2023 SESSION

	23102953D			
1	SENATE BILL NO. 1075			
2	Offered January 11, 2023			
2 3	Prefiled January 9, 2023			
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 56-585.1 and 56-597 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code			
5	of Virginia by adding a section numbered 56-585.8, relating to Phase I Utilities; annual rate true-up			
6	reviews.			
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9	Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor			
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10	Poit anastad by the Conaral Assambly of Virginia.			
12	1. That §§ 56-585.1 and 56-597 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the			
13	Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 56-585.8 as follows:			
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15	expire.			
16	A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for			
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19	proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified			
20	herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity			
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22	any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return			
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28	in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined			
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30	and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the			
31	Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine			
32	the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the			
33	utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined			
34	rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to			
35	provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less			
36	than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on			
37	common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall			
38	be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the			
39	Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the			
40	utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than			
41	the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to			
42	direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above			
43	the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event			
44	such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the			
45	Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer			
46	classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target			
47	rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design			
48	base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall			
49	conduct reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and			
50	transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following			
51	provisions:			
52	1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis,			
52	and such reviews shall be conducted in a single combined presseding Dursuent to subsection A of			

1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis, and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. Pursuant to subsection A of § 56-585.1:1, the Commission shall conduct a review for a Phase I Utility in 2020, utilizing the three successive 12-month test periods beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2019. Thereafter, reviews for a Phase I Utility will be on a triennial basis with subsequent proceedings utilizing the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such review proceeding is conducted. Pursuant to subsection A of § 56-585.1:1, the Commission shall

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59 conduct a review for a Phase II Utility in 2021, utilizing the four successive 12-month test periods 60 beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2020, with subsequent reviews on a triennial basis utilizing the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year 61 in which such review proceeding is conducted. All such reviews occurring after December 31, 2017, 62 shall be referred to as triennial reviews. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an 63 64 investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case 65 settlement adopted by the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a Phase II Utility is an investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement. 66

67 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, the fair rate of return on common equity applicable
68 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
69 combined, and for any rate adjustment clauses approved under subdivision 5 or 6, shall be determined
70 by the Commission during each such triennial review, as follows:

a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the 71 public interest, but for applications received by the Commission on or after January 1, 2020, such return 72 73 shall not be set lower than the average of either (i) the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are 74 75 available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such triennial review or 76 77 (ii) the authorized returns on common equity that are set by the applicable regulatory commissions for 78 the same selected peer group, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 150 basis points 79 higher than such average.

80 b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities for applications received by the Commission on or after January 1, 2020, the Commission shall first remove from such group the 81 82 two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported or authorized, as applicable, returns of the 83 group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported or authorized, as applicable, returns of the group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities 84 85 remaining in such peer group. In its final order regarding such triennial review, the Commission shall 86 identify the utilities in such peer group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of 87 this subdivision, an investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its 88 principal operations are conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in 89 either the states of West Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of 90 Tennessee, (ii) it is a vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and 91 distribution services whose facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the 92 state where its principal operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by 93 Moody's Investors Service of at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such 94 triennial review, and (iv) it is not an affiliate of the utility subject to such triennial review.

95 c. The Commission may, consistent with its precedent for incumbent electric utilities prior to the
96 enactment of Chapters 888 and 933 of the Acts of Assembly of 2007, increase or decrease the utility's
97 combined rate of return based on the Commission's consideration of the utility's performance.

98 d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has 99 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a 100 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 101 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since 102 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 103 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall 104 be made without regard to any enhanced rate of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the 105 provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration 106 107 of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and 108 industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of 109 goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if less than the Current Return were utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other 110 111 factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that 112 use of the Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, 113 then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for such utility shall be calculated, for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a 114 115 percentage at least equal to the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor 116 117 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined 118 the Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision:

"Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the InitialReturn for such utility.

"Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required forany Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

"Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility
by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection
pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

f. The determination of such returns shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and
 specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to
 facilities described in subdivision 6.

134 g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by the generation and distribution 135 services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined or, for any test 136 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 137 Phase I Utility, such return is no more than 70 basis points above or below the return as so determined, 138 such combined return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively. However, for 139 any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility, and after December 31, 140 2013, for a Phase I Utility, if the utility has, during the test period or periods under review, earned 141 below the return as so determined, whether or not such combined return is within 70 basis points of the 142 return as so determined, the utility may petition the Commission for approval of an increase in rates in 143 accordance with the provisions of subdivision 8 a as if it had earned more than 70 basis points below a 144 fair combined rate of return, and such proceeding shall otherwise be conducted in accordance with the 145 provisions of this section. The provisions of this subdivision are subject to the provisions of subdivision 146 8.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent triennial review.

150 3. Each such utility shall make a triennial filing by March 31 of every third year, with such filings 151 commencing for a Phase I Utility in 2020, and such filings commencing for a Phase II Utility in 2021, 152 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 153 applications. Such filing shall encompass the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 154 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted, except that the filing for a 155 Phase II Utility in 2021 shall encompass the four successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 156 2020, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately and shall be segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines that rates 157 158 should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any rate 159 adjustment clauses previously implemented related to facilities utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines 160 described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the utility's costs, revenues and investments until the 161 amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment clauses are fully recovered, except as provided in 162 § 56-585.8. The Commission shall combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues and 163 investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or credits 164 to customers' bills, and the amounts thereof, but after such clauses are combined as herein specified, 165 they shall thereafter be considered part of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the purposes of future triennial review proceedings. In a triennial filing under this subdivision that does not result in 166 167 an overall rate change a utility may propose an adjustment to one or more tariffs that are revenue 168 neutral to the utility.

