# 2023 SESSION

**ENROLLED** 

[H 1848]

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## VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

- An Act to amend and reenact §§ 62.1-44.15:24 and 62.1-44.15:28, as they are currently effective and as 2 3 they may become effective, 62.1-44.15:34, as it may become effective, and 62.1-44.15:51, 4 62.1-44.15:55, and 62.1-44.15:58, as they are currently effective and as they may become effective,
- 5 of the Code of Virginia, relating to stormwater management; streamlining; federal conformity.

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# Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 8

9 1. That §§ 62.1-44.15:24 and 62.1-44.15:28, as they are currently effective and as they may become 10 effective, 62.1-44.15:34, as it may become effective, and 62.1-44.15:51, 62.1-44.15:55, and 62.1-44.15:58, as they are currently effective and as they may become effective, of the Code of 11 12 Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

13 § 62.1-44.15:24. (For expiration date, see Acts 2016, cc. 68 and 758, as amended by Acts 2017, 14 c. 345) Definitions.

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

15 16 "Agreement in lieu of a stormwater management plan" means a contract between the VSMP authority 17 and the owner or permittee that specifies methods that shall be implemented to comply with the 18 requirements of a VSMP for the construction of a (i) single-family residence or (ii) farm building or 19 structure on a parcel of land with a total impervious cover percentage, including the impervious cover from the farm building or structure to be constructed, of less than five percent; such contract may be 20 21 executed by the VSMP authority in lieu of a stormwater management plan.

"Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act land-disturbing activity" means a land-disturbing activity including 22 23 clearing, grading, or excavation that results in a land disturbance equal to or greater than 2,500 square 24 feet and less than one acre in all areas of jurisdictions designated as subject to the regulations adopted 25 pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation provisions of this chapter.

26 "CWA" means the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.), formerly referred to as the 27 Federal Water Pollution Control Act or Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, P.L. 92-500, as amended by P.L. 95-217, P.L. 95-576, P.L. 96-483, and P.L. 97-117, or any subsequent 28 29 revisions thereto. 30

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.

"Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

32 "Farm building or structure" means the same as that term is defined in § 36-97 and also includes 33 any building or structure used for agritourism activity, as defined in § 3.2-6400, and any related 34 impervious surfaces including roads, driveways, and parking areas.

35 "Flooding" means a volume of water that is too great to be confined within the banks or walls of the 36 stream, water body, or conveyance system and that overflows onto adjacent lands, thereby causing or 37 threatening damage.

38 "Land disturbance" or "land-disturbing activity" means a man-made change to the land surface that 39 potentially changes its runoff characteristics including clearing, grading, or excavation, except that the 40 term shall not include those exemptions specified in § 62.1-44.15:34.

41 "Municipal separate storm sewer" means a conveyance or system of conveyances otherwise known as 42 a municipal separate storm sewer system or "MS4," including roads with drainage systems, municipal 43 streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains:

44 1. Owned or operated by a federal, state, city, town, county, district, association, or other public 45 body, created by or pursuant to state law, having jurisdiction or delegated authority for erosion and sediment control and stormwater management, or a designated and approved management agency under 46 47 § 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface waters;

48 2. Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater;

49 3. That is not a combined sewer; and

50 4. That is not part of a publicly owned treatment works.

"Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Management Program" means a management program 51 covering the duration of a state permit for a municipal separate storm sewer system that includes a 52 53 comprehensive planning process that involves public participation and intergovernmental coordination, to 54 reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable, to protect water quality, and to satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the CWA and regulations, and this article and its 55 56 attendant regulations, using management practices, control techniques, and system, design, and

57 engineering methods, and such other provisions that are appropriate.

58 "Nonpoint source pollution" means pollution such as sediment, nitrogen, phosphorus, hydrocarbons, 59 heavy metals, and toxics whose sources cannot be pinpointed but rather are washed from the land 60 surface in a diffuse manner by stormwater runoff.

61 "Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a prescribed design storm at a 62 particular location.

"Permit" or "VSMP authority permit" means an approval to conduct a land-disturbing activity issued 63 64 by the VSMP authority for the initiation of a land-disturbing activity after evidence of state VSMP 65 general permit coverage has been provided where applicable. 66

"Permittee" means the person to which the permit or state permit is issued.

67 "Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a prescribed storm event. 68

"Rural Tidewater locality" means any locality that is (i) subject to the provisions of the Chesapeake 69 Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) and (ii) eligible to join the Rural Coastal Virginia 70 Community Enhancement Authority established by Chapter 76 (§ 15.2-7600 et seq.) of Title 15.2. 71 72

"Small construction activity" means:

73 1. A construction activity, including clearing, grading, or excavating, that results in land disturbance 74 of equal to or greater than one acre and less than five acres. "Small construction activity" also includes 75 the disturbance of less than one acre of total land area that is part of a larger common plan of 76 development or sale if the larger common plan will ultimately disturb an area equal to or greater than 77 one acre and less than five acres. "Small construction activity" does not include routine maintenance 78 that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purpose of the 79 facility.

80 The Board may waive the otherwise applicable requirements in a general permit for a stormwater discharge from construction activities that disturb less than five acres where stormwater controls are not 81 needed based on an approved total maximum daily load (TMDL) that addresses the pollutants of 82 83 concern or, for nonimpaired waters that do not require TMDLs, an equivalent analysis that determines allocations for small construction sites for the pollutants of concern or that determines that such 84 85 allocations are not needed to protect water quality based on consideration of existing in-stream concentrations, expected growth in pollutant contributions from all sources, and a margin of safety. For 86 87 the purpose of this subdivision, the pollutants of concern include sediment or a parameter that addresses 88 sediment, such as total suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation, and any other pollutant that has been 89 identified as a cause of impairment of any water body that will receive a discharge from the 90 construction activity. The operator shall certify to the Board that the construction activity will take 91 place, and that stormwater discharges will occur, within the drainage area addressed by the TMDL or 92 provide an equivalent analysis.

93 As of the start date in the table of start dates for electronic submissions of Virginia Pollutant 94 Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) information within the regulation governing the implementation of electronic reporting requirements for certain VPDES permittees, facilities, and entities, all certifications submitted in support of such waiver shall be submitted electronically by the owner or 95 96 97 operator to the Department in compliance with (i) this subdivision; (ii) 40 C.F.R. Part 3, including, in 98 all cases, 40 C.F.R. Part 3 Subpart D; (iii) the regulation addressing signatories to state permit 99 applications and reports; and (iv) regulations addressing the VPDES electronic reporting requirements. Such regulations addressing the VPDES electronic reporting requirements shall not undo existing 100 requirements for electronic reporting. Prior to such date, and independent of the regulations addressing 101 102 the VPDES electronic reporting requirements, a permittee shall be required to report electronically if 103 specified by a particular permit.

104 2. Any other construction activity designated by either the Board or the Regional Administrator of 105 the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, based on the potential for contribution to a violation of a 106 water quality standard or for significant contribution of pollutants to surface waters.

"State permit" means an approval to conduct a land-disturbing activity issued by the Board in the 107 108 form of a state stormwater individual permit or coverage issued under a state general permit or an 109 approval issued by the Board for stormwater discharges from an MS4. Under these permits, the 110 Commonwealth imposes and enforces requirements pursuant to the federal Clean Water Act and 111 regulations and this article and its attendant regulations.

"Stormwater" means precipitation that is discharged across the land surface or through conveyances 112 to one or more waterways and that may include stormwater runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff 113 114 and drainage.

"Stormwater management plan" means a document containing material describing methods for 115 116 complying with the requirements of a VSMP.

"Subdivision" means the same as defined in § 15.2-2201. 117

"Virginia Stormwater Management Program" or "VSMP" means a program approved by the Soil and 118 119 Water Conservation Board after September 13, 2011, and until June 30, 2013, or the State Water 120 Control Board on and after June 30, 2013, that has been established by a VSMP authority to manage the 121 quality and quantity of runoff resulting from land-disturbing activities and shall include such items as 122 local ordinances, rules, permit requirements, annual standards and specifications, policies and guidelines, 123 technical materials, and requirements for plan review, inspection, enforcement, where authorized in this 124 article, and evaluation consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations.

125 "Virginia Stormwater Management Program authority" or "VSMP authority" means an authority 126 approved by the Board after September 13, 2011, to operate a Virginia Stormwater Management 127 Program or the Department. An authority may include a locality; state entity, including the Department; 128 federal entity; or, for linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications in accordance with 129 subsection B of § 62.1-44.15:31, electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and 130 intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, or authorities created pursuant to 131 § 15.2-5102.

132 "Water quality volume" means the volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the impervious surface of the land development project. 133

134 "Water quantity technical criteria" means standards set forth in regulations adopted pursuant to this 135 article that establish minimum design criteria for measures to control localized flooding and stream 136 channel erosion.

137 "Watershed" means a defined land area drained by a river or stream, karst system, or system of 138 connecting rivers or streams such that all surface water within the area flows through a single outlet. In 139 karst areas, the karst feature to which water drains may be considered the single outlet for the 140 watershed.

### 141 § 62.1-44.15:24. (For effective date, see Acts 2016, cc. 68 and 758, as amended by Acts 2017, c. 142 **345) Definitions.** 143

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Agreement in lieu of a plan" means a contract between the VESMP authority or the Board acting as 144 145 a VSMP authority and the owner or permittee that specifies methods that shall be implemented to comply with the requirements of this article for the construction of a (i) single-family detached 146 147 residential structure or (ii) farm building or structure on a parcel of land with a total impervious cover 148 percentage, including the impervious cover from the farm building or structure to be constructed, of less than five percent; such contract may be executed by the VESMP authority in lieu of a soil erosion 149 150 control and stormwater management plan or by the Board acting as a VSMP authority in lieu of a 151 stormwater management plan.

152 "Applicant" means any person submitting a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan to 153 a VESMP authority, or a stormwater management plan to the Board when it is serving as a VSMP 154 authority, for approval in order to obtain authorization to commence a land-disturbing activity.

