2023 SESSION

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SENATE BILL NO. 1133

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE (Proposed by the Senate Committee on Rehabilitation and Social Services

on January 27, 2023)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Ebbin)

4 5 6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-2499.5, 2.2-2499.7, 2.2-2499.8, 3.2-4113, 3.2-4116, 3.2-4118, 7 4.1-600, 4.1-601, 4.1-603, 4.1-604, 4.1-606, 4.1-610, 4.1-614, 4.1-619, 4.1-1105.1, 4.1-1500, 4.1-1501, 4.1-1502, 18.2-247, 54.1-3401, 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3442.6, 54.1-3442.7, and 54.1-3446 of 8 the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 an article 9 numbered 6, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-5145.6 through 3.2-5145.9, by adding in Chapter 6 10 of Title 4.1 a section numbered 4.1-629, by adding in Chapter 7 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-700 through 4.1-704, by adding in Chapter 10 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1003 through 11 12 4.1-1007, by adding in Chapter 11 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1104, 4.1-1106, 4.1-1116, and 13 14 4.1-1122, by adding in Chapter 12 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1200, 4.1-1202, 4.1-1206, and 4.1-1207, by adding in Chapter 13 of Title 4.1 a section numbered 4.1-1307, by adding in Chapter 15 16 14 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1400 and 4.1-1403, by adding in Article 2 of Chapter 1 of Title 6.2 a section numbered 6.2-108, and by adding a section numbered 19.2-303.03; and to repeal 17 18 Article 5 (§§ 3.2-5145.1 through 3.2-5145.5) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to cannabis control; retail market; transitional sales; regulated hemp products; penalties; 19 20 modification of sentence for marijuana-related offenses.

21 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That \$ 2.2-2499.5, 2.2-2499.7, 2.2-2499.8, 3.2-4113, 3.2-4116, 3.2-4118, 4.1-600, 4.1-601, 4.1-603, 4.1-604, 4.1-606, 4.1-610, 4.1-614, 4.1-619, 4.1-1105.1, 4.1-1500, 4.1-1501, 4.1-1502, 18.2-247, 54.1-3401, 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3442.6, 54.1-3442.7, and 54.1-3446 of the Code of Virginia are 22 23 24 25 amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 an article numbered 6, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-5145.6 through 3.2-5145.9, by 26 adding in Chapter 6 of Title 4.1 a section numbered 4.1-629, by adding in Chapter 7 of Title 4.1 27 sections numbered 4.1-700 through 4.1-704, by adding in Chapter 10 of Title 4.1 sections 28 29 numbered 4.1-1003 through 4.1-1007, by adding in Chapter 11 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 30 4.1-1104, 4.1-1106, 4.1-1116, and 4.1-1122, by adding in Chapter 12 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1200, 4.1-1202, 4.1-1206, and 4.1-1207, by adding in Chapter 13 of Title 4.1 a section 31 numbered 4.1-1307, by adding in Chapter 14 of Title 4.1 sections numbered 4.1-1400 and 4.1-1403, 32 33 by adding in Article 2 of Chapter 1 of Title 6.2 a section numbered 6.2-108, and by adding a 34 section numbered 19.2-303.03 as follows: 35

Article 30.

Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Board.

§ 2.2-2499.5. Cannabis Reinvestment Board; purpose; membership; quorum; meetings.

38 A. The Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Board (the Board) is established as a policy board in the 39 executive branch of state government. The purpose of the Board is to directly address the impact of 40 economic disinvestment, violence, and historical overuse of criminal justice responses to community and 41 individual needs by providing resources to support local design and control of community-based 42 responses to such impacts.

B. The Board shall have a total membership of 20 members that shall consist of 13 nonlegislative 43 44 citizen members and seven ex officio members. Nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed as follows: three to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules, one of whom shall be a person who 45 has been previously incarcerated or convicted of a marijuana-related crime, one of whom shall be an 46 47 expert in the field of public health with experience in trauma-informed care, if possible, and one of whom shall be an expert in education with a focus on access to opportunities for youth in underserved **48** communities; five to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, one of whom shall be an 49 expert on Virginia's foster care system, one of whom shall be an expert in workforce development, one 50 51 of whom shall be a representative from one of Virginia's historically black colleges and universities, one of whom shall be a veteran, and one of whom shall be an entrepreneur with expertise in emerging 52 53 industries or access to capital for small businesses; and five to be appointed by the Governor, subject to 54 confirmation by the General Assembly, one of whom shall be a representative from the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission and four of whom shall be community-based providers or community 55 development organization representatives who provide services to address the social determinants of 56 health and promote community investment in *historically economically disadvantaged* communities adversely and disproportionately impacted by marijuana prohibitions, including services such as 57 58 59 workforce development, youth mentoring and educational services, job training and placement services,

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60 and reentry services. Nonlegislative citizen members shall be citizens of the Commonwealth and reflect the racial, ethnic, gender, and geographic diversity of the Commonwealth. 61

62 The Secretaries of Education, Health and Human Resources, and Public Safety and Homeland 63 Security, the Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion, the Chief Workforce Development Advisor, and the Attorney General or their designees shall serve ex officio with voting privileges. The Chief 64 65 Executive Officer of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority or his designee shall serve ex officio 66 without voting privileges.

67 Ex officio members of the Board shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office. After the 68 initial staggering of terms, nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed for a term of four years. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be for the unexpired terms. 69 Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All members may be 70 reappointed. 71

72 The Board shall be chaired by the Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion or his designee. The Board shall select a chairman and vice-chairman from among its membership. A majority of the 73 74 members shall constitute a quorum. The Board shall meet at least two times each year and shall meet at 75 the call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the members so request. 76

§ 2.2-2499.7. Powers and duties of the Board.

The Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Board shall have the following powers and duties:

78 1. Support persons, and families, and in historically economically disadvantaged communities 79 historically and disproportionately targeted and affected by drug enforcement;

80 2. Develop and implement scholarship programs and educational and vocational resources for historically marginalized persons, including persons in foster care, who have been adversely impacted by 81 substance use individually, in their families, or in their communities. 82

3. Develop and implement a program to award grants to support workforce development programs. 83 84 mentoring programs, job training and placement services, apprenticeships, and reentry services that serve 85 persons and in historically economically disadvantaged communities historically and disproportionately 86 targeted by drug enforcement. 87

4. Administer the Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Fund established pursuant to § 2.2-2499.8.

88 5. Collaborate with the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and the Office 89 of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion as necessary to implement programs and provide recommendations in 90 line with the purpose of this article.

91 6. Submit an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly for publication as a report 92 document as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports. The chairman shall submit to the Governor and the 93 General Assembly an annual executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Council no later 94 than the first day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive summary shall be 95 96 submitted as a report document as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated 97 Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be posted on the General 98 Assembly's website.

99 7. Perform such other activities and functions as the Governor and General Assembly may direct.

§ 2.2-2499.8. Cannabis Reinvestment Fund.

There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Cannabis 101 102 Equity Reinvestment Fund, referred to in this section as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller. All funds appropriated for such purpose and any gifts, donations, grants, 103 bequests, and other funds received on its behalf shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the 104 Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be credited to it. Any 105 moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert 106 107 to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used solely for the 108 purposes of:

109 1. Supporting persons, and families, and in historically economically disadvantaged communities historically and disproportionately targeted and affected by drug enforcement; 110

2. Providing scholarship opportunities and educational and vocational resources for historically 111 112 marginalized persons, including persons in foster care, who have been adversely impacted by substance use individually, in their families, or in their communities; 113

114 3. Awarding grants to support workforce development, mentoring programs, job training and placement services, apprenticeships, and reentry services that serve persons and in historically 115 economically disadvantaged communities historically and disproportionately targeted by drug 116 117 enforcement.

118 4. Contributing to the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission established pursuant to § 19.2-163.01; 119 and

120 5. Contributing to the Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund established pursuant to § 4.1-121 1501.

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122 Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants 123 issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Director of Diversity, Equity, and 124 Inclusion.

125 § 3.2-4113. Production of industrial hemp lawful.

126 A. It is lawful for a grower, his agent, or a federally licensed hemp producer to grow, a dealer or his 127 agent to deal in, or a processor or his agent to process industrial hemp in the Commonwealth for any 128 lawful purpose. No federally licensed hemp producer or grower or his agent shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 129 130 18.2-250 for the possession or growing of industrial hemp or any Cannabis sativa with a 131 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed the total delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol 132 concentration percentage established in federal regulations applicable to negligent violations located at 7 133 C.F.R. 990.6(b)(3). No dealer or his agent or processor or his agent shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 or 134 135 issued a summons or judgment for the possession, dealing, or processing of industrial hemp. In any 136 complaint, information, or indictment, and in any action or proceeding brought for the enforcement of 137 any provision of Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it shall not be necessary to negate any 138 139 exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption contained in this chapter or the Drug Control Act, and the 140 burden of proof of any such exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption shall be on the defendant.

141 B. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize any person to violate any federal law or 142 regulation.

143 C. No person shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-247, 144 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 for the involuntary growth of industrial hemp through the 145 inadvertent natural spread of seeds or pollen as a result of proximity to a production field, dealership, or 146 process site. 147

§ 3.2-4116. Registration conditions.

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148 A. A person who is not a federally licensed hemp producer shall obtain a registration pursuant to 149 subsection A of § 3.2-4115 prior to growing, dealing in, or processing any industrial hemp in the 150 Commonwealth. 151

B. A person issued a registration pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 shall:

152 1. Maintain records that reflect compliance with this chapter and all other state and federal laws 153 regulating the growing, dealing in, or processing of industrial hemp;

2. Retain all industrial hemp growing, dealing, or processing records for at least three years;

155 3. Allow his production field, dealership, or process site to be inspected by and at the discretion of 156 the Commissioner or his designee, the Department of State Police, or the chief law-enforcement officer of the locality in which the production field or dealership or process site exists; 157

158 4. Allow the Commissioner or his designee to monitor and test the grower's, dealer's, or processor's 159 industrial hemp for compliance with tetrahydrocannabinol levels and for other appropriate purposes 160 established pursuant to § 3.2-4114, at the cost of the grower, dealer, or processor; and

161 5. If required by the Commissioner, destroy, at the cost of the grower, dealer, or processor and in a 162 manner approved of and verified by the Commissioner, any Cannabis sativa that the grower grows, the dealer deals in, or the processor processes that has been tested and, following any re-sampling and 163 164 retesting as authorized pursuant to the provisions of § 3.2-4114.2, is found to have a concentration of 165 tetrahydrocannabinol that is greater than that allowed by federal law, or any Cannabis sativa product that 166 the processor produces. 167

§ 3.2-4118. Forfeiture of industrial hemp grower, dealer, or processor registration; violations.

168 A. The Commissioner shall deny the application, or suspend or revoke the registration, of any person who, with a culpable mental state greater than negligence, violates any provision of this chapter. The 169 170 Commissioner shall provide reasonable notice of an informal fact-finding conference pursuant to 171 § 2.2-4019 to any person in connection with the denial, suspension, or revocation of a registration.

172 B. If a registration is revoked as the result of an informal hearing, the decision may be appealed, and 173 upon appeal an administrative hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Process 174 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). The grower, dealer, or processor may appeal a final order to the circuit court in 175 accordance with the Administrative Process Act.

176 C. A person issued a registration pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 who negligently (i) fails to 177 provide a description and geographic data sufficient for locating his production field, dealership, or 178 process site; (ii) grows, deals in, or processes Cannabis sativa with a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration 179 greater than that allowed by federal law; or (iii) produces a Cannabis sativa product shall comply with 180 any corrective action plan established by the Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of 181 subsection E. The Commissioner shall not deem a grower negligent if such grower makes reasonable 182 efforts to grow industrial hemp and grows Cannabis sativa with a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration

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183 that does not exceed the total delta-9tetrahydrocannabinol concentration percentage established in federal 184 regulations applicable to negligent violations located at 7 C.F.R. 990.6(b)(3).

185 D. A person who grows, deals in, or processes industrial hemp and who negligently fails to register 186 pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 shall comply with any corrective action plan established by the 187 Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of subsection E.

188 E. A corrective action plan established by the Commissioner in response to a negligent violation of a 189 provision of this chapter shall identify a reasonable date by which the person who is the subject of the 190 plan shall correct the negligent violation and shall require such person to report periodically for not less 191 than two calendar years to the Commissioner on the person's compliance with the provisions of this 192 chapter.

193 F. No person who negligently violates the provisions of this chapter three times in a five-year period 194 shall be eligible to grow, deal in, or process industrial hemp for a period of five years beginning on the 195 date of the third violation. 196

Article 6.

Edible Marijuana Products and Edible Hemp Products.

198 § 3.2-5145.6. Definitions.

199 As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

200 "Edible hemp product" means the same as that term is defined in \S 4.1-600.

"Edible marijuana product" means the same as that term is defined in § 4.1-600.

202 "Food" means any article that is intended for human consumption and introduction into commerce, 203 whether the article is simple, mixed, or compound, and all substances or ingredients used in the preparation thereof. "Food" does not mean "drug" as defined in § 54.1-3401. 204

205 § 3.2-5145.7. Edible marijuana products and edible hemp products; approved food; adulterated food. 206

207 A. An edible marijuana product or edible hemp product is a food and is subject to the requirements 208 of this chapter and regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter.

209 B. An edible marijuana product or edible hemp product that does not comply with the provisions of 210 § 4.1-1403 or health and safety regulations adopted pursuant thereto shall be deemed to be adulterated. 211 § 3.2-5145.8. Manufacturer of edible marijuana products or edible hemp products.

212 A. A manufacturer of an edible marijuana product shall be an approved source if the manufacturer 213 operates: 214

1. Under inspection by the Commissioner in the location in which such manufacturing occurs; and

215 2. In compliance with the laws, regulations, or criteria that pertain to the manufacture of edible 216 marijuana products in the location in which such manufacturing occurs.

217 B. A manufacturer of an edible hemp product shall be an approved source if the manufacturer 218 operates:

219 1. Under inspection by the responsible food regulatory agency in the location in which such 220 manufacturing occurs; and

221 2. In compliance with the laws, regulations, or criteria that pertain to the manufacture of edible 222 hemp products in the location in which such manufacturing occurs. 223

§ 3.2-5145.9. Regulations.

A. The Board is authorized to adopt regulations for the efficient enforcement of this article.

225 B. With the exception of § 2.2-4031, neither the provisions of the Administrative Process Act 226 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) nor public participation guidelines adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the 227 adoption of any regulation pursuant to this section. Prior to adopting any regulation pursuant to this 228 section, the Board shall publish a notice of opportunity to comment in the Virginia Register of Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. Such notice of opportunity to 229 comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed regulation; (ii) the text of the proposed regulation; and (iii) the name, address, and telephone number of the agency contact person responsible 230 231 232 for receiving public comments. Such notice shall be made at least 60 days in advance of the last date prescribed in such notice for submittals of public comment. The legislative review provisions of 233 234 subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for 235 regulations adopted pursuant to this section. The Board shall consider and keep on file all public 236 comments received for any regulation adopted pursuant to this section.

§ 4.1-600. Definitions.

As used in this subtitle, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Advertisement" or " advertising" means any written or verbal statement, illustration, or depiction that is calculated to induce sales of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, marijuana plants, or 239 240 marijuana seeds, or regulated hemp products, including any written, printed, graphic, digital, electronic, 241 242 or other material, billboard, sign, or other outdoor display, publication, or radio or television broadcast.

243 "Authority" means the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority created pursuant to this subtitle.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority. 244

245 "Cannabis Control Act" means Subtitle II (§ 4.1-600 et seq.).

246 "Child-resistant" means, with respect to packaging or a container, (i) specially designed or 247 constructed to be significantly difficult for a typical child under five years of age to open and not to be 248 significantly difficult for a typical adult to open and reseal and (ii) for any product intended for more 249 than a single use or that contains multiple servings, resealable.

250 "Cultivation" or "cultivate" means the planting, propagation, growing, harvesting, drying, curing, 251 grading, trimming, or other similar processing of marijuana for use or sale. "Cultivation" or "cultivate" 252 does not include manufacturing or testing.

253 "Edible hemp product" means a hemp product intended to be consumed orally that is or contains an 254 industrial hemp extract.

255 "Edible marijuana product" means a marijuana product intended to be consumed orally, including 256 marijuana intended to be consumed orally or marijuana concentrate intended to be consumed orally.

257 "Hemp product" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

258 "Hemp product intended for smoking" means any hemp product intended to be consumed by 259 inhalation.

260 "Historically economically disadvantaged community" means a (i) census tract in which the majority 261 of the population are people of color or (ii) census tract with a poverty rate that is higher than the 262 average statewide poverty rate.

263 "Immature plant" means a nonflowering marijuana plant that is no taller than eight inches and no 264 wider than eight inches, is produced from a cutting, clipping, or seedling, and is growing in a container. 265 "Industrial hemp" means the same as that term is defined in § 3.2-4112.

"Industrial hemp extract" means any phytochemical that has been removed from industrial hemp. 266 "Industrial hemp extract" is not a hemp seed-derived ingredient that is approved by the U.S. Food and 267 268 Drug Administration or the subject of a generally recognized as safe notice for which the U.S. Food 269 and Drug Administration had no questions. 270

"Licensed" means the holding of a valid license granted by the Authority.

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"Licensee" means any person to whom a license has been granted by the Authority.

"Manufacturing" or "manufacture" means the production of marijuana products or regulated hemp 272 products or the blending, infusing, compounding, or other preparation of marijuana and, marijuana 273 274 products, or regulated hemp products, including marijuana extraction or preparation by means of 275 chemical synthesis. "Manufacturing" or "manufacture" does not include cultivation or testing.

276 "Marijuana" means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, its seeds or 277 resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds, 278 its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. "Marijuana" does not include (i) the 279 mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, or oil or cake made from the seed of such 280 plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is combined with other parts of plants of the genus Cannabis-"Marijuana" does not include (i); (ii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a 281 282 person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent or (iii); (iii) industrial hemp that is 283 possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture 284 pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; (iv) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112 other than a regulated 285 *hemp product*, containing a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is 286 derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance 287 with state or federal law; or (v) a regulated hemp product that does not exceed the maximum 288 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration established pursuant to § 4.1-606 and that is derived from industrial 289 hemp that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal law.

290 "Marijuana concentrate" means marijuana that has undergone a process to concentrate one or more 291 active cannabinoids, thereby increasing the product's potency. Resin from granular trichomes from a 292 marijuana plant is a concentrate for purposes of this subtitle.

293 "Marijuana cultivation facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to cultivate, label, and 294 package retail marijuana; to purchase or take possession of marijuana plants and seeds from other 295 marijuana cultivation facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana, immature marijuana 296 plants, and marijuana seeds to marijuana wholesalers and retail marijuana stores; to transfer possession 297 of and sell retail marijuana, marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds to other marijuana cultivation 298 facilities; to transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana to marijuana manufacturing facilities; and to 299 sell immature marijuana plants and marijuana seeds to consumers for the purpose of cultivating 300 marijuana at home for personal use.

301 "Marijuana establishment" means a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana testing facility, a 302 marijuana manufacturing facility, a marijuana wholesaler, or a retail marijuana store.

303 "Marijuana manufacturing facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to manufacture, label, 304 and package retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; to purchase or take possession of retail 305 marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility or another marijuana manufacturing facility; and to

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306 transfer possession of and sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to marijuana wholesalers, 307 retail marijuana stores, or other marijuana manufacturing facilities.

308 "Marijuana paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind that are either 309 designed for use or are intended for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, 310 manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, strength testing, analyzing, 311 packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into

312 the human body marijuana.

313 "Marijuana products" means (i) products that are composed of marijuana and other ingredients and are intended for use or consumption, ointments, and tinctures or (ii) marijuana concentrate. 314

"Marijuana testing facility" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to develop, research, or test marijuana, marijuana products, *regulated hemp products*, and other substances. 315 316

'Marijuana wholesaler" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to purchase or take possession of 317 318 retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, and marijuana seeds from a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana manufacturing facility, or another marijuana wholesaler and to 319 transfer possession and sell or resell retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana 320 321 plants, and marijuana seeds to a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, retail 322 marijuana store, or another marijuana wholesaler.

323 "Non-retail marijuana" means marijuana that is not cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed 324 marijuana establishment.

325 "Non-retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are not manufactured and sold by a 326 licensed marijuana establishment.

327 "Place or premises" means the real estate, together with any buildings or other improvements thereon, 328 designated in the application for a license as the place at which the cultivation, manufacture, sale, or 329 testing of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products shall be performed, except that portion of any 330 such building or other improvement actually and exclusively used as a private residence.

"Public place" means any place, building, or conveyance to which the public has, or is permitted to 331 have, access, including restaurants, soda fountains, hotel dining areas, lobbies and corridors of hotels, 332 333 and any park, place of public resort or amusement, highway, street, lane, or sidewalk adjoining any 334 highway, street, or lane. 335

"Regulated hemp product" means a hemp product intended for smoking or edible hemp products.

336 "Residence" means any building or part of a building or structure where a person resides, but does 337 not include any part of a building that is not actually and exclusively used as a private residence, nor 338 any part of a hotel or club other than a private guest room thereof.

339 "Retail marijuana" means marijuana that is cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed marijuana 340 establishment.

341 "Retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are manufactured and sold by a licensed 342 marijuana establishment.

343 "Retail marijuana store" means a facility licensed under this subtitle to purchase or take possession of 344 retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds from a 345 marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, or marijuana wholesaler and to sell retail 346 marijuana, retail marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds to consumers.

"Sale" and "sell" includes soliciting or receiving an order for; keeping, offering, or exposing for sale; 347 348 peddling, exchanging, or bartering; or delivering otherwise than gratuitously, by any means, retail 349 marijuana or, retail marijuana products, or regulated hemp products.

