2023 SESSION

ENROLLED

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact § 16.1-296 of the Code of Virginia, relating to juvenile and domestic 3 relations district courts; notice of appeal to the circuit court.

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Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6

7 1. That § 16.1-296 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 8

§ 16.1-296. Jurisdiction of appeals; procedure.

9 A. From any final order or judgment of the juvenile court affecting the rights or interests of any 10 person coming within its jurisdiction, an appeal may be taken to the circuit court within 10 days from the entry of a final judgment, order, or conviction and shall be heard de novo. However, in In any such 11 12 case, a copy of the notice of appeal shall be served by the appealing party upon the opposing party or 13 each counsel of record.

A1. In a case arising under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act (§ 20-88.32 et seq.), a party 14 15 may take an appeal pursuant to this section within 30 days from entry of a final order or judgment. Protective orders issued pursuant to § 16.1-279.1 in cases of family abuse and orders entered pursuant to 16 17 § 16.1-278.2 are final orders from which an appeal may be taken.

B. Upon receipt of notice of such appeal the juvenile court shall forthwith transmit to the attorney 18 19 for the Commonwealth a report incorporating the results of any investigation conducted pursuant to § 16.1-273, which shall be confidential in nature and made available only to the court and the attorney 20 for the defendant (i) after the guilt or innocence of the accused has been determined or (ii) after the 21 court has made its findings on the issues subject to appeal. After final determination of the case, the 22 23 report and all copies thereof shall be forthwith returned to such juvenile court.

24 C. Where an appeal is taken by a child on a finding that he or she is delinquent and on a disposition 25 pursuant to § 16.1-278.8, trial by jury on the issue of guilt or innocence of the alleged delinquent act 26 may be had on motion of the child, the attorney for the Commonwealth or the circuit court judge. If the 27 alleged delinquent act is one which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony, the child shall 28 be entitled to a jury of 12 persons. In all other cases, the jury shall consist of seven persons. If the jury 29 in such a trial finds the child guilty, disposition shall be by the judge pursuant to the provisions of 30 § 16.1-278.8 after taking into consideration the report of any investigation made pursuant to § 16.1-237 31 or 16.1-273.

32 C1. In any hearing held upon an appeal taken by a child on a finding that he is delinquent and on a 33 disposition pursuant to § 16.1-278.8, the provisions of § 16.1-302 shall apply mutatis mutandis, except in 34 the case of trial by jury which shall be open. If proceedings in the circuit court are closed pursuant to 35 this subsection, any records or portions thereof relating to such closed proceedings shall remain 36 confidential.

37 C2. Where an appeal is taken by a juvenile on a finding that he is delinquent and on a disposition 38 pursuant to § 16.1-278.8 and the juvenile is in a secure facility pending the appeal, the circuit court, 39 when practicable, shall hold a hearing on the merits of the case within 45 days of the filing of the 40 appeal. Upon receipt of the notice of appeal from the juvenile court, the circuit court shall provide a 41 copy of the order and a copy of the notice of appeal to the attorney for the Commonwealth within seven 42 days after receipt of notice of an appeal. The time limitations shall be tolled during any period in which 43 the juvenile has escaped from custody. A juvenile held continuously in secure detention shall be released 44 from confinement if there is no hearing on the merits of his case within 45 days of the filing of the 45 appeal. The circuit court may extend the time limitations for a reasonable period of time based upon good cause shown, provided the basis for such extension is recorded in writing and filed among the 46 47 papers of the proceedings.

D. When an appeal is taken in a case involving termination of parental rights brought under 48 § 16.1-283, the circuit court shall hold a hearing on the merits of the case within 90 days of the 49 50 perfecting of the appeal. An appeal of the case to the Court of Appeals shall take precedence on the 51 docket of the Court.

52 E. Where an appeal is taken by an adult on a finding of guilty of an offense within the jurisdiction 53 of the juvenile and domestic relations district court, the appeal shall be dealt with in all respects as is an 54 appeal from a general district court pursuant to §§ 16.1-132 through 16.1-137; however, where an appeal 55 is taken by any person on a charge of nonsupport, the procedure shall be as is provided for appeals in 56 prosecutions under Chapter 5 (§ 20-61 et seq.) of Title 20.

