2023 SESSION

ENROLLED

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 19.2-169.1, as it is currently effective, and 19.2-169.2, as it is currently effective, of the Code of Virginia and to repeal the second enactment of Chapter 508 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, relating to criminal proceedings; disposition when defendant found incompetent; evaluation for temporary detention.

[H 1908]

Approved

8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

9 1. That §§ 19.2-169.1, as it is currently effective, and 19.2-169.2, as it is currently effective, of the 10 Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

11 § 19.2-169.1. (Effective until July 1, 2023) Raising question of competency to stand trial or 12 plead; evaluation and determination of competency.

13 A. Raising competency issue; appointment of evaluators. — If, at any time after the attorney for the defendant has been retained or appointed and before the end of trial, the court finds, upon hearing 14 15 evidence or representations of counsel for the defendant or the attorney for the Commonwealth, that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant, whether a juvenile transferred pursuant to 16 17 § 16.1-269.1 or adult, lacks substantial capacity to understand the proceedings against him or to assist his attorney in his own defense, the court shall order that a competency evaluation be performed by at 18 19 least one psychiatrist or clinical psychologist who (i) has performed forensic evaluations; (ii) has successfully completed forensic evaluation training recognized by the Commissioner of Behavioral 20 Health and Developmental Services; (iii) has demonstrated to the Commissioner competence to perform 21 forensic evaluations; and (iv) is included on a list of approved evaluators maintained by the 22 23 Commissioner.

B. Location of evaluation. — The evaluation shall be performed on an outpatient basis at a mental health facility or in jail unless an outpatient evaluation has been conducted and the outpatient evaluator opines that a hospital-based evaluation is needed to reliably reach an opinion or unless the defendant is in the custody of the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services pursuant to \$ 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.6, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.3, 19.2-182.8, 19.2-182.9, or Article 5 (\$ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2.

30 C. Provision of information to evaluators. — The court shall require the attorney for the 31 Commonwealth to provide to the evaluators appointed under subsection A any information relevant to 32 the evaluation, including, but not limited to (i) a copy of the warrant or indictment; (ii) the names and 33 addresses of the attorney for the Commonwealth, the attorney for the defendant, and the judge ordering 34 the evaluation; (iii) information about the alleged crime; and (iv) a summary of the reasons for the 35 evaluation request. The court shall require the attorney for the defendant to provide any available psychiatric records and other information that is deemed relevant. The court shall require that 36 37 information be provided to the evaluator within 96 hours of the issuance of the court order pursuant to 38 this section.

39 D. The competency report. — Upon completion of the evaluation, the evaluators shall promptly 40 submit a report in writing to the court and the attorneys of record concerning (i) the defendant's capacity 41 to understand the proceedings against him; (ii) his the defendant's ability to assist his attorney; and (iii) 42 his the defendant's need for treatment in the event he is found incompetent but restorable, or 43 incompetent for the foreseeable future; and (iv) if the defendant has been charged with a misdemeanor violation of Article 3 (§ 18.2-95 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2 or a misdemeanor violation of 44 § 18.2-119, 18.2-137, 18.2-388, 18.2-415, or 19.2-128, whether the defendant should be evaluated to 45 determine whether he meets the criteria for temporary detention pursuant to § 37.2-809 in the event he 46 47 is found incompetent but restorable or incompetent for the foreseeable future.

If a need for restoration treatment is identified pursuant to clause (iii), the report shall state whether 48 49 inpatient or outpatient treatment (community-based or jail-based) is recommended. Outpatient treatment may occur in a local correctional facility or at a location determined by the appropriate community 50 services board or behavioral health authority. In cases where a defendant is likely to remain incompetent 51 for the foreseeable future due to an ongoing and irreversible medical condition, and where prior medical 52 53 or educational records are available to support the diagnosis, or if the defendant was previously 54 determined to be unrestorably incompetent in the past two years, the report may recommend that the 55 court find the defendant unrestorably incompetent to stand trial and the court may proceed with the 56 disposition of the case in accordance with § 19.2-169.3. In cases where a defendant has been charged

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with a misdemeanor violation of Article 3 (§ 18.2-95 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2 or a 57 misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-119, 18.2-137, 18.2-388, 18.2-415, or 19.2-128 and is incompetent, the 58 59 report may recommend that the court direct the community services board or behavioral health authority 60 for the jurisdiction in which the defendant is located to (a) conduct an evaluation of the defendant in 61 accordance with subsection B of §-37.2-808 to determine whether the defendant meets the criteria for 62 temporary detention and (b) upon determining that the defendant does meet the criteria for temporary 63 detention, file a petition for issuance of an order for temporary detention of the defendant in accordance 64 with § 37.2-809. No statements of the defendant relating to the time period of the alleged offense shall 65 be included in the report. The evaluator shall also send a redacted copy of the report removing references to the defendant's name, date of birth, case number, and court of jurisdiction to the 66 Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the purpose of peer review to 67 establish and maintain the list of approved evaluators described in subsection A. 68

69 E. The competency determination. — After receiving the report described in subsection D, the court 70 shall promptly determine whether the defendant is competent to stand trial. A hearing on the defendant's 71 competency is not required unless one is requested by the attorney for the Commonwealth or the 72 attorney for the defendant, or unless the court has reasonable cause to believe the defendant will be 73 hospitalized under § 19.2-169.2. If a hearing is held, the party alleging that the defendant is incompetent 74 shall bear the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence the defendant's incompetency. The 75 defendant shall have the right to notice of the hearing, the right to counsel at the hearing and the right 76 to personally participate in and introduce evidence at the hearing.

