23100645D

HOUSE BILL NO. 2081

Offered January 11, 2023 Prefiled January 10, 2023

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 16.1-275 and 66-18 of the Code of Virginia, relating to juvenile justice; human trafficking screening.

Patrons-Mundon King, Adams, D.M., Bagby, Bennett-Parker, Clark, Guzman, Hayes, Helmer, Hope, Kory, Maldonado, McQuinn, Murphy, Price, Roem, Shin, Simon, Tran and Williams Graves

7 8 9

1

2

3 4 5

6

Referred to Committee for Courts of Justice

10 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 16.1-275 and 66-18 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 11 § 16.1-275. Physical and mental examinations and treatment; nursing and medical care. 12

13 The juvenile court or the circuit court may cause any juvenile within its jurisdiction under the 14 provisions of this law to be physically examined and treated by a physician or to be examined and 15 treated at a local mental health center. Such examinations shall include trauma-informed screening measures to identify whether the juvenile has been a victim of human trafficking and determine 16 appropriate treatment and service options. If no such appropriate facility is available locally, the court 17 may order the juvenile to be examined and treated by any physician or psychiatrist or examined by a 18 clinical psychologist. The Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall provide 19 20for distribution a list of appropriate mental health centers available throughout the Commonwealth. Upon 21 the written recommendation of the person examining the juvenile that an adequate evaluation of the 22 juvenile's treatment needs can only be performed in an inpatient hospital setting, the court shall have the 23 power to send any such juvenile to a state mental hospital for not more than 10 days for the purpose of 24 obtaining a recommendation for the treatment of the juvenile. No juvenile sent to a state mental hospital 25 pursuant to this provision shall be held or cared for in any maximum security unit where adults 26 determined to be criminally insane reside; the juvenile shall be kept separate and apart from such adults. 27 However, the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services may place a juvenile 28 who has been certified to the circuit court for trial as an adult pursuant to § 16.1-269.6 or 16.1-270 or 29 who has been convicted as an adult of a felony in the circuit court in a unit appropriate for the care and 30 treatment of persons under a criminal charge when, in his discretion, such placement is necessary to 31 protect the security or safety of other patients, staff or the public.

32 Whenever the parent or other person responsible for the care and support of a juvenile is determined 33 by the court to be financially unable to pay the costs of such examination as ordered by the juvenile 34 court or the circuit court, such costs may be paid according to procedures and rates adopted by the 35 Department from funds appropriated in the general appropriation act for the Department.

36 The juvenile court or the circuit court may cause any juvenile within its jurisdiction who is found to 37 be delinquent for an offense that is eligible for commitment pursuant to subdivision A 14 of 38 § 16.1-278.8 or § 16.1-285.1 to be placed in the temporary custody of the Department of Juvenile 39 Justice for a period of time not to exceed 30 days for diagnostic assessment services after the 40 adjudicatory hearing and prior to final disposition of his or her case. Prior to such a placement, the Department shall determine that the personnel, services and space are available in the appropriate 41 correctional facility for the care, supervision and study of such juvenile and that the juvenile's case is 42 43 appropriate for referral for diagnostic services.

Whenever a juvenile concerning whom a petition has been filed appears to be in need of nursing, 44 45 medical or surgical care, the juvenile court or the circuit court may order the parent or other person responsible for the care and support of the juvenile to provide such care in a hospital or otherwise and 46 to pay the expenses thereof. If the parent or other person is unable or fails to provide such care, the 47 juvenile court or the circuit court may refer the matter to the authority designated in accordance with 48 49 law for the determination of eligibility for such services in the county or city in which such juvenile or 50 his parents have residence or legal domicile.

51 In any such case, if a parent who is able to do so fails or refuses to comply with the order, the 52 juvenile court or the circuit court may proceed against him as for contempt or may proceed against him 53 for nonsupport. 54

§ 66-18. Examination and placing of such children.

55 The Department shall make a careful physical and mental examination of every child committed to it by the courts, investigate the personal and family history of the child and his environment, and place 56 such children at such facilities as are available. Such examination shall include trauma-informed 57

HB208

HB2081

screening measures to identify whether the child has been a victim of human trafficking and determine 58

- appropriate treatment and service options. Any children committed to the Department and afterwards found to be eligible for commitment by proper proceedings to any state hospital or admission to a training center for individuals with intellectual disability shall take precedence as to admission over all others and shall in all cases be received into the state hospital or training center within 45 days. 59 60
- 61
- 62