155 "CWA" means the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.), formerly referred to as the 156 Federal Water Pollution Control Act or Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, P.L.

157 92-500, as amended by P.L. 95-217, P.L. 95-576, P.L. 96-483, and P.L. 97-117, or any subsequent 158 revisions thereto.

159 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.

160 "Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

161 "Erosion impact area" means an area of land that is not associated with a current land-disturbing 162 activity but is subject to persistent soil erosion resulting in the delivery of sediment onto neighboring properties or into state waters. This definition shall not apply to any lot or parcel of land of 10,000 163 square feet or less used for residential purposes or any shoreline where the erosion results from wave 164 165 action or other coastal processes.

"Farm building or structure" means the same as that term is defined in § 36-97 and also includes 166 any building or structure used for agritourism activity, as defined in § 3.2-6400, and any related 167 168 impervious surfaces including roads, driveways, and parking areas.

169 "Flooding" means a volume of water that is too great to be confined within the banks or walls of the 170 stream, water body, or conveyance system and that overflows onto adjacent lands, thereby causing or 171 threatening damage.

"Land disturbance" or "land-disturbing activity" means a man-made change to the land surface that 172 173 may result in soil erosion or has the potential to change its runoff characteristics, including construction 174 activity such as the clearing, grading, excavating, or filling of land.

175 "Land-disturbance approval" means the same as that term is defined in § 62.1-44.3.

176 "Municipal separate storm sewer" or "MS4" means the same as that term is defined in § 62.1-44.3.

177 "Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Management Program" means a management program 178 covering the duration of a permit for a municipal separate storm sewer system that includes a

179 comprehensive planning process that involves public participation and intergovernmental coordination, to
180 reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable, to protect water quality, and to
181 satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the CWA and regulations, and this article and its
182 attendant regulations, using management practices, control techniques, and system, design, and
183 engineering methods, and such other provisions that are appropriate.

184 "Natural channel design concepts" means the utilization of engineering analysis and fluvial
185 geomorphic processes to create, rehabilitate, restore, or stabilize an open conveyance system for the
186 purpose of creating or recreating a stream that conveys its bankfull storm event within its banks and
187 allows larger flows to access its bankfull bench and its floodplain.

188 "Nonpoint source pollution" means pollution such as sediment, nitrogen, phosphorus, hydrocarbons,
189 heavy metals, and toxics whose sources cannot be pinpointed but rather are washed from the land
190 surface in a diffuse manner by stormwater.

"Owner" means the same as that term is defined in § 62.1-44.3. For a regulated land-disturbing activity that does not require a permit, "owner" also means the owner or owners of the freehold of the premises or lesser estate therein, mortgagee or vendee in possession, assignee of rents, receiver, executor, trustee, lessee, or other person, firm, or corporation in control of a property.

195 "Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a prescribed design storm at a 196 particular location.

197 "Permit" means a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) permit issued by the
 198 Board pursuant to § 62.1-44.15 for stormwater discharges from a land-disturbing activity or MS4.

**199** "Permittee" means the person to whom the permit is issued.

200 "Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a201 prescribed storm event.

202 "Rural Tidewater locality" means any locality that is (i) subject to the provisions of the Chesapeake
203 Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) and (ii) eligible to join the Rural Coastal Virginia
204 Community Enhancement Authority established by Chapter 76 (§ 15.2-7600 et seq.) of Title 15.2.

"Small construction activity" means:

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1. A construction activity, including clearing, grading, or excavating, that results in land disturbance
of equal to or greater than one acre and less than five acres. "Small construction activity" also includes
the disturbance of less than one acre of total land area that is part of a larger common plan of
development or sale if the larger common plan will ultimately disturb an area equal to or greater than
one acre and less than five acres. "Small construction activity" does not include routine maintenance
that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purpose of the

213 The Board may waive the otherwise applicable requirements in a general permit for a stormwater 214 discharge from construction activities that disturb less than five acres where stormwater controls are not 215 needed based on an approved total maximum daily load (TMDL) that addresses the pollutants of concern or, for nonimpaired waters that do not require TMDLs, an equivalent analysis that determines 216 allocations for small construction sites for the pollutants of concern or that determines that such allocations are not needed to protect water quality based on consideration of existing in-stream 217 218 219 concentrations, expected growth in pollutant contributions from all sources, and a margin of safety. For 220 the purpose of this subdivision, the pollutants of concern include sediment or a parameter that addresses 221 sediment, such as total suspended solids, turbidity, or siltation, and any other pollutant that has been 222 identified as a cause of impairment of any water body that will receive a discharge from the 223 construction activity. The operator shall certify to the Board that the construction activity will take 224 place, and that stormwater discharges will occur, within the drainage area addressed by the TMDL or 225 provide an equivalent analysis.

226 As of the start date in the table of start dates for electronic submissions of Virginia Pollutant 227 Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) information within the regulation governing the implementation 228 of electronic reporting requirements for certain VPDES permittees, facilities, and entities, all 229 certifications submitted in support of such waiver shall be submitted electronically by the owner or 230 operator to the Department in compliance with (i) this subdivision; (ii) 40 C.F.R. Part 3, including, in 231 all cases, 40 C.F.R. Part 3 Subpart D; (iii) the regulation addressing signatories to state permit 232 applications and reports; and (iv) regulations addressing the VPDES electronic reporting requirements. 233 Such regulations addressing the VPDES electronic reporting requirements shall not undo existing 234 requirements for electronic reporting. Prior to such date, and independent of the regulations addressing 235 the VPDES electronic reporting requirements, a permittee shall be required to report electronically if 236 specified by a particular permit.

237 2. Any other construction activity designated by either the Board or the Regional Administrator of
238 the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, based on the potential for contribution to a violation of a
239 water quality standard or for significant contribution of pollutants to surface waters.

240 "Soil erosion" means the movement of soil by wind or water into state waters or onto lands in the 241 Commonwealth.

242 "Soil Erosion Control and Stormwater Management plan" or "plan" means a document describing 243 methods for controlling soil erosion and managing stormwater in accordance with the requirements 244 adopted pursuant to this article.

245 Stormwater," for the purposes of this article, means precipitation that is discharged across the land 246 surface or through conveyances to one or more waterways and that may include stormwater runoff, 247 snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage.

248 "Stormwater management plan" means a document containing material describing methods for 249 complying with the requirements of a VSMP.

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"Subdivision" means the same as that term is defined in § 15.2-2201.

251 "Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program" or "VESCP" means a program approved by the Board that is established by a VESCP authority pursuant to Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) for the 252 253 effective control of soil erosion, sediment deposition, and nonagricultural runoff associated with a 254 land-disturbing activity to prevent the unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, 255 and other natural resources. The VESCP shall include, where applicable, such items as local ordinances, 256 rules, policies and guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan review, inspection, and 257 evaluation consistent with the requirements of Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.).

258 "Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority" or "VESCP authority" means a locality 259 that is approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program in 260 accordance with Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). Only a locality for which the Department 261 administered a Virginia Stormwater Management Program as of July 1, 2017, is authorized to choose to operate a VESCP pursuant to Article 2.4 (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.). 262

"Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program" or "VESMP" means a program established 263 by a VESMP authority for the effective control of soil erosion and sediment deposition and the 264 265 management of the quality and quantity of runoff resulting from land-disturbing activities to prevent the 266 unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources. The 267 program shall include such items as local ordinances, rules, requirements for permits and 268 land-disturbance approvals, policies and guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan 269 review, inspection, and enforcement consistent with the requirements of this article.

270 "Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program authority" or "VESMP authority" means the Board or a locality approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management 271 272 Program. For state agency or federal entity land-disturbing activities and land-disturbing activities 273 subject to approved standards and specifications, the Board shall serve as the VESMP authority.

274 "Virginia Stormwater Management Program" or "VSMP" means a program established by the Board 275 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27.1 on behalf of a locality on or after July 1, 2014, to manage the quality and 276 quantity of runoff resulting from any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land 277 or (ii) disturbs less than one acre of land and is part of a larger common plan of development or sale 278 that results in one acre or more of land disturbance.

"Virginia Stormwater Management Program authority" or "VSMP authority" means the Board when 279 280 administering a VSMP on behalf of a locality that, pursuant to subdivision B 3 of § 62.1-44.15:27, has chosen not to adopt and administer a VESMP. 281

282 "Water quality technical criteria" means standards set forth in regulations adopted pursuant to this 283 article that establish minimum design criteria for measures to control nonpoint source pollution.

284 "Water quantity technical criteria" means standards set forth in regulations adopted pursuant to this 285 article that establish minimum design criteria for measures to control localized flooding and stream 286 channel erosion.

287 "Watershed" means a defined land area drained by a river or stream, karst system, or system of 288 connecting rivers or streams such that all surface water within the area flows through a single outlet. In 289 karst areas, the karst feature to which water drains may be considered the single outlet for the 290 watershed.

291 § 62.1-44.15:28. (For expiration date, see Acts 2016, cc. 68 and 758, as amended by Acts 2017, 292 c. 345) Development of regulations.

