accordance with the purposes set forth in § 19.2-392.13 and pursuant to the rules and regulations
adopted pursuant to § 9.1-128 and the procedures adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134 and (ii) prohibiting
dissemination of court records related to an arrest, charge, or conviction, unless such dissemination is
authorized by a court order for one or more of the purposes set forth in § 19.2-392.13.

"Unapplied criminal history record information" means information pertaining to criminal offenses
submitted to the Central Criminal Records Exchange that cannot be applied to the criminal history
record of an arrested or convicted person (i) because such information is not supported by fingerprints
or other accepted means of positive identification or (ii) due to an inconsistency, error, or omission
within the content of the submitted information.

7343 § 9.1-128. (For contingent effective date, see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524 and 542)
7344 Dissemination of criminal history record information; Board to adopt regulations and procedures.
7345 A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an

7345 A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an 7346 intermediary, only in accordance with § 19.2-389.

7347 B. The Board shall adopt regulations and procedures for the interstate dissemination of criminal
7348 history record information by which criminal justice agencies of the Commonwealth shall ensure that the
7349 limitations on dissemination of criminal history record information set forth in § 19.2-389 are accepted
7350 by recipients and will remain operative in the event of further dissemination.

7351 C. The Board shall adopt regulations and procedures for the validation of an interstate recipient's right to obtain criminal history record information from criminal justice agencies of the Commonwealth.

D. The Board shall adopt regulations and procedures for the dissemination of sealed criminal history record information, including any records relating to an arrest, charge, or conviction, by which the criminal justice agencies of the Commonwealth and other persons, agencies, and employers can access such sealed records and shall ensure that access to and dissemination of such sealed records are made in accordance with the limitations on dissemination and use set forth in §§ 19.2-389, 19.2-389.3, and 19.2-392.13.

§ 9.1-400. Title of chapter; definitions.

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A. This chapter shall be known and designated as the Line of Duty Act.

B. As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Beneficiary" means the spouse of a deceased person and such persons as are entitled to take underthe will of a deceased person if testate, or as his heirs at law if intestate.

7364 "Deceased person" means any individual whose death occurs on or after April 8, 1972, in the line of 7365 duty as the direct or proximate result of the performance of his duty, including the presumptions under 7366 §§ 27-40.1, 27-40.2, 51.1-813, 65.2-402, and 65.2-402.1 if his position is covered by the applicable 7367 statute, as a law-enforcement officer of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions, except 7368 employees designated pursuant to § 53.1-10 to investigate allegations of criminal behavior affecting the 7369 operations of the Department of Corrections, employees designated pursuant to § 66-3 to investigate 7370 allegations of criminal behavior affecting the operations of the Department of Juvenile Justice, and 7371 members of the investigations unit of the State Inspector General designated pursuant to § 2.2-311 to 7372 investigate allegations of criminal behavior affecting the operations of a state or nonstate agency; a 7373 correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1; a jail officer; a regional jail or jail farm superintendent; a sheriff, deputy sheriff, or city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the City of Richmond; a police 7374 7375 chaplain; a member of any fire company or department or emergency medical services agency that has 7376 been recognized by an ordinance or a resolution of the governing body of any county, city, or town of 7377 the Commonwealth as an integral part of the official safety program of such county, city, or town, including a person with a recognized membership status with such fire company or department who is 7378

7379 enrolled in a Fire Service Training course offered by the Virginia Department of Fire Programs or any 7380 fire company or department training required in pursuit of qualification to become a certified firefighter; 7381 a member of any fire company providing fire protection services for facilities of the Virginia National 7382 Guard or the Virginia Air National Guard; a member of the Virginia National Guard or the Virginia 7383 Defense Force while such member is serving in the Virginia National Guard or the Virginia Defense 7384 Force on official state duty or federal duty under Title 32 of the United States Code; any a special agent 7385 of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority; any a 7386 regular or special conservation police officer who receives compensation from a county, city, or town or 7387 from the Commonwealth appointed pursuant to the provisions of § 29.1-200; any a commissioned forest 7388 warden appointed under the provisions of § 10.1-1135; any a member or employee of the Virginia 7389 Marine Resources Commission granted the power of arrest pursuant to § 28.2-900; any a Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer; any other employee of the Department of Emergency Management who is performing official duties of the agency, when those duties are related 7390 7391 7392 to a major disaster or emergency, as defined in § 44-146.16, that has been or is later declared to exist 7393 under the authority of the Governor in accordance with § 44-146.28; any an employee of any county, 7394 city, or town performing official emergency management or emergency services duties in cooperation 7395 with the Department of Emergency Management, when those duties are related to a major disaster or 7396 emergency, as defined in § 44-146.16, that has been or is later declared to exist under the authority of 7397 the Governor in accordance with § 44-146.28 or a local emergency, as defined in § 44-146.16, declared 7398 by a local governing body; any a nonfirefighter regional hazardous materials emergency response team 7399 member; any a conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned 7400 pursuant to § 10.1-115; or any a full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department 7401 of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217.

7402 "Disabled person" means any individual who has been determined to be mentally or physically 7403 incapacitated so as to prevent the further performance of his duties at the time of his disability where 7404 such incapacity is likely to be permanent, and whose incapacity occurs in the line of duty as the direct or proximate result of the performance of his duty, including the presumptions under §§ 27-40.1, 7405 7406 27-40.2, 51.1-813, 65.2-402, and 65.2-402.1 if his position is covered by the applicable statute, in any 7407 position listed in the definition of deceased person in this section. "Disabled person" does not include 7408 any individual who has been determined to be no longer disabled pursuant to subdivision A 2 of 7409 § 9.1-404. "Disabled person" includes any state employee included in the definition of a deceased person 7410 who was disabled on or after January 1, 1966.

7411 "Eligible dependent" for purposes of continued health insurance pursuant to § 9.1-401 means the 7412 natural or adopted child or children of a deceased person or disabled person or of a deceased or disabled 7413 person's eligible spouse, provided that any such natural child is born as the result of a pregnancy that 7414 occurred prior to the time of the employee's death or disability and that any such adopted child is (i) 7415 adopted prior to the time of the employee's death or disability or (ii) adopted after the employee's death 7416 or disability if the adoption is pursuant to a preadoptive agreement entered into prior to the death or disability. Notwithstanding the foregoing, "eligible dependent" shall also include includes the natural or 7417 7418 adopted child or children of a deceased person or disabled person born as the result of a pregnancy or 7419 adoption that occurred after the time of the employee's death or disability, but prior to July 1, 2017. 7420 Eligibility will continue until the end of the year in which the eligible dependent reaches age 26 or 7421 when the eligible dependent ceases to be eligible based on the Virginia Administrative Code or 7422 administrative guidance as determined by the Department of Human Resource Management.

"Eligible spouse" for purposes of continued health insurance pursuant to § 9.1-401 means the spouse
of a deceased person or a disabled person at the time of the death or disability. Eligibility will continue
until the eligible spouse dies, ceases to be married to a disabled person, or in the case of the spouse of a
deceased person, dies, remarries on or after July 1, 2017, or otherwise ceases to be eligible based on the
Virginia Administrative Code or administrative guidance as determined by the Department of Human
Resource Management.

7429 "Employee" means any person who would be covered or whose spouse, dependents, or beneficiaries7430 would be covered under the benefits of this chapter if the person became a disabled person or a7431 deceased person.

"Employer" means (i) the employer of a person who is a covered employee or (ii) in the case of a volunteer who is a member of any fire company or department or rescue squad described in the definition of "deceased person," the county, city, or town that by ordinance or resolution recognized such fire company or department or rescue squad as an integral part of the official safety program of such locality.

7437 "Fund" means the Line of Duty Death and Health Benefits Trust Fund established pursuant to **7438** § 9.1-400.1.

7439 "Line of duty" means any action the deceased or disabled person was obligated or authorized to

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7440 perform by rule, regulation, condition of employment or service, or law.

7441 "LODA Health Benefit Plans" means the separate health benefits plans established pursuant to 7442 § 9.1-401.

7443 "Nonparticipating employer" means any employer that is a political subdivision of the 7444 Commonwealth that elected to directly fund the cost of benefits provided under this chapter and not 7445 participate in the Fund.

7446 "Participating employer" means any employer that is a state agency or is a political subdivision of 7447 the Commonwealth that did not make an election to become a nonparticipating employer.

7448 "VRS" means the Virginia Retirement System.

7449 § 9.1-500. Definitions.

7450 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

7451 "Agency" means the Department of State Police, the Division of Capitol Police, the Virginia Marine 7452 Resources Commission, the Virginia Port Authority, the Department of Wildlife Resources, the Virginia 7453 Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, the Department of 7454 Conservation and Recreation, or the Department of Motor Vehicles; or the political subdivision or the 7455 campus police department of any public institution of higher education of the Commonwealth employing 7456 the law-enforcement officer.

"Law-enforcement officer" means any person, other than a Chief of Police or the Superintendent of 7457 7458 the Department of State Police, who, in his official capacity, is (i) authorized by law to make arrests and 7459 (ii) a nonprobationary officer of one of the following agencies:

7460 a. 1. The Department of State Police, the Division of Capitol Police, the Virginia Marine Resources Commission, the Virginia Port Authority, the Department of Wildlife Resources, the Virginia Alcoholic 7461 Beverage Control Authority, the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, the Department of Motor Vehicles, or the Department of Conservation and Recreation; 7462 7463

b. 2. The police department, bureau or force of any political subdivision or the campus police department of any public institution of higher education of the Commonwealth where such department, 7464 7465 7466 bureau or force has three or more law-enforcement officers; or

7467 e. 3. Any conservation police officer as defined in § 9.1-101.

For the purposes of this chapter, "law-enforcement officer" shall does not include the sheriff's 7468 7469 department of any city or county. 7470

§ 9.1-801. Public safety officer defined.

7471 As used in this chapter, the term "public safety officer" includes a law-enforcement officer of the Commonwealth or any of its political subdivisions; a correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1; a 7472 7473 correctional officer employed at a juvenile correctional facility as the term is defined in § 66-25.3; a jail 7474 officer; a regional jail or jail farm superintendent; a member of any fire company or department or nonprofit or volunteer emergency medical services agency that has been recognized by an ordinance or 7475 7476 resolution of the governing body of any county, city, or town of the Commonwealth as an integral part 7477 of the official safety program of such county, city, or town; an arson investigator; a member of the 7478 Virginia National Guard or the Virginia Defense Force while such a member is serving in the Virginia 7479 National Guard or the Virginia Defense Force on official state duty or federal duty under Title 32 of the 7480 United States Code: any a special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the 7481 *Virginia Cannabis Control Authority*; any *a* police agent appointed under the provisions of § 56-353; 7482 any a regular or special conservation police officer who receives compensation from a county, city, or 7483 town or from the Commonwealth appointed pursuant to § 29.1-200; any a commissioned forest warden 7484 appointed pursuant to § 10.1-1135; any a member or employee of the Virginia Marine Resources Commission granted the power to arrest pursuant to § 28.2-900; any a Department of Emergency 7485 Management hazardous materials officer; $\frac{1}{any} a$ nonfirefighter regional hazardous materials emergency 7486 7487 response team member; any an investigator who is a full-time sworn member of the security division of 7488 the Virginia Lottery; any a full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of 7489 Motor Vehicles meeting the Department of Criminal Justice Services qualifications, when fulfilling duties pursuant to § 46.2-217; any a campus police officer appointed under the provisions of Article 3 7490 7491 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1; and any a conservation officer of the Department of 7492 Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115. 7493

§ 9.1-1101. Powers and duties of the Department.

7494 A. It shall be the responsibility of the Department to provide forensic laboratory services upon 7495 request of the Superintendent of State Police; the Chief Medical Examiner, the Assistant Chief Medical 7496 Examiners, and local medical examiners; any attorney for the Commonwealth; any chief of police, 7497 sheriff, or sergeant responsible for law enforcement in the jurisdiction served by him; any local fire 7498 department; the head of any private police department that has been designated as a criminal justice 7499 agency by the Department of Criminal Justice Services as defined by § 9.1-101; or any state agency in 7500 any criminal matter. The Department shall provide such services to any federal investigatory agency 7501 within available resources.

7502 B. The Department shall:

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7503 1. Provide forensic laboratory services to all law-enforcement agencies throughout the 7504 Commonwealth and provide laboratory services, research, and scientific investigations for agencies of 7505 the Commonwealth as needed;

7506 2. Establish and maintain a DNA testing program in accordance with Article 1.1 (§ 19.2-310.2 et 7507 seq.) of Chapter 18 of Title 19.2 to determine identification characteristics specific to an individual; and

7508 3. Test the accuracy of equipment used to test the blood alcohol content of breath at least once every 7509 six months. Only equipment found to be accurate shall be used to test the blood alcohol content of 7510 breath; and

7511 4. Determine the proper methods for detecting the concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in 7512 substances for the purposes of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 and §§ 54.1-3401 and 54.1-3446. The testing methodology shall use post-decarboxylation testing or other equivalent method and shall consider the potential conversion of tetrahydrocannabinol acid (THC-A) into THC. The test 7513 7514 7515 result shall include the total available THC derived from the sum of the THC and THC-A content.

C. The Department shall have the power and duty to:

7517 1. Receive, administer, and expend all funds and other assistance available for carrying out the 7518 purposes of this chapter;

7519 2. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its 7520 duties and execution of its powers under this chapter including, but not limited to, contracts with the 7521 United States, units of general local government or combinations thereof in Virginia or other states, and 7522 with agencies and departments of the Commonwealth; and

7523 3. Perform such other acts as may be necessary or convenient for the effective performance of its 7524 duties.

7525 D. The Director may appoint and employ a deputy director and such other personnel as are needed 7526 to carry out the duties and responsibilities conferred by this chapter. 7527

§ 15.2-2820. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

7529 "Bar or lounge area" means any establishment or portion of an establishment devoted to the sale and 7530 service of alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises and where the sale or service of food or 7531 meals is incidental to the consumption of the alcoholic beverages.

7532 "Educational facility" means any building used for instruction of enrolled students, including but not 7533 limited to any day-care center, nursery school, public or private school, institution of higher education, 7534 medical school, law school, or career and technical education school.

7535 "Health care facility" means any institution, place, building, or agency required to be licensed under 7536 Virginia law, including but not limited to any hospital, nursing facility or nursing home, boarding home, 7537 assisted living facility, supervised living facility, or ambulatory medical and surgical center.

7538 "Private club" means an organization, whether incorporated or not, that (i) is the owner, lessee, or 7539 occupant of a building or portion thereof used exclusively for club purposes, including club or member 7540 sponsored events; (ii) is operated solely for recreational, fraternal, social, patriotic, political, benevolent, 7541 or athletic purposes, and only sells alcoholic beverages incidental to its operation; (iii) has established 7542 bylaws, a constitution, or both that govern its activities; and (iv) the affairs and management of which 7543 are conducted by a board of directors, executive committee, or similar body chosen by the members at 7544 an annual meeting.

7545 "Private function" means any gathering of persons for the purpose of deliberation, education, 7546 instruction, entertainment, amusement, or dining that is not intended to be open to the public and for 7547 which membership or specific invitation is a prerequisite to entry.

7548 "Private work place" means any office or work area that is not open to the public in the normal 7549 course of business except by individual invitation.

7550 "Proprietor" means the owner or lessee of the public place, who ultimately controls the activities 7551 within the public place. The term "proprietor" includes corporations, associations, or partnerships as well 7552 as individuals.

7553 "Public conveyance" or "public vehicle" means any air, land, or water vehicle used for the mass 7554 transportation of persons in intrastate travel for compensation, including but not limited to any airplane, 7555 train, bus, or boat that is not subject to federal smoking regulations.

7556 "Public place" means any enclosed, indoor area used by the general public, including but not limited 7557 to any building owned or leased by the Commonwealth or any agency thereof or any locality, public 7558 conveyance or public vehicle, educational facility, hospital, nursing facility or nursing home, other health 7559 care facility, library, retail store of 15,000 square feet or more, auditorium, arena, theater, museum, 7560 concert hall, or other area used for a performance or an exhibit of the arts or sciences, or any meeting 7561 room.

"Recreational facility" means any enclosed, indoor area used by the general public and used as a 7562

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7563 stadium, arena, skating rink, video game facility, or senior citizen recreational facility.

7564 "Restaurant" means any place where food is prepared for service to the public on or off the premises, 7565 or any place where food is served. Examples of such places include but are not limited to lunchrooms, 7566 short order places, cafeterias, coffee shops, cafes, taverns, delicatessens, dining accommodations of public or private clubs, kitchen facilities of hospitals and nursing homes, dining accommodations of 7567 7568 public and private schools and colleges, and kitchen areas of local correctional facilities subject to 7569 standards adopted under § 53.1-68. "Restaurant" shall not include (i) places where packaged or canned foods are manufactured and then distributed to grocery stores or other similar food retailers for sale to 7570 7571 the public, (ii) mobile points of service to the general public that are outdoors, or (iii) mobile points of 7572 service where such service and consumption occur in a private residence or in any location that is not a 7573

public place. "Restaurant" shall include any bar or lounge area that is part of such restaurant. "Smoke" or "smoking" means the carrying or holding of any lighted pipe, cigar, or cigarette of any 7574 7575 kind, including marijuana, or any other lighted smoking equipment, or the lighting, inhaling, or exhaling 7576 of smoke from a pipe, cigar, or cigarette of any kind, including marijuana.

"Theater" means any indoor facility or auditorium, open to the public, which is primarily used or 7577 7578 designed for the purpose of exhibiting any motion picture, stage production, musical recital, dance, 7579 lecture, or other similar performance.

§ 16.1-69.40:1. Traffic infractions within authority of traffic violations clerk; schedule of fines; 7580 7581 prepayment of local ordinances.

7582 A. The Supreme Court shall by rule, which may from time to time be amended, supplemented or 7583 repealed, but which shall be uniform in its application throughout the Commonwealth, designate the 7584 traffic infractions for which a pretrial waiver of appearance, plea of guilty and fine payment may be accepted. Such designated infractions shall include violations of §§ 46.2-830.1, 46.2-878.2 and 46.2-1242 7585 or any parallel local ordinances. Notwithstanding any rule of the Supreme Court, a person charged with 7586 a traffic offense that is listed as prepayable in the Uniform Fine Schedule may prepay his fines and 7587 7588 costs without court appearance whether or not he was involved in an accident. The prepayable fine 7589 amount for a violation of § 46.2-878.2 shall be \$200 plus an amount per mile-per-hour in excess of 7590 posted speed limits, as authorized in § 46.2-878.3.

- 7591 Such infractions shall not include: 7592
 - 1. Indictable offenses:
 - 2. [Repealed.]

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7594 3. Operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, marijuana, or a 7595 narcotic or habit-producing drug, or permitting another person, who is under the influence of 7596 intoxicating liquor, marijuana, or a narcotic or habit-producing drug, to operate a motor vehicle owned 7597 by the defendant or in his custody or control;

- 7598 4. Reckless driving;
- 7599 5. Leaving the scene of an accident;
- 7600 6. Driving while under suspension or revocation of driving privileges;
- 7601 7. Driving without being licensed to drive.
 - 8. [Repealed.]

7603 B. An appearance may be made in person or in writing by mail to a clerk of court or in person before a magistrate, prior to any date fixed for trial in court. Any person so appearing may enter a 7604 7605 waiver of trial and a plea of guilty and pay the fine and any civil penalties established for the offense charged, with costs. He shall, prior to the plea, waiver, and payment, be informed of his right to stand 7606 7607 trial, that his signature to a plea of guilty will have the same force and effect as a judgment of court, and that the record of conviction will be sent to the Commissioner of the Department of Motor 7608 7609 Vehicles.

C. The Supreme Court, upon the recommendation of the Committee on District Courts, shall 7610 7611 establish a schedule, within the limits prescribed by law, of the amounts of fines and any civil penalties 7612 to be imposed, designating each infraction specifically. The schedule, which may from time to time be 7613 amended, supplemented or repealed, shall be uniform in its application throughout the Commonwealth. 7614 Such schedule shall not be construed or interpreted so as to limit the discretion of any trial judge trying 7615 individual cases at the time fixed for trial. The rule of the Supreme Court establishing the schedule shall 7616 be prominently posted in the place where the fines are paid. Fines and costs shall be paid in accordance 7617 with the provisions of this Code or any rules or regulations promulgated thereunder.

7618 D. Fines imposed under local traffic infraction ordinances that do not parallel provisions of state law 7619 and fulfill the criteria set out in subsection A may be prepayable in the manner set forth in subsection B 7620 if such ordinances appear in a schedule entered by order of the local circuit courts. The chief judge of 7621 each circuit may establish a schedule of the fines, within the limits prescribed by local ordinances, to be 7622 imposed for prepayment of local ordinances designating each offense specifically. Upon the entry of 7623 such order it shall be forwarded within 10 days to the Supreme Court of Virginia by the clerk of the 7624 local circuit court. The schedule, which from time to time may be amended, supplemented or repealed,

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7625 shall be uniform in its application throughout the circuit. Such schedule shall not be construed or 7626 interpreted so as to limit the discretion of any trial judge trying individual cases at the time fixed for 7627 trial. This schedule shall be prominently posted in the place where fines are paid. Fines and costs shall 7628 be paid in accordance with the provisions of this Code or any rules or regulations promulgated 7629 thereunder.

§ 16.1-260. Intake; petition; investigation.

7630 7631 A. All matters alleged to be within the jurisdiction of the court shall be commenced by the filing of 7632 a petition, except as provided in subsection H and in § 16.1-259. The form and content of the petition 7633 shall be as provided in § 16.1-262. No individual shall be required to obtain support services from the 7634 Department of Social Services prior to filing a petition seeking support for a child. Complaints, requests, 7635 and the processing of petitions to initiate a case shall be the responsibility of the intake officer. 7636 However, (i) the attorney for the Commonwealth of the city or county may file a petition on his own motion with the clerk; (ii) designated nonattorney employees of the Department of Social Services may 7637 7638 complete, sign, and file petitions and motions relating to the establishment, modification, or enforcement 7639 of support on forms approved by the Supreme Court of Virginia with the clerk; (iii) designated 7640 nonattorney employees of a local department of social services may complete, sign, and file with the 7641 clerk, on forms approved by the Supreme Court of Virginia, petitions for foster care review, petitions 7642 for permanency planning hearings, petitions to establish paternity, motions to establish or modify 7643 support, motions to amend or review an order, and motions for a rule to show cause; and (iv) any 7644 attorney may file petitions on behalf of his client with the clerk except petitions alleging that the subject 7645 of the petition is a child alleged to be in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent. 7646 Complaints alleging abuse or neglect of a child shall be referred initially to the local department of 7647 social services in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 15 (§ 63.2-1500 et seq.) of Title 63.2. 7648 Motions and other subsequent pleadings in a case shall be filed directly with the clerk. The intake 7649 officer or clerk with whom the petition or motion is filed shall inquire whether the petitioner is 7650 receiving child support services or public assistance. No individual who is receiving support services or 7651 public assistance shall be denied the right to file a petition or motion to establish, modify, or enforce an 7652 order for support of a child. If the petitioner is seeking or receiving child support services or public 7653 assistance, the clerk, upon issuance of process, shall forward a copy of the petition or motion, together 7654 with notice of the court date, to the Division of Child Support Enforcement. If a petitioner is seeking to 7655 establish child support, the intake officer shall provide the petitioner information on the possible 7656 availability of medical assistance through the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) 7657 plan or other government-sponsored coverage through the Department of Medical Assistance Services.

7658 B. The appearance of a child before an intake officer may be by (i) personal appearance before the 7659 intake officer or (ii) use of two-way electronic video and audio communication. If two-way electronic 7660 video and audio communication is used, an intake officer may exercise all powers conferred by law. All 7661 communications and proceedings shall be conducted in the same manner as if the appearance were in 7662 person, and any documents filed may be transmitted by facsimile process. The facsimile may be served 7663 or executed by the officer or person to whom sent, and returned in the same manner, and with the same 7664 force, effect, authority, and liability as an original document. All signatures thereon shall be treated as 7665 original signatures. Any two-way electronic video and audio communication system used for an 7666 appearance shall meet the standards as set forth in subsection B of § 19.2-3.1.

7667 When the court service unit of any court receives a complaint alleging facts which may be sufficient 7668 to invoke the jurisdiction of the court pursuant to § 16.1-241, the unit, through an intake officer, may proceed informally to make such adjustment as is practicable without the filing of a petition or may 7669 7670 authorize a petition to be filed by any complainant having sufficient knowledge of the matter to 7671 establish probable cause for the issuance of the petition.

7672 An intake officer may proceed informally on a complaint alleging a child is in need of services, in 7673 need of supervision, or delinquent only if the juvenile (a) is not alleged to have committed a violent 7674 juvenile felony or (b) has not previously been proceeded against informally or adjudicated delinquent for 7675 an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult. A petition alleging that a juvenile 7676 committed a violent juvenile felony shall be filed with the court. A petition alleging that a juvenile is 7677 delinquent for an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult shall be filed with the court if 7678 the juvenile had previously been proceeded against informally by intake or had been adjudicated 7679 delinquent for an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult.

7680 If a juvenile is alleged to be a truant pursuant to a complaint filed in accordance with § 22.1-258 and 7681 the attendance officer has provided documentation to the intake officer that the relevant school division 7682 has complied with the provisions of § 22.1-258, then the intake officer shall file a petition with the 7683 court. The intake officer may defer filing the petition and proceed informally by developing a truancy 7684 plan, provided that (1) the juvenile has not previously been proceeded against informally or adjudicated 7685 in need of supervision on more than two occasions for failure to comply with compulsory school

7686 attendance as provided in § 22.1-254 and (2) the immediately previous informal action or adjudication 7687 occurred at least three calendar years prior to the current complaint. The juvenile and his parent or 7688 parents, guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis must agree, in writing, for the development 7689 of a truancy plan. The truancy plan may include requirements that the juvenile and his parent or parents, 7690 guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis participate in such programs, cooperate in such 7691 treatment, or be subject to such conditions and limitations as necessary to ensure the juvenile's 7692 compliance with compulsory school attendance as provided in § 22.1-254. The intake officer may refer 7693 the juvenile to the appropriate public agency for the purpose of developing a truancy plan using an interagency interdisciplinary team approach. The team may include qualified personnel who are 7694 7695 reasonably available from the appropriate department of social services, community services board, local 7696 school division, court service unit, and other appropriate and available public and private agencies and 7697 may be the family assessment and planning team established pursuant to § 2.2-5207. If at the end of the 7698 deferral period the juvenile has not successfully completed the truancy plan or the truancy program, then 7699 the intake officer shall file the petition.

7700 Whenever informal action is taken as provided in this subsection on a complaint alleging that a child 7701 is in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent, the intake officer shall (A) develop a plan 7702 for the juvenile, which may include restitution, the performance of community service, or on a complaint alleging that a child has committed a delinquent act other than an act that would be a felony 7703 7704 or a Class 1 misdemeanor if committed by an adult and with the consent of the juvenile's parent or legal 7705 guardian, referral to a youth justice diversion program established pursuant to § 16.1-309.11, based upon 7706 community resources and the circumstances which resulted in the complaint, (B) create an official record 7707 of the action taken by the intake officer and file such record in the juvenile's case file, and (C) advise 7708 the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis and the 7709 complainant that any subsequent complaint alleging that the child is in need of supervision or delinquent 7710 based upon facts which may be sufficient to invoke the jurisdiction of the court pursuant to § 16.1-241, 7711 or in the case of a referral to a youth justice diversion program established pursuant to § 16.1-309.11, 7712 that any subsequent report from the youth justice diversion program alleging that the juvenile failed to 7713 comply with the youth justice diversion program's sentence within 180 days of the sentencing date, may 7714 result in the filing of a petition with the court.

7715 C. The intake officer shall accept and file a petition in which it is alleged that (i) the custody, 7716 visitation, or support of a child is the subject of controversy or requires determination, (ii) a person has 7717 deserted, abandoned, or failed to provide support for any person in violation of law, (iii) a child or such 7718 child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco parentis is entitled to treatment, 7719 rehabilitation, or other services which are required by law, (iv) family abuse has occurred and a protective order is being sought pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, or 16.1-279.1, or (v) an act of 7720 7721 violence, force, or threat has occurred, a protective order is being sought pursuant to § 19.2-152.8, 7722 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10, and either the alleged victim or the respondent is a juvenile. If any such 7723 complainant does not file a petition, the intake officer may file it. In cases in which a child is alleged to 7724 be abused, neglected, in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent, if the intake officer 7725 believes that probable cause does not exist, or that the authorization of a petition will not be in the best 7726 interest of the family or juvenile or that the matter may be effectively dealt with by some agency other 7727 than the court, he may refuse to authorize the filing of a petition. The intake officer shall provide to a 7728 person seeking a protective order pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, or 16.1-279.1 a written 7729 explanation of the conditions, procedures and time limits applicable to the issuance of protective orders 7730 pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, or 16.1-279.1. If the person is seeking a protective order pursuant to § 19.2-152.8, 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10, the intake officer shall provide a written explanation of the 7731 7732 conditions, procedures, and time limits applicable to the issuance of protective orders pursuant to § 19.2-152.8, 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10. 7733

D. Prior to the filing of any petition alleging that a child is in need of supervision, the matter shall 7734 7735 be reviewed by an intake officer who shall determine whether the petitioner and the child alleged to be 7736 in need of supervision have utilized or attempted to utilize treatment and services available in the 7737 community and have exhausted all appropriate nonjudicial remedies which are available to them. When 7738 the intake officer determines that the parties have not attempted to utilize available treatment or services 7739 or have not exhausted all appropriate nonjudicial remedies which are available, he shall refer the 7740 petitioner and the child alleged to be in need of supervision to the appropriate agency, treatment facility, 7741 or individual to receive treatment or services, and a petition shall not be filed. Only after the intake 7742 officer determines that the parties have made a reasonable effort to utilize available community 7743 treatment or services may he permit the petition to be filed.

7744 E. If the intake officer refuses to authorize a petition relating to an offense that if committed by an
7745 adult would be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor or as a felony, when such refusal is based solely
7746 upon a finding that no probable cause exists, the complainant shall be notified in writing at that time of
7747 the complainant's right to apply to a magistrate for a warrant. The application for a warrant to the

magistrate shall be filed within 10 days of the issuance of the written notification. The written 7748 7749 notification shall indicate that the intake officer made a finding that no probable cause exists and shall 7750 provide notice that the complainant has 10 days to apply for a warrant to the magistrate. The 7751 complainant shall provide the magistrate with a copy of the written notification upon application to the 7752 magistrate. If a magistrate determines that probable cause exists, he shall issue a warrant returnable to 7753 the juvenile and domestic relations district court. The warrant shall be delivered forthwith to the juvenile 7754 court, and the intake officer shall accept and file a petition founded upon the warrant. If the court is 7755 closed and the magistrate finds that the criteria for detention or shelter care set forth in § 16.1-248.1 7756 have been satisfied, the juvenile may be detained pursuant to the warrant issued in accordance with this 7757 subsection. If the intake officer refuses to authorize a petition relating to a child in need of services or 7758 in need of supervision, a status offense, or a misdemeanor other than Class 1, his decision is final. If the 7759 intake officer refuses to authorize a petition relating to an offense that if committed by an adult would 7760 be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor or as a felony when such refusal is based upon a finding that 7761 (i) probable cause exists, but that (ii) the matter is appropriate for diversion, his decision is final and the 7762 complainant shall not have a right to apply to a magistrate for a warrant.

7763 Upon delivery to the juvenile court of a warrant issued pursuant to subdivision 2 of § 16.1-256, the 7764 intake officer shall accept and file a petition founded upon the warrant.

7765 F. The intake officer shall notify the attorney for the Commonwealth of the filing of any petition 7766 which alleges facts of an offense which would be a felony if committed by an adult.

7767 G. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.), the intake officer shall file a 7768 report with the division superintendent of the school division in which any student who is the subject of 7769 a petition alleging that such student who is a juvenile has committed an act, wherever committed, which 7770 would be a crime if committed by an adult, or that such student who is an adult has committed a crime 7771 and is alleged to be within the jurisdiction of the court. The report shall notify the division 7772 superintendent of the filing of the petition and the nature of the offense, if the violation involves:

1. A firearm offense pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-279 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-288 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-299 7773 et seq.), 6.1 (§ 18.2-307.1 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-308.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; 7774

7775 2. Homicide, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;

7776 3. Felonious assault and bodily wounding, pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of 7777 Title 18.2; 7778

4. Criminal sexual assault, pursuant to Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;

7779 5. Manufacture, sale, gift, distribution or possession of Schedule I or II controlled substances, 7780 pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2;

7781 6. Manufacture, sale or distribution of marijuana pursuant to Article 1 Chapter 11 (§ 18.2-247 7782 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 4.1;

- 7783 7. Arson and related crimes, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-77 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2;
- 7784 8. Burglary and related offenses, pursuant to §§ 18.2-89 through 18.2-93;
- 7785 9. Robbery pursuant to § 18.2-58;
- 7786 10. Prohibited criminal street gang activity pursuant to § 18.2-46.2;
- 7787 11. Recruitment of other juveniles for a criminal street gang activity pursuant to § 18.2-46.3;
- 7788 12. An act of violence by a mob pursuant to § 18.2-42.1;
- 7789 13. Abduction of any person pursuant to § 18.2-47 or 18.2-48; or
- 7790 14. A threat pursuant to § 18.2-60.

7791 The failure to provide information regarding the school in which the student who is the subject of 7792 the petition may be enrolled shall not be grounds for refusing to file a petition.

7793 The information provided to a division superintendent pursuant to this section may be disclosed only 7794 as provided in § 16.1-305.2. 7795

H. The filing of a petition shall not be necessary:

7796 1. In the case of violations of the traffic laws, including offenses involving bicycles, hitchhiking and 7797 other pedestrian offenses, game and fish laws, or a violation of the ordinance of any city regulating 7798 surfing or any ordinance establishing curfew violations, animal control violations, or littering violations. 7799 In such cases the court may proceed on a summons issued by the officer investigating the violation in 7800 the same manner as provided by law for adults. Additionally, an officer investigating a motor vehicle 7801 accident may, at the scene of the accident or at any other location where a juvenile who is involved in 7802 such an accident may be located, proceed on a summons in lieu of filing a petition.

7803 2. In the case of seeking consent to apply for the issuance of a work permit pursuant to subsection H 7804 of § 16.1-241.

7805 3. In the case of a misdemeanor violation of § 4.1-1104, 18.2-266, 18.2-266.1, or 29.1-738 or the 7806 commission of any other alcohol-related offense, provided that the juvenile is released to the custody of 7807 a parent or legal guardian pending the initial court date. The officer releasing a juvenile to the custody 7808 of a parent or legal guardian shall issue a summons to the juvenile and shall also issue a summons

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7809 requiring the parent or legal guardian to appear before the court with the juvenile. Disposition of the 7810 charge shall be in the manner provided in § 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, or 16.1-278.9. If the juvenile so charged with a violation of § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, 18.2-266.1, 18.2-272, or 29.1-738 refuses to provide a 7811 sample of blood or breath or samples of both blood and breath for chemical analysis pursuant to 7812 §§ 18.2-268.1 through 18.2-268.12 or 29.1-738.2, the provisions of these sections shall be followed 7813 7814 except that the magistrate shall authorize execution of the warrant as a summons. The summons shall be 7815 served on a parent or legal guardian and the juvenile, and a copy of the summons shall be forwarded to 7816 the court in which the violation is to be tried. When a violation of § 4.1-305 or 4.1-1104 is charged by 7817 summons, the juvenile shall be entitled to have the charge referred to intake for consideration of 7818 informal proceedings pursuant to subsection B, provided that such right is exercised by written 7819 notification to the clerk not later than 10 days prior to trial. At the time such summons alleging a 7820 violation of § 4.1-305 or 4.1-1104 is served, the officer shall also serve upon the juvenile written notice 7821 of the right to have the charge referred to intake on a form approved by the Supreme Court and make 7822 return of such service to the court. If the officer fails to make such service or return, the court shall 7823 dismiss the summons without prejudice.

4. In the case of offenses, other than marijuana-related offenses, which, if committed by an adult,
would be punishable as a Class 3 or Class 4 misdemeanor. In such cases the court may direct that an
intake officer proceed as provided in § 16.1-237 on a summons issued by the officer investigating the
violation in the same manner as provided by law for adults provided that notice of the summons to
appear is mailed by the investigating officer within five days of the issuance of the summons to a parent
or legal guardian of the juvenile.

7830 I. Failure to comply with the procedures set forth in this section shall not divest the juvenile court of7831 the jurisdiction granted it in § 16.1-241.

7832 § 16.1-273. Court may require investigation of social history and preparation of victim impact 7833 statement.

7834 A. When a juvenile and domestic relations district court or circuit court has adjudicated any case 7835 involving a child subject to the jurisdiction of the court hereunder, except for a traffic violation, a 7836 violation of the game and fish law, or a violation of any city ordinance regulating surfing or establishing curfew violations, the court before final disposition thereof may require an investigation, which (i) shall 7837 7838 include a drug screening and (ii) may, and for the purposes of subdivision A 14 or 17 of § 16.1-278.8 7839 shall, include a social history of the physical, mental, and social conditions, including an assessment of 7840 any affiliation with a criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1, and personality of the child and the 7841 facts and circumstances surrounding the violation of law. However, in the case of a juvenile adjudicated 7842 delinquent on the basis of an act committed on or after January 1, 2000, which would be (a) a felony if 7843 committed by an adult, or (b) a violation under Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or Article 1.1 7844 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 and such offense would be punishable as a Class 1 or 7845 Class 2 misdemeanor if committed by an adult, or (c) a violation of 4.1-1104, the court shall order the 7846 juvenile to undergo a drug screening. If the drug screening indicates that the juvenile has a substance 7847 abuse or dependence problem, an assessment shall be completed by a certified substance abuse counselor 7848 as defined in § 54.1-3500 employed by the Department of Juvenile Justice or by a locally operated court 7849 services unit or by an individual employed by or currently under contract to such agencies and who is 7850 specifically trained to conduct such assessments under the supervision of such counselor.

7851 B. The court also shall, on motion of the attorney for the Commonwealth with the consent of the victim, or may in its discretion, require the preparation of a victim impact statement in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-299.1 if the court determines that the victim may have suffered significant physical, psychological, or economic injury as a result of the violation of law.

7855 § 16.1-278.9. Delinquent children; loss of driving privileges for alcohol, firearm, and drug 7856 offenses; truancy.