4. (Expires December 31, 2023) The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed 169 170 reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional 171 transmission entity of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and 172 conditions approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; (ii) costs charged to the utility that 173 are associated with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 174 and administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member; and (iii) costs 175 incurred by the utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in 176 order to provide service to a business park. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the expiration or 177 termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without limitation, costs for 178 179 transmission service; charges for new and existing transmission facilities, including costs incurred by the 180 utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in order to provide service to a business park; administrative charges; and ancillary service charges designed to recover 181

transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to
recover these costs shall be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate
schedules.

185 4. (Effective January 1, 2024) The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable 186 and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity 187 of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved 188 by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and 189 190 administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a 191 utility at any time after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 192 12-month period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission 193 194 facilities, administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, 195 shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall 196 be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

197 5. A utility *Phase II Utility* may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission for approval of one or more rate adjustment clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1, 2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving
programs or pilot programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is
in the public interest, provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are
reasonable;

209 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency 210 programs or pilot programs. Any such petition shall include a proposed budget for the design, 211 implementation, and operation of the energy efficiency program, including anticipated savings from and 212 spending on each program, and the Commission shall grant a final order on such petitions within eight 213 months of initial filing. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it finds that the program 214 is in the public interest. If the Commission determines that an energy efficiency program or portfolio of 215 programs is not in the public interest, its final order shall include all work product and analysis 216 conducted by the Commission's staff in relation to that program that has bearing upon the Commission's 217 determination. Such order shall adhere to existing protocols for extraordinarily sensitive information.

Energy efficiency pilot programs are in the public interest provided that the pilot program is (i) of
 limited scope, cost, and duration and (ii) intended to determine whether a new or substantially revised
 program would be cost-effective.

221 Prior to January 1, 2022, the Commission shall award a margin for recovery on operating expenses 222 for energy efficiency programs and pilot programs, which margin shall be equal to the general rate of 223 return on common equity determined as described in subdivision 2. Beginning January 1, 2022, and 224 thereafter, if the Commission determines that the utility meets in any year the annual energy efficiency 225 standards set forth in § 56-596.2, in the following year, the Commission shall award a margin on energy 226 efficiency program operating expenses in that year, to be recovered through a rate adjustment clause, 227 which margin shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in 228 subdivision 2. If the Commission does not approve energy efficiency programs that, in the aggregate, 229 can achieve the annual energy efficiency standards, the Commission shall award a margin on energy 230 efficiency operating expenses in that year for any programs the Commission has approved, to be 231 recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision, which margin shall equal the general 232 rate of return on common equity determined as described in subdivision 2. Any margin awarded 233 pursuant to this subdivision shall be applied as part of the utility's next rate adjustment clause true-up proceeding. The Commission shall also award an additional 20 basis points for each additional 234 incremental 0.1 percent in annual savings in any year achieved by the utility's energy efficiency 235 236 programs approved by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision, beyond the annual requirements set 237 forth in § 56-596.2, provided that the total performance incentive awarded in any year shall not exceed 238 10 percent of that utility's total energy efficiency program spending in that same year.

The Commission shall annually monitor and report to the General Assembly the performance of all programs approved pursuant to this subdivision, including each utility's compliance with the total annual savings required by § 56-596.2, as well as the annual and lifecycle net and gross energy and capacity savings, related emissions reductions, and other quantifiable benefits of each program; total customer bill savings that the programs produce; utility spending on each program, including any associated

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244 administrative costs; and each utility's avoided costs and cost-effectiveness results.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless the Commission finds in its discretion and after consideration of all in-state and regional transmission entity resources that there is a threat to the reliability or security of electric service to the utility's customers, the Commission shall not approve construction of any new utility-owned generating facilities that emit carbon dioxide as a by-product of combusting fuel to generate electricity unless the utility has already met the energy savings goals identified in § 56-596.2 and the Commission finds that supply-side resources are more cost-effective than demand-side or energy storage resources.

As used in this subdivision, "large general service customer" means a customer that has a verifiable history of having used more than one megawatt of demand from a single site.

254 Large general service customers shall be exempt from requirements that they participate in energy 255 efficiency programs if the Commission finds that the large general service customer has, at the 256 customer's own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have produced or will produce 257 measured and verified results consistent with industry standards and other regulatory criteria stated in this section. The Commission shall, no later than June 30, 2021, adopt rules or regulations (a) 258 259 establishing the process for large general service customers to apply for such an exemption, (b) 260 establishing the administrative procedures by which eligible customers will notify the utility, and (c) defining the standard criteria that shall be satisfied by an applicant in order to notify the utility, 261 262 including means of evaluation measurement and verification and confidentiality requirements. At a 263 minimum, such rules and regulations shall require that each exempted large general service customer 264 certify to the utility and Commission that its implemented energy efficiency programs have delivered 265 measured and verified savings within the prior five years. In adopting such rules or regulations, the 266 Commission shall also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such notice, taking 267 into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process, as well as its administration of 268 energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. Savings from large 269 general service customers shall be accounted for in utility reporting in the standards in § 56-596.2.

The notice of nonparticipation by a large general service customer shall be for the duration of the service life of the customer's energy efficiency measures. The Commission may on its own motion initiate steps necessary to verify such nonparticipant's achievement of energy efficiency if the Commission has a body of evidence that the nonparticipant has knowingly misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement.