"Special agent" means an employee of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority whom the Board has 350 351 designated as a law-enforcement officer pursuant to this subtitle.

"Testing" or "test" means the research and analysis of marijuana, marijuana products, regulated hemp 352 products, or other substances for contaminants, safety, or potency. "Testing" or "test" does not include 353 354 cultivation or manufacturing.

355 "Tetrahydrocannabinol" means any naturally occurring or synthetic tetrahydrocannabinol, including 356 its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of 357 isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation and any preparation, mixture, or substance 358 containing, or mixed or infused with, any detectable amount of tetrahydrocannabinol. "Tetrahvdrocannabinol" includes delta-6a(10a), delta-7, delta-8, delta-9, and delta-10 359 tetrahydrocannabinol. For the purposes of this definition, "isomer" means the optical, position, and 360 361 geometric isomers.

362 "Total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration" means the total available tetrahydrocannabinol derived from the molar sum of tetrahydrocannabinol and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid. 363

§ 4.1-601. Virginia Cannabis Control Authority created; public purpose.

A. The General Assembly has determined that there exists in the Commonwealth a need to control 365 the possession, sale, transportation, distribution, and delivery of retail marijuana and, retail marijuana 366 products, and regulated hemp products in the Commonwealth. Further, the General Assembly determines 367

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that the creation of an authority for this purpose is in the public interest, serves a public purpose, and will promote the health, safety, welfare, convenience, and prosperity of the people of the Commonwealth. To achieve this objective, there is hereby created an independent political subdivision of the Commonwealth, exclusive of the legislative, executive, or judicial branches of state government, to be known as the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority. The Authority's exercise of powers and duties conferred by this subtitle shall be deemed the performance of an essential governmental function and a matter of public necessity for which public moneys may be spent.

375 B. The Board of Directors of the Authority is vested with control of the possession, sale, 376 transportation, distribution, and delivery of retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products, and regulated 377 hemp products in the Commonwealth, with plenary power to prescribe and enforce regulations and 378 conditions under which retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp products are 379 possessed, sold, transported, distributed, and delivered, so as to prevent any corrupt, incompetent, 380 dishonest, or unprincipled practices and to promote the health, safety, welfare, convenience, and prosperity of the people of the Commonwealth. The exercise of the powers granted by this subtitle shall 381 382 be in all respects for the benefit of the citizens of the Commonwealth and for the promotion of their 383 safety, health, welfare, and convenience. No part of the assets or net earnings of the Authority shall 384 inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to, any private individual, except that reasonable compensation 385 may be paid for services rendered to or for the Authority affecting one or more of its purposes, and 386 benefits may be conferred that are in conformity with said purposes, and no private individual shall be 387 entitled to share in the distribution of any of the corporate assets on dissolution of the Authority.

388 § 4.1-603. Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council; purpose; membership; quorum; meetings; 389 compensation and expenses; duties.

A. The Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council (the Advisory Council) is established as an advisory council to the Board. The purpose of the Advisory Council is to assess and monitor public health issues, trends, and impacts related to marijuana and marijuana legalization and make recommendations regarding health warnings, retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp products safety and product composition, and public health awareness, programming, and related resource needs.

396 B. The Advisory Council shall have a total membership of 21 members that shall consist of 14 397 nonlegislative citizen members and seven ex officio members. Nonlegislative citizen members of the 398 Council shall be citizens of the Commonwealth and shall reflect the racial, ethnic, gender, and 399 geographic diversity of the Commonwealth. Nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed as 400 follows: four to be appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules, one of whom shall be a representative 401 from the Virginia Foundation for Healthy Youth, one of whom shall be a representative from the 402 Virginia Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics, one of whom shall be a representative from 403 the Medical Society of Virginia, and one of whom shall be a representative from the Virginia Pharmacists Association; six to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates, one of whom 404 shall be a representative from a community services board, one of whom shall be a person or health 405 406 care provider with expertise in substance use disorder treatment and recovery, one of whom shall be a 407 person or health care provider with expertise in substance use disorder prevention, one of whom shall be 408 a person with experience in disability rights advocacy, one of whom shall be a person with experience 409 in veterans health care, and one of whom shall be a person with a social or health equity background; 410 and four to be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly, one of 411 whom shall be a representative of a local health district, one of whom shall be a person who is part of 412 the cannabis industry, one of whom shall be an academic researcher knowledgeable about cannabis, and 413 one of whom shall be a registered medical cannabis patient.

414 The Secretary of Health and Human Resources, the Commissioner of Health, the Commissioner of 415 Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer 416 Services, the Director of the Department of Health Professions, the Director of the Department of 417 Forensic Science, and the Chief Executive Officer of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority, or their 418 designees, shall serve ex officio with voting privileges. Ex officio members of the Advisory Council 419 shall serve terms coincident with their terms of office.

420 After the initial staggering of terms, nonlegislative citizen members shall be appointed for a term of
421 four years. Appointments to fill vacancies, other than by expiration of a term, shall be for the unexpired
422 terms. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. All members may be
423 reappointed.

The Advisory Council shall be chaired by the Secretary of Health and Human Resources or his
designee. The Advisory Council shall select a vice-chairman from among its membership. A majority of
the members shall constitute a quorum. The Advisory Council shall meet at least two times each year
and shall meet at the call of the chairman or whenever the majority of the members so request.

428 The Advisory Council shall have the authority to create subgroups with additional stakeholders,

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429 experts, and state agency representatives.

430 C. Members shall receive no compensation for the performance of their duties but shall be 431 reimbursed for all reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as 432 provided in §§ 2.2-2813 and 2.2-2825.

433 D. The Advisory Council shall have the following duties, in addition to duties that may be necessary 434 to fulfill its purpose as described in subsection A:

435 1. To review multi-agency efforts to support collaboration and a unified approach on public health 436 responses related to marijuana and marijuana legalization in the Commonwealth and to develop 437 recommendations as necessary.

438 2. To monitor changes in drug use data related to marijuana and marijuana legalization in the 439 Commonwealth and the science and medical information relevant to the potential health risks associated 440 with such drug use, and make appropriate recommendations to the Department of Health and the Board.

441 3. Submit an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly for publication as a report 442 document as provided in the procedures of the Division of Legislative Automated Systems for the 443 processing of legislative documents and reports. The chairman shall submit to the Governor and the 444 General Assembly an annual executive summary of the interim activity and work of the Advisory 445 Council no later than the first day of each regular session of the General Assembly. The executive summary shall be submitted as a report document as provided in the procedures of the Division of 446 447 Legislative Automated Systems for the processing of legislative documents and reports and shall be 448 posted on the General Assembly's website.

§ 4.1-604. Powers and duties of the Board.

The Board shall have the following powers and duties:

451 1. Promulgate regulations in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and 452 § 4.1-606:

453 2. Control the possession, sale, transportation, and delivery of marijuana and, marijuana products, and 454 regulated hemp products;

455 3. Grant, suspend, and revoke licenses for the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, and testing 456 of marijuana and, marijuana products, and regulated hemp products as provided by law;

457 4. Determine the nature, form, and capacity of all containers used for holding marijuana products and 458 regulated hemp products to be kept or sold and prescribe the form and content of all labels and seals to 459 be placed thereon; 460

5. Maintain actions to enjoin common nuisances as defined in § 4.1-1113;

461 6. Establish standards and implement an online course for employees of retail marijuana stores that 462 trains employees on how to educate consumers on the potential risks of marijuana use;

7. Establish a plan to develop and disseminate to retail marijuana store licensees a pamphlet or 463 464 similar document regarding the potential risks of marijuana use to be prominently displayed and made 465 available to consumers;

466 8. Establish a position for a Cannabis Social Equity Liaison who shall lead the Cannabis Business Equity and Diversity Support Team and liaise with the Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion on 467 468 matters related to diversity, equity, and inclusion standards in the marijuana industry;

469 9. Establish a Cannabis Business Equity and Diversity Support Team, which shall (i) develop 470 requirements for the creation and submission of diversity, equity, and inclusion plans by persons who 471 wish to possess a license in more than one license category pursuant to subsection C of $\frac{8}{5}$ 4.1-805, which may include a requirement that the licensee participate in social equity an apprenticeship plan, 472 and an approval process and requirements for implementation of such plans; (ii) be responsible for 473 474 conducting an analysis of potential barriers to entry for small, women-owned, and minority-owned 475 businesses and veteran-owned businesses interested in participating in the marijuana industry and recommending strategies to effectively mitigate such potential barriers; (iii) provide assistance with 476 477 business planning for potential marijuana establishment licensees; (iv) spread awareness of business 478 opportunities related to the marijuana marketplace in areas disproportionately impacted by marijuana 479 prohibition and enforcement historically economically disadvantaged communities; (v) provide technical 480 assistance in navigating the administrative process to potential marijuana establishment licensees; and 481 (vi) conduct other outreach initiatives in areas disproportionately impacted by marijuana prohibition and enforcement historically economically disadvantaged communities as necessary; 482

483 10. Establish a position for an individual with professional experience in a health related field who shall staff the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council, established pursuant to § 4.1-603, liaise with 484 485 the Office of the Secretary of Health and Human Resources and relevant health and human services 486 agencies and organizations, and perform other duties as needed.

11. Establish and implement a plan, in coordination with the Cannabis Social Equity Liaison and the 487 488 Director of Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion to promote and encourage participation in the marijuana 489 industry by people from historically economically disadvantaged communities that have been 490 disproportionately impacted by marijuana prohibition and enforcement and to positively impact those

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491 communities;

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492 12. Sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and complain and defend in all courts;

13. Adopt, use, and alter at will a common seal;

494 14. Fix, alter, charge, and collect rates, rentals, fees, and other charges for the use of property of, the
495 sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority at rates to be determined by the Authority for
496 the purpose of providing for the payment of the expenses of the Authority;

497 15. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of
498 its duties, the furtherance of its purposes, and the execution of its powers under this subtitle, including
499 agreements with any person or federal agency;

500 16. Employ, at its discretion, consultants, researchers, architects, engineers, accountants, financial
501 experts, investment bankers, superintendents, managers, and such other employees and special agents as
502 may be necessary and fix their compensation to be payable from funds made available to the Authority.
503 Legal services for the Authority shall be provided by the Attorney General in accordance with Chapter 5
504 (§ 2.2-500 et seq.) of Title 2.2;

505 17. Receive and accept from any federal or private agency, foundation, corporation, association, or 506 person grants or other aid to be expended in accomplishing the objectives of the Authority, and receive 507 and accept from the Commonwealth or any state and any municipality, county, or other political 508 subdivision thereof or from any other source aid or contributions of either money, property, or other 509 things of value, to be held, used, and applied only for the purposes for which such grants and 510 contributions may be made. All federal moneys accepted under this section shall be accepted and 511 expended by the Authority upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the United States and as 512 are consistent with state law, and all state moneys accepted under this section shall be expended by the 513 Authority upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the Commonwealth;

514 18. Adopt, alter, and repeal bylaws, rules, and regulations governing the manner in which its 515 business shall be transacted and the manner in which the powers of the Authority shall be exercised and 516 its duties performed. The Board may delegate or assign any duty or task to be performed by the Authority to any officer or employee of the Authority. The Board shall remain responsible for the 517 518 performance of any such duties or tasks. Any delegation pursuant to this subdivision shall, where 519 appropriate, be accompanied by written guidelines for the exercise of the duties or tasks delegated. 520 Where appropriate, the guidelines shall require that the Board receive summaries of actions taken. Such 521 delegation or assignment shall not relieve the Board of the responsibility to ensure faithful performance 522 of the duties and tasks;

523 19. Conduct or engage in any lawful business, activity, effort, or project consistent with the
524 Authority's purposes or necessary or convenient to exercise its powers;

525 20. Develop policies and procedures generally applicable to the procurement of goods, services, and construction, based upon competitive principles;

527 21. Develop policies and procedures consistent with Article 4 (§ 2.2-4347 et seq.) of Chapter 43 of 528 Title 2.2;

529 22. Acquire, purchase, hold, use, lease, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed, 530 tangible or intangible, or any interest therein necessary or desirable for carrying out the purposes of the 531 Authority; lease as lessee any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest 532 therein, at such annual rental and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; 533 lease as lessor to any person any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest 534 therein, at any time acquired by the Authority, whether wholly or partially completed, at such annual 535 rental and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; sell, transfer, or convey 536 any property, real, personal or mixed, tangible or intangible, or any interest therein, at any time acquired 537 or held by the Authority on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board; and occupy 538 and improve any land or building required for the purposes of this subtitle;

539 23. Purchase, lease, or acquire the use of, by any manner, any plant or equipment that may be considered necessary or useful in carrying into effect the purposes of this subtitle, including rectifying, 541 blending, and processing plants;

542 24. Appoint every agent and employee required for its operations, require any or all of them to give
543 bonds payable to the Commonwealth in such penalty as shall be fixed by the Board, and engage the
544 services of experts and professionals;

545 25. Hold and conduct hearings, issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the production of records, memoranda, papers, and other documents before the Board or any agent of the Board, and administer oaths and take testimony thereunder. The Board may authorize any Board member or agent of the Board to hold and conduct hearings, issue subpoenas, administer oaths and take testimony thereunder, and decide cases, subject to final decision by the Board, on application of any party aggrieved. The Board may enter into consent agreements and may request and accept from any applicant or licensee a consent agreement in lieu of proceedings on (i) objections to the issuance of a

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552 license or (ii) disciplinary action. Any such consent agreement shall include findings of fact and may 553 include an admission or a finding of a violation. A consent agreement shall not be considered a case decision of the Board and shall not be subject to judicial review under the provisions of the 554 555 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), but may be considered by the Board in future 556 disciplinary proceedings:

557 26. Make a reasonable charge for preparing and furnishing statistical information and compilations to 558 persons other than (i) officials, including court and police officials, of the Commonwealth and of its 559 subdivisions if the information requested is for official use and (ii) persons who have a personal or legal 560 interest in obtaining the information requested if such information is not to be used for commercial or 561 trade purposes;

562 27. Assess and collect civil penalties and civil charges for violations of this subtitle and Board 563 regulations:

564 28. Review and approve any proposed legislative or regulatory changes suggested by the Chief 565 Executive Officer as the Board deems appropriate;

29. Report quarterly to the Secretary of Public Safety and Homeland Security on the law-enforcement 566 567 activities undertaken to enforce the provisions of this subtitle;

568 30. Establish and collect fees for all permits set forth in this subtitle, including fees associated with 569 applications for such permits:

570 31. Develop and make available on its website guidance documents regarding compliance and safe 571 practices for persons who cultivate marijuana at home for personal use, which shall include information 572 regarding cultivation practices that promote personal and public safety, including child protection, and 573 discourage practices that create a nuisance;

574 32. Develop and make available on its website a resource that provides information regarding (i) 575 responsible marijuana consumption; (ii) health risks and other dangers associated with marijuana 576 consumption, including inability to operate a motor vehicle and other types of transportation and equipment; and (iii) ancillary effects of marijuana consumption, including ineligibility for certain 577 employment opportunities. The Board shall require that the web address for such resource be included 578 579 on the label of all retail marijuana and retail marijuana product as provided in § 4.1-1402; and

33. Do all acts necessary or advisable to carry out the purposes of this subtitle.

§ 4.1-606. Regulations of the Board.

582 A. The Board may promulgate reasonable regulations, not inconsistent with this subtitle or the 583 general laws of the Commonwealth, that it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this subtitle 584 and to prevent the illegal cultivation, manufacture, sale, and testing of marijuana and, marijuana products, and regulated hemp products. The Board may amend or repeal such regulations. Such Except 585 as otherwise provided by law, such regulations shall be promulgated, amended, or repealed in 586 587 accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and shall have the effect of law. 588

B. The Board shall promulgate regulations that:

589 1. Govern the outdoor cultivation and manufacture of retail marijuana by a marijuana cultivation 590 facility licensee and retail marijuana products, including security requirements to include related to 591 lighting, physical security, and alarm requirements, provided that such requirements do not prohibit the 592 cultivation of marijuana outdoors or in a greenhouse alarms and requirements for secure disposal of 593 waste or unusable materials:

594 2. Establish security requirements for all marijuana establishments, including requirements for 595 securely transporting marijuana between marijuana establishments; 596

3. Establish sanitary standards for retail marijuana product and regulated hemp product preparation;

597 4. Establish a testing program for retail marijuana and, retail marijuana products pursuant to Chapter **598** 14 (§ 4.1-1400 et seq.), and regulated hemp products;

599 5. Establish an application process for licensure as a marijuana establishment pursuant to this subtitle 600 in a way that, when possible, prevents disparate impacts on historically economically disadvantaged 601 communities;

602 6. Establish packaging requirements and requirements for health and safety warning labels to be 603 placed on retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a 604 consumer and on regulated hemp products to be sold or offered for sale by a person in accordance with the provisions of this subtitle. Such provisions shall require that labels include information regarding 605 606 the amount of product that constitutes a single serving and the percentage and milligrams of 607 tetrahydrocannabinol in each package and serving;

7. Establish a maximum tetrahydrocannabinol level for retail marijuana products, which and 608 regulated hemp products. Such tetrahydrocannabinol level for retail marijuana products shall not exceed 609 610 (i) five 10 milligrams per serving for edible marijuana products and where practicable an equivalent amount for other marijuana products or (ii) 50 100 milligrams per package for edible marijuana products 611 612 and where practicable an equivalent amount for other marijuana products. Such regulations may include

613 other product and dispensing limitations on tetrahydrocannabinol;

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614 8. Establish requirements for the form, content, and retention of all records and accounts by all
615 licensees and by any person selling a regulated hemp product, including the manner and timeframe in
616 which licensees and persons must make such records and accounts available to the Board;

617 9. Provide alternative methods for licensees and any person selling a regulated hemp product to
618 maintain and store business records that are subject to Board inspection, including methods for
619 Board-approved electronic and offsite storage;

620 10. Establish (i) criteria by which to evaluate new licensees based on the density of retail marijuana
621 stores in the community and (ii) metrics that have similarly shown an association with negative
622 community-level health outcomes or health disparities. In promulgating such regulations, the Board shall
623 coordinate with the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council established pursuant to § 4.1-603;

624 11. Require retail licensees to file an appeal from any hearing decision rendered by a hearing officer
625 within 30 days of the date the notice of the decision is sent. The notice shall be sent to the licensee at the address on record with the Board by certified mail, return receipt requested, and by regular mail;

627 12. Prescribe the schedule of proration for refunded license fees to licensees who qualify pursuant to 628 subsection C of 4.1-1002;

629 13. Establish criteria by which to evaluate social equity and grant license preferences to applicants, 630 which shall be an applicant who has lived or been domiciled for at least 12 months in the 631 Commonwealth and is either (i) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who have been convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-248.1, 632 former § 18.2-250.1, or subsection A of § 18.2-265.3 as it relates to marijuana; (ii) an applicant with at 633 634 least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who is the parent, child, sibling, or spouse of a 635 person who has been convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for any misdemeanor violation of 636 § 18.2-248.1, former § 18.2-250.1, or subsection A of § 18.2-265.3 as it relates to marijuana; (iii) an 637 applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who have resided for at least three 638 of the past five years in a jurisdiction that is determined by the Board after utilizing census tract data 639 made available by the United States Census Bureau to have been disproportionately policed for 640 marijuana crimes; (iv) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons who have resided for at least three four of the last five years in a jurisdiction determined by the Board after 641 642 utilizing census tract data made available by the United States Census Bureau to be a historically 643 economically distressed; or (v) an applicant with at least 66 percent ownership by a person or persons 644 who graduated from a historically black college or university located in the Commonwealth 645 disadvantaged community;

646 14. For the purposes of establishing criteria by which to evaluate social equity license applicants,
647 establish standards by which to determine (i) which jurisdictions have been disproportionately policed
648 for marijuana crimes and (ii) which jurisdictions are economically distressed;

649 15. Establish standards and requirements for (i) any preference in the licensing process for qualified
 650 social equity applicants in a historically economically disadvantaged community, (ii) what percentage of
 651 application or license fees are waived for a qualified social equity applicant such applicants, and (iii) a
 652 any low-interest business loan program for qualified social equity such applicants, and (iv) determining
 653 which jurisdictions are historically economically disadvantaged communities;

654 16. 15. Establish guidelines, in addition to requirements set forth in this subtitle, for the personal
 655 cultivation of marijuana that promote personal and public safety, including child protection, and
 656 discourage personal cultivation practices that create a nuisance, including a nuisance caused by odor;

47. 16. Establish reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions on outdoor advertising of retail
marijuana or, retail marijuana products, not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, so and
regulated hemp products. Such restrictions shall ensure that such advertising displaces the illicit market,
includes health and safety warnings, and notifies the public of the location of marijuana and hemp
establishments. Such regulations shall be promulgated in accordance with § 4.1-1404;

48. 17. Establish restrictions on the number of licenses that a person may be granted to operate a marijuana establishment in single locality or region; and

664 19. Establish restrictions on 18. Notwithstanding subdivision C 4, allow pharmaceutical processors 665 and industrial hemp processors that have been to be granted a license in more than one license category 666 pursuant to subsection C of § 4.1-805 and establish restrictions that ensure all licensees have an equal 667 and meaningful opportunity to participate in the market. Such regulations may limit the amount of 668 products cultivated or manufactured by the pharmaceutical processor or industrial hemp processor that 669 such processor may offer for sale in its retail marijuana stores;

670 19. Establish requirements for routine inspections of all marijuana establishments, which shall occur 671 no less than once per year;

672 20. Establish minimum equipment and resource requirements for marijuana establishments;

673 21. Establish processes to ensure the safe and secure dispensing of retail marijuana and retail 674 marijuana products;

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675 22. Establish processes to ensure the safe wholesale distribution and transfer of retail marijuana and 676 retail marijuana products;

23. Establish requirements regarding the sale of devices by licensees for administration of retail 677 678 marijuana and retail marijuana products; and

679 24. Establish a process for certain licensees to acquire from a registered industrial hemp dealer or 680 processor industrial hemp extracts grown and processed in the Commonwealth in compliance with state 681 and federal law and a process for licensees to formulate such extracts into retail marijuana products.