7857 A. If a court has found facts which would justify a finding that a child at least 13 years of age at the 7858 time of the offense is delinquent and such finding involves (i) a violation of § 18.2-266 or of a similar 7859 ordinance of any county, city, or town; (ii) a refusal to take a breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2; 7860 (iii) a felony violation of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 7861 18.2-250; (iv) a misdemeanor violation of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 or a violation of § 4.1-1105; (v) the unlawful purchase, possession, or 7862 consumption of alcohol in violation of § 4.1-305 or the unlawful drinking or possession of alcoholic 7863 7864 beverages in or on public school grounds in violation of § 4.1-309; (vi) public intoxication in violation 7865 of § 18.2-388 or a similar ordinance of a county, city, or town; (vii) the unlawful use or possession of a handgun or possession of a "streetsweeper" as defined below; or (viii) a violation of § 18.2-83, the court 7866 7867 shall order, in addition to any other penalty that it may impose as provided by law for the offense, that the child be denied a driver's license. In addition to any other penalty authorized by this section, if the 7868 7869 offense involves a violation designated under clause (i) and the child was transporting a person 17 years 7870 of age or younger, the court shall impose the additional fine and order community service as provided in

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7871 § 18.2-270. If the offense involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (viii), the denial 7872 of a driver's license shall be for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 17, 7873 whichever is longer, for a first such offense or for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the 7874 age of 18, whichever is longer, for a second or subsequent such offense. If the offense involves a 7875 violation designated under clause (iv), (v), or (vi) the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of 7876 six months unless the offense is committed by a child under the age of 16 years and three months, in 7877 which case the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be delayed for a period of six months 7878 following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months. If the offense involves a first violation 7879 designated under clause (v) or (vi), the court shall impose the license sanction and may enter a judgment of guilt or, without entering a judgment of guilt, may defer disposition of the delinquency charge until 7880 7881 such time as the court disposes of the case pursuant to subsection F. If the offense involves a violation 7882 designated under clause (iii) or (iv), the court shall impose the license sanction and shall dispose of the 7883 delinquency charge pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or § 18.2-251. If the offense involves a 7884 violation designated under clause (vii), the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of not less 7885 than 30 days, except when the offense involves possession of a concealed handgun or a striker 12, commonly called a "streetsweeper," or any semi-automatic folding stock shotgun of like kind with a 7886 7887 spring tension drum magazine capable of holding 12 shotgun shells, in which case the denial of driving 7888 privileges shall be for a period of two years unless the offense is committed by a child under the age of 7889 16 years and three months, in which event the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be 7890 delayed for a period of two years following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months.

A1. If a court finds that a child at least 13 years of age has failed to comply with school attendance and meeting requirements as provided in § 22.1-258, the court shall order the denial of the child's driving privileges for a period of not less than 30 days. If such failure to comply involves a child under the age of 16 years and three months, the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be delayed for a period of not less than 30 days following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months.

7896 If the court finds a second or subsequent such offense, it may order the denial of a driver's license 7897 for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 18, whichever is longer, or delay the child's ability to apply for a driver's license for a period of one year following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months, as may be appropriate.

A2. If a court finds that a child at least 13 years of age has refused to take a blood test in violation
of § 18.2-268.2, the court shall order that the child be denied a driver's license for a period of one year
or until the juvenile reaches the age of 17, whichever is longer, for a first such offense or for a period
of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 18, whichever is longer, for a second or subsequent
such offense.

7905 B. Any child who has a driver's license at the time of the offense or at the time of the court's finding7906 as provided in subsection A1 or A2 shall be ordered to surrender his driver's license, which shall be7907 held in the physical custody of the court during any period of license denial.

7908 C. The court shall report any order issued under this section to the Department of Motor Vehicles, 7909 which shall preserve a record thereof. The report and the record shall include a statement as to whether 7910 the child was represented by or waived counsel or whether the order was issued pursuant to subsection 7911 A1 or A2. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.) or the provisions of Title 7912 46.2, this record shall be available only to all law-enforcement officers, attorneys for the Commonwealth 7913 and courts. No other record of the proceeding shall be forwarded to the Department of Motor Vehicles 7914 unless the proceeding results in an adjudication of guilt pursuant to subsection F.

7915 The Department of Motor Vehicles shall refuse to issue a driver's license to any child denied a 7916 driver's license until such time as is stipulated in the court order or until notification by the court of 7917 withdrawal of the order of denial under subsection E.

D. If the finding as to the child involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (vi) of
subsection A or a violation designated under subsection A2, the child may be referred to a certified
alcohol safety action program in accordance with § 18.2-271.1 upon such terms and conditions as the
court may set forth. If the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (iii),
(iv), (v), (vii) or (viii) of subsection A, such child may be referred to appropriate rehabilitative or
educational services upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth.

7924 The court, in its discretion and upon a demonstration of hardship, may authorize the use of a 7925 restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle by any child who has a driver's license at the time of the 7926 offense or at the time of the court's finding as provided in subsection A1 or A2 for any of the purposes 7927 set forth in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 or for travel to and from school, except that no restricted 7928 license shall be issued for travel to and from home and school when school-provided transportation is 7929 available and no restricted license shall be issued if the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (iii) or (iv) of subsection A, or if it involves a second or subsequent violation of 7930 7931 any offense designated in subsection A, a second finding by the court of failure to comply with school

7932 attendance and meeting requirements as provided in subsection A1, or a second or subsequent finding by 7933 the court of a refusal to take a blood test as provided in subsection A2. The issuance of the restricted 7934 permit shall be set forth within the court order, a copy of which shall be provided to the child, and shall 7935 specifically enumerate the restrictions imposed and contain such information regarding the child as is 7936 reasonably necessary to identify him. The child may operate a motor vehicle under the court order in 7937 accordance with its terms. Any child who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions 7938 imposed pursuant to this section is guilty of a violation of § 46.2-301.

7939 E. Upon petition made at least 90 days after issuance of the order, the court may review and 7940 withdraw any order of denial of a driver's license if for a first such offense or finding as provided in 7941 subsection A1 or A2. For a second or subsequent such offense or finding, the order may not be 7942 reviewed and withdrawn until one year after its issuance.

F. If the finding as to such child involves a first violation designated under clause (vii) of subsection 7943 7944 A, upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions prescribed by the court and after the child's driver's 7945 license has been restored, the court shall or, in the event the violation resulted in the injury or death of 7946 any person or if the finding involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (v), or (vi) of 7947 subsection A, may discharge the child and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal 7948 under these provisions shall be without an adjudication of guilt but a record of the proceeding shall be 7949 retained for the purpose of applying this section in subsequent proceedings. Failure of the child to fulfill 7950 such terms and conditions shall result in an adjudication of guilt. If the finding as to such child involves 7951 a violation designated under clause (iii) or (iv) of subsection A, the charge shall not be dismissed 7952 pursuant to this subsection but shall be disposed of pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or 7953 § 18.2-251. If the finding as to such child involves a second violation under clause (v), (vi) or (vii) of 7954 subsection A, the charge shall not be dismissed pursuant to this subsection but shall be disposed of 7955 under § 16.1-278.8. 7956

§ 17.1-276. Fee allowed for providing secure remote access to land records.

7957 A. A clerk of the circuit court who provides secure remote access to land records pursuant to 7958 § 17.1-294 may charge a fee as provided in this section. The fee shall be paid to the clerk's office and 7959 deposited by the clerk into the clerk's nonreverting local fund to be used to cover operational expenses 7960 as defined in § 17.1-295. The clerk may charge a flat clerk's fee to be assessed for each subscriber, as 7961 defined in § 17.1-295, in an amount not to exceed \$50 per month and a separate fee per image 7962 downloaded in an amount not to exceed the fee provided in subdivision A 8 of § 17.1-275. The clerk's 7963 fees shall be used to cover operational expenses as defined in § 17.1-295.

7964 The Office of the Attorney General, the Division of Debt Collection, the Department of 7965 Transportation, the Virginia Outdoors Foundation, the Department of Historic Resources, the Department 7966 of General Services, the Department of Conservation and Recreation, the Department of Forestry, the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, the 7967 7968 Department of Rail and Public Transportation, and the State Corporation Commission shall be exempt 7969 from paying any fee for remote access to land records. If any clerk contracts with an outside vendor to 7970 provide remote access to land records to subscribers, such contract shall contain a provision exempting 7971 the Office of the Attorney General, the Division of Debt Collection, the Department of Transportation, 7972 the Virginia Outdoors Foundation, the Department of Historic Resources, the Department of General 7973 Services, the Department of Conservation and Recreation, the Department of Forestry, the Virginia 7974 Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, the Department of Rail 7975 and Public Transportation, and the State Corporation Commission from paying any access or 7976 subscription fee.

7977 B. The circuit court clerk shall enter into an agreement with each person whom the clerk authorizes 7978 to have remote access, in accordance with the security standards established by the Virginia Information 7979 Technologies Agency. Any such agreement between a state agency or employee thereof acting in the 7980 employee's official capacity and the clerk or an outside vendor contracted by the clerk to provide remote 7981 access to land records to subscribers, or such an agreement between a state agency or employee thereof 7982 acting in the employee's official capacity and both the clerk and the outside vendor, shall not contain 7983 any provision requiring the state agency or employee thereof acting in the employee's official capacity to 7984 indemnify the clerk or the vendor. Any such agreement between a state agency and the clerk or an 7985 outside vendor shall provide that the state agency is required to monitor its employees' activity under 7986 such agreement to ensure compliance with its terms.

7987 C. The clerk may establish a program under which the clerk assesses a reasonable convenience fee 7988 that shall not exceed \$2 per transaction for remote access to land records and a separate fee per image 7989 downloaded in an amount not to exceed the fee provided in subdivision A 8 of § 17.1-275.

7990 D. Nothing herein shall be construed to require the use by the general public of the secure remote 7991 access to land records made available by the clerk, and such records may continue to be accessed in 7992 person in the clerk's office.

7993 § 18.2-46.1. Definitions.

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As used in this article unless the context requires otherwise or it is otherwise provided:

7995 "Act of violence" means those felony offenses described in subsection A of § 19.2-297.1.

"Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, (i) which has as one of its primary objectives or activities the commission of one or more criminal activities; (ii) which has an identifiable name or identifying sign or symbol; and (iii) whose members individually or collectively have engaged in the commission of, attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or solicitation of two or more predicate criminal acts, at least one of which is an act of violence, provided such acts were not part of a common act or transaction.

8002 "Predicate criminal act" means (i) an act of violence; (ii) any violation of § 18.2-31, 18.2-42, 8003 18.2-46.3, 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-51.2, 18.2-51.3, 18.2-51.6, 18.2-52, 18.2-52.1, 18.2-53, 18.2-53.1, 8004 18.2-55, 18.2-56.1, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-59, 18.2-83, 18.2-89, 18.2-90, 18.2-95, 18.2-108.1, 18.2-121, 8005 18.2-127, 18.2-128, 18.2-137, 18.2-138, 18.2-146, 18.2-147, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-279, 18.2-282.1, 18.2-286.1, 18.2-287.4, 18.2-289, 18.2-300, 18.2-308.1, 18.2-308.2, 8006 18.2-308.2:01, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 18.2-357.1; (iii) a felony violation of 8007 8008 18.2-60.3, 18.2-346.01, 18.2-348, or 18.2-349; (iv) a felony violation of 4.1-1101, or 18.2-248, or 8009 18.2-248.1 or a conspiracy to commit a felony violation of § 4.1-1101, or 18.2-248, or 18.2-248.1; (v) 8010 any violation of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to § 15.2-1812.2; or (vi) any substantially similar offense under the laws of another state or territory of the United States, the District of Columbia, or the 8011 8012 United States.

8013 § 18.2-57. Assault and battery; penalty.

8014 A. Any person who commits a simple assault or assault and battery is guilty of a Class 1
8015 misdemeanor, and if the person intentionally selects the person against whom a simple assault is
8016 committed because of his race, religious conviction, gender, disability, gender identity, sexual
8017 orientation, color, or national origin, the penalty upon conviction shall include a term of confinement of at least six months.

8019 B. However, if a person intentionally selects the person against whom an assault and battery resulting
8020 in bodily injury is committed because of his race, religious conviction, gender, disability, gender
8021 identity, sexual orientation, color, or national origin, the person is guilty of a Class 6 felony, and the
8022 penalty upon conviction shall include a term of confinement of at least six months.

8023 C. In addition, if If any person commits an assault or an assault and battery against another knowing 8024 or having reason to know that such other person is a judge, a magistrate, a law-enforcement officer as 8025 defined in subsection F, a correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1, a person directly involved in the 8026 care, treatment, or supervision of inmates in the custody of the Department of Corrections or an 8027 employee of a local or regional correctional facility directly involved in the care, treatment, or 8028 supervision of inmates in the custody of the facility, a person directly involved in the care, treatment, or 8029 supervision of persons in the custody of or under the supervision of the Department of Juvenile Justice, 8030 an employee or other individual who provides control, care, or treatment of sexually violent predators 8031 committed to the custody of the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, a 8032 firefighter as defined in § 65.2-102, or a volunteer firefighter or any an emergency medical services 8033 personnel member who is employed by or is a volunteer of an emergency medical services agency or as 8034 a member of a bona fide volunteer fire department or volunteer emergency medical services agency, 8035 regardless of whether a resolution has been adopted by the governing body of a political subdivision 8036 recognizing such firefighters or emergency medical services personnel as employees, engaged in the 8037 performance of his public duties anywhere in the Commonwealth, such person is guilty of a Class 6 8038 felony, and, upon conviction, the sentence of such person shall include a mandatory minimum term of 8039 confinement of six months.

8040 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to affect the right of any person charged with a8041 violation of this section from asserting and presenting evidence in support of any defenses to the charge8042 that may be available under common law.

D. In addition, if any Any person who commits a battery against another knowing or having reason to know that such other person is a full-time or part-time employee of any public or private elementary or secondary school and who is engaged in the performance of his duties as such, he is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor and the sentence of such person upon conviction shall include a sentence of 15 days in jail, two days of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of confinement. However, if the offense is committed by use of a firearm or other weapon prohibited on school property pursuant to § 18.2-308.1, the person shall serve a mandatory minimum sentence of confinement of six months.

E. In addition, any Any person who commits a battery against another knowing or having reason to know that such individual is a health care provider as defined in § 8.01-581.1 who is engaged in the performance of his duties in a hospital or in an emergency room on the premises of any clinic or other facility rendering emergency medical care is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The sentence of such person, upon conviction, shall include a term of confinement of 15 days in jail, two days of which shall

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8055 be a mandatory minimum term of confinement.

8056 F. As used in this section:

8057 "Disability" means a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of a 8058 person's major life activities.

8059 "Hospital" means a public or private institution licensed pursuant to Chapter 5 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of 8060 Title 32.1 or Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2.

8061 "Judge" means any justice or judge of a court of record of the Commonwealth, including a judge designated under § 17.1-105, a judge under temporary recall under § 17.1-106, or a judge pro tempore 8062 8063 under § 17.1-109, any member of the State Corporation Commission, or of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission, and any judge of a district court of the Commonwealth or any substitute 8064 8065 judge of such district court.

'Law-enforcement officer" means any a full-time or part-time employee of a police department or 8066 8067 sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof 8068 who is responsible for the prevention or detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic, or 8069 highway laws of the Commonwealth, any a conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and 8070 Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115, any a special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage 8071 Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, a conservation police officers officer 8072 appointed pursuant to § 29.1-200, a full-time sworn members member of the enforcement division of the 8073 Department of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217, and any an employee with internal 8074 investigations authority designated by the Department of Corrections pursuant to subdivision 11 of § 53.1-10, and such officer also includes a jail officers officer in a local and or regional correctional facilities facility, all a deputy sheriffs sheriff, whether assigned to law-enforcement duties, court services, 8075 8076 8077 or local jail responsibilities, an auxiliary police officers officer appointed or provided for pursuant to §§ 15.2-1731 and 15.2-1733, an auxiliary deputy sheriffs sheriff appointed pursuant to § 15.2-1603, a 8078 8079 police officers officer of the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority pursuant to § 5.1-158, and a fire marshals marshal appointed pursuant to § 27-30 when such fire marshals have marshal has police powers as set out in §§ 27-34.2 and 27-34.2:1. 8080 8081 8082

"School security officer" means the same as that term is defined in § 9.1-101.

G. "Simple assault" or "assault and battery" shall not be construed to include the use of, by any 8083 school security officer or full-time or part-time employee of any public or private elementary or 8084 8085 secondary school while acting in the course and scope of his official capacity, any of the following: (i) 8086 incidental, minor, or reasonable physical contact or other actions designed to maintain order and control; 8087 (ii) reasonable and necessary force to quell a disturbance or remove a student from the scene of a 8088 disturbance that threatens physical injury to persons or damage to property; (iii) reasonable and 8089 necessary force to prevent a student from inflicting physical harm on himself; (iv) reasonable and 8090 necessary force for self-defense or the defense of others; or (v) reasonable and necessary force to obtain 8091 possession of weapons or other dangerous objects or controlled substances or associated paraphernalia 8092 that are upon the person of the student or within his control.

8093 In determining whether a person was acting within the exceptions provided in this subsection, due 8094 deference shall be given to reasonable judgments that were made by a school security officer or 8095 full-time or part-time employee of any public or private elementary or secondary school at the time of 8096 the event.

§ 18.2-247. Use of terms "controlled substances," "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and VI," 8097 8098 "imitation controlled substance" and "counterfeit controlled substance" in Title 18.2.

A. Wherever the terms "controlled substances" and "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and VI" are used in 8099 8100 Title 18.2, such terms refer to those terms as they are used or defined in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.). 8101

B. The term "imitation controlled substance" when used in this article means (i) a counterfeit 8102 8103 controlled substance or (ii) a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any form whatsoever which that is not 8104 a controlled substance subject to abuse, and:

8105 1. Which by overall dosage unit appearance, including color, shape, size, marking, and packaging, or 8106 by representations made, would cause the likelihood that such a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any 8107 other form whatsoever will be mistaken for a controlled substance unless such substance was introduced 8108 into commerce prior to the initial introduction into commerce of the controlled substance which it is 8109 alleged to imitate; or

8110 2. Which by express or implied representations purports to act like a controlled substance as a stimulant or depressant of the central nervous system and which is not commonly used or recognized for 8111 use in that particular formulation for any purpose other than for such stimulant or depressant effect, 8112 8113 unless marketed, promoted, or sold as permitted by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

C. In determining whether a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any other form whatsoever, is an "imitation controlled substance," there shall be considered, in addition to all other relevant factors, 8114 8115 8116 comparisons with accepted methods of marketing for legitimate nonprescription drugs for medicinal

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8117 purposes rather than for drug abuse or any similar nonmedicinal use, including consideration of the
8118 packaging of the drug and its appearance in overall finished dosage form, promotional materials or
8119 representations, oral or written, concerning the drug, and the methods of distribution of the drug and
8120 where and how it is sold to the public.

8121 D. The term "marijuana" when used in this article means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis, 8122 whether growing or not, its seeds or resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, 8123 or preparation of such plant, its seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. 8124 Marijuana does not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, oil or cake 8125 made from the seed of such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil or cake is combined with other parts of 8126 plants of the genus Cannabis. Marijuana does not include (i) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, 8127 that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent; (ii) 8128 industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer 8129 license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; or (iii) a hemp 8130 product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, containing a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 8131 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed 8132 in compliance with state or federal law.

8133 E. The term "counterfeit controlled substance" means a controlled substance that, without authorization, bears, is packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear, the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness thereof, of a drug manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor other than the manufacturer, processor, packer, or 8137 distributor who did in fact so manufacture, process, pack, or distribute such drug.

8138 F. The Department of Forensic Science shall determine the proper methods for detecting the concentration of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in substances for the purposes of this title and \$\\$ 54.1-3401 and 54.1-3446. The testing methodology shall use post-decarboxylation testing or other equivalent method and shall consider the potential conversion of delta-9-tetrahydrocannibinol acid (THC-A) into THC. The test result shall include the total available THC derived from the sum of the THC and THC-A content.

§ 18.2-248. Manufacturing, selling, giving, distributing, or possessing with intent to
manufacture, sell, give, or distribute a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance
prohibited; penalties.

8147 A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it shall be is unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance.

B. In determining whether any person intends to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute an imitation controlled substance, the court may consider, in addition to all other relevant evidence, whether any distribution or attempted distribution of such pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any other form whatsoever included an exchange of or a demand for money or other property as consideration, and, if so, whether the amount of such consideration was substantially greater than the reasonable value of such pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any other form whatsoever, considering the actual chemical composition of such pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any other form whatsoever and, where applicable, the price at which over-the-counter substances of like chemical composition sell.

8158 C. Except as provided in subsection C1, any person who violates this section with respect to a 8159 controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II shall upon conviction be imprisoned for not less than five nor more than 40 years and fined not more than \$500,000. Upon a second conviction of such a 8160 8161 violation, and it is alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information that the person has been before convicted of such an offense or of a substantially similar offense in any other jurisdiction, which offense 8162 8163 would be a felony if committed in the Commonwealth, and such prior conviction occurred before the date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, any such person may, in the 8164 8165 discretion of the court or jury imposing the sentence, be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for any period not less than five years, three years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 8166 8167 imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence, and he shall be fined not more than 8168 \$500,000.

8169 When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent offense under this subsection and it is alleged in 8170 the warrant, indictment, or information that he has been before convicted of two or more such offenses 8171 or of substantially similar offenses in any other jurisdiction which offenses would be felonies if 8172 committed in the Commonwealth and such prior convictions occurred before the date of the offense 8173 alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for a 8174 period of not less than 10 years, 10 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 8175 imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence, and he shall be fined not more than 8176 \$500,000.

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8178 sell, give, or distribute the following is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$18179 million and imprisonment for five years to life, five years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term8180 of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence:

8181 1.100 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

8182 2. 500 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

8185 b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

8186 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

8187 d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of any of the substances 8188 referred to in subdivisions 2a through 2e a, b, and c;

8189 3. 250 grams or more of a mixture or substance described in subdivisions $2a \ 2a$ through $2d \ 2d$ that contain cocaine base; or

8191 4. 10 grams or more of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or 20 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers.

8194 The mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be imposed for a violation of this subsection shall8195 not be applicable if the court finds that:

a. The person does not have a prior conviction for an offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805;

8197 b. The person did not use violence or credible threats of violence or possess a firearm or other
8198 dangerous weapon in connection with the offense or induce another participant in the offense to do so;
8199 c. The offense did not result in death or serious bodily injury to any person;

d. The person was not an organizer, leader, manager, or supervisor of others in the offense, and wasnot engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise as defined in subsection I; and

e. Not later than the time of the sentencing hearing, the person has truthfully provided to the
Commonwealth all information and evidence the person has concerning the offense or offenses that were
part of the same course of conduct or of a common scheme or plan, but the fact that the person has no
relevant or useful other information to provide or that the Commonwealth already is aware of the
information shall not preclude a determination by the court that the defendant has complied with this
requirement.

8208 C1. Any person who violates this section with respect to the manufacturing of methamphetamine, its 8209 salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or less than 200 grams of a mixture or substance containing a 8210 detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers shall, upon conviction, 8211 be imprisoned for not less than 10 nor more than 40 years and fined not more than \$500,000. Upon a 8212 second conviction of such a violation, any such person may, in the discretion of the court or jury 8213 imposing the sentence, be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for any period not less than 10 years, 8214 and be fined not more than \$500,000. When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent offense 8215 under this subsection and it is alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information that he has been 8216 previously convicted of two or more such offenses or of substantially similar offenses in any other jurisdiction, which offenses would be felonies if committed in the Commonwealth and such prior 8217 8218 convictions occurred before the date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he 8219 shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for a period not less than 10 years, three years of which 8220 shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence 8221 and he shall be fined not more than \$500,000.

8222 Upon conviction, in addition to any other punishment, a person found guilty of this offense shall be 8223 ordered by the court to make restitution, as the court deems appropriate, to any innocent property owner 8224 whose property is damaged, destroyed, or otherwise rendered unusable as a result of such 8225 methamphetamine production. This restitution shall include the person's or his estate's estimated or actual 8226 expenses associated with cleanup, removal, or repair of the affected property. If the property that is 8227 damaged, destroyed, or otherwise rendered unusable as a result of such methamphetamine production is 8228 property owned in whole or in part by the person convicted, the court shall order the person to pay to 8229 the Methamphetamine Cleanup Fund authorized in § 18.2-248.04 the reasonable estimated or actual 8230 expenses associated with cleanup, removal, or repair of the affected property or, if actual or estimated expenses cannot be determined, the sum of \$10,000. The convicted person shall also pay the cost of 8231 8232 certifying that any building that is cleaned up or repaired pursuant to this section is safe for human 8233 occupancy according to the guidelines established pursuant to § 32.1-11.7.

D. If such person proves that he gave, distributed, or possessed with intent to give or distribute a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II only as an accommodation to another individual who is not an inmate in a community correctional facility, local correctional facility, or state correctional facility as defined in § 53.1-1 or in the custody of an employee thereof, and not with intent to profit thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of the controlled substance to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance, he

8240 shall be is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

8241 E. If the violation of the provisions of this article consists of the filling by a pharmacist of the 8242 prescription of a person authorized under this article to issue the same, which prescription has not been 8243 received in writing by the pharmacist prior to the filling thereof, and such written prescription is in fact 8244 received by the pharmacist within one week of the time of filling the same, or if such violation consists 8245 of a request by such authorized person for the filling by a pharmacist of a prescription which has not 8246 been received in writing by the pharmacist and such prescription is, in fact, written at the time of such 8247 request and delivered to the pharmacist within one week thereof, either such offense shall constitute a 8248 Class 4 misdemeanor.

8249 E1. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule
8250 III except for an anabolic steroid classified in Schedule III, constituting a violation of § 18.2-248.5, shall
8251 be is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

E2. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule IV shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

8254 E3. Any person who proves that he gave, distributed, or possessed with the intent to give or 8255 distribute a controlled substance classified in Schedule III or IV, except for an anabolic steroid classified 8256 in Schedule III, constituting a violation of § 18.2-248.5, only as an accommodation to another individual 8257 who is not an inmate in a community correctional facility, local correctional facility, or state correctional 8258 facility as defined in § 53.1-1 or in the custody of an employee thereof, and not with the intent to profit 8259 thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of 8260 the controlled substance to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance, is 8261 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

8262 F. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule
8263 V or Schedule VI or an imitation controlled substance which that imitates a controlled substance
8264 classified in Schedule V or Schedule VI, shall be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

8265 G. Any person who violates this section with respect to an imitation controlled substance which that
8266 imitates a controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV shall be is guilty of a Class 6
8267 felony. In any prosecution brought under this subsection, it is not a defense to a violation of this
8268 subsection that the defendant believed the imitation controlled substance to actually be a controlled
8269 substance.

8270 H. Any person who manufactures, sells, gives, distributes, or possesses with the intent to 8271 manufacture, sell, give, or distribute the following:

8272 1. 1.0 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

8273 2. 5.0 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

- a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;
- b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;
- 8277 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

8278 d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which *that* contains any quantity of any of the substances 8279 referred to in subdivisions a through, *b*, and c;

8280 3. 2.5 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance described in subdivision 2 which that contains 8281 cocaine base; or

8282 4. 100 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana; or 8283 5. 100 grams or more of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or 200 grams or 8284 more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, 8285 or salts of its isomers shall be is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and 8286 imprisonment for 20 years to life, 20 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum sentence. Such 8287 mandatory minimum sentence shall not be applicable if the court finds that (i) the person does not have 8288 a prior conviction for an offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805; (ii) the person did not use 8289 violence or credible threats of violence or possess a firearm or other dangerous weapon in connection 8290 with the offense or induce another participant in the offense to do so; (iii) the offense did not result in 8291 death or serious bodily injury to any person; (iv) the person was not an organizer, leader, manager, or 8292 supervisor of others in the offense, and was not engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise as defined 8293 in subsection I of this section; and (v) not later than the time of the sentencing hearing, the person has 8294 truthfully provided to the Commonwealth all information and evidence the person has concerning the 8295 offense or offenses that were part of the same course of conduct or of a common scheme or plan, but 8296 the fact that the person has no relevant or useful other information to provide or that the Commonwealth 8297 already is aware of the information shall not preclude a determination by the court that the defendant 8298 has complied with this requirement.

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8301 least \$100,000 but less than \$250,000 in gross receipts during any 12-month period of its existence from 8302 the manufacture, importation, or distribution of heroin or cocaine or ecgonine or methamphetamine or 8303 the derivatives, salts, isomers, or salts of isomers thereof or marijuana or (ii) the person engaged in the 8304 enterprise to manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with the intent to manufacture, sell, give, or 8305 distribute the following during any 12-month period of its existence:

8306 1. At least 1.0 kilograms but less than 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a 8307 detectable amount of heroin;

8308 2. At least 5.0 kilograms but less than 10 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable 8309 amount of:

8310 a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and 8311 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

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b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers; 8313 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

8314 d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which that contains any quantity of any of the substances referred to in subdivisions a through, b, and c; 8315

8316 3. At least 2.5 kilograms but less than 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance described in 8317 subdivision 2 which that contains cocaine base; or

4. At least 100 kilograms but less than 250 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a 8318 8319 detectable amount of marijuana; or

8320 5. At least 100 grams but less than 250 grams of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its 8321 isomers or at least 200 grams but less than 1.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a 8322 detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers.

A conviction under this section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and imprisonment for 20 years to life, 20 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum sentence. 8323 8324

8325 H2. Any person who was the principal or one of several principal administrators, organizers, or leaders of a continuing criminal enterprise if (i) the enterprise received \$250,000 or more in gross 8326 8327 receipts during any 12-month period of its existence from the manufacture, importation, or distribution 8328 of heroin or cocaine or ecgonine or methamphetamine or the derivatives, salts, isomers, or salts of 8329 isomers thereof or marijuana or (ii) the person engaged in the enterprise to manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with the intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute the following during any 8330 8331 12-month period of its existence:

1. At least 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

2. At least 10 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

8334 a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and 8335 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

8336 b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers; 8337

c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

8338 d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which that contains any quantity of any of the substances 8339 referred to in subdivisions a through, b, and c;

8340 3. At least 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance described in subdivision 2 which that contains 8341 cocaine base; or

4. At least 250 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana; or

8343 5. At least 250 grams of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or at least 1.0 8344 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, 8345 isomers, or salts of its isomers shall be is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 8346 million and imprisonment for life, which shall be served with no suspension in whole or in part. Such 8347 punishment shall be made to run consecutively with any other sentence. However, the court may impose a mandatory minimum sentence of 40 years if the court finds that the defendant substantially cooperated 8348 8349 with law-enforcement authorities.

8350 I. For purposes of this section, a person is engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise if (i) he 8351 violates any provision of this section, the punishment for which is a felony, and either (ii) such violation 8352 is a part of a continuing series of violations of this section which are undertaken by such person in 8353 concert with five or more other persons with respect to whom such person occupies a position of 8354 organizer, a supervisory position, or any other position of management, and from which such person 8355 obtains substantial income or resources or (iii) such violation is committed, with respect to methamphetamine or other controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II, for the benefit of, at the 8356 8357 direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1.

J. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), any person who possesses any 8358 two or more different substances listed below with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine, 8359 methcathinone, or amphetamine is guilty of a Class 6 felony: liquefied ammonia gas, ammonium nitrate, 8360 8361 ether, hypophosphorus acid solutions, hypophosphite salts, hydrochloric acid, iodine crystals or tincture of iodine, phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, red phosphorus, methylamine, methyl formamide, lithium, 8362

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8363 sodium metal, sulfuric acid, sodium hydroxide, potassium dichromate, sodium dichromate, potassium 8364 permanganate, chromium trioxide, methylbenzene, methamphetamine precursor drugs, trichloroethane, or 8365 2-propanone.

8366 K. The term "methamphetamine precursor drug," when used in this article, means a drug or product 8367 containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine or any of their salts, optical isomers, or 8368 salts of optical isomers. 8369

§ 18.2-248.01. Transporting controlled substances into the Commonwealth; penalty.

8370 Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it is unlawful for any person to 8371 transport into the Commonwealth by any means with intent to sell or distribute one ounce or more of 8372 cocaine, coca leaves, or any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof as described in Schedule 8373 II of the Drug Control Act or one ounce or more of any other Schedule I or II controlled substance or 8374 five or more pounds of marijuana. A violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct 8375 felony. Upon conviction, the person shall be sentenced to not less than five years nor more than 40 8376 years imprisonment, three years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, and a 8377 fine not to exceed \$1,000,000 \$1 million. A second or subsequent conviction hereunder shall be 8378 punishable by a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years, which shall be served 8379 consecutively with any other sentence.

8380 § 18.2-251. Persons charged with first offense may be placed on probation; conditions; 8381 substance abuse screening, assessment treatment and education programs or services; drug tests; 8382 costs and fees; violations; discharge.

8383 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any criminal offense under this 8384 article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or 8385 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for 8386 violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in this section, or pleads guilty to or enters a plea of 8387 not guilty to possession of a controlled substance under § 18.2-250, the court, upon such plea if the facts 8388 found by the court would justify a finding of guilt, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the 8389 consent of the accused, may defer further proceedings and place him on probation upon terms and 8390 conditions. If the court defers further proceedings, at that time the court shall determine whether the 8391 clerk of court has been provided with the fingerprint identification information or fingerprints of the 8392 person, taken by a law-enforcement officer pursuant to § 19.2-390, and, if not, shall order that the 8393 fingerprints and photograph of the person be taken by a law-enforcement officer.

8394 As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to undergo a substance abuse assessment 8395 pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 or 19.2-299.2, as appropriate, and enter treatment and/or education program or 8396 services, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the needs of the accused 8397 based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The program or services may be located in 8398 the judicial district in which the charge is brought or in any other judicial district as the court may 8399 provide. The services shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, by a similar program which is made available through the 8400 8401 Department of Corrections, (ii) a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant 8402 to § 9.1-174, or (iii) an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP.

8403 The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay 8404 all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, assessment, testing, and 8405 treatment, based upon the accused's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be 8406 indigent.

8407 As a condition of probation, the court shall require the accused (a) to successfully complete treatment 8408 or education program or services, (b) to remain drug and alcohol free during the period of probation and 8409 submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate to determine if the accused 8410 is drug and alcohol free, (c) to make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, and (d) to 8411 comply with a plan of at least 100 hours of community service for a felony and up to 24 hours of 8412 community service for a misdemeanor. Such testing shall be conducted by personnel of the supervising 8413 probation agency or personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency.

8414 Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as 8415 otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, and upon determining that the clerk of 8416 court has been provided with the fingerprint identification information or fingerprints of such person, the 8417 court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under 8418 this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is a conviction only for the purposes of applying 8419 this section in subsequent proceedings.

8420 Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, whenever a court places an individual on 8421 probation upon terms and conditions pursuant to this section, such action shall be treated as a conviction 8422 for purposes of § 22.1-315. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be applicable to any offense for 8423 which a juvenile has had his license suspended or denied pursuant to § 16.1-278.9 for the same offense.

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8424 § 18.2-251.03. Arrest and prosecution when experiencing or reporting overdoses.

8425 A. For purposes of this section, "overdose" means a life-threatening condition resulting from the 8426 consumption or use of a controlled substance, alcohol, or any combination of such substances.

8427 B. No individual shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for the unlawful purchase, possession, or consumption of alcohol pursuant to § 4.1-305, unlawful purchase, possession, or consumption of 8428 marijuana pursuant to § 4.1-1105.1 4.1-1104 or 4.1-1105, possession of a controlled substance pursuant 8429 to § 18.2-250, intoxication in public pursuant to § 18.2-388, or possession of controlled paraphernalia 8430 8431 pursuant to § 54.1-3466 if:

8432 1. Such individual (i) in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency medical attention (a) for himself, if 8433 he is experiencing an overdose, or (b) for another individual, if such other individual is experiencing an overdose; (ii) is experiencing an overdose and another individual, in good faith, seeks or obtains 8434 emergency medical attention for such individual, by contemporaneously reporting such overdose to a 8435 8436 firefighter, as defined in § 65.2-102, emergency medical services personnel, as defined in § 32.1-111.1, a law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, or an emergency 911 system; or (iii) in good faith, 8437 8438 renders emergency care or assistance, including cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or the 8439 administration of naloxone or other opioid antagonist for overdose reversal, to an individual experiencing 8440 an overdose while another individual seeks or obtains emergency medical attention in accordance with 8441 this subdivision:

8442 2. Such individual remains at the scene of the overdose or at any alternative location to which he or 8443 the person requiring emergency medical attention has been transported until a law-enforcement officer 8444 responds to the report of an overdose. If no law-enforcement officer is present at the scene of the 8445 overdose or at the alternative location, then such individual shall cooperate with law enforcement as 8446 otherwise set forth herein:

3. Such individual identifies himself to the law-enforcement officer who responds to the report of the 8447 8448 overdose: and

8449 4. The evidence for the prosecution of an offense enumerated in this subsection was obtained as a 8450 result of the individual seeking or obtaining emergency medical attention or rendering emergency care or 8451 assistance.

C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person who seeks or obtains emergency 8452 8453 medical attention for himself or another individual, to a person experiencing an overdose when another 8454 individual seeks or obtains emergency medical attention for him, or to a person who renders emergency 8455 care or assistance to an individual experiencing an overdose while another person seeks or obtains 8456 emergency medical attention during the execution of a search warrant or during the conduct of a lawful 8457 search or a lawful arrest.

8458 D. This section does not establish protection from arrest or prosecution for any individual or offense 8459 other than those listed in subsection B.

8460 E. No law-enforcement officer acting in good faith shall be found liable for false arrest if it is later 8461 determined that the person arrested was immune from prosecution under this section. 8462

§ 18.2-251.1:1. Possession or distribution of cannabis oil; public schools.

8463 No school nurse employed by a local school board, person employed by a local health department 8464 who is assigned to the public school pursuant to an agreement between the local health department and 8465 the school board, or other person employed by or contracted with a local school board to deliver 8466 health-related services shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, or 18.2-255 for the possession or distribution of cannabis oil for 8467 8468 storing, dispensing, or administering cannabis oil, in accordance with a policy adopted by the local school board, to a student who has been issued a valid written certification for the use of cannabis oil in 8469 accordance with subsection B of § 54.1-3408.3. 8470

§ 18.2-251.1:2. Possession or distribution of cannabis oil; nursing homes and certified nursing 8471 8472 facilities; hospice and hospice facilities; assisted living facilities.

8473 No person employed by a nursing home, hospice, hospice facility, or assisted living facility and 8474 authorized to possess, distribute, or administer medications to patients or residents shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the 8475 8476 possession or distribution of cannabis oil for the purposes of storing, dispensing, or administering 8477 cannabis oil to a patient or resident who has been issued a valid written certification for the use of 8478 cannabis oil in accordance with subsection B of § 54.1-3408.3 and has registered with the Board of 8479 Pharmacy.