293 A. The Board is authorized to adopt regulations that specify minimum technical criteria and 294 administrative procedures for Virginia Stormwater Management Programs. The regulations shall: 295

1. Establish standards and procedures for administering a VSMP;

296 2. Establish minimum design criteria for measures to control nonpoint source pollution and localized flooding, and incorporate the stormwater management regulations adopted pursuant to the Erosion and 297 298 Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.), as they relate to the prevention of stream channel 299 erosion. These criteria shall be periodically modified as required in order to reflect current engineering 300 methods;

301 3. Require the provision of long-term responsibility for and maintenance of stormwater management302 control devices and other techniques specified to manage the quality and quantity of runoff;

4. Require as a minimum the inclusion in VSMPs of certain administrative procedures that include,
but are not limited to, specifying the time period within which a VSMP authority shall grant
land-disturbing activity approval, the conditions and processes under which approval shall be granted,
the procedures for communicating disapproval, the conditions under which an approval may be changed,
and requirements for inspection of approved projects;

308 5. Establish by regulations a statewide permit fee schedule to cover all costs associated with the 309 implementation of a VSMP related to land-disturbing activities of one acre or greater. Such fee attributes 310 include the costs associated with plan review, VSMP registration statement review, permit issuance, state-coverage verification, inspections, reporting, and compliance activities associated with the 311 land-disturbing activities as well as program oversight costs. The fee schedule shall also include a 312 provision for a reduced fee for land-disturbing activities between 2,500 square feet and up to one acre in 313 Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.) localities. The fee schedule shall be governed 314 315 by the following:

a. The revenue generated from the statewide stormwater permit fee shall be collected utilizing, where
practicable, an online payment system, and the Department's portion shall be remitted to the State
Treasurer for deposit in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established pursuant to
§ 62.1-44.15:29. However, whenever the Board has approved a VSMP, no more than 30 percent of the
total revenue generated by the statewide stormwater permit fees collected shall be remitted to the State
Treasurer for deposit in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund, with the balance going to the
VSMP authority.

323 b. Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any general fund appropriation made 324 to the Department or other supporting revenue from a VSMP; however, the fees shall be set at a level sufficient for the Department and the VSMP to fully carry out their responsibilities under this article and 325 its attendant regulations and local ordinances or standards and specifications where applicable. When 326 327 establishing a VSMP, the VSMP authority shall assess the statewide fee schedule and shall have the 328 authority to reduce or increase such fees, and to consolidate such fees with other program-related 329 charges, but in no case shall such fee changes affect the amount established in the regulations as available to the Department for program oversight responsibilities pursuant to subdivision 5 a. A 330 VSMP's portion of the fees shall be used solely to carry out the VSMP's responsibilities under this 331 332 article and its attendant regulations, ordinances, or annual standards and specifications.

333 c. Until July 1, 2014, the fee for coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater 334 from Construction Activities issued by the Board, or where the Board has issued an individual permit or 335 coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for an 336 entity for which it has approved annual standards and specifications, shall be \$750 for each large construction activity with sites or common plans of development equal to or greater than five acres and 337 338 \$450 for each small construction activity with sites or common plans of development equal to or greater than one acre and less than five acres. On and after July 1, 2014, such fees shall only apply where 339 340 coverage has been issued under the Board's General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from 341 Construction Activities to a state agency or federal entity for which it has approved annual standards 342 and specifications. After establishment, such fees may be modified in the future through regulatory 343 actions.

d. Until July 1, 2014, the Department is authorized to assess a \$125 reinspection fee for each visit to
a project site that was necessary to check on the status of project site items noted to be in
noncompliance and documented as such on a prior project inspection.

e. In establishing the fee schedule under this subdivision, the Department shall ensure that the VSMP
authority portion of the statewide permit fee for coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of
Stormwater from Construction Activities for small construction activity involving a single family
detached residential structure with a site or area, within or outside a common plan of development or
sale, that is equal to or greater than one acre but less than five acres shall be no greater than the VSMP
authority portion of the fee for coverage of sites or areas with a land-disturbance acreage of less than
one acre within a common plan of development or sale.

f. When any fees are collected pursuant to this section by credit cards, business transaction costsassociated with processing such payments may be additionally assessed;

6. Establish statewide standards for stormwater management from land-disturbing activities of one acre or greater, except as specified otherwise within this article, and allow for the consolidation in the permit of a comprehensive approach to addressing stormwater management and erosion and sediment control, consistent with the provisions of the Erosion and Sediment Control Law (§ 62.1-44.15:51 et seq.) and this article. However, such standards shall also apply to land-disturbing activity exceeding an area of 2,500 square feet in all areas of the jurisdictions designated as subject to the Chesapeake Bay

**362** Preservation Area Designation and Management Regulations;

363 7. Establish a procedure by which a stormwater management plan that is approved for a residential,
 364 commercial, or industrial subdivision shall govern the development of the individual parcels, including
 365 those parcels developed under subsequent owners;

8. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 5, establish a procedure by which neither a
registration statement nor payment of the Department's portion of the statewide permit fee established
pursuant to that subdivision shall *not* be required for coverage under the General Permit for Discharges
of Stormwater from Construction Activities for construction activity involving a single-family detached
residential structure, within or outside a common plan of development or sale;

9. Provide for the certification and use of a proprietary best management practice only if another
state, regional, or national program has verified its nutrient or sediment removal effectiveness and all of
such program's established test protocol requirements were met or exceeded. As used in this subdivision
and any regulations or guidance adopted pursuant to this subdivision, "certification" means a
determination by the Department that a proprietary best management practice is approved for use in
accordance with this article;

377 10. Require that VSMPs maintain after-development runoff rate of flow and characteristics that 378 replicate, as nearly as practicable, the existing predevelopment runoff characteristics and site hydrology, 379 or improve upon the contributing share of the existing predevelopment runoff characteristics and site 380 hydrology if stream channel erosion or localized flooding is an existing predevelopment condition. 381 Except where more stringent requirements are necessary to address total maximum daily load 382 requirements or to protect exceptional state waters, any land-disturbing activity that provides for stormwater management shall satisfy the conditions of this subsection if the practices are designed to (i) 383 384 detain the water quality volume and to release it over 48 hours; (ii) detain and release over a 24-hour 385 period the expected rainfall resulting from the one year, 24-hour storm; and (iii) reduce the allowable peak flow rate resulting from the 1.5-year, two-year, and 10-year, 24-hour storms to a level that is less 386 387 than or equal to the peak flow rate from the site assuming it was in a good forested condition, achieved 388 through multiplication of the forested peak flow rate by a reduction factor that is equal to the runoff 389 volume from the site when it was in a good forested condition divided by the runoff volume from the 390 site in its proposed condition, and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity 391 requirements for natural or man-made channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to 392 this section or any ordinances adopted pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27 or 62.1-44.15:33;

393 11. Encourage low-impact development designs, regional and watershed approaches, and394 nonstructural means for controlling stormwater;

395 12. Promote the reclamation and reuse of stormwater for uses other than potable water in order to
 396 protect state waters and the public health and to minimize the direct discharge of pollutants into state
 397 waters;

398 13. Establish procedures to be followed when a locality that operates a VSMP wishes to transfer399 administration of the VSMP to the Department;

400 14. Establish a statewide permit fee schedule for stormwater management related to municipal401 separate storm sewer system permits;

402 15. Provide for the evaluation and potential inclusion of emerging or innovative nonproprietary
 403 stormwater control technologies that may prove effective in reducing nonpoint source pollution;

404 16. Require the owner of property that is zoned for residential use and on which is located a
405 privately owned stormwater management facility serving one or more residential properties to record the
406 long-term maintenance and inspection requirements for such facility with the deed for the owner's
407 property; and

408 17. Require that all final plan elements, specifications, or calculations whose preparation requires a
409 license under Chapter 4 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) or 22 (§ 54.1-2200 et seq.) of Title 54.1 be appropriately
410 signed and sealed by a professional who is licensed to engage in practice in the Commonwealth.
411 Nothing in this subdivision shall authorize any person to engage in practice outside his area of
412 professional competence; and

413 18. Establish a procedure by which a registration statement shall not be required for coverage under
414 the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for a small construction
415 activity involving a single-family detached residential structure, within or outside a common plan of
416 development or sale.

B. The Board may integrate and consolidate components of the regulations implementing the Erosion
and Sediment Control program and the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and Management
program with the regulations governing the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) Permit
program or repeal components so that these programs may be implemented in a consolidated manner
that provides greater consistency, understanding, and efficiency for those regulated by and administering
a VSMP.

#### 423 § 62.1-44.15:28. (For effective date, see Acts 2016, cc. 68 and 758, as amended by Acts 2017, c. 424 345) Development of regulations.

425 The Board is authorized to adopt regulations that establish requirements for the effective control of 426 soil erosion, sediment deposition, and stormwater, including nonagricultural runoff, that shall be met in 427 any VESMP to prevent the unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other 428 natural resources, and that specify minimum technical criteria and administrative procedures for 429 VESMPs. The regulations shall: 430

1. Establish standards and procedures for administering a VESMP;

2. Establish minimum standards of effectiveness of the VESMP and criteria and procedures for 431 432 reviewing and evaluating its effectiveness. The minimum standards of program effectiveness established 433 by the Board shall provide that (i) no soil erosion control and stormwater management plan shall be 434 approved until it is reviewed by a plan reviewer certified pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:30, (ii) each inspection of a land-disturbing activity shall be conducted by an inspector certified pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:30, and (iii) each VESMP shall contain a program administrator, a plan reviewer, and an 435 436 437 inspector, each of whom is certified pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:30 and all of whom may be the same 438 person;

439 3. Be based upon relevant physical and developmental information concerning the watersheds and 440 drainage basins of the Commonwealth, including data relating to land use, soils, hydrology, geology, 441 size of land area being disturbed, proximate water bodies and their characteristics, transportation, and 442 public facilities and services;

443 4. Include any survey of lands and waters as the Board deems appropriate or as any applicable law 444 requires to identify areas, including multijurisdictional and watershed areas, with critical soil erosion and 445 sediment problems;

5. Contain conservation standards for various types of soils and land uses, which shall include 446 447 criteria, techniques, and methods for the control of soil erosion and sediment resulting from 448 land-disturbing activities:

6. Establish water quality and water quantity technical criteria. These criteria shall be periodically 449 450 modified as required in order to reflect current engineering methods;

451 7. Require the provision of long-term responsibility for and maintenance of stormwater management 452 control devices and other techniques specified to manage the quality and quantity of runoff;

8. Require as a minimum the inclusion in VESMPs of certain administrative procedures that include, 453 454 but are not limited to, specifying the time period within which a VESMP authority shall grant land-disturbance approval, the conditions and processes under which such approval shall be granted, the 455 456 procedures for communicating disapproval, the conditions under which an approval may be changed, and 457 requirements for inspection of approved projects;