C. The Board may promulgate regulations that: 682

683 1. Limit the number of licenses issued by type or class to operate a marijuana establishment; 684 however, the number of licenses issued shall not exceed the following limits:

685 a. Retail marijuana stores, 400;

b. Marijuana wholesalers, 25: 686

687 c. Marijuana manufacturing facilities, 60; and

d. Marijuana cultivation facilities, 450. 688

689 In determining the number of licenses issued pursuant to this subdivision, the Board shall not 690 consider any license granted pursuant to subsection \hat{C} of $\frac{8}{4.1-805}$ to (i) a pharmaceutical processor that has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the 691 Drug Control Act or (ii) an industrial hemp processor registered with the Commissioner of Agriculture **692** 693 and Consumer Services pursuant to Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2.

694 2. Prescribe any requirements deemed appropriate for the administration of taxes under §§ 4.1-1003 695 and 4.1-1004, including method of filing a return, information required on a return, and form of 696 payment.

697 3. Limit the allowable square footage of a retail marijuana store, which shall not exceed 1,500 square 698 feet.

699 4. Allow certain persons to be granted or have interest in a license in more than one of the following 700 license categories: marijuana cultivation facility license, marijuana manufacturing facility license, 701 marijuana wholesaler license, or retail marijuana store license. Such regulations shall be drawn narrowly 702 to limit vertical integration to small businesses and ensure that all licensees have an equal and 703 meaningful opportunity to participate in the market.

704 5. Allow small business licensees, as determined by the Board, to (i) enter into cooperative 705 agreements with other small business licensees and (ii) lease space and cultivate, manufacture, and sell 706 retail marijuana and retail marijuana products on the premises of another licensee.

707 D. Board regulations shall be uniform in their application, except those relating to hours of sale for 708 licensees. 709

E. Courts shall take judicial notice of Board regulations.

710 F. The Board shall consult with the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council in promulgating any 711 regulations relating to public health, including regulations promulgated pursuant to subdivision B 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, or 16, and shall not promulgate any such regulation that has not been approved by a majority of 712 the members of the Cannabis Public Health Advisory Council. 713

G. With regard to regulations governing licensees that have been issued a permit by the Board of 714 Pharmacy to operate as a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility pursuant to Article 4.2 715 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act, the Board shall make reasonable efforts (i) to align 716 717 such regulations with any applicable regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy that establish health, safety, and security requirements for pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities 718 719 and (ii) to deem in compliance with applicable regulations promulgated pursuant to this subtitle such 720 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities that have been found to be in compliance 721 with regulations promulgated by the Board of Pharmacy that mirror or are more extensive in scope than 722 similar regulations promulgated pursuant to this subtitle. 723

H. The Board's power to regulate shall be broadly construed.

§ 4.1-610. Financial interests of Board, employees, and family members prohibited.

No Board member or employee of the Authority shall (i) be a principal stockholder or (ii) otherwise 725 726 have any financial interest, direct or indirect, in any licensee subject to the provisions of this subtitle or 727 in any entity that has submitted an application for a license under Chapter 8 (§ 4.1-800 et seq.). No Board member and no spouse or immediate family member of a Board member shall make any 728 729 contribution to a candidate for office or officeholder at the local or state level or cause such a 730 contribution to be made on his behalf. 731

§ 4.1-614. Disposition of moneys collected by the Board.

732 A. All moneys collected by the Board shall be paid directly and promptly into the state treasury, or shall be deposited to the credit of the State Treasurer in a state depository, without any deductions on 733 734 account of salaries, fees, costs, charges, expenses, refunds, or claims of any description whatever, as 735 required by § 2.2-1802.

736 All moneys so paid into the state treasury, less the net profits determined pursuant to subsection C,

737 shall be set aside as and constitute an Enterprise Fund, subject to appropriation, for the payment of (i) 738 the salaries and remuneration of the members, agents, and employees of the Board and (ii) all costs and 739 expenses incurred in the administration of this subtitle.

740 B. The net profits derived under the provisions of this subtitle shall be transferred by the Comptroller 741 to the general fund of the state treasury quarterly, within 50 days after the close of each quarter or as 742 otherwise provided in the appropriation act. As allowed by the Governor, the Board may deduct from 743 the net profits quarterly a sum for the creation of a reserve fund not exceeding the sum of \$2.5 million 744 in connection with the administration of this subtitle and to provide for the depreciation on the 745 buildings, plants, and equipment owned, held, or operated by the Board. After accounting for the 746 Authority's expenses as provided in subsection A, net profits shall be appropriated in the general 747 appropriation act as follows:

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1. Forty percent to pre-kindergarten programs for at-risk three-year-olds and four-year-olds;

749 2. Thirty percent to the Cannabis Equity Reinvestment Fund established pursuant to § 2.2-2499.8;

750 3. Twenty-five percent to the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, which 751 shall distribute such appropriated funds to community services boards for the purpose of administering substance use disorder prevention and treatment programs; and 752

753 4. Five percent to public health programs, including public awareness campaigns that are designed to 754 prevent drugged driving, discourage consumption by persons younger than 21 years of age, and inform 755 the public of other potential risks.

756 \hat{C} . As used in this section, "net profits" means the total of all moneys collected by the Board, less 757 local marijuana tax revenues collected under § 4.1-1004 and distributed pursuant to $\frac{1}{2}$ 4.1-614 this 758 section and all costs, expenses, and charges authorized by this section.

759 D. All local tax revenues collected under § 4.1-1004 shall be paid into the state treasury as provided in subsection A and credited to a special fund, which is hereby created on the Comptroller's books under 760 the name "Collections of Local Marijuana Taxes." The revenues shall be credited to the account of the 761 762 locality in which they were collected. If revenues were collected from a marijuana establishment located 763 in more than one locality by reason of the boundary line or lines passing through the marijuana establishment, tax revenues shall be distributed pro rata among the localities. The Authority shall 764 provide to the Comptroller any records and assistance necessary for the Comptroller to determine the 765 766 locality to which tax revenues are attributable.

767 On a quarterly basis, the Comptroller shall draw his warrant on the Treasurer of Virginia in the 768 proper amount in favor of each locality entitled to the return of its tax revenues, and such payments 769 shall be charged to the account of each such locality under the special fund created by this section. If 770 errors are made in any such payment, or adjustments are otherwise necessary, whether attributable to 771 refunds to taxpayers, or to some other fact, the errors shall be corrected and adjustments made in the 772 payments for the next quarter.

773 § 4.1-619. Certified mail; subsequent mail or notices may be sent by regular mail; electronic 774 communications as alternative to regular mail; limitation.

775 A. Whenever in this subtitle the Board is required to send any mail or notice by certified mail and 776 such mail or notice is sent certified mail, return receipt requested, then any subsequent, identical mail or 777 notice that is sent by the Board may be sent by regular mail.

778 B. Except as provided in subsection C, whenever in this subtitle the Board is required or permitted to 779 send any mail, notice, or other official communication by regular mail to persons licensed under Chapter 780 8 (§ 4.1-800 et seq.) a licensee, upon the request of a licensee, the Board may instead send such mail, 781 notice, or official communication by email, text message, or other electronic means to the email address, 782 telephone number, or other contact information provided to the Board by the licensee, provided that the 783 Board retains sufficient proof of the electronic delivery, which may be an electronic receipt of delivery 784 or a certificate of service prepared by the Board confirming the electronic delivery.

785 C. No notice required by $\frac{1}{2}$ 4.1-903 to a licensee of a hearing that may result in the suspension or revocation of his license or the imposition of a civil penalty shall be sent by the Board by email, text 786 787 message, or other electronic means, nor shall any decision by the Board to suspend or revoke a license 788 or impose a civil penalty be sent by the Board by email, text message, or other electronic means. 789

§ 4.1-629. Local referendum on prohibition of marijuana establishments.

790 A. The governing body of a locality may, by resolution, petition the circuit court for the locality for 791 a referendum on the question of whether marijuana establishments should be prohibited in the locality.

792 Upon the filing of a petition, the circuit court shall order the election officials to conduct a 793 referendum on the question on the date fixed in the order. The date set by the order shall comply with 794 the provisions of § 24.2-682, but in no event shall such date be more than 90 days from the date the 795 order is issued. The clerk of the circuit court shall publish notice of the referendum in a newspaper of 796 general circulation in the locality once a week for three consecutive weeks prior to the referendum. 797 The question on the ballot shall be:

798 "Shall the operation of marijuana establishments be prohibited in ______ (name of county, city, 799 or town)?"

800 The referendum shall be held and the results certified as provided in § 24.2-684. In addition to the 801 certifications required by such section, the secretary of the local electoral board shall certify the results 802 of the referendum to the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and to the 803 governing body of the locality.

804 B. If a majority of the qualified voters voting in such referendum vote "No" on the question of 805 whether marijuana establishments shall be prohibited in the locality, marijuana establishments shall be 806 permitted to operate within the locality 60 days after the results are certified or on July 1, 2024, whichever is later, and no subsequent referendum may be held pursuant to this section within such 807 808 locality.

If a majority of the qualified voters voting in such referendum vote "Yes" on the question of whether 809 marijuana establishments shall be prohibited in the locality, marijuana establishments shall be 810 prohibited in the locality effective January 1 of the year immediately following the referendum. A 811 812 referendum on the same question may be held subsequent to a vote to prohibit marijuana establishments 813 but not earlier than the fourth November following the date of the previous referendum. Any subsequent 814 referendum shall be held pursuant to the provisions of this section.

C. When any referendum is held pursuant to this section in a town, separate and apart from the 815 816 county in which such town or a part thereof is located, such town shall be treated as being separate 817 and apart from such county. When any referendum is held pursuant to this section in a county, any 818 town located within such county shall be treated as being separate and apart from such county.

819 D. The legality of any referendum held pursuant to this section shall be subject to the inquiry, determination, and judgment of the circuit court that ordered the referendum. The court shall proceed 820 821 upon the complaint of 15 or more qualified voters of the county, city, or town, filed within 30 days after the date the results of the referendum are certified and setting out fully the grounds of contest. The 822 complaint and the proceedings shall conform as nearly as practicable to the provisions of § 15.2-1654, 823 824 and the judgment of the court entered of record shall be a final determination of the legality of the 825 referendum.

826 E. Referendums held pursuant to this section shall not apply to or prohibit the licensure and 827 operation of a marijuana establishment by and on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor or 828 cannabis dispensing facility that has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to Article 829 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act prior to January 1, 2023.

830 § 4.1-700. License requirement; background checks; expiration.

831 A. The Board may grant the following licenses:

832 1. Marijuana cultivation facility license;

833 2. Marijuana manufacturing facility license;

834 3. Marijuana wholesale license; and

835 4. Retail marijuana store license.

836 B. No person shall operate a marijuana establishment or exercise the privileges of any license set 837 forth in subsection A without first obtaining a license from the Board.

838 C. Applications for a license shall be submitted on a form provided by the Board. The Board shall 839 require that all applications include the name and signature of the applicant's compliance officer. The 840 Board shall establish an application fee and any other requirements for such applications.

841 D. License applicants, including all material owners of any applicant, shall submit to fingerprinting and provide personal descriptive information to be forwarded along with the fingerprints through the 842 843 Central Criminal Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information. The cost of fingerprinting and the criminal history record search 844 845 shall be paid by the applicant. The Central Criminal Records Exchange shall forward the results of the 846 criminal history record search to the Board or its designee, which shall be a governmental entity. 847

E. Each license shall expire annually on a date determined by the Board. 848

F. All licenses shall be displayed in a conspicuous place on the licensed premises.

§ 4.1-701. Exemptions from licensure.

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850 The licensure requirements set forth in § 4.1-700 shall not apply to (i) a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility that has been issued a permit by the Board of Pharmacy pursuant to, and is 851 852 operating in accordance with, Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act; (ii) a dealer, 853 grower, or processor of industrial hemp registered with the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer 854 Services pursuant to, and operating in accordance with, Chapter 41.1 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2; 855 (iii) a manufacturer of industrial hemp extract or food containing an industrial hemp extract operating in accordance with Article 5 (§ 3.2-5145.1 et seq.) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2; or (iv) a person who cultivates marijuana at home for personal use pursuant to § 4.1-1101. Nothing in this subtitle shall be 856 857 858 construed to (a) prevent such persons from obtaining a license pursuant to this subtitle, provided such person satisfies applicable licensing requirements; (b) prevent a licensee from acquiring hemp products 859

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from an industrial hemp processor in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 41.1 of Title 3.2; or (c) 860 prevent a cultivation, manufacturing, wholesale, or retail licensee from operating on the licensed 861 862 premises of a pharmaceutical processing facility in accordance with Article 4.2 of the Drug Control Act or an industrial hemp processing facility in accordance with Chapter 41.1 of Title 3.2. 863

864 § 4.1-702. Dispensing requirements and limitations; records.

865 A. A licensee shall dispense retail marijuana and retail marijuana products only in person and to 866 persons to whom retail marijuana and retail marijuana products may be lawfully sold.

867 B. Prior to the dispensing of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, the licensee shall require 868 the purchaser to present bona fide evidence of legal age indicating that the purchaser is 21 years of age 869 or older.

870 C. Licensees shall maintain, on site or remotely by electronic means, for two years a paper or 871 electronic copy of all transactions.

872 D. No licensee shall dispense more than one ounce of retail marijuana or an equivalent amount of 873 retail marijuana products, as determined by the Board, to a single purchaser per day.

874 E. A licensee may only sell and dispense retail marijuana and retail marijuana products that have 875 been registered by the Board.

§ 4.1-703. Employees; background checks; qualifications. 876

877 A. Licensees shall maintain criminal history record information for all employees and agents of the 878 licensee in accordance with Board regulations. Criminal history record checks of employees and agents 879 may be conducted by any service sufficient to disclose any federal and state criminal convictions.

880 B. No person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the Commonwealth or another 881 jurisdiction within the last five years shall be employed by or act as an agent of a licensee.

882 C. Licensees shall adopt policies for pre-employment drug screenings and regular, ongoing random 883 drug screening of all employees.

884 D. In addition to other employees authorized by the Board, a licensee may employ individuals who 885 have less than two years of relevant experience to (i) perform cultivation-related duties under the 886 supervision of an individual who has received a degree in a field related to the cultivation of plants or 887 a Board-recognized certification or who has at least two years of experience cultivating plants and (ii) 888 perform extraction-related duties under the supervision of an individual who has a degree in chemistry 889 or pharmacology or at least two years of experience extracting chemicals from plants. 890

§ 4.1-704. Compliance officers.

891 A. Every licensee that is authorized to cultivate, manufacture, or dispense retail marijuana or retail 892 marijuana products shall designate one or more compliance officers. Compliance officers shall (i) 893 personally supervise the licensee's cultivation, manufacturing, and dispensing areas, as applicable; (ii) 894 ensure that security measures are adequate to protect the retail marijuana or retail marijuana products 895 from diversion at all times; and (iii) determine the number of employees that can be safely and competently supervised at one time. However, no compliance officer shall supervise more than six 896 897 persons performing the dispensing duties at one time.

898 B. The Board shall establish criteria for determining whether a person is qualified and fit to serve as 899 a compliance officer.

900 C. The Board shall direct all communications related to enforcement of requirements related to the 901 cultivation, manufacturing, and dispensing of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products by the 902 licensee to the licensee's compliance officer.

903 § 4.1-1003. Marijuana tax; exceptions.

904 A. A tax of 21 percent is levied on the sale in the Commonwealth of any retail marijuana, retail 905 marijuana products, marijuana paraphernalia sold by a retail marijuana store, non-retail marijuana, 906 and non-retail marijuana products. The tax shall be in addition to any tax imposed under the Virginia 907 Retail Sales and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) or any other provision of federal, state, or local law.

908 B. The tax shall not apply to any sale:

909 1. From a marijuana establishment to another marijuana establishment.

910 2. Of cannabis oil for treatment under the provisions of § 54.1-3408.3 and Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 911 et seq.) of the Drug Control Act.

912 3. Of industrial hemp by a grower, processor, or dealer under the provisions of Chapter 41.1 913 (§ 3.2-4112 et seq.) of Title 3.2.

914 4. Of a hemp product that is not a regulated hemp product.

915 C. All revenues remitted to the Authority under this section shall be disposed of as provided in 916 § 4.1-614.

§ 4.1-1004. Optional local marijuana tax. 917

918 A. Any locality may by ordinance levy a three percent tax on any sale taxable under § 4.1-1003. The

- 919 tax shall be in addition to any local sales tax imposed under the Virginia Retail Sales and Use Tax Act
- 920 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.), any food and beverage tax imposed under Article 7.1 (§ 58.1-3833 et seq.) of

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921 Chapter 38 of Title 58.1, and any excise tax imposed on meals under § 58.1-3840. Other than the taxes 922 authorized and identified in this subsection, a locality shall not impose any other tax on a sale taxable

923 under § 4.1-1003.

924 B. If a town imposes a tax under this section, any tax imposed by its surrounding county under this 925 section shall not apply within the limits of the town.

926 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a locality from imposing any tax authorized 927 by law on a person or property regulated under this subtitle. Nothing in this section shall be construed 928 to limit the authority of any locality to impose a license or privilege tax or fee on a business engaged in 929 whole or in part in sales taxable under § 4.1-1003 if such tax or fee is (i) based on an annual or per-event flat fee authorized by law or (ii) is an annual license or privilege tax authorized by law, and 930 931 such tax includes sales or receipts taxable under § 4.1-1003 in its taxable measure.

932 D. Any locality that enacts an ordinance pursuant to subsection A shall, within 30 days, notify the 933 Authority and any retail marijuana store in such locality of the ordinance's enactment. The ordinance 934 shall take effect on the first day of the second month following its enactment.

935 E. Any tax levied under this section shall be administered and collected by the Authority in the same 936 manner as provided for the tax imposed under § 4.1-1003.

937 F. All revenues remitted to the Authority under this section shall be disposed of as provided in 938 § 4.1-614. 939

§ 4.1-1005. Tax returns and payments; commissions; interest.

940 A. For any sale taxable under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004, the seller shall be liable for collecting any 941 taxes due. All taxes collected by a seller shall be deemed to be held in trust for the Commonwealth. The 942 buyer shall not be liable for collecting or remitting the taxes or filing a return.

943 B. On or before the tenth day of each month, any person liable for a tax due under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 shall file a return under oath with the Authority and pay any taxes due. Upon written 944 945 application by a person filing a return, the Authority may, if it determines good cause exists, grant an 946 extension to the end of the calendar month in which the tax is due, or for a period not exceeding 30 947 days. Any extension shall toll the accrual of any interest or penalties under § 4.1-1007.

948 C. The Authority may accept payment by any commercially acceptable means, including cash, checks, 949 credit cards, debit cards, and electronic funds transfers, for any taxes, interest, or penalties due under 950 this subtitle. The Board may assess a service charge for the use of a credit or debit card.

951 D. Upon request, the Authority may collect and maintain a record of a person's credit card, debit 952 card, or automated clearinghouse transfer information and use such information for future payments of 953 taxes, interest, or penalties due under this subtitle. The Authority may assess a service charge for any 954 payments made under this subsection. The Authority may procure the services of a third-party vendor 955 for the secure storage of information collected pursuant to this subsection.

956 E. If any person liable for tax under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004 sells out his business or stock of 957 goods or quits the business, such person shall make a final return and payment within 15 days after the 958 date of selling or quitting the business. Such person's successors or assigns, if any, shall withhold 959 sufficient of the purchase money to cover the amount of such taxes, interest, and penalties due and 960 unpaid until such former owner produces a receipt from the Authority showing payment or a certificate 961 stating that no taxes, penalties, or interest are due. If the buyer of a business or stock of goods fails to 962 withhold the purchase money as provided in this subsection, such buyer shall be liable for the payment 963 of the taxes, interest, and penalties due and unpaid on account of the operation of the business by any 964 former owner.

965 F. When any person fails to timely pay the full amount of tax due under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004, 966 interest at a rate determined in accordance with § 58.1-15 shall accrue on the tax until it is paid. Any taxes due under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004 shall, if applicable, be subject to penalties as provided in 967 968 §§ 4.1-1206 and 4.1-1207. 969

§ 4.1-1006. Bonds.

970 The Authority may, when deemed necessary and advisable to do so in order to secure the collection 971 of the taxes levied under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004, require any person subject to such tax to file a 972 bond, with such surety as it determines is necessary to secure the payment of any tax, penalty, or 973 interest due or that may become due from such person. In lieu of such bond, securities approved by the 974 Authority may be deposited with the State Treasurer, which securities shall be kept in the custody of the 975 State Treasurer, and shall be sold by the State Treasurer at the request of the Authority at public or 976 private sale if it becomes necessary to do so in order to recover any tax, interest, or penalty due the 977 Commonwealth. Upon any such sale, the surplus, if any, above the amounts due shall be returned to the 978 person who deposited the securities.

979 § 4.1-1007. Statute of limitations; civil remedies for collecting past-due taxes, interest, and 980 penalties: appeals.

981 A. The taxes imposed under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004 shall be assessed within three years from the 982 date on which such taxes became due and payable. In the case of a false or fraudulent return with

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983 intent to defraud the Commonwealth, or a failure to file a return, the taxes may be assessed, or a
984 proceeding in court for the collection of such taxes may be begun without assessment, at any time
985 within six years from such date. The Authority shall not examine any person's records beyond the
986 three-year period of limitations unless it has reasonable evidence of fraud or reasonable cause to
987 believe that such person was required by law to file a return and failed to do so.