A utility shall not charge such large general service customer for the costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond what is required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's premises if the customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant proceedings pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the **280** Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of compliance with renewable energy portfolio standard requirements
pursuant to § 56-585.5 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs incurred as required by § 56-585.5, provided that the Commission does not otherwise find such costs were unreasonably or imprudently incurred;

e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to mitigate
impacts to marine life caused by construction of offshore wind generating facilities, as described in
§ 56-585.1:11, or to comply with state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to
generation facilities used to serve the utility's native load obligations, including the costs of allowances
purchased through a market-based trading program for carbon dioxide emissions. The Commission shall
approve such a petition if it finds that such costs are necessary to comply with such environmental laws

f. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate programs approved by the Commission that accelerate the vegetation management of distribution rights-of-way. No costs shall be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the large general service rate classes for a Phase II Utility or that are served at subtransmission or transmission voltage, or take delivery at a substation served from subtransmission or transmission voltage, for a Phase I Utility; and

g. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate
programs approved by the Commission to provide incentives to (i) low-income, elderly, and disabled
individuals or (ii) organizations providing residential services to low-income, elderly, and disabled
individuals for the installation of, or access to, equipment to generate electric energy derived from
sunlight, provided the low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, or organizations providing
residential services to low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, first participate in incentive
programs for the installation of measures that reduce heating or cooling costs.

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Any rate adjustment clause approved under subdivision 5 c by the Commission shall remain in effect
 until the utility exhausts the approved budget for the energy efficiency program. The Commission shall
 have the authority to determine the duration or amortization period for any other rate adjustment clause
 approved under this subdivision.

309 6. To ensure the generation and delivery of a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the 310 utility's projected native load obligations and to promote economic development, a utility Phase II 311 Utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for approval of a rate adjustment clause for recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the 312 313 costs of (i) a coal-fueled generation facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield 314 region of the Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located 315 within or without the utility's service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, (iii) one or more major unit modifications of generation facilities, including the costs of any system or equipment 316 317 upgrade, system or equipment replacement, or other cost reasonably appropriate to extend the combined 318 operating license for or the operating life of one or more generation facilities utilizing nuclear power, 319 (iv) one or more new underground facilities to replace one or more existing overhead distribution 320 facilities of 69 kilovolts or less located within the Commonwealth, (v) one or more pumped hydroelectricity generation and storage facilities that utilize on-site or off-site renewable energy 321 resources as all or a portion of their power source and such facilities and associated resources are 322 323 located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether 324 such facility is located within or without the utility's service territory, or (vi) one or more electric 325 distribution grid transformation projects; however, subject to the provisions of the following sentence, 326 the utility shall not file a petition under clause (iv) more often than annually and, in such petition, shall 327 not seek any annual incremental increase in the level of investments associated with such a petition that 328 exceeds five percent of such utility's distribution rate base, as such rate base was determined for the 329 most recently ended 12-month test period in the utility's latest review proceeding conducted pursuant to 330 subdivision 3 and concluded by final order of the Commission prior to the date of filing of such petition under clause (iv). In all proceedings regarding petitions filed under clause (iv) or (vi), the level of 331 332 investments approved for recovery in such proceedings shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, levels 333 of investments previously approved for recovery in prior proceedings under clause (iv) or (vi), as applicable. As of December 1, 2028, any costs recovered by a utility *Phase II Utility* pursuant to clause 334 335 (iv) shall be limited to any remaining costs associated with conversions of overhead distribution facilities 336 to underground facilities that have been previously approved or are pending approval by the Commission 337 through a petition by the utility under this subdivision. Such a petition concerning facilities described in 338 clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power, facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be 339 built by a Phase I Utility, or facilities described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or 340 termination of capped rates. A utility Phase II Utility that constructs or makes modifications to any such 341 facility, or purchases any facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in 342 343 whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, shall have the right to recover the costs of the 344 facility, as accrued against income, through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, 345 and any associated allowance for funds used during construction, planning, development and 346 construction or acquisition costs, life-cycle costs, costs related to assessing the feasibility of potential 347 sites for new underground facilities, and costs of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive 348 to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate of return on common equity calculated as specified below; 349 however, in determining the amounts recoverable under a rate adjustment clause for new underground 350 facilities, the Commission shall not consider, or increase or reduce such amounts recoverable because of 351 (a) the operation and maintenance costs attributable to either the overhead distribution facilities being 352 replaced or the new underground facilities or (b) any other costs attributable to the overhead distribution 353 facilities being replaced. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the costs described in clauses (a) and 354 (b) thereof shall remain eligible for recovery from customers through the utility's base rates for 355 distribution service. A utility Phase II Utility filing a petition for approval to construct or purchase a 356 facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight 357 and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from 358 one or more Virginia businesses may propose a rate adjustment clause based on a market index in lieu 359 of a cost of service model for such facility. A utility seeking approval to construct or purchase a generating facility that emits carbon dioxide shall demonstrate that it has already met the energy savings 360 goals identified in § 56-596.2 and that the identified need cannot be met more affordably through the 361 deployment or utilization of demand-side resources or energy storage resources and that it has 362 considered and weighed alternative options, including third-party market alternatives, in its selection 363 364 process.

365 The costs of the facility, other than return on projected construction work in progress and allowance **366** for funds used during construction, shall not be recovered prior to the date a facility constructed by the

367 utility Phase II Utility and described in clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (v) begins commercial operation, the date 368 the utility becomes the owner of a purchased generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date 369 370 371 new underground facilities are classified by the utility as plant in service. In any application to construct 372 a new generating facility, the utility shall include, and the Commission shall consider, the social cost of 373 carbon, as determined by the Commission, as a benefit or cost, whichever is appropriate. The 374 Commission shall ensure that the development of new, or expansion of existing, energy resources or 375 facilities does not have a disproportionate adverse impact on historically economically disadvantaged communities. The Commission may adopt any rules it deems necessary to determine the social cost of 376 377 carbon and shall use the best available science and technology, including the Technical Support 378 Document: Technical Update of the Social Cost of Carbon for Regulatory Impact Analysis Under 379 Executive Order 12866, published by the Interagency Working Group on Social Cost of Greenhouse 380 Gases from the United States Government in August 2016, as guidance. The Commission shall include a 381 system to adjust the costs established in this section with inflation.