8480 § 18.2-251.1:3. Possession or distribution of cannabis oil, or industrial hemp; laboratories; 8481 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services employees.

8482 A. No person employed by an analytical laboratory to retrieve, deliver, or possess cannabis oil or 8483 industrial hemp samples from a permitted pharmaceutical processor, a registered industrial hemp grower, a federally licensed hemp producer, or a registered industrial hemp processor for the purpose of 8484 performing required testing shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or 8485

8486 § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, or 18.2-255 for the possession or distribution of cannabis oil or industrial hemp or for storing cannabis oil or industrial hemp for testing purposes in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy and the Board of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

8490 B. No employee of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be prosecuted under
8491 *Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the possession or distribution of industrial hemp when possession of industrial hemp is necessary in the performance of his duties.*

§ 18.2-252. Suspended sentence conditioned upon substance abuse screening, assessment, testing,
 and treatment or education.

8496 The trial judge or court trying the case of any person found guilty of a criminal violation of any law 8497 concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious 8498 chemical substances and like substances shall condition any suspended sentence by first requiring such 8499 person to agree to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 and to submit to such 8500 periodic substance abuse testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. Such testing 8501 shall be conducted by the supervising probation agency or by personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency. The cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be 8502 8503 paid by the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of such proceedings. The judge or court 8504 shall order the person, as a condition of any suspended sentence, to undergo such treatment or education 8505 for substance abuse, if available, as the judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency 8506 8507 licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, by a similar program or 8508 services available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a sentence of one year or 8509 more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar program or services available 8510 through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant 8511 to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP.

§ 18.2-254. Commitment of convicted person for treatment for substance abuse.

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A. Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any criminal offense under this 8513 8514 article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, 8515 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in § 18.2-251 is found guilty of violating any law 8516 8517 concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious 8518 chemical substances, and like substances, the judge or court shall require such person to undergo a 8519 substance abuse screening pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 and to submit to such periodic substance abuse 8520 testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. The cost of such testing ordered by 8521 the court shall be paid by the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of the criminal 8522 proceedings. The judge or court shall also order the person to undergo such treatment or education for 8523 substance abuse, if available, as the judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the 8524 substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency 8525 licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or by a similar program 8526 or services available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a sentence of one year 8527 or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar program or services 8528 available through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation services agency established 8529 pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP.

8530 B. The court trying the case of any person alleged to have committed any criminal offense 8531 designated by this article or by the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or in any other criminal case 8532 in which the commission of the offense was motivated by or closely related to the use of drugs and 8533 determined by the court, pursuant to a substance abuse screening and assessment, to be in need of 8534 treatment for the use of drugs may commit, based upon a consideration of the substance abuse 8535 assessment, such person, upon his conviction, to any facility for the treatment of persons with substance 8536 abuse, licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, if space is 8537 available in such facility, for a period of time not in excess of the maximum term of imprisonment 8538 specified as the penalty for conviction of such offense or, if sentence was determined by a jury, not in 8539 excess of the term of imprisonment as set by such jury. Confinement under such commitment shall be, 8540 in all regards, treated as confinement in a penal institution and the person so committed may be 8541 convicted of escape if he leaves the place of commitment without authority. A charge of escape may be 8542 prosecuted in either the jurisdiction where the treatment facility is located or the jurisdiction where the 8543 person was sentenced to commitment. The court may revoke such commitment at any time and transfer 8544 the person to an appropriate state or local correctional facility. Upon presentation of a certified statement 8545 from the director of the treatment facility to the effect that the confined person has successfully 8546 responded to treatment, the court may release such confined person prior to the termination of the period

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8547 of time for which such person was confined and may suspend the remainder of the term upon such 8548 conditions as the court may prescribe.

8549 C. The court trying a case in which commission of the criminal offense was related to the 8550 defendant's habitual abuse of alcohol and in which the court determines, pursuant to a substance abuse 8551 screening and assessment, that such defendant is in need of treatment, may commit, based upon a 8552 consideration of the substance abuse assessment, such person, upon his conviction, to any facility for the 8553 treatment of persons with substance abuse licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 8554 Developmental Services, if space is available in such facility, for a period of time not in excess of the 8555 maximum term of imprisonment specified as the penalty for conviction. Confinement under such commitment shall be, in all regards, treated as confinement in a penal institution and the person so 8556 8557 committed may be convicted of escape if he leaves the place of commitment without authority. The 8558 court may revoke such commitment at any time and transfer the person to an appropriate state or local 8559 correctional facility. Upon presentation of a certified statement from the director of the treatment facility 8560 to the effect that the confined person has successfully responded to treatment, the court may release such 8561 confined person prior to the termination of the period of time for which such person was confined and 8562 may suspend the remainder of the term upon such conditions as the court may prescribe.

§ 18.2-255. Distribution of certain drugs to persons under 18 prohibited; penalty.

A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act, Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1, it 8564 8565 shall be is unlawful for any person who is at least 18 years of age to knowingly or intentionally (i) 8566 distribute any drug classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV or marijuana to any person under 18 years of 8567 age who is at least three years his junior or (ii) cause any person under 18 years of age to assist in such distribution of any drug classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV or marijuana. Any person violating this 8568 8569 provision shall upon conviction be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for a period not less than 10 nor more than 50 years, and fined not more than \$100,000. Five years of the sentence imposed for a 8570 8571 conviction under this section involving a Schedule I or II controlled substance or one ounce or more of 8572 marijuana shall be a mandatory minimum sentence. Two years of the sentence imposed for a conviction 8573 under this section involving less than one ounce of marijuana shall be a mandatory minimum sentence.

8574 B. It shall be is unlawful for any person who is at least 18 years of age to knowingly or intentionally 8575 (i) distribute any imitation controlled substance to a person under 18 years of age who is at least three 8576 years his junior or (ii) cause any person under 18 years of age to assist in such distribution of any 8577 imitation controlled substance. Any person violating this provision shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

8578 § 18.2-255.1. Distribution, sale, or display to a minor of printed material advertising 8579 instruments for use in administering a controlled substance; penalty.

8580 It shall be is a Class 1 misdemeanor for any person knowingly to sell, distribute, or display for sale 8581 to a minor any book, pamphlet, periodical, or other printed matter which that he knows advertises for 8582 sale any instrument, device, article, or contrivance for advertised use in unlawfully ingesting, smoking, administering, preparing, or growing marijuana or a controlled substance. 8583

8584 § 18.2-255.2. Prohibiting the sale or manufacture of drugs on or near certain properties; 8585 penalty.

8586 A. It shall be is unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell, or distribute or possess with intent to 8587 sell, give, or distribute any controlled substance, or imitation controlled substance, or marijuana while:

8588 1. Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any public or private elementary or 8589 secondary school, any institution of higher education, or any clearly marked licensed child day center as 8590 defined in § 22.1-289.02;

8591 2. Upon public property or any property open to public use within 1,000 feet of the property 8592 described in subdivision 1; 8593

3. On any school bus as defined in § 46.2-100;

4. Upon a designated school bus stop, or upon either public property or any property open to public 8594 8595 use which is within 1,000 feet of such school bus stop, during the time when school children are 8596 waiting to be picked up and transported to or are being dropped off from school or a school-sponsored 8597 activity;

8598 5. Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any publicly owned or publicly operated 8599 recreation or community center facility or any public library; or

8600 6. Upon the property of any state facility as defined in § 37.2-100 or upon public property or 8601 property open to public use within 1,000 feet of such an institution facility.

8602 It is a violation of the provisions of this section if the person possessed the controlled substance, or 8603 imitation controlled substance, or marijuana on the property described in subdivisions 1 through 6, 8604 regardless of where the person intended to sell, give, or distribute the controlled substance, or imitation controlled substance, or marijuana. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the authorized distribution of 8605 8606 controlled substances.

B. Violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct felony. Any person violating the 8607 8608 provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned for a term of not less than one year nor

8609 more than five years and fined not more than \$100,000. A second or subsequent conviction hereunder for an offense involving a controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, or III of the Drug Control 8610 8611 Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or more than one-half ounce of marijuana shall be punished by a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of one year to be served consecutively with any other sentence. 8612 8613 However, if such person proves that he sold such controlled substance or marijuana only as an 8614 accommodation to another individual and not with intent to profit thereby from any consideration 8615 received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of the controlled substance or 8616 marijuana to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance or marijuana, he is 8617 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

8618 Č. If a person commits an act violating the provisions of this section, and the same act also violates
8619 another provision of law that provides for penalties greater than those provided for by this section, then
8620 nothing in this section shall prohibit or bar any prosecution or proceeding under that other provision of
8621 law or the imposition of any penalties provided for thereby.

8622 § 18.2-258. Certain premises deemed common nuisance; penalty.

8623 Any office, store, shop, restaurant, dance hall, theater, poolroom, clubhouse, storehouse, warehouse, 8624 dwelling house, apartment, building of any kind, vehicle, vessel, boat, or aircraft, which with the 8625 knowledge of the owner, lessor, agent of any such lessor, manager, chief executive officer, operator, or 8626 tenant thereof, is frequented by persons under the influence of illegally obtained controlled substances or 8627 marijuana, as defined in § 54.1-3401, or for the purpose of illegally obtaining possession of, 8628 manufacturing, or distributing controlled substances or marijuana, or is used for the illegal possession, 8629 manufacture, or distribution of controlled substancesor marijuana shall be deemed a common nuisance. 8630 Any such owner, lessor, agent of any such lessor, manager, chief executive officer, operator, or tenant 8631 who knowingly permits, establishes, keeps, or maintains such a common nuisance is guilty of a Class 1 8632 misdemeanor and, for a second or subsequent offense, a Class 6 felony.

8633 § 18.2-258.02. Maintaining a fortified drug house; penalty.

Any office, store, shop, restaurant, dance hall, theater, poolroom, clubhouse, storehouse, warehouse, dwelling house, apartment or building, or structure of any kind which *that* is (i) substantially altered from its original status by means of reinforcement with the intent to impede, deter, or delay lawful entry by a law-enforcement officer into such structure, (ii) being used for the purpose of manufacturing or distributing controlled substances or marijuana, and (iii) the object of a valid search warrant, shall be considered a fortified drug house. Any person who maintains or operates a fortified drug house is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

8641 § 18.2-258.1. Obtaining drugs, procuring administration of controlled substances, etc., by fraud, 8642 deceit, or forgery.

A. It shall be is unlawful for any person to obtain or attempt to obtain any drug or procure or attempt to procure the administration of any controlled substance or marijuana: (i) by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, embezzlement, or subterfuge; (ii) by the forgery or alteration of a prescription or of any written order; (iii) by the concealment of a material fact; or (iv) by the use of a false name or the giving of a false address.

8648 B. It shall be *is* unlawful for any person to furnish false or fraudulent information in $\Theta \mathbf{F}$, omit any 8649 information from, or willfully make a false statement in, any prescription, order, report, record, or other 8650 document required by Chapter 34 *the Drug Control Act* (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

8651 C. It shall be is unlawful for any person to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance or marijuana a license number which that is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or issued to another person.

8654 D. It shall be is unlawful for any person, for the purpose of obtaining any controlled substance of marijuana to falsely assume the title of, or represent himself to be, a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacist, physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other authorized person.

8657 E. It shall be *is* unlawful for any person to make or utter any false or forged prescription or false or **8658** forged written order.

8659 F. It shall be *is* unlawful for any person to affix any false or forged label to a package or receptacle containing any controlled substance.

8661 G. This section shall not apply to officers and employees of the United States, of this 8662 Commonwealth, or of a political subdivision of this Commonwealth, acting in the course of their employment, who obtain such drugs for investigative, research, or analytical purposes, or to the agents 8663 8664 or duly authorized representatives of any pharmaceutical manufacturer who obtain such drugs for 8665 investigative, research, or analytical purposes and who are acting in the course of their employment; 8666 provided that such manufacturer is licensed under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and 8667 Cosmetic Act_i, and provided further, that such pharmaceutical manufacturer, its agents, and duly authorized representatives file with the Board such information as the Board may deem appropriate. 8668

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8669 H. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any person who shall violate any provision herein

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8670 shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

8671 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or 8672 under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, 8673 depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of 8674 such an offense dismissed, or reduced as provided in this section, pleads guilty to or enters a plea of not 8675 guilty to the court for violating this section, upon such plea if the facts found by the court would justify 8676 a finding of guilt, the court may place him on probation upon terms and conditions.

As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to be evaluated and enter a treatment 8677 8678 and/or education program, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the needs of the accused. This program may be located in the judicial circuit in which the charge is brought 8679 or in any other judicial circuit as the court may provide. The services shall be provided by a program 8680 certified or licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. The court 8681 8682 shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, evaluation, testing, and education, based 8683 8684 upon the person's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be indigent.

As a condition of supervised probation, the court shall require the accused to remain drug free during 8685 8686 the period of probation and submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate 8687 to determine if the accused is drug free. Such testing may be conducted by the personnel of any 8688 screening, evaluation, and education program to which the person is referred or by the supervising 8689 agency.

8690 Unless the accused was fingerprinted at the time of arrest, the court shall order the accused to report 8691 to the original arresting law-enforcement agency to submit to fingerprinting.

8692 Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt upon the felony and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court 8693 8694 shall find the defendant guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 8695

§ 18.2-265.1. Definition.

8696 As used in this article, the term "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of 8697 any kind which are either designed for use or which are intended by the person charged with violating 8698 18.2-265.3 for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, § 8699 compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, strength testing, analyzing, packaging, 8700 repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body marijuana or a controlled substance. It includes, but is not limited to: 8701

8702 1. Kits intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, or 8703 harvesting of marijuana or any species of plant which is a controlled substance or from which a 8704 controlled substance can be derived;

2. Kits intended for use or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, 8705 8706 processing, or preparing marijuana or controlled substances;

8707 3. Isomerization devices intended for use or designed for use in increasing the potency of marijuana 8708 or any species of plant which that is a controlled substance;

8709 4. Testing equipment intended for use or designed for use in identifying or in analyzing the strength 8710 or effectiveness of marijuana or controlled substances, other than narcotic testing products used to 8711 determine whether a controlled substance contains fentanyl or a fentanyl analog:

8712 5. Scales and balances intended for use or designed for use in weighing or measuring marijuana or 8713 controlled substances;

8714 6. Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, or mannite, intended for use or 8715 designed for use in cutting controlled substances;

8716 7. Separation gins and sifters intended for use or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from, 8717 or in otherwise cleaning or refining, marijuana;

8718 8- Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons, and mixing devices intended for use or designed for use in 8719 compounding controlled substances;

8720 9. 8. Capsules, balloons, envelopes, and other containers intended for use or designed for use in 8721 packaging small quantities of marijuana or controlled substances;

8722 10. 9. Containers and other objects intended for use or designed for use in storing or concealing 8723 marijuana or controlled substances:

8724 11. 10. Hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects intended for use or designed for use in 8725 parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body;

8726 12. 11. Objects intended for use or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing 8727 marijuana, cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body, such as:

8728 a. Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent 8729 screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;

8730 b. Water pipes:

8731 c. Carburetion tubes and devices;

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- 8732 d. Smoking and carburetion masks;
- 8733 e. Roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has 8734 become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
- 8735 f. Miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials;
- 8736 g. Chamber pipes;
- 8737 h. Carburetor pipes;
- 8738 i. Electric pipes;
- 8739 j. Air-driven pipes;
- 8740 k. Chillums;
- 8741 1. Bongs;

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8742 m. Ice pipes or chillers.

8743 § 18.2-265.2. Evidence to be considered in cases under this article.

8744 In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, the court may consider, in addition to all 8745 other relevant evidence, the following:

- 8746 1. Constitutionally admissible statements by the accused concerning the use of the object;
- 8747 2. The proximity of the object to marijuana or controlled substances, which proximity is actually 8748 known to the accused;
- 8749 3. Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use;
- 8750 4. Descriptive materials accompanying the object which that explain or depict its use;
- 8751 5. National and local advertising within the actual knowledge of the accused concerning its use;
- 8752 6. The manner in which the object is displayed for sale;
- 8753 7. Whether the accused is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a 8754 licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;
- 8755 8. Evidence of the ratio of sales of the objects defined in § 18.2-265.1 to the total sales of the 8756 business enterprise; 8757
 - 9. The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community;
 - 10. Expert testimony concerning its use or the purpose for which it was designed; and
- 8759 11. Relevant evidence of the intent of the accused to deliver it to persons who he knows, or should 8760 reasonably know, intend to use the object with an illegal drug. The innocence of an owner, or of anyone 8761 in control of the object, as to a direct violation of this article shall not prevent a finding that the object 8762 is intended for use or designed for use as drug paraphernalia.

8763 § 18.2-265.3. Penalties for sale, etc., of drug paraphernalia.

8764 A. Any person who sells or possesses with intent to sell drug paraphernalia, knowing, or under 8765 circumstances where one reasonably should know, that it is either designed for use or intended by such 8766 person for use to illegally plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, 8767 produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or 8768 otherwise introduce into the human body marijuana or a controlled substance, shall be is guilty of a 8769 Class 1 misdemeanor.

8770 B. Any person eighteen 18 years of age or older who violates subsection A hereof by selling drug 8771 paraphernalia to a minor who is at least three years junior to the accused in age shall be is guilty of a 8772 Class 6 felony.

8773 C. Any person eighteen 18 years of age or older who distributes drug paraphernalia to a minor shall 8774 be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

8775 § 18.2-287.2. Wearing of body armor while committing a crime; penalty.

8776 Any person who, while committing a crime of violence as defined in § 18.2-288 (2) or a felony 8777 violation of § 18.2-248 or subdivision (a) 2 or 3 of § 18.2-248.1, has in his possession a firearm or knife 8778 and is wearing body armor designed to diminish the effect of the impact of a bullet or projectile shall be 8779 is guilty of a Class 4 felony. 8780

§ 18.2-308.03. Fees for concealed handgun permits.

8781 A. The clerk shall charge a fee of \$10 for the processing of an application or issuing of a permit, 8782 including his costs associated with the consultation with law-enforcement agencies. The local 8783 law-enforcement agency conducting the background investigation may charge a fee not to exceed \$35 to 8784 cover the cost of conducting an investigation pursuant to this article. The \$35 fee shall include any 8785 amount assessed by the U.S. Federal Bureau of Investigation for providing criminal history record information, and the local law-enforcement agency shall forward the amount assessed by the U.S. 8786 8787 Federal Bureau of Investigation to the State Police with the fingerprints taken from any nonresident 8788 applicant. The State Police may charge a fee not to exceed \$5 to cover its costs associated with 8789 processing the application. The total amount assessed for processing an application for a permit shall not 8790 exceed \$50, with such fees to be paid in one sum to the person who receives the application. Payment 8791 may be made by any method accepted by that court for payment of other fees or penalties. No payment 8792 shall be required until the application is received by the court as a complete application.

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8793 B. No fee shall be charged for the issuance of such permit to a person who has retired from service 8794 (i) as a magistrate in the Commonwealth; (ii) as a special agent with the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage 8795 Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority or as a law-enforcement officer with the 8796 Department of State Police, the Department of Wildlife Resources, or a sheriff or police department, 8797 bureau, or force of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, after completing 15 years of service 8798 or after reaching age 55; (iii) as a law-enforcement officer with the U.S. Federal Bureau of 8799 Investigation, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, Secret Service Agency, Drug Enforcement Administration, United States Citizenship and Immigration Services, U.S. Customs and Border 8800 Protection, Department of State Diplomatic Security Service, U.S. Marshals Service, or Naval Criminal 8801 Investigative Service, after completing 15 years of service or after reaching age 55; (iv) as a 8802 law-enforcement officer with any police or sheriff's department within the United States, the District of 8803 Columbia, or any of the territories of the United States, after completing 15 years of service; (v) as a 8804 8805 law-enforcement officer with any combination of the agencies listed in clauses (ii) through, (iii), and (iv), after completing 15 years of service; (vi) as a designated boarding team member or boarding officer 8806 8807 of the United States Coast Guard, after completing 15 years of service or after reaching age 55; (vii) as 8808 a correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1, after completing 15 years of service; or (viii) as a probation 8809 and parole officer authorized pursuant to § 53.1-143, after completing 15 years of service. 8810

§ 18.2-308.012. Prohibited conduct.

8811 A. Any person permitted to carry a concealed handgun who is under the influence of alcohol, 8812 marijuana, or illegal drugs while carrying such handgun in a public place is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Conviction of any of the following offenses shall be prima facie evidence, subject to 8813 rebuttal, that the person is "under the influence" for purposes of this section: manslaughter in violation 8814 of § 18.2-36.1, maiming in violation of § 18.2-51.4, driving while intoxicated in violation of § 18.2-266, public intoxication in violation of § 18.2-388, or driving while intoxicated in violation of § 46.2-341.24. 8815 8816 8817 Upon such conviction that court shall revoke the person's permit for a concealed handgun and promptly notify the issuing circuit court. A person convicted of a violation of this subsection shall be ineligible to 8818 8819 apply for a concealed handgun permit for a period of five years.

8820 B. No person who carries a concealed handgun onto the premises of any restaurant or club as 8821 defined in § 4.1-100 for which a license to sell and serve alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption has been granted by the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority under Title 4.1 8822 8823 may consume an alcoholic beverage while on the premises. A person who carries a concealed handgun 8824 onto the premises of such a restaurant or club and consumes alcoholic beverages is guilty of a Class 2 8825 misdemeanor. However, nothing in this subsection shall apply to a federal, state, or local 8826 law-enforcement officer.

§ 18.2-308.016. Retired law-enforcement officers; carrying a concealed handgun.

A. Except as provided in subsection A of § 18.2-308.012, § 18.2-308 shall not apply to:

8828 8829 1. Any State Police officer retired from the Department of State Police, any officer retired from the 8830 Division of Capitol Police, any local law-enforcement officer, auxiliary police officer, or animal control 8831 officer retired from a police department or sheriff's office within the Commonwealth, any special agent 8832 retired from the State Corporation Commission or, the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, 8833 or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, any employee with internal investigations authority 8834 designated by the Department of Corrections pursuant to subdivision 11 of § 53.1-10 retired from the 8835 Department of Corrections, any conservation police officer retired from the Department of Wildlife 8836 Resources, any conservation officer retired from the Department of Conservation and Recreation, any 8837 Virginia Marine Police officer retired from the Law Enforcement Division of the Virginia Marine 8838 Resources Commission, any campus police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of 8839 Chapter 8 of Title 23.1 retired from a campus police department, any retired member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217, and any retired 8840 8841 investigator of the security division of the Virginia Lottery, other than an officer or agent terminated for 8842 cause, (i) with a service-related disability; (ii) following at least 10 years of service with any such 8843 law-enforcement agency, commission, board, or any combination thereof; (iii) who has reached 55 years 8844 of age; or (iv) who is on long-term leave from such law-enforcement agency or board due to a service-related injury, provided such officer carries with him written proof of consultation with and 8845 8846 favorable review of the need to carry a concealed handgun issued by the chief law-enforcement officer 8847 of the last such agency from which the officer retired or the agency that employs the officer or, in the 8848 case of special agents, issued by the State Corporation Commission or, the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage 8849 Control Authority, or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority. A copy of the proof of consultation and 8850 favorable review shall be forwarded by the chief, Commission, or Board to the Department of State Police for entry into the Virginia Criminal Information Network. The chief law-enforcement officer shall 8851 8852 not without cause withhold such written proof if the retired law-enforcement officer otherwise meets the 8853 requirements of this section. An officer set forth in clause (iv) who receives written proof of 8854 consultation to carry a concealed handgun shall surrender such proof of consultation upon return to work

as a law-enforcement officer or upon termination of employment with the law-enforcement agency.
Notice of the surrender shall be forwarded to the Department of State Police for entry into the Virginia
Criminal Information Network. However, if such officer retires on disability because of the service-related injury, and would be eligible under clause (i) for written proof of consultation to carry a concealed handgun, he may retain the previously issued written proof of consultation.

8860 2. Any person who is eligible for retirement with at least 20 years of service with a law-enforcement 8861 agency, commission, or board mentioned in subdivision 1 who has resigned in good standing from such 8862 law-enforcement agency, commission, or board to accept a position covered by a retirement system that 8863 is authorized under Title 51.1, provided such person carries with him written proof of consultation with 8864 and favorable review of the need to carry a concealed handgun issued by the chief law-enforcement 8865 officer of the agency from which he resigned or, in the case of special agents, issued by the State Corporation Commission or, the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, or the Virginia 8866 *Cannabis Control Authority.* A copy of the proof of consultation and favorable review shall be forwarded by the chief, Commission, or Board to the Department of State Police for entry into the 8867 8868 Virginia Criminal Information Network. The chief law-enforcement officer shall not without cause 8869 8870 withhold such written proof if the law-enforcement officer otherwise meets the requirements of this 8871 section.

8872 3. Any State Police officer who is a member of the organized reserve forces of any of the Armed 8873 Services of the United States or National Guard, while such officer is called to active military duty, 8874 provided such officer carries with him written proof of consultation with and favorable review of the 8875 need to carry a concealed handgun issued by the Superintendent of State Police. The proof of 8876 consultation and favorable review shall be valid as long as the officer is on active military duty and 8877 shall expire when the officer returns to active law-enforcement duty. The issuance of the proof of 8878 consultation and favorable review shall be entered into the Virginia Criminal Information Network. The 8879 Superintendent of State Police shall not without cause withhold such written proof if the officer is in 8880 good standing and is qualified to carry a weapon while on active law-enforcement duty.

8881 4. Any retired or resigned attorney for the Commonwealth or assistant attorney for the 8882 Commonwealth who (i) was not terminated for cause and served at least 10 years prior to his retirement 8883 or resignation; (ii) during the most recent 12-month period, has met, at his own expense, the standards 8884 for qualification in firearms training for active law-enforcement officers in the Commonwealth; (iii) 8885 carries with him written proof of consultation with and favorable review of the need to carry a 8886 concealed handgun issued by the attorney for the Commonwealth from whose office he retired or 8887 resigned; and (iv) meets the requirements of a "qualified retired law enforcement officer" pursuant to the 8888 federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act of 2004 (18 U.S.C. § 926C). A copy of the proof of 8889 consultation and favorable review shall be forwarded by the attorney for the Commonwealth to the 8890 Department of State Police for entry into the Virginia Criminal Information Network.

8891 B. For purposes of complying with the federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act of 2004, a 8892 retired or resigned law-enforcement officer, including a retired or resigned attorney for the 8893 Commonwealth or assistant attorney for the Commonwealth, who receives proof of consultation and 8894 review pursuant to this section shall have the opportunity to annually participate, at the retired or 8895 resigned law-enforcement officer's expense, in the same training and testing to carry firearms as is 8896 required of active law-enforcement officers in the Commonwealth. If such retired or resigned 8897 law-enforcement officer meets the training and qualification standards, the chief law-enforcement officer 8898 shall issue the retired or resigned officer certification, valid one year from the date of issuance, 8899 indicating that the retired or resigned officer has met the standards of the agency to carry a firearm.

8900 C. A retired or resigned law-enforcement officer, including a retired or resigned attorney for the 8901 Commonwealth or assistant attorney for the Commonwealth, who receives proof of consultation and 8902 review pursuant to this section may annually participate and meet the training and qualification standards 8903 to carry firearms as is required of active law-enforcement officers in the Commonwealth. If such retired 8904 or resigned law-enforcement officer meets the training and qualification standards, the chief 8905 law-enforcement officer shall issue the retired or resigned officer certification, valid one year from the 8906 date of issuance, indicating that the retired or resigned officer has met the standards of the 8907 Commonwealth to carry a firearm. A copy of the certification indicating that the retired or resigned 8908 officer has met the standards of the Commonwealth to carry a firearm shall be forwarded by the chief, 8909 Commission, Board, or attorney for the Commonwealth to the Department of State Police for entry into 8910 the Virginia Criminal Information Network.

8911 D. For all purposes, including for the purpose of applying the reciprocity provisions of
8912 § 18.2-308.014, any person granted the privilege to carry a concealed handgun pursuant to this section,
8913 while carrying the proof of consultation and favorable review required, shall be deemed to have been
8914 issued a concealed handgun permit.

8915 § 18.2-308.4. Possession of firearms while in possession of certain substances.

8916 A. It shall be *is* unlawful for any person unlawfully in possession of a controlled substance classified
8917 in Schedule I or II of the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1 to simultaneously with
8918 knowledge and intent possess any firearm. A violation of this subsection is a Class 6 felony and
8919 constitutes a separate and distinct felony.

B. It shall be is unlawful for any person unlawfully in possession of a controlled substance classified
in Schedule I or II of the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) to simultaneously with knowledge and
intent possess any firearm on or about his person. A violation of this subsection is a Class 6 felony and
constitutes a separate and distinct felony and any person convicted hereunder shall be sentenced to a
mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of two years. Such punishment shall be separate and apart
from, and shall be made to run consecutively with, any punishment received for the commission of the
primary felony.

8927 C. It shall be is unlawful for any person to possess, use, or attempt to use any pistol, shotgun, rifle, 8928 or other firearm or display such weapon in a threatening manner while committing or attempting to 8929 commit the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, or the possession with the intent to manufacture, sell, 8930 or distribute a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or Schedule II of the Drug Control Act 8931 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or more than one pound of marijuana. A violation of this subsection is a Class 6 felony, and constitutes a separate and distinct felony and any person convicted hereunder shall be 8932 sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years. Such punishment shall be 8933 8934 separate and apart from, and shall be made to run consecutively with, any punishment received for the 8935 commission of the primary felony.

§ 18.2-371.2. Prohibiting purchase or possession of tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, alternative nicotine products, and hemp products intended for smoking by a person under 21 years of age or sale of tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, alternative nicotine products, and hemp products and hemp products and hemp products.
8938 and hemp products intended for smoking to persons under 21 years of age.

A. No person shall sell to, distribute to, purchase for, or knowingly permit the purchase by any
person less younger than 21 years of age, knowing or having reason to believe that such person is less
younger than 21 years of age, any tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product,
or hemp product intended for smoking.

Tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, alternative nicotine products, and hemp products intended for smoking may be sold from a vending machine only if the machine is (i) posted with a notice, in a conspicuous manner and place, indicating that the purchase or possession of such products by persons under younger than 21 years of age is unlawful and (ii) located in a place that is not open to the general public and is not generally accessible to persons under younger than 21 years of age. An establishment that prohibits the presence of persons under younger than 21 years of age unless accompanied by a person 21 years of age or older is not open to the general public.

8951 B. No person less younger than 21 years of age shall attempt to purchase, purchase, or possess any 8952 tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product intended for 8953 smoking. The provisions of this subsection shall not be applicable to the possession of tobacco products, 8954 nicotine vapor products, alternative nicotine products, or hemp products intended for smoking by a 8955 person less younger than 21 years of age (i) making a delivery of tobacco products, nicotine vapor 8956 products, alternative nicotine products, or hemp products intended for smoking in pursuance of his 8957 employment or (ii) as part of a scientific study being conducted by an organization for the purpose of 8958 medical research to further efforts in cigarette and tobacco use prevention and cessation and tobacco 8959 product regulation, provided that such medical research has been approved by an institutional review 8960 board pursuant to applicable federal regulations or by a research review committee pursuant to Chapter 8961 5.1 (§ 32.1-162.16 et seq.) of Title 32.1. This subsection shall not apply to purchase, attempt to 8962 purchase, or possession by a law-enforcement officer or his agent when the same is necessary in the 8963 performance of his duties.

8964 C. No person shall sell a tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or 8965 hemp product intended for smoking to any individual who does not demonstrate, by producing a driver's 8966 license or similar photo identification issued by a government agency, that the individual is at least 21 8967 years of age. Such identification is not required from an individual whom the person has reason to 8968 believe is at least 21 years of age or who the person knows is at least 21 years of age. Proof that the 8969 person demanded, was shown, and reasonably relied upon a photo identification stating that the 8970 individual was at least 21 years of age shall be a defense to any action brought under this subsection. In 8971 determining whether a person had reason to believe an individual is at least 21 years of age, the trier of 8972 fact may consider, but is not limited to, proof of the general appearance, facial characteristics, behavior, 8973 and manner of the individual.

8974 This subsection shall not apply to mail order or Internet sales, provided that the person offering the tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product intended for smoking for sale through mail order or the Internet (i) prior to the sale of the tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, or hemp product intended for vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product intended for smoking verifies that the

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8978 purchaser is at least 21 years of age through a commercially available database that is regularly used by 8979 businesses or governmental entities for the purpose of age and identity verification and (ii) uses a 8980 method of mailing, shipping, or delivery that requires the signature of a person at least 21 years of age 8981 before the tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product 8982 intended for smoking will be released to the purchaser.

8983 D. The provisions of subsections B and C shall not apply to the sale, giving, or furnishing of any 8984 tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product intended for 8985 smoking to any active duty military personnel who are 18 years of age or older. An identification card 8986 issued by the Armed Forces of the United States shall be accepted as proof of age for this purpose.

8987 E. A violation of subsection A or C by an individual or by a separate retail establishment that 8988 involves a nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, hemp product intended for smoking, or 8989 tobacco product other than a bidi is punishable by a civil penalty not to exceed \$100 for a first 8990 violation, a civil penalty not to exceed \$200 for a second violation, and a civil penalty not to exceed 8991 \$500 for a third or subsequent violation.

8992 A violation of subsection A or C by an individual or by a separate retail establishment that involves 8993 the sale, distribution, or purchase of a bidi is punishable by a civil penalty in the amount of \$500 for a 8994 first violation, a civil penalty in the amount of \$1,000 for a second violation, and a civil penalty in the 8995 amount of \$2,500 for a third or subsequent violation. Where a defendant retail establishment offers 8996 proof that it has trained its employees concerning the requirements of this section, the court shall 8997 suspend all of the penalties imposed hereunder. However, where the court finds that a retail 8998 establishment has failed to so train its employees, the court may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 in lieu of any penalties imposed hereunder for a violation of subsection A or C involving a 8999 9000 nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, hemp product intended for smoking, or tobacco 9001 product other than a bidi.

9002 A violation of subsection B is punishable by a civil penalty not to exceed \$100 for a first violation 9003 and a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for a second or subsequent violation. A court may, as an 9004 alternative to the civil penalty, and upon motion of the defendant, prescribe the performance of up to 20 9005 hours of community service for a first violation of subsection B and up to 40 hours of community 9006 service for a second or subsequent violation. If the defendant fails or refuses to complete the community 9007 service as prescribed, the court may impose the civil penalty. Upon a violation of subsection B, the 9008 judge may enter an order pursuant to subdivision A 9 of § 16.1-278.8.

9009 Any attorney for the Commonwealth of the county or city in which an alleged violation occurred 9010 may bring an action to recover the civil penalty, which shall be paid into the state treasury. Any 9011 law-enforcement officer may issue a summons for a violation of subsection A, B, or C.

9012 F. 1. Cigarettes and hemp products intended for smoking shall be sold only in sealed packages 9013 provided by the manufacturer, with the required health warning. The proprietor of every retail 9014 establishment that offers for sale any tobacco product, nicotine vapor product, alternative nicotine product, or hemp product intended for smoking shall post in a conspicuous manner and place a sign or 9015 9016 signs indicating that the sale of tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, alternative nicotine products, 9017 or hemp products intended for smoking to any person under younger than 21 years of age is prohibited 9018 by law. Any attorney for the county, city, or town in which an alleged violation of this subsection 9019 occurred may enforce this subsection by civil action to recover a civil penalty not to exceed \$50. The 9020 civil penalty shall be paid into the local treasury. No filing fee or other fee or cost shall be charged to 9021 the county, city, or town which instituted the action.

9022 2. For the purpose of compliance with regulations of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health 9023 Services Administration published at 61 Federal Register 1492, the Department of Agriculture and 9024 Consumer Services may promulgate regulations which allow the Department to undertake the activities 9025 necessary to comply with such regulations.

9026 3. Any attorney for the county, city, or town in which an alleged violation of this subsection 9027 occurred may enforce this subsection by civil action to recover a civil penalty not to exceed \$100. The 9028 civil penalty shall be paid into the local treasury. No filing fee or other fee or cost shall be charged to 9029 the county, city, or town which instituted the action. 9030

G. Nothing in this section shall be construed to create a private cause of action.

9031 H. Agents of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority designated pursuant to § 4.1-105 9032 may issue a summons for any violation of this section.

9033 I. As used in this section:

9034 "Alternative nicotine product" means any noncombustible product containing nicotine that is intended 9035 for human consumption, whether chewed, absorbed, dissolved, or ingested by any other means. 9036 "Alternative nicotine product" does not include any nicotine vapor product, tobacco product, or product 9037 regulated as a drug or device by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) under Chapter V (21 9038 U.S.C. § 351 et seq.) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

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9039 "Bidi" means a product containing tobacco that is wrapped in temburni leaf (diospyros melanoxylon)9040 or tendu leaf (diospyros exculpra), or any other product that is offered to, or purchased by, consumers as9041 a bidi or beedie.

9042 "Hemp product *intended for smoking*" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112 4.1-600. 9043 "Nicotine vapor product" means any noncombustible product containing nicotine that employs a 9044 heating element, power source, electronic circuit, or other electronic, chemical, or mechanical means, 9045 regardless of shape or size, that can be used to produce vapor from nicotine in a solution or other form. 9046 "Nicotine vapor product" includes any electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic 9047 pipe, or similar product or device and any cartridge or other container of nicotine in a solution or other 9048 form that is intended to be used with or in an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe, or similar product or device. "Nicotine vapor product" does not include any product regulated by the FDA under Chapter V (21 U.S.C. § 351 et seq.) of the Federal Food, Drug, and 9049 9050 9051 Cosmetic Act.

9052 "Tobacco product" means any product made of tobacco and includes cigarettes, cigars, smokeless
9053 tobacco, pipe tobacco, bidis, and wrappings. "Tobacco product" does not include any nicotine vapor
9054 product, alternative nicotine product, or product that is regulated by the FDA under Chapter V (21
9055 U.S.C. § 351 et seq.) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

9056 "Wrappings" includes papers made or sold for covering or rolling tobacco or other materials for 9057 smoking in a manner similar to a cigarette or cigar.

9058 § 18.2-460. Obstructing justice; resisting arrest; fleeing from a law-enforcement officer; 9059 penalties.

A. If any person without just cause knowingly obstructs a judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney
for the Commonwealth, witness, any law-enforcement officer, or animal control officer employed
pursuant to § 3.2-6555 in the performance of his duties as such or fails or refuses without just cause to
cease such obstruction when requested to do so by such judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney for the
Commonwealth, witness, law-enforcement officer, or animal control officer employed pursuant to
§ 3.2-6555, he is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

9066 B. Except as provided in subsection C, any person who, by threats or force, knowingly attempts to
9067 intimidate or impede a judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney for the Commonwealth, witness, any
9068 law-enforcement officer, or an animal control officer employed pursuant to § 3.2-6555 lawfully engaged
9069 in his duties as such, or to obstruct or impede the administration of justice in any court, is guilty of a
9070 Class 1 misdemeanor.