988 B. If any person fails to file a return as required by this section, or files a return that is false or 989 fraudulent, the Authority may make an estimate for the taxable period of the taxable sales of such 990 person and assess the tax, plus any applicable interest and penalties. The Authority shall give such 991 person 10 days' notice requiring such person to provide any records as it may require relating to the 992 business of such person for the taxable period. The Authority may require such person or the agents 993 and employees of such person to give testimony or to answer interrogatories under oath administered by 994 the Authority respecting taxable sales, the filing of the return, and any other relevant information. If any 995 person fails to file a required return, refuses to provide required records, or refuses to answer 996 interrogatories from the Authority, the Authority may make an estimated assessment based upon the 997 information available to it and issue a memorandum of lien under subsection C for the collection of any **998** taxes, interest, or penalties. The estimated assessment shall be deemed prima facie correct.

999 C. 1. If the Authority assesses taxes, interest, or penalties on a person and such person does not pay 1000 within 30 days after the due date, taking into account any extensions granted by the Authority, the 1001 Authority may file a memorandum of lien in the circuit court clerk's office of the county or city in which 1002 the person's place of business is located or in which the person resides. If the person has no place of 1003 business or residence within the Commonwealth, the memorandum may be filed in the Circuit Court of 1004 the City of Richmond. A copy of the memorandum may also be filed in the clerk's office of all counties 1005 and cities in which the person owns real estate. Such memorandum shall be recorded in the judgment 1006 docket book and shall have the effect of a judgment in favor of the Commonwealth, to be enforced as provided in Article 19 (§ 8.01-196 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 8.01, except that a writ of fieri facias 1007 may issue at any time after the memorandum is filed. The lien on real estate shall become effective at 1008 1009 the time the memorandum is filed in the jurisdiction in which the real estate is located. No 1010 memorandum of lien shall be filed unless the person is first given 10 or more days' prior notice of 1011 intent to file a lien; however, in those instances where the Authority determines that the collection of 1012 any tax, penalties, or interest required to be paid pursuant to law will be jeopardized by the provision 1013 of such notice, notification may be provided to the person concurrent with the filing of the memorandum 1014 of lien. Such notice shall be given to the person at his last known address.

1015 2. Recordation of a memorandum of lien under this subsection shall not affect a person's right to 1016 appeal under subsection D.

1017 3. If after filing a memorandum of lien the Authority determines that it is in the best interest of the 1018 Commonwealth, it may place padlocks on the doors of any business enterprise that is delinquent in filing or paying any tax owed to the Commonwealth. The Authority shall also post notices of distraint 1019 1020 on each of the doors so padlocked. If, after three business days, the tax deficiency has not been satisfied 1021 or satisfactory arrangements for payment made, the Authority may cause a writ of fieri facias to be 1022 issued. It shall be a Class 1 misdemeanor for anyone to enter the padlocked premises without prior 1023 approval of the Authority. In the event that the person against whom the distraint has been applied 1024 subsequently appeals under subsection D, the person shall have the right to post bond equaling the 1025 amount of liability in lieu of payment until the appeal is resolved.

4. A person may petition the Authority after a memorandum of lien has been filed under this
subsection if the person alleges an error in the filing of the lien. The Authority shall make a
determination on such petition within 14 days. If the Authority determines that the filing was erroneous,
it shall issue a certificate of release of the lien within seven days after such determination is made.

1030 D. Any tax imposed under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004, any interest imposed under this section, and any 1031 penalty imposed under § 4.1-1206 or 4.1-1207 shall be subject to appeal and review under the 1032 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Such review shall extend to the entire evidential record 1033 of the proceedings provided by the Authority in accordance with the Administrative Process Act. An appeal shall lie to the Court of Appeals from any order of a circuit court. Notwithstanding § 8.01-676.1, 1034 1035 the final judgment or order of a circuit court shall not be suspended, stayed, or modified by such circuit 1036 court pending appeal to the Court of Appeals. Neither mandamus nor injunction shall lie in any such 1037 case.

1038 § 4.1-1104. Persons to whom marijuana or marijuana products may not be sold; proof of legal 1039 age; penalties.

1040 A. No person shall sell, give, or distribute any marijuana or marijuana products to any individual
1041 when at the time of such sale he knows or has reason to believe that the individual to whom the sale is
1042 made is (i) younger than 21 years of age or (ii) intoxicated. Any person convicted of a violation of this
1043 subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

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1044 B. It is unlawful for any person 21 years of age or older to sell or distribute, or possess with the 1045 intent to sell or distribute, marijuana paraphernalia to any person younger than 21 years of age. Any 1046 person who violates this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1047 C. It is unlawful for any person 21 years of age or older to place in any newspaper, magazine,
1048 handbill, or other publication any advertisement, knowing or under circumstances where one reasonably
1049 should know, that the purpose of the advertisement, in whole or in part, is to promote the sale of
1050 marijuana paraphernalia to persons younger than 21 years of age. Any person who violates this
1051 subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1052 D. Any person who sells marijuana or marijuana products to an individual who is younger than 21 1053 years of age and at the time of the sale does not require the individual to present bona fide evidence of legal age indicating that the individual is 21 years of age or older is guilty of a violation of this 1054 subsection. Bona fide evidence of legal age is limited to any evidence that is or reasonably appears to 1055 1056 be an unexpired driver's license issued by any state of the United States or the District of Columbia, 1057 military identification card, United States passport or foreign government visa, unexpired special 1058 identification card issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or any other valid government-issued 1059 identification card bearing the individual's photograph, signature, height, weight, and date of birth, or 1060 which bears a photograph that reasonably appears to match the appearance of the purchaser. A student 1061 identification card shall not constitute bona fide evidence of legal age for purposes of this subsection. 1062 Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. The Board 1063 shall not take administrative action against a licensee for the conduct of his employee who violates this 1064 subsection.

E. No person shall be convicted of both subsections A and D for the same sale.

1066 § 4.1-1105.1. Possession of marijuana or marijuana products unlawful in certain cases; venue; 1067 exceptions; penalties; treatment and education programs and services.

A. No person younger than 21 years of age shall consume or possess, or attempt to consume or possess, any marijuana or marijuana products, except by any federal, state, or local law-enforcement officer or his agent when possession of marijuana or marijuana products is necessary in the performance of his duties. Such person may be prosecuted either in the county or city in which the marijuana or marijuana products were possessed or consumed or in the county or city in which the person exhibits evidence of physical indicia of consumption of marijuana or marijuana products.

1074 B. Any person 18 years of age or older who violates subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no 1075 more than \$25 and shall be ordered to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or both, 1076 if available, that in the opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused.

1077 C. Any juvenile who violates subsection A is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25 and the 1078 court shall require the accused to enter a substance abuse treatment or education program or both, if 1079 available, that in the opinion of the court best suits the needs of the accused. For purposes of 1080 §§ 16.1-266, 16.1-273, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, and 16.1-278.9, the court shall treat the child as 1081 delinquent.

1082 D. Any such substance abuse treatment or education program to which a person is ordered pursuant 1083 to this section shall be provided by (i) a program licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or (ii) a program or services made available through a community-based 1084 probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, 1085 1086 if one has been established for the locality. When an offender is ordered to a local community-based 1087 probation services agency, the local community-based probation services agency shall be responsible for 1088 providing for services or referring the offender to education or treatment services as a condition of 1089 probation.

1090 E. No person younger than 21 years of age shall use or attempt to use any (i) altered, fictitious, 1091 facsimile, or simulated license to operate a motor vehicle; (ii) altered, fictitious, facsimile, or simulated 1092 document, including but not limited to a birth certificate or student identification card; or (iii) motor 1093 vehicle driver's license or other document issued under Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Title 46.2 or 1094 the comparable law of another jurisdiction, birth certificate, or student identification card of another 1095 person in order to establish a false identification or false age for himself to consume, purchase, or 1096 attempt to consume or purchase retail marijuana or retail marijuana products. Any person convicted of 1097 a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1098 *F*. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Drug Offender **1099** Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02.

1100 § 4.1-1106. Purchasing retail marijuana or retail marijuana products for one to whom they may 1101 not be sold; penalties; forfeiture.

A. Any person who purchases retail marijuana or retail marijuana products for another person and
at the time of such purchase knows or has reason to believe that the person for whom the retail
marijuana or retail marijuana products were purchased was intoxicated is guilty of a Class 1
misdemeanor.

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1106 B. Any person who purchases for, or otherwise gives, provides, or assists in the provision of retail 1107 marijuana or retail marijuana products to, another person when he knows or has reason to know that 1108 such person is younger than 21 years of age, except by any federal, state, or local law-enforcement 1109 officer when possession of marijuana or marijuana products is necessary in the performance of his 1110 duties, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1111 C. Any marijuana or marijuana products purchased in violation of this section shall be deemed 1112 contraband and forfeited to the Commonwealth. 1113

§ 4.1-1116. Illegal advertising; penalty; exception.

1114 A. Except in accordance with this title and Board regulations, no person shall advertise in or send 1115 any advertising matter into the Commonwealth about or concerning marijuana other than such that may 1116 legally be manufactured or sold without a license.

1117 B. Marijuana cultivation facility licensees, marijuana manufacturing facility licensees, marijuana 1118 wholesaler licensees, and retail marijuana store licensees may advertise retail marijuana or retail 1119 marijuana products, provided that such advertising complies with Board regulations.

1120 C. Except as provided in subsection D, any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of 1121 a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1122 D. For violations relating to distance and zoning restrictions on outdoor advertising, the Board shall 1123 give the advertiser written notice to take corrective action to either bring the advertisement into 1124 compliance with this subtitle and Board regulations or to remove such advertisement. If corrective 1125 action is not taken within 30 days, the advertiser is guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor. 1126

§ 4.1-1122. Criminal immunity.

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1127 No person shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for the purchase, possession, cultivation, manufacture, sale, or distribution of marijuana under Articles 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 1128 1129 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 if such person is engaging in activities permitted under this subtitle 1130 and Board regulations. 1131

§ 4.1-1200. Illegal cultivation, etc., of marijuana or marijuana products by licensees; penalty.

A. No licensee or any agent or employee of such licensee shall:

1133 1. Cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products of 1134 a kind other than that which such license or this subtitle authorizes him to cultivate, manufacture, 1135 transport, sell, or test;

1136 2. Sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to any person other than a person to whom 1137 such license or this subtitle authorizes him to sell:

1138 3. Cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test retail marijuana or retail marijuana products that 1139 such license or this subtitle authorizes him to sell, but in any place or in any manner other than such 1140 license or this subtitle authorizes him to cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test;

1141 4. Cultivate, manufacture, transport, sell, or test any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products 1142 when forbidden by this subtitle;

1143 5. Keep or allow to be kept, other than in his residence and for his personal use, any retail 1144 marijuana or retail marijuana products other than that which he is authorized to cultivate, manufacture, 1145 transport, sell, or test by such license or by this subtitle;

1146 6. Keep any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product other than in the container in which it was 1147 purchased by him; 1148

7. Use or consume marijuana or marijuana products on the licensed premises; or

1149 8. Allow a person younger than 21 years of age to be employed by or volunteer for such licensee at 1150 a retail marijuana store. 1151

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1152 § 4.1-1202. Sale of or purchase for resale retail marijuana or retail marijuana products from a 1153 person without a license; penalty.

1154 A. No retail marijuana store licensee shall purchase for resale or sell any retail marijuana, retail 1155 marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, or marijuana seeds purchased from anyone other than 1156 a marijuana cultivation facility, marijuana manufacturing facility, or marijuana wholesaler licensee. 1157

B. Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1158 § 4.1-1206. Failure of licensee to pay tax or to deliver, keep, and preserve records and accounts or 1159 to allow examination and inspection; penalty.

1160 A. No licensee shall fail or refuse to (i) pay any tax provided for in § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004; (ii) 1161 deliver, keep, and preserve such records, invoices, and accounts as are required by Board regulation; or 1162 (iii) allow such records, invoices, and accounts or his place of business to be examined and inspected in 1163 accordance with Board regulations. Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a 1164 Class 1 misdemeanor.

1165 B. After reasonable notice to a licensee that failed to make a return or pay taxes due, the Authority 1166 may suspend or revoke any license of such licensee that was issued by the Authority.

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1167 § 4.1-1207. Nonpayment of marijuana tax; penalties.

A. No person shall make a sale taxable under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 without paying all applicable 1168 1169 taxes due under §§ 4.1-1003 and 4.1-1004. No retail marijuana store licensee shall purchase, receive, 1170 transport, store, or sell any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products on which such retailer has reason to know such tax has not been paid and may not be paid. Any person convicted of a violation of 1171 1172 this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1173 B. Any person that fails to file a return required for a tax due under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 is 1174 subject to a civil penalty to be added to the tax in the amount of five percent of the proper tax due if 1175 the failure is for not more than 30 days, with an additional five percent for each additional 30 days, or 1176 fraction thereof, during which the failure continues. Such civil penalty shall not exceed 25 percent in the 1177 aggregate.

1178 C. In the case of a false or fraudulent return, where willful intent exists to defraud the 1179 Commonwealth of any tax due on retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, a civil penalty of 50 1180 percent of the amount of the proper tax due shall be assessed. Such penalty shall be in addition to any 1181 penalty imposed under subsection B. It shall be prima facie evidence of willful intent to defraud the 1182 Commonwealth when any person reports its taxable sales to the Authority at 50 percent or less of the 1183 actual amount.

1184 D. If any check tendered for any amount due under § 4.1-1003 or 4.1-1004 or this section is not 1185 paid by the bank on which it is drawn, and the person that tendered the check fails to pay the Authority 1186 the amount due within five days after the Authority gives it notice that such check was returned unpaid, 1187 the person that tendered the check is guilty of a violation of § 18.2-182.1.

E. All penalties shall be payable to the Authority and if not so paid shall be collectible in the same 1188 1189 manner as if they were a part of the tax imposed. 1190

§ 4.1-1307. Punishment for violations of subtitle or regulations; bond.

1191 A. Any person convicted of a misdemeanor under the provisions of this subtitle without specification 1192 as to the class of offense or penalty, or convicted of violating any other provision thereof, or convicted 1193 of violating any Board regulation is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1194 B. In addition to the penalties imposed by this subtitle for violations, any court before whom any 1195 person is convicted of a violation of any provision of this subtitle may require such defendant to execute 1196 bond based upon his ability to pay, with approved security, in the penalty of not more than \$1,000, with 1197 the condition that the defendant will not violate any of the provisions of this subtitle for the term of one 1198 year. If any such bond is required and is not given, the defendant shall be committed to jail until it is 1199 given, or until he is discharged by the court, provided that he shall not be confined for a period longer 1200 than six months. If any such bond required by a court is not given during the term of the court by 1201 which conviction is had, it may be given before any judge or before the clerk of such court.

1202 C. The provisions of this subtitle shall not prevent the Board from suspending, revoking, or refusing 1203 to continue the license of any person convicted of a violation of any provision of this subtitle.

1204 D. No court shall hear such a case unless the respective attorney for the Commonwealth or his 1205 assistant has been notified that such a case is pending. 1206

§ 4.1-1400. Testing; registered products.

A. The Board shall require licensees, prior to selling or offering for sale any retail marijuana or 1207 1208 retail marijuana product, and persons, prior to selling or offering for sale any regulated hemp product, 1209 to provide a sample from each batch for testing by an independent laboratory. In the case of retail 1210 marijuana products and regulated hemp products, such testing shall be conducted after any 1211 manufacturing of the product is complete.

1212 B. A valid sample size for testing shall be determined by the testing laboratory and may vary due to 1213 sample matrix, analytical method, and laboratory-specific procedures. In the case of retail marijuana 1214 products and regulated hemp products, no sample shall constitute less than 0.5 percent of the individual 1215 units to be dispensed from each homogenized batch. In the case of retail marijuana, the Board may 1216 limit testing to the following: cannabidiol, tetrahydrocannabinol, terpenes, pesticide chemical residue, 1217 heavy metals, mycotoxins, moisture, and microbiological contaminants.

1218 C. Testing thresholds shall be consistent with generally accepted cannabis industry thresholds. 1219 Licensees may remediate retail marijuana or retail marijuana products that fail any quality testing 1220 standard except pesticides. Following remediation, all remediated retail marijuana or retail marijuana 1221 products shall be subject to laboratory testing and approved upon satisfaction of applicable testing 1222 standards, which shall be no more stringent than the initial testing conducted prior to remediation. If a 1223 batch of retail marijuana fails a retest after remediation, it may be processed into a retail marijuana 1224 product.

1225 D. The Board may require stability testing of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and 1226 regulated hemp products. However, stability testing shall not be required for any retail marijuana or 1227 retail marijuana products that have an expiration date of no more than six months from the date of 1228 registration approval. Stability testing of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products with an

1229 expiration date that is longer than six months shall be limited to microbial testing on a pass/fail basis 1230 and potency testing with a 10 percent deviation allowance. The concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol in 1231 any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product offered for sale may be up to 10 percent greater or 1232 less than the level of tetrahydrocannabinol identified during testing and included on the label. Licensees 1233 shall ensure that such tetrahydrocannabinol concentration is within such range. Licensees shall establish 1234 a stability testing schedule for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products in accordance with Board 1235 regulations.

1236 F. Any laboratory that tests samples shall (i) be registered with and approved by the Board; (ii) be 1237 located in the Commonwealth; (iii) have no ownership interest in a licensed marijuana establishment or a dealer, grower, manufacturer, or processor of industrial hemp, industrial hemp extract, or food 1238 1239 containing an industrial hemp extract; (iv) hold a controlled substances registration certificate pursuant 1240 to § 54.1-3423; and (v) comply with quality and other standards established by Board regulation.

1241 G. The Board shall register all cannabis products that meet testing, labeling, and packaging 1242 standards.

1243 § 4.1-1401. Other health and safety requirements for edible marijuana products, edible hemp products, and other retail marijuana products deemed applicable by the Authority; regulations. 1244

1245 A. In addition to all other applicable provisions of this subtitle, edible marijuana products and other 1246 retail marijuana products deemed applicable by the Authority to be sold or offered for sale by a 1247 licensee to a consumer and edible hemp products deemed applicable by the Authority to be sold or 1248 offered for sale by a person in accordance with this subtitle:

1249 1. Shall be manufactured by an approved source, as determined by § 3.2-5145.8;

2. Shall comply with the provisions of Chapter 51 (§ 3.2-5100 et seq.) of Title 3.2; 1250

1251 3. Shall be manufactured in a manner that results in the cannabinoid content within the product 1252 being homogeneous throughout the product or throughout each element of the product that has a 1253 cannabinoid content;

1254 4. Shall be manufactured in a manner that results in the amount of marijuana concentrate or 1255 industrial hemp extract, as appropriate, within the product being homogeneous throughout the product 1256 or throughout each element of the product that contains marijuana concentrate or industrial hemp 1257 *extract, as appropriate;* 1258

5. Shall have a universal symbol stamped or embossed on the packaging of each product;

1259 6. Shall not contain more than 10 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol per serving of the product and 1260 shall not contain more than 100 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol per package of the product, except 1261 for edible hemp products, which shall not exceed the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol level established 1262 for a regulated hemp product pursuant to § 4.1-606;

1263 7. Shall not contain additives that (i) are toxic or harmful to human beings, (ii) are specifically 1264 designed to make the product more addictive, (iii) contain alcohol or nicotine, (iv) are misleading to 1265 consumers, or (v) are specifically designed to make the product appeal particularly to persons younger 1266 than 21 years of age; and

1267 8. Shall not involve the addition of marijuana to a trademarked food or drink product, except when 1268 the trademarked product is used as a component of or ingredient in the edible marijuana product and 1269 the edible marijuana product is not advertised or described for sale as containing the trademarked 1270 product.

1271 B. The Board shall adopt any additional labeling, packaging, or other health and safety regulations 1272 that it deems necessary for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale 1273 by a licensee to a consumer in accordance with this subtitle or regulated hemp products to be sold or 1274 offered for sale by a person in accordance with this subtitle. Regulations adopted pursuant to this 1275 subsection shall establish mandatory health and safety standards applicable to the cultivation of retail 1276 marijuana, the manufacture of retail marijuana products, the processing of regulated hemp products, the 1277 packaging and labeling of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products sold by a licensee to a 1278 consumer, and the packaging and labeling of regulated hemp products sold by a person to any other 1279 person. Such regulations shall address:

1280 1. Requirements for the storage, warehousing, and transportation of retail marijuana and retail 1281 marijuana products by licensees;

1282 2. Sanitary standards for marijuana and hemp establishments, including sanitary standards for the 1283 manufacture of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp products; and

1284 3. Limitations on the display of retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and regulated hemp 1285 products at retail stores.

1286 § 4.1-1402. Regulated hemp products; violations; penalties.

1287 For any violation of a requirement of this chapter or Chapter 6, or of any regulation promulgated 1288 thereunder, pertaining to a regulated hemp product, the Authority may assess a penalty not to exceed (i)\$100 for a first violation, (ii) \$200 for a second violation, and (iii) \$500 for a third or subsequent 1289

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1290 violation. All penalties collected by the Authority pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the state 1291 treasury. 1292

§ 4.1-1403. Hemp product not retail marijuana or retail marijuana product.

1293 A regulated hemp product that is tested, labeled, packaged, and advertised in accordance with the 1294 provisions pertaining to a regulated hemp product in this subtitle or Board regulations shall not be 1295 subject to the requirements in this subtitle or Board regulations that pertain only to retail marijuana or retail marijuana products. 1296 1297

CHAPTER 15.

VIRGINIA CANNABIS EQUITY BUSINESS LOAN PROGRAM AND FUND.

1299 § 4.1-1500. Definitions. 1300

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"CDFI" means a community development financial institution that provides credit and financial 1301 1302 services for underserved communities. 1303

"Fund" means the Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund established in § 4.1-1501.

"Funding" means loans made from the Fund.

"Program" means the Virginia Cannabis Equity Business Loan Program established in § 4.1-1502.

1306 "Social equity qualified *Qualified* cannabis licensee" means a person or business who that meets the 1307 criteria in subdivision B 13 of § 4.1-606 to qualify as a social equity applicant and who either holds or 1308 is in the final stages of acquiring, as determined by the Board, a license to operate a marijuana 1309 establishment.