458 9. Establish a statewide fee schedule to cover all costs associated with the implementation of a 459 VESMP related to land-disturbing activities where permit coverage is required, and for land-disturbing activities where the Board serves as a VESMP authority or VSMP authority. Such fee attributes include 460 the costs associated with plan review, permit registration statement review, permit issuance, permit 461 462 coverage verification, inspections, reporting, and compliance activities associated with the land-disturbing 463 activities as well as program oversight costs. The fee schedule shall also include a provision for a 464 reduced fee for a land-disturbing activity that disturbs 2,500 square feet or more but less than one acre in an area of a locality designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake 465 Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). The fee schedule shall be governed by the following: 466

467 a. The revenue generated from the statewide fee shall be collected utilizing, where practicable, an 468 online payment system, and the Department's portion shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit 469 in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund established pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:29. However, 470 whenever the Board has approved a VESMP, no more than 30 percent of the total revenue generated by the statewide fees collected shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit in the Virginia Stormwater Management Fund, with the balance going to the VESMP authority; b. Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any general fund appropriation made 471 472

473 to the Department or other supporting revenue from a VESMP; however, the fees shall be set at a level 474 475 sufficient for the Department, the Board, and the VESMP to fully carry out their responsibilities under 476 this article and local ordinances or standards and specifications where applicable. When establishing a 477 VESMP, the VESMP authority shall assess the statewide fees pursuant to the schedule and shall have 478 the authority to reduce or increase such fees, and to consolidate such fees with other program-related 479 charges, but in no case shall such fee changes affect the amount established in the regulations as 480 available to the Department for program oversight responsibilities pursuant to subdivision a. A VESMP's 481 portion of the fees shall be used solely to carry out the VESMP's responsibilities under this article and 482 associated ordinances;

483 c. In establishing the fee schedule under this subdivision, the Department shall ensure that the 484 VESMP authority portion of the statewide fee for coverage under the General Permit for Discharges of
485 Stormwater from Construction Activities for small construction activity involving a single-family
486 detached residential structure with a site or area, within or outside a common plan of development or
487 sale, that is equal to or greater than one acre but less than five acres shall be no greater than the
488 VESMP authority portion of the fee for coverage of sites or areas with a land-disturbance acreage of
489 less than one acre within a common plan of development or sale;

490 d. When any fees are collected pursuant to this section by credit cards, business transaction costs 491 associated with processing such payments may be additionally assessed;

492 e. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subdivision 9, establish a procedure by which neither
493 a registration statement nor payment of the Department's portion of the statewide fee established
494 pursuant to this subdivision 9 shall not be required for coverage under the General Permit for
495 Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for construction activity involving a single-family
496 detached residential structure, within or outside a common plan of development or sale;

497 f. Establish a procedure by which a registration statement shall not be required for coverage under
498 the General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Construction Activities for a small construction
499 activity involving a single-family detached residential structure, within or outside a common plan of
500 development or sale;

501 10. Establish statewide standards for soil erosion control and stormwater management from 502 land-disturbing activities;

- 503 11. Establish a procedure by which a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan or
  504 stormwater management plan that is approved for a residential, commercial, or industrial subdivision
  505 shall govern the development of the individual parcels, including those parcels developed under
  506 subsequent owners;
- 507 12. Provide for the certification and use of a proprietary best management practice only if another 508 state, regional, or national program has verified its nutrient or sediment removal effectiveness and all of 509 such program's established test protocol requirements were met or exceeded. As used in this subdivision 510 and any regulations or guidance adopted pursuant to this subdivision, "certification" means a 511 determination by the Department that a proprietary best management practice is approved for use in 512 accordance with this article;

513 13. Require that VESMPs maintain after-development runoff rate of flow and characteristics that
514 replicate, as nearly as practicable, the existing predevelopment runoff characteristics and site hydrology,
515 or improve upon the contributing share of the existing predevelopment runoff characteristics and site
516 hydrology if stream channel erosion or localized flooding is an existing predevelopment condition.

517 a. Except where more stringent requirements are necessary to address total maximum daily load 518 requirements or to protect exceptional state waters, any land-disturbing activity that was subject to the 519 water quantity requirements that were in effect pursuant to this article prior to July 1, 2014, shall be 520 deemed to satisfy the conditions of this subsection if the practices are designed to (i) detain the water 521 volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the impervious surface of the land 522 development project and to release it over 48 hours; (ii) detain and release over a 24-hour period the 523 expected rainfall resulting from the one year, 24-hour storm; and (iii) reduce the allowable peak flow 524 rate resulting from the 1.5-year, two-year, and 10-year, 24-hour storms to a level that is less than or 525 equal to the peak flow rate from the site assuming it was in a good forested condition, achieved through 526 multiplication of the forested peak flow rate by a reduction factor that is equal to the runoff volume 527 from the site when it was in a good forested condition divided by the runoff volume from the site in its 528 proposed condition. Any land-disturbing activity that complies with these requirements shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels as defined in 529 530 any regulations promulgated pursuant to this section or any ordinances adopted pursuant to 531 § 62.1-44.15:27 or 62.1-44.15:33;

b. Any stream restoration or relocation project that incorporates natural channel design concepts is
not a man-made channel and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for
natural or man-made channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to this article;

535 14. Encourage low-impact development designs, regional and watershed approaches, and 536 nonstructural means for controlling stormwater;

537 15. Promote the reclamation and reuse of stormwater for uses other than potable water in order to
538 protect state waters and the public health and to minimize the direct discharge of pollutants into state
539 waters;

540 16. Establish procedures to be followed when a locality chooses to change the type of program it administers pursuant to subsection D of § 62.1-44.15:27;

17. Establish a statewide permit fee schedule for stormwater management related to MS4 permits;

542

543 18. Provide for the evaluation and potential inclusion of emerging or innovative nonproprietary544 stormwater control technologies that may prove effective in reducing nonpoint source pollution;

545 19. Require the owner of property that is zoned for residential use and on which is located a
546 privately owned stormwater management facility serving one or more residential properties to record the
547 long-term maintenance and inspection requirements for such facility with the deed for the owner's
548 property; and

549 20. Require that all final plan elements, specifications, or calculations whose preparation requires a
550 license under Chapter 4 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) or 22 (§ 54.1-2200 et seq.) of Title 54.1 be appropriately
551 signed and sealed by a professional who is licensed to engage in practice in the Commonwealth.
552 Nothing in this subdivision shall authorize any person to engage in practice outside his area of
553 professional competence.

554 § 62.1-44.15:34. (For effective date, see notes) Regulated activities; submission and approval of a 555 permit application; security for performance; exemptions.

556 A. A person shall not conduct any land-disturbing activity until (i) he has submitted to the 557 appropriate VESMP authority an application that includes a permit registration statement, if required, a 558 soil erosion control and stormwater management plan or an executed agreement in lieu of a plan, if 559 required, and (ii) the VESMP authority has issued its land-disturbance approval. In addition, as a 560 prerequisite to engaging in an approved land-disturbing activity, the name of the individual who will be assisting the owner in carrying out the activity and holds a Responsible Land Disturber certificate 561 562 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:30 shall be submitted to the VESMP authority. Any VESMP authority may 563 waive the Responsible Land Disturber certificate requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for 564 construction of a single-family detached residential structure; however, if a violation occurs during the 565 land-disturbing activity for the single-family detached residential structure, then the owner shall correct 566 the violation and provide the name of the individual holding a Responsible Land Disturber certificate as 567 provided by § 62.1-14:30. Failure to provide the name of an individual holding a Responsible Land 568 Disturber certificate prior to engaging in land-disturbing activities may result in revocation of the land-disturbance approval and shall subject the owner to the penalties provided in this article. 569

570 1. A VESMP authority that is implementing its program pursuant to subsection A of § 62.1-44.15:27 or subdivision B 1 of § 62.1-44.15:27 shall determine the completeness of any application within 15 571 572 days after receipt, and shall act on any application within 60 days after it has been determined by the VÉSMP authority to be complete. The VÉSMP authority shall issue either land-disturbance approval or 573 574 denial and provide written rationale for any denial. Prior to issuing a land-disturbance approval, a 575 VESMP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of permit coverage when such coverage is 576 required. The VESMP authority also shall determine whether any resubmittal of a previously 577 disapproved application is complete within 15 days after receipt and shall act on the resubmitted 578 application within 45 days after receipt.

579 2. A VESMP authority implementing its program in coordination with the Department pursuant to 580 subdivision B 2 of § 62.1-44.15:27 shall determine the completeness of any application within 15 days after receipt, and shall act on any application within 60 days after it has been determined by the VESMP authority to be complete. The VESMP authority shall forward a soil erosion control and 581 582 583 stormwater management plan to the Department for review within five days of receipt. If the plan is 584 incomplete, the Department shall return the plan to the locality immediately and the application process 585 shall start over. If the plan is complete, the Department shall review it for compliance with the water 586 quality and water quantity technical criteria and provide its recommendation to the VESMP authority. 587 The VESMP authority shall either (i) issue the land-disturbance approval or (ii) issue a denial and 588 provide a written rationale for the denial. In no case shall a locality have more than 60 days for its 589 decision on an application after it has been determined to be complete. Prior to issuing a 590 land-disturbance approval, a VESMP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of permit coverage 591 when such coverage is required.

The VESMP authority also shall forward to the Department any resubmittal of a previously disapproved application within five days after receipt, and the VESMP authority shall determine whether the plan is complete within 15 days of its receipt of the plan. The Department shall review the plan for compliance with the water quality and water quantity technical criteria and provide its recommendation to the VESMP authority, and the VESMP authority shall act on the resubmitted application within 45 days after receipt.