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F. In all other cases on appeal, proceedings in the circuit court shall be heard without a jury;
however, hearing of an issue by an advisory jury may be allowed, in the discretion of the judge, upon the motion of any party. An appeal from an order of protection issued pursuant to § 16.1-279.1 shall be given precedence on the docket of the court over other civil appeals taken to the circuit court from the district courts and shall be assigned a case number within two business days of receipt of such appeal.

62 If a party files an appeal of a district court order of protection entered pursuant to § 16.1-279.1, such notice of appeal shall be on a form prescribed by the Office of the Executive Secretary. The district 63 court clerk shall contact the appellate court to determine whether the hearing on the appeal shall be set 64 65 by the appellate court on (i) a date scheduled by the district court clerk with the court, (ii) on the next 66 docket call date, or (iii) a date set for district court appeals. Once the hearing date is set and the appeal documents have been transmitted, the appellate court shall have the parties served with notice of the 67 appeal stating the date and time of the hearing in accordance with subdivision 1 of § 8.01-296. No such 68 hearing on the appeal shall be heard in the appellate court unless the appellee has been so served with 69 70 such notice or notice has been waived by the non-moving party.

G. Costs, taxes and fees on appealed cases shall be assessed only in those cases in which a trial fee could have been assessed in the juvenile and domestic relations court and shall be collected in the circuit court, except that the appeal to circuit court of any case in which a fee either was or could have been assessed pursuant to § 16.1-69.48:5 shall also be in accordance with § 16.1-296.2.

75 H. No appeal bond shall be required of a party appealing from an order of a juvenile and domestic 76 relations district court except for that portion of any order or judgment establishing a support arrearage 77 or suspending payment of support during pendency of an appeal. In cases involving support, no appeal 78 shall be allowed until the party applying for the same or someone for him gives bond, in an amount and 79 with sufficient surety approved by the judge or by his clerk if there is one, to abide by such judgment 80 as may be rendered on appeal if the appeal is perfected or, if not perfected, then to satisfy the judgment of the court in which it was rendered. Upon appeal from a conviction for failure to support or from a 81 finding of civil or criminal contempt involving a failure to support, the juvenile and domestic relations 82 83 district court may require the party applying for the appeal or someone for him to give bond, with or 84 without surety, to insure his appearance and may also require bond in an amount and with sufficient 85 surety to secure the payment of prospective support accruing during the pendency of the appeal. An appeal will not be perfected unless such appeal bond as may be required is filed within 30 days from 86 the entry of the final judgment or order. However, no appeal bond shall be required of the 87 88 Commonwealth or when an appeal is proper to protect the estate of a decedent, an infant, a convict or 89 an insane person, or the interest of a county, city or town.

90 If bond is furnished by or on behalf of any party against whom judgment has been rendered for 91 money, the bond shall be conditioned for the performance and satisfaction of such judgment or order as 92 may be entered against the party on appeal, and for the payment of all damages which may be awarded 93 against him in the appellate court. If the appeal is by a party against whom there is no recovery, the 94 bond shall be conditioned for the payment of any damages as may be awarded against him on the 95 appeal. The provisions of § 16.1-109 shall apply to bonds required pursuant to this subsection.

96 This subsection shall not apply to release on bail pursuant to other subsections of this section or **97** § 16.1-298.

98 I. In all cases on appeal, the circuit court in the disposition of such cases shall have all the powers
99 and authority granted by the chapter to the juvenile and domestic relations district court. Unless
otherwise specifically provided by this Code, the circuit court judge shall have the authority to appoint
counsel for the parties and compensate such counsel in accordance with the provisions of Article 6
102 (§ 16.1-266 et seq.) of this chapter.

103 J. In any case which has been referred or transferred from a circuit court to a juvenile court and an appeal is taken from an order or judgment of the juvenile court, the appeal shall be taken to the circuit court in the same locality as the juvenile court to which the case had been referred or transferred.