§ 4.1-1501. Virginia Cannabis Business Loan Fund.

1311 There is hereby created in the state treasury a special nonreverting fund to be known as the Virginia 1312 Cannabis Equity Business Loan Fund, referred to in this section as "the Fund." The Fund shall be established on the books of the Comptroller. All funds appropriated for such purpose and any gifts, 1313 1314 donations, grants, bequests, and other funds received on its behalf shall be paid into the state treasury 1315 and credited to the Fund. Interest earned on moneys in the Fund shall remain in the Fund and be 1316 credited to it. Any moneys remaining in the Fund, including interest thereon, at the end of each fiscal 1317 year shall not revert to the general fund but shall remain in the Fund. Moneys in the Fund shall be used 1318 solely for the purposes of providing low-interest and zero-interest loans to social equity qualified cannabis licensees in order to foster business ownership and economic growth within historically 1319 1320 economically disadvantaged communities that have been the most disproportionately impacted by the 1321 former prohibition of cannabis. Expenditures and disbursements from the Fund shall be made by the 1322 State Treasurer on warrants issued by the Comptroller upon written request signed by the Chief 1323 Executive Officer of the Authority. 1324

§ 4.1-1502. Selection of CDFI; Program requirements; guidelines for management of the Fund.

1325 A. The Authority shall establish a the Virginia Cannabis Business Loan Program to provide loans to 1326 qualified social equity cannabis licensees for the purpose of promoting business ownership and economic growth by in historically economically disadvantaged communities that have been disproportionately 1327 1328 impacted by the prohibition of cannabis. The Authority shall select and work in collaboration with a 1329 CDFI to assist in administering the Program and carrying out the purposes of the Fund. The CDFI 1330 selected by the Authority shall have (i) a statewide presence in Virginia, (ii) experience in business lending, (iii) a proven track record of working with historically economically disadvantaged 1331 1332 communities, and (iv) the capability to dedicate sufficient staff to manage the Program. Working with 1333 the selected CDFI, the Authority shall establish monitoring and accountability mechanisms for businesses 1334 receiving funding and shall report annually the number of businesses funded; the geographic distribution 1335 of the businesses; the costs of the Program; and the outcomes, including the number and types of jobs 1336 created. 1337

B. The Program shall:

1338 1. Identify social equity qualified cannabis licensees who are in need of capital for the start-up of a 1339 cannabis business properly licensed pursuant to the provisions of this subtitle;

1340 2. Provide loans for the purposes described in subsection A;

- 1341 3. Provide technical assistance; and
- 1342 4. Bring together community partners to sustain the Program.

§ 6.2-108. Financial services for licensed marijuana establishments.

1344 A. As used in this section, "licensed" and "marijuana establishment" have the same meaning as 1345 provided in § 4.1-600.

1346 B. A bank or credit union that provides a financial service to a licensed marijuana establishment, 1347 and the officers, directors, and employees of that bank or credit union, shall not be held liable pursuant 1348 to any state law or regulation solely for providing such a financial service or for further investing any 1349 income derived from such a financial service.

1350 C. Nothing in this section shall require a bank or credit union to provide financial services to a 1351 licensed marijuana establishment.

1352 § 18.2-247. Use of terms "controlled substances," "marijuana," "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and
1353 VI," "imitation controlled substance" and "counterfeit controlled substance" in Title 18.2.
1354 A. Wherever the terms "controlled substances" and "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and VI" are used in

A. Wherever the terms "controlled substances" and "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V, and VI" are used in
Title 18.2, such terms refer to those terms as they are used or defined in the Drug Control Act
(§ 54.1-3400 et seq.).

B. The term "imitation controlled substance" when used in this article means (i) a counterfeit
controlled substance or (ii) a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any form whatsoever which is not a
controlled substance subject to abuse, and:

1360 1. Which by overall dosage unit appearance, including color, shape, size, marking and packaging or
1361 by representations made, would cause the likelihood that such a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any
1362 other form whatsoever will be mistaken for a controlled substance unless such substance was introduced
1363 into commerce prior to the initial introduction into commerce of the controlled substance which it is
1364 alleged to imitate; or

2. Which by express or implied representations purports to act like a controlled substance as a stimulant or depressant of the central nervous system and which is not commonly used or recognized for use in that particular formulation for any purpose other than for such stimulant or depressant effect, unless marketed, promoted, or sold as permitted by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

C. In determining whether a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any other form whatsoever, is an "imitation controlled substance," there shall be considered, in addition to all other relevant factors, comparisons with accepted methods of marketing for legitimate nonprescription drugs for medicinal purposes rather than for drug abuse or any similar nonmedicinal use, including consideration of the packaging of the drug and its appearance in overall finished dosage form, promotional materials or representations, oral or written, concerning the drug, and the methods of distribution of the drug and where and how it is sold to the public.

1376 D. The term "marijuana" when used in this article means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis, 1377 whether growing or not, its seeds or resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, 1378 or preparation of such plant, its seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. 1379 "Marijuana" does not include (i) the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, oil or 1380 cake made from the seed of such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil or cake is combined with other 1381 parts of plants of the genus Cannabis- Marijuana does not include (i); (ii) industrial hemp, as defined in 1382 § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent; 1383 (iii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a hemp 1384 producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; or (iii) (iv) 1385 a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, other than a regulated hemp product, containing a 1386 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, 1387 as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; or 1388 (v) a regulated hemp product that does not exceed the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol concentration 1389 established pursuant to § 4.1-606 and that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal law. 1390

E. The term "counterfeit controlled substance" means a controlled substance that, without authorization, bears, is packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise labeled to bear, the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint or device or any likeness thereof, of a drug manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor other than the manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor who did in fact so manufacture, process, pack or distribute such drug.

F. The Department of Forensic Science shall determine the proper methods for detecting the concentration of delta 9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in substances for the purposes of this title, Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, and §§ 54.1-3401 and 54.1-3446. The testing methodology shall use post-decarboxylation testing or other equivalent method and shall consider the potential conversion of delta 9-tetrahydrocannibinol tetrahydrocannabinolic acid (THC-A) into THC. The test result shall include the total available THC derived from the sum of the THC and THC-A content.
§ 19.2-303.03. Modification of sentence for marijuana-related convictions.

1403 A. Notwithstanding other provisions of law or rule of court, if a person who (i) was convicted of a felony offense in violation of § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 1404 18.2-256, 18.2-257, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-474.1 as it relates to 1405 marijuana committed prior to July 1, 2022; (ii) was sentenced to jail or to the Department of 1406 1407 Corrections or placed on community supervision as defined in § 53.1-1 for such conviction; and (iii) 1408 remains incarcerated in a state or local correctional facility or secure facility, as defined in § 16.1-228, 1409 serving the sentence for such conviction or a combination of such convictions or remains on community 1410 supervision as defined in § 53.1-1 for such conviction or a combination of such convictions on July 1, 2023, the circuit court that entered the original judgment or order shall schedule a hearing by January 1411 1, 2024, to consider modification of such person's sentence. The Commonwealth shall be made party to 1412

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1413 *the proceeding and receive notice of such hearing.*

1414 B. Notwithstanding other provisions of law or rule of court, if a person who (i) was convicted of a 1415 felony offense in violation of § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 1416 18.2-256, 18.2-257, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-474.1 as it relates to marijuana committed prior to July 1, 2022, and on the date of such conviction was also convicted of 1417 1418 any other offense; (ii) was sentenced to jail or to the Department of Corrections or placed on 1419 community supervision as defined in § 53.1-1 for such convictions; and (iii) remains incarcerated in a 1420 state or local correctional facility or secure facility, as defined in § 16.1-228, serving the sentence for such conviction or a combination of such convictions or remains on community supervision as defined 1421 in § 53.1-1 for such conviction or a combination of such convictions on July 1, 2023, the circuit court 1422 1423 that entered the original judgment or order shall schedule a hearing by April 1, 2024, to consider 1424 modification of such person's sentence. The Commonwealth shall be made party to the proceeding and 1425 receive notice of such hearing.

1426 C. Notwithstanding other provisions of law or rule of court, a person who (i) was convicted of any 1427 felony offense committed prior to July 1, 2022; (ii) was sentenced to jail or to the Department of 1428 Corrections or placed on community supervision as defined in § 53.1-1 for such conviction; (iii) may 1429 have had such sentence enhanced because of a previous felony conviction under § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-256, 18.2-257, 18.2-258, 18.2-258.02, 1430 1431 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.3, or 18.2-474.1 as it relates to marijuana or without the involvement of marijuana 1432 such felony offense conviction or felony sentence enhancement would not have been possible, as the 1433 involvement of marijuana was necessary to satisfy the elements of the charged offense or the sentence enhancement; and (iv) remains incarcerated in a state or local correctional facility or secure facility, as 1434 1435 defined in § 16.1-228, serving the sentence for such conviction or remains on community supervision, as defined in § 53.1-1, for such conviction on July 1, 2023, may petition the circuit court that entered the 1436 1437 original judgment or order for modification of such person's sentence. A petition seeking modification of 1438 a sentence pursuant to this subsection shall be filed by July 1, 2025.

1439 D. A petition for modification of sentence filed pursuant to subsection C shall be filed on a form 1440 provided by the Supreme Court of Virginia by the petitioner or by counsel for the petitioner. Such 1441 petition shall allege with specificity all of the following: (i) the petitioner's full name and date of birth; 1442 (ii) the felony offense for which the petitioner was convicted; (iii) the date on which such felony offense 1443 was alleged to have been committed; (iv) the date on which the petitioner was sentenced for such felony 1444 offense; (v) whether the petitioner remains incarcerated in a state or local correctional facility or secure 1445 facility serving the sentence for such felony offense and, if so, which facility; (vi) whether the petitioner has previously filed any other petition in accordance with subsection C; and (vii) the reason the 1446 1447 petitioner is requesting a sentence modification and any information in support thereof, including 1448 information related to his sentence being enhanced because of a prior felony marijuana offense. If the 1449 petitioner fails to submit a completed form, the circuit court may allow the petitioner to amend the 1450 petition to correct any deficiency. The petitioner shall provide a copy of the petition by delivery or by 1451 first-class mail, postage prepaid, to the attorney for the Commonwealth of the city or county in which 1452 the petition is filed. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file an objection or answer to the petition 1453 within 30 days after it is received from the petitioner. Upon the motion of the attorney for the 1454 Commonwealth and for good cause shown, the court may allow the attorney for the Commonwealth up 1455 to an additional 30 days to respond to the petition. If the attorney for the Commonwealth does not file 1456 an objection or answer or make a request for additional time to respond to the petition within 30 days 1457 after it is received, the court shall conduct a hearing on any petition filed pursuant to subsection C within 60 days after the petition was filed. If the Commonwealth files an objection or answer or makes 1458 1459 a request for additional time to respond to the petition, the court shall conduct a hearing on any petition filed pursuant to subsection C after reasonable notice to both the petitioner and the attorney for 1460 1461 the Commonwealth, but no later than 90 days after the petition was filed. The attorney for the 1462 Commonwealth shall make reasonable efforts to notify any victim, as defined in § 19.2-11.01, of such 1463 hearing.

E. Any person eligible for modification of his sentence under subsection A, B, or C may file a
petition for the assistance of counsel and a statement of indigency with the court on a form provided by
the Supreme Court of Virginia; however, if such person was found to be indigent at his original
sentencing, he shall be entitled to assistance of counsel for the hearing on modification of his sentence
without the filing of such petition. No fee shall be charged for filing a petition under this subsection.

F. Upon a hearing for modification of a sentence pursuant to subsection A or B, the court shall consider that marijuana has been legalized, and shall reduce, including a reduction to time served, vacate, or otherwise modify the person's sentence, including removing such person from community supervision, unless the Commonwealth demonstrates it would not be compatible with the public interest to do so. Any modification of sentence shall not exceed the original term imposed by the court.

1474 G. Upon a hearing for modification of a sentence pursuant to subsection D, the court shall consider

1475 that marijuana has been legalized, and may reduce, including a reduction to time served, vacate, or 1476 otherwise modify the person's sentence, including removing such person from community supervision, 1477 unless the Commonwealth demonstrates it would not be compatible with the public interest to do so. 1478 Any modification of sentence shall not exceed the original term imposed by the court.

1479 H. The circuit court shall make a decision as to whether to modify a sentence within 30 days 1480 following the sentence modification hearing. If modification of a sentence is denied, the court shall file 1481 with the record of the case a written explanation for the denial and shall provide a copy of such written 1482 explanation to the person whose sentence was considered for modification, his attorney if he is 1483 represented, and to the attorney for the Commonwealth.

1484 I. Following the entry of an order to modify a sentence pursuant to this section, the clerk of the 1485 circuit court shall cause a copy of such order to be forwarded to the Virginia Criminal Sentencing 1486 Commission, the Department of State Police, and the state or local correctional facility or secure facility 1487 where the petitioner is incarcerated within five days.

1488 J. The decision of a circuit court to modify a sentence pursuant to this section shall not form the 1489 basis for any relief in any habeas corpus or appellate proceeding, unless such decision was contrary to 1490 law. 1491

§ 54.1-3401. Definitions.

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As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1493 "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, 1494 ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by (i) a practitioner or by his 1495 authorized agent and under his direction or (ii) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the 1496 presence of the practitioner.

1497 "Advertisement" means all representations disseminated in any manner or by any means, other than 1498 by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or which are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the 1499 purchase of drugs or devices.

1500 "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, 1501 distributor, or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or 1502 employee of the carrier or warehouseman.

1503 "Anabolic steroid" means any drug or hormonal substance, chemically and pharmacologically related 1504 to testosterone, other than estrogens, progestins, corticosteroids, and dehydroepiandrosterone.

1505 "Animal" means any nonhuman animate being endowed with the power of voluntary action.

1506 "Automated drug dispensing system" means a mechanical or electronic system that performs operations or activities, other than compounding or administration, relating to pharmacy services, 1507 1508 including the storage, dispensing, or distribution of drugs and the collection, control, and maintenance of 1509 all transaction information, to provide security and accountability for such drugs.

1510 "Biological product" means a virus, therapeutic serum, toxin, antitoxin, vaccine, blood, blood 1511 component or derivative, allergenic product, protein other than a chemically synthesized polypeptide, or 1512 analogous product, or arsphenamine or any derivative of arsphenamine or any other trivalent organic 1513 arsenic compound, applicable to the prevention, treatment, or cure of a disease or condition of human 1514 beings.

1515 "Biosimilar" means a biological product that is highly similar to a specific reference biological 1516 product, notwithstanding minor differences in clinically inactive compounds, such that there are no 1517 clinically meaningful differences between the reference biological product and the biological product that 1518 has been licensed as a biosimilar pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k) in terms of safety, purity, and potency 1519 of the product. 1520

"Board" means the Board of Pharmacy.

1521 "Bulk drug substance" means any substance that is represented for use, and that, when used in the 1522 compounding, manufacturing, processing, or packaging of a drug, becomes an active ingredient or a finished dosage form of the drug; however, "bulk drug substance" shall not include intermediates that 1523 1524 are used in the synthesis of such substances.

1525 "Change of ownership" of an existing entity permitted, registered, or licensed by the Board means (i) 1526 the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the entity or of any corporation that owns 1527 or controls the entity; (ii) the creation of a partnership by a sole proprietor, the dissolution of a 1528 partnership, or change in partnership composition; (iii) the acquisition or disposal of 50 percent or more 1529 of the outstanding shares of voting stock of a corporation owning the entity or of the parent corporation 1530 of a wholly owned subsidiary owning the entity, except that this shall not apply to any corporation the 1531 voting stock of which is actively traded on any securities exchange or in any over-the-counter market; 1532 (iv) the merger of a corporation owning the entity or of the parent corporation of a wholly-owned 1533 subsidiary owning the entity with another business or corporation; or (v) the expiration or forfeiture of a 1534 corporation's charter.

1535 "Co-licensed partner" means a person who, with at least one other person, has the right to engage in **1536** the manufacturing or marketing of a prescription drug, consistent with state and federal law.

1537 "Compounding" means the combining of two or more ingredients to fabricate such ingredients into a 1538 single preparation and includes the mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of a drug or device (i) by 1539 a pharmacist, or within a permitted pharmacy, pursuant to a valid prescription issued for a medicinal or 1540 therapeutic purpose in the context of a bona fide practitioner-patient-pharmacist relationship, or in 1541 expectation of receiving a valid prescription based on observed historical patterns of prescribing and 1542 dispensing; (ii) by a practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine as 1543 an incident to his administering or dispensing, if authorized to dispense, a controlled substance in the 1544 course of his professional practice; or (iii) for the purpose of, or as incident to, research, teaching, or 1545 chemical analysis and not for sale or for dispensing. The mixing, diluting, or reconstituting of a 1546 manufacturer's product drugs for the purpose of administration to a patient, when performed by a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed under Chapter 29 (§ 54.1-2900 et seq.), a person 1547 1548 supervised by such practitioner pursuant to subdivision A 6 or 19 of § 54.1-2901, or a person supervised 1549 by such practitioner or a licensed nurse practitioner or physician assistant pursuant to subdivision A 4 of 1550 § 54.1-2901 shall not be considered compounding.

1551 "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor in Schedules I through VI of 1552 this chapter. The term shall not include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco as those terms 1553 are defined or used in Title 3.2 or Title 4.1. The term "controlled substance" includes a controlled 1554 substance analog that has been placed into Schedule I or II by the Board pursuant to the regulatory 1555 authority in subsection D of § 54.1-3443.

1556 "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially 1557 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and either (i) which has a 1558 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar 1559 to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a 1560 controlled substance in Schedule I or II or (ii) with respect to a particular person, which such person 1561 represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect 1562 1563 on the central nervous system of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II. "Controlled substance 1564 analog" does not include (a) any substance for which there is an approved new drug application as 1565 defined under § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 355) or that is generally 1566 recognized as safe and effective pursuant to §§ 501, 502, and 503 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 351, 352, and 353) and 21 C.F.R. Part 330; (b) with respect to a particular 1567 1568 person, any substance for which an exemption is in effect for investigational use for that person under 1569 § 505 of the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to the extent that the conduct with respect to that 1570 substance is pursuant to such exemption; or (c) any substance to the extent not intended for human 1571 consumption before such an exemption takes effect with respect to that substance.

1572 "DEA" means the Drug Enforcement Administration, U.S. Department of Justice, or its successor 1573 agency.

1574 "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer of any item regulated by
1575 this chapter, whether or not there exists an agency relationship, including delivery of a Schedule VI
1576 prescription device to an ultimate user or consumer on behalf of a medical equipment supplier by a
1577 manufacturer, nonresident manufacturer, wholesale distributor, nonresident wholesale distributor,
1578 warehouser, nonresident warehouser, third-party logistics provider, or nonresident third-party logistics
1579 provider at the direction of a medical equipment supplier in accordance with § 54.1-3415.1.

1580 "Device" means instruments, apparatus, and contrivances, including their components, parts, and
1581 accessories, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in
1582 man or animals or to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals.

1583 "Dialysis care technician" or "dialysis patient care technician" means an individual who is certified
1584 by an organization approved by the Board of Health Professions pursuant to Chapter 27.01
1585 (§ 54.1-2729.1 et seq.) and who, under the supervision of a licensed physician, nurse practitioner,
1586 physician assistant, or a registered nurse, assists in the care of patients undergoing renal dialysis
1587 treatments in a Medicare-certified renal dialysis facility.

1588 "Dialysis solution" means either the commercially available, unopened, sterile solutions whose purpose is to be instilled into the peritoneal cavity during the medical procedure known as peritoneal dialysis, or commercially available solutions whose purpose is to be used in the performance of hemodialysis not to include any solutions administered to the patient intravenously.

1592 "Dispense" means to deliver a drug to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the 1593 lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing and administering, packaging, labeling, or 1594 compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery. However, dispensing shall not include 1595 the transportation of drugs mixed, diluted, or reconstituted in accordance with this chapter to other sites 1596 operated by such practitioner or that practitioner's medical practice for the purpose of administration of 1597 such drugs to patients of the practitioner or that practitioner's medical practice at such other sites. For

practitioners of medicine or osteopathy, "dispense" shall only include the provision of drugs by a 1598 1599 practitioner to patients to take with them away from the practitioner's place of practice.

"Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses. 1600

1601 "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.

1602 "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

1603 "Drug" means (i) articles or substances recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia 1604 National Formulary or official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to 1605 any of them; (ii) articles or substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or 1606 prevention of disease in man or animals; (iii) articles or substances, other than food, intended to affect 1607 the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; (iv) articles or substances intended for use 1608 as a component of any article specified in clause (i), (ii), or (iii); or (v) a biological product. "Drug" 1609 does not include devices or their components, parts, or accessories.

1610 "Drug product" means a specific drug in dosage form from a known source of manufacture, whether 1611 by brand or therapeutically equivalent drug product name.

1612 "Electronic prescription" means a written prescription that is generated on an electronic application 1613 and is transmitted to a pharmacy as an electronic data file; Schedule II through V prescriptions shall be 1614 transmitted in accordance with 21 C.F.R. Part 1300.

1615 "Facsimile (FAX) prescription" means a written prescription or order that is transmitted by an 1616 electronic device over telephone lines that sends the exact image to the receiving pharmacy in hard copy 1617 form. 1618

"FDA" means the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

1619 "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Board of Pharmacy has found to be and by 1620 regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a 1621 1622 controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit manufacture.

"Interchangeable" means a biosimilar that meets safety standards for determining interchangeability pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k)(4). 1623 1624

1625 "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon the immediate container of any 1626 article. A requirement made by or under authority of this chapter that any word, statement, or other 1627 information appear on the label shall not be considered to be complied with unless such word, 1628 statement, or other information also appears on the outside container or wrapper, if any, of the retail 1629 package of such article or is easily legible through the outside container or wrapper.