598 3. When a state agency or federal entity submits a soil erosion control and stormwater management
599 plan for a project, land disturbance shall not commence until the Board has reviewed and approved the
600 plan and has issued permit coverage when it is required.

a. The Board shall not approve a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan submitted by
a state agency or federal entity for a project involving a land-disturbing activity (i) in any locality that
has not adopted a local program with more stringent ordinances than those of the state program or (ii) in
multiple jurisdictions with separate local programs, unless the plan is consistent with the requirements of
the state program.

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606 b. The Board shall not approve a soil erosion control and stormwater management plan submitted by 607 a state agency or federal entity for a project involving a land-disturbing activity in one locality with a 608 local program with more stringent ordinances than those of the state program, unless the plan is 609 consistent with the requirements of the local program.

610 c. If onsite changes occur, the state agency or federal entity shall submit an amended soil erosion 611 control and stormwater management plan to the Department.

612 d. The state agency or federal entity responsible for the land-disturbing activity shall ensure 613 compliance with the approved plan. As necessary, the Board shall provide project oversight and 614 enforcement.

4. Prior to issuance of any land-disturbance approval, the VESMP authority may also require an 615 616 applicant, excluding state agencies and federal entities, to submit a reasonable performance bond with 617 surety, cash escrow, letter of credit, any combination thereof, or such other legal arrangement acceptable to the VESMP authority, to ensure that measures could be taken by the VESMP authority at the 618 applicant's expense should he fail, after proper notice, within the time specified to comply with the 619 620 conditions imposed by the VESMP authority as a result of his land-disturbing activity. If the VESMP authority takes such action upon such failure by the applicant, the VESMP authority may collect from **621** the applicant the difference should the amount of the reasonable cost of such action exceed the amount 622 623 of the security held. Within 60 days of the completion of the VESMP authority's conditions, such bond, 624 cash escrow, letter of credit, or other legal arrangement, or the unexpended or unobligated portion 625 thereof, shall be refunded to the applicant or terminated.

626 B. The VESMP authority may require changes to an approved soil erosion control and stormwater 627 management plan in the following cases:

628 1. Where inspection has revealed that the plan is inadequate to satisfy applicable regulations or 629 ordinances; or

630 2. Where the owner finds that because of changed circumstances or for other reasons the plan cannot 631 be effectively carried out, and proposed amendments to the plan, consistent with the requirements of this 632 article, are agreed to by the VESMP authority and the owner.

633 C. In order to prevent further erosion, a VESMP authority may require approval of a soil erosion 634 control and stormwater management plan for any land identified as an erosion impact area by the 635 **VESMP** authority.

636 D. A VESMP authority may enter into an agreement with an adjacent VESMP authority regarding 637 the administration of multijurisdictional projects, specifying who shall be responsible for all or part of 638 the administrative procedures. Should adjacent VESMP authorities fail to reach such an agreement, each 639 shall be responsible for administering the area of the multijurisdictional project that lies within its 640 jurisdiction. 641

E. The following requirements shall apply to land-disturbing activities in the Commonwealth:

642 1. Any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land or (ii) disturbs less than one 643 acre of land and is part of a larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or 644 greater of land disturbance may, in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board, be required to 645 obtain permit coverage.

646 2. For a land-disturbing activity occurring in an area not designated as a Chesapeake Bay 647 Preservation Area subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.):

648 a. Soil erosion control requirements and water quantity technical criteria adopted pursuant to this 649 article shall apply to any activity that disturbs 10,000 square feet or more, although the locality may 650 reduce this regulatory threshold to a smaller area of disturbed land. A plan addressing these 651 requirements shall be submitted to the VESMP authority in accordance with subsection A. This 652 subdivision shall also apply to additions or modifications to existing single-family detached residential 653 structures.

654 b. Soil erosion control requirements and water quantity and water quality technical criteria shall 655 apply to any activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land or (ii) disturbs less than one acre of land 656 and is part of a larger common plan of development or sale that results in one acre or greater of land 657 disturbance, although the locality may reduce this regulatory threshold to a smaller area of disturbed 658 land. A plan addressing these requirements shall be submitted to the VESMP authority in accordance 659 with subsection A.

660 3. For a land-disturbing activity occurring in an area designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation 661 Area subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.):

662 a. Soil erosion control and water quantity and water quality technical criteria shall apply to any land-disturbing activity that disturbs 2,500 square feet or more of land, other than a single-family 663 664 detached residential structure. However, the governing body of any affected locality may reduce this regulatory threshold to a smaller area of disturbed land. A plan addressing these requirements shall be 665 submitted to the VESMP authority in accordance with subsection A. 666

667 b. For land-disturbing activities for single-family detached residential structures, soil erosion control and water quantity technical criteria shall apply to any land-disturbing activity that disturbs 2,500 square 668 feet or more of land, and the locality also may require compliance with the water quality technical 669 670 criteria. A plan addressing these requirements shall be submitted to the VESMP authority in accordance 671 with subsection A.

672 F. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the following activities are not required to comply with the requirements of this article unless otherwise required by federal law: 673

674 1. Minor land-disturbing activities, including home gardens and individual home landscaping, repairs, 675 and maintenance work;

676 2. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any individual service connection;

677 3. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any underground utility line when such activity occurs on an 678 existing hard surfaced road, street, or sidewalk, provided the land-disturbing activity is confined to the 679 area of the road, street, or sidewalk that is hard surfaced;

4. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any septic tank line or drainage field unless included in an **680** overall plan for land-disturbing activity relating to construction of the building to be served by the septic 681 682 tank system;

5. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects 683 684 conducted pursuant to Title 45.2;

685 6. Clearing of lands specifically for bona fide agricultural purposes; the management, tilling, planting, **686** or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops; livestock feedlot operations; agricultural **687** engineering operations, including construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, 688 dikes, ponds, ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land 689 drainage, and land irrigation; or as additionally set forth by the Board in regulations. However, this 690 exception shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which harvesting occurs is reforested artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) 691 or is converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as described in subsection B of 692 693 § 10.1-1163;

694 7. Installation of fence and sign posts or telephone and electric poles and other kinds of posts or 695 poles;

696 8. Shoreline erosion control projects on tidal waters when all of the land-disturbing activities are within the regulatory authority of and approved by local wetlands boards, the Marine Resources **697 698** Commission, or the United States Army Corps of Engineers; however, any associated land that is 699 disturbed outside of this exempted area shall remain subject to this article and the regulations adopted 700 pursuant thereto:

701 9. Repair or rebuilding of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other 702 related structures and facilities of a railroad company;

703 10. Land-disturbing activities in response to a public emergency where the related work requires 704 immediate authorization to avoid imminent endangerment to human health or the environment. In such situations, the VESMP authority shall be advised of the disturbance within seven days of commencing 705 706 the land-disturbing activity, and compliance with the administrative requirements of subsection A is 707 required within 30 days of commencing the land-disturbing activity; and

11. Discharges to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system that are not from a land-disturbing 708 709 activity.

710 G. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, the following activities are required to comply with the soil erosion control requirements but are not required to comply with the water quantity and 711 712 water quality technical criteria, unless otherwise required by federal law:

713 1. Activities under a state or federal reclamation program to return an abandoned property to an 714 agricultural or open land use;

715 2. Routine maintenance that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, 716 or original construction of the project. The paving of an existing road with a compacted or impervious 717 surface and reestablishment of existing associated ditches and shoulders shall be deemed routine 718 maintenance if performed in accordance with this subsection; and 719

3. Discharges from a land-disturbing activity to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system.

§ 62.1-44.15:51. (For expiration date, see notes) Definitions.

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As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Agreement in lieu of a plan" means a contract between the plan-approving authority and the owner 722 723 that specifies conservation measures that must be implemented in the construction of a (i) single-family 724 residence or (ii) farm building or structure on a parcel of land with a total impervious cover 725 percentage, including the impervious cover from the farm building or structure to be constructed, of less 726 than five percent; this contract may be executed by the plan-approving authority in lieu of a formal site 727 plan.

728 "Applicant" means any person submitting an erosion and sediment control plan for approval or requesting the issuance of a permit, when required, authorizing land-disturbing activities to commence.

"Certified inspector" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a certificate of
competence from the Board in the area of project inspection or (ii) is enrolled in the Board's training
program for project inspection and successfully completes such program within one year after
enrollment.

"Certified plan reviewer" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a
certificate of competence from the Board in the area of plan review, (ii) is enrolled in the Board's
training program for plan review and successfully completes such program within one year after
enrollment, or (iii) is licensed as a professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, land surveyor
pursuant to Article 1 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 54.1, or professional soil scientist as
defined in § 54.1-2200.

"Certified program administrator" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a
certificate of competence from the Board in the area of program administration or (ii) is enrolled in the
Board's training program for program administration and successfully completes such program within
one year after enrollment.

744 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.

745 "Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

746 "District" or "soil and water conservation district" means a political subdivision of the
747 Commonwealth organized in accordance with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 10.1-506 et seq.) of Chapter
748 5 of Title 10.1.

749 "Erosion and sediment control plan" or "plan" means a document containing material for the 750 conservation of soil and water resources of a unit or group of units of land. It may include appropriate 751 maps, an appropriate soil and water plan inventory and management information with needed 752 interpretations, and a record of decisions contributing to conservation treatment. The plan shall contain 753 all major conservation decisions to ensure that the entire unit or units of land will be so treated to 754 achieve the conservation objectives.

"Erosion impact area" means an area of land not associated with current land-disturbing activity but
subject to persistent soil erosion resulting in the delivery of sediment onto neighboring properties or into
state waters. This definition shall not apply to any lot or parcel of land of 10,000 square feet or less
used for residential purposes or to shorelines where the erosion results from wave action or other coastal
processes.