9071 C. If any person by threats of bodily harm or force knowingly attempts to intimidate or impede a 9072 judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney for the Commonwealth, witness, any or law-enforcement 9073 officer, lawfully engaged in the discharge of his duty, or to obstruct or impede the administration of 9074 justice in any court relating to a violation of or conspiracy to violate § 18.2-248 or subdivision (a)(3), 9075 (b) or (c) of § 18.2-248.1, or §, 18.2-46.2, or § 18.2-46.3, or relating to the violation of or conspiracy to 9076 violate any violent felony offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805, he is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

9077 D. Any person who knowingly and willfully makes any materially false statement or representation9078 to a law-enforcement officer or an animal control officer employed pursuant to § 3.2-6555 who is in the9079 course of conducting an investigation of a crime by another is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

9080 E. Any person who intentionally prevents or attempts to prevent a law-enforcement officer from **9081** lawfully arresting him, with or without a warrant, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. For purposes of this subsection, intentionally preventing or attempting to prevent a lawful arrest means fleeing from a law-enforcement officer when (i) the officer applies physical force to the person, or (ii) the officer **9084** communicates to the person that he is under arrest and (a) the officer has the legal authority and the immediate physical ability to place the person under arrest, and (b) a reasonable person who receives **9086** such communication knows or should know that he is not free to leave.

§ 18.2-474.1. Delivery of drugs, firearms, explosives, etc., to prisoners or committed persons.

Notwithstanding the provisions of § 18.2-474, any person who shall willfully in any manner deliver, 9088 9089 attempt to deliver, or conspire with another to deliver to any prisoner confined under authority of the 9090 Commonwealth of Virginia, or of any political subdivision thereof, or to any person committed to the 9091 Department of Juvenile Justice in any juvenile correctional center, any drug which that is a controlled 9092 substance regulated by the Drug Control Act in Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1 or 9093 marijuana is guilty of a Class 5 felony. Any person who shall willfully in any manner so deliver or attempt to deliver or conspire to deliver to any such prisoner or confined or committed person, firearms, 9094 9095 ammunitions ammunition, or explosives of any nature is guilty of a Class 3 felony.

9096 Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal or amend § 18.2-473.

9097 § 19.2-66. When Attorney General or Chief Deputy Attorney General may apply for order 9098 authorizing interception of communications.

9099 A. The Attorney General or Chief Deputy Attorney General, if the Attorney General so designates in writing, in any case where the Attorney General is authorized by law to prosecute or pursuant to a

9101 request in his official capacity of an attorney for the Commonwealth in any city or county, may apply to 9102 a judge of competent jurisdiction for an order authorizing the interception of wire, electronic or oral 9103 communications by the Department of State Police, when such interception may reasonably be expected 9104 to provide evidence of the commission of a felonious offense of extortion, bribery, kidnapping, murder, 9105 any felony violation of § 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1, any felony violation of Chapter 29 (§ 59.1-364 et seq.) 9106 of Title 59.1, any felony violation of Article 2 (§ 18.2-38 et seq.), Article 2.1 (§ 18.2-46.1 et seq.), Article 2.2 (§ 18.2-46.4 et seq.), Article 5 (§ 18.2-58 et seq.), Article 6 (§ 18.2-59 et seq.) or any 9107 9108 felonies that are not Class 6 felonies in Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, or any 9109 conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses. The Attorney General or Chief Deputy Attorney 9110 General may apply for authorization for the observation or monitoring of the interception by a police 9111 department of a county or city, by a sheriff's office, or by law-enforcement officers of the United States. 9112 Such application shall be made, and such order may be granted, in conformity with the provisions of 9113 § 19.2-68.

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B. The application for an order under subsection B of § 19.2-68 shall be made as follows:

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1. In the case of an application for a wire or electronic interception, a judge of competent jurisdiction
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9116 shall have the authority to issue an order under subsection B of § 19.2-68 if there is probable cause to
9117 believe that an offense was committed, is being committed, or will be committed or the person or
9118 persons whose communications are to be intercepted live, work, subscribe to a wire or electronic
9119 communication system, maintain an address or a post office box, or are making the communication
9120 within the territorial jurisdiction of the court.

9121 2. In the case of an application for an oral intercept, a judge of competent jurisdiction shall have the authority to issue an order under subsection B of § 19.2-68 if there is probable cause to believe that an offense was committed, is being committed, or will be committed or the physical location of the oral communication to be intercepted is within the territorial jurisdiction of the court.

9125 C. For the purposes of an order entered pursuant to subsection B of § 19.2-68 for the interception of
9126 a wire or electronic communication, such communication shall be deemed to be intercepted in the
9127 jurisdiction where the order is entered, regardless of the physical location or the method by which the
9128 communication is captured or routed to the monitoring location.

- 9129 § 19.2-81. Arrest without warrant authorized in certain cases.
- **9130** A. The following officers shall have the powers of arrest as provided in this section:
- **9131** 1. Members of the State Police force of the Commonwealth;
- **9132** 2. Sheriffs of the various counties and cities, and their deputies;
- 9133 3. Members of any county police force or any duly constituted police force of any city or town of9134 the Commonwealth;
- **9135** 4. The Commissioner, members, and employees of the Marine Resources Commission granted the power of arrest pursuant to § 28.2-900;
- **9137** 5. Regular conservation police officers appointed pursuant to § 29.1-200;
- 6. United States Coast Guard and United States Coast Guard Reserve commissioned, warrant, and petty officers authorized under § 29.1-205 to make arrests;
- **9140** 7. Conservation officers appointed pursuant to § 10.1-115;

8. Full-time sworn members of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217;

9143 9. Special agents of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis 9144 Control Authority;

9145 10. Campus police officers appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1; **9146** and

9147 11. Members of the Division of Capitol Police.

9148 B. Such officers may arrest without a warrant any person who commits any crime in the presence of9149 the officer and any person whom he has reasonable grounds or probable cause to suspect of having9150 committed a felony not in his presence.

 Such officers may arrest without a warrant any person whom the officer has probable cause to suspect of operating any watercraft or motorboat while (i) intoxicated in violation of subsection B of § 29.1-738 or a substantially similar ordinance of any county, city, or town in the Commonwealth or (ii) in violation of an order issued pursuant to § 29.1-738.4 and may thereafter transfer custody of the person arrested to another officer, who may obtain a warrant based upon statements made to him by the arresting officer.

9157 C. Any such officer may, at the scene of any accident involving a motor vehicle, watercraft as 9158 defined in § 29.1-733.2 or motorboat, or at any hospital or medical facility to which any person 9159 involved in such accident has been transported, or in the apprehension of any person charged with the 9160 theft of any motor vehicle, on any of the highways or waters of the Commonwealth, upon reasonable 9161 grounds to believe, based upon personal investigation, including information obtained from eyewitnesses,

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9162 that a crime has been committed by any person then and there present, apprehend such person without a 9163 warrant of arrest. For purposes of this section, "the scene of any accident" shall include a reasonable location where a vehicle or person involved in an accident has been moved at the direction of a 9164 9165 law-enforcement officer to facilitate the clearing of the highway or to ensure the safety of the motoring public. 9166

9167 D. Such officers may, within three hours of the alleged offense, arrest without a warrant at any 9168 location any person whom the officer has probable cause to suspect of driving or operating a motor vehicle, watercraft or motorboat while intoxicated in violation of § 18.2-266, 18.2-266.1, or 46.2-341.24, 9169 9170 or subsection B of § 29.1-738; or a substantially similar ordinance of any county, city, or town in the 9171 Commonwealth, whether or not the offense was committed in such officer's presence. Such officers may, 9172 within three hours of the alleged offense, arrest without a warrant at any location any person whom the 9173 officer has probable cause to suspect of operating a watercraft or motorboat in violation of an order 9174 issued pursuant to § 29.1-738.4, whether or not the offense was committed in such officer's presence.

9175 E. Such officers may arrest, without a warrant or a capias, persons duly charged with a crime in 9176 another jurisdiction upon receipt of a photocopy of a warrant or a capias, telegram, computer printout, 9177 facsimile printout, a radio, telephone or teletype message, in which photocopy of a warrant, telegram, 9178 computer printout, facsimile printout, radio, telephone or teletype message shall be given the name or a 9179 reasonably accurate description of such person wanted and the crime alleged.

9180 F. Such officers may arrest, without a warrant or a capias, for an alleged misdemeanor not 9181 committed in his presence when the officer receives a radio message from his department or other 9182 law-enforcement agency within the Commonwealth that a warrant or capias for such offense is on file.

9183 G. Such officers may also arrest without a warrant for an alleged misdemeanor not committed in their presence involving (i) shoplifting in violation of § 18.2-96 or 18.2-103 or a similar local ordinance, 9184 (ii) carrying a weapon on school property in violation of § 18.2-308.1, (iii) assault and battery, (iv) 9185 brandishing a firearm in violation of § 18.2-282, or (v) destruction of property in violation of 9186 § 18.2-137, when such property is located on premises used for business or commercial purposes, or a 9187 9188 similar local ordinance, when any such arrest is based on probable cause upon reasonable complaint of 9189 the person who observed the alleged offense. The arresting officer may issue a summons to any person 9190 arrested under this section for a misdemeanor violation involving shoplifting.

§ 19.2-81.1. Arrest without warrant by correctional officers in certain cases.

9192 Any correctional officer, as defined in § 53.1-1, may arrest, in the same manner as provided in 9193 § 19.2-81, persons for crimes involving:

9194 (a) 1. The escape of an inmate from a correctional institution, as defined in § 53.1-1; 9195

(b) 2. Assisting an inmate to escape from a correctional institution, as defined in \S 53.1-1;

9196 (c) 3. The delivery of contraband to an inmate in violation of \$ 4.1-1117, 18.2-474, or \$ 18.2-474.1; 9197 and

9198 (d) 4. Any other criminal offense which that may contribute to the disruption of the safety, welfare, 9199 or security of the population of a correctional institution. 9200

§ 19.2-83.1. Report of arrest of school employees and adult students for certain offenses.

9201 A. Every state official or agency and every sheriff, police officer, or other local law-enforcement 9202 officer or conservator of the peace having the power to arrest for a felony, upon arresting a person who is known or discovered by the arresting official to be a full-time, part-time, permanent, or temporary 9203 9204 teacher or other employee in any public school division in this Commonwealth for a felony or a Class 1 9205 misdemeanor or an equivalent offense in another state shall file a report of such arrest with the division 9206 superintendent of the employing division as soon as practicable. The contents of the report required 9207 pursuant to this section shall be utilized by the local school division solely to implement the provisions 9208 of subsection B of § 22.1-296.2 and § 22.1-315.

9209 B. Every state official or agency and every sheriff, police officer, or other local law-enforcement 9210 officer or conservator of the peace having the power to arrest for a felony, shall file a report, as soon as practicable, with the division superintendent of the school division in which the student is enrolled upon 9211 9212 arresting a person who is known or discovered by the arresting official to be a student age 18 or older 9213 in any public school division in this Commonwealth for:

9214 1. A firearm offense pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-279 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-288 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-299 9215 et seq.), 6.1 (§ 18.2-307.1 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-308.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; 9216

2. Homicide, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;

9217 3. Felonious assault and bodily wounding, pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of 9218 Title 18.2;

9219 4. Criminal sexual assault, pursuant to Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;

9220 5. Manufacture, sale, gift, distribution or possession of Schedule I or II controlled substances, 9221 pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2;

9222 6. Manufacture, sale or distribution of marijuana pursuant to Article 1 Chapter 11 (§ 18.2-247 9223 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 4.1;

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- 9224 7. Arson and related crimes, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-77 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2;
- 9225 8. Burglary and related offenses, pursuant to §§ 18.2-89 through 18.2-93;
- 9226 9. Robbery pursuant to § 18.2-58;
- 9227 10. Prohibited criminal street gang activity pursuant to § 18.2-46.2;
- 9228 11. Recruitment of juveniles for criminal street gang pursuant to § 18.2-46.3;
- 9229 12. An act of violence by a mob pursuant to § 18.2-42.1; or
- 9230 13. Abduction of any person pursuant to § 18.2-47 or 18.2-48.
- 9231 § 19.2-188.1. Testimony regarding identification of controlled substances.

A. In any preliminary hearing on a violation of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, Article 1 9232 9233 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, or subdivision 6 of § 53.1-203, any law-enforcement 9234 officer shall be permitted to testify as to the results of field tests that have been approved by the 9235 Department of Forensic Science pursuant to regulations adopted in accordance with the Administrative 9236 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), regarding whether or not any substance the identity of which is at issue 9237 in such hearing is a controlled substance, imitation controlled substance, or marijuana, as defined in § 9238 §§ 4.1-600 and 18.2-247.

9239 B. In any trial for a violation of § 4.1-1105.1, any law-enforcement officer shall be permitted to 9240 testify as to the results of any marijuana field test approved as accurate and reliable by the Department 9241 of Forensic Science pursuant to regulations adopted in accordance with the Administrative Process Act 9242 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), regarding whether or not any plant material, the identity of which is at issue, is 9243 marijuana provided the defendant has been given written notice of his right to request a full chemical 9244 analysis. Such notice shall be on a form approved by the Supreme Court and shall be provided to the 9245 defendant prior to trial.

9246 In any case in which the person accused of a violation of § 4.1-1105.1, or the attorney of record for 9247 the accused, desires a full chemical analysis of the alleged plant material, he may, by motion prior to 9248 trial before the court in which the charge is pending, request such a chemical analysis. Upon such 9249 motion, the court shall order that the analysis be performed by the Department of Forensic Science in 9250 accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-247 and shall prescribe in its order the method of custody, 9251 transfer, and return of evidence submitted for chemical analysis. 9252

§ 19.2-303.01. Reduction of sentence; substantial assistance to prosecution.

9253 Notwithstanding any other provision of law or rule of court, upon motion of the attorney for the 9254 Commonwealth, the sentencing court may reduce the defendant's sentence if the defendant, after entry of 9255 the final judgment order, provided substantial assistance in investigating or prosecuting another person 9256 for (i) an act of violence as defined in § 19.2-297.1, an act of larceny of a firearm in violation of 9257 § 18.2-95, or any violation of § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.02, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-248.5, 9258 18.2-251.2, 18.2-251.3, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, or 18.2-258.2, or any 9259 substantially similar offense in any other jurisdiction, which offense would be a felony if committed in 9260 the Commonwealth; (ii) a conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in clause (i); or (iii) violations 9261 as a principal in the second degree or accessory before the fact of any of the offenses listed in clause 9262 (i). In determining whether the defendant has provided substantial assistance pursuant to the provisions 9263 of this section, the court shall consider (a) the court's evaluation of the significance and usefulness of 9264 the defendant's assistance, taking into consideration the Commonwealth's evaluation of the assistance 9265 rendered; (b) the truthfulness, completeness, and reliability of any information or testimony provided by 9266 the defendant; (c) the nature and extent of the defendant's assistance; (d) any injury suffered or any 9267 danger or risk of injury to the defendant or his family resulting from his assistance; and (e) the 9268 timeliness of the defendant's assistance. If the motion is made more than one year after entry of the final 9269 judgment order, the court may reduce a sentence only if the defendant's substantial assistance involved 9270 (1) information not known to the defendant until more than one year after entry of the final judgment 9271 order, (2) information provided by the defendant within one year of entry of the final judgment order 9272 but that did not become useful to the Commonwealth until more than one year after entry of the final 9273 judgment order, or (3) information the usefulness of which could not reasonably have been anticipated 9274 by the defendant until more than one year after entry of the final judgment order and which was 9275 promptly provided to the Commonwealth by the defendant after its usefulness was reasonably apparent. 9276

§ 19.2-303.03. Modification of sentence for marijuana-related convictions.

9277 A. Notwithstanding other provisions of law or rule of court, if a person who (i) was convicted of a 9278 felony offense in violation of § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 9279 18.2-256, 18.2-257, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-474.1 as it relates to 9280 marijuana committed prior to July 1, 2021; (ii) was sentenced to jail or to the Department of 9281 Corrections or placed on community supervision as defined in § 53.1-1 for such conviction; and (iii) 9282 remains incarcerated in a state or local correctional facility or secure facility, as defined in § 16.1-228, 9283 serving the sentence for such conviction or a combination of such convictions or remains on community 9284 supervision as defined in § 53.1-1 for such conviction or a combination of such convictions on July 1,

9285 2022, the circuit court that entered the original judgment or order shall schedule a hearing by July 1,
9286 2023, to consider modification of such person's sentence. The Commonwealth shall be made party to the
9287 proceeding and receive notice of such hearing.

B. Notwithstanding other provisions of law or rule of court, a person who remains incarcerated in the custody of Department of Corrections on July 1, 2022, for a felony conviction and who is not serving a sentence for a conviction of an act of violence as defined in § 19.2-297.1 and who may have had such felony conviction sentence enhanced because of a prior felony conviction under § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-256, 18.2-257, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-474.1 as it relates to marijuana shall be eligible for parole pursuant to § 53.1-151, 53.1-152, and 53.1-165.1.

9295 C. Any person eligible for modification of a sentence under subsection A may file a petition for the 9296 assistance of counsel and a statement of indigency with the court on a form provided by the Supreme 9297 Court of Virginia. The court may summarily dismiss the petition if the person is not eligible for 9298 modification of a sentence based on the criteria set forth in subsection A. If the petition is not 9299 summarily dismissed and the court finds that the person is entitled to representation by counsel subject 9300 to the provisions of Article 3 (§ 19.2-157 et seq.) of Chapter 10, the court shall appoint counsel to represent the petitioner. If a person was found to be indigent at his original sentencing, he shall be 9301 9302 entitled to assistance of counsel for the hearing on modification of his sentence without the filing of 9303 such petition. No fee shall be charged for filing a petition under this subsection. An attorney appointed 9304 to represent a person pursuant to this subsection shall be compensated at the same rate as an attorney 9305 providing representation on a felony case pursuant to § 19.2-163.

9306 D. Upon a hearing for modification of a sentence pursuant to subsection A, the court shall consider
9307 that marijuana has been legalized and shall reduce, including a reduction to time served, or otherwise
9308 modify the person's sentence, including removing such person from community supervision, unless the
9309 Commonwealth demonstrates it would not be compatible with the public interest to do so. Any
9310 modification of sentence shall not exceed the original term imposed by the court.

9311 E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court may modify a sentence pursuant to this
9312 section regardless of whether any mandatory minimum term of confinement or other minimum term of
9313 incarceration is required by law.

9314 F. The circuit court shall make a decision as to whether to modify a sentence within 60 days
9315 following the sentence modification hearing. If modification of a sentence is denied, the court shall file
9316 with the record of the case a written explanation for the denial and shall provide a copy of such written
9317 explanation to the person whose sentence was considered for modification, his attorney if he is
9318 represented, and to the attorney for the Commonwealth.

9319 G. Following the entry of an order to modify a sentence pursuant to this section, the clerk of the
9320 circuit court shall cause a copy of such order to be forwarded to the Virginia Criminal Sentencing
9321 Commission, the Department of State Police, and the state correctional facility where the individual is
9322 incarcerated within 10 days.

9323 H. The decision of a circuit court to modify a sentence pursuant to this section shall not form the
9324 basis for any relief in any habeas corpus or appellate proceeding, unless such decision was contrary to
9325 law.

9326 § 19.2-386.22. Seizure of property used in connection with or derived from illegal drug 9327 transactions.

9328 A. The following property shall be subject to lawful seizure by any officer charged with enforcing 9329 the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 9330 7 of Title 18.2: (i) all money, medical equipment, office equipment, laboratory equipment, motor 9331 vehicles, and all other personal and real property of any kind or character, used in substantial connection 9332 with (a) the illegal manufacture, sale or distribution of controlled substances or possession with intent to 9333 sell or distribute controlled substances in violation of § 18.2-248, (b) the sale or distribution of 9334 marijuana or possession with intent to distribute marijuana in violation of subdivisions (a)(2), (a)(3) and 9335 (c) of § 18.2-248.1 § 4.1-1103, or (c) a drug-related offense in violation of § 4.1-1117 or 18.2-474.1; (ii) 9336 everything of value furnished, or intended to be furnished, in exchange for a controlled substance in violation of § 18.2-248 or for marijuana in violation of § 18.2-248.1 4.1-1103 or for a controlled 9337 substance or marijuana in violation of § 4.1-1117 or 18.2-474.1; and (iii) all moneys or other property. 9338 9339 real or personal, traceable to such an exchange, together with any interest or profits derived from the 9340 investment of such money or other property. Under the provisions of clause (i), real property shall not 9341 be subject to lawful seizure unless the minimum prescribed punishment for the violation is a term of not 9342 less than five years.

B. All seizures and forfeitures under this section shall be governed by the procedures contained in Chapter 22.1 (§ 19.2-386.1 et seq.).

9345 § 19.2-386.23. Disposal of seized controlled substances, marijuana, and paraphernalia.

9346 A. All controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, marijuana, or paraphernalia, the lawful

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9347 possession of which is not established or the title to which cannot be ascertained, which have come into 9348 the custody of a peace officer or have been seized in connection with violations of Chapter 11 9349 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 18.2, shall be forfeited and 9350 disposed of as follows:

9351 1. Upon written application by (i) the Department of Forensic Science, (ii) the Department of State 9352 Police, or (iii) any police department or sheriff's office in a locality, the court may order the forfeiture 9353 of any such substance or paraphernalia to the Department of Forensic Science, the Department of State 9354 Police, or to such police department or sheriff's office for research and training purposes and for 9355 destruction pursuant to regulations of the United States Department of Justice Drug Enforcement Administration and of the Board of Pharmacy once these purposes have been fulfilled. 9356

9357 2. In the event no application is made under subdivision 1, the court shall order the destruction of all 9358 such substances or paraphernalia, which order shall state the existence and nature of the substance or 9359 paraphernalia, the quantity thereof, the location where seized, the person or persons from whom the 9360 substance or paraphernalia was seized, if known, and the manner whereby such item shall be destroyed. 9361 However, the court may order that paraphernalia identified in subdivision 5 of § 18.2-265.1 not be 9362 destroyed and that it be given to a person or entity that makes a showing to the court of sufficient need 9363 for the property and an ability to put the property to a lawful and publicly beneficial use. A return under 9364 oath, reporting the time, place and manner of destruction shall be made to the court by the officer to 9365 whom the order is directed. A copy of the order and affidavit shall be made a part of the record of any 9366 criminal prosecution in which the substance or paraphernalia was used as evidence and shall, thereafter, 9367 be prima facie evidence of its contents. In the event a law-enforcement agency recovers, seizes, finds, is 9368 given or otherwise comes into possession of any such substances or paraphernalia that are not evidence 9369 in a trial in the Commonwealth, the chief law-enforcement officer of the agency or his designee may, 9370 with the written consent of the appropriate attorney for the Commonwealth, order destruction of same; 9371 provided that a statement under oath, reporting a description of the substances and paraphernalia 9372 destroyed and the time, place and manner of destruction, is made to the chief law-enforcement officer 9373 by the officer to whom the order is directed.

9374 B. No such substance or paraphernalia used or to be used in a criminal prosecution under *Chapter 11* 9375 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 18.2 shall be disposed of as 9376 provided by this section until all rights of appeal have been exhausted, except as provided in 9377 § 19.2-386.24.

9378 C. The amount of any specific controlled substance, or imitation controlled substance, retained by 9379 any law-enforcement agency pursuant to a court order issued under this section shall not exceed five 9380 pounds, or 25 pounds in the case of marijuana. Any written application to the court for controlled 9381 substances, imitation controlled substances, or marijuana, shall certify that the amount requested shall 9382 not result in the requesting agency's exceeding the limits allowed by this subsection.

9383 D. A law-enforcement agency that retains any controlled substance, imitation controlled substance, or 9384 marijuana, pursuant to a court order issued under this section shall (i) be required to conduct an 9385 inventory of such substance on a monthly basis, which shall include a description and weight of the 9386 substance, and (ii) destroy such substance pursuant to subdivision A 1 when no longer needed for 9387 research and training purposes. A written report outlining the details of the inventory shall be made to 9388 the chief law-enforcement officer of the agency within 10 days of the completion of the inventory, and 9389 the agency shall detail the substances that were used for research and training pursuant to a court order 9390 in the immediately preceding fiscal year. Destruction of such substance shall be certified to the court 9391 along with a statement prepared under oath, reporting a description of the substance destroyed, and the 9392 time, place, and manner of destruction.

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§ 19.2-386.24. Destruction of seized controlled substances or marijuana prior to trial.

9394 Where seizures of controlled substances or marijuana are made in excess of 10 pounds in connection 9395 with any prosecution or investigation under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Chapter 7 9396 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 18.2, the appropriate law-enforcement agency may retain 10 pounds of the 9397 substance randomly selected from the seized substance for representative purposes as evidence and 9398 destroy the remainder of the seized substance.

9399 Before any destruction is carried out under this section, the law-enforcement agency shall cause the 9400 material seized to be photographed with identification case numbers or other means of identification and 9401 shall prepare a report identifying the seized material. It shall also notify the accused, or other interested 9402 party, if known, or his attorney, at least five days in advance that the photography will take place and 9403 that they may be present. Prior to any destruction under this section, the law-enforcement agency shall 9404 also notify the accused or other interested party, if known, and his attorney at least seven days prior to 9405 the destruction of the time and place the destruction will occur. Any notice required under the provisions of this section shall be by first-class mail to the last known address of the person required to 9406 9407 be notified. In addition to the substance retained for representative purposes as evidence, all photographs

9408 and records made under this section and properly identified shall be admissible in any court proceeding 9409 for any purposes for which the seized substance itself would have been admissible.

9410 § 19.2-386.25. Judge may order law-enforcement agency to maintain custody of controlled 9411 substances, etc.

9412 Upon request of the clerk of any court, a judge of the court may order a law-enforcement agency to 9413 take into its custody or to maintain custody of substantial quantities of any controlled substances. 9414 imitation controlled substances, chemicals, marijuana, or paraphernalia used or to be used in a criminal prosecution under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 9415 9416 18.2. The court in its order may make provision for ensuring integrity of these items until further order 9417 of the court. 9418

§ 19.2-389. Dissemination of criminal history record information.

9419 A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an 9420 intermediary, only to:

9421 1. Authorized officers or employees of criminal justice agencies, as defined by § 9.1-101, for 9422 purposes of the administration of criminal justice and the screening of an employment application or 9423 review of employment by a criminal justice agency with respect to its own employees or applicants, and dissemination to the Virginia Parole Board, pursuant to this subdivision, of such information on all 9424 state-responsible inmates for the purpose of making parole determinations pursuant to subdivisions 1, 2, 9425 9426 4, and 6 of § 53.1-136 shall include collective dissemination by electronic means every 30 days. For 9427 purposes of this subdivision, criminal history record information includes information sent to the Central Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to §§ 37.2-819 and 64.2-2014 when disseminated to any full-time 9428 9429 or part-time employee of the State Police, a police department or sheriff's office that is a part of or 9430 administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is responsible for the 9431 prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the 9432 Commonwealth for the purposes of the administration of criminal justice;

9433 2. Such other individuals and agencies that require criminal history record information to implement 9434 a state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor that 9435 expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or exclusions expressly based upon such 9436 conduct, except that information concerning the arrest of an individual may not be disseminated to a 9437 noncriminal justice agency or individual if an interval of one year has elapsed from the date of the 9438 arrest and no disposition of the charge has been recorded and no active prosecution of the charge is 9439 pending:

9440 3. Individuals and agencies pursuant to a specific agreement with a criminal justice agency to provide 9441 services required for the administration of criminal justice pursuant to that agreement which shall 9442 specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to purposes for which given, and ensure the 9443 security and confidentiality of the data;

9444 4. Individuals and agencies for the express purpose of research, evaluative, or statistical activities 9445 pursuant to an agreement with a criminal justice agency that shall specifically authorize access to data, 9446 limit the use of data to research, evaluative, or statistical purposes, and ensure the confidentiality and 9447 security of the data;

9448 5. Agencies of state or federal government that are authorized by state or federal statute or executive 9449 order of the President of the United States or Governor to conduct investigations determining 9450 employment suitability or eligibility for security clearances allowing access to classified information; 9451

6. Individuals and agencies where authorized by court order or court rule;

9452 7. Agencies of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, public transportation companies 9453 owned, operated or controlled by any political subdivision, and any public service corporation that operates a public transit system owned by a local government for the conduct of investigations of 9454 applicants for employment, permit, or license whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety, it is 9455 9456 necessary to determine under a duly enacted ordinance if the past criminal conduct of a person with a 9457 conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment, permit, or license under 9458 consideration;

9459 7a. Commissions created pursuant to the Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) of 9460 Title 33.2 and their contractors, for the conduct of investigations of individuals who have been offered a 9461 position of employment whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety and as authorized in the 9462 Transportation District Act of 1964, it is necessary to determine if the past criminal conduct of a person 9463 with a conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment under consideration;

9464 8. Public or private agencies when authorized or required by federal or state law or interstate 9465 compact to investigate (i) applicants for foster or adoptive parenthood or (ii) any individual, and the 9466 adult members of that individual's household, with whom the agency is considering placing a child or from whom the agency is considering removing a child due to abuse or neglect, on an emergency, 9467 temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to §§ 63.2-901.1 and 63.2-1505, subject to the restriction that 9468 9469 the data shall not be further disseminated to any party other than a federal or state authority or court as

9470 may be required to comply with an express requirement of law;

9471 9. To the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, public service companies as defined in
9472 § 56-1, for the conduct of investigations of applicants for employment when such employment involves
9473 personal contact with the public or when past criminal conduct of an applicant would be incompatible
9474 with the nature of the employment under consideration;

9475 10. The appropriate authority for purposes of granting citizenship and for purposes of international9476 travel, including, but not limited to, issuing visas and passports;

9477 11. A person requesting a copy of his own criminal history record information as defined in
9478 § 9.1-101 at his cost, except that criminal history record information shall be supplied at no charge to a
9479 person who has applied to be a volunteer with (i) a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of
9480 America; (ii) a volunteer fire company; (iii) the Volunteer Emergency Families for Children; (iv) any
9481 affiliate of Prevent Child Abuse, Virginia; (v) any Virginia affiliate of Compeer; or (vi) any board
9482 member or any individual who has been offered membership on the board of a Crime Stoppers, Crime
9483 Solvers or Crime Line program as defined in § 15.2-1713.1;

9484 12. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child 9485 welfare agency as defined in § 63.2-100 for dissemination to the Commissioner of Social Services' 9486 representative pursuant to § 63.2-1702 for the conduct of investigations with respect to employees of and 9487 volunteers at such facilities, caretakers, and foster and adoptive parent applicants of private child-placing 9488 agencies, pursuant to §§ 63.2-1719, 63.2-1720, and 63.2-1721, subject to the restriction that the data 9489 shall not be further disseminated by the facility or agency to any party other than the data subject, the 9490 Commissioner of Social Services' representative or a federal or state authority or court as may be 9491 required to comply with an express requirement of law for such further dissemination; however, nothing 9492 in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit the Commissioner of Social Services' representative 9493 from issuing written certifications regarding the results of a background check that was conducted before 9494 July 1, 2021, in accordance with subsection J of § 22.1-289.035 or § 22.1-289.039;

9495 13. The school boards of the Commonwealth for the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or who accept public school employment and those current school board employees for whom a report of arrest has been made pursuant to § 19.2-83.1;

9498 14. The Virginia Lottery for the conduct of investigations as set forth in the Virginia Lottery Law
9499 (§ 58.1-4000 et seq.) and casino gaming as set forth in Chapter 41 (§ 58.1-4100 et seq.) of Title 58.1, and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the conduct of investigations as set forth in Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2;

9502 15. Licensed nursing homes, hospitals and home care organizations for the conduct of investigations
9503 of applicants for compensated employment in licensed nursing homes pursuant to § 32.1-126.01, hospital
9504 pharmacies pursuant to § 32.1-126.02, and home care organizations pursuant to § 32.1-162.9:1, subject to
9505 the limitations set out in subsection E;

9506 16. Licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers for the conduct of
9507 investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed assisted living facilities and
9508 licensed adult day care centers pursuant to § 63.2-1720, subject to the limitations set out in subsection F;
9509 17. The Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority for the conduct of investigations as set forth
9510 in § 4.1-103.1 or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority for the conduct of investigations as set forth
9511 in § 4.1-622;

9512 18. The State Board of Elections and authorized officers and employees thereof and general registrars
9513 appointed pursuant to § 24.2-110 in the course of conducting necessary investigations with respect to voter registration, limited to any record of felony convictions;

9515 19. The Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for those individuals who are committed to the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to §§ 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.6, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.3, 19.2-182.8, and 19.2-182.9 for the purpose of placement, evaluation, and treatment planning;

9517 19.2-182.5, 19.2-182.5, and 19.2-182.9 for the purpose of placement, evaluation, and deathern planning,
9518 20. Any alcohol safety action program certified by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety
9519 Action Program for (i) interventions with first offenders under § 18.2-251 or (ii) services to offenders
9520 under § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 18.2-266.1;

9521 21. Residential facilities for juveniles regulated or operated by the Department of Social Services, the
9522 Department of Education, or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the
9523 purpose of determining applicants' fitness for employment or for providing volunteer or contractual
9524 services;

9525 22. The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and facilities operated by the
 9526 Department for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to
 9527 departmental instructions;

9528 23. Pursuant to § 22.1-296.3, the governing boards or administrators of private elementary or secondary schools which are accredited pursuant to § 22.1-19 or a private organization coordinating such records information on behalf of such governing boards or administrators pursuant to a written

9531 agreement with the Department of State Police;

9532 24. Public institutions of higher education and nonprofit private institutions of higher education for9533 the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or accept employment;

9534 25. Members of a threat assessment team established by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-79.4,
9535 by a public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805, or by a private nonprofit institution of higher education, for the purpose of assessing or intervening with an individual whose behavior may present a threat to safety; however, no member of a threat assessment team shall redisclose any criminal history record information obtained pursuant to this section or otherwise use any record of an individual beyond the purpose that such disclosure was made to the threat assessment team;

9540 26. Executive directors of community services boards or the personnel director serving the
9541 community services board for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment,
9542 approval as a sponsored residential service provider, permission to enter into a shared living arrangement
9543 with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver, or permission for any person
9544 under contract with the community services board to serve in a direct care position on behalf of the
9545 community services board pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

27. Executive directors of behavioral health authorities as defined in § 37.2-600 for the purpose of
determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider,
permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services
pursuant to a waiver, or permission for any person under contract with the behavioral health authority to
serve in a direct care position on behalf of the behavioral health authority pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and
37.2-607;

9552 28. The Commissioner of Social Services for the purpose of locating persons who owe child support9553 or who are alleged in a pending paternity proceeding to be a putative father, provided that only the9554 name, address, demographics and social security number of the data subject shall be released;

9555 29. Authorized officers or directors of agencies licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of 9556 Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the 9557 purpose of determining if any applicant who accepts employment in any direct care position or requests 9558 approval as a sponsored residential service provider, permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver, or permission for any person 9559 9560 under contract with the provider to serve in a direct care position has been convicted of a crime that 9561 affects his fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of individuals with mental illness, intellectual disability, or substance abuse pursuant to §§ 37.2-416, 37.2-506, and 37.2-607; 9562

9563 30. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, for the purpose of evaluating applicants
9564 for and holders of a motor carrier certificate or license subject to the provisions of Chapters 20
9565 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) and 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 46.2;

9566 31. The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary or the Chairman of the House9567 Committee for Courts of Justice for the purpose of determining if any person being considered for9568 election to any judgeship has been convicted of a crime;

9569 32. Heads of state agencies in which positions have been identified as sensitive for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment in positions designated as sensitive under Department of Human Resource Management policies developed pursuant to § 2.2-1201.1;

9572 33. The Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under
9573 subdivision A 1 and for purposes of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually
9574 Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

9575 34. Shipyards, to the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, engaged in the design, construction, overhaul, or repair of nuclear vessels for the United States Navy, including their subsidiary companies, for the conduct of investigations of applications for employment or for access to facilities, by contractors, leased laborers, and other visitors;

9579 35. Any employer of individuals whose employment requires that they enter the homes of others, for9580 the purpose of screening individuals who apply for, are offered, or have accepted such employment;

9581 36. Public agencies when and as required by federal or state law to investigate (i) applicants as
9582 providers of adult foster care and home-based services or (ii) any individual with whom the agency is
9583 considering placing an adult on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to § 63.2-1601.1,
9584 subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the agency to any party other
9585 than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of
9586 law for such further dissemination, subject to limitations set out in subsection G;

9587 37. The Department of Medical Assistance Services, or its designee, for the purpose of screening
9588 individuals who, through contracts, subcontracts, or direct employment, volunteer, apply for, are offered,
9589 or have accepted a position related to the provision of transportation services to enrollees in the
9590 Medicaid Program or the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Program, or any other
9591 program administered by the Department of Medical Assistance Services;

9592 38. The State Corporation Commission for the purpose of investigating individuals who are current

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or proposed members, senior officers, directors, and principals of an applicant or person licensed under Chapter 16 (§ 6.2-1600 et seq.), Chapter 19 (§ 6.2-1900 et seq.), or Chapter 26 (§ 6.2-2600 et seq.) of Title 6.2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if an application is denied based in whole or in part on information obtained from the Central Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to Chapter 16, 19, or 26 of Title 6.2, the Commissioner of Financial Institutions or his designee may disclose such information to the applicant or its designee;

9599 39. The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation for the purpose of investigating individuals for initial licensure pursuant to § 54.1-2106.1;

9601 40. The Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services and the Department for the Blind and
9602 Vision Impaired for the purpose of evaluating an individual's fitness for various types of employment
9603 and for the purpose of delivering comprehensive vocational rehabilitation services pursuant to Article 11
9604 (§ 51.5-170 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 that will assist the individual in obtaining employment;

9605 41. Bail bondsmen, in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-120;

42. The State Treasurer for the purpose of determining whether a person receiving compensation for wrongful incarceration meets the conditions for continued compensation under § 8.01-195.12;

9608 43. The Department of Education or its agents or designees for the purpose of screening individuals9609 seeking to enter into a contract with the Department of Education or its agents or designees for the9610 provision of child care services for which child care subsidy payments may be provided;

44. The Department of Juvenile Justice to investigate any parent, guardian, or other adult members of
a juvenile's household when completing a predispositional or postdispositional report required by
§ 16.1-273 or a Board of Juvenile Justice regulation promulgated pursuant to § 16.1-233;

9614 45. The State Corporation Commission, for the purpose of screening applicants for insurance **9615** licensure under Chapter 18 (§ 38.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 38.2;

9616 46. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child day 9617 program or family day system, as such terms are defined in § 22.1-289.02, for dissemination to the 9618 Superintendent of Public Instruction's representative pursuant to § 22.1-289.013 for the conduct of 9619 investigations with respect to employees of and volunteers at such facilities pursuant to §§ 22.1-289.034 9620 through 22.1-289.037, subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the 9621 facility or agency to any party other than the data subject, the Superintendent of Public Instruction's 9622 representative, or a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express 9623 requirement of law for such further dissemination; however, nothing in this subdivision shall be 9624 construed to prohibit the Superintendent of Public Instruction's representative from issuing written 9625 certifications regarding the results of prior background checks in accordance with subsection J of 9626 § 22.1-289.035 or § 22.1-289.039; and

9627 47. Other entities as otherwise provided by law.