382 Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used during 383 construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility and shall 384 thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the facility. The 385 first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the Commission shall 386 determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the range specified in 387 the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and shall reflect the 388 Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the energy needs of 389 the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the facility. After the 390 first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of return shall be 391 applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service life of the 392 facility shall be deemed to begin on the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause 393 (i), (ii), (iii) or (v) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased 394 generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from 395 sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in 396 part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities or new electric 397 distribution grid transformation projects are classified by the utility as plant in service, and such service 398 life shall be deemed equal in years to the life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's 399 depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be calculated by adding the 400 basis points specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such enhanced rate of 401 return shall apply only to the facility that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause. Allowance for 402 funds used during construction shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual 403 capital structure and overall cost of capital, including an enhanced rate of return on common equity as determined pursuant to this subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. 404 405 The construction of any facility described in clause (i) or (v) is in the public interest, and in determining 406 whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The 407 construction or purchase by a utility of one or more generation facilities with at least one megawatt of 408 generating capacity, and with an aggregate rated capacity that does not exceed 16,100 megawatts, 409 including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and with an aggregate capacity of 100 megawatts, that use energy derived from sunlight or from onshore wind and are located 410 411 in the Commonwealth or off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, regardless of whether any of such 412 facilities are located within or without the utility's service territory, is in the public interest, and in 413 determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. A utility may enter into short-term or long-term power purchase contracts for the power 414 415 derived from sunlight generated by such generation facility prior to purchasing the generation facility. 416 The replacement of any subset of a utility's existing overhead distribution tap lines that have, in the 417 aggregate, an average of nine or more total unplanned outage events-per-mile over a preceding 10-year 418 period with new underground facilities in order to improve electric service reliability is in the public 419 interest. In determining whether to approve petitions for rate adjustment clauses for such new 420 underground facilities that meet this criteria, and in determining the level of costs to be recovered 421 thereunder, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title.

The conversion of any such facilities on or after September 1, 2016, is deemed to provide local and system-wide benefits and to be cost beneficial, and the costs associated with such new underground facilities are deemed to be reasonably and prudently incurred and, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection C or D, shall be approved for recovery by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision, provided that the total costs associated with the replacement of any subset of existing overhead distribution tap lines proposed by the utility with new underground facilities, exclusive of financing 428 costs, shall not exceed an average cost per customer of \$20,000, with such customers, including those 429 served directly by or downline of the tap lines proposed for conversion, and, further, such total costs 430 shall not exceed an average cost per mile of tap lines converted, exclusive of financing costs, of 431 \$750,000. A utility shall, without regard for whether it has petitioned for any rate adjustment clause 432 pursuant to clause (vi), petition the Commission, not more than once annually, for approval of a plan for 433 electric distribution grid transformation projects. Any plan for electric distribution grid transformation 434 projects shall include both measures to facilitate integration of distributed energy resources and measures 435 to enhance physical electric distribution grid reliability and security. In ruling upon such a petition, the 436 Commission shall consider whether the utility's plan for such projects, and the projected costs associated 437 therewith, are reasonable and prudent. Such petition shall be considered on a stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility; without regard to whether the 438 439 costs associated with such projects will be recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this 440 subdivision or through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services; and without regard to 441 whether such costs will be the subject of a customer credit offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 442 8 d. The Commission's final order regarding any such petition for approval of an electric distribution 443 grid transformation plan shall be entered by the Commission not more than six months after the date of 444 filing such petition. The Commission shall likewise enter its final order with respect to any petition by a 445 utility for a certificate to construct and operate a generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived 446 from sunlight, pursuant to subsection D of § 56-580, within six months after the date of filing such 447 petition. The basis points to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate 448 of return on common equity, and the first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced 449 rate of return shall be applied, shall vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table:

450	Type of Generation Facility	Basis Points	First Portion of Service Life	
451	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years	
452	Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years	
453	Renewable powered, other than landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years	
454	Coalbed methane gas powered	150	Between 5 and 15 years	
455	Landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years	
456	Conventional coal or combined-cycle combustion turbine	100	Between 10 and 20 years	

457 Only those facilities as to which a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision has been previously 458 approved by the Commission, or as to which a petition for approval of such rate adjustment clause was 459 filed with the Commission, on or before January 1, 2013, shall be entitled to the enhanced rate of return 460 on common equity as specified in the above table during the construction phase of the facility and the 461 approved first portion of its service life.

Thirty percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing nuclear power that the utility incurred between 462 July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be 463 464 deferred by the utility a Phase II Utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this 465 subdivision at such time as the Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 466 467 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under 468 this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through 469 existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next 470 review filed after July 1, 2014. Thirty percent of all costs of a facility utilizing energy derived from 471 offshore wind that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such 472 costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be deferred by the utility a Phase II Utility and recovered 473 through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such time as the Commission provides in an 474 order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for 475 476 recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of 477 all costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the 478 test periods under review in the utility's next review filed after July 1, 2014.

479 In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight or from onshore or offshore wind are in the public interest.