**760** *"Farm building or structure" means the same as that term is defined in § 36-97 and also includes* **761** *any building or structure used for agritourism activity, as defined in § 3.2-6400, and any related* **762** *impervious surfaces including roads, driveways, and parking areas.* 

"Land-disturbing activity" means any man-made change to the land surface that may result in soil
erosion from water or wind and the movement of sediments into state waters or onto lands in the
Commonwealth, including, but not limited to, clearing, grading, excavating, transporting, and filling of
land, except that the term shall not include:

1. Minor land-disturbing activities such as home gardens and individual home landscaping, repairs, and maintenance work;

**769** 2. Individual service connections;

3. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any underground public utility lines when such activity
occurs on an existing hard surfaced road, street, or sidewalk, provided the land-disturbing activity is
confined to the area of the road, street, or sidewalk that is hard surfaced;

4. Septic tank lines or drainage fields unless included in an overall plan for land-disturbing activityrelating to construction of the building to be served by the septic tank system;

5. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects conducted pursuant to Title 45.2;

777 6. Tilling, planting, or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops, livestock feedlot 778 operations, or as additionally set forth by the Board in regulation, including engineering operations as 779 follows: construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds, ditches, strip 780 cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation; 781 however, this exception shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which harvesting 782 occurs is reforested artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 783 et seq.) of Title 10.1 or is converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as described in 784 subsection B of  $\S$  10.1-1163;

785 7. Repair or rebuilding of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other related structures and facilities of a railroad company;

787 8. Agricultural engineering operations, including but not limited to the construction of terraces,
 788 terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, dikes, ponds not required to comply with the provisions of

789 the Dam Safety Act (§ 10.1-604 et seq.), ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, 790 contour furrowing, land drainage, and land irrigation;

791 9. Disturbed land areas of less than 10,000 square feet in size or 2,500 square feet in all areas of the 792 jurisdictions designated as subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Designation and 793 Management Regulations; however, the governing body of the program authority may reduce this 794 exception to a smaller area of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this exception shall 795 apply;

796 10. Installation of fence and sign posts or telephone and electric poles and other kinds of posts or 797 poles;

798 11. Shoreline erosion control projects on tidal waters when all of the land-disturbing activities are 799 within the regulatory authority of and approved by local wetlands boards, the Marine Resources 800 Commission, or the United States Army Corps of Engineers; however, any associated land that is disturbed outside of this exempted area shall remain subject to this article and the regulations adopted 801 802 pursuant thereto; and

12. Emergency work to protect life, limb, or property, and emergency repairs; however, if the 803 804 land-disturbing activity would have required an approved erosion and sediment control plan, if the 805 activity were not an emergency, then the land area disturbed shall be shaped and stabilized in 806 accordance with the requirements of the VESCP authority.

807 "Natural channel design concepts" means the utilization of engineering analysis and fluvial 808 geomorphic processes to create, rehabilitate, restore, or stabilize an open conveyance system for the 809 purpose of creating or recreating a stream that conveys its bankfull storm event within its banks and 810 allows larger flows to access its bankfull bench and its floodplain.

811 "Owner" means the owner or owners of the freehold of the premises or lesser estate therein, 812 mortgagee or vendee in possession, assignee of rents, receiver, executor, trustee, lessee, or other person, 813 firm, or corporation in control of a property.

"Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a given storm condition at a particular 814 815 location.

816 "Permittee" means the person to whom the local permit authorizing land-disturbing activities is issued 817 or the person who certifies that the approved erosion and sediment control plan will be followed.

"Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, association, joint venture, public or private corporation, trust, estate, commission, board, public or private institution, utility, cooperative, county, 818 819 820 city, town, or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth, governmental body, including a federal 821 or state entity as applicable, any interstate body, or any other legal entity.

822 "Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a 823 prescribed storm event. 824

"Town" means an incorporated town.

825 "Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program" or "VESCP" means a program approved by the Board that has been established by a VESCP authority for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment 826 deposition, and nonagricultural runoff associated with a land-disturbing activity to prevent the 827 828 unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources and shall 829 include such items where applicable as local ordinances, rules, permit requirements, annual standards 830 and specifications, policies and guidelines, technical materials, and requirements for plan review, inspection, enforcement where authorized in this article, and evaluation consistent with the requirements 831 832 of this article and its associated regulations.

"Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority" or "VESCP authority" means an 833 authority approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program. An 834 835 authority may include a state entity, including the Department; a federal entity; a district, county, city, or 836 town; or for linear projects subject to annual standards and specifications, electric, natural gas, and 837 telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline companies, railroad companies, 838 or authorities created pursuant to § 15.2-5102.

"Water quality volume" means the volume equal to the first one-half inch of runoff multiplied by the 839 840 impervious surface of the land development project. 841

### § 62.1-44.15:51. (For effective date, see notes) Definitions. 842

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

843 "Agreement in lieu of a plan" means a contract between the VESCP authority and the owner that 844 specifies conservation measures that must be implemented in the construction of a (i) single-family 845 detached residential structure or (ii) farm building or structure on a parcel of land with a total 846 impervious cover percentage, including the impervious cover from the farm building or structure to be 847 constructed, of less than five percent; this contract may be executed by the VESCP authority in lieu of a 848 formal site plan.

849 "Applicant" means any person submitting an erosion and sediment control plan for approval in order

850 to obtain authorization for land-disturbing activities to commence.

851 "Certified inspector" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a certification
852 from the Board in the area of project inspection or (ii) is enrolled in the Board's training program for
853 project inspection and successfully completes such program within one year after enrollment.

854 "Certified plan reviewer" means an employee or agent of a VÉSCP authority who (i) holds a
855 certification from the Board in the area of plan review, (ii) is enrolled in the Board's training program
856 for plan review and successfully completes such program within one year after enrollment, or (iii) is
857 licensed as a professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, land surveyor pursuant to Article 1
858 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 54.1, or professional soil scientist as defined in § 54.1-2200.

859 "Certified program administrator" means an employee or agent of a VESCP authority who (i) holds a
860 certification from the Board in the area of program administration or (ii) is enrolled in the Board's
861 training program for program administration and successfully completes such program within one year
862 after enrollment.

863 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.

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"Director" means the Director of the Department of Environmental Quality.

865 "District" or "soil and water conservation district" means a political subdivision of the 866 Commonwealth organized in accordance with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 10.1-506 et seq.) of Chapter 867 5 of Title 10.1.

868 "Erosion and sediment control plan" or "plan" means a document containing material for the conservation of soil and water resources of a unit or group of units of land. It may include appropriate maps, an appropriate soil and water plan inventory and management information with needed interpretations, and a record of decisions contributing to conservation treatment. The plan shall contain all major conservation decisions to ensure that the entire unit or units of land will be so treated to achieve the conservation objectives.

874 "Erosion impact area" means an area of land that is not associated with a current land-disturbing
875 activity but is subject to persistent soil erosion resulting in the delivery of sediment onto neighboring
876 properties or into state waters. This definition shall not apply to any lot or parcel of land of 10,000
877 square feet or less used for residential purposes or to shorelines where the erosion results from wave
878 action or other coastal processes.

879 "Farm building or structure" means the same as that term is defined in § 36-97 and also includes
880 any building or structure used for agritourism activity, as defined in § 3.2-6400, and any related
881 impervious surfaces including roads, driveways, and parking areas.

882 "Land disturbance" or "land-disturbing activity" means any man-made change to the land surface that
883 may result in soil erosion or has the potential to change its runoff characteristics, including the clearing,
884 grading, excavating, transporting, and filling of land.

885 "Natural channel design concepts" means the utilization of engineering analysis and fluvial
886 geomorphic processes to create, rehabilitate, restore, or stabilize an open conveyance system for the
887 purpose of creating or recreating a stream that conveys its bankfull storm event within its banks and
888 allows larger flows to access its bankfull bench and its floodplain.

889 "Owner" means the same as provided in § 62.1-44.3. For a land-disturbing activity that is regulated
890 under this article, "owner" also includes the owner or owners of the freehold of the premises or lesser
891 estate therein, mortgagee or vendee in possession, assignee of rents, receiver, executor, trustee, lessee, or
892 other person, firm, or corporation in control of a property.

893 "Peak flow rate" means the maximum instantaneous flow from a given storm condition at a particular894 location.

895 "Person" means any individual, partnership, firm, association, joint venture, public or private
896 corporation, trust, estate, commission, board, public or private institution, utility, cooperative, county,
897 city, town, or other political subdivision of the Commonwealth, governmental body, including a federal
898 or state entity as applicable, any interstate body, or any other legal entity.

899 "Runoff volume" means the volume of water that runs off the land development project from a900 prescribed storm event.

901 "Soil erosion" means the movement of soil by wind or water into state waters or onto lands in the 902 Commonwealth.

**903** "Town" means an incorporated town.

904 "Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program" or "VESCP" means a program approved by the
905 Board that has been established by a VESCP authority for the effective control of soil erosion, sediment
906 deposition, and nonagricultural runoff associated with a land-disturbing activity to prevent the
907 unreasonable degradation of properties, stream channels, waters, and other natural resources and shall
908 include such items where applicable as local ordinances, rules, policies and guidelines, technical
909 materials, and requirements for plan review, inspection, and evaluation consistent with the requirements
910 of this article.

"Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program authority" or "VESCP authority" means a locality 911 912 approved by the Board to operate a Virginia Erosion and Sediment Control Program. A locality that has 913 chosen not to establish a Virginia Erosion and Stormwater Management Program pursuant to subdivision 914 B 3 of § 62.1-44.15:27 is required to become a VESCP authority in accordance with this article.

915 "Virginia Stormwater Management Program" or "VSMP" means a program established by the Board 916 pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:27.1 on behalf of a locality on or after July 1, 2014, to manage the quality and 917 quantity of runoff resulting from any land-disturbing activity that (i) disturbs one acre or more of land 918 or (ii) disturbs less than one acre of land and is part of a larger common plan of development or sale 919 that results in one acre or greater of land disturbance.

#### 920 § 62.1-44.15:55. (For expiration date, see Acts 2016, cc. 68 and 758, as amended by Acts 2017, 921 c. 345) Regulated land-disturbing activities; submission and approval of erosion and sediment 922 control plan.