9628 Upon an ex parte motion of a defendant in a felony case and upon the showing that the records
9629 requested may be relevant to such case, the court shall enter an order requiring the Central Criminal
9630 Records Exchange to furnish the defendant, as soon as practicable, copies of any records of persons
9631 designated in the order on whom a report has been made under the provisions of this chapter.

9632 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, upon a written request sworn to 9633 before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the 9634 criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish a 9635 copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the person making the request; 9636 however, such person on whom the data is being obtained shall consent in writing, under oath, to the 9637 making of such request. A person receiving a copy of his own conviction data may utilize or further 9638 disseminate that data as he deems appropriate. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the data 9639 subject, the person making the request shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect.

9640 B. Use of criminal history record information disseminated to noncriminal justice agencies under this9641 section shall be limited to the purposes for which it was given and may not be disseminated further,9642 except as otherwise provided in subdivision A 46.

9643 C. No criminal justice agency or person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal 9644 history record information for employment or licensing inquiries except as provided by law.

9645 D. Criminal justice agencies shall establish procedures to query the Central Criminal Records 9646 Exchange prior to dissemination of any criminal history record information on offenses required to be 9647 reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to ensure that the most up-to-date disposition data is 9648 being used. Inquiries of the Exchange shall be made prior to any dissemination except in those cases 9649 where time is of the essence and the normal response time of the Exchange would exceed the necessary 9650 time period. A criminal justice agency to whom a request has been made for the dissemination of 9651 criminal history record information that is required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange may direct the inquirer to the Central Criminal Records Exchange for such dissemination. 9652 9653 Dissemination of information regarding offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange shall be

9654 made by the criminal justice agency maintaining the record as required by § 15.2-1722.

9655 E. Criminal history information provided to licensed nursing homes, hospitals and to home care 9656 organizations pursuant to subdivision A 15 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange 9657 for any offense specified in §§ 32.1-126.01, 32.1-126.02, and 32.1-162.9:1.

9658 F. Criminal history information provided to licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day 9659 care centers pursuant to subdivision A 16 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange 9660 for any offense specified in § 63.2-1720.

9661 G. Criminal history information provided to public agencies pursuant to subdivision A 36 shall be 9662 limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense set forth in clause (i) of the 9663 definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02.

9664 H. Upon receipt of a written request from an employer or prospective employer, the Central Criminal 9665 Records Exchange, or the criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the 9666 Exchange, shall furnish at the employer's cost a copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the employer or prospective employer making the request, provided that the person on 9667 9668 whom the data is being obtained has consented in writing to the making of such request and has 9669 presented a photo-identification to the employer or prospective employer. In the event no conviction data 9670 is maintained on the person named in the request, the requesting employer or prospective employer shall 9671 be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect. The criminal history record search shall be 9672 conducted on forms provided by the Exchange.

9673 I. Nothing in this section shall preclude the dissemination of a person's criminal history record 9674 information pursuant to the rules of court for obtaining discovery or for review by the court.

9675 § 19.2-392.02. National criminal background checks by businesses and organizations regarding 9676 employees or volunteers providing care to children or the elderly or disabled. 9677

A. For purposes of this section:

9678 'Barrier crime" means (i) a felony violation of § 16.1-253.2; any violation of § 18.2-31, 18.2-32, 18.2-32.1, 18.2-32.2, 18.2-33, 18.2-35, 18.2-36, 18.2-36.1, 18.2-36.2, 18.2-41, or 18.2-42; any felony 9679 9680 violation of § 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3, 18.2-46.3:1, or 18.2-46.3:3; any violation of § 18.2-46.5, 18.2-46.6, or 18.2-46.7; any violation of subsection A or B of § 18.2-47; any violation of § 18.2-48, 18.2-49, or 9681 18.2-50.3; any violation of § 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-51.2, 18.2-51.3, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-51.5, 18.2-51.6, 9682 18.2-52, 18.2-52.1, 18.2-53, 18.2-53.1, 18.2-54.1, 18.2-54.2, 18.2-55, 18.2-55.1, 18.2-56, 18.2-56.1, 9683 9684 18.2-56.2, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.01, 18.2-57.02, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-58, 18.2-58.1, 18.2-59, 18.2-60, or 18.2-60.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-60.3 or 18.2-60.4; any violation of § 18.2-61, 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, 9685 18.2-64.2, 18.2-67.1, 18.2-67.2, 18.2-67.3, 18.2-67.4, 18.2-67.4:1, 18.2-67.4:2, 18.2-67.5, 18.2-67.5:1, 9686 9687 18.2-67.5:2, 18.2-67.5:3, 18.2-77, 18.2-79, 18.2-80, 18.2-81, 18.2-82, 18.2-83, 18.2-84, 18.2-85, 18.2-86, 18.2-87, 18.2-87.1, or 18.2-88; any felony violation of § 18.2-279, 18.2-280, 18.2-281, 18.2-282, 9688 18.2-282.1, 18.2-286.1, or 18.2-287.2; any violation of § 18.2-289, 18.2-290, 18.2-300, 18.2-308.4, or 9689 18.2-314; any felony violation of § 18.2-346.01, 18.2-348, or 18.2-349; any violation of § 18.2-355, 9690 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 18.2-357.1; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-361; any violation of 9691 § 18.2-366, 18.2-369, 18.2-370, 18.2-370.1, 18.2-370.2, 18.2-370.3, 18.2-370.4, 18.2-370.5, 18.2-370.6, 9692 9693 18.2-371.1, 18.2-374.1, 18.2-374.1:1, 18.2-374.3, 18.2-374.4, 18.2-379, 18.2-386.1, or 18.2-386.2; any 9694 felony violation of § 18.2-405 or 18.2-406; any violation of § 18.2-408, 18.2-413, 18.2-414, 18.2-423, 18.2-423.01, 18.2-423.1, 18.2-423.2, 18.2-433.2, 18.2-472.1, 18.2-474.1, 18.2-477, 18.2-477.1, 9695 9696 18.2-477.2, 18.2-478, 18.2-479, 18.2-480, 18.2-481, 18.2-484, 18.2-485, 37.2-917, or 53.1-203; or any 9697 substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction; (ii) any violation of § 18.2-89, 18.2-90, 18.2-91, 18.2-92, 18.2-93, or 18.2-94 or any substantially similar offense under the laws of 9698 another jurisdiction; (iii) any felony violation of § 4.1-1101, 4.1-1114, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.02, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-248.5, 18.2-251.2, 18.2-251.3, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 9699 9700 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, or 18.2-258.2 or any substantially similar offense under the laws of 9701 another jurisdiction; (iv) any felony violation of § 18.2-250 or any substantially similar offense under the 9702 9703 laws of another jurisdiction; (v) any offense set forth in § 9.1-902 that results in the person's requirement 9704 to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to § 9.1-901, including any finding that a person is not guilty by reason of insanity in accordance with Chapter 11.1 9705 9706 (§ 19.2-182.2 et seq.) of Title 19.2 of an offense set forth in § 9.1-902 that results in the person's 9707 requirement to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to 9708 § 9.1-901; any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction; or any offense for 9709 which registration in a sex offender and crimes against minors registry is required under the laws of the 9710 jurisdiction where the offender was convicted; or (vi) any other felony not included in clause (i), (ii), 9711 (iii), (iv), or (v) unless five years have elapsed from the date of the conviction.

Barrier crime information" means the following facts concerning a person who has been arrested for, 9712 9713 or has been convicted of, a barrier crime, regardless of whether the person was a juvenile or adult at the 9714 time of the arrest or conviction: full name, race, sex, date of birth, height, weight, fingerprints, a brief 9715 description of the barrier crime or offenses for which the person has been arrested or has been

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9716 convicted, the disposition of the charge, and any other information that may be useful in identifying 9717 persons arrested for or convicted of a barrier crime.

9718 "Care" means the provision of care, treatment, education, training, instruction, supervision, or 9719 recreation to children or the elderly or disabled.

9720 "Department" means the Department of State Police.

9721 "Employed by" means any person who is employed by, volunteers for, seeks to be employed by, or9722 seeks to volunteer for a qualified entity.

9723 "Identification document" means a document made or issued by or under the authority of the United
9724 States government, a state, a political subdivision of a state, a foreign government, political subdivision
9725 of a foreign government, an international governmental or an international quasi-governmental
9726 organization that, when completed with information concerning a particular individual, is of a type
9727 intended or commonly accepted for the purpose of identification of individuals.

9728 "Provider" means a person who (i) is employed by a qualified entity and has, seeks to have, or may
9729 have unsupervised access to a child or to an elderly or disabled person to whom the qualified entity
9730 provides care; (ii) is a volunteer of a qualified entity and has, seeks to have, or may have unsupervised
9731 access to a child to whom the qualified entity provides care; or (iii) owns, operates, or seeks to own or
9732 operate a qualified entity.

9733 "Qualified entity" means a business or organization that provides care to children or the elderly or
9734 disabled, whether governmental, private, for profit, nonprofit, or voluntary, except organizations exempt
9735 pursuant to subdivision A 7 of § 22.1-289.030.

9736 B. A qualified entity may request the Department of State Police to conduct a national criminal background check on any provider who is employed by such entity. No qualified entity may request a national criminal background check on a provider until such provider has:

9739 1. Been fingerprinted; and

9740 2. Completed and signed a statement, furnished by the entity, that includes (i) his name, address, and 9741 date of birth as it appears on a valid identification document; (ii) a disclosure of whether or not the 9742 provider has ever been convicted of or is the subject of pending charges for a criminal offense within or 9743 outside the Commonwealth, and if the provider has been convicted of a crime, a description of the crime 9744 and the particulars of the conviction; (iii) a notice to the provider that the entity may request a 9745 background check; (iv) a notice to the provider that he is entitled to obtain a copy of any background 9746 check report, to challenge the accuracy and completeness of any information contained in any such 9747 report, and to obtain a prompt determination as to the validity of such challenge before a final 9748 determination is made by the Department; and (v) a notice to the provider that prior to the completion 9749 of the background check the qualified entity may choose to deny the provider unsupervised access to 9750 children or the elderly or disabled for whom the qualified entity provides care.

9751 C. Upon receipt of (i) a qualified entity's written request to conduct a background check on a 9752 provider, (ii) the provider's fingerprints, and (iii) a completed, signed statement as described in 9753 subsection B, the Department shall make a determination whether the provider has been convicted of or 9754 is the subject of charges of a barrier crime. To conduct its determination regarding the provider's barrier 9755 crime information, the Department shall access the national criminal history background check system, 9756 which is maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is based on fingerprints and other 9757 methods of identification, and shall access the Central Criminal Records Exchange maintained by the 9758 Department. If the Department receives a background report lacking disposition data, the Department 9759 shall conduct research in whatever state and local recordkeeping systems are available in order to obtain 9760 complete data. The Department shall make reasonable efforts to respond to a qualified entity's inquiry 9761 within 15 business days.

9762 D. Any background check conducted pursuant to this section for a provider employed by a private
9763 entity shall be screened by the Department of State Police. If the provider has been convicted of or is
9764 under indictment for a barrier crime, the qualified entity shall be notified that the provider is not
9765 qualified to work or volunteer in a position that involves unsupervised access to children or the elderly
9766 or disabled.

9767 E. Any background check conducted pursuant to this section for a provider employed by a governmental entity shall be provided to that entity.

9769 F. In the case of a provider who desires to volunteer at a qualified entity and who is subject to a national criminal background check, the Department and the Federal Bureau of Investigation may each charge the provider the lesser of \$18 or the actual cost to the entity of the background check conducted with the fingerprints.

9773 G. The failure to request a criminal background check pursuant to subsection B shall not be considered negligence per se in any civil action.

9775 § 19.2-392.6. (For contingent effective date see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524 and 542) 9776 Automatic sealing of offenses resulting in a deferred and dismissed disposition or conviction.

9777 A. If a person was charged with an offense in violation of § 4.1-305 or former § 18.2-250.1, and such offense was deferred and dismissed as provided in § 4.1-305 or 18.2-251, such offense, including any records relating to such offense, shall be ordered to be automatically sealed in the manner set forth in § 19.2-392.7, subject to the provisions of subsections C and D.

9781 B. If a person was convicted of a violation of any of the following sections, such conviction, including any records relating to such conviction, shall be ordered to be automatically sealed in the manner set forth in § 19.2-392.7, subject to the provisions of subsections C and D: § 4.1-305, 18.2-96, 18.2-103, 18.2-119, 18.2-120, or 18.2-134; a misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-248.1; or former
9785 § 18.2-250.1, or 18.2-415.

9786 C. Subject to the provisions of subsection D, any offense listed under subsection A and any
9787 conviction listed under subsection B shall be ordered to be automatically sealed if seven years have
9788 passed since the date of the dismissal or conviction and the person charged with or convicted of such offense has not been convicted of violating any law of the Commonwealth that requires a report to the
9790 Central Criminal Records Exchange under subsection A of § 19.2-390 or any other state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or any territory thereof, excluding traffic infractions under Title 46.2, during that time period.

9793 D. No offense listed under subsection A shall be automatically sealed if, on the date of the deferral
9794 or dismissal, the person was convicted of another offense that is not eligible for automatic sealing under
9795 subsection A or B. No conviction listed under subsection B shall be automatically sealed if, on the date
9796 of the conviction, the person was convicted of another offense that is not eligible for automatic sealing
9797 under subsection A or B.

9798 E. If a person was charged with any criminal or civil offense and such offense concluded with any
9799 final disposition as either a misdemeanor violation of former § 18.2-248.1 or a violation of former
9800 § 18.2-250.1, or was charged with an offense in violation of former § 18.2-250.1, and such offense was
9801 deferred and dismissed as provided in § 18.2-251, such offense shall be ordered to be automatically
9802 sealed in the manner set forth in § 19.2-392.7.

9803 *F*. This section shall not be construed as prohibiting a person from seeking sealing in the circuit court pursuant to the provisions of \S 19.2-392.12.

9805 § 19.2-392.12. (For contingent effective date see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524 and 542) Sealing 9806 of offenses resulting in a deferred and dismissed disposition or conviction by petition.

9807 A. Except for a conviction or deferral and dismissal of a violation of § 18.2-36.1, 18.2-36.2, 9808 18.2-51.4, 18.2-51.5, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-266, or 46.2-341.24, a person who has been convicted of or had a 9809 charge deferred and dismissed for a (i) misdemeanor offense, (ii) Class 5 or 6 felony, or (iii) violation 9810 of § 18.2-95 or any other felony offense in which the defendant is deemed guilty of larceny and punished as provided in § 18.2-95, or (iv) felony violation of former § 18.2-248.1 may file a petition 9811 setting forth the relevant facts and requesting sealing of the criminal history record information and 9812 9813 court records relating to the charge or conviction, including any records related to any violation of the terms and conditions of a suspended sentence or probation for such conviction that were specifically set 9814 9815 forth in the petition to be sealed, provided that such person has (a) never been convicted of a Class 1 or 9816 2 felony or any other felony punishable by imprisonment for life, (b) not been convicted of a Class 3 or 9817 4 felony within the past 20 years, or (c) not been convicted of any other felony within the past 10 years 9818 of his petition.

9819 B. A person shall not be required to pay any fees or costs for filing a petition pursuant to this section if such person files a petition to proceed without the payment of fees and costs, and the court with which such person files his petition finds such person to be indigent pursuant to § 19.2-159.

9822 C. The petition with a copy of the warrant, summons, or indictment, if reasonably available, shall be 9823 filed in the circuit court of the county or city in which the case was disposed of and shall contain, 9824 except when not reasonably available, the date of arrest, the name of the arresting agency, and the date 9825 of conviction. When this information is not reasonably available, the petition shall state the reason for 9826 such unavailability. The petition shall further state the charge or conviction to be sealed; the date of 9827 final disposition of the charge or conviction as set forth in the petition; the petitioner's date of birth, sex, 9828 race, and social security number, if available; and the full name used by the petitioner at the time of 9829 arrest or summons. A petitioner may only have two petitions granted pursuant to this section within his 9830 lifetime, but a petition that is granted solely to seal a felony violation of former § 18.2-248.1 or a 9831 violation of subsection A of § 18.2-265.3 as it relates to marijuana, or a petition that is granted to seal 9832 a violation of the terms and conditions of a suspended sentence or a probation violation shall not count 9833 against the petitioner's lifetime maximum.

9834 D. The Commonwealth shall be made party to the proceeding. The petitioner shall provide a copy of
9835 the petition by delivery or by first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the attorney for the Commonwealth of
9836 the city or county in which the petition is filed. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file an
9837 objection or answer to the petition or may give written notice to the court that he does not object to the
9838 petition within 21 days after it is delivered to him or received in the mail.

9839 E. Upon receipt of the petition, the circuit court shall order that the attorney for the Commonwealth 9840 or a law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, provide the court with a sealed copy of the 9841 criminal history record of the petitioner. Upon completion of the hearing, the court shall cause the 9842 criminal history record to be destroyed unless, within 30 days of the date of the entry of the final order 9843 in the matter, the petitioner or the attorney for the Commonwealth notes an appeal to the Supreme Court 9844 of Virginia.

9845 F. After receiving the criminal history record of the petitioner, the court may conduct a hearing on **9846** the petition. The court shall enter an order requiring the sealing of the criminal history record 9847 information and court records, including electronic records, relating to the charge or conviction, only if 9848 the court finds that all criteria in subdivisions 1 through 4 are met, as follows:

9849 1. During a period after the date of (i) dismissal of a deferred charge, (ii) conviction, or (iii) release 9850 from incarceration of the charge or conviction set forth in the petition, whichever date occurred later, the 9851 person has not been convicted of violating any law of the Commonwealth that requires a report to the 9852 Central Criminal Records Exchange under subsection A of § 19.2-390 or any other state, the District of 9853 Columbia, or the United States or any territory thereof, excluding traffic infractions under Title 46.2, 9854 for: 9855

a. Seven years for any misdemeanor offense; or 9856

b. Ten years for any felony offense;

9857 2. If the records relating to the offense indicate that the occurrence leading to the deferral or 9858 conviction involved the use or dependence upon alcohol or any narcotic drug or any other 9859 self-administered intoxicant or drug of whatsoever nature, the petitioner has demonstrated his 9860 rehabilitation;

9861 3. The petitioner has not previously obtained the sealing of two other deferrals or convictions arising 9862 out of different sentencing events; and

9863 4. The continued existence and possible dissemination of information relating to the charge or 9864 conviction of the petitioner causes or may cause circumstances that constitute a manifest injustice to the 9865 petitioner.

9866 G. If the attorney for the Commonwealth of the county or city in which the petition is filed (i) gives 9867 written notice to the court pursuant to subsection D that he does not object to the petition and (ii) 9868 stipulates in such written notice that the petitioner is eligible to have such offense sealed, and the 9869 continued existence and possible dissemination of information relating to the charge or conviction of the **9870** petitioner causes or may cause circumstances that constitute a manifest injustice to the petitioner, the 9871 court may enter an order of sealing without conducting a hearing.

9872 H. Any party aggrieved by the decision of the court may appeal, as provided by law in civil cases.

9873 I. Upon the entry of an order of sealing, the clerk of the court shall cause an electronic copy of such 9874 order to be forwarded to the Department of State Police. Such electronic order shall contain the 9875 petitioner's full name, date of birth, sex, race, and social security number, if available, as well as the 9876 petitioner's state identification number from the criminal history record, the court case number of the 9877 charge or conviction to be sealed, if available, and the document control number, if available. Upon 9878 receipt of such electronic order, the Department of State Police shall seal such records in accordance 9879 with § 19.2-392.13. When sealing such charge or conviction, the Department of State Police shall 9880 include a notation on the criminal history record that such offense was sealed pursuant to this section. 9881 The Department of State Police shall also electronically notify the Office of the Executive Secretary of 9882 the Supreme Court and any other agencies and individuals known to maintain or to have obtained such 9883 a record that such record has been ordered to be sealed and may only be disseminated in accordance 9884 with § 19.2-392.13 and pursuant to the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to § 9.1-128 and the 9885 procedures adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134.

9886 J. Costs shall be as provided by § 17.1-275 but shall not be recoverable against the Commonwealth. 9887 Any costs collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Sealing Fee Fund created pursuant 9888 to § 17.1-205.1.

9889 K. Any order entered where (i) the court or parties failed to strictly comply with the procedures set forth in this section or (ii) the court enters an order for the sealing of records contrary to law shall be 9890 9891 voidable upon motion and notice made within two years of the entry of such order.

9892 L. If a petitioner qualifies to file a petition for sealing of records without the payment of fees and 9893 costs pursuant to subsection B and has requested court-appointed counsel, the court shall then appoint 9894 counsel to file the petition for sealing of records and represent the petitioner in the sealed records 9895 proceedings. Counsel appointed to represent such a petitioner shall be compensated for his services 9896 subject to guidelines issued by the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia, in a total 9897 amount not to exceed \$120, as determined by the court, and such compensation shall be paid from the 9898 Sealing Fee Fund as provided in § 17.1-205.1. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the 9899 ability of a nonprofit legal aid program or legal aid society from providing pro bono legal services or

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9900 representation to any person.

9901 M. A petition filed under this section and any responsive pleadings filed by the attorney for the
9902 Commonwealth shall be maintained under seal by the clerk unless otherwise ordered by the court. Any
9903 order to seal issued pursuant to this section shall be sealed and may only be disseminated for the
9904 purposes set forth in § 19.2-392.13 and pursuant to rules and regulations adopted pursuant to § 9.1-128
9905 and procedures adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134.

9906 N. A conviction or deferral and dismissal of § 18.2-36.1, 18.2-36.2, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-51.5, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-266, or 46.2-341.24 is ineligible for the sealing of records under this section.

9908 O. Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the circuit court from entering an order to seal a charge or conviction under this section when such charge or conviction is eligible for sealing under some other section of this chapter.

9911 § 19.2-392.13. (For contingent effective date see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524 and 542)
9912 Disposition of records when an offense is sealed; permitted uses of sealed records.

9913 A. Upon electronic notification that a court order for sealing has been entered pursuant to 9914 § 19.2-392.7, 19.2-392.8, 19.2-392.9, 19.2-392.11, or 19.2-392.12, the Department of State Police shall 9915 not disseminate any criminal history record information contained in the Central Criminal Records 9916 Exchange, including any records relating to an arrest, charge, or conviction, that was ordered to be 9917 sealed, except for purposes set forth in this section and pursuant to rules and regulations adopted 9918 pursuant to § 9.1-128 and procedures adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134. Upon receipt of such electronic 9919 notification, the Department of State Police shall electronically notify those agencies and individuals 9920 known to maintain or to have obtained such a record that such record has been ordered to be sealed and 9921 may only be disseminated for purposes set forth in this section and pursuant to rules and regulations 9922 adopted pursuant to § 9.1-128 and procedures adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134. Any records maintained electronically that are transformed or transferred by whatever means to an offline system or to a 9923 9924 confidential and secure area inaccessible from normal use within the system in which the record is 9925 maintained shall be considered sealed, provided that such records are accessible only to the manager of 9926 the records or their designee.

B. Upon entry of a court order for sealing pursuant to § 19.2-392.7, 19.2-392.8, 19.2-392.9,
19.2-392.11, or 19.2-392.12, the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court and any circuit court clerk who maintains a case management system that interfaces with the Department of State Police under subsection B1 of § 17.1-502 shall ensure that the court record of such arrest, charge, or conviction is not available for public online viewing as directed by subsections B and C of § 17.1-293.1. Additionally, upon entry of such an order for sealing, the clerk of court shall not disseminate any court record of such arrest, charge, or conviction, except as provided in subsections D and E.

9934 C. Records relating to an arrest, charge, or conviction that was ordered to be sealed pursuant to § 19.2-392.7, 19.2-392.8, 19.2-392.9, 19.2-392.11, or 19.2-392.12 shall not be open for public inspection 9935 9936 or otherwise disclosed, provided that such records may be disseminated and used for the following 9937 purposes: (i) to make the determination as provided in § 18.2-308.2:2 of eligibility to possess or 9938 purchase a firearm; (ii) for fingerprint comparison utilizing the fingerprints maintained in the Automated 9939 Fingerprint Information System; (iii) to the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission for its research 9940 purposes; (iv) to any full-time or part-time employee of the State Police or a police department or 9941 sheriff's office that is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 9942 thereof for the purpose of screening any person for full-time employment or part-time employment with, 9943 or to be a volunteer with, the State Police or a police department or sheriff's office that is a part of or 9944 administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof; (v) to the State Health 9945 Commissioner or his designee for the purpose of screening any person who applies to be a volunteer 9946 with or an employee of an emergency medical services agency as provided in § 32.1-111.5; (vi) to any 9947 full-time or part-time employee of the Department of Forensic Science for the purpose of screening any 9948 person for full-time or part-time employment with the Department of Forensic Science; (vii) to the chief law-enforcement officer of a locality, or his designee who shall be an individual employed as a public 9949 9950 safety official of the locality, that has adopted an ordinance in accordance with §§ 15.2-1503.1 and 9951 19.2-389 for the purpose of screening any person who applies to be a volunteer with or an employee of 9952 an emergency medical services agency as provided in § 32.1-111.5; (viii) to any full-time or part-time employee of the Department of Motor Vehicles, any employer as defined in § 46.2-341.4, or any **9953** 9954 medical examiner as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 390.5 for the purpose of complying with the regulations of 9955 the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration; (ix) to any employer or prospective employer or its 9956 designee where federal law requires the employer to inquire about prior criminal charges or convictions; 9957 (x) to any employer or prospective employer or its designee where the position that a person is applying for, or where access to the premises in or upon which any part of the duties of such position is 9958 9959 performed or is to be performed, is subject to any requirement imposed in the interest of the national 9960 security of the United States under any security program in effect pursuant to or administered under any 9961 contract with, or statute or regulation of, the United States or any Executive Order of the President; (xi) 9962 to any person authorized to engage in the collection of court costs, fines, or restitution under subsection 9963 C of § 19.2-349 for purposes of collecting such court costs, fines, or restitution; (xii) to administer and 9964 utilize the DNA Analysis and Data Bank set forth in Article 1.1 (§ 19.2-310.2 et seq.) of Chapter 18; 9965 (xiii) to publish decisions of the Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, or any circuit court; (xiv) to any 9966 full-time or part-time employee of a court, the Office of the Executive Secretary, the Division of 9967 Legislative Services, or the Chairs of the House Committee for Courts of Justice and the Senate 9968 Committee on the Judiciary for the purpose of screening any person for full-time or part-time 9969 employment as a clerk, magistrate, or judge with a court or the Office of the Executive Secretary; (xv) 9970 to any employer or prospective employer or its designee where this Code or a local ordinance requires 9971 the employer to inquire about prior criminal charges or convictions; (xvi) to any employer or 9972 prospective employer or its designee that is allowed access to such sealed records in accordance with the 9973 rules and regulations adopted pursuant to § 9.1-128 and procedures adopted pursuant to § 9.1-134; (xvii) 9974 to any business screening service for purposes of complying with § 19.2-392.16; (xviii) to any attorney 9975 for the Commonwealth and any person accused of a violation of law, or counsel for the accused, in 9976 order to comply with any constitutional and statutory duties to provide exculpatory, mitigating, and 9977 impeachment evidence to an accused; (xix) to any party in a criminal or civil proceeding for use as 9978 authorized by law in such proceeding; (xx) to any party for use in a protective order hearing as 9979 authorized by law; (xxi) to the Department of Social Services or any local department of social services 9980 for purposes of performing any statutory duties as required under Title 63.2; (xxii) to any party in a 9981 proceeding relating to the care and custody of a child for use as authorized by law in such proceeding; 9982 (xxiii) to the attorney for the Commonwealth and the court for purposes of determining eligibility for 9983 sealing pursuant to the provisions of § 19.2-392.12; (xxiv) to determine a person's eligibility to be 9984 empaneled as a juror; and (xxv) to any full-time or part-time employee of the Virginia Cannabis Control 9985 Authority for the purpose of determining whether a person qualifies as a social equity applicant; and 9986 (xxvi) to the person arrested, charged, or convicted of the offense that was sealed.

9987 D. Upon request from any person to access a paper or a digital image of a court record, the clerk of 9988 court shall determine whether such record is open to public access and inspection. If the clerk of court 9989 determines that the court record has been sealed, such record shall not be provided to the requestor 9990 without an order from the court that entered the order to seal the court record. Any order from a court 9991 that allows access to a paper or a digital image of a court record that has been sealed shall only be 9992 issued for one or more of the purposes set forth in subsection C. Such order to access a paper or a 9993 digital image of a court record that has been sealed shall allow the requestor to photocopy such court 9994 record. No fee shall be charged to any person filing a motion to access a paper or a digital image of a 9995 court record that has been sealed if the person filing such motion is the same person who was arrested, 9996 charged, or convicted of the offense that was sealed.

9997 E. No access shall be provided to electronic records in an appellate court, circuit court, or district court case management system maintained by the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court or in a case management system maintained by a clerk of the circuit court for any arrest, charge, or conviction that was ordered to be sealed pursuant to § 19.2-392.7, 19.2-392.8, 19.2-392.9, 19.2-392.11, or 19.2-392.12, except to the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission for its research purposes. Such electronic records may be disseminated to the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission without a court order.

F. If a pleading or case document in a court record that was sealed is included among other court records that have not been ordered to be sealed, the clerk of court shall not be required to prohibit dissemination of that record. The Supreme Court, Court of Appeals, and any circuit court shall not be required to prohibit dissemination of any published or unpublished opinion relating to an arrest, charge, or conviction that was ordered to be sealed.

10008 G. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall not seal any conviction or any charge that was deferred 10009 and dismissed after a finding of facts sufficient to justify a finding of guilt (i) in violation of federal 10010 regulatory record retention requirements or (ii) in violation of federal program requirements if the 10011 Department of Motor Vehicles is required to suspend a person's driving privileges as a result of a 10012 conviction or deferral and dismissal ordered to be sealed. Upon receipt of an order directing that an 10013 offense be sealed, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall seal all records if the federal regulatory 10014 record retention period has run and all federal program requirements associated with a suspension have 10015 been satisfied. However, if the Department of Motor Vehicles cannot seal an offense pursuant to this 10016 subsection at the time it is ordered, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall (a) notify the Department of 10017 State Police of the reason the record cannot be sealed and cite the authority prohibiting sealing at the 10018 time it is ordered: (b) notify the Department of State Police of the date, if known at the time when the 10019 sealing is ordered, on which such record can be sealed; (c) seal such record on that date; and (d) notify 10020 the Department of State Police when such record has been sealed within the Department of Motor 10021 Vehicles' records.

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10023 testifying witness at any hearing or trial unless (i) its probative value, supported by specific facts and circumstances, substantially outweighs its prejudicial effect and (ii) the proponent gives an adverse party reasonable written notice of the intent to use it so that the party has a fair opportunity to contest its use.

10026 I. The provisions of this section shall not prohibit the disclosure of sealed criminal history record
 10027 information or any information from such records among law-enforcement officers and attorneys when
 such disclosures are made by such officers or attorneys while engaged in the performance of their duties
 10029 for purposes solely relating to the disclosure or use of exculpatory, mitigating, and impeachment
 evidence or between attorneys for the Commonwealth when related to the prosecution of a separate
 10031 crime.

§ 19.2-392.3. Disclosure of expunged records.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person having or acquiring access to an expunged court or police record to open or review it or to disclose to another person any information from it without an order from the court which ordered the record expunged.

B. Upon a verified petition filed by the attorney for the Commonwealth alleging that the record is needed by (*i*) a law-enforcement agency or the Department of Forensic Science for purposes of employment application as an employee of a law-enforcement agency or the Department of Forensic Science or (*ii*) for a pending criminal investigation and that the investigation will be jeopardized or that life or property will be endangered without immediate access to the record, the court may enter an ex parte order, without notice to the person, permitting such access. An ex parte order may permit a review of the record, but may not permit a copy to be made of it.

10043 C. Any person who willfully violates this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

10044 § 19.2-392.6. (For contingent effective date, see Acts 2021, Sp. Sess. I, cc. 524 and 542) 10045 Automatic sealing of offenses resulting in a deferred and dismissed disposition or conviction.

A. If a person was charged with an offense in violation of § 4.1-305 or former § 18.2-250.1, and such offense was deferred and dismissed as provided in § 4.1-305 or 18.2-251, such offense, including any records relating to such offense, shall be ordered to be automatically sealed in the manner set forth in § 19.2-392.7, subject to the provisions of subsections C and D.

B. If a person was convicted of a violation of any of the following sections, such conviction, including any records relating to such conviction, shall be ordered to be automatically sealed in the manner set forth in § 19.2-392.7, subject to the provisions of subsections C and D: § 4.1-305, 18.2-96, 18.2-103, 18.2-119, 18.2-120, or 18.2-134; a misdemeanor violation of *former* § 18.2-248.1; or former 10054 § 18.2-250.1 or 18.2-415.

C. Subject to the provisions of subsection D, any offense listed under subsection A and any conviction listed under subsection B shall be ordered to be automatically sealed if seven years have passed since the date of the dismissal or conviction and the person charged with or convicted of such offense has not been convicted of violating any law of the Commonwealth that requires a report to the Central Criminal Records Exchange under subsection A of § 19.2-390 or any other state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or any territory thereof, excluding traffic infractions under Title 46.2, during that time period.

10062 D. No offense listed under subsection A shall be automatically sealed if, on the date of the deferral 10063 or dismissal, the person was convicted of another offense that is not eligible for automatic sealing under 10064 subsection A or B. No conviction listed under subsection B shall be automatically sealed if, on the date 10065 of the conviction, the person was convicted of another offense that is not eligible for automatic sealing 10066 under subsection A or B.

10067 E. This section shall not be construed as prohibiting a person from seeking sealing in the circuit court pursuant to the provisions of § 19.2-392.12.

10069 § 22.1-206. Instruction concerning drugs, alcohol, substance abuse, and tobacco and nicotine 10070 products.

10071 A. Instruction concerning drugs and drug abuse shall be provided by the public schools as prescribed 10072 by the Board of Education.

B. Instruction concerning the public safety hazards and dangers of alcohol abuse, underage drinking, *underage marijuana use*, and drunk driving shall be provided in the public schools. The Virginia
Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority *and the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority* shall provide educational materials to the Department of Education. The Department of Education shall review and shall distribute such materials as are approved to the public schools.

10078 C. The Virginia Foundation for Healthy Youth shall develop and the Department of Education shall distribute to each local school division educational materials concerning the health and safety risks of using tobacco products, nicotine vapor products, and alternative nicotine products, as such terms are defined in § 18.2-371.2. Instruction concerning the health and safety risks of using tobacco products, and alternative nicotine products, as such terms are defined in § 18.2-371.2, shall be provided in each public elementary and secondary school in the Commonwealth, consistent with such educational materials.

10085 § 22.1-277.08. Expulsion of students for certain drug offenses.

10086 A. School boards shall expel from school attendance any student whom such school board has 10087 determined, in accordance with the procedures set forth in this article, to have brought a controlled 10088 substance, or imitation controlled substance, or marijuana as those terms are defined in § 18.2-247 onto 10089 school property or to a school-sponsored activity. A school administrator, pursuant to school board 10090 policy, or a school board may, however, determine, based on the facts of a particular situation, that 10091 special circumstances exist and no disciplinary action or another disciplinary action or another term of 10092 expulsion is appropriate. A school board may, by regulation, authorize the division superintendent or his 10093 designee to conduct a preliminary review of such cases to determine whether a disciplinary action other 10094 than expulsion is appropriate. Such regulations shall ensure that, if a determination is made that another 10095 disciplinary action is appropriate, any such subsequent disciplinary action is to be taken in accordance with the procedures set forth in this article. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a 10096 10097 student's expulsion regardless of the facts of the particular situation.

10098 B. Each school board shall revise its standards of student conduct to incorporate the requirements of 10099 this section no later than three months after the date on which this act becomes effective. 10100

§ 23.1-609. Surviving spouses and children of certain individuals; tuition and fee waivers.

10101 A. The surviving spouse and any child between the ages of 16 and 25 of an individual who was 10102 killed in the line of duty while employed or serving as a (i) law-enforcement officer, including as a 10103 campus police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8, sworn 10104 law-enforcement officer, firefighter, special forest warden pursuant to § 10.1-1135, member of a rescue 10105 squad, special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis 10106 Control Authority, state correctional, regional or local jail officer, regional jail or jail farm superintendent, sheriff, or deputy sheriff; (ii) member of the Virginia National Guard while serving on 10107 10108 official state duty or federal duty under Title 32 of the United States Code; or (iii) member of the 10109 Virginia Defense Force while serving on official state duty, and any individual whose spouse was killed in the line of duty while employed or serving in any of such occupations, is entitled to a waiver of 10110 10111 undergraduate tuition and mandatory fees at any public institution of higher education under the 10112 following conditions:

10113 1. The chief executive officer of the deceased individual's employer certifies that such individual was 10114 so employed and was killed in the line of duty while serving or living in the Commonwealth; and

10115 2. The surviving spouse or child is admitted to, enrolls at, and is in attendance at such institution and 10116 applies to such institution for the waiver. Waiver recipients who make satisfactory academic progress are 10117 eligible for renewal of such waiver.

10118 B. Institutions that grant such waivers shall waive the amounts payable for tuition, institutional 10119 charges and mandatory educational and auxiliary fees, and books and supplies but shall not waive user 10120 fees such as room and board charges.

10121 C. Each public institution of higher education shall include in its catalog or equivalent publication a 10122 statement describing the benefits available pursuant to this section.

§ 23.1-1301. Governing boards; powers.