1630 "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter on an article or any of its 1631 containers or wrappers, or accompanying such article.

1632 "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, conversion, or processing of any item 1633 regulated by this chapter, either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical 1634 synthesis, and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its 1635 1636 container. This term does not include compounding.

1637 "Manufacturer" means every person who manufactures, a manufacturer's co-licensed partner, or a 1638 repackager.

1639 "Marijuana" means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis whether growing or not, its seeds, or 1640 its resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its 1641 seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. Marijuana does not include (i) the 1642 mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, or oil or cake made from the seeds of such 1643 plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is combined with other parts of plants of the genus Cannabis-1644 Marijuana does not include (i); (ii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, other than a regulated 1645 hemp product, that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent, (iii); (iii) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person who holds a 1646 1647 hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990, or 1648 (iii); (iv) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, containing a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of 1649 no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, 1650 dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; or (v) a regulated hemp product that does 1651 not exceed the maximum tetrahydrocannabinol concentration established pursuant to § 4.1-606 and that 1652 is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in 1653 compliance with state or federal law.

1654 "Medical equipment supplier" means any person, as defined in § 1-230, engaged in the delivery to 1655 the ultimate consumer, pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, of hypodermic syringes and needles, medicinal oxygen, Schedule VI controlled devices, those Schedule VI controlled substances with 1656 1657 no medicinal properties that are used for the operation and cleaning of medical equipment, solutions for 1658 peritoneal dialysis, and sterile water or saline for irrigation.

1659 "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction 1660 from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis: (i) opium, opiates, and any salt, compound, derivative, 1661 or preparation of opium or opiates; (ii) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof 1662 which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in clause (i), but not 1663 1664 including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium; (iii) opium poppy and poppy straw; (iv) coca leaves and 1665 any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these 1666 substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves which do not contain 1667 1668 cocaine or ecgonine.

"New drug" means (i) any drug, except a new animal drug or an animal feed bearing or containing a 1669 1670 new animal drug, the composition of which is such that such drug is not generally recognized, among 1671 experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the safety and effectiveness of drugs, 1672 as safe and effective for use under the conditions prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the labeling, 1673 except that such a drug not so recognized shall not be deemed to be a "new drug" if at any time prior 1674 to the enactment of this chapter it was subject to the Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, as 1675 amended, and if at such time its labeling contained the same representations concerning the conditions 1676 of its use, or (ii) any drug, except a new animal drug or an animal feed bearing or containing a new 1677 animal drug, the composition of which is such that such drug, as a result of investigations to determine 1678 its safety and effectiveness for use under such conditions, has become so recognized, but which has not, 1679 otherwise than in such investigations, been used to a material extent or for a material time under such 1680 conditions.

"Nuclear medicine technologist" means an individual who holds a current certification with the American Registry of Radiological Technologists or the Nuclear Medicine Technology Certification 1681 1682 1683 Board.

1684 'Official compendium" means the official United States Pharmacopoeia National Formulary, official 1685 Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any supplement to any of them.

1686 "Official written order" means an order written on a form provided for that purpose by the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration, under any laws of the United States making provision therefor, if such 1687 1688 order forms are authorized and required by federal law, and if no such order form is provided then on 1689 an official form provided for that purpose by the Board of Pharmacy.

"Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to 1690 1691 morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or 1692 addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under Article 4 (§ 54.1-3437 et seq.), the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts 1693 1694 (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms. 1695

"Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum L., except the seeds thereof.

1696 "Original package" means the unbroken container or wrapping in which any drug or medicine is 1697 enclosed together with label and labeling, put up by or for the manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor 1698 for use in the delivery or display of such article.

1699 "Outsourcing facility" means a facility that is engaged in the compounding of sterile drugs and is 1700 currently registered as an outsourcing facility with the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services and 1701 that complies with all applicable requirements of federal and state law, including the Federal Food, 1702 Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

1703 "Person" means both the plural and singular, as the case demands, and includes an individual, 1704 partnership, corporation, association, governmental agency, trust, or other institution or entity.

"Pharmacist-in-charge" means the person who, being licensed as a pharmacist, signs the application 1705 1706 for a pharmacy permit and assumes full legal responsibility for the operation of the relevant pharmacy in a manner complying with the laws and regulations for the practice of pharmacy and the sale and dispensing of controlled substances; the "pharmacist-in-charge" shall personally supervise the pharmacy 1707 1708 and the pharmacy's personnel as required by § 54.1-3432. 1709 1710

"Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.

1711 "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, licensed nurse practitioner pursuant to § 54.1-2957.01, 1712 licensed physician assistant pursuant to § 54.1-2952.1, pharmacist pursuant to § 54.1-3300, TPA-certified 1713 optometrist pursuant to Article 5 (§ 54.1-3222 et seq.) of Chapter 32, veterinarian, scientific investigator, 1714 or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, prescribe and 1715 administer, or conduct research with respect to a controlled substance in the course of professional 1716 practice or research in the Commonwealth.

1717 "Prescriber" means a practitioner who is authorized pursuant to §§ 54.1-3303 and 54.1-3408 to issue 1718 a prescription.

"Prescription" means an order for drugs or medical supplies, written or signed or transmitted by word 1719 1720 of mouth, telephone, telegraph, or other means of communication to a pharmacist by a duly licensed

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1721 physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other practitioner authorized by law to prescribe and administer such 1722 drugs or medical supplies.

1723 "Prescription drug" means any drug required by federal law or regulation to be dispensed only 1724 pursuant to a prescription, including finished dosage forms and active ingredients subject to § 503(b) of 1725 the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 353(b)).

1726 "Production" or "produce" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or harvesting of a 1727 controlled substance or marijuana.

1728 "Proprietary medicine" means a completely compounded nonprescription drug in its unbroken, 1729 original package which does not contain any controlled substance or marijuana as defined in this chapter 1730 and is not in itself poisonous, and which is sold, offered, promoted, or advertised directly to the general 1731 public by or under the authority of the manufacturer or primary distributor, under a trademark, trade 1732 name, or other trade symbol privately owned, and the labeling of which conforms to the requirements of 1733 this chapter and applicable federal law. However, this definition shall not include a drug that is only 1734 advertised or promoted professionally to licensed practitioners, a narcotic or drug containing a narcotic, 1735 a drug that may be dispensed only upon prescription or the label of which bears substantially the statement "Warning — may be habit-forming," or a drug intended for injection. 1736

1737 "Radiopharmaceutical" means any drug that exhibits spontaneous disintegration of unstable nuclei 1738 with the emission of nuclear particles or photons and includes any non-radioactive reagent kit or 1739 radionuclide generator that is intended to be used in the preparation of any such substance, but does not 1740 include drugs such as carbon-containing compounds or potassium-containing salts that include trace 1741 quantities of naturally occurring radionuclides. The term also includes any biological product that is 1742 labeled with a radionuclide or intended solely to be labeled with a radionuclide.

1743 "Reference biological product" means the single biological product licensed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(a) against which a biological product is evaluated in an application submitted to the U.S. Food 1744 1745 and Drug Administration for licensure of biological products as biosimilar or interchangeable pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 262(k). "Sale" includes barter, exchange, or gift, or offer therefor, and each such transaction made by any 1746

1747 person, whether as an individual, proprietor, agent, servant, or employee. 1748 1749

"Tetrahydrocannabinol" or "THC" means the same as that term is defined in § 4.1-600.

1750 "Therapeutically equivalent drug products" means drug products that contain the same active ingredients and are identical in strength or concentration, dosage form, and route of administration and 1751 1752 that are classified as being therapeutically equivalent by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration pursuant to the definition of "therapeutically equivalent drug products" set forth in the most recent 1753 1754 edition of the Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations, otherwise known as 1755 the "Orange Book."

1756 "Third-party logistics provider" means a person that provides or coordinates warehousing of or other 1757 logistics services for a drug or device in interstate commerce on behalf of a manufacturer, wholesale 1758 distributor, or dispenser of the drug or device but does not take ownership of the product or have 1759 responsibility for directing the sale or disposition of the product. 1760

'Total tetrahydrocannabinol concentration" means the same as that term is defined in \S 4.1-600.

"USP-NF" means the current edition of the United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary.

1762 "Warehouser" means any person, other than a wholesale distributor, manufacturer, or third-party 1763 logistics provider, engaged in the business of (i) selling or otherwise distributing prescription drugs or 1764 devices to any person who is not the ultimate user or consumer and (ii) delivering Schedule VI 1765 prescription devices to the ultimate user or consumer pursuant to § 54.1-3415.1. No person shall be 1766 subject to any state or local tax by reason of this definition.

1767 "Wholesale distribution" means (i) distribution of prescription drugs to persons other than consumers 1768 or patients and (ii) delivery of Schedule VI prescription devices to the ultimate user or consumer 1769 pursuant to § 54.1-3415.1, subject to the exemptions set forth in the federal Drug Supply Chain Security 1770 Act.

1771 "Wholesale distributor" means any person other than a manufacturer, a manufacturer's co-licensed partner, a third-party logistics provider, or a repackager that engages in wholesale distribution. 1772

The words "drugs" and "devices" as used in Chapter 33 (§ 54.1-3300 et seq.) and in this chapter 1773 1774 shall not include surgical or dental instruments, physical therapy equipment, X-ray apparatus, or glasses 1775 or lenses for the eyes.

The terms "pharmacist," "pharmacy," and "practice of pharmacy" as used in this chapter shall be 1776 1777 defined as provided in Chapter 33 (§ 54.1-3300 et seq.) unless the context requires a different meaning. 1778

§ 54.1-3408.3. Certification for use of cannabis oil for treatment.

1779 A. As used in this section:

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1780 "Botanical cannabis" means cannabis that is composed wholly of usable cannabis from the same parts 1781 of the same chemovar of cannabis plant.

"Cannabis oil" means any formulation of processed Cannabis plant extract, which may include
industrial hemp extracts, including isolates and distillates, acquired by a pharmaceutical processor
pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6, or a dilution of the resin of the Cannabis plant that contains no more than 10
milligrams of delta 9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol per dose. "Cannabis oil" does not
include industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with
state or federal law, unless it has been grown and processed in the Commonwealth by a registered
industrial hemp processor and acquired and formulated by a pharmaceutical processor.

1789 "Cannabis product" means a product that is (i) produced by a pharmaceutical processor, registered
1790 with the Board, and compliant with testing requirements and (ii) composed of cannabis oil or botanical
1791 cannabis.

"Designated caregiver facility" means any hospice or hospice facility licensed pursuant to
§ 32.1-162.3, or home care organization as defined in § 32.1-162.7 that provides pharmaceutical services
or home health services, private provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and
Developmental Services pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2, assisted
living facility licensed pursuant to § 63.2-1701, or adult day care center licensed pursuant to
§ 63.2-1701.

1798 "Practitioner" means a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed by the Board of Medicine, a
1799 physician assistant licensed by the Board of Medicine, or a nurse practitioner jointly licensed by the
1800 Board of Medicine and the Board of Nursing.

1801 "Registered agent" means an individual designated by a patient who has been issued a written
1802 certification, or, if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, designated by
1803 such patient's parent or legal guardian, and registered with the Board pursuant to subsection G.

1804 "Úsable cannabis" means any cannabis plant material, including seeds, but not (i) resin that has been
1805 extracted from any part of the cannabis plant, its seeds, or its resin; (ii) the mature stalks, fiber produced
1806 from the stalks, or any other compound, manufacture, salt, or derivative, mixture, or preparation of the
1807 mature stalks; or (iii) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant.

1808 B. A practitioner in the course of his professional practice may issue a written certification for the 1809 use of cannabis products for treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of any diagnosed condition or disease determined by the practitioner to benefit from such use. The practitioner shall use his 1810 1811 professional judgment to determine the manner and frequency of patient care and evaluation and may 1812 employ the use of telemedicine, provided that the use of telemedicine includes the delivery of patient 1813 care through real-time interactive audio-visual technology. If a practitioner determines it is consistent 1814 with the standard of care to dispense botanical cannabis to a minor, the written certification shall 1815 specifically authorize such dispensing. If not specifically included on the initial written certification, 1816 authorization for botanical cannabis may be communicated verbally or in writing to the pharmacist at 1817 the time of dispensing.

1818 C. The written certification shall be on a form provided by the Board of Pharmacy. Such written 1819 certification shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the practitioner; the name and address of the patient issued the written certification; the date on which the written certification was 1821 made; and the signature or authentic electronic signature of the practitioner. Such written certification 1822 issued pursuant to subsection B shall expire no later than one year after its issuance unless the practitioner provides in such written certification an earlier expiration. A written certification shall not be issued to a patient by more than one practitioner during any given time period.

1825 D. No practitioner shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1 for the issuance of a certification for the use of cannabis products for the treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of a patient's diagnosed condition or disease pursuant to a written certification issued pursuant to subsection B.
1828 Nothing in this section shall preclude the Board of Medicine from sanctioning a practitioner for failing to properly evaluate or treat a patient's medical condition or otherwise violating the applicable standard of care for evaluating or treating medical conditions.

E. A practitioner who issues a written certification to a patient pursuant to this section shall register
with the Board and shall hold sufficient education and training to exercise appropriate professional
judgment in the certification of patients. The Board shall not limit the number of patients to whom a
practitioner may issue a written certification. The Board may report information to the applicable
licensing board on unusual patterns of certifications issued by a practitioner.

F. No patient shall be required to physically present the written certification after the initial dispensing by any pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility under each written certification, provided that the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility maintains an electronic copy of the written certification. Pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities shall electronically transmit, on a monthly basis, all new written certifications received by the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility to the Board.

1842 G. A patient, or, if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian, may designate an individual to act as his registered agent for the

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1844 purposes of receiving cannabis products pursuant to a valid written certification. Such designated 1845 individual shall register with the Board. The Board may set a limit on the number of patients for whom 1846 any individual is authorized to act as a registered agent.

1847 H. Upon delivery of a cannabis product by a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility 1848 to a designated caregiver facility, any employee or contractor of a designated caregiver facility, who is 1849 licensed or registered by a health regulatory board and who is authorized to possess, distribute, or 1850 administer medications, may accept delivery of the cannabis product on behalf of a patient or resident 1851 for subsequent delivery to the patient or resident and may assist in the administration of the cannabis 1852 product to the patient or resident as necessary.

1853 I. Information obtained under the registration process shall be confidential and shall not be subject to 1854 the disclosure provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However, 1855 reasonable access to registry information shall be provided to (i) the Chairmen of the House Committee 1856 for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, (ii) state and federal agencies or local 1857 law enforcement for the purpose of investigating or prosecuting a specific individual for a specific 1858 violation of law, (iii) licensed practitioners or pharmacists, or their agents, for the purpose of providing 1859 patient care and drug therapy management and monitoring of drugs obtained by a patient, (iv) a 1860 pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility involved in the treatment of a patient, or (v) a registered agent, but only with respect to information related to such patient. 1861 1862

§ 54.1-3442.6. Permit to operate pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility.

1863 A. No person shall operate a pharmaceutical processor or a cannabis dispensing facility without first 1864 obtaining a permit from the Board. The application for such permit shall be made on a form provided 1865 by the Board and signed by a pharmacist who will be in full and actual charge of the pharmaceutical 1866 processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility. The Board shall establish an application fee 1867 and other general requirements for such application.

1868 B. Each permit shall expire annually on a date determined by the Board in regulation. The number of 1869 permits that the Board may issue or renew in any year is limited to one pharmaceutical processor and 1870 up to five cannabis dispensing facilities for each health service area established by the Board of Health. Permits shall be displayed in a conspicuous place on the premises of the pharmaceutical processor and 1871 1872 cannabis dispensing facility.

1873 C. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing health, safety, and security requirements for 1874 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities. Such regulations shall include requirements 1875 for (i) physical standards; (ii) location restrictions; (iii) security systems and controls; (iv) minimum 1876 equipment and resources; (v) recordkeeping; (vi) labeling, including the potency of each botanical 1877 cannabis product and the amounts recommended by the practitioner or dispensing pharmacist, and 1878 packaging; (vii) routine inspections no more frequently than once annually; (viii) processes for safely 1879 and securely dispensing and delivering in person cannabis products to a patient, his registered agent, or, 1880 if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal 1881 guardian; (ix) dosage limitations for cannabis oil that provide that each dispensed dose of cannabis oil 1882 not exceed 10 milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol; (x) a process for the 1883 wholesale distribution of and the transfer of usable cannabis, botanical cannabis, cannabis oil, and 1884 cannabis products between pharmaceutical processors, between a pharmaceutical processors and a cannabis dispensing facility, and between cannabis dispensing facilities; (xi) an allowance for the sale of 1885 1886 devices for administration of dispensed cannabis products and hemp-based CBD products that meet the 1887 applicable standards set forth in state and federal law, including the laboratory testing standards set forth 1888 in subsection M; (xii) an allowance for the use and distribution of inert product samples containing no 1889 cannabinoids for patient demonstration exclusively at the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 1890 dispensing facility, and not for further distribution or sale, without the need for a written certification; 1891 (xiii) a process for acquiring industrial hemp extracts and formulating such extracts into cannabis 1892 products; and (xiv) an allowance for the advertising and promotion of the pharmaceutical processor's 1893 products and operations, which shall not limit the pharmaceutical processor from the provision of 1894 educational material to practitioners who issue written certifications and patients. The Board shall also 1895 adopt regulations for pharmaceutical processors that include requirements for (a) processes for safely and 1896 securely cultivating Cannabis plants intended for producing cannabis products, (b) the secure disposal of 1897 agricultural waste, and (c) a process for registering cannabis oil products.

1898 D. The Board shall require that, after processing and before dispensing any cannabis products, a 1899 pharmaceutical processor shall make a sample available from each batch of cannabis product for testing 1900 by an independent laboratory located in Virginia meeting Board requirements. A valid sample size for 1901 testing shall be determined by each laboratory and may vary due to sample matrix, analytical method, 1902 and laboratory-specific procedures. A minimum sample size of 0.5 percent of individual units for 1903 dispensing or distribution from each homogenized batch of cannabis oil is required to achieve a 1904 representative cannabis oil sample for analysis. A minimum sample size, to be determined by the

1905 certified testing laboratory, from each batch of botanical cannabis is required to achieve a representative 1906 botanical cannabis sample for analysis. Botanical cannabis products shall only be tested for the 1907 following: total cannabidiol (CBD); total tetrahydrocannabinol (THC); terpenes; pesticide chemical 1908 residue; heavy metals; mycotoxins; moisture; and microbiological contaminants. Testing thresholds shall 1909 be consistent with generally accepted cannabis industry thresholds. The pharmaceutical processor may 1910 remediate botanical cannabis or cannabis oil that fails any quality testing standard except pesticides. 1911 Following remediation, all remediated botanical cannabis or cannabis oil shall be subject to laboratory 1912 testing and approved upon satisfaction of applicable testing standards, which shall not be more stringent 1913 than initial testing prior to remediation. If a batch of botanical cannabis fails retesting after remediation, 1914 it shall be considered usable cannabis and may be processed into cannabis oil. Stability testing shall not be required for any cannabis product with an expiration date assigned by the pharmaceutical processor 1915 1916 of six months or less from the date of the cannabis product registration approval. Stability testing 1917 required for assignment of an expiration date longer than six months shall be limited to microbial 1918 testing, on a pass/fail basis, and potency testing, on a 10 percent deviation basis, of active ingredients.

E. A laboratory testing samples for a pharmaceutical processor shall obtain a controlled substances
registration certificate pursuant to § 54.1-3423 and shall comply with quality standards established by the
Board in regulation.

F. Every pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility shall be under the personal supervision of a licensed pharmacist on the premises of the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility. The pharmaceutical processor shall ensure that security measures are adequate to protect the cannabis from diversion at all times, and the pharmacist-in-charge shall have concurrent responsibility for preventing diversion from the dispensing area.

Every pharmaceutical processor shall designate a person who shall have oversight of the cultivation and production areas of the pharmaceutical processor and shall provide such information to the Board.
The Board shall direct all communications related to enforcement of requirements related to cultivation and production of cannabis oil products by the pharmaceutical processor to such designated person.

1931 G. The Board shall require the material owners of an applicant for a pharmaceutical processor or 1932 cannabis dispensing facility permit to submit to fingerprinting and provide personal descriptive information to be forwarded along with his fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange 1933 1934 to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information 1935 regarding the applicant's material owners. The cost of fingerprinting and the criminal history record 1936 search shall be paid by the applicant. The Central Criminal Records Exchange shall forward the results 1937 of the criminal history background check to the Board or its designee, which shall be a governmental 1938 entity. A pharmaceutical processor shall maintain evidence of criminal background checks for all 1939 employees and delivery agents of the pharmaceutical processor. Criminal background checks of 1940 employees and delivery agents may be conducted by any service sufficient to disclose any federal and 1941 state criminal convictions.

1942 H. In addition to other employees authorized by the Board, a pharmaceutical processor may employ 1943 individuals who may have less than two years of experience (i) to perform cultivation-related duties 1944 under the supervision of an individual who has received a degree in a field related to the cultivation of 1945 plants or a certification recognized by the Board or who has at least two years of experience cultivating 1946 plants, (ii) to perform extraction-related duties under the supervision of an individual who has a degree 1947 in chemistry or pharmacology or at least two years of experience extracting chemicals from plants, and 1948 (iii) to perform duties at the pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facility upon certification 1949 as a pharmacy technician.

1950 I. A pharmaceutical processor to whom a permit has been issued by the Board may establish up to
1951 five cannabis dispensing facilities for the dispensing of cannabis products that have been cultivated and
1952 produced on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor permitted by the Board. Each cannabis
1953 dispensing facility shall be located within the same health service area as the pharmaceutical processor.

1954 J. No person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the Commonwealth or another
 1955 jurisdiction within the last five years shall be employed by or act as an agent of a pharmaceutical
 1956 processor or cannabis dispensing facility.