923 A. Except as provided in § 62.1-44.15:56 for state agency and federal entity land-disturbing activities, 924 no person shall engage in any land-disturbing activity until he has submitted to the VESCP authority an 925 erosion and sediment control plan for the land-disturbing activity and the plan has been reviewed and 926 approved. Upon the development of an online reporting system by the Department, but no later than 927 July 1, 2014, a VESCP authority shall then be required to obtain evidence of Virginia Stormwater 928 Management Program permit coverage where it is required prior to providing approval to begin land 929 disturbance. Where land-disturbing activities involve lands under the jurisdiction of more than one 930 VESCP, an erosion and sediment control plan may, at the request of one or all of the VESCP 931 authorities, be submitted to the Department for review and approval rather than to each jurisdiction 932 concerned. The Department may charge the jurisdictions requesting the review a fee sufficient to cover 933 the cost associated with conducting the review. A VESCP may enter into an agreement with an adjacent 934 VESCP regarding the administration of multijurisdictional projects whereby the jurisdiction that contains 935 the greater portion of the project shall be responsible for all or part of the administrative procedures. 936 Where the land-disturbing activity results from the construction of a (i) single-family residence or (ii) 937 farm building or structure on a parcel of land with a total impervious cover percentage, including the 938 impervious cover from the farm building or structure to be constructed, of less than five percent, an 939 agreement in lieu of a plan may be substituted for an erosion and sediment control plan if executed by 940 the VESCP authority.

941 B. The VESCP authority shall review erosion and sediment control plans submitted to it and grant 942 written approval within 60 days of the receipt of the plan if it determines that the plan meets the 943 requirements of this article and the Board's regulations and if the person responsible for carrying out the 944 plan certifies that he will properly perform the erosion and sediment control measures included in the 945 plan and shall comply with the provisions of this article. In addition, as a prerequisite to engaging in the 946 land-disturbing activities shown on the approved plan, the person responsible for carrying out the plan 947 shall provide the name of an individual holding a certificate of competence to the VESCP authority, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52, who will be in charge of and responsible for carrying out the 948 949 land-disturbing activity. However, any VESCP authority may waive the certificate of competence 950 requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction of a single family residence. If a violation occurs during the land-disturbing activity, then the person responsible for carrying out the 951 952 agreement in lieu of a plan shall correct the violation and provide the name of an individual holding a 953 certificate of competence, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52. Failure to provide the name of an individual 954 holding a certificate of competence prior to engaging in land-disturbing activities may result in 955 revocation of the approval of the plan and the person responsible for carrying out the plan shall be 956 subject to the penalties provided in this article.

957 When a plan is determined to be inadequate, written notice of disapproval stating the specific reasons 958 for disapproval shall be communicated to the applicant within 45 days. The notice shall specify the 959 modifications, terms, and conditions that will permit approval of the plan. If no action is taken by the 960 VESCP authority within the time specified in this subsection, the plan shall be deemed approved and the 961 person authorized to proceed with the proposed activity. The VESCP authority shall act on any erosion 962 and sediment control plan that has been previously disapproved within 45 days after the plan has been 963 revised, resubmitted for approval, and deemed adequate. 964

C. The VESCP authority may require changes to an approved plan in the following cases:

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1. Where inspection has revealed that the plan is inadequate to satisfy applicable regulations; or

966 2. Where the person responsible for carrying out the approved plan finds that because of changed 967 circumstances or for other reasons the approved plan cannot be effectively carried out, and proposed 968 amendments to the plan, consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations, are 969 agreed to by the VESCP authority and the person responsible for carrying out the plan.

970 D. Electric, natural gas, and telephone utility companies, interstate and intrastate natural gas pipeline 971 companies, and railroad companies shall, and authorities created pursuant to § 15.2-5102 may, file

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972 general erosion and sediment control standards and specifications annually with the Department for
973 review and approval. Such standards and specifications shall be consistent with the requirements of this
974 article and associated regulations and the Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq.) and
975 associated regulations where applicable. The specifications shall apply to:

976 1. Construction, installation, or maintenance of electric transmission, natural gas, and telephone utility977 lines and pipelines, and water and sewer lines; and

978 2. Construction of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other related979 structures and facilities of the railroad company.

980 The Department shall have 60 days in which to approve the standards and specifications. If no action 981 is taken by the Department within 60 days, the standards and specifications shall be deemed approved. 982 Individual approval of separate projects within subdivisions 1 and 2 is not necessary when approved 983 specifications are followed. Projects not included in subdivisions 1 and 2 shall comply with the 984 requirements of the appropriate VESCP. The Board shall have the authority to enforce approved 985 specifications and charge fees equal to the lower of (i) \$1,000 or (ii) an amount sufficient to cover the 986 costs associated with standard and specification review and approval, project inspections, and 987 compliance.

988 E. Any person engaging, in more than one jurisdiction, in the creation and operation of a wetland 989 mitigation or stream restoration bank or banks, which have been approved and are operated in 990 accordance with applicable federal and state guidance, laws, or regulations for the establishment, use, 991 and operation of (i) wetlands mitigation or stream restoration banks, pursuant to a mitigation banking 992 instrument signed by the Department of Environmental Quality, the Marine Resources Commission, or 993 the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, or (ii) a stream restoration project for purposes of reducing nutrients 994 or sediment entering state waters may, at the option of that person, file general erosion and sediment 995 control standards and specifications for wetland mitigation or stream restoration banks annually with the 996 Department for review and approval consistent with guidelines established by the Board.

997 The Department shall have 60 days in which to approve the specifications. If no action is taken by **998** the Department within 60 days, the specifications shall be deemed approved. Individual approval of 999 separate projects under this subsection is not necessary when approved specifications are implemented through a project-specific erosion and sediment control plan. Projects not included in this subsection 1000 1001 shall comply with the requirements of the appropriate local erosion and sediment control program. The 1002 Board shall have the authority to enforce approved specifications and charge fees equal to the lower of 1003 (i) \$1,000 or (ii) an amount sufficient to cover the costs associated with standard and specification 1004 review and approval, projection inspections, and compliance. Approval of general erosion and sediment 1005 control specifications by the Department does not relieve the owner or operator from compliance with 1006 any other local ordinances and regulations including requirements to submit plans and obtain permits as 1007 may be required by such ordinances and regulations.

**1008** F. In order to prevent further erosion, a VESCP authority may require approval of an erosion and sediment control plan for any land identified by the VESCP authority as an erosion impact area.

1010 G. For the purposes of subsections A and B, when land-disturbing activity will be required of a contractor performing construction work pursuant to a construction contract, the preparation, submission, and approval of an erosion and sediment control plan shall be the responsibility of the owner.

1013 § 62.1-44.15:55. (For effective date, see notes) Regulated land-disturbing activities; submission 1014 and approval of erosion and sediment control plan.

1015 A. Except as provided in § 62.1-44.15:31 for a land-disturbing activity conducted by a state agency, 1016 federal entity, or other specified entity, no person shall engage in any land-disturbing activity until he 1017 has submitted to the VESCP authority an erosion and sediment control plan for the land-disturbing 1018 activity and the plan has been reviewed and approved. Where Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination 1019 System permit coverage is required, a VESCP authority shall be required to obtain evidence of such 1020 coverage from the Department's online reporting system prior to approving the erosion and sediment 1021 control plan. A VESCP authority may enter into an agreement with an adjacent VESCP or VESMP 1022 authority regarding the administration of multijurisdictional projects specifying who shall be responsible 1023 for all or part of the administrative procedures. Should adjacent authorities fail to come to such an 1024 agreement, each shall be responsible for administering the area of the multijurisdictional project that lies 1025 within its jurisdiction. Where the land-disturbing activity results from the construction of a (i) 1026 single-family residence or (ii) farm building or structure on a parcel of land with a total impervious 1027 cover percentage, including the impervious cover from the farm building or structure to be constructed, 1028 of less than five percent, an agreement in lieu of a plan may be substituted for an erosion and sediment 1029 control plan if executed by the VESCP authority.

B. The VESCP authority shall review erosion and sediment control plans submitted to it and grant
written approval within 60 days of the receipt of the plan if it determines that the plan meets the
requirements of this article and the Board's regulations and if the person responsible for carrying out the

1033 plan certifies that he will properly perform the erosion and sediment control measures included in the 1034 plan and shall comply with the provisions of this article. In addition, as a prerequisite to engaging in the 1035 land-disturbing activities shown on the approved plan, the person responsible for carrying out the plan 1036 shall provide the name of an individual holding a certificate to the VESCP authority, as provided by 1037 § 62.1-44.15:52, who will be in charge of and responsible for carrying out the land-disturbing activity. 1038 However, any VESCP authority may waive the certificate requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan 1039 for construction of a single family residence. If a violation occurs during the land-disturbing activity, 1040 then the person responsible for carrying out the agreement in lieu of a plan shall correct the violation 1041 and provide the name of an individual holding a certificate, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52. Failure to 1042 provide the name of an individual holding a certificate prior to engaging in land-disturbing activities 1043 may result in revocation of the approval of the plan and the person responsible for carrying out the plan shall be subject to the penalties provided in this article. 1044

1045 When a plan is determined to be inadequate, written notice of disapproval stating the specific reasons 1046 for disapproval shall be communicated to the applicant within 45 days. The notice shall specify the 1047 modifications, terms, and conditions that will permit approval of the plan. If no action is taken by the 1048 VESCP authority within the time specified in this subsection, the plan shall be deemed approved and the 1049 person authorized to proceed with the proposed activity. The VESCP authority shall act on any erosion 1050 and sediment control plan that has been previously disapproved within 45 days after the plan has been 1051 revised, resubmitted for approval, and deemed adequate. 1052

C. The VESCP authority may require changes to an approved plan in the following cases:

1. Where inspection has revealed that the plan is inadequate to satisfy applicable regulations; or

1053 1054 2. Where the person responsible for carrying out the approved plan finds that because of changed circumstances or for other reasons the approved plan cannot be effectively carried out, and proposed 1055 amendments to the plan, consistent with the requirements of this article and associated regulations, are 1056 1057 agreed to by the VESCP authority and the person responsible for carrying out the plan.