483 Notwithstanding any provision of Chapter 296 of the Acts of Assembly of 2018, construction, 484 purchasing, or leasing activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or 485 facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight or from onshore wind with an aggregate capacity of 486 16,100 megawatts, including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and 487 with an aggregate capacity of 100 megawatts, together with a utility-owned and utility-operated 488 generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from offshore wind with an aggregate capacity of 489 not more than 3,000 megawatts, are in the public interest. Additionally, energy storage facilities with an

490 aggregate capacity of 2,700 megawatts are in the public interest. To the extent that a utility Phase II 491 Utility elects to recover the costs of any such new generation or energy storage facility or facilities 492 through its rates for generation and distribution services and does not petition and receive approval from 493 the Commission for recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (ii), the 494 Commission shall, upon the request of the utility in a triennial review proceeding, provide for a 495 customer credit reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs 496 deemed reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding pursuant to subsection D of 497 § 56-580 or in a triennial review proceeding.

498 Electric distribution grid transformation projects are in the public interest. To the extent that a utility 499 Phase II Utility elects to recover the costs of such electric distribution grid transformation projects 500 through its rates for generation and distribution services, and does not petition and receive approval from 501 the Commission for recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (vi), the 502 Commission shall, upon the request of the utility in a triennial review proceeding, provide for a 503 customer credit reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs 504 deemed reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding for approval of a plan for electric 505 distribution grid transformation projects pursuant to subdivision 6 or in a triennial review proceeding.

506 Neither generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines nor 507 new underground facilities shall receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described 508 herein, but instead shall receive the utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the 509 facility and, thereafter, for the entire service life of the facility. No rate adjustment clause for new 510 underground facilities shall allocate costs to, or provide for the recovery of costs from, customers that are served within the large power service rate class for a Phase I Utility and the large general service 511 512 rate classes for a Phase II Utility. New underground facilities are hereby declared to be ordinary 513 extensions or improvements in the usual course of business under the provisions of § 56-265.2.

514 As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (1) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility 515 is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.2-1600, produced from wells located in the Commonwealth, and (2) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by methane or other combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of 516 517 biodegradable materials in a solid waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board. 518 519 A landfill gas powered facility includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from 520 521 the solid waste management facility where it is collected to the generation facility where it is 522 combusted.

523 For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on 524 common equity as it is determined by the Commission for such utility pursuant to subdivision 2.

525 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the triennial 526 review conducted for a Phase II Utility in 2021 that such utility has not filed applications for all 527 necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled 528 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the 529 utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals 530 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or 531 more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 532 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a 533 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 534 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 535 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 536 subdivision.

537 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if a Phase II utility obtains approval from 538 the Commission of a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 associated with a test or 539 demonstration project involving a generation facility utilizing energy from offshore wind, and such 540 utility has not, as of July 1, 2023, commenced construction as defined for federal income tax purposes 541 of an offshore wind generation facility or facilities with a minimum aggregate capacity of 250 542 megawatts, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may direct that the costs associated 543 with any such rate adjustment clause involving said test or demonstration project shall thereafter no 544 longer be recovered through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 and shall instead be 545 recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, with no change in such rates 546 for generation and distribution services as a result of the combination of such costs with the other costs, 547 revenues, and investments included in the utility's rates for generation and distribution services. Any 548 such costs shall remain combined with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments included in its 549 rates for generation and distribution services until such costs are fully recovered.

550 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a

551 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility, 552 except as provided in § 56-585.8. Any costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and 553 554 that are related to subdivision 5 a, or that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of 555 subdivision 6, or that are related to new underground facilities described in clause (iv) of subdivision 6, 556 shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, 557 or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 6, any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by 558 559 a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that 560 are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) or clause (iii) of subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects 561 described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, 562 563 shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, 564 or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters 565 described in subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be deferred beginning only upon the expiration or termination 566 of capped rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act shall affect the rights of any parties 567 with respect to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC 568 569 and Virginia Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P 61,012 (2004). A utility shall establish a 570 regulatory asset for regulatory accounting and ratemaking purposes under which it shall defer its 571 operation and maintenance costs incurred in connection with (i) the refueling of any nuclear-powered 572 generating plant and (ii) other work at such plant normally performed during a refueling outage. The 573 utility shall amortize such deferred costs over the refueling cycle, but in no case more than 18 months, 574 beginning with the month in which such plant resumes operation after such refueling. The refueling 575 cycle shall be the applicable period of time between planned refueling outages for such plant. As of 576 January 1, 2014, such amortized costs are a component of base rates, recoverable in base rates only 577 ratably over the refueling cycle rather than when such outages occur, and are the only nuclear refueling 578 costs recoverable in base rates. This provision shall apply to any nuclear-powered generating plant 579 refueling outage commencing after December 31, 2013, and the Commission shall treat the deferred and 580 amortized costs of such regulatory asset as part of the utility's costs for the purpose of proceedings 581 conducted (a) with respect to triennial filings under subdivision 3 made on and after July 1, 2014, and 582 (b) pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications as 583 provided in subsection B. This provision shall not be deemed to change or reset base rates.