1957 K. Every pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall adopt policies for **1958** pre-employment drug screening and regular, ongoing, random drug screening of employees.

1959 L. A pharmacist at the pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area and the cannabis dispensing facility
1960 shall determine the number of pharmacy interns, pharmacy technicians, and pharmacy technician trainees
1961 who can be safely and competently supervised at one time; however, no pharmacist shall supervise more
1962 than six persons performing the duties of a pharmacy technician at one time in the pharmaceutical
1963 processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility.

M. A pharmaceutical processor may acquire industrial hemp extracts grown and processed in
 Virginia, and in compliance with state or federal law, from a registered industrial hemp dealer or
 processor. A pharmaceutical processor may process and formulate such extracts into an allowable dosage

of cannabis product. Industrial hemp extracts acquired and formulated by a pharmaceutical processor are
subject to the same third-party testing requirements that may apply to cannabis plant extract. Testing
shall be performed by a laboratory located in Virginia and in compliance with state law governing the
testing of cannabis products. The industrial hemp dealer or processor shall provide such third-party
testing results to the pharmaceutical processor before industrial hemp extracts may be acquired.

1972 N. With the exception of § 2.2-4031, neither the provisions of the Administrative Process Act 1973 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) nor public participation guidelines adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the 1974 adoption of any regulation pursuant to this section. Prior to adopting any regulation pursuant to this 1975 section, the Board of Pharmacy shall publish a notice of opportunity to comment in the Virginia 1976 Register of Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. Such notice of 1977 opportunity to comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed regulation; (ii) the text of the 1978 proposed regulation; and (iii) the name, address, and telephone number of the agency contact person 1979 responsible for receiving public comments. Such notice shall be made at least 60 days in advance of the 1980 last date prescribed in such notice for submittals of public comment. The legislative review provisions of subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for regulations pursuant to this section. The Board of Pharmacy shall consider and keep on file all public 1981 1982 1983 comments received for any regulation adopted pursuant to this section.

1984 O. The Board shall register all cannabis products that meet testing, labeling, and packaging standards.
1985 § 54.1-3442.7. Dispensing cannabis products; report.

1986 A. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense or deliver cannabis 1987 products only in person to (i) a patient who is a Virginia resident or temporarily resides in Virginia and 1988 has been issued a valid written certification; (ii) such patient's registered agent; or (iii) if such patient is 1989 a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian who is a 1990 Virginia resident or temporarily resides in Virginia. A companion may accompany a patient into a 1991 pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility. Prior to the initial dispensing 1992 of cannabis products pursuant to each written certification, a pharmacist or pharmacy technician 1993 employed by the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall make and maintain, on 1994 site or remotely by electronic means, for two years a paper or electronic copy of the written certification 1995 that provides an exact image of the document that is clearly legible; shall view, in person or by 1996 audiovisual means, a current photo identification of the patient, registered agent, parent, or legal 1997 guardian; and shall verify current board registration of the practitioner and the corresponding registered 1998 agent if applicable. Thereafter, an initial dispensing may be delivered to the patient, registered agent, 1999 parent, legal guardian, or designated caregiver facility. Prior to any subsequent dispensing of cannabis 2000 products pursuant to each written certification, an employee or delivery agent shall view a current photo 2001 identification of the patient, registered agent, parent, or legal guardian and the current board registration 2002 issued to the registered agent if applicable. No pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense more than a 90-day supply, as determined by the dispensing pharmacist or certifying practitioner, for any patient during any 90-day period. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 2003 2004 dispensing facility may dispense less than a 90-day supply of a cannabis product for any patient during 2005 2006 any 90-day period; however, a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility may dispense 2007 more than one cannabis product to a patient at one time. No more than four ounces of botanical 2008 cannabis shall be dispensed for each 30-day period for which botanical cannabis is dispensed. The Board 2009 shall establish in regulation an amount of cannabis oil that constitutes a 90-day supply to treat or 2010 alleviate the symptoms of a patient's diagnosed condition or disease. In determining the appropriate 2011 amount of a cannabis product to be dispensed to a patient, a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 2012 dispensing facility shall consider all cannabis products dispensed to the patient and adjust the amount 2013 dispensed accordingly.

B. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense only cannabis products
produced on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor permitted by the Board or cannabis products
that have been formulated with extracts from industrial hemp acquired by a pharmaceutical processor
from a registered industrial hemp dealer or processor pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6. A pharmaceutical
processor may begin cultivation upon being issued a permit by the Board.

2019 C. The Board shall report annually by December 1 to the Chairmen of the House Committee for
 2020 Health, Welfare and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Education and Health on the operation of
 2021 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities issued a permit by the Board.

D. The concentration of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol in any cannabis product on site may be up to 10 percent greater than or less than the level of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol measured for labeling. A pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facility shall ensure that such concentration in any cannabis product on site is within such range. A pharmaceutical processor producing cannabis products shall establish a stability testing schedule of cannabis products.

2028 § 54.1-3446. Schedule I.

2029 The controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule I:

2030 1. Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers,
2031 esters, and ethers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers
2032 and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

2033 1-{1-[1-(4-bromophenyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl}-1,3-dihydro-2H-benzimidazol-2-one (other name:
2034 Brorphine);

- **2035** 1-[2-methyl-4-(3-phenyl-2-propen-1-yl)-1-piperazinyl]-1-butanone (other name: 2-methyl AP-237);
- **2036** 1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetyloxypiperidine (other name: PEPAP);
- **2037** 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (other name: MPPP);
- 2038 2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-N,N-diethyl-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazole-1-ethanamine (other name: 2039 Metonitazene);
- **2040** 2-methoxy-N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-acetamide (other name: Methoxyacetyl fentanyl);
- **2042** 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzamide (other name: U-47700);

2043 3,4-dichloro-N-{[1-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]methyl}benzamide (other name: AH-7921);

- 2044 Acetyl fentanyl (other name: desmethyl fentanyl);
- 2045 Acetylmethadol;
- 2046 Allylprodine;

2047 Alphacetylmethadol (except levo-alphacetylmethadol, also known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol,
2048 levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM);

- **2049** Alphameprodine;
- **2050** Alphamethadol;
- 2051 Benzethidine;
- **2052** Betacetylmethadol;
- **2053** Betameprodine;
- **2054** Betamethadol;
- 2055 Betaprodine;
- 2056 Clonitazene;
- 2057 Dextromoramide;
- 2058 Diampromide;
- **2059** Diethylthiambutene;
- 2060 Difenoxin;
- 2061 Dimenoxadol;
- 2062 Dimepheptanol;
- 2063 Dimethylthiambutene;
- **2064** Dioxaphetylbutyrate;
- 2065 Dipipanone;
- 2066 Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- 2067 Etonitazene;
- **2068** Etoxeridine;
- 2069 Furethidine;
- **2070** Hydroxypethidine;
- 2071 Ketobemidone;
- **2072** Levomoramide;
- **2073** Levophenacylmorphan;
- 2074 Morpheridine;
- 2075 MT-45 (1-cyclohexyl-4-(1,2-diphenylethyl)piperazine);
- 2076 N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide (other name: Cyclopropyl fentanyl);

2077 N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide (other name: Tetrahydrofuranyl fentanyl);

2079 N-[1-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: alpha-methylthiofentanyl);

2081 N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylacetamide (other name: acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl);

2083 N-{1-[2-hydroxy-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl}-N-phenylpropanamide (other name:
 2084 beta-hydroxythiofentanyl);

2085 N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name:
 2086 beta-hydroxyfentanyl);

- 2087 N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]propionanilide (other names:
 2088 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine, alpha-methylfentanyl);
- 2089 N-(2-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other names: 2-fluorofentanyl,

2090 ortho-fluorofentanyl); 2091 N-(3-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: 3-fluorofentanyl); 2092 N-[3-methyl-1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 2093 beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl); 2094 N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 3-methylfentanyl); 2095 N-[3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (other name: 2096 3-methylthiofentanyl); 2097 N-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other names: 2098 para-chlorofentanyl, 4-chlorofentanyl); 2099 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: 2100 para-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl); 2101 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: 2102 para-fluorobutyrylfentanyl); 2103 N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: para-fluorofentanyl); 2104 N.N-diethyl-2-(2-(4-isopropoxybenzyl)-5-nitro-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl)ethan-1-amine (other name: 2105 Isotonitazene): N,N-diethyl-2-{[(4-ethoxyphenyl) methyl]-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl}-ethan-1-amine (other names: 2106 2107 Etazene, Desnitroetonitazene); 2108 N,N-diethyl-2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-1H-benzimidazole-1-ethanamine (other name: 2109 Metodesnitazene); 2110 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylmethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-furancarboxamide (other name: N-benzyl Furanyl 2111 norfentanyl); 2112 N-phenyl-N-(4-piperidinyl)-propanamide (other name: Norfentanyl); 2113 Noracymethadol; 2114 Norlevorphanol; 2115 Normethadone; 2116 Norpipanone: 2117 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-furancarboxamide (other name: Furanyl fentanyl); 2118 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-propenamide (other name: Acryl fentanyl); 2119 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: butyryl fentanyl); 2120 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-pentanamide (other name: Pentanoyl fentanyl); 2121 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: thiofentanyl); 2122 Phenadoxone: 2123 Phenampromide; 2124 Phenomorphan; 2125 Phenoperidine; 2126 Piritramide; 2127 Proheptazine; 2128 Properidine; 2129 Propiram; 2130 Racemoramide; 2131 Tilidine; 2132 Trimeperidine; 2133 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide (other name: 2134 Benzodioxole fentanyl): 2135 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(diethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide (other name: U-49900); 2136 2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl acetamide (other name: U-48800); 2137 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl acetamide (other name: U-51754); N-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-methoxy-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-acetamide (other name: Ocfentanil); 2138 N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-butanamide (other name: 2139 2140 4-methoxybutyrylfentanyl); 2141 N-phenyl-2-methyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: Isobutyryl fentanyl); 2142 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-cyclopentanecarboxamide (other name: Cyclopentyl 2143 fentanyl); 2144 N-phenyl-N-(1-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-propanamide (other name: N-methyl norfentanyl); 2145 N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-1,3-benzodioxole-5-carboxamide (other names: 2146 3,4-methylenedioxy U-47700 or 3,4-MDO-U-47700); 2147 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-2-butenamide (other name: Crotonyl fentanyl); 2148 N-phenyl-N-[4-phenyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-propanamide (other name: 4-phenylfentanyl); 2149 N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-benzamide (other names: Phenyl fentanyl, Benzoyl 2150 fentanyl);

- **2151** N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-phenylfuran-2-carboxamide (other name: Furanyl UF-17);
- 2152 N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-phenylpropionamide (other name: UF-17);
- 2153 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-isopropyl-benzamide (other name: Isopropyl
 2154 U-47700).
- 2155 2. Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers and salts of isomers, unless
 2156 specifically excepted, whenever the existence of these salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible
 2157 within the specific chemical designation:
- 2158 Acetorphine;
- **2159** Acetyldihydrocodeine;
- **2160** Benzylmorphine;
- **2161** Codeine methylbromide;
- 2162 Codeine-N-Oxide;
- **2163** Cyprenorphine;
- **2164** Desomorphine;
- **2165** Dihydromorphine;
- **2166** Drotebanol;
- **2167** Etorphine:
- **2168** Heroin:
- **2169** Hydromorphinol;
- **2170** Methyldesorphine;
- **2170** Methyldihydromorphine;
- 2172 Morphine methylbromide;
- **2172** Morphine methylsulfonate;
- 2174 Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 2174 Morphine-W
- **2176** Nicocodeine;
- **2170** Nicocodellie, **2177** Nicomorphine;
- **2177** Nicomorphine, **2178** Normorphine;
- **2178** Normorphin **2179** Pholcodine;
- 21/9 Pholeodine
- **2180** Thebacon.

3. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of this subdivision only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers):

2186 Alpha-ethyltryptamine (some trade or other names: Monase; a-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; **2187** 3-2-aminobutyl] indole; a-ET; AET);

2188 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (some trade or other names: 2189 2-4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]-1-aminoethane;alpha-desmethyl DOB; 2C-B; Nexus);

or

other

names:

- **2190** 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- **2191** 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- **2192** 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- 2193 Alpha-methyltryptamine (other name: AMT);
- 2194 Bufotenine;
- **2195** Diethyltryptamine;
- 2196 Dimethyltryptamine;
- **2197** 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine;
- 2198 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine (DOET);
- **2199** 4-fluoro-N-ethylamphetamine;
- 2200 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine (other name: 2C-T-7);
- 2201 Ibogaine;
- 2202 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DIPT);
- 2203 Lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 2204 Mescaline;
- 2205 Parahexyl (some trade
- **2206** 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo [b,d] pyran; Synhexyl);
- **2207** Peyote;
- 2208 N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 2209 N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 2210 Psilocybin;
- 2211 Psilocyn;
- 2212 Salvinorin A;

2213 Tetrahydrocannabinols, except as present in (i) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is 2214 possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent; (ii) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2-4112, other than a regulated hemp product, containing a 2215 2216 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, 2217 as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal law; (iii) 2218 marijuana; (iv) dronabinol in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product 2219 approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration; Θ (v) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, 2220 that is possessed by a person who holds a hemp producer license issued by the U.S. Department of 2221 Agriculture pursuant to 7 C.F.R. Part 990; or (vi) a regulated hemp product that does not exceed the 2222 maximum tetrahydrocannabinol concentration established pursuant to § 4.1-606 and that is derived from 2223 industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or 2224 federal law; 2225 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 2226 2,5-DMA); 2227 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA), its optical, positional and geometric isomers, salts 2228 and salts of isomers; 2229 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine (also known as N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4 2230 (methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE, MDEA); 2231 N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine (some other names: 2232 N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, and N-hydroxy MDA); 2233 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine trade (some or other names: 2234 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA); 2235 4-methoxyamphetamine (some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 2236 paramethoxyamphetamine; PMA); 2237 Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine (some other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, 2238 (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE); 2239 Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine (some other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP); 2240 Thiophene analog of phencyclidine (some other names: 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine, 2241 2242 2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine, TPCP, TCP); 2243 1-1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine (other name: TCPy); 2244 3,4-methylenedioxypyrovalerone (other name: MDPV); 2245 4-methylmethcathinone (other names: mephedrone, 4-MMC); 2246 3,4-methylenedioxymethcathinone (other name: methylone); 2247 Naphthylpyrovalerone (other name: naphyrone); 2248 4-fluoromethcathinone (other names: flephedrone, 4-FMC); 2249 4-methoxymethcathinone (other names: methedrone; bk-PMMA); 2250 Ethcathinone (other name: N-ethylcathinone): 2251 3.4-methylenedioxyethcathinone (other name: ethylone); 2252 Beta-keto-N-methyl-3,4-benzodioxolylbutanamine (other name: butylone); 2253 N,N-dimethylcathinone (other name: metamfepramone); Alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: alpha-PPP); 2254 2255 4-methoxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MOPPP); 2256 3,4-methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MDPPP); 2257 Alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: alpha-PVP); 2258 6,7-dihydro-5H-indeno-(5,6-d)-1,3-dioxol-6-amine (other name: MDAI); 2259 3-fluoromethcathinone (other name: 3-FMC); 2260 4-Ethyl-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: 2C-E); 2261 4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: 2C-I); 2262 4-Methylethcathinone (other name: 4-MEC); 2263 4-Ethylmethcathinone (other name: 4-EMC); 2264 N,N-diallyl-5-methoxytryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DALT); 2265 Beta-keto-methylbenzodioxolylpentanamine (other names: Pentylone, bk-MBDP); 2266 Alpha-methylamino-butyrophenone (other name: Buphedrone); 2267 Alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: Pentedrone); 2268 3,4-Dimethylmethcathinone (other name: 3,4-dmmc); 4-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinopropiophenone (other name: MPPP); 2269 2270 4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names: 25-I, 2271 25I-NBOMe, 2C-I-NBOMe);

- 2272 Methoxetamine (other names: MXE, 3-MeO-2-Oxo-PCE);
- **2273** 4-Fluoromethamphetamine (other name: 4-FMA);

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- **2274** 4-Fluoroamphetamine (other name: 4-FA);
- 2275 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-D);
- 2276 2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-C);
- 2277 2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (other name: 2C-T-2);
- 2278 2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine (other name: 2C-T-4);
- 2279 2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-H);
- 2280 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-N);
- **2281** 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine (other name: 2C-P);
- 2282 (2-aminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: APB);
- 2283 (2-aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (other name: APDB);
- 4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names:
 2285 2C-C-NBOMe, 25C-NBOMe, 25C);
- 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other names:
 2287 2C-B-NBOMe, 25B-NBOMe, 25B);
- 2288 Acetoxydimethyltryptamine (other names: AcO-Psilocin, AcO-DMT, Psilacetin);
- **2289** Benocyclidine (other names: BCP, BTCP);
- **2290** Alpha-pyrrolidinobutiophenone (other name: alpha-PBP);
- 2291 3,4-methylenedioxy-N,N-dimethylcathinone (other names: Dimethylone, bk-MDDMA);
- 4-bromomethcathinone (other name: 4-BMC);
- **2293** 4-chloromethcathinone (other name: 4-CMC);
- 4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25I-NBOH);
- 2295 Alpha-Pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: alpha-PHP);
- 2296 Alpha-Pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: PV8);
- **2297** 5-methoxy-N,N-methylisopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-MIPT);
- 2298 Beta-keto-N,N-dimethylbenzodioxolylbutanamine (other names: Dibutylone, bk-DMBDB);
- **2299** Beta-keto-4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: bk-2C-B);
- **2300** 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-pentanone (other name: N-ethylpentylone);
- **2301** 1-[1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 3-methoxy PČP);
- **2302** 1-[1-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 4-methoxy PCP);
- **2303** 4-Chloroethcathinone (other name: 4-CEC);
- **2304** 3-Methoxy-2-(methylamino)-1-(4-methylphenyl)-1-propanone (other name: Mexedrone);
- **2305** 1-propionyl lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: 1P-LSD);
- 2306 (2-Methylaminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: MAPB);

2307 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-1-pentanone (other names: N,N-Dimethylpentylone, 2308 Dipentylone);

- **2309** 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)octan-1-one (other name: 4-methoxy-PV9);
- **2310** 3,4-tetramethylene-alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: TH-PVP);
- **2311** 4-allyloxy-3,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine (other name: Allylescaline);
- **2312** 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25B-NBOH);
- **2313** 4-chloro-alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: 4-chloropentedrone);
- 2314 4-chloro-alpha-Pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: 4-chloro-alpha-PVP);
- **2315** 4-fluoro-alpha-Pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-PV8);
- **2316** 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4-OH-DIPT);
- **2317** 4-methyl-alpha-ethylaminopentiophenone;
- **2318** 4-methyl-alpha-Pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: MPHP);
- 2319 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-DMT);
- 2320 5-methoxy-N-ethyl-N-isopropyltryptamine (other name: 5-MeO-EIPT);
- **2321** 6-ethyl-6-nor-lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: ETH-LAD);
- 2322 6-allyl-6-nor-lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: AL-LAD);
- 2323 (N-methyl aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (other name: MAPDB);
- 2324 2-(methylamino)-2-phenyl-cyclohexanone (other name: Deschloroketamine);
- 2325 2-(ethylamino)-2-phenyl-cyclohexanone (other name: deschloro-N-ethyl-ketamine);
- 2326 2-methyl-1-(4-(methylthio)phenyl)-2-morpholinopropiophenone (other name: MMMP);
- 2327 Alpha-ethylaminohexanophenone (other name: N-ethylhexedrone);
- 2328 N-ethyl-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexylamine (other name: 3-methoxy-PCE);
- **2329** 4-fluoro-alpha-pyrrolidinohexiophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-alpha-PHP);
- **2330** N-ethyl-1,2-diphenylethylamine (other name: Ephenidine);
- **2331** 2,5-dimethoxy-4-chloroamphetamine (other name: DOC);
- **2332** 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-tert-butylcathinone;
- **2333** Alpha-pyrrolidinoisohexiophenone (other name: alpha-PiHP);
- **2334** 1-[1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexyl]piperidine (other name: 3-hydroxy PCP);
- **2335** 4-acetyloxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine (other name: 4-AcO-DALT);

- **2336** 4-hydroxy-N,N-methylisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4-hydroxy-MiPT);
- 2337 3,4-Methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinohexanophenone (other name: MDPHP);
- **2338** 5-methoxy-N,N-dibutyltryptamine (other name: 5-methoxy-DBT);
- **2339** 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(ethylamino)-1-butanone (other names: Eutylone, bk-EBDB);
- **2340** 1-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-(butylamino)-1-pentanone (other name: N-butylpentylone);
- **2341** N-benzyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-benzyl-3,4-DMA);
- **2342** 1-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2-(sec-butylamino)pentan-1-one (other name: N-sec-butyl Pentylone);
- **2343** 1-cyclopropionyl lysergic acid diethylamide (other name: 1cP-LSD);
- **2344** 2-(ethylamino)-1-phenylheptan-1-one (other name: N-ethylheptedrone);
- 2345 (2-ethylaminopropyl)benzofuran (other name: EAPB);
- **2346** 4-ethyl-2,5-dimethoxy-N-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]-benzeneethanamine (other name: 25E-NBOH);
- 2347 2-fluoro-Deschloroketamine (other name: 2-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone);
- **2348** 4-hydroxy-N-ethyl-N-propyltryptamine (other name: 4-hydroxy-EPT);
- 2349 2-(isobutylamino)-1-phenylhexan-1-one (other names: N-Isobutyl Hexedrone,
 2350 alpha-isobutylaminohexanphenone);
- 2351 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-methylpropan-2-amine (other names: para-Methoxymethamphetamine,
 2352 PMMA);
- **2353** N-ethyl-1-(3-hydroxyphenyl)cyclohexylamine (other name: 3-hydroxy-PCE);
- 2354 N-heptyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-heptyl-3,4-DMA);
- 2355 N-hexyl-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-hexyl-3,4-DMA);
- **2356** 4-fluoro-3-methyl-alpha-pyrrolidinovalerophenone (other name: 4-fluoro-3-methyl-alpha-PVP);
- **2357** 4-fluoro-alpha-methylamino-valerophenone (other name: 4-fluoropentedrone);
- 2358 N-(1,4-dimethylpentyl)-3,4-dimethoxyamphetamine (other name: N-(1,4-dimethylpentyl)-3,4-DMA);
- 2359 4,5-methylenedioxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine (other name: 4,5-MDO-DiPT);
- 2360 Alpha-pyrrolidinocyclohexanophenone (other name: alpha-PCYP);
- **2361** 3,4-methylenedioxy-alpha-pyrrolidinoheptiophenone (other name: MDPV8);
- **2362** 4-chloro-alpha-methylaminobutiophenone (other name: 4-chloro Buphedrone).
- 4. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture
 or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the
 central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such
 salts, isomers and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 2367 5-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-3-methyl-7-nitro-2H-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (other name:
 2368 Meclonazepam);
- **2369** 7-chloro-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one (other name: Norfludiazepam);
- **2370** Bromazolam;
- **2371** Clonazolam;
- 2372 Deschloroetizolam;
- **2373** Etizolam;
- **2374** Flualprazolam;
- 2375 Flubromazepam;
- **2376** Flubromazolam;
- 2377 Gamma hydroxybutyric acid (some other names include GHB; gamma hydroxybutyrate;
 2378 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate);
- 2379 Mecloqualone;
- 2380 Methaqualone.
- 5. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture
 or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the
 central nervous system, including its salts, isomers and salts of isomers:
- **2384** 2-(3-fluorophenyl)-3-methylmorpholine (other name: 3-fluorophenmetrazine);
- 2385 Aminorex (some trade or other names; aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline;
 2386 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
- 2387 Cathinone (some trade or other names: 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone, alpha-aminopropiophenone,
 2388 2-aminopropiophenone, norephedrone), and any plant material from which Cathinone may be derived;
- **2389** Cis-4-methylaminorex (other name: cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);
- **2390** Ethylamphetamine;
- **2391** Ethyl phenyl(piperidin-2-yl)acetate (other name: Ethylphenidate);
- 2392 Fenethylline;
- 2393 Methcathinone (some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone;
 2394 alpha-(methylamino)-propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one;
 2395 alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; monomethylpropion; ephedrone; N-methylcathinone;
- **2396** methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463 and UR 1432);

2397 N-Benzylpiperazine (some other names: BZP, 1-benzylpiperazine);

2398 N,N-dimethylamphetamine (other names: N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine,
 2399 N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine);

2400 Methyl 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(2-piperidinyl)acetate (other name: 4-fluoromethylphenidate);

2401 Isopropyl-2-phenyl-2-(2-piperidinyl)acetate (other name: Isopropylphenidate);

2402 4-chloro-N,N-dimethylcathinone;

2403 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-benzylcathinone (other name: BMDP).