77 The fact that the defendant claims to be unable to remember the time period surrounding the alleged 78 offense shall not, by itself, bar a finding of competency if the defendant otherwise understands the 79 charges against him and can assist in his defense. Nor shall the fact that the defendant is under the 80 influence of medication bar a finding of competency if the defendant is able to understand the charges 81 against him and assist in his defense while medicated.

82 F. Finding. — If the court finds the defendant competent to stand trial, the case shall be set for trial 83 or a preliminary hearing. If the court finds the defendant either incompetent but restorable or 84 incompetent for the foreseeable future, the court shall proceed pursuant to § 19.2-169.2. 85

§ 19.2-169.2. (Effective until July 1, 2023) Disposition when defendant found incompetent.

A. Upon finding pursuant to subsection E or F of § 19.2-169.1 that the defendant, including a 86 87 juvenile transferred pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, is incompetent, the court shall order that the defendant 88 receive treatment to restore his competency on an outpatient basis or, if the court specifically finds that 89 the defendant requires inpatient hospital treatment, at a hospital designated by the Commissioner of 90 Behavioral Health and Developmental Services as appropriate for treatment of persons under criminal 91 charge. Outpatient treatment may occur in a local correctional facility or at a location determined by the 92 appropriate community services board or behavioral health authority. Notwithstanding the provisions of 93 § 19.2-178, if the court orders inpatient hospital treatment, the defendant shall be transferred to and 94 accepted by the hospital designated by the Commissioner as soon as practicable, but no later than 10 95 days, from the receipt of the court order requiring treatment to restore the defendant's competency. If the 96 10-day period expires on a Saturday, Sunday, or other legal holiday, the 10 days shall be extended to 97 the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. Any psychiatric records and other 98 information that have been deemed relevant and submitted by the attorney for the defendant pursuant to 99 subsection C of § 19.2-169.1 and any reports submitted pursuant to subsection D of § 19.2-169.1 shall 100 be made available to the director of the community services board or behavioral health authority or his 101 designee or to the director of the treating inpatient facility or his designee within 96 hours of the 102 issuance of the court order requiring treatment to restore the defendant's competency. If the 96-hour 103 period expires on a Saturday, Sunday, or other legal holiday, the 96 hours shall be extended to the next 104 day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

105 B. If, at any time after the defendant is ordered to undergo treatment under subsection A, the director 106 of the community services board or behavioral health authority or his designee or the director of the 107 treating inpatient facility or his designee believes the defendant's competency is restored, the director or 108 his designee shall immediately send a report to the court as prescribed in subsection D of § 19.2-169.1. 109 The court shall make a ruling on the defendant's competency according to the procedures specified in 110 subsection E of § 19.2-169.1.

111 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, in cases in which (i) the defendant has been 112 charged with a misdemeanor violation of Article 3 (§ 18.2-95 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2 or a 113 misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-119, 18.2-137, 18.2-388, 18.2-415, or 19.2-128; (ii) the defendant has 114 been found to be incompetent pursuant to subsection E or F of § 19.2-169.1; and (iii) the competency report described in subsection D of § 19.2-169.1 recommends that the defendant be temporarily detained 115 evaluated to determine whether he meets the criteria for temporary detention pursuant to § 37.2-809, the 116 court may dismiss the charges without prejudice against the defendant and, in lieu of ordering the 117

118 defendant receive treatment to restore his competency, order the community services board or behavioral 119 health authority serving the jurisdiction in which the defendant is located to (a) conduct an evaluation of 120 the defendant and (b) if the community services board or behavioral health authority determines that the 121 defendant meets the criteria for temporary detention, file a petition for issuance of an order for 122 temporary detention pursuant to § 37.2-809. The community services board or behavioral health 123 authority shall notify the court, in writing, within 72 hours of the completion of the evaluation and, if 124 appropriate, file a petition for issuance of an order for temporary detention. Upon receipt of such 125 notice, the court may dismiss the charges without prejudice against the defendant. However, the court 126 shall not dismiss charges and enter an order or dismiss charges against a defendant pursuant to this 127 subsection if the attorney for the Commonwealth is involved in the prosecution of the case and the 128 attorney for the Commonwealth does not concur in the motion.

D. If a defendant for whom an evaluation has been ordered pursuant to subsection C fails or refuses
to appear for the evaluation, the community services board or behavioral health authority shall notify
the court and the court shall issue a mandatory examination order and capias directing the primary
law-enforcement agency for the jurisdiction in which the defendant resides to transport the defendant to
the location designated by the community services board or behavioral health authority for examination.

E. The clerk of the court shall certify and forward forthwith to the Central Criminal Records
 Exchange, on a form provided by the Exchange, a copy of an order for treatment issued pursuant to
 subsection A.

137 2. That the second enactment of Chapter 508 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022 is repealed.