2023 SESSION

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HOUSE BILL NO. 2110

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the House Committee on Finance

on January 25, 2023)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Bourne)

A BILL to amend and reenact § 58.1-3965 of the Code of Virginia, relating to delinquent tax lands.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

8 1. That § 58.1-3965 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

9 § 58.1-3965. When land may be sold for delinquent taxes; notice of sale; owner's right of 10 redemption.

11 A. When any taxes on any real estate in a locality are delinquent on December 31 following the second anniversary of the date on which such taxes have become due, or, in the case of real property 12 13 upon which is situated (i) any structure that has been condemned by the local building official pursuant to applicable law or ordinance; (ii) any nuisance as that term is defined in § 15.2-900; (iii) any derelict 14 building as that term is defined in § 15.2-907.1; or (iv) any property that has been declared to be 15 blighted as that term is defined in § 36-49.1:1, the first anniversary of the date on which such taxes 16 17 have become due, such real estate may be sold for the purpose of collecting all delinquent taxes on such 18 property.

19 However, in a qualifying locality, as defined in § 58.1-3221.6, whenever (a) taxes on any real estate 20 in the locality are delinquent upon the expiration of six months following the date on which such taxes became due and (b) the locality has incurred abatement costs which remain unpaid upon the expiration 21 22 of six months following the date on which the abatement costs were first incurred, real estate meeting 23 the conditions described in clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) may be sold for the purpose of collecting all 24 delinquent taxes and abatement costs on such property. For the purposes of this section, "abatement 25 costs" means costs incurred by a locality that result from the conditions described in clause (i), (ii), (iii), 26 or (iv).

Upon a finding by the court, on real estate with an assessed value of \$100,000 or less in any locality, that (a) any taxes on such real estate are delinquent on December 31 following the first anniversary of the date on which such taxes have become due or (b) there is a lien on such real estate pursuant to \$ 15.2-900, 15.2-906, 15.2-907, 15.2-907.1, 15.2-908.1, or 36-49.1:1, which lien remains unpaid on December 31 following the first anniversary of the date on which such lien was recorded, the property shall be deemed subject to sale by public auction pursuant to proper notice under this subsection.

34 The officer charged with the duty of collecting taxes for the locality wherein the real property lies 35 shall, at least 30 days prior to instituting any judicial proceeding pursuant to this section, send a notice to (1) the last known address of the property owner as such owner and address appear in the records of 36 the treasurer, (2) the property address if the property address is different from the owner's address and if 37 38 the real estate is listed with the post office by a numbered and named street address and (3) the last 39 known address of any trustee under any deed of trust, mortgagee under any mortgage and any other lien 40 creditor, if such trustee, mortgagee or lien creditor is not otherwise made a party defendant under 41 § 58.1-3967, advising such property owner, trustee, mortgagee or other lien creditor of the delinquency 42 and the officer's intention to take action. Such notice shall advise the taxpayer that the taxpayer may 43 request the treasurer to enter into a payment agreement to permit the payment of the delinquent taxes, interest, and penalties over a period not to exceed 6072 months in accordance with the provisions of 44 subsection C. Such officer shall also cause to be published at least once a list of real estate which will 45 be offered for sale under the provisions of this article in a newspaper of general circulation in the 46 47 locality, at least 30 days prior to the date on which judicial proceedings under the provisions of this **48** article are to be commenced.

The pro rata cost of such publication shall become a part of the tax and together with all other costs, including reasonable attorneys' attorney fees set by the court and the costs of any title examination conducted in order to comply with the notice requirements imposed by this section, shall be collected if payment is made by the owner in redemption of the real property described therein whether or not court proceedings have been initiated. A notice substantially in the following form shall be sufficient:

54 Notice

2/10/23 12:39

55 Judicial Sale of Real Property

56 On _____ (date) _____ proceedings will be commenced under the authority of 57 § 58.1-3965 et seq. of the Code of Virginia to sell the following parcels for payment of delinquent 58 taxes:

59 (description of properties)

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B. The owner of any property listed may redeem it at any time before the date of the sale by paying
all accumulated taxes, penalties, reasonable attorneys' attorney fees, interest and costs thereon, including
the pro rata cost of publication hereunder. Partial payment of delinquent taxes, penalties, reasonable
attorneys' attorney fees, interest or costs shall not be sufficient to redeem the property, and shall not
operate to suspend, invalidate or make moot any action for judicial sale brought pursuant to this article.