584 The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be 585 entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the date of filing 586 of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment 587 clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or upon the 588 expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

589 8. In any triennial review proceeding, for the purposes of reviewing earnings on the utility's rates for 590 generation and distribution services, the following utility generation and distribution costs not proposed 591 for recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the utility for 592 financial reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test periods under 593 review and deemed fully recovered in the period recorded: costs associated with asset impairments 594 related to early retirement determinations made by the utility for utility generation facilities fueled by 595 coal, natural gas, or oil or for automated meter reading electric distribution service meters; costs 596 associated with projects necessary to comply with state or federal environmental laws, regulations, or 597 judicial or administrative orders relating to coal combustion by-product management that the utility does **598** not petition to recover through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 5 e; costs associated 599 with severe weather events; and costs associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to 600 have been recovered from customers through rates for generation and distribution services in effect 601 during the test periods under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the **602** utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and 603 distribution services, result in the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services for the **604** combined test periods under review to fall more than 50 basis points below the fair combined rate of 605 return authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to fall 606 607 more than 70 basis points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 for 608 such periods. In such cases, the Commission shall, in such triennial review proceeding, authorize 609 deferred recovery of such costs and allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred costs over future periods as determined by the Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred costs shall not 610 exceed an amount that would, together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be 611 612 recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, cause the utility's earned return on its

613 generation and distribution services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2, less 614 50 basis points, for the combined test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after 615 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Nothing in this section shall 616 617 limit the Commission's authority, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including 618 specifically § 56-235.2, following the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a triennial 619 review, for normalization of nonrecurring test period costs and annualized adjustments for future costs, 620 in determining any appropriate increase or decrease in the utility's rates for generation and distribution 621 services pursuant to subdivision 8 a or 8 c.

622 If the Commission determines as a result of such triennial review that:

623 a. Revenue reductions related to energy efficiency measures or programs approved and deployed 624 since the utility's previous triennial review have caused the utility, as verified by the Commission, 625 during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, to earn more than 50 basis points 626 below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period 627 commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 628 629 services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other 630 matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall order 631 increases to the utility's rates for generation and distribution services necessary to recover such revenue reductions. If the Commission finds, for reasons other than revenue reductions related to energy 632 633 efficiency measures, that the utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a 634 whole, earned more than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 635 distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility 636 and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined 637 rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard 638 to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in 639 subdivision 6, the Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the 640 opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such 641 fair combined rate of return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for 642 determining the amount of the rate increase necessary. However, in the first triennial review proceeding 643 conducted after January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order a rate increase, 644 and in all triennial reviews of a Phase I or Phase II utility, the Commission may not order such rate 645 increase unless it finds that the resulting rates are necessary to provide the utility with the opportunity to 646 fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return 647 on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any 648 return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 649 6, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of 650 any rate increase under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof; and provided that, solely 651 in connection with making its determination concerning the necessity for such a rate increase or the amount thereof, the Commission shall, in any triennial review proceeding conducted prior to July 1, 652 653 2028, exclude from this most recently ended 12-month test period any remaining investment levels 654 associated with a prior customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to subdivision d.

655 b. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 656 more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 657 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after 658 December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of 659 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any 660 return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivisions 8 d and 9, direct that 60 percent of 661 the amount of such earnings that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing 662 after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, that 663 664 70 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more than 70 basis points, above such fair 665 combined rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, shall be 666 credited to customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as 667 determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, 668 and shall be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer 669 class rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last 670 approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates; or

671 c. In any triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2020, for a Phase I Utility or after 672 January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility in which the utility has, during the test period or test periods 673 under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of 674 return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 675 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis 676 points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter determined with respect 677 to facilities described in subdivision 6, and the combined aggregate level of capital investment that the **678** 679 Commission has approved other than those capital investments that the Commission has approved for 680 recovery pursuant to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made by the utility during the test periods under review in that triennial review proceeding in new utility-owned generation facilities 681 682 utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and in electric distribution grid transformation projects, as determined pursuant to subdivision 8 d, does not equal or exceed 100 percent of the 683 earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its **684** generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under review in that triennial review **685** 686 proceeding, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the 687 actions authorized in subdivision b, also order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. However, in the first triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility, 688 689 any reduction to the utility's rates ordered by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision shall not 690 exceed \$50 million in annual revenues, with any reduction allocated to the utility's rates for generation **691** services, and in each triennial review of a Phase I or Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order 692 such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to 693 fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return 694 on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return 695 on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, 696 using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any rate reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof; and **697** 698

d. (Expires July 1, 2028) In any triennial review proceeding conducted after December 31, 2017, upon the request of the utility, the Commission shall determine, prior to directing that 70 percent of 699 700 earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its 701 generation and distribution services for the test period or periods under review be credited to customer 702 bills pursuant to subdivision 8 b, the aggregate level of prior capital investment that the Commission has 703 approved other than those capital investments that the Commission has approved for recovery pursuant 704 to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made by the utility during the test period or 705 periods under review in both (i) new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from 706 sunlight, or from onshore or offshore wind, and (ii) electric distribution grid transformation projects, as 707 determined by the utility's plant in service and construction work in progress balances related to such 708 investments as recorded per books by the utility for financial reporting purposes as of the end of the 709 most recent test period under review. Any such combined capital investment amounts shall offset any 710 customer bill credit amounts, on a dollar for dollar basis, up to the aggregate level of invested or 711 committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii). The aggregate level of qualifying invested or committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii) is referred to in this subdivision as the customer credit reinvestment 712 713 offset, which offsets the customer bill credit amount that the utility has invested or will invest in new solar or wind generation facilities or electric distribution grid transformation projects for the benefit of 714 customers, in amounts up to 100 percent of earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the 715 716 utility's fair rate of return on its generation and distribution services, and thereby reduce or eliminate 717 otherwise incremental rate adjustment clause charges and increases to customer bills, which is deemed to 718 be in the public interest. If 100 percent of the amount of earnings that are more than 70 basis points 719 above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, exceeds the aggregate level of invested capital in new utility-owned generation 720 facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and electric distribution grid 721 722 transformation projects, as provided in clauses (i) and (ii), during the test period or periods under 723 review, then 70 percent of the amount of such excess shall be credited to customer bills as provided in 724 subdivision 8 b in connection with the triennial review proceeding. The portion of any costs associated 725 with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or 726 electric distribution grid transformation projects that is the subject of any customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision shall not thereafter be recovered through the utility's rates for 727 728 generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities and shall not thereafter be 729 included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future triennial review proceedings conducted 730 pursuant to subdivision 2 and shall not be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant to 731 subdivision 6. The portion of any costs associated with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing 732 energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric distribution grid transformation projects that is 733 not the subject of any customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision may be recovered 734 through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities 735 and shall be included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future triennial review

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736 proceedings conducted pursuant to subdivision 2 until such costs are fully recovered, and if such costs 737 are recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, they shall not be the 738 subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant to subdivision 6. Only the portion of such costs of 739 new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric 740 distribution grid transformation projects that has not been included in any customer credit reinvestment 741 offset pursuant to this subdivision, and not otherwise recovered through the utility's rates for generation 742 and distribution services, may be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition by the utility pursuant 743 to subdivision 6.