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10124 A. The board of visitors of each baccalaureate public institution of higher education or its designee 10125 may:

- 10126 1. Make regulations and policies concerning the institution;
- 10127 2. Manage the funds of the institution and approve an annual budget;
- 10128 3. Appoint the chief executive officer of the institution;
- 10129 4. Appoint professors and fix their salaries; and
- 10130 5. Fix the rates charged to students for tuition, mandatory fees, and other necessary charges.
- 10131 B. The governing board of each public institution of higher education or its designee may:

10132 1. In addition to the powers set forth in Restructured Higher Education Financial and Administrative 10133 Operations Act (§ 23.1-1000 et seq.), lease or sell and convey its interest in any real property that it has 10134 acquired by purchase, will, or deed of gift, subject to the prior approval of the Governor and any terms 10135 and conditions of the will or deed of gift, if applicable. The proceeds shall be held, used, and 10136 administered in the same manner as all other gifts and bequests;

10137 2. Grant easements for roads, streets, sewers, waterlines, electric and other utility lines, or other 10138 purposes on any property owned by the institution;

10139 3. Adopt regulations or institution policies for parking and traffic on property owned, leased, 10140 maintained, or controlled by the institution;

10141 4. Adopt regulations or institution policies for the employment and dismissal of professors, teachers, 10142 instructors, and other employees;

10143 5. Adopt regulations or institution policies for the acceptance and assistance of students in addition to 10144 the regulations or institution policies required pursuant to § 23.1-1303;

10145 6. Adopt regulations or institution policies for the conduct of students in attendance and for the SB391S2

10146 rescission or restriction of financial aid, suspension, and dismissal of students who fail or refuse to abide 10147 by such regulations or policies;

10148 7. Establish programs, in cooperation with the Council and the Office of the Attorney General, to 10149 promote (i) student compliance with state laws on the use of alcoholic beverages and marijuana and (ii) 10150 the awareness and prevention of sexual crimes committed upon students;

10151 8. Establish guidelines for the initiation or induction of students into any social fraternity or sorority 10152 in accordance with the prohibition against hazing as defined in § 18.2-56;

10153 9. Assign any interest it possesses in intellectual property or in materials in which the institution 10154 claims an interest, provided such assignment is in accordance with the terms of the institution's intellectual property policies adopted pursuant to § 23.1-1303. The Governor's prior written approval is 10155 10156 required for transfers of such property (i) developed wholly or predominantly through the use of state general funds, exclusive of capital assets and (ii)(a) developed by an employee of the institution acting 10157 10158 within the scope of his assigned duties or (b) for which such transfer is made to an entity other than (1) 10159 the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority, (2) an entity whose purpose is to manage 10160 intellectual properties on behalf of nonprofit organizations, colleges, and universities, or (3) an entity 10161 whose purpose is to benefit the respective institutions. The Governor may attach conditions to these transfers as he deems necessary. In the event the Governor does not approve such transfer, the materials 10162 10163 shall remain the property of the respective institutions and may be used and developed in any manner 10164 permitted by law;

10165 10. Conduct closed meetings pursuant to §§ 2.2-3711 and 2.2-3712 and conduct business as a "state 10166 public body" for purposes of subsection D of § 2.2-3708.2; and

10167 11. Adopt a resolution to require the governing body of a locality that is contiguous to the institution 10168 to enforce state statutes and local ordinances with respect to offenses occurring on the property of the institution. Upon receipt of such resolution, the governing body of such locality shall enforce statutes 10169 10170 and local ordinances with respect to offenses occurring on the property of the institution. 10171

§ 33.2-613. Free use of toll facilities by certain state officers and employees; penalties.

10172 A. Upon presentation of a toll pass issued pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Board, the 10173 following persons may use all toll bridges, toll ferries, toll tunnels, and toll roads in the Commonwealth 10174 without the payment of toll while in the performance of their official duties:

- 10175 1. The Commissioner of Highways;
- 10176 2. Members of the Commonwealth Transportation Board;
- 10177 3. Employees of the Department of Transportation;
- 10178 4. The Superintendent of the Department of State Police;
- 10179 5. Officers and employees of the Department of State Police;
- 10180 6. Members of the Board of Directors of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the 10181 Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority;

10182 7. Employees of the regulatory and hearings divisions of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control 10183 Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and special agents of the Virginia Alcoholic 10184 Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority;

- 10185 8. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles;
- 10186 9. Employees of the Department of Motor Vehicles;
- 10187 10. Local police officers;
- 10188 11. Sheriffs and their deputies;
- 10189 12. Regional jail officials;
- 10190 13. Animal wardens;

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- 10191 14. The Director and officers of the Department of Wildlife Resources;
- 10192 15. Persons operating firefighting equipment and emergency medical services vehicles as defined in 10193 § 32.1-111.1:
- 10194 16. Operators of school buses being used to transport pupils to or from schools;

10195 17. Operators of (i) commuter buses having a capacity of 20 or more passengers, including the 10196 driver, and used to regularly transport workers to and from their places of employment and (ii) public 10197 transit buses;

18. Employees of the Department of Rail and Public Transportation;

19. Employees of any transportation facility created pursuant to the Virginia Highway Corporation 10199 10200 Act of 1988; and 10201

20. Law-enforcement officers of the Virginia Marine Resources Commission.

B. Notwithstanding the provision of subsection A requiring presentation of a toll pass for toll-free 10202 10203 use of such facilities, in cases of emergency and circumstances of concern for public safety on the highways of the Commonwealth, the Department of Transportation shall, in order to alleviate an actual 10204 or potential threat or risk to the public's safety, facilitate the flow of traffic on or within the vicinity of 10205 10206 the toll facility by permitting the temporary suspension of toll collection operations on its facilities.

10207 1. The assessment of the threat to public safety shall be performed and the decision temporarily to

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10208 suspend toll collection operations shall be made by the Commissioner of Highways or his designee.

10209 2. Major incidents that may require the temporary suspension of toll collection operations shall 10210 include (i) natural disasters, such as hurricanes, tornadoes, fires, and floods; (ii) accidental releases of 10211 hazardous materials, such as chemical spills; (iii) major traffic accidents, such as multivehicle collisions; 10212 and (iv) other incidents deemed to present a risk to public safety. Any mandatory evacuation during a 10213 state of emergency as defined in § 44-146.16 shall require the temporary suspension of toll collection 10214 operations in affected evacuation zones on routes designated as mass evacuation routes. The 10215 Commissioner of Highways shall reinstate toll collection when the mandatory evacuation period ends.

10216 3. In any judicial proceeding in which a person is found to be criminally responsible or civilly liable 10217 for any incident resulting in the suspension of toll collections as provided in this subsection, the court 10218 may assess against the person an amount equal to lost toll revenue as a part of the costs of the 10219 proceeding and order that such amount, not to exceed \$2,000 for any individual incident, be paid to the 10220 Department of Transportation for deposit into the toll road fund.

10221 C. Any tollgate keeper who refuses to permit the persons listed in subsection A to use any toll bridge, toll ferry, toll tunnel, or toll road upon presentation of such a toll pass is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than \$50 and not less than \$2.50. Any person other than 10222 10223 10224 those listed in subsection A who exhibits any such toll pass for the purpose of using any toll bridge, toll 10225 ferry, toll tunnel, or toll road is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

10226 D. Any vehicle operated by the holder of a valid driver's license or other document issued under 10227 Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Title 46.2, or the comparable law of another jurisdiction, authorizing 10228 the operation of a motor vehicle upon the highways shall be allowed free use of all toll bridges, toll 10229 roads, and other toll facilities in the Commonwealth if: 10230

1. The vehicle is specially equipped to permit its operation by a handicapped person;

10231 2. The driver of the vehicle has been certified, either by a physician licensed by the Commonwealth 10232 or any other state or by the Adjudication Office of the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, as being 10233 severely physically disabled and having permanent upper limb mobility or dexterity impairments that 10234 substantially impair his ability to deposit coins in toll baskets;

10235 3. The driver has applied for and received from the Department of Transportation a vehicle window 10236 sticker identifying him as eligible for such free passage; and

10237 4. Such identifying window sticker is properly displayed on the vehicle.

10238 A copy of this subsection shall be posted at all toll bridges, toll roads, and other toll facilities in the 10239 Commonwealth. The Department of Transportation shall provide envelopes for payments of tolls by 10240 those persons exempted from tolls pursuant to this subsection and shall accept any payments made by 10241 such persons.

10242 E. Nothing contained in this section or in § 33.2-612 or 33.2-1718 shall operate to affect the 10243 provisions of § 22.1-187.

10244 F. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections A, B, and C, only the following persons may use 10245 the Chesapeake Bay Bridge-Tunnel, facilities of the Richmond Metropolitan Transportation Authority, or 10246 facilities of an operator authorized to operate a toll facility pursuant to the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 33.2-1800 et seq.) without the payment of toll when necessary and incidental to the 10247 10248 conduct of official business:

- 10249 1. The Commissioner of Highways:
- 10250 2. Members of the Commonwealth Transportation Board;
- 10251 3. Employees of the Department of Transportation;
- 10252 4. The Superintendent of the Department of State Police;
- 10253 5. Officers and employees of the Department of State Police;
- 10254 6. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles;
- 10255 7. Employees of the Department of Motor Vehicles; and
- 10256 8. Sheriffs and deputy sheriffs.

10257 However, in the event of a mandatory evacuation and suspension of tolls pursuant to subdivision B 10258 2, the Commissioner of Highways or his designee shall order the temporary suspension of toll collection 10259 operations on facilities of all operators authorized to operate a toll facility pursuant to the Public-Private 10260 Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 33.2-1800 et seq.) that has been designated as a mass evacuation route in 10261 affected evacuation zones, to the extent such order is necessary to facilitate evacuation and is consistent 10262 with the terms of the applicable comprehensive agreement between the operator and the Department. 10263 The Commissioner of Highways shall authorize the reinstatement of toll collections suspended pursuant 10264 to this subsection when the mandatory evacuation period ends or upon the reinstatement of toll 10265 collections on other tolled facilities in the same affected area, whichever occurs first.

10266 G. Any vehicle operated by a quadriplegic driver shall be allowed free use of all toll facilities in 10267 Virginia controlled by the Richmond Metropolitan Transportation Authority, pursuant to the requirements 10268 of subdivisions D 1 through 4.

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10269 H. Vehicles transporting two or more persons, including the driver, may be permitted toll-free use of 10270 the Dulles Toll Road during rush hours by the Board; however, notwithstanding the provisions of 10271 subdivision B 1 of § 56-543, such vehicles shall not be permitted toll-free use of a roadway as defined 10272 pursuant to the Virginia Highway Corporation Act of 1988 (§ 56-535 et seq.). 10273

§ 46.2-105.2. Obtaining documents from the Department when not entitled thereto; penalty.

10274 A. It shall be is unlawful for any person to obtain a Virginia driver's license, special identification 10275 card, vehicle registration, certificate of title, or other document issued by the Department if such person 10276 has not satisfied all legal and procedural requirements for the issuance thereof, or is otherwise not 10277 legally entitled thereto, including obtaining any document issued by the Department through the use of 10278 counterfeit, forged, or altered documents.

10279 B. It shall be is unlawful to aid any person to obtain any driver's license, special identification card, 10280 vehicle registration, certificate of title, or other document in violation of the provisions of subsection A.

10281 C. It shall be is unlawful to knowingly possess or use for any purpose any driver's license, special 10282 identification card, vehicle registration, certificate of title, or other document obtained in violation of the 10283 provisions of subsection A.

10284 D. A violation of any provision of this section shall constitute a Class 2 misdemeanor if a person is 10285 charged and convicted of a violation of this section that involved the unlawful obtaining or possession 10286 of any document issued by the Department for the purpose of engaging in any age-limited activity, 10287 including but not limited to obtaining, possessing, or consuming alcoholic beverages or marijuana. 10288 However, if a person is charged and convicted of any other violation of this section, such offense shall 10289 constitute a Class 6 felony.

10290 E. Whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that any driver's license, special 10291 identification card, vehicle registration, certificate of title, or other document issued by the Department 10292 has been obtained in violation of this section, it may be cancelled by the Commissioner, who shall mail 10293 notice of the cancellation to the address of record maintained by the Department.

10294 § 46.2-347. Fraudulent use of driver's license or Department of Motor Vehicles identification 10295 card to obtain alcoholic beverages or marijuana; penalties.

Any underage person as specified in § 4.1-304 who knowingly uses or attempts to use a forged, 10296 10297 deceptive or otherwise nongenuine driver's license issued by any state, territory or possession of the 10298 United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or any foreign country or 10299 government; United States Armed Forces identification card; United States passport or foreign 10300 government visa; Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles special identification card; official 10301 identification issued by any other federal, state or foreign government agency; or official student 10302 identification card of an institution of higher education to obtain alcoholic beverages shall be or 10303 marijuana is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor, and upon conviction of a violation of this section, the 10304 court shall revoke such convicted person's driver's license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle for a 10305 period of not less than 30 days nor more than one year.

§ 48-17.1. Temporary injunctions against alcoholic beverage or marijuana sales.

10307 A. Any locality by or through its mayor, chief executive, or attorney may petition a circuit court to 10308 temporarily enjoin the sale of alcohol or marijuana at any establishment licensed by the Virginia 10309 Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority. The basis for such 10310 petition shall be the operator of the establishment has allowed it to become a meeting place for persons 10311 committing serious criminal violations of the law on or immediately adjacent to the premises so frequent 10312 and serious as to be deemed a continuing threat to public safety, as represented in an affidavit by the 10313 chief law-enforcement officer of the locality, supported by records of such criminal acts. The court shall, 10314 upon the presentation of evidence at a hearing on the matter, grant a temporary injunction, without 10315 bond, enjoining the sale of alcohol or marijuana at the establishment, if it appears to the satisfaction of 10316 the court that the threat to public safety complained of exists and is likely to continue if such injunction 10317 is not granted. The court hearing on the petition shall be held within 10 days of service upon the 10318 respondent. The respondent shall be served with notice of the time and place of the hearing and copies 10319 of all documentary evidence to be relied upon by the complainant at such hearing. Any injunction issued 10320 by the court shall be dissolved in the event the court later finds that the threat to public safety that is 10321 the basis of the injunction has been abated by reason of a change of ownership, management, or 10322 business operations at the establishment, or other change in circumstance.

10323 B. The Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority 10324 shall be given notice of any hearing under this section. In the event an injunction is granted, the 10325 Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority shall initiate 10326 an investigation into the activities at the establishment complained of and conduct an administrative hearing. After the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority or Virginia Cannabis Control Authority hearing and when a final determination has been issued by the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage 10327 10328 10329 Control Authority or Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, regardless of disposition, any injunction 10330 issued hereunder shall be null, without further action by the complainant, respondent, or the court.

10331 § 51.1-212. Definitions.

10332 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

10333 "Employee" means any (i) member of the Capitol Police Force as described in § 30-34.2:1, (ii) 10334 campus police officer appointed under the provisions of Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of 10335 Title 23.1, (iii) conservation police officer in the Department of Wildlife Resources appointed under the 10336 provisions of Chapter 2 (§ 29.1-200 et seq.) of Title 29.1, (iv) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic 10337 Beverage Control Authority appointed under the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 4.1-100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 10338 or special agent of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority appointed under the provisions of Chapter 10339 6 (§ 4.1-600 et seq.) of Title 4.1, (v) law-enforcement officer employed by the Virginia Marine 10340 Resources Commission as described in § 9.1-101, (vi) correctional officer as the term is defined in 10341 § 53.1-1, and including correctional officers employed at a juvenile correction facility as the term is 10342 defined in § 66-25.3, (vii) any parole officer appointed pursuant to § 53.1-143, and (viii) any commercial 10343 vehicle enforcement officer employed by the Department of State Police.

10344 "Member" means any person included in the membership of the Retirement System as provided in 10345 this chapter.

10346 "Normal retirement date" means a member's sixtieth birthday. 10347

"Retirement System" means the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System.

10348 § 53.1-165.1. Limitation on the application of parole statutes.

10349 A. The provisions of this article, except §§ 53.1-160 and 53.1-160.1, shall not apply to any sentence 10350 imposed or to any prisoner incarcerated upon a conviction for a felony offense committed on or after 10351 January 1, 1995. Any person sentenced to a term of incarceration for a felony offense committed on or 10352 after January 1, 1995, shall not be eligible for parole upon that offense.

10353 B. The provisions of this article shall apply to any person who was sentenced by a jury prior to June 10354 9, 2000, for any felony offense committed on or after January 1, 1995, and who remained incarcerated 10355 for such offense on July 1, 2020, other than (i) a Class 1 felony or (ii) any of the following felony offenses where the victim was a minor: (a) rape in violation of § 18.2-61; (b) forcible sodomy in 10356 10357 violation of § 18.2-67.1; (c) object sexual penetration in violation of § 18.2-67.2; (d) aggravated sexual 10358 battery in violation of § 18.2-67.3; (e) an attempt to commit a violation of clause (a), (b), (c), or (d); or 10359 (f) carnal knowledge in violation of § 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, or 18.2-64.2.

10360 C. The Parole Board shall establish procedures for consideration of parole of persons entitled under 10361 subsection B consistent with the provisions of § 53.1-154.

10362 D. Any person who meets eligibility criteria for parole under subsection B and pursuant to 10363 § 53.1-151 as of July 1, 2020, shall be scheduled for a parole interview no later than July 1, 2021, 10364 allowing for extension of time for reasonable cause.

10365 E. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A or any other provision of this article to the 10366 contrary, any person sentenced to a term of life imprisonment for a single felony or multiple felonies 10367 committed while the person was a juvenile and who has served at least 20 years of such sentence shall 10368 be eligible for parole and any person who has active sentences that total more than 20 years for a single 10369 felony or multiple felonies committed while the person was a juvenile and who has served at least 20 10370 years of such sentences shall be eligible for parole. The Board shall review and decide the case of each 10371 prisoner who is eligible for parole in accordance with § 53.1-154 and rules adopted pursuant to 10372 subdivision 2 of § 53.1-136.

10373 F. The provisions of this article shall apply to any person convicted of a felony and who is not 10374 serving a sentence for a conviction of an act of violence as defined in § 19.2-297.1, who may have had 10375 a sentence enhanced because of a felony conviction under § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, 10376 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-256, 18.2-257, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-474.1 10377 as it relates to marijuana, when such felony offense was committed on or after January 1, 1995, and 10378 who was committed by a court under the laws of the Commonwealth to the Department of Corrections 10379 and remains incarcerated for such offense on July 1, 2022.

10380 § 53.1-231.2. Restoration of the civil right to be eligible to register to vote to certain persons.

10381 This section shall apply to any person who is not a qualified voter because of a felony conviction, 10382 who seeks to have his right to register to vote restored and become eligible to register to vote, and who 10383 meets the conditions and requirements set out in this section.

10384 Any person, other than a person (i) convicted of a violent felony as defined in § 19.2-297.1 or in 10385 subsection C of § 17.1-805 and any crime ancillary thereto; (ii) convicted of a felony pursuant to 10386 § 4.1-1101, 4.1-1114, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, or 18.2-258.02; or (iii) 10387 convicted of a felony pursuant to § 24.2-1016, may petition the circuit court of the county or city in 10388 which he was convicted of a felony, or the circuit court of the county or city in which he presently 10389 resides, for restoration of his civil right to be eligible to register to vote through the process set out in 10390 this section. On such petition, the court may approve the petition for restoration to the person of his 10391 right if the court is satisfied from the evidence presented that the petitioner has completed, five or more

10392 years previously, service of any sentence and any modification of sentence including probation, parole, 10393 and suspension of sentence; that the petitioner has demonstrated civic responsibility through community 10394 or comparable service; and that the petitioner has been free from criminal convictions, excluding traffic 10395 infractions, for the same period.

10396 If the court approves the petition, it shall so state in an order, provide a copy of the order to the 10397 petitioner, and transmit its order to the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The order shall state that the 10398 petitioner's right to be eligible to register to vote may be restored by the date that is 90 days after the 10399 date of the order, subject to the approval or denial of restoration of that right by the Governor. The 10400 Secretary of the Commonwealth shall transmit the order to the Governor who may grant or deny the 10401 petition for restoration of the right to be eligible to register to vote approved by the court order. The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send, within 90 days of the date of the order, to the petitioner at 10402 10403 the address stated on the court's order, a certificate of restoration of that right or notice that the 10404 Governor has denied the restoration of that right. The Governor's denial of a petition for the restoration 10405 of voting rights shall be a final decision and the petitioner shall have no right of appeal. The Secretary 10406 shall notify the court and the State Board of Elections in each case of the restoration of the right or 10407 denial of restoration by the Governor.

10408 On receipt of the certificate of restoration of the right to register to vote from the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the petitioner, who is otherwise a qualified voter, shall become eligible to register to 10409 10410 vote. 10411

§ 54.1-2903. What constitutes practice; advertising in connection with medical practice.

10412 A. Any person shall be regarded as practicing the healing arts who actually engages in such practice 10413 as defined in this chapter, or who opens an office for such purpose, or who advertises or announces to the public in any manner a readiness to practice or who uses in connection with his name the words or letters "Doctor," "Dr.," "M.D.," "D.O.," "D.P.M.," "D.C.," "Healer," "N.P.," or any other title, word, 10414 10415 10416 letter or designation intending to designate or imply that he is a practitioner of the healing arts or that 10417 he is able to heal, cure or relieve those suffering from any injury, deformity or disease.

10418 Signing a birth or death certificate, or signing any statement certifying that the person so signing has 10419 rendered professional service to the sick or injured, or signing or issuing a prescription for drugs or 10420 other remedial agents, shall be prima facie evidence that the person signing or issuing such writing is 10421 practicing the healing arts within the meaning of this chapter except where persons other than physicians are required to sign birth certificates. 10422

10423 B. No person regulated under this chapter shall use the title "Doctor" or the abbreviation "Dr." in 10424 writing or in advertising in connection with his practice unless he simultaneously uses words, initials, an 10425 abbreviation or designation, or other language that identifies the type of practice for which he is 10426 licensed. No person regulated under this chapter shall include in any advertisement a reference to marijuana, as defined in § 18.2-247 54.1-3401, unless such advertisement is for the treatment of 10427 10428 addiction or substance abuse. However, nothing in this subsection shall prevent a person from including 10429 in any advertisement that such person is registered with the Board of Pharmacy to issue written 10430 certifications for the use of cannabis products, as defined in § 54.1-3408.3. 10431

§ 54.1-3401. Definitions.

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As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

10433 "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, 10434 ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by (i) a practitioner or by his 10435 authorized agent and under his direction or (ii) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the 10436 presence of the practitioner.

10437 "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated in any manner or by any means, other than 10438 by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or which are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the 10439 purchase of drugs or devices.

10440 "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, 10441 distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or 10442 employee of the carrier or warehouseman.

10443 "Anabolic steroid" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related 10444 to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestins, corticosteroids, and dehydroepiandrosterone. 10445

"Animal" means any nonhuman animate being endowed with the power of voluntary action.

10446 "Automated drug dispensing system" means a mechanical or electronic system that performs operations or activities, other than compounding or administration, relating to pharmacy services, 10447 10448 including the storage, dispensing, or distribution of drugs and the collection, control, and maintenance of 10449 all transaction information, to provide security and accountability for such drugs.

"Biological product" means a virus, therapeutic serum, toxin, antitoxin, vaccine, blood, blood 10450 component or derivative, allergenic product, protein other than a chemically synthesized polypeptide, or 10451 10452 analogous product, or arsphenamine or any derivative of arsphenamine or any other trivalent organic 10453 arsenic compound, applicable to the prevention, treatment, or cure of a disease or condition of human

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10455 "Biosimilar" means a biological product that is highly similar to a specific reference biological product, notwithstanding minor differences in clinically inactive compounds, such that there are no clinically meaningful differences between the reference biological product and the biological product that has been licensed as a biosimilar pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k) in terms of safety, purity, and potency of the product.

10460 "Board" means the Board of Pharmacy.

10461 "Bulk drug substance" means any substance that is represented for use, and that, when used in the compounding, manufacturing, processing, or packaging of a drug, becomes an active ingredient or a finished dosage form of the drug; however, "bulk drug substance" shall not include intermediates that are used in the synthesis of such substances.

"Change of ownership" of an existing entity permitted, registered, or licensed by the Board means (i) 10465 the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the entity or of any corporation that owns 10466 10467 or controls the entity; (ii) the creation of a partnership by a sole proprietor, the dissolution of a 10468 partnership, or change in partnership composition; (iii) the acquisition or disposal of 50 percent or more 10469 of the outstanding shares of voting stock of a corporation owning the entity or of the parent corporation 10470 of a wholly owned subsidiary owning the entity, except that this shall not apply to any corporation the 10471 voting stock of which is actively traded on any securities exchange or in any over-the-counter market; 10472 (iv) the merger of a corporation owning the entity or of the parent corporation of a wholly-owned 10473 subsidiary owning the entity with another business or corporation; or (v) the expiration or forfeiture of a 10474 corporation's charter.

10475 "Co-licensed partner" means a person who, with at least one other person, has the right to engage in 10476 the manufacturing or marketing of a prescription drug, consistent with state and federal law.

10477 "Compounding" means the combining of two or more ingredients to fabricate such ingredients into a 10478 single preparation and includes the mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of a drug or device (i) by 10479 a pharmacist, or within a permitted pharmacy, pursuant to a valid prescription issued for a medicinal or 10480 therapeutic purpose in the context of a bona fide practitioner-patient-pharmacist relationship, or in 10481 expectation of receiving a valid prescription based on observed historical patterns of prescribing and 10482 dispensing; (ii) by a practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine as 10483 an incident to his administering or dispensing, if authorized to dispense, a controlled substance in the 10484 course of his professional practice; or (iii) for the purpose of, or as incident to, research, teaching, or 10485 chemical analysis and not for sale or for dispensing. The mixing, diluting, or reconstituting of a 10486 manufacturer's product drugs for the purpose of administration to a patient, when performed by a 10487 practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed under Chapter 29 (§ 54.1-2900 et seq.), a person 10488 supervised by such practitioner pursuant to subdivision A 6 or 19 of § 54.1-2901, or a person supervised 10489 by such practitioner or a licensed nurse practitioner or physician assistant pursuant to subdivision A 4 of 10490 § 54.1-2901 shall not be considered compounding.

10491 "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in Schedules I through VI of this chapter. The term shall not include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco as those terms are defined or used in Title 3.2 or Title 4.1. The term "controlled substance" includes a controlled substance analog that has been placed into Schedule I or II by the Board pursuant to the regulatory authority in subsection D of § 54.1-3443.

10496 "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially 10497 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and either (i) which has a 10498 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar 10499 to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a 10500 controlled substance in Schedule I or II or (ii) with respect to a particular person, which such person 10501 represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 10502 system that is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect 10503 on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II. "Controlled substance 10504 analog" does not include (a) any substance for which there is an approved new drug application as 10505 defined under § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 355) or that is generally 10506 recognized as safe and effective pursuant to §§ 501, 502, and 503 of the federal Food, Drug, and 10507 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 351, 352, and 353) and 21 C.F.R. Part 330; (b) with respect to a particular 10508 person, any substance for which an exemption is in effect for investigational use for that person under 10509 § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to the extent that the conduct with respect to that 10510 substance is pursuant to such exemption; or (c) any substance to the extent not intended for human 10511 consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance.

10512 "DEA" means the Drug Enforcement Administration, U.S. Department of Justice, or its successor 10513 agency.

10514 "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer of any item regulated by

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10515 this chapter, whether or not there exists an agency relationship, including delivery of a Schedule VI 10516 prescription device to an ultimate user or consumer on behalf of a medical equipment supplier by a manufacturer, nonresident manufacturer, wholesale distributor, nonresident wholesale distributor, 10517 10518 warehouser, nonresident warehouser, third-party logistics provider, or nonresident third-party logistics 10519 provider at the direction of a medical equipment supplier in accordance with § 54.1-3415.1.

10520 "Device" means instruments, apparatus, and contrivances, including their components, parts, and 10521 accessories, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in 10522 man or animals or to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals.

10523 "Dialysis care technician" or "dialysis patient care technician" means an individual who is certified by an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions pursuant to Chapter 27.01 10524 10525 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) and who, under the supervision of a licensed physician, nurse practitioner, 10526 physician assistant, or a registered nurse, assists in the care of patients undergoing renal dialysis 10527 treatments in a Medicare-certified renal dialysis facility.

10528 "Dialysis solution" means either the commercially available, unopened, sterile solutions whose 10529 purpose is to be instilled into the peritoneal cavity during the medical procedure known as peritoneal 10530 dialysis, or commercially available solutions whose purpose is to be used in the performance of 10531 hemodialysis not to include any solutions administered to the patient intravenously.

10532 "Dispense" means to deliver a drug to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the 10533 lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing and administering, packaging, labeling, or 10534 compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery. However, dispensing shall not include 10535 the transportation of drugs mixed, diluted, or reconstituted in accordance with this chapter to other sites 10536 operated by such practitioner or that practitioner's medical practice for the purpose of administration of 10537 such drugs to patients of the practitioner or that practitioner's medical practice at such other sites. For practitioners of medicine or osteopathy, "dispense" shall only include the provision of drugs by a 10538 10539 practitioner to patients to take with them away from the practitioner's place of practice. 10540

"Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.

"Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.

"Distributor" means a person who distributes.

10543 "Drug" means (i) articles or substances recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia 10544 National Formulary or official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to 10545 any of them; (ii) articles or substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or 10546 prevention of disease in man or animals; (iii) articles or substances, other than food, intended to affect 10547 the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; (iv) articles or substances intended for use 10548 as a component of any article specified in clause (i), (ii), or (iii); or (v) a biological product. "Drug" 10549 does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.

"Drug product" means a specific drug in dosage form from a known source of manufacture, whether 10550 10551 by brand or therapeutically equivalent drug product name.

10552 "Electronic prescription" means a written prescription that is generated on an electronic application 10553 and is transmitted to a pharmacy as an electronic data file; Schedule II through V prescriptions shall be 10554 transmitted in accordance with 21 C.F.R. Part 1300.

10555 "Facsimile (FAX) prescription" means a written prescription or order that is transmitted by an 10556 electronic device over telephone lines that sends the exact image to the receiving pharmacy in hard copy 10557 form. 10558

"FDA" means the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

"Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Board of Pharmacy has found to be and by 10559 10560 regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, 10561 and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a 10562

controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit manufacture. "Interchangeable" means a biosimilar that meets safety standards for determining interchangeability 10563 10564 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k)(4).

10565 "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon the immediate container of any 10566 article. A requirement made by or under authority of this chapter that any word, statement, or other 10567 information appear on the label shall not be considered to be complied with unless such word, 10568 statement, or other information also appears on the outside container or wrapper, if any, of the retail 10569 package of such article or is easily legible through the outside container or wrapper.

10570 "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter on an article or any of its 10571 containers or wrappers, or accompanying such article.

10572 "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, conversion, or processing of any item 10573 regulated by this chapter, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical 10574 10575 synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its 10576 container. This term does not include compounding.

10577 "Manufacturer" means every person who manufactures, a manufacturer's co-licensed partner, or a 10578 repackager.

"Marijuana" means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis whether growing or not, its seeds, or 10579 10580 its resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its 10581 seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. Marijuana does not include the 10582 mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, or oil or cake made from the seeds of such 10583 plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is combined with other parts of plants of the genus Cannabis. 10584 Marijuana does not include (i) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person 10585 registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent, (ii) industrial hemp, as defined in 10586 § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. 10587 Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990, or (iii) a hemp product, other than a regulated 10588 hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, containing a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater 10589 than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or 10590 processed in compliance with state or federal law, or (iv) a regulated hemp product that does not exceed 10591 the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol concentration established pursuant to § 4.1-606 and that is derived 10592 from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with 10593 state or federal law.

10594 "Medical equipment supplier" means any person, as defined in § 1-230, engaged in the delivery to
10595 the ultimate consumer, pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, of hypodermic syringes and
10596 needles, medicinal oxygen, Schedule VI controlled devices, those Schedule VI controlled substances with
10597 no medicinal properties that are used for the operation and cleaning of medical equipment, solutions for
10598 peritoneal dialysis, and sterile water or saline for irrigation.

"Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction 10599 10600 from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis: (i) opium, opiates, and any salt, compound, derivative, 10601 or preparation of opium or opiates; (ii) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof 10602 10603 which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in clause (i), but not 10604 including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium; (iii) opium poppy and poppy straw; (iv) coca leaves and 10605 any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer, 10606 derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these 10607 substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves which do not contain 10608 cocaine or ecgonine.

10609 "New drug" means (i) any drug, except a new animal drug or an animal feed bearing or containing a 10610 new animal drug, the composition of which is such that such drug is not generally recognized, among 10611 experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the safety and effectiveness of drugs, as safe and effective for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the labeling, 10612 except that such a drug not so recognized shall not be deemed to be a "new drug" if at any time prior 10613 10614 to the enactment of this chapter it was subject to the Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, as 10615 amended, and if at such time its labeling contained the same representations concerning the conditions 10616 of its use, or (ii) any drug, except a new animal drug or an animal feed bearing or containing a new 10617 animal drug, the composition of which is such that such drug, as a result of investigations to determine its safety and effectiveness for use under such conditions, has become so recognized, but which has not, 10618 10619 otherwise than in such investigations, been used to a material extent or for a material time under such 10620 conditions.

10621 "Nuclear medicine technologist" means an individual who holds a current certification with the
 10622 American Registry of Radiological Technologists or the Nuclear Medicine Technology Certification
 10623 Board.

10624 "Official compendium" means the official United States Pharmacopoeia National Formulary, official
 10625 Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to any of them.

10626 "Official written order" means an order written on a form provided for that purpose by the U.S. Drug
10627 Enforcement Administration, under any laws of the United States making provision therefor, if such order forms are authorized and required by federal law, and if no such order form is provided then on an official form provided for that purpose by the Board of Pharmacy.

10630 "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to
10631 morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or
10632 addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under
10633 Article 4 (§ 54.1-3437 et seq.), the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts
10634 (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.

10635 "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum L., except the seeds thereof.

10636 "Original package" means the unbroken container or wrapping in which any drug or medicine is 10637 enclosed together with label and labeling, put up by or for the manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor SB391S2

10638 for use in the delivery or display of such article.

10639 "Outsourcing facility" means a facility that is engaged in the compounding of sterile drugs and is 10640 currently registered as an outsourcing facility with the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services and 10641 that complies with all applicable requirements of federal and state law, including the Federal Food, 10642 Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

10643 "Person" means both the plural and singular, as the case demands, and includes an individual, 10644 partnership, corporation, association, governmental agency, trust, or other institution or entity.

10645 "Pharmacist-in-charge" means the person who, being licensed as a pharmacist, signs the application 10646 for a pharmacy permit and assumes full legal responsibility for the operation of the relevant pharmacy in a manner complying with the laws and regulations for the practice of pharmacy and the sale and dispensing of controlled substances; the "pharmacist-in-charge" shall personally supervise the pharmacy and the pharmacy's personnel as required by § 54.1-3432. 10647 10648 10649 10650

"Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.

"Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, licensed nurse practitioner pursuant to § 54.1-2957.01, 10651 10652 licensed physician assistant pursuant to § 54.1-2952.1, pharmacist pursuant to § 54.1-3300, TPA-certified 10653 optometrist pursuant to Article 5 (§ 54.1-3222 et seq.) of Chapter 32, veterinarian, scientific investigator, 10654 or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, prescribe and 10655 administer, or conduct research with respect to a controlled substance in the course of professional 10656 practice or research in the Commonwealth.

10657 "Prescriber" means a practitioner who is authorized pursuant to §§ 54.1-3303 and 54.1-3408 to issue 10658 a prescription.

10659 "Prescription" means an order for drugs or medical supplies, written or signed or transmitted by word 10660 of mouth, telephone, telegraph, or other means of communication to a pharmacist by a duly licensed 10661 physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other practitioner authorized by law to prescribe and administer such 10662 drugs or medical supplies.

10663 'Prescription drug" means any drug required by federal law or regulation to be dispensed only 10664 pursuant to a prescription, including finished dosage forms and active ingredients subject to § 503(b) of 10665 the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 353(b)).

10666 "Production" or "produce" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or harvesting of a 10667 controlled substance or marijuana.

10668 "Proprietary medicine" means a completely compounded nonprescription drug in its unbroken, 10669 original package which does not contain any controlled substance or marijuana as defined in this chapter 10670 and is not in itself poisonous, and which is sold, offered, promoted, or advertised directly to the general 10671 public by or under the authority of the manufacturer or primary distributor, under a trademark, trade 10672 name, or other trade symbol privately owned, and the labeling of which conforms to the requirements of 10673 this chapter and applicable federal law. However, this definition shall not include a drug that is only 10674 advertised or promoted professionally to licensed practitioners, a narcotic or drug containing a narcotic, 10675 a drug that may be dispensed only upon prescription or the label of which bears substantially the 10676 statement "Warning — may be habit-forming," or a drug intended for injection.

10677 "Radiopharmaceutical" means any drug that exhibits spontaneous disintegration of unstable nuclei with the emission of nuclear particles or photons and includes any non-radioactive reagent kit or 10678 10679 radionuclide generator that is intended to be used in the preparation of any such substance, but does not 10680 include drugs such as carbon-containing compounds or potassium-containing salts that include trace quantities of naturally occurring radionuclides. The term also includes any biological product that is 10681 10682 labeled with a radionuclide or intended solely to be labeled with a radionuclide.

10683 "Reference biological product" means the single biological product licensed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 10684 § 262(a) against which a biological product is evaluated in an application submitted to the U.S. Food 10685 and Drug Administration for licensure of biological products as biosimilar or interchangeable pursuant to 10686 42 U.S.C. § 262(k).

10687 'Sale" includes barter, exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction made by any 10688 person, whether as an individual, proprietor, agent, servant, or employee.

10689 "Therapeutically equivalent drug products" means drug products that contain the same active 10690 ingredients and are identical in strength or concentration, dosage form, and route of administration and 10691 that are classified as being therapeutically equivalent by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration 10692 pursuant to the definition of "therapeutically equivalent drug products" set forth in the most recent edition of the Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations, otherwise known as 10693 10694 the "Orange Book."

"Third-party logistics provider" means a person that provides or coordinates warehousing of or other 10695 10696 logistics services for a drug or device in interstate commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesale 10697 distributor, or dispenser of the drug or device but does not take ownership of the product or have 10698 responsibility for directing the sale or disposition of the product.

"USP-NF" means the current edition of the United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary. 10699

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10700 "Warehouser" means any person, other than a wholesale distributor, manufacturer, or third-party 10701 logistics provider, engaged in the business of (i) selling or otherwise distributing prescription drugs or 10702 devices to any person who is not the ultimate user or consumer and (ii) delivering Schedule VI 10703 prescription devices to the ultimate user or consumer pursuant to § 54.1-3415.1. No person shall be 10704 subject to any state or local tax by reason of this definition.