6. Any substance that contains one or more cannabimimetic agents or that contains their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation, and any preparation, mixture, or substance containing, or mixed or infused with, any detectable amount of one or more cannabimimetic agents.

a. "Cannabimimetic agents" includes any substance that is within any of the following structural classes:

2410 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol with substitution at the 5-position of the phenolic ring by alkyl or2411 alkenyl, whether or not substituted on the cyclohexyl ring to any extent;

3-(1-naphthoyl)indole or 1H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane with substitution at the nitrogen atom of
the indole ring, whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not
substituted on the naphthoyl or naphthyl ring to any extent;

3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the pyrrole ring, whether or not
further substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthoyl ring to
any extent;

2418 1-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene with substitution of the 3-position of the indene ring, whether or not further substituted in the indene ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the naphthyl ring to any extent;

3-phenylacetylindole or 3-benzoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring,
whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the
phenyl ring to any extent;

3-cyclopropoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring, whether or not further
substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the cyclopropyl ring to any
extent;

3-adamantoylindole with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring, whether or not further
substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any
extent;

2430 N-(adamantyl)-indole-3-carboxamide with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring,
2431 whether or not further substituted on the indole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the
2432 adamantyl ring to any extent; and

2433 N-(adamantyl)-indazole-3-carboxamide with substitution at a nitrogen atom of the indazole ring,
2434 whether or not further substituted on the indazole ring to any extent, whether or not substituted on the adamantyl ring to any extent.

- b. The term "cannabimimetic agents" includes:
- **2437** 5-(1,1-Dimethylheptyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497);
- 2438 5-(1,1-Dimethylhexyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C6 homolog);
- **2439** 5-(1,1-Dimethyloctyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C8 homolog);
- **2440** 5-(1,1-Dimethylnonyl)-2-[3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol (other name: CP 47,497 C9 homolog);
- 2441 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other names: JWH-018, AM-678);
- 2442 1-butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-073);
- **2443** 1-pentyl-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (other name: JWH-250);
- **2444** 1-hexyl-3-(naphthalen-1-oyl)indole (other name: JWH-019);
- **2445** 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-200);
- 2446 (6aR, 10aR) 9 (hydroxymethyl) 6, 6 dimethyl 3 (2 methyloctan 2 yl) 6a, 7, 10, 10a tet2447 rahydrobenzo[c]chromen-1-ol (other name: HU-210);
- **2448** 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxy-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-081);
- **2449** 1-pentyl-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-122);
- **2450** 1-pentyl-3-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)indole (other name: JWH-203);
- **2451** 1-pentyl-3-(4-ethyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-210);
- **2452** 1-pentyl-3-(4-chloro-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: JWH-398);
- **2453** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (other name: AM-694);
- 2454 1-((N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: AM-1220);
- **2455** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (other name: AM-2201);
- **2456** 1-[(N-methylpiperidin-2-yl)methyl]-3-(2-iodobenzoyl)indole (other name: AM-2233);
- **2457** Pravadoline (4-methoxyphenyl)-[2-methyl-1-(2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl)indol-3-yl]methanone (other and name: WIN 48,098);

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- **2459** 1-pentyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)indole (other names: RCS-4, SR-19);
- **2460** 1-(2-cyclohexylethyl)-3-(2-methoxyphenylacetyl)indole (other names: RCS-8, SR-18);
- **2461** 1-pentyl-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other name: UR-144);
- **2462** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other names: XLR-11, **2463** 5-fluoro-UR-144);
- **2464** N-adamantyl-1-fluoropentylindole-3-carboxamide (other name: STS-135);
- 2465 N-adamantyl-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other names: AKB48, APINACA);
- **2466** 1-pentyl-3-(1-adamantoyl)indole (other name: AB-001);
- **2467** (8-quinolinyl)(1-pentylindol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: PB-22);
- **2468** (8-quinolinyl)(1-(5-fluoropentyl)indol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: 5-fluoro-PB-22);
- 2469 (8-quinolinyl)(1-cyclohexylmethyl-indol-3-yl)carboxylate (other name: BB-22);
- 2470 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name: AB-PINACA);
- **2471** N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: AB-FUBINACA);
- **2473** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(1-naphthoyl)indazole (other name: THJ-2201);
- 2474 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 2475 ADB-PINACA);
- **2476** N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: **2477** AB-CHMINACA);
- 2478 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2479 5-fluoro-AB-PINACA);
- 2480 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other names:
 2481 ADB-CHMINACA, MAB-CHMINACA);
- 2482 Methyl-2-(1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido)-3-methylbutanoate (other name:
 2483 5-fluoro-AMB);
- **2484** 1-naphthalenyl 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (other name: NM-2201);
- **2485** 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-3-(2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropylmethanone)indole (other name: FUB-144);
- **2486** 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-3-(4-methyl-1-naphthoyl)indole (other name MAM-2201);
- 2487 N-(1-Amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide
 2488 (other name: ADB-FUBINACA);
- 2489 Methyl 2-[1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
 2490 MDMB-FUBINACA);
- 2491 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names:
 2492 5-fluoro-ADB, 5-Fluoro-MDMB-PINACA);
- **2493** Methyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate (other and names: AMB-FUBINACA, FUB-AMB);
- **2495** N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other names: FUB-AKB48, **2496** 5F-APINACA);
- 2497 N-(adamantan-1-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5F-AKB48);
- 2498 N-(adamantanyl)-1-(5-chloropentyl) indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5-chloro-AKB48);
- 2499 Naphthalen-1-yl 1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxylate (other name: SDB-005);
- 2500 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)indole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2501 AB-CHMICA);
- **2502** 1-pentyl-N-(phenylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (other name: SDB-006);
- **2503** Ouinolin-8-vl 1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate (other name: FUB-PB-22);
- **2504** Methyl N-[1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carbonyl]valinate (other name: MMB-CHMICA);
- **2505** N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: **2506** 5-fluoro-ADB-PINACA);
- 2507 1-(4-cyanobutyl)-N-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other name: 4-cyano
 2508 CUMYL-BUTINACA);
- Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names: 5-fluoro
 MDMB-PICA, 5F-MDMB-PICA);
- 2511 Ethyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate (other name:
 2512 EMB-FUBINACA);
- 2513 Methyl 2-[1-4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
 2514 4-fluoro-MDMB-BUTINACA);
- 2515 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide (other name: 5-fluoro
 2516 CUMYL-PICA);
- 2517 Methyl 2-[1-(pent-4-enyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamindo]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
 2518 MDMB-4en-PINACA);
- **2519** Methyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate (other names:

- **2520** MMB-FUBICA, AMB-FUBICA);
- Methyl 2-[1-(4-penten-1-yl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other names: MMB022, MMB-4en-PICA);
- 2523 Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other name: MMB 2201);
- **2524** Methyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-phenylpropanoate (other name: **2525** 5-fluoro-MPP-PICA);
- 2526 N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-butylindazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2527 ADB-BUTINACA);
- 2528 N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-chloropentyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 2529 5-chloro-AB-PINACA);
- 2530 1-(5-fluoropentyl)-N-(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide (other names:
 2531 5F-CUMYL-PINACA, 5-fluoro CUMYL-PINACA, CUMYL-5F-PINACA);
- 2532 Ethyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names:
 2533 5F-EDMB-PINACA, 5-fluoro EDMB-PINACA);
- 2534 Ethyl-2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other names:
 2535 5-fluoro-EMB-PINACA, 5F-AEB);
- 2536 Ethyl 2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3-methylbutanoate (other name:
 2537 5-fluoro-EMB-PICA);
- **2538** Ethyl-2-[1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name: 5-fluoro **2539** EDMB-PICA);
- 2540 Methyl 2-[1-(4-fluorobutyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido]-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other name:
 2541 4-fluoro-MDMB-BUTICA);
- **2542** Methyl 2-(1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamido)-3,3-dimethylbutanoate (other names: **2543** MDMB-CHMICA, MMB-CHMINACA);
- N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(pent-4-enyl)indazole-3-carboxamide (other name:
 ADB-4en-PINACA).
- 2546 2. That Article 5 (§§ 3.2-5145.1 through 3.2-5145.5) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia is repealed.
- 2548 3. That the provisions of this act creating in Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 an article numbered 6, consisting of sections numbered 3.2-5145.6 through 3.2-5145.9, and repealing Article 5 2549 2550 (§§ 3.2-5145.1 through 3.2-5145.5) of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia shall become effective on the earlier of (i) the promulgation by the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis 2551 2552 Control Authority of final regulations governing regulated hemp products pursuant to § 4.1-606 of 2553 the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, or (ii) January 1, 2024. Any regulation promulgated 2554 by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to Article 5 of Chapter 51 of 2555 Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia, as repealed by this act, shall remain in full force and effect and 2556 continue to be administered by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services until the effective date of the repeal of Article 5 of Chapter 51 of Title 3.2 of the Code of Virginia. 2557
- 4. That, except as otherwise provided in the third enactment, the Board of Directors (the Board) 2558 2559 of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority shall promulgate regulations to implement the 2560 provisions of the first enactment by September 1, 2023. With the exception of § 2.2-4031 of the Code of Virginia, neither the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the 2561 2562 Code of Virginia) nor public participation guidelines adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the Board's initial adoption of regulations to implement the provisions of the first enactment. 2563 However, prior to adopting any regulation, the Board shall publish a notice of opportunity to 2564 2565 comment in the Virginia Register of Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory 2566 Town Hall. Such notice of opportunity to comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed 2567 regulation; (ii) the text of the proposed regulation; and (iii) the name, address, and telephone 2568 number of the agency contact person responsible for receiving public comments. Such notice shall 2569 be made at least 60 days in advance of the last date prescribed in such notice for submittals of 2570 public comment. The legislative review provisions of subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 of the Code of Virginia shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for regulations pursuant to 2571 2572 this section. The Board shall consider and keep on file all public comments received for any 2573 regulation adopted pursuant to this act.
- 5. That, except as otherwise provided in the sixth enactment of this act, the Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority shall not issue any license pursuant to the provisions of this act prior to July 1, 2024.
- 2577 6. § 1. That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, any pharmaceutical processor that holds
 2578 a permit pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6 of the Code of Virginia shall be authorized to sell cannabis
 2579 products as defined in § 54.1-3408.3 of the Code of Virginia to persons who are 21 years of age or
- 2580 older without the need for a written certification. The Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis
- 2581 Control Authority (the Board) shall adopt, by January 1, 2024, and enforce regulations governing

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- 2582 sales and related activities conducted pursuant to this enactment that shall model, to the greatest
- 2583 extent practicable, the regulations of the Board of Pharmacy governing pharmaceutical processors

set forth in 18VAC110-60 of the Virginia Administrative Code, subject to the following exceptions and requirements:

1. Part II (18VAC110-60-30 et seq.) of 18VAC110-60 and 18VAC110-60-310 of the Virginia Administrative Code shall not apply;

2588 2. Pharmaceutical processors engaging in sales pursuant to the provisions of this enactment 2589 shall:

a. Sell cannabis products only in opaque, child-resistant, tamper-evident, and resealable packaging;

b. Report quarterly to the Board data regarding all sales conducted pursuant to this enactment, including information regarding violations, errors, and omissions;

c. Be permitted to cultivate in no more than 80,000 square feet of canopy the number of cannabis plants, as determined by the pharmaceutical processor, necessary to serve the demand for sales created by this enactment;

d. Dedicate a sufficient number of registers at each facility to registered patient sales and maintain sufficient inventory of cannabis products to satisfy the demands of such patients;

2599 e. Submit to the Board and, upon approval by the Board, comply with a diversity, equity, and 2600 inclusion plan describing how the pharmaceutical processor will, in its health service area or other 2601 area determined by the Board, (i) educate consumers about responsible consumption of cannabis 2602 products and (ii) incubate five retail franchisees in a historically economically disadvantaged 2603 community for a period of three years and support and educate applicants in a historically 2604 economically disadvantaged community that wish to participate in the cannabis market. The 2605 Board shall begin accepting applicants from retail franchisee applicants on July 1, 2023, vet such 2606 applicants, and present the Board's selections to each pharmaceutical processor. Each 2607 pharmaceutical processor shall select five retail franchisees from such pool by September 1, 2023. 2608 Such retail franchisees shall have the same retail sale authority granted to the pharmaceutical 2609 processor and may begin sales on January 1, 2024; and

2610 f. Pay a one-time \$6 million fee to the Department of Taxation prior to engaging in sales 2611 pursuant to this enactment;

2612 3. Pharmaceutical processors engaging in sales pursuant to the provisions of this enactment 2613 shall not:

2614 a. Deliver cannabis products or sell cannabis products at any location other than the 2615 pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facilities for which the pharmaceutical 2616 processor holds a permit pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6 of the Code of Virginia;

2617 b. Advertise cannabis products to persons younger than 21 years of age;

2618 c. Sell to a person in a single transaction more than (i) one ounce of botanical cannabis
2619 products, (ii) five grams of cannabis concentrate products, or (iii) a quantity of infused cannabis
2620 products that contains more than 500 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol;

2621 d. Sell any nonbotanical cannabis product with an individual unit dose containing more than 10 2622 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol;

e. Be required to comply with any Board regulation, requirement, or restriction that does not
model, to the greatest extent practicable, the regulations of the Board of Pharmacy or exceptions
thereto set forth in this enactment unless such regulation, requirement, or restriction is adopted by
the General Assembly; or

2627 f. Be subject to administrative action, liability, or other penalty based on the acts or omissions 2628 of any independent cannabis retailer; and

4. Persons without a written certification shall be permitted to access pharmaceutical processor
and dispensing facilities for the purpose of purchasing cannabis products in accordance with the
provisions of this enactment.

For the purposes of this enactment, "canopy" means any area dedicated to live marijuana plant cultivation, including areas in which plants are grown, propagated, cloned, or maintained. If any such areas are stacked vertically, each level of space shall be measured and included in the total canopy square footage.

2636 § 2. The Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority may suspend the
2637 privileges of a pharmaceutical processor to engage in sales under this enactment for substantial
2638 and repeated violations of the provisions of this enactment.

§ 3. A tax of 21 percent shall be levied on the sale of cannabis products pursuant to this
enactment, which shall be in addition to any tax imposed under Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of
Title 58.1 of the Code of Virginia or any other provision of federal, state, or local law.
Pharmaceutical processors shall remit such tax to the Department of Taxation. The Department of

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2643 Taxation shall deposit tax revenues from the 21 percent excise tax, as well as the fees received 2644 from pharmaceutical processors pursuant to § 1, into the account of the Virginia Cannabis Control 2645 Authority to be used to provide loans to applicants in a historically economically disadvantaged 2646 community who are in need of capital for the start-up of a licensed cannabis business.

2647 Any locality may by ordinance levy a three percent tax on the sale of cannabis products 2648 pursuant to this enactment. Such local tax shall be in addition to any local sales tax imposed 2649 under Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of Title 58.1, any food and beverage tax imposed under Article 7.1 (§ 58.1-3833 et seq.) of Chapter 38 of Title 58.1, and any excise tax imposed on meals 2650 2651 under § 58.1-3840. If a town imposes a tax under this section, any tax imposed by its surrounding 2652 county under this section shall not apply within the limits of the town. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a locality from imposing any tax authorized by law on a person or 2653 property regulated under this enactment. Any locality that enacts an ordinance pursuant to this section shall, within 30 days, notify the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and any 2654 2655 2656 pharmaceutical processor in such locality of the ordinance's enactment. The ordinance shall take effect on the first day of the second month following its enactment. Any local tax levied under this 2657 2658 section shall be remitted and disbursed to the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority in the same 2659 manner as the 21 percent state excise tax and, thereafter, disbursed to the applicable locality.

2660 § 4. The Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority and the Department of 2661 Taxation may assess and collect fees from each pharmaceutical processor that sells cannabis 2662 products pursuant to this enactment in an amount sufficient to recover the costs associated with 2663 the implementation of the provisions of this enactment.

§ 5. The provisions of this enactment shall not apply to or otherwise affect the sale of cannabis 2664 products to patients with written certifications by pharmaceutical processors pursuant to Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) of the Drug Control Act. 2665 2666

2667 § 6. No agent or employee of a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall be prosecuted under Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1 or § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 2668 18.2-250 of the Code of Virginia for possession or manufacture of marijuana or for possession, 2669 2670 manufacture, or distribution of cannabis products, subject to any civil penalty, denied any right or privilege, or subject to any disciplinary action by a professional licensing board if such agent or 2671 2672 employee (i) possessed or manufactured such marijuana for the purposes of producing cannabis 2673 products in accordance with the provisions of this enactment or (ii) possessed, manufactured, or 2674 distributed such cannabis products that are consistent with generally accepted cannabis industry 2675 standards in accordance with the provisions of this enactment.

2676 § 7. The Board of Directors of the Virginia Cannabis Control Authority's (the Board) initial 2677 adoption of regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this enactment shall be exempt 2678 from the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of Virginia), except that the 2679 Board shall provide an opportunity for public comment on the regulations prior to adoption. 2680

§ 8. That the provisions of this enactment shall become effective on January 1, 2024.

2681 § 9. That the provisions of this enactment shall expire when the Virginia Cannabis Control 2682 Authority (the Authority) provides written notice to the Division of Legislative Services that pharmaceutical processors engaging in the sale of cannabis products pursuant to the provisions of 2683 2684 this enactment are authorized by the Authority to apply for and be granted licenses to cultivate, 2685 manufacture, wholesale, and sell at retail to consumers 21 years of age or older retail marijuana 2686 and retail marijuana products at the pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facilities 2687 for which the pharmaceutical processor holds a permit pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6 of the Code of 2688 Virginia.

7. That on or before September 1, 2023, the Department of Corrections, sheriff of a local jail, 2689 2690 regional director of a regional jail, and the Department of Juvenile Justice, respectively, shall 2691 determine which individuals currently incarcerated in such state correctional facility, local 2692 correctional facility, or secure facility, or placed on community supervision, respectively, meet the 2693 criteria for a hearing on the modification of sentence as set forth in subsections A and B of 2694 § 19.2-303.03 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, and shall (i) provide an electronic list 2695 of such individuals to the clerk of each circuit court in the jurisdiction where the individual was 2696 sentenced and (ii) notify all such individuals that they may be eligible for modification of their 2697 sentence, a hearing will be scheduled for such determination, and that they may file a petition for 2698 assistance of counsel and a statement of indigency.

2699 8. That within 30 days of receiving the electronic list provided under the seventh enactment of this 2700 act, the clerk of each circuit court shall notify the chief judge of that circuit court who shall 2701 subsequently set a hearing within the timeframes required pursuant to subsections A and B of § 19.2-303.03 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, for each individual to determine 2702 2703 whether to modify such individual's sentence.

2704 9. That the provisions of § 19.2-303.03 of the Code of Virginia, as created by this act, and the 2705 seventh and eighth enactments of this act shall expire on July 1, 2026.

10. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, requires the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.