744 The Commission's final order regarding such triennial review shall be entered not more than eight 745 months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect not more 746 than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on common equity determined 747 pursuant to subdivision 2 in such triennial review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing the utility's 748 earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire three successive 12-month test 749 periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent triennial review 750 filing under subdivision 3 and shall apply to applicable rate adjustment clauses under subdivisions 5 and 6 prospectively from the date the Commission's final order in the triennial review proceeding, utilizing 751 rate adjustment clause true-up protocols as provided in § 56-585.8 for Phase I Utilities and as the 752 Commission in its discretion may determine. 753

754 9. If, as a result of a triennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to 755 any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has 756 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later 757 than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the 758 Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility 759 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test 760 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 761 762 Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 763 764 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate 765 regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most recently ended 12-month test period exceeded the 766 annual increases in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, 767 768 compounded annually, when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as 769 determined pursuant to the review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless it finds 770 that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c are more 771 consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods under 772 review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing 773 after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more 774 than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to customers' bills, in lieu of the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c, provided that no credits shall be provided pursuant to this 775 776 subdivision in connection with any triennial review unless such bill credits would be payable pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 8 d, and any credits under this subdivision shall be calculated net of any 777 778 customer credit reinvestment offset amounts under subdivision 8 d. Any such credits shall be amortized 779 and allocated among customer classes in the manner provided by subdivision 8 b. For purposes of this 780 subdivision:

"Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to subdivision 8
a; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates in effect as
of July 1, 2009.

793 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital structure and cost of capital of such utility, excluding any debt associated with securitized bonds that are the obligation of non-Virginia jurisdictional customers, unless the Commission finds that the debt to

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797 equity ratio of such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may 798 utilize a debt to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate 799 adjustment pursuant to subdivisions 8 a and c, and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, 800 revenues, expenses or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In 801 particular, and without limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state income tax costs 802 for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's 803 apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the 804 utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal income tax 805 costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its 806 807 affiliates.

B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying 808 for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 809 810 applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined 811 pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6. 812

813 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the 814 rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation, 815 transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2. 816

817 D. The Commission may determine, during any proceeding authorized or required by this section, the 818 reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred, by a utility in connection with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the Commission regarding the reasonableness or 819 prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the 820 821 reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.). In determining the reasonableness or prudence of a utility providing energy and capacity to its 822 823 customers from renewable energy resources, the Commission shall consider the extent to which such renewable energy resources, whether utility-owned or by contract, further the objectives of the 824 825 Commonwealth Clean Energy Policy set forth in § 45.2-1706.1, and shall also consider whether the costs 826 of such resources is likely to result in unreasonable increases in rates paid by customers.

827 E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commission shall determine the amortization 828 period for recovery of any appropriate costs due to the early retirement of any electric generation 829 facilities owned or operated by any Phase I Utility or Phase II Utility. In making such determination, the 830 Commission shall (i) perform an independent analysis of the remaining undepreciated capital costs; (ii) 831 establish a recovery period that best serves ratepayers; and (iii) allow for the recovery of any carrying 832 costs that the Commission deems appropriate.

833 F. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement 834 the provisions of this section. 835

§ 56-585.8. Annual rate true-up reviews.

836 A. Commencing on March 31, 2025 and annually thereafter, the Commission shall conduct annual 837 rate true-up reviews (ART reviews) of the rates, terms, and conditions for the provision of generation 838 and distribution services by a Phase I Utility, as defined in subdivision A I of § 56-585.1, that 839 participated in triennial review proceedings in 2020 and 2023.

840 B. In each ART review, the Commission shall review all rates, terms, and conditions for generation 841 and distribution services, and such review shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding, except 842 for review of the following costs, which the utility shall continue to recover and the Commission shall 843 continue to review separately, pursuant to the applicable statutory provisions: costs that are recovered 844 pursuant to (i) § 56-249.6, (ii) subdivision A 4 of § 56-585.1, and (iii) § 56-585.6.

845 In each ART review, the Commission shall include all costs that the utility has previously recovered 846 pursuant to rate adjustment clauses provided under subdivisions A 5 and 6 of § 56-585.1. Upon 847 conclusion of the first ART review, all rate adjustment clauses that are in effect in 2024, except for 848 those listed in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), shall be combined with the rates, terms, and conditions for 849 generation and distribution services by the utility.

850 C. A Phase I Utility subject to the provisions this section shall not be eligible to seek approval from 851 the Commission for rate adjustment clauses provided under subdivisions A 5 and 6 of § 56-585.1.