10705 "Wholesale distribution" means (i) distribution of prescription drugs to persons other than consumers 10706 or patients and (ii) delivery of Schedule VI prescription devices to the ultimate user or consumer 10707 pursuant to § 54.1-3415.1, subject to the exemptions set forth in the federal Drug Supply Chain Security 10708 Act.

10709 "Wholesale distributor" means any person other than a manufacturer, a manufacturer's co-licensed 10710 partner, a third-party logistics provider, or a repackager that engages in wholesale distribution.

10711 The words "drugs" and "devices" as used in Chapter 33 (§ 54.1-3300 et seq.) and in this chapter 10712 shall not include surgical or dental instruments, physical therapy equipment, X-ray apparatus, or glasses 10713 or lenses for the eyes.

The terms "pharmacist," "pharmacy," and "practice of pharmacy" as used in this chapter shall be 10714 10715 defined as provided in Chapter 33 (§ 54.1-3300 et seq.) unless the context requires a different meaning.

10716 § 54.1-3408.3. Certification for use of cannabis oil for treatment. 10717

A. As used in this section:

10718 "Botanical cannabis" means cannabis that is composed wholly of usable cannabis from the same parts 10719 of the same chemovar of cannabis plant.

10720 "Cannabis oil" means any formulation of processed Cannabis plant extract, which may include oil 10721 from industrial hemp extract acquired by a pharmaceutical processor pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6, or a 10722 dilution of the resin of the Cannabis plant that contains at least five milligrams of cannabidiol (CBD) or 10723 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid (THC-A) and no more than 10 milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol per dose. "Cannabis oil" does not include industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, 10724 10725 or processed in compliance with state or federal law, unless it has been acquired and formulated with 10726 cannabis plant extract by a pharmaceutical processor.

10727 "Cannabis product" means a product that is (i) produced by a pharmaceutical processor, registered 10728 with the Board, and compliant with testing requirements and (ii) composed of cannabis oil or botanical 10729 cannabis.

10730 "Designated caregiver facility" means any hospice or hospice facility licensed pursuant to 10731 § 32.1-162.3, or home care organization as defined in § 32.1-162.7 that provides pharmaceutical services 10732 or home health services, private provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 10733 Developmental Services pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2, assisted 10734 living facility licensed pursuant to § 63.2-1701, or adult day care center licensed pursuant to 10735 § 63.2-1701.

10736 "Practitioner" means a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed by the Board of Medicine, a 10737 physician assistant licensed by the Board of Medicine, or a nurse practitioner jointly licensed by the 10738 Board of Medicine and the Board of Nursing.

10739 "Registered agent" means an individual designated by a patient who has been issued a written 10740 certification, or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, designated 10741 by such patient's parent or legal guardian, and registered with the Board pursuant to subsection G.

10742 "Usable cannabis" means any cannabis plant material, including seeds, but not (i) resin that has been 10743 extracted from any part of the cannabis plant, its seeds, or its resin; (ii) the mature stalks, fiber produced 10744 from the stalks, or any other compound, manufacture, salt, or derivative, mixture, or preparation of the 10745 mature stalks; or (iii) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant.

10746 B. A practitioner in the course of his professional practice may issue a written certification for the 10747 use of cannabis products for treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of any diagnosed condition or 10748 disease determined by the practitioner to benefit from such use. The practitioner shall use his professional judgment to determine the manner and frequency of patient care and evaluation and may 10749 10750 employ the use of telemedicine, provided that the use of telemedicine includes the delivery of patient 10751 care through real-time interactive audio-visual technology. If a practitioner determines it is consistent 10752 with the standard of care to dispense botanical cannabis to a minor, the written certification shall 10753 specifically authorize such dispensing. If not specifically included on the initial written certification, 10754 authorization for botanical cannabis may be communicated verbally or in writing to the pharmacist at 10755 the time of dispensing.

10756 C. The written certification shall be on a form provided by the Office of the Executive Secretary of 10757 the Supreme Court developed in consultation with the Board of Medicine. Such written certification 10758 shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the practitioner, the name and address of the 10759 patient issued the written certification, the date on which the written certification was made, and the 10760 signature or authentic electronic signature of the practitioner. Such written certification issued pursuant 10761 to subsection B shall expire no later than one year after its issuance unless the practitioner provides in10762 such written certification an earlier expiration.

10763 D. No practitioner shall be prosecuted under *Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or* 10764 § 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1 for the issuance of a certification for the use of cannabis products for the 10765 treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of a patient's diagnosed condition or disease pursuant to a written 10766 certification issued pursuant to subsection B. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Board of 10767 Medicine from sanctioning a practitioner for failing to properly evaluate or treat a patient's medical 10768 condition or otherwise violating the applicable standard of care for evaluating or treating medical 10769 conditions.

E. A practitioner who issues a written certification to a patient pursuant to this section shall register
with the Board and shall hold sufficient education and training to exercise appropriate professional
judgment in the certification of patients. The Board shall not limit the number of patients to whom a
practitioner may issue a written certification. The Board may report information to the applicable
licensing board on unusual patterns of certifications issued by a practitioner.

F. A patient who has been issued a written certification shall register with the Board or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, a patient's parent or legal guardian shall register and shall register such patient with the Board. No patient shall be required to physically present the written certification after the initial dispensing by any pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility under each written certification, provided that the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility maintains an electronic copy of the written certification.

10781 G. A patient, or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such 10782 patient's parent or legal guardian, may designate an individual to act as his registered agent for the 10783 purposes of receiving cannabis products pursuant to a valid written certification. Such designated 10784 individual shall register with the Board. The Board may set a limit on the number of patients for whom 10785 any individual is authorized to act as a registered agent.

H. Upon delivery of cannabis oil by a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility to a designated caregiver facility, any employee or contractor of a designated caregiver facility, who is licensed or registered by a health regulatory board and who is authorized to possess, distribute, or administer medications, may accept delivery of the cannabis oil on behalf of a patient or resident for subsequent delivery to the patient or resident and may assist in the administration of the cannabis oil to the patient or resident as necessary.

10792 I. The Board shall promulgate regulations to implement the registration process. Such regulations shall include (i) a mechanism for sufficiently identifying the practitioner issuing the written certification, the patient being treated by the practitioner, his registered agent, and, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, the patient's parent or legal guardian; (ii) a process for ensuring that any changes in the information are reported in an appropriate timeframe; and (iii) a prohibition for the patient to be issued a written certification by more than one practitioner during any given time period.

10799 J. Information obtained under the registration process shall be confidential and shall not be subject to 10800 the disclosure provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However, 10801 reasonable access to registry information shall be provided to (i) the Chairmen of the House Committee for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, (ii) state and federal agencies or local 10802 10803 law enforcement for the purpose of investigating or prosecuting a specific individual for a specific violation of law, (iii) licensed practitioners or pharmacists, or their agents, for the purpose of providing 10804 patient care and drug therapy management and monitoring of drugs obtained by a registered patient, (iv) 10805 10806 a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility involved in the treatment of a registered patient, or (v) a registered patient, his registered agent, or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated 10807 adult as defined in § 18.2-369, the patient's parent or legal guardian, but only with respect to 10808 10809 information related to such registered patient.

§ 54.1-3442.8. Criminal liability; exceptions.

10811 No agent or employee of a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall be 10812 prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248, 1. or 18.2-250 for 10813 possession or manufacture of marijuana or for possession, manufacture, or distribution of cannabis products, subject to any civil penalty, denied any right or privilege, or subject to any disciplinary action 10814 10815 by a professional licensing board if such agent or employee (i) possessed or manufactured such 10816 marijuana for the purposes of producing cannabis products in accordance with the provisions of this 10817 article and Board regulations or (ii) possessed, manufactured, or distributed such cannabis products that 10818 are consistent with generally accepted cannabis industry standards in accordance with the provisions of 10819 this article and Board regulations.

10820 § 54.1-3446. Schedule I.

10810

10821 The controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule I:

10822 1. Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers,

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10823 esters, and ethers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers 10824 and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation: 10825 1-[2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-2-propen-1-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-butanone (other name: 2-methyl AP-237); 10826 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetyloxypiperidine (other name: PEPAP); 10827 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (other name: MPPP); 10828 2-methoxy-N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-acetamide (other Methoxyacetyl name: 10829 fentanyl); 10830 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzamide (other name: U-47700); 10831 3,4-dichloro-N-{[1-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]methyl}benzamide (other name: AH-7921); 10832 Acetyl fentanyl (other name: desmethyl fentanyl); 10833 Acetylmethadol; 10834 Allylprodine; 10835 Alphacetylmethadol (except levo-alphacetylmethadol, also known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, 10836 levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM); 10837 Alphameprodine; 10838 Alphamethadol; 10839 Benzethidine; 10840 Betacetylmethadol; 10841 Betameprodine; 10842 Betamethadol; 10843 Betaprodine: 10844 Clonitazene: 10845 Dextromoramide: 10846 Diampromide; Diethylthiambutene: 10847 10848 Difenoxin; 10849 Dimenoxadol; 10850 Dimepheptanol; Dimethylthiambutene; 10851 10852 Dioxaphetylbutyrate; 10853 Dipipanone; 10854 Ethylmethylthiambutene; 10855 Etonitazene: 10856 Etoxeridine: 10857 Furethidine; 10858 Hydroxypethidine; Ketobemidone; 10859 Levomoramide; 10860 10861 Levophenacylmorphan; 10862 Morpheridine; 10863 MT-45 (1-cyclohexyl-4-(1,2-diphenylethyl)piperazine); 10864 N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide (other name: Cyclopropyl fentanyl); 10865 N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide (other name: Tetrahydrofuranyl 10866 fentanyl); 10867 N-[1-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 10868 alpha-methylthiofentanyl); 10869 N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylacetamide (other name: 10870 acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl); 10871 \dot{N} -{1-[2-hydroxy-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl}-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 10872 beta-hydroxythiofentanyl); 10873 N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name:10874 beta-hydroxyfentanyl); 10875 N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]propionanilide (other names: 10876 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine, alpha-methylfentanyl); 10877 N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other names: 2-fluorofentanyl, 10878 ortho-fluorofentanyl); 10879 N-(3-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: 3-fluorofentanyl); 10880 N-[3-methyl-1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 10881 beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl); 10882 N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 3-methylfentanyl); 10883 N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name:

- 10884 3-methylthiofentanyl); 10885 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: 10886 para-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl); 10887 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: 10888 para-fluorobutyrylfentanyl); 10889 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: para-fluorofentanyl); 10890 N,N-diethyl-2-(2-(4-isopropoxybenzyl)-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl)ethan-1-amine (other name: 10891 Isotonitazene): 10892 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-furancarboxamide (other name: N-benzyl Furanyl 10893 norfentanyl); N-phenyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)-propanamide (other name: Norfentanyl); 10894 10895 Noracymethadol: 10896 Norlevorphanol; 10897 Normethadone; 10898 Norpipanone; 10899 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-furancarboxamide (other name: Furanyl fentanyl); 10900 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-propenamide (other name: Acryl fentanyl); 10901 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: butyryl fentanyl); 10902 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-pentanamide (other name: Pentanoyl fentanyl); 10903 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: thiofentanyl); 10904 Phenadoxone: 10905 Phenampromide: 10906 Phenomorphan; 10907 Phenoperidine; 10908 Piritramide: 10909 Proheptazine; 10910 Properidine; 10911 Propiram; Racemoramide; 10912 10913 Tilidine: 10914 Trimeperidine: 10915 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide (other name: 10916 Benzodioxole fentanyl); 10917 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(diethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide (other name: U-49900); 2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl acetamide (other name: U-48800); 10918 2-(3.4-dichlorophenyl)-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl acetamide (other name: U-51754); 10919 N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-acetamide (other name: Ocfentanil); 10920 10921 N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: 10922 4-methoxybutyrylfentanyl); 10923 N-phenyl-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: Isobutyryl fentanyl); 10924 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-cyclopentanecarboxamide (other name: Cyclopentyl 10925 fentanvl): 10926 N-phenyl-N-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-propanamide (other name: N-methyl norfentanyl); 10927 N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide (other names: 10928 3,4-methylenedioxy U-47700 or 3,4-MDO-U-47700); 10929 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-butenamide (other name: Crotonyl fentanyl); 10930 N-phenyl-N-[4-phenyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: 4-phenylfentanyl); 10931 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-benzamide (other names: Phenyl fentanyl, Benzovl 10932 fentanvl): 10933 N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-phenylfuran-2-carboxamide (other name: Furanyl UF-17); 10934 N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-phenylpropionamide (other name: UF-17); 10935 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-isopropyl-benzamide (other name: Isopropyl 10936 U-47700). 10937 2. Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers, unless 10938 specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation: 10939 10940 Acetorphine; 10941 Acetyldihydrocodeine; 10942 Benzylmorphine;
 - 10943 Codeine methylbromide;
 - 10944 Codeine-N-Oxide;
 - 10945 Cyprenorphine;

- Desomorphine;
- Dihydromorphine;
- Drotebanol;
- Etorphine;
- Heroin;
- Hydromorphinol;
- Methyldesorphine;
- Methyldihydromorphine;
- Morphine methylbromide;
- Morphine methylsulfonate;
- Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 10957 Myrophine;
- 10958 Nicocodeine;
- Nicomorphine;
- Normorphine;
- Pholcodine;
- 10962 Thebacon.

10963 3. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of this subdivision only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers):

Alpha-ethyltryptamine (some trade or other names: Monase; a-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; **10969** 3-2-aminobutyl] indole; a-ET; AET);

 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (some trade or other names: **10971** 2-4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]-1-aminoethane;alpha-desmethyl DOB; 2C-B; Nexus);

- 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- Alpha-methyltryptamine (other name: AMT);
- 10976 Bufotenine;
- Diethyltryptamine;
- Dimethyltryptamine;
- 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine;
- 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine (DOET);
- 4-fluoro-N-ethylamphetamine;
- 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine (other name: 2C-T-7);
- 10983 Ibogaine;
- 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DIPT);
- Lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 10986 Mescaline;
- 10987Parahexyl(sometradeorother109883-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d] pyran; Synhexyl);
- Peyote;
- N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- Psilocybin;
- Psilocyn;
- Salvinorin A;

Tetrahydrocannabinols, except as present in (i) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent; (ii) a hemp product, other than a regulated hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, containing a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; (iii) marijuana; (iv) dronabinol in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration; Θ (v) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; or (vi) a regulated hemp product that does not exceed the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol concentration established pursuant to § 4.1-606 and that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal law;

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names:

11007

2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine;

11007	2,5-DMA);
11009	3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), its optical, positional and geometric isomers, salts
11010	and salts of isomers;
11011	3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known as N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4
11012	(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE, MDEA);
11013	N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (some other names:
11014	N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, and N-hydroxy MDA);
11015	4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names:
11016	4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA);
11017	4-methoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-a-methylphenethylamine;
11018	paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA);
11019	Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine (some other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine,
11020	(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE);
11021 11022	Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine (some other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy,
11022	PHP); Thisphana analog of phonomaliding (some other names: 1 [1 (2 thispul) analohovull nineriding
11023 11024	Thiophene analog of phencyclidine (some other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine, 2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine, TPCP, TCP);
11024	1-1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine (other name: TCPy);
11025	3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone (other name: MDPV);
11020	4-methylmethcathinone (other names: mephedrone, 4-MMC);
11028	3,4-methylenedioxymethcathinone (other name: methylone);
11029	Naphthylpyrovalerone (other name: naphyrone);
11030	4-fluoromethcathinone (other names: flephedrone, 4-FMC);
11031	4-methoxymethcathinone (other names: methedrone; bk-PMMA);
11032	Ethcathinone (other name: N-ethylcathinone);
11033	3,4-methylenedioxyethcathinone (other name: ethylone);
11034	Beta-keto-N-methyl-3,4-benzodioxolylbutanamine (other name: butylone);
11035	N,N-dimethylcathinone (other name: metamfepramone);
11036	Alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: alpha-PPP);
11037 11038	4-methoxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MOPPP);
11038	3,4-methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MDPPP); Alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: alpha-PVP);
11035	6,7-dihydro-5H-indeno-(5,6-d)-1,3-dioxol-6-amine (other name: MDAI);
11041	3-fluoromethcathinone (other name: 3-FMC);
11042	4-Ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: 2C-E);
11043	4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: 2C-I);
11044	4-Methylethcathinone (other name: 4-MEC);
11045	4-Ethylmethcathinone (other name: 4-EMC);
11046	N,N-diallyl-5-methoxytryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DALT);
11047	Beta-keto-methylbenzodioxolylpentanamine (other names: Pentylone, bk-MBDP);
11048	Alpha-methylamino-butyrophenone (other name: Buphedrone);
11049	Alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: Pentedrone);
11050	3,4-Dimethylmethcathinone (other name: 3.4-DMMC);
11051 11052	4-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MPPP);
11052 11053	4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names: 25-I, 25I-NBOMe, 2C-I-NBOMe);
11055	Methoxetamine (other names: MXE, 3-MeO-2-Oxo-PCE);
11055	4-Fluoromethamphetamine (other name: 4-FMA);
11056	4-Fluoroamphetamine (other name: 4-FA);
11057	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-D);
11058	2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-C);
11059	2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (other name: 2C-T-2);
11060	2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (other name: 2C-T-4);
11061	2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-H);
11062	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-N);
11063	2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-P);
11064 11065	(2-aminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: APB); (2-aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (other name: APDB);
11065	4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names:
11000	2C-C-NBOMe, 25C-NBOMe, 25C);
11067	A home 2.5 dimethowy N [/2 methowynhonyl)methyll henzeneethenemine (ether nemes)

11068 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names:

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- 2C-B-NBOMe, 25B-NBOMe, 25B);
- 11070 Acetoxydimethyltryptamine (other names: AcO-Psilocin, AcO-DMT, Psilacetin);
- Benocyclidine (other names: BCP, BTCP);
- Alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone (other name: alpha-PBP);
- 11073 3,4-methylenedioxy-N,N-dimethylcathinone (other names: Dimethylone, bk-MDDMA);
- 4-bromomethcathinone (other name: 4-BMC);
- 4-chloromethcathinone (other name: 4-CMC);
- 4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25I-NBOH);
- 11077 Alpha-Pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: alpha-PHP);
- Alpha-Pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: PV8);
- 5-methoxy-N,N-methylisopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-MIPT);
- Beta-keto-N,N-dimethylbenzodioxolylbutanamine (other names: Dibutylone, bk-DMBDB);
- Beta-keto-4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: bk-2C-B);
- 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-pentanone (other name: N-ethylpentylone);
- 11083 1-[1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 3-methoxy PCP);
- 11084 1-[1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 4-methoxy PCP);
- 4-Chloroethcathinone (other name: 4-CEC);
- 3-Methoxy-2-(methylamino)-1-(4-methylphenyl)-1-propanone (other name: Mexedrone);
- 11087 1-propionyl lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: 1P-LSD);
- (2-Methylaminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: MAPB);
- **11089** 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-1-pentanone (other names: N,N-Dimethylpentylone, **11090** Dipentylone);
- 11091 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)octan-1-one (other name: 4-methoxy-PV9);
- 3,4-tetramethylene-alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: TH-PVP);
- 4-allyloxy-3,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: Allylescaline);
- 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25B-NBOH);
- 4-chloro-alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: 4-chloropentedrone);
- 4-chloro-alpha-Pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: 4-chloro-alpha-PVP);
- 4-fluoro-alpha-Pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-PV8);
- 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4-OH-DIPT);
- 4-methyl-alpha-ethylaminopentiophenone;
- 11100 4-methyl-alpha-Pyrrolidinoĥexiophenone (other name: MPHP);
- 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DMT);
- 5-methoxy-N-ethyl-N-isopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-EIPT);
- 11103 6-ethyl-6-nor-lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: ETH-LAD);
- 6-allyl-6-nor-lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: AL-LAD);
- 11105 (N-methyl aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (other name: MAPDB);
- 11106 2-(methylamino)-2-phenyl-cyclohexanone (other name: Deschloroketamine);
- 2-(ethylamino)-2-phenyl-cyclohexanone (other name: deschloro-N-ethyl-ketamine);
- 2-methyl-1-(4-(methylthio)phenyl)-2-morpholinopropiophenone (other name: MMMP);
- 11109 Alpha-ethylaminohexanophenone (other name: N-ethylhexedrone);
- N-ethyl-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexylamine (other name: 3-methoxy-PCE);
- 4-fluoro-alpha-pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-alpha-PHP);
- N-ethyl-1,2-diphenylethylamine (other name: Ephenidine);
- 2,5-dimethoxy-4-chloroamphetamine (other name: DOC);
- 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-tert-butylcathinone;
- Alpha-pyrrolidinoisohexiophenone (other name: alpha-PiHP);
- 1-[1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 3-hydroxy PCP);
- 4-acetyloxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (other name: 4-AcO-DALT);
- 4-hydroxy-N,N-methylisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4-hydroxy-MiPT);
- 3,4-Methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinohexanophenone (other name: MDPHP);
- 5-methoxy-N,N-dibutyltryptamine (other name: 5-methoxy-DBT);
- 11121 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (other names: Eutylone, bk-EBDB);
- 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(butylamino)-1-pentanone (other name: N-butylpentylone);
- 11123 N-benzyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-benzyl-3,4-DMA);
- 11124 1-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-(sec-butylamino)pentan-1-one (other name: N-sec-butyl Pentylone);
- 11125 1-cyclopropionyl lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: 1cP-LSD);
- 2-(ethylamino)-1-phenylheptan-1-one (other name: N-ethylheptedrone);
- 11127 (2-ethylaminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: EAPB);
- 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25E-NBOH);
- 2-fluoro-Deschloroketamine (other name: 2-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone);

11130 4-hydroxy-N-ethyl-N-propyltryptamine (other name: 4-hydroxy-EPT);

11131 2-(isobutylamino)-1-phenylhexan-1-one (other names: N-Isobutyl Hexedrone, 11132 alpha-isobutylaminohexanphenone);

- 11133 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-methylpropan-2-amine (other names: para-Methoxymethamphetamine, 11134 PMMA);
- **11135** N-ethyl-1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexylamine (other name: 3-hydroxy-PCE);
- 11136 N-heptyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other names: N-heptyl-3,4-DMA);
- 11137 N-hexyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other names: N-hexyl-3,4-DMA).

4. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- 11142 Clonazolam;
- 11143 Etizolam;
- **11144** Flualprazolam;
- **11145** Flubromazepam;
- **11146** Flubromazolam;

11147 Gamma hydroxybutyric acid (some other names include GHB; gamma hydroxybutyrate; 11148 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate);

- 11149 Mecloqualone;
- 11150 Methaqualone.

5. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers:

11154 2-(3-fluorophenyl)-3-methylmorpholine (other name: 3-fluorophenmetrazine);

11155 Aminorex (some trade or other names; aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; 11156 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);

- 11157 Cathinone (some trade or other names: 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone, alpha-aminopropiophenone, 11158 2-aminopropiophenone, norephedrone), and any plant material from which Cathinone may be derived;
- 11159 Cis-4-methylaminorex (other name: cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
- **11160** Ethylamphetamine;
- **11161** Ethyl phenyl(piperidin-2-yl)acetate (other name: Ethylphenidate);
- **11162** Fenethylline;

11163 Methcathinone (some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone; 11164 alpha-(methylamino)-propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one;

11165 alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone;

- **11166** methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463 and UR 1432);
- **11167** N-Benzylpiperazine (some other names: BZP, 1-benzylpiperazine);

11168 N,N-dimethylamphetamine (other names: N, N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine, N, 11169 N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine);

11170 Methyl 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(2-piperidinyl)acetate (other name: 4-fluoromethylphenidate);

11171 Isopropyl-2-phenyl-2-(2-piperidinyl)acetate (other name: Isopropylphenidate);

- 11172 4-chloro-N,N-dimethylcathinone;
- **11173** 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-benzylcathinone (other name: BMDP).

6. Any substance that contains one or more cannabimimetic agents or that contains their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation, and any preparation, mixture, or substance containing, or mixed or infused with, any detectable amount of one or more cannabimimetic agents.

11178 a. "Cannabimimetic agents" includes any substance that is within any of the following structural **11179** classes:

11180 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by alkyl or **11181** alkenyl, whether or not substituted on the cyclohexyl ring to any extent;

11182 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole or 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane with substitution at the nitrogen atom of
11183 the indole ring, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not
11184 substituted on the naphthoyl or naphthyl ring to any extent;

11185 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring, whether or not further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthoyl ring to any extent;

11188 1-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene with substitution of the 3-position of the indene ring, whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to any extent;

11191 3-phenylacetylindole or 3-benzoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring,

- 11192 whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the 11193 phenyl ring to any extent; 11194 3-cyclopropoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring, whether or not further 11195 substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the cyclopropyl ring to any 11196 extent; 11197 3-adamantoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring, whether or not further 11198 substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any 11199 extent;
- 11200 N-(adamantyl)-indole-3-carboxamide with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring,
 11201 whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the
 11202 adamantyl ring to any extent; and
- 11203 N-(adamantyl)-indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indazole ring, 11204 whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the 11205 adamantyl ring to any extent.
- b. The term "cannabimimetic agents" includes:
- **11207** 5-(1,1-Dimethylheptyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497);
- **11208** 5-(1,1-Dimethylhexyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C6 homolog);
- **11209** 5-(1,1-Dimethyloctyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C8 homolog);
- **11210** 5-(1,1-Dimethylnonyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C9 homolog);
- 11211 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other names: JWH-018, AM-678);
- 11212 1-butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-073);
- **11213** 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (other name: JWH-250);
- 11214 1-ĥexyl-3-(naphthalen-1-oyl)indole (other name: JWH-019);
- 11215 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-200);
- **11216** (6aR, 10aR) 9 (hydroxymethyl) 6, 6 dimethyl 3 (2 methyloctan 2 yl) 6a, 7, 10, 10a tet
- 11217 rahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol (other name: HU-210);
- 11218 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-081);
- 11219 1-pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-122);
- 11220 1-pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole (other name: JWH-203);
- 11221 1-pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-210);
- 11222 1-pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-398);
- 11223 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (other name: AM-694);
- 11224 1-((N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: AM-1220);
- 11225 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: AM-2201);
- 11226 1-[(N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl]-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (other name: AM-2233);
- **11227** Pravadoline (4-methoxyphenyl)-[2-methyl-1-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)indol-3-y 1]methanone (other **11228** name: WIN 48,098);
- **11229** 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole (other names: RCS-4, SR-19);
- 11230 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (other names: RCS-8, SR-18);
- **11231** 1-pentyl-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other name: UR-144);
- 11232 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other names: XLR-11, 11233 5-fluoro-UR-144);
- **11234** N-adamantyl-1-fluoropentylindole-3-carboxamide (other name: STS-135);
- 11235 N-adamantyl-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other names: AKB48, APINACA);
- 11236 1-pentyl-3-(1-adamantoyl)indole (other name: AB-001);
- **11237** (8-quinolinyl)(1-pentylindol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: PB-22);
- 11238 (8-quinolinyl)(1-(5-fluoropentyl)indol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: 5-fluoro-PB-22);
- **11239** (8-quinolinyl)(1-cyclohexylmethyl-indol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: BB-22);
- 11240 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name: AB-PINACA);
- 11241 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
- 11242 AB-FUBINACA);
- **11243** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indazole (other name: THJ-2201);
- 11244 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 11245 ADB-PINACA);
- 11246 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 11247 AB-CHMINACA);
- 11248 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 11249 5-fluoro-AB-PINACA);
- 11250 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indazole-3-carboxam ide (other 11251 names: ADB-CHMINACA, MAB-CHMINACA);
- **11252** Methyl-2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3-methylbutanoate (other name:

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11253 5-fluoro-AMB);

- 11254 1-naphthalenyl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (other name: NM-2201);
- 11255 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other name: FUB-144);
- 11256 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name MAM-2201);
- 11257 N-(1-Amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide 11258 (other name: ADB-FUBINACA);
- 11259 Methyl 2-[1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-di methylbutanoate (other 11260 name: MDMB-FUBINACA);
- 11261 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names: 11262 5-fluoro-ADB, 5-Fluoro-MDMB-PINACA);
- 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoat e (other 11263 Methvl names: AMB-FUBINACA, FUB-AMB); 11264
- 11265 N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: FUB-AKB48);
- 11266 N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5F-AKB48);
- 11267 N-(adamantanyl)-1-(5-chloropentyl) indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5-chloro-AKB48);
- 11268 Naphthalen-1-yl 1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxylate (other name: SDB-005);
- 11269 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indole-3-carboxamide (other name: 11270 AB-CHMICA):
- 11271 1-pentyl-N-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (other name: SDB-006);
- 11272 Quinolin-8-yl 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (other name: FUB-PB-22);
- 11273 Methyl N-[1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carbonyl]valinate (other name: MMB-CHMICA);
- 11274 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamid e (other name: 11275 5-fluoro-ADB-PINACA);
- 11276 1-(4-cyanobutyl)-N-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 4-cyano 11277 CUMYL-BUTINACA);
- 11278 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name: 11279 5-Fluoro-MDMB-PICA);
- 11280 Ethyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoat e (other name: 11281 **EMB-FUBINACA**);
- Methyl 2-[1-4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name: 11282 11283 4-fluoro-MDMB-BUTINACA);
- 11284 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5-fluoro 11285 CUMYL-PICA):
- 11286 Methyl 2-[1-(pent-4-enyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamindo]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name: 11287 MDMB-4en-PINACA);
- Methyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate (other names: 11288 11289 MMB-FUBICA, AMB-FUBICA);
- 11290 Methyl 2-[1-(4-penten-1-yl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other names: MMB022, 11291 MMB-4en-PICA);
- 11292 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other name: MMB 2201);
- 11293 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-phenylpropanoate (other name: 5-fluoro-MPP-PICÀ): 11294
- 11295 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-butylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 11296 **ADB-BUTINACA**);
- 11297 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-chloropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 11298 5-chloro-AB-PINACA). 11299
 - § 58.1-3. Secrecy of information; penalties.
- 11300 A. Except in accordance with a proper judicial order or as otherwise provided by law, the Tax 11301 Commissioner or agent, clerk, commissioner of the revenue, treasurer, or any other state or local tax or 11302 revenue officer or employee, or any person to whom tax information is divulged pursuant to this section 11303 or § 58.1-512 or 58.1-2712.2, or any former officer or employee of any of the aforementioned offices shall not divulge any information acquired by him in the performance of his duties with respect to the 11304 11305 transactions, property, including personal property, income or business of any person, firm or corporation. Such prohibition specifically includes any copy of a federal return or federal return 11306 information required by Virginia law to be attached to or included in the Virginia return. This 11307 prohibition shall apply to any reports, returns, financial documents or other information filed with the 11308 Attorney General pursuant to the provisions of Article 3 (§ 3.2-4204 et seq.) of Chapter 42 of Title 3.2. 11309 Any person violating the provisions of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The provisions 11310 11311 of this subsection shall not be applicable, however, to:
- 11312
- Matters required by law to be entered on any public assessment roll or book;
 Acts performed or words spoken, published, or shared with another agency or subdivision of the 11313 Commonwealth in the line of duty under state law; 11314

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11315 3. Inquiries and investigations to obtain information as to the process of real estate assessments by a duly constituted committee of the General Assembly, or when such inquiry or investigation is relevant to its study, provided that any such information obtained shall be privileged;

4. The sales price, date of construction, physical dimensions or characteristics of real property, or any information required for building permits;

5. Copies of or information contained in an estate's probate tax return, filed with the clerk of court pursuant to § 58.1-1714, when requested by a beneficiary of the estate or an heir at law of the decedent or by the commissioner of accounts making a settlement of accounts filed in such estate;

6. Information regarding nonprofit entities exempt from sales and use tax under § 58.1-609.11, whenrequested by the General Assembly or any duly constituted committee of the General Assembly;

11325 7. Reports or information filed with the Attorney General by a Stamping Agent pursuant to the 11326 provisions of Article 3 (§ 3.2-4204 et seq.), when such reports or information are provided by the 11327 Attorney General to a tobacco products manufacturer who is required to establish a qualified escrow 11328 fund pursuant to § 3.2-4201 and are limited to the brand families of that manufacturer as listed in the 11329 Tobacco Directory established pursuant to § 3.2-4206 and are limited to the current or previous two 11330 calendar years or in any year in which the Attorney General receives Stamping Agent information that 11331 potentially alters the required escrow deposit of the manufacturer. The information shall only be 11332 provided in the following manner: the manufacturer may make a written request, on a quarterly or 11333 yearly basis or when the manufacturer is notified by the Attorney General of a potential change in the 11334 amount of a required escrow deposit, to the Attorney General for a list of the Stamping Agents who 11335 reported stamping or selling its products and the amount reported. The Attorney General shall provide 11336 the list within 15 days of receipt of the request. If the manufacturer wishes to obtain actual copies of the 11337 reports the Stamping Agents filed with the Attorney General, it must first request them from the 11338 Stamping Agents pursuant to subsection C of § 3.2-4209. If the manufacturer does not receive the 11339 reports pursuant to subsection C of § 3.2-4209, the manufacturer may make a written request to the 11340 Attorney General, including a copy of the prior written request to the Stamping Agent and any response 11341 received, for copies of any reports not received. The Attorney General shall provide copies of the 11342 reports within 45 days of receipt of the request.

11343 B. 1. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit the publication of statistics so 11344 classified as to prevent the identification of particular reports or returns and the items thereof or the 11345 publication of delinquent lists showing the names of taxpayers who are currently delinquent, together 11346 with any relevant information which in the opinion of the Department may assist in the collection of 11347 such delinquent taxes. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or other law, the Department, 11348 upon request by the General Assembly or any duly constituted committee of the General Assembly, 11349 shall disclose the total aggregate amount of an income tax deduction or credit taken by all taxpayers, 11350 regardless of (i) how few taxpayers took the deduction or credit or (ii) any other circumstances. This 11351 section shall not be construed to prohibit a local tax official from disclosing whether a person, firm or 11352 corporation is licensed to do business in that locality and divulging, upon written request, the name and 11353 address of any person, firm or corporation transacting business under a fictitious name. Additionally, 11354 notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner of revenue is authorized to provide, upon 11355 written request stating the reason for such request, the Tax Commissioner with information obtained 11356 from local tax returns and other information pertaining to the income, sales and property of any person, 11357 firm or corporation licensed to do business in that locality.

11358 2. This section shall not prohibit the Department from disclosing whether a person, firm, or corporation is registered as a retail sales and use tax dealer pursuant to Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) or whether a certificate of registration number relating to such tax is valid. Additionally, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Department is hereby authorized to make available the names and certificate of registration numbers of dealers who are currently registered for retail sales and use tax.

11363 3. This section shall not prohibit the Department from disclosing information to nongovernmental
11364 entities with which the Department has entered into a contract to provide services that assist it in the
11365 administration of refund processing or other services related to its administration of taxes.

4. This section shall not prohibit the Department from disclosing information to taxpayers regarding whether the taxpayer's employer or another person or entity required to withhold on behalf of such taxpayer submitted withholding records to the Department for a specific taxable year as required pursuant to subdivision C 1 of § 58.1-478.

11370 5. This section shall not prohibit the commissioner of the revenue, treasurer, director of finance, or other similar local official who collects or administers taxes for a county, city, or town from disclosing information to nongovernmental entities with which the locality has entered into a contract to provide services that assist it in the administration of refund processing or other non-audit services related to its administration of taxes. The commissioner of the revenue, treasurer, director of finance, or other similar local official who collects or administers taxes for a county, city, or town shall not disclose information

11376 to such entity unless he has obtained a written acknowledgement by such entity that the confidentiality11377 and nondisclosure obligations of and penalties set forth in subsection A apply to such entity and that11378 such entity agrees to abide by such obligations.