65 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B and of § 58.1-3954, the treasurer or other officer 66 responsible for collecting taxes may suspend any action for sale of the property commenced pursuant to this article (i) upon entering into an agreement with the owner of the real property for the payment of 67 all delinquent amounts in installments over a period that is reasonable under the circumstances, but that 68 69 in no event shall exceed 60 72 months, or (ii) upon written notice by an individual, not a party to the 70 action, asserting ownership rights in the property that is the subject of the action arising by virtue of testate or intestate succession, to the treasurer or other officer responsible for collecting taxes. The 71 72 treasurer or other officer responsible for collecting taxes shall promptly advise the court of such claim and seek leave to add the individual asserting the claim as a party in the action. If the court determines 73 74 that the individual asserting the claim possesses an ownership interest in the property that is the subject 75 of the action, such individual may, within 30 days of the court's finding, enter into an agreement with the treasurer or other official responsible for collecting taxes for the payment of all delinquent amounts 76 in installments over a period that is reasonable under the circumstances, but that in no event shall 77 78 exceed 60 72 months. Any agreement under this subsection shall provide for the payment of current tax obligations as they come due, which payments shall be credited to current tax obligations notwithstanding the provisions of § 58.1-3913 and shall be secured by the lien of the locality pursuant to 79 80 81 § 58.1-3340.

D. During the pendency of any installment agreement permitted under subsection C, any proceeding
for a sale previously commenced shall not abate, but shall be continued on the docket of the court in
which such action is pending. It shall be the duty of the treasurer or other officer responsible for
collecting taxes to promptly notify the clerk of such court when obligations arising under such an
installment agreement have been fully satisfied. Upon the receipt of such notice, the clerk shall cause
the action to be stricken from the docket.

88 E. In the event the owner of the property or other responsible person defaults upon obligations 89 arising under an installment agreement permitted by subsection C, or during the term of any installment 90 agreement, defaults on any current obligation as it becomes due, such agreement shall be voidable by the treasurer or other officer responsible for collecting taxes upon 15 days' written notice to the 91 signatories of such agreement irrespective of the amount remaining due. Any action for the sale 92 93 previously commenced pursuant to this article may proceed without any requirement that the notice or 94 advertisement required by subsection A, which had previously been made with respect to such property, be repeated. No owner of property which has been the subject of a defaulted installment agreement shall 95 96 be eligible to enter into a second installment agreement with respect to the same property within three 97 years of such default.

98 F. Any corporate, partnership or limited liability officer, as those terms are defined in § 58.1-1813,
99 who willfully fails to pay any tax being enforced by this section, shall, in addition to other penalties
100 provided by law, be liable to a penalty of the amount of the tax not paid, to be assessed and collected in
101 the same manner as such taxes are assessed and collected.

102 G. During the pendency of the action, the circuit court in which the action is pending may, on its
103 own motion or on the motion of any party, refer the parties to a dispute resolution proceeding pursuant
104 to the provisions of Chapter 20.2 (§ 8.01-576.4 et seq.) of Title 8.01.

H. In any case in which real estate subject to delinquent taxes is situated in two or more
jurisdictions, a suit to sell the entirety of the real estate pursuant to this article may be brought in a
single jurisdiction provided that (i) taxes are delinquent in all jurisdictions for periods not less than the
minimum applicable periods set forth in subsection A and (ii) the treasurer of each jurisdiction within
which the property is situated consents to the suit.

110 The suit shall identify the taxes, penalties, interest, and other charges due in each jurisdiction. The 111 publications and notices required pursuant to this section shall identify each of the jurisdictions in which 112 the property is situated. Upon sale of the property, the order confirming the sale shall provide for the payment of taxes, penalties, interest, and other charges to each jurisdiction, and copies of the order 113 114 confirming the sale and the deed conveying the property to the purchaser shall be recorded among the land records of the clerk's office of the circuit court for each jurisdiction within which the property that 115 116 is the subject of the suit is situated. No final order confirming sale shall be entered sooner than 90 days following the provision of notice to parties in accordance with subsection A or, if later, 90 days 117 118 following the receipt of notice by the treasurer or other official responsible for collecting taxes from an 119 individual, not previously made a party to the action, in accordance with clause (ii) of subsection C.