D. Each ART proceeding shall commence on or before March 31, and annually thereafter, with the 852 filing of a petition by each Phase I Utility subject to the provisions of this section. The Commission, 853 after providing notice and an opportunity for hearing, shall grant a final order on such petition within 854 855 seven months of the initial filing. Any revisions in rates or credits ordered by the Commission pursuant to the ART review shall take effect no later than January 1 of the subsequent year. 856

E. As part of its final order for an ART review proceeding, the Commission shall determine:

858 1. The forecasted costs, including the allowed return as determined in its most recent return on

15 of 16

859 common equity determination, that the utility has incurred in the previous calendar year to provide **860** generation and distribution services to its customers;

861 2. The revenues that the utility has received in exchange for its generation and distribution services;

862 *3. The difference, if any, between subdivisions 1 and 2;*

863 4. The resulting amount of deficiency, if costs exceed revenue, or excess, if revenue exceeds costs, to **864** be factored into the subsequent calendar year's revenue requirement;

5. The costs, including the allowed return as determined in subsection F, that the utility expects to incur in the subsequent calendar year to provide generation and distribution services to its customers;
and

868 6. The revenue requirement that the utility will implement in the subsequent calendar year, which
869 shall be comprised of the prior year's deficiency or excess, as determined in subdivision 4, and the
870 subsequent year's forecasted revenue requirement.

871 F. In the first ART review proceeding conducted pursuant to this section, and in every third ART 872 review proceeding thereafter, to determine the prior year's excess or deficiency, the Commission shall 873 set the fair rate of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services of the 874 utility for the subsequent calendar year equal to the average amount of authorized returns on common 875 equity that are set by the applicable regulatory agencies for the members of a peer group. The peer 876 group shall consist of each investor-owned utility that (i) has its principal operations in the southeastern 877 United States, excluding the state of Tennessee; (ii) is a vertically integrated electric utility providing 878 generation, transmission, and distribution services whose facilities and operations are subject to state 879 public utility regulation in the state where its principal operations are conducted; (iii) had a long-term 880 bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of at least Baa at the end of the calendar year that 881 is subject to the current ART review; and (iv) is not an affiliate of the utility subject to the ART review.

882 G. In each ART review, to determine the prior year's excess or deficiency, the Commission shall use 883 an average rate base using the actual starting and end-of-test period capital structure, excluding any debt associated with any securitized bonds that are the obligation of non-Virginia jurisdictional 884 885 customers. To determine the subsequent calendar year's revenue requirement, the Commission shall use 886 the utility's actual end-of-test period capital structure and cost of capital without regard to the cost of 887 capital, capital structure, or investments of any other entities with which the utility is affiliated, unless 888 the Commission makes a finding, based on evidence in the record, that the debt to equity ratio of the 889 actual end-of-test period capital structure of such utility is unreasonable, in which case the Commission 890 may utilize a debt to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable.

In an ART review for a Phase I Utility that is part of a publicly-traded, consolidated group, the
Commission shall determine federal and state income tax costs as follows: (i) the utility's apportioned
state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the utility had
not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) the utility's federal income tax costs shall be
calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any consolidated tax
liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its affiliates.

897 *H.* The Commission is authorized to determine during any ART review the reasonableness or **898** prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred by the utility, subject to the following:

899 1. If approved by the Commission, the projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate
 900 fair and effective peak-shaving programs or pilot programs are deemed reasonable and prudent and
 901 shall be recoverable by the utility;

902 2. If approved by the Commission, the projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement,
903 and operate energy efficiency programs or pilot programs are deemed reasonable and prudent and shall
904 be recoverable by the utility. The Commission's review of the utility's energy efficiency programs shall
905 otherwise by governed by subdivision A 5 of § 56-585.1;

3. The projected and annual costs of compliance with renewable energy portfolio standard and other
 requirements established by § 56-585.5 are deemed reasonable and prudent and shall be recoverable by
 the utility;

909 4. The projected and actual costs of projects necessary to comply with state or federal environmental
910 laws or regulations applicable to generation facilities used to serve the utility's native load obligations,
911 including the costs of allowances purchased through a market-based trading program for carbon dioxide
912 emissions, are deemed reasonable and prudent and shall be recoverable by the utility;

913 5. The projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and 914 operate programs approved by the Commission that accelerate the vegetation management of 915 distribution rights-of-way are deemed reasonable and prudent and shall be recoverable by the utility. No 916 such costs shall be allocated to or recovered from the utility's customers that are served at 917 subtransmission or transmission voltage, or take delivery at a substation served from subtransmission or 918 transmission voltage; and

919 6. The projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and

920 operate programs approved by the Commission to provide incentives to (i) low-income, elderly, and
921 disabled individuals or (ii) organizations providing residential services to low-income, elderly, and
922 disabled individuals for the installation of, or access to, equipment to generate electricity derived from
923 sunlight, provided that the low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, or the organizations providing
924 residential services to low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals first participate in incentive
925 programs for the installation of measures that reduce heating or cooling costs, are deemed reasonable
926 and prudent and shall be recoverable by the utility.

927 I. In any ART review conducted pursuant to this section, a Phase I Utility may propose changes to **928** its terms and conditions and may propose any special rates, contracts, or incentives pursuant to **929** § 56-235.2.

930 § 56-597. Definitions.

931 As used in this chapter:

932 "Affiliate" means a person that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with an933 electric utility.

"Electric utility" means any investor-owned public utility that provides electric energy for use byretail customers, *except investor-owned utilities subject to the provisions of § 56-585.8.*

"Integrated resource plan" or "IRP" means a document developed by an electric utility that provides a forecast of its load obligations and a plan to meet those obligations by supply side and demand side resources over the ensuing 15 years to promote reasonable prices, reliable service, energy independence, and ensuing 15 years to promote reasonable prices, reliable service, energy independence,

939 and environmental responsibility.

940 "Retail customer" means any person that purchases retail electric energy for its own consumption at 941 one or more metering points or non-metered points of delivery located in the Commonwealth.