11379 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A or B or any other provision of this title, the Tax 11380 Commissioner is authorized to (i) divulge tax information to any commissioner of the revenue, director 11381 of finance, or other similar collector of county, city, or town taxes who, for the performance of his 11382 official duties, requests the same in writing setting forth the reasons for such request; (ii) provide to the 11383 Commissioner of the Department of Social Services, upon entering into a written agreement, the amount 11384 of income, filing status, number and type of dependents, whether a federal earned income tax credit as 11385 authorized in § 32 of the Internal Revenue Code and an income tax credit for low-income taxpayers as 11386 authorized in § 58.1-339.8 have been claimed, and Forms W-2 and 1099 to facilitate the administration 11387 of public assistance or social services benefits as defined in § 63.2-100 or child support services 11388 pursuant to Chapter 19 (§ 63.2-1900 et seq.) of Title 63.2, or as may be necessary to facilitate the 11389 administration of outreach and enrollment related to the federal earned income tax credit authorized in 11390 § 32 of the Internal Revenue Code and the income tax credit for low-income taxpayers authorized in 11391 § 58.1-339.8; (iii) provide to the chief executive officer of the designated student loan guarantor for the 11392 Commonwealth of Virginia, upon written request, the names and home addresses of those persons 11393 identified by the designated guarantor as having delinquent loans guaranteed by the designated 11394 guarantor; (iv) provide current address information upon request to state agencies and institutions for 11395 their confidential use in facilitating the collection of accounts receivable, and to the clerk of a circuit or district court for their confidential use in facilitating the collection of fines, penalties, and costs imposed 11396 11397 in a proceeding in that court; (v) provide to the Commissioner of the Virginia Employment Commission, 11398 after entering into a written agreement, such tax information as may be necessary to facilitate the collection of unemployment taxes and overpaid benefits; (vi) provide to the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage 11399 11400 Control Authority or the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, upon entering into a written agreement, 11401 such tax information as may be necessary to facilitate the collection of state and local taxes and the 11402 administration of the alcoholic beverage or cannabis control laws; (vii) provide to the Director of the 11403 Virginia Lottery such tax information as may be necessary to identify those lottery ticket retailers who 11404 owe delinquent taxes; (viii) provide to the Department of the Treasury for its confidential use such tax 11405 information as may be necessary to facilitate the location of owners and holders of unclaimed property, 11406 as defined in § 55.1-2500; (ix) provide to the State Corporation Commission, upon entering into a 11407 written agreement, such tax information as may be necessary to facilitate the collection of taxes and fees 11408 administered by the Commission; (x) provide to the Executive Director of the Potomac and 11409 Rappahannock Transportation Commission for his confidential use such tax information as may be necessary to facilitate the collection of the motor vehicle fuel sales tax; (xi) provide to the 11410 11411 Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services such tax information as may be 11412 necessary to identify those applicants for registration as a supplier of charitable gaming supplies who 11413 have not filed required returns or who owe delinquent taxes; (xii) provide to the Department of Housing 11414 and Community Development for its confidential use such tax information as may be necessary to 11415 facilitate the administration of the remaining effective provisions of the Enterprise Zone Act (§ 59.1-270 et seq.), and the Enterprise Zone Grant Program (§ 59.1-538 et seq.); (xiii) provide current name and 11416 11417 address information to private collectors entering into a written agreement with the Tax Commissioner, 11418 for their confidential use when acting on behalf of the Commonwealth or any of its political 11419 subdivisions; however, the Tax Commissioner is not authorized to provide such information to a private 11420 collector who has used or disseminated in an unauthorized or prohibited manner any such information 11421 previously provided to such collector; (xiv) provide current name and address information as to the 11422 identity of the wholesale or retail dealer that affixed a tax stamp to a package of cigarettes to any person who manufactures or sells at retail or wholesale cigarettes and who may bring an action for 11423 11424 injunction or other equitable relief for violation of Chapter 10.1, Enforcement of Illegal Sale or 11425 Distribution of Cigarettes Act; (xv) provide to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, upon entering 11426 into a written agreement, such tax information as may be necessary to facilitate the collection of unpaid 11427 wages under § 40.1-29; (xvi) provide to the Director of the Department of Human Resource 11428 Management, upon entering into a written agreement, such tax information as may be necessary to 11429 identify persons receiving workers' compensation indemnity benefits who have failed to report earnings 11430 as required by § 65.2-712; (xvii) provide to any commissioner of the revenue, director of finance, or any 11431 other officer of any county, city, or town performing any or all of the duties of a commissioner of the 11432 revenue and to any dealer registered for the collection of the Communications Sales and Use Tax, a list 11433 of the names, business addresses, and dates of registration of all dealers registered for such tax; (xviii) provide to the Executive Director of the Northern Virginia Transportation Commission for his 11434 11435 confidential use such tax information as may be necessary to facilitate the collection of the motor 11436 vehicle fuel sales tax; (xix) provide to the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services the 11437 name and address of the taxpayer businesses licensed by the Commonwealth that identify themselves as

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11438 subject to regulation by the Board of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to § 3.2-5130; (xx) 11439 provide to the developer or the economic development authority of a tourism project authorized by 11440 § 58.1-3851.1, upon entering into a written agreement, tax information facilitating the repayment of gap 11441 financing; (xxi) provide to the Virginia Retirement System and the Department of Human Resource 11442 Management, after entering into a written agreement, such tax information as may be necessary to 11443 facilitate the enforcement of subdivision C 4 of § 9.1-401; (xxii) provide to the Department of Medical Assistance Services and the Department of Social Services, upon entering into a written agreement, the 11444 11445 name, address, social security number, email address, dependent information provided pursuant to 11446 subdivision B 2 of § 58.1-341.1, number and type of personal exemptions, tax-filing status, adjusted 11447 gross income, and any additional information voluntarily provided by the taxpayer for disclosure 11448 pursuant to subdivisions B 1 and 2 of § 58.1-341.1, of an individual, or spouse in the case of a married 11449 taxpayer filing jointly, who has voluntarily consented to such disclosure for purposes of identifying 11450 persons who would like to newly enroll in medical assistance; (xxiii) provide to the Commissioner of 11451 the Department of Motor Vehicles information sufficient to verify that an applicant for a driver privilege 11452 card or permit under § 46.2-328.3 or an applicant for an identification privilege card under § 46.2-345.3 11453 reported income and deductions from Virginia sources, as defined in § 58.1-302, or was claimed as a 11454 dependent, on an individual income tax return filed with the Commonwealth within the preceding 12 11455 months; and (xxiv) provide to the Virginia Health Benefit Exchange, upon entering into a written 11456 agreement, for taxable years starting on January 1, 2023, or as soon thereafter as practicable, as 11457 determined by the Department of Taxation and the Virginia Health Benefit Exchange, the name, address, 11458 social security number, email address, dependent information provided pursuant to subdivision B 2 of 11459 § 58.1-341.1, number and type of personal exemptions, tax-filing status, adjusted gross income, and any 11460 additional information voluntarily provided by the taxpayer for disclosure pursuant to subdivision B 3 of 11461 § 58.1-341.1, of an individual, or spouse in the case of a married taxpayer filing jointly, who has 11462 voluntarily consented to such disclosure for purposes of identifying persons who do not meet the income 11463 eligibility requirements for medical assistance and would like to newly enroll in a qualified health plan. 11464 The Tax Commissioner is further authorized to enter into written agreements with duly constituted tax 11465 officials of other states and of the United States for the inspection of tax returns, the making of audits, 11466 and the exchange of information relating to any tax administered by the Department of Taxation. Any 11467 person to whom tax information is divulged pursuant to this section shall be subject to the prohibitions 11468 and penalties prescribed herein as though he were a tax official.

11469 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A or B or any other provision of this title, the 11470 commissioner of revenue or other assessing official is authorized to (i) provide, upon written request 11471 stating the reason for such request, the chief executive officer of any county or city with information 11472 furnished to the commissioner of revenue by the Tax Commissioner relating to the name and address of 11473 any dealer located within the county or city who paid sales and use tax, for the purpose of verifying the 11474 local sales and use tax revenues payable to the county or city; (ii) provide to the Department of 11475 Professional and Occupational Regulation for its confidential use the name, address, and amount of gross 11476 receipts of any person, firm or entity subject to a criminal investigation of an unlawful practice of a 11477 profession or occupation administered by the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, 11478 only after the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation exhausts all other means of 11479 obtaining such information; and (iii) provide to any representative of a condominium unit owners' 11480 association, property owners' association or real estate cooperative association, or to the owner of 11481 property governed by any such association, the names and addresses of parties having a security interest 11482 in real property governed by any such association; however, such information shall be released only 11483 upon written request stating the reason for such request, which reason shall be limited to proposing or 11484 opposing changes to the governing documents of the association, and any information received by any 11485 person under this subsection shall be used only for the reason stated in the written request. The treasurer 11486 or other local assessing official may require any person requesting information pursuant to clause (iii) of 11487 this subsection to pay the reasonable cost of providing such information. Any person to whom tax 11488 information is divulged pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the prohibitions and penalties prescribed herein as though he were a tax official. 11489

11490 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A or B or any other provisions of this title, the
11491 treasurer or other collector of taxes for a county, city or town is authorized to provide information
11492 relating to any motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer obtained by such treasurer or collector in the course
11493 of performing his duties to the commissioner of the revenue or other assessing official for such
11494 jurisdiction for use by such commissioner or other official in performing assessments.

11495 This section shall not be construed to prohibit a local tax official from imprinting or displaying on a 11496 motor vehicle local license decal the year, make, and model and any other legal identification 11497 information about the particular motor vehicle for which that local license decal is assigned.

11498 E. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, state agencies and any other administrative or

11499 regulatory unit of state government shall divulge to the Tax Commissioner or his authorized agent, upon 11500 written request, the name, address, and social security number of a taxpayer, necessary for the performance of the Commissioner's official duties regarding the administration and enforcement of laws 11501 11502 within the jurisdiction of the Department of Taxation. The receipt of information by the Tax 11503 Commissioner or his agent that may be deemed taxpayer information shall not relieve the Commissioner 11504 of the obligations under this section.

11505 F. Additionally, it is unlawful for any person to disseminate, publish, or cause to be published any 11506 confidential tax document that he knows or has reason to know is a confidential tax document. A confidential tax document is any correspondence, document, or tax return that is prohibited from being 11507 divulged by subsection A, B, C, or D and includes any document containing information on the 11508 transactions, property, income, or business of any person, firm, or corporation that is required to be filed 11509 11510 with any state official by § 58.1-512. This prohibition shall not apply if such confidential tax document 11511 has been divulged or disseminated pursuant to a provision of law authorizing disclosure. Any person 11512 violating the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 11513

§ 59.1-148.3. Purchase of handguns or other weapons of certain officers.

11514 A. The Department of State Police, the Department of Wildlife Resources, the Virginia Alcoholic 11515 Beverage Control Authority, the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, the Virginia Lottery, the Marine Resources Commission, the Capitol Police, the Department of Conservation and Recreation, the 11516 11517 Department of Forestry, any sheriff, any regional jail board or authority, and any local police department 11518 may allow any full-time sworn law-enforcement officer, deputy, or regional jail officer, a local fire 11519 department may allow any full-time sworn fire marshal, the Department of Motor Vehicles may allow 11520 any law-enforcement officer, any institution of higher learning named in § 23.1-1100 may allow any campus police officer appointed pursuant to Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1, 11521 retiring on or after July 1, 1991, and the Department of Corrections may allow any employee with 11522 11523 internal investigations authority designated by the Department of Corrections pursuant to subdivision 11 11524 of § 53.1-10 who retires (i) after at least 10 years of service, (ii) at 70 years of age or older, or (iii) as a 11525 result of a service-incurred disability or who is receiving long-term disability payments for a 11526 service-incurred disability with no expectation of returning to the employment where he incurred the 11527 disability to purchase the service handgun issued or previously issued to him by the agency or institution 11528 at a price of \$1. If the previously issued weapon is no longer available, a weapon of like kind may be 11529 substituted for that weapon. This privilege shall also extend to any former Superintendent of the 11530 Department of State Police who leaves service after a minimum of five years. This privilege shall also 11531 extend to any person listed in this subsection who is eligible for retirement with at least 10 years of 11532 service who resigns on or after July 1, 1991, in good standing from one of the agencies listed in this 11533 section to accept a position covered by the Virginia Retirement System. Other weapons issued by the 11534 agencies listed in this subsection for personal duty use of an officer may, with approval of the agency 11535 head, be sold to the officer subject to the qualifications of this section at a fair market price determined 11536 as in subsection B, so long as the weapon is a type and configuration that can be purchased at a regular 11537 hardware or sporting goods store by a private citizen without restrictions other than the instant 11538 background check.

11539 B. The agencies listed in subsection A may allow any full-time sworn law-enforcement officer who 11540 retires with five or more years of service, but less than 10, to purchase the service handgun issued to 11541 him by the agency at a price equivalent to the weapon's fair market value on the date of the officer's 11542 retirement. Any full-time sworn law-enforcement officer employed by any of the agencies listed in 11543 subsection A who is retired for disability as a result of a nonservice-incurred disability may purchase the 11544 service handgun issued to him by the agency at a price equivalent to the weapon's fair market value on 11545 the date of the officer's retirement. Determinations of fair market value may be made by reference to a 11546 recognized pricing guide.

11547 C. The agencies listed in subsection A may allow the immediate survivor of any full-time sworn 11548 law-enforcement officer (i) who is killed in the line of duty or (ii) who dies in service and has at least 11549 10 years of service to purchase the service handgun issued to the officer by the agency at a price of \$1.

11550 D. The governing board of any institution of higher learning education named in § 23.1-1100 may 11551 allow any campus police officer appointed pursuant to Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of 11552 Title 23.1 who retires on or after July 1, 1991, to purchase the service handgun issued to him at a price 11553 equivalent to the weapon's fair market value on the date of the officer's retirement. Determinations of 11554 fair market value may be made by reference to a recognized pricing guide.

E. Any officer who at the time of his retirement is a full-time sworn law-enforcement officer with a 11555 11556 state agency listed in subsection A, when the agency allows purchases of service handguns, and who 11557 retires after 10 years of state service, even if a portion of his service was with another state agency, may 11558 purchase the service handgun issued to him by the agency from which he retires at a price of \$1.

11559 F. The sheriff of Hanover County may allow any auxiliary or volunteer deputy sheriff with a 11560 minimum of 10 years of service, upon leaving office, to purchase for \$1 the service handgun issued to

11561 him.

11562 G. Any sheriff or local police department may allow any auxiliary law-enforcement officer with more 11563 than 10 years of service to purchase the service handgun issued to him by the agency at a price that is 11564 equivalent to or less than the weapon's fair market value on the date of purchase by the officer.

11565 H. The agencies listed in subsection A may allow any full-time sworn law-enforcement officer 11566 currently employed by the agency to purchase his service handgun, with the approval of the chief 11567 law-enforcement officer of the agency, at a fair market price. This subsection shall only apply when the 11568 agency has purchased new service handguns for its officers, and the handgun subject to the sale is no 11569 longer used by the agency or officer in the course of duty.

11570 § 65.2-107. Post-traumatic stress disorder incurred by law-enforcement officers and firefighters.
11571 A. As used in this section:

11572 "Firefighter" means any (i) salaried firefighter, including special forest wardens designated pursuant
11573 to § 10.1-1135, emergency medical services personnel, and local or state fire scene investigator and (ii)
11574 volunteer firefighter and volunteer emergency medical services personnel.

11575 "In the line of duty" means any action that a law-enforcement officer or firefighter was obligated or 11576 authorized to perform by rule, regulation, written condition of employment service, or law.

11577 "Law-enforcement officer" means any (i) member of the State Police Officers' Retirement System; 11578 (ii) member of a county, city, or town police department; (iii) sheriff or deputy sheriff; (iv) Department 11579 of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer; (v) city sergeant or deputy city sergeant of the 11580 City of Richmond; (vi) Virginia Marine Police officer; (vii) conservation police officer who is a 11581 full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Wildlife Resources; (viii) 11582 Capitol Police officer; (ix) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority appointed under the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 4.1-100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or special agent of the Virginia 11583 Cannabis Control Authority appointed under the provisions of Chapter 6 (§ 4.1-600 et seq.) of Title 4.1; 11584 11585 (x) for such period that the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority voluntarily subjects itself to the provisions of this chapter as provided in § 65.2-305, officer of the police force established and 11586 maintained by the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority; (xi) officer of the police force 11587 11588 established and maintained by the Norfolk Airport Authority; (xii) sworn officer of the police force established and maintained by the Virginia Port Authority; or (xiii) campus police officer appointed 11589 11590 under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1 and employed by any public institution of 11591 higher education.

"Mental health professional" means a board-certified psychiatrist or a psychologist licensed pursuant
 to Title 54.1 who has experience diagnosing and treating post-traumatic stress disorder.

11594 "Post-traumatic stress disorder" means a disorder that meets the diagnostic criteria for post-traumatic
11595 stress disorder as specified in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's
11596 Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders.

11597 "Qualifying event" means an incident or exposure occurring in the line of duty on or after July 1, 11598 2020:

- 11599 1. Resulting in serious bodily injury or death to any person or persons;
- 11600 2. Involving a minor who has been injured, killed, abused, or exploited;
- **11601** 3. Involving an immediate threat to life of the claimant or another individual;
- **11602** 4. Involving mass casualties; or
- **11603** 5. Responding to crime scenes for investigation.

11604 B. Post-traumatic stress disorder incurred by a law-enforcement officer or firefighter is compensable 11605 under this title if:

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 A mental health professional examines a law-enforcement officer or firefighter and diagnoses the law-enforcement officer or firefighter as suffering from post-traumatic stress disorder as a result of the individual's undergoing a qualifying event;

2. The post-traumatic stress disorder resulted from the law-enforcement officer's or firefighter's acting
in the line of duty and, in the case of a firefighter, such firefighter complied with federal Occupational
Safety and Health Act standards adopted pursuant to 29 C.F.R. 1910.134 and 29 C.F.R. 1910.156;

11612 3. The law-enforcement officer's or firefighter's undergoing a qualifying event was a substantial 11613 factor in causing his post-traumatic stress disorder;

11614 4. Such qualifying event, and not another event or source of stress, was the primary cause of the post-traumatic stress disorder; and

11616 5. The post-traumatic stress disorder did not result from any disciplinary action, work evaluation, job transfer, layoff, demotion, promotion, termination, retirement, or similar action of the law-enforcement officer or firefighter.

11619 Any such mental health professional shall comply with any workers' compensation guidelines for 11620 approved medical providers, including guidelines on release of past or contemporaneous medical records.

11621 C. Notwithstanding any provision of this title, workers' compensation benefits for any

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11622 law-enforcement officer or firefighter payable pursuant to this section shall (i) include any combination 11623 of medical treatment prescribed by a board-certified psychiatrist or a licensed psychologist, temporary 11624 total incapacity benefits under § 65.2-500, and temporary partial incapacity benefits under § 65.2-502 11625 and (ii) be provided for a maximum of 52 weeks from the date of diagnosis. No medical treatment, 11626 temporary total incapacity benefits under § 65.2-500, or temporary partial incapacity benefits under 11627 § 65.2-502 shall be awarded beyond four years from the date of the qualifying event that formed the 11628 basis for the claim for benefits under this section. The weekly benefits received by a law-enforcement 11629 officer or a firefighter pursuant to § 65.2-500 or 65.2-502, when combined with other benefits, including 11630 contributory and noncontributory retirement benefits, Social Security benefits, and benefits under a long-term or short-term disability plan, but not including payments for medical care, shall not exceed the 11631 11632 average weekly wage paid to such law-enforcement officer or firefighter.

11633 D. No later than January 1, 2021, each employer of law-enforcement officers or firefighters shall (i) 11634 make peer support available to such law-enforcement officers and firefighters and (ii) refer a 11635 law-enforcement officer or firefighter seeking mental health care services to a mental health professional.

E. Each fire basic training program conducted or administered by the Department of Fire Programs or a municipal fire department in the Commonwealth shall provide, in consultation with the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, resilience and self-care technique training for any individual who begins basic training as a firefighter on or after July 1, 2021.

11640 § 65.2-402. Presumption as to death or disability from respiratory disease, hypertension or 11641 heart disease, cancer.

A. Respiratory diseases that cause (i) the death of volunteer or salaried firefighters or Department of
 Emergency Management hazardous materials officers or (ii) any health condition or impairment of such
 firefighters or Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officers resulting in total or
 partial disability shall be presumed to be occupational diseases, suffered in the line of duty, that are
 covered by this title unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to
 the contrary.

11648 B. Hypertension or heart disease causing the death of, or any health condition or impairment 11649 resulting in total or partial disability of any of the following persons who have completed five years of 11650 service in their position as (i) salaried or volunteer firefighters, (ii) members of the State Police Officers' 11651 Retirement System, (iii) members of county, city or town police departments, (iv) sheriffs and deputy 11652 sheriffs, (v) Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officers, (vi) city sergeants or 11653 deputy city sergeants of the City of Richmond, (vii) Virginia Marine Police officers, (viii) conservation 11654 police officers who are full-time sworn members of the enforcement division of the Department of 11655 Wildlife Resources, (ix) Capitol Police officers, (x) special agents of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage 11656 Control Authority appointed under the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 4.1-100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or special agents of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority appointed under the provisions of Chapter 6 11657 11658 (§ 4.1-600 et seq.) of Title 4.1, (xi) for such period that the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority 11659 voluntarily subjects itself to the provisions of this chapter as provided in § 65.2-305, officers of the police force established and maintained by the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority, (xii) 11660 officers of the police force established and maintained by the Norfolk Airport Authority, (xiii) sworn 11661 11662 officers of the police force established and maintained by the Virginia Port Authority, (xiv) campus police officers appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1 and employed 11663 11664 by any public institution of higher education, and (xv) salaried or volunteer emergency medical services 11665 personnel, as defined in § 32.1-111.1, when such emergency medical services personnel is operating in a 11666 locality that has legally adopted a resolution declaring that it will provide one or more of the 11667 presumptions under this subsection, shall be presumed to be occupational diseases, suffered in the line of 11668 duty, that are covered by this title unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of 11669 competent evidence to the contrary.

11670 C. Leukemia or pancreatic, prostate, rectal, throat, ovarian, breast, colon, brain, or testicular cancer 11671 causing the death of, or any health condition or impairment resulting in total or partial disability of, any 11672 volunteer or salaried firefighter, Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer, 11673 commercial vehicle enforcement officer or motor carrier safety trooper employed by the Department of 11674 State Police, or full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor 11675 Vehicles having completed five years of service shall be presumed to be an occupational disease, 11676 suffered in the line of duty, that is covered by this title, unless such presumption is overcome by a 11677 preponderance of competent evidence to the contrary. For colon, brain, or testicular cancer, the 11678 presumption shall not apply for any individual who was diagnosed with such a condition before July 1, 11679 2020.

11680 D. The presumptions described in subsections A, B, and C shall only apply if persons entitled to
11681 invoke them have, if requested by the private employer, appointing authority or governing body
11682 employing them, undergone preemployment physical examinations that (i) were conducted prior to the
11683 making of any claims under this title that rely on such presumptions, (ii) were performed by physicians

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11684 whose qualifications are as prescribed by the private employer, appointing authority or governing body 11685 employing such persons, (iii) included such appropriate laboratory and other diagnostic studies as the 11686 private employer, appointing authorities or governing bodies may have prescribed, and (iv) found such 11687 persons free of respiratory diseases, hypertension, cancer or heart disease at the time of such 11688 examinations.

11689 E. Persons making claims under this title who rely on such presumptions shall, upon the request of 11690 private employers, appointing authorities or governing bodies employing such persons, submit to physical examinations (i) conducted by physicians selected by such employers, authorities, bodies or 11691 11692 their representatives and (ii) consisting of such tests and studies as may reasonably be required by such 11693 physicians. However, a qualified physician, selected and compensated by the claimant, may, at the 11694 election of such claimant, be present at such examination.

11695 F. Whenever a claim for death benefits is made under this title and the presumptions of this section 11696 are invoked, any person entitled to make such claim shall, upon the request of the appropriate private 11697 employer, appointing authority or governing body that had employed the deceased, submit the body of 11698 the deceased to a postmortem examination as may be directed by the Commission. A qualified 11699 physician, selected and compensated by the person entitled to make the claim, may, at the election of 11700 such claimant, be present at such postmortem examination.

11701 G. Volunteer law-enforcement chaplains, auxiliary and reserve deputy sheriffs, and auxiliary and 11702 reserve police are not included within the coverage of this section.

11703 H. For purposes of this section, "firefighter" includes special forest wardens designated pursuant to 11704 § 10.1-1135 and any persons who are employed by or contract with private employers primarily to 11705 perform firefighting services. 11706

§ 65.2-402.1. Presumption as to death or disability from infectious disease.

11707 A. Hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV causing the death of, or any health 11708 condition or impairment resulting in total or partial disability of, any (i) salaried or volunteer firefighter, 11709 or salaried or volunteer emergency medical services personnel; (ii) member of the State Police Officers' 11710 Retirement System; (iii) member of county, city, or town police departments; (iv) sheriff or deputy 11711 sheriff; (v) Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer; (vi) city sergeant or 11712 deputy city sergeant of the City of Richmond; (vii) Virginia Marine Police officer; (viii) conservation police officer who is a full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of 11713 11714 Wildlife Resources; (ix) Capitol Police officer; (x) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage 11715 Control Authority appointed under the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 4.1-100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or special 11716 agent of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority appointed under the provisions of Chapter 6 11717 $(\frac{1}{8}, 4.1-600 \text{ et seq.})$ of Title 4.1; (xi) for such period that the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority 11718 voluntarily subjects itself to the provisions of this chapter as provided in § 65.2-305, officer of the 11719 police force established and maintained by the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority; (xii) officer 11720 of the police force established and maintained by the Norfolk Airport Authority; (xiii) conservation 11721 officer of the Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115; (xiv) 11722 sworn officer of the police force established and maintained by the Virginia Port Authority; (xv) campus 11723 police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1 and employed by 11724 any public institution of higher education; (xvi) correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1; or (xvii) 11725 full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles who has a 11726 documented occupational exposure to blood or body fluids shall be presumed to be occupational 11727 diseases, suffered in the line of government duty, that are covered by this title unless such presumption 11728 is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to the contrary. For purposes of this subsection, 11729 an occupational exposure occurring on or after July 1, 2002, shall be deemed "documented" if the 11730 person covered under this subsection gave notice, written or otherwise, of the occupational exposure to 11731 his employer, and an occupational exposure occurring prior to July 1, 2002, shall be deemed "documented" without regard to whether the person gave notice, written or otherwise, of the 11732 11733 occupational exposure to his employer. For any correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1 or full-time 11734 sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles, the presumption shall 11735 not apply if such individual was diagnosed with hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, or HIV before July 11736 1, 2020.

11737 B. 1. COVID-19 causing the death of, or any health condition or impairment resulting in total or 11738 partial disability of, any health care provider, as defined in § 8.01-581.1, who as part of the provider's 11739 employment is directly involved in diagnosing or treating persons known or suspected to have 11740 COVID-19, shall be presumed to be an occupational disease that is covered by this title unless such 11741 presumptions are overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to the contrary. For the purposes 11742 of this section, the COVID-19 virus shall be established by a positive diagnostic test for COVID-19 and 11743 signs and symptoms of COVID-19 that require medical treatment, as described in subsection subdivision 11744 F 2.

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11745 2. COVID-19 causing the death of, or any health condition or impairment resulting in total or partial 11746 disability of, any (i) firefighter, as defined in § 65.2-102; (ii) law-enforcement officer, as defined in 11747 § 9.1-101; (iii) correctional officer, as defined in § 53.1-1; or (iv) regional jail officer shall be presumed 11748 to be an occupational disease, suffered in the line of duty, as applicable, that is covered by this title 11749 unless such presumption is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to the contrary. For the 11750 purposes of this section, the COVID-19 virus shall be established by a positive diagnostic test for 11751 COVID-19, an incubation period consistent with COVID-19, and signs and symptoms of COVID-19 that 11752 require medical treatment.

¹C. As used in this section:

11754 "Blood or body fluids" means blood and body fluids containing visible blood and other body fluids
11755 to which universal precautions for prevention of occupational transmission of blood-borne pathogens, as
established by the Centers for Disease Control *and Prevention*, apply. For purposes of potential
transmission of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis, or HIV the term "blood or body
fluids" includes respiratory, salivary, and sinus fluids, including droplets, sputum, saliva, mucous, and
any other fluid through which infectious airborne or blood-borne organisms can be transmitted between
persons.

11761 "Hepatitis" means hepatitis A, hepatitis B, hepatitis non-A, hepatitis non-B, hepatitis C, or any other strain of hepatitis generally recognized by the medical community.

11763 "HIV" means the medically recognized retrovirus known as human immunodeficiency virus, type I or 11764 type II, causing immunodeficiency syndrome.

11765 "Occupational exposure," in the case of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV,
11766 means an exposure that occurs during the performance of job duties that places a covered employee at
11767 risk of infection.

11768 D. Persons covered under this section who test positive for exposure to the enumerated occupational diseases, but have not yet incurred the requisite total or partial disability, shall otherwise be entitled to make a claim for medical benefits pursuant to § 65.2-603, including entitlement to an annual medical examination to measure the progress of the condition, if any, and any other medical treatment, prophylactic or otherwise.

11773 E. 1. Whenever any standard, medically-recognized vaccine or other form of immunization or 11774 prophylaxis exists for the prevention of a communicable disease for which a presumption is established 11775 under this section, if medically indicated by the given circumstances pursuant to immunization policies 11776 established by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health 11777 Service, a person subject to the provisions of this section may be required by such person's employer to 11778 undergo the immunization or prophylaxis unless the person's physician determines in writing that the 11779 immunization or prophylaxis would pose a significant risk to the person's health. Absent such written 11780 declaration, failure or refusal by a person subject to the provisions of this section to undergo such 11781 immunization or prophylaxis shall disqualify the person from any presumption established by this 11782 section.

11783
2. The presumptions described in subsection subdivision B 1 shall not apply to any person offered by such person's employer a vaccine for the prevention of COVID-19 with an Emergency Use Authorization issued by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, unless the person is immunized or the person's physician determines in writing that the immunization would pose a significant risk to the person's health. Absent such written declaration, failure or refusal by a person subject to the provisions of this section to undergo such immunization shall disqualify the person from the presumptions described in subsection B 1.

11790 F. 1. The presumptions described in subsection A shall only apply if persons entitled to invoke them 11791 have, if requested by the appointing authority or governing body employing them, undergone preemployment physical examinations that (i) were conducted prior to the making of any claims under 11792 11793 this title that rely on such presumptions; (ii) were performed by physicians whose qualifications are as 11794 prescribed by the appointing authority or governing body employing such persons; (iii) included such 11795 appropriate laboratory and other diagnostic studies as the appointing authorities or governing bodies may 11796 have prescribed; and (iv) found such persons free of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or 11797 HIV at the time of such examinations. The presumptions described in subsection A shall not be effective 11798 until six months following such examinations, unless such persons entitled to invoke such presumption 11799 can demonstrate a documented exposure during the six-month period.

11800 2. The presumptions described in subsection subdivision B 1 shall apply to any person entitled to invoke them for any death or disability occurring on or after March 12, 2020, caused by infection from the COVID-19 virus, provided that for any such death or disability that occurred on or after March 12, 2020, and prior to December 31, 2021, and;

a. Prior to July 1, 2020, the claimant received a positive diagnosis of COVID-19 from a licensed
physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant after either (i) a presumptive positive test or a
laboratory-confirmed test for COVID-19 and presenting with signs and symptoms of COVID-19 that

11807 required medical treatment, or (ii) presenting with signs and symptoms of COVID-19 that required11808 medical treatment absent a presumptive positive test or a laboratory-confirmed test for COVID-19; or

b. On or after July 1, 2020, and prior to December 31, 2021, the claimant received a positive diagnosis of COVID-19 from a licensed physician, nurse practitioner, or physician assistant after a presumptive positive test or a laboratory-confirmed test for COVID-19 and presented with signs and symptoms of COVID-19 that required medical treatment.

1813 3. The presumptions described in subdivision B 2 shall apply to any person entitled to invoke them
1814 for any death or disability occurring on or after July 1, 2020, caused by infection from the COVID-19
1815 virus, provided that for any such death or disability that occurred on or after July 1, 2020, and prior to
1816 December 31, 2021, the claimant received a diagnosis of COVID-19 from a licensed physician, after
11817 either a presumptive positive test or a laboratory confirmed test for COVID-19, and presented with signs
11818 and symptoms of COVID-19 that required medical treatment.

11819 G. Persons making claims under this title who rely on such presumption shall, upon the request of appointing authorities or governing bodies employing such persons, submit to physical examinations (i)
11821 conducted by physicians selected by such appointing authorities or governing bodies or their representatives and (ii) consisting of such tests and studies as may reasonably be required by such physicians. However, a qualified physician, selected and compensated by the claimant, may, at the election of such claimant, be present at such examination.

118252. That Article 5 (§§ 3.2-5145.1 through 3.2-5145.5) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 and §§ 4.1-1101.1,118264.1-1105.1, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-251.1, 19.2-389.3, 19.2-392.2:1, and 19.2-392.2:2 of the Code of Virginia11827are repealed.

11828 3. That the sixteenth enactment of Chapter 550 and the sixteenth enactment of Chapter 551 of the
11829 Acts of Assembly of 2021, Special Session I, are repealed. The provisions of this enactment shall
11830 become effective in due course.

11831 4. That, except as provided in the third, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, and eleventh 11832 enactments of this act, the provisions of this act shall become effective on January 1, 2024.

11833 5. That the provisions of \S 2.2-2499.8, 4.1-600, 4.1-601, 4.1-603, 4.1-604, 4.1-606, 4.1-629, as 11834 created by this act, 4.1-1100, 4.1-1101, 4.1-1105.1, as amended in the first enactment, 4.1-1107, 11835 4.1-1108, 4.1-1121, and \S 9.1-128, as it shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, the seventh 11836 enactment of this act, and the repeal of \S 19.2-389.3, 19.2-392.2:1, and 19.2-392.2:2 of the Code of 11837 Virginia shall become effective in due course.

6. That, subject to the provisions of the eighth enactment of this act, the provisions of § 4.1-630
and Chapter 7 (§ 4.1-700 et seq.), Chapter 8 (§ 4.1-800 et seq.), Chapter 9 (§ 4.1-900 et seq.),
Chapter 10 (§ 4.1-1000 et seq.), Chapter 12 (§ 4.1-1200 et seq.), and Chapter 14 (§ 4.1-1400 et seq.)
of Title 4.1 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, shall become effective on January 1,
2023.

11843 7. That the tenth and twenty-third enactments of Chapter 550 and the tenth and twenty-third 11844 enactments of Chapter 551 of the Acts of Assembly of 2021, Special Session I, are amended as 11845 follows:

11846 10. That the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority (the Board) shall 11847 promulgate regulations to implement the provisions of this act by July January 1, 2023; however, 11848 the Board shall not adopt such regulations prior to July 1, 2022, and shall present such 11849 regulations to the Cannabis Oversight Commission for review prior to adoption. With the exception of § 2.2-4031 of the Code of Virginia, neither the provisions of the Administrative 11850 11851 Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) nor public participation guidelines adopted 11852 pursuant thereto shall apply to the initial adoption of any regulations pursuant to this act. Prior to 11853 adopting any regulations pursuant to this act, the Board shall publish a notice of opportunity to 11854 comment in the Virginia Register of Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory 11855 Town Hall. Such notice of opportunity to comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed 11856 regulations; (ii) the text of the proposed regulations; and (iii) the name, address, and telephone 11857 number of the agency contact person responsible for receiving public comments. Such notice shall 11858 be made at least 60 days in advance of the last date prescribed in such notice for submittals of 11859 public comment. The legislative review provisions of subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 of the Code of Virginia shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for regulations pursuant to 11860 11861 this act. The Board shall consider and keep on file all public comments received for any 11862 regulations adopted pursuant to this act. The provisions of this enactment shall become effective in 11863 due course.

11864 23. That the initial referendum authorized by § 4.1-629 of the Code of Virginia, as created by 11865 this act, on the question of whether the operation of retail marijuana stores *establishments* shall be 11866 prohibited in a particular locality shall be held and results certified by December 31, 2022. A 11867 referendum on such question shall not be permitted in a locality after January 1, 2023, unless such

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11868 referendum follows a referendum held prior to December 31, 2022, and any subsequent 11869 referendum, in which a majority of the qualified voters voting in such referendum voted "Yes" to 11870 prohibit the operation of retail marijuana stores *establishments*. The provisions of this enactment 11871 shall become effective July 1, 2022.

11872 8. That the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority (the Authority) may start accepting applications 11873 for licenses pursuant to the provision of § 4.1-1000 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, 11874 on January 1, 2023, and shall, from January 1, 2023, until January 1, 2024, give preference to 11875 qualified social equity applicants, as determined by regulations promulgated by the Board of 11876 Directors of the Authority in accordance with this act. The Authority may issue any license 11877 authorized by this act to any applicant that meets the requirements for licensure established by 11878 this act. Notwithstanding the fourth enactment of this act, any applicant issued a license by the 11879 Authority may operate in accordance with the provisions of this act prior to January 1, 2024; 11880 however, prior to January 1, 2024, (i) no retail marijuana store licensee may sell retail marijuana, 11881 retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds and (ii) no marijuana 11882 cultivation facility licensee may sell immature marijuana plants or marijuana seeds to a consumer. 11883 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, on or after January 1, 2023, and prior to January 1, 11884 2024, no marijuana cultivation facility licensee, marijuana manufacturing facility licensee, 11885 marijuana wholesaler licensee, retail marijuana store licensee, or marijuana testing facility licensee 11886 or agent or employee thereof shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for a violation of Chapter 11 11887 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 of the Code of Virginia, § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.1, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-308.4 of the Code of Virginia, as 11888 11889 amended by this act, or § 18.2-248.1 of the Code of Virginia, as repealed by this act, involving 11890 marijuana if such violation is related to acts committed within the scope of the licensure or employment and in accordance with the provisions of the Cannabis Control Act (§ 4.1-600 et seq. 11891 11892 of the Code of Virginia). From January 1, 2023, to January 1, 2028, the Authority shall (a) reserve 11893 a license slot for a qualified social equity applicant for very license that was initially granted to a 11894 social equity applicant and was subsequently surrendered and (b) reserve license slots for all 11895 pharmaceutical processors that have been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) of the Drug Control Act and issue a 11896 11897 cultivation, manufacturing, wholesale, and retail license to any such pharmaceutical processor that 11898 meets the applicable licensing requirements. The Authority shall ensure that geographic dispersion 11899 is achieved regarding the issuance of retail marijuana store licenses and shall reassess the issuance 11900 of retail marijuana store licenses at the following intervals to ensure that geographic dispersion is 11901 maintained: after issuance of 100 licenses, 200 licenses, and 300 licenses. The provisions of this 11902 enactment shall become effective in due course.

11903 9. That the provisions of this act creating in Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 an article numbered 6, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-5145.6 through 3.2-5145.9, and repealing Article 5 11904 (§§ 3.2-5145.1 through 3.2-5145.5) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia shall become 11905 11906 effective on the earlier of (i) the promulgation by the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis 11907 Control Authority of final regulations governing regulated hemp products pursuant to § 4.1-606 of 11908 the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, or (ii) January 1, 2023. Any regulation promulgated 11909 by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to Article 5 of Chapter 51 of 11910 Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia, as repealed by this act, shall remain in full force and effect and 11911 continue to be administered by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services until the 11912 effective date of the repeal of Article 5 of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia.

11913 10. That §§ 19.2-392.6 and 19.2-392.12 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, shall 11914 become effective on the earlier of (i) the date on which the processes to seal criminal history 11915 record information and court records pursuant to Chapters 524 and 542 of the Acts of Assembly 11916 of 2021, Special Session I, become effective or (ii) July 1, 2025.

11917 11. That on or efore September 1, 2022, pursuant to subsection A of § 19.2-303.03 of the Code of 11918 Virginia, as created by this act, the Department of Corrections, sheriff of a local jail, regional 11919 director of a regional jail, and the Department of Juvenile Justice, respectively, shall determine 11920 which individuals currently incarcerated in such state correctional facility, local correctional 11921 facility, or secure facility, or placed on community supervision, respectively, meet the criteria for a 11922 hearing on the modification of their sentence as set forth in subsection A of § 19.2-303.03 of the 11923 Code of Virginia, as created by this act, and shall (i) provide an electronic list of such individuals 11924 to the clerk of each circuit court in the jurisdiction where the individual was sentenced and (ii) 11925 notify all such individuals that they may be eligible for modification of their sentence, that hearing 11926 will be scheduled for such determination, that they may file a petition for assistance of counsel and a statement of indigency, and that if they were determined to be indigent at their original 11927 11928 sentencing, they shall be entitled to assistance of counsel for the hearing on modification of their 11929 sentence without the filing of such petition. Within 60 days of receiving the electronic list, the

clerk of each circuit court shall notify the chief judge of that circuit court who shall subsequently
set a hearing for each eligible individual within the timeframes required pursuant to subsection A
of § 19.2-303.03 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, to determine whether to modify
such individual's sentence. The provisions of this enactment and the provisions of this act creating
§ 19.2-303.03 and amending § 53.1-165.1 of the Code of Virginia shall become effective in due
course and shall expire on July 1, 2025.

11936 12. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 11937 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the 11938 necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult 11939 correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 552 of the Acts of Assembly of 2021, Special Session I, 11940 requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary 11941 11942 appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department 11943 of Juvenile Justice.