1058 D. In order to prevent further erosion, a VESCP authority may require approval of an erosion and 1059 sediment control plan for any land identified by the VESCP authority as an erosion impact area.

1060 E. For the purposes of subsections A and B, when land-disturbing activity will be required of a 1061 contractor performing construction work pursuant to a construction contract, the preparation, submission, 1062 and approval of an erosion and sediment control plan shall be the responsibility of the owner.

1063 F. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the following activities are not required to 1064 comply with the requirements of this article unless otherwise required by federal law:

1065 1. Disturbance of a land area of less than 10,000 square feet in size or less than 2,500 square feet in 1066 an area designated as a Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area pursuant to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation 1067 Act (§ 62.1-44.15:67 et seq.). However, the governing body of the program authority may reduce this 1068 exception to a smaller area of disturbed land or qualify the conditions under which this exception shall 1069 apply;

1070 2. Minor land-disturbing activities such as home gardens and individual home landscaping, repairs, 1071 and maintenance work; 1072

3. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any individual service connection;

1073 4. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any underground utility line when such activity occurs on an 1074 existing hard surfaced road, street, or sidewalk, provided the land-disturbing activity is confined to the 1075 area of the road, street, or sidewalk that is hard surfaced;

1076 5. Installation, maintenance, or repair of any septic tank line or drainage field unless included in an 1077 overall plan for land-disturbing activity relating to construction of the building to be served by the septic 1078 tank system;

1079 6. Permitted surface or deep mining operations and projects, or oil and gas operations and projects 1080 conducted pursuant to Title 45.2;

1081 7. Clearing of lands specifically for bona fide agricultural purposes; the management, tilling, planting, 1082 or harvesting of agricultural, horticultural, or forest crops; livestock feedlot operations; agricultural 1083 engineering operations, including construction of terraces, terrace outlets, check dams, desilting basins, 1084 dikes, ponds, ditches, strip cropping, lister furrowing, contour cultivating, contour furrowing, land 1085 drainage, and land irrigation; or as additionally set forth by the Board in regulations. However, this 1086 exception shall not apply to harvesting of forest crops unless the area on which harvesting occurs is 1087 reforested artificially or naturally in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 (§ 10.1-1100 et seq.) 1088 of Title 10.1 or is converted to bona fide agricultural or improved pasture use as described in subsection 1089 B of § 10.1-1163;

1090 8. Installation of fence and sign posts or telephone and electric poles and other kinds of posts or 1091 poles;

1092 9. Shoreline erosion control projects on tidal waters when all of the land-disturbing activities are 1093 within the regulatory authority of and approved by local wetlands boards, the Marine Resources

1094 Commission, or the United States Army Corps of Engineers; however, any associated land that is
 1095 disturbed outside of this exempted area shall remain subject to this article and the regulations adopted
 1096 pursuant thereto;

1097 10. Land-disturbing activities in response to a public emergency where the related work requires 1098 immediate authorization to avoid imminent endangerment to human health or the environment. In such 1099 situations, the VESMP authority shall be advised of the disturbance within seven days of commencing 1100 the land-disturbing activity, and compliance with the administrative requirements of subsection A is 1101 required within 30 days of commencing the land-disturbing activity;

1102 11. Discharges to a sanitary sewer or a combined sewer system that are not from a land-disturbing activity; and

1104 12. Repair or rebuilding of the tracks, rights-of-way, bridges, communication facilities, and other 1105 related structures and facilities of a railroad company.

1106 § 62.1-44.15:58. (For contingent expiration date, see Acts 2016, cc. 68 and 758, as amended by 1107 Acts 2017, c. 345) Monitoring, reports, and inspections.

1108 A. The VESCP authority (i) shall provide for periodic inspections of the land-disturbing activity and 1109 require that an individual holding a certificate of competence, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52, who will 1110 be in charge of and responsible for carrying out the land-disturbing activity and (ii) may require 1111 monitoring and reports from the person responsible for carrying out the erosion and sediment control 1112 plan, to ensure compliance with the approved plan and to determine whether the measures required in 1113 the plan are effective in controlling erosion and sediment. However, any VESCP authority may waive 1114 the certificate of competence requirement for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction of a 1115 single-family residence. The owner, permittee, or person responsible for carrying out the plan shall be 1116 given notice of the inspection. If the VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department determines that there is a failure to comply with the plan following an inspection, notice 1117 1118 shall be served upon the permittee or person responsible for carrying out the plan by mailing with 1119 confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the permit application or in the plan certification, or 1120 by delivery at the site of the land-disturbing activities to the agent or employee supervising such 1121 activities. The notice shall specify the measures needed to comply with the plan and shall specify the 1122 time within which such measures shall be completed. Upon failure to comply within the time specified, 1123 the permit may be revoked and the VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, the 1124 Department, or the Board may pursue enforcement as provided by § 62.1-44.15:63.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection Å, a VESCP authority is authorized to enter into agreements or contracts with districts, adjacent localities, or other public or private entities to assist with the responsibilities of this article, including but not limited to the review and determination of adequacy of erosion and sediment control plans submitted for land-disturbing activities as well as monitoring, reports, inspections, and enforcement where an authority is granted such powers by this article.

1130 C. Upon issuance of an inspection report denoting a violation of this section, § 62.1-44.15:55 or 1131 62.1-44.15:56, in conjunction with or subsequent to a notice to comply as specified in subsection A, a VESCP authority, where authorized to enforce this article, or the Department may issue an order 1132 1133 requiring that all or part of the land-disturbing activities permitted on the site be stopped until the specified corrective measures have been taken or, if land-disturbing activities have commenced without 1134 1135 an approved plan as provided in § 62.1-44.15:55, requiring that all of the land-disturbing activities be 1136 stopped until an approved plan or any required permits are obtained. Where the alleged noncompliance 1137 is causing or is in imminent danger of causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment deposition in waters 1138 within the watersheds of the Commonwealth, or where the land-disturbing activities have commenced 1139 without an approved erosion and sediment control plan or any required permits, such an order may be 1140 issued whether or not the alleged violator has been issued a notice to comply as specified in subsection 1141 A. Otherwise, such an order may be issued only after the alleged violator has failed to comply with a 1142 notice to comply. The order for noncompliance with a plan shall be served in the same manner as a 1143 notice to comply, and shall remain in effect for seven days from the date of service pending application 1144 by the VESCP authority, the Department, or alleged violator for appropriate relief to the circuit court of 1145 the jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to have occurred or other appropriate court. The order 1146 for disturbance without an approved plan or permits shall be served upon the owner by mailing with 1147 confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the land records of the locality, shall be posted on 1148 the site where the disturbance is occurring, and shall remain in effect until such time as permits and 1149 plan approvals are secured, except in such situations where an agricultural exemption applies. If the 1150 alleged violator has not obtained an approved erosion and sediment control plan or any required permit 1151 within seven days from the date of service of the order, the Department or the chief administrative 1152 officer or his designee on behalf of the VESCP authority may issue a subsequent order to the owner 1153 requiring that all construction and other work on the site, other than corrective measures, be stopped 1154 until an approved erosion and sediment control plan and any required permits have been obtained. The

1155 subsequent order shall be served upon the owner by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address 1156 specified in the permit application or the land records of the locality in which the site is located. The 1157 owner may appeal the issuance of any order to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation 1158 was alleged to have occurred or other appropriate court. Any person violating or failing, neglecting, or 1159 refusing to obey an order issued by the Department or the chief administrative officer or his designee on 1160 behalf of the VESCP authority may be compelled in a proceeding instituted in the circuit court of the 1161 jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to have occurred or other appropriate court to obey same 1162 and to comply therewith by injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate remedy. Upon completion and 1163 approval of corrective action or obtaining an approved plan or any required permits, the order shall immediately be lifted. Nothing in this section shall prevent the Department, the Board, or the chief 1164 administrative officer or his designee on behalf of the VESCP authority from taking any other action 1165 1166 specified in § 62.1-44.15:63.

1167 § 62.1-44.15:58. (For contingent effective date, see Acts 2016, cc. 68 and 758, as amended by 1168 Acts 2017, c. 345) Monitoring, reports, and inspections.

1169 A. The VESCP authority (i) shall provide for periodic inspections of the land-disturbing activity and 1170 require that an individual holding a certificate, as provided by § 62.1-44.15:52, will be in charge of and 1171 responsible for carrying out the land-disturbing activity and (ii) may require monitoring and reports from 1172 the person responsible for carrying out the erosion and sediment control plan, to ensure compliance with 1173 the approved plan and to determine whether the measures required in the plan are effective in 1174 controlling erosion and sediment. However, any VESCP authority may waive the certificate requirement 1175 for an agreement in lieu of a plan for construction of a single family detached residential structure. The 1176 owner shall be given notice of the inspection. When the VESCP authority or the Board determines that 1177 there is a failure to comply with the conditions of land-disturbance approval or to obtain an approved 1178 plan or a land-disturbance approval prior to commencing land-disturbing activity, the VESCP authority 1179 or the Board may serve a notice to comply upon the owner or person responsible for carrying out the 1180 land-disturbing activity. Such notice to comply shall be served by delivery by facsimile, e-mail, or other 1181 technology; by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the address specified in the plan or 1182 land-disturbance application, if available, or in the land records of the locality; or by delivery at the site 1183 to a person previously identified to the VESCP authority by the owner. The notice to comply shall 1184 specify the measures needed to comply with the land-disturbance approval conditions or shall identify 1185 the plan approval or land-disturbance approval needed to comply with this article and shall specify a 1186 reasonable time within which such measures shall be completed. In any instance in which a required 1187 land-disturbance approval has not been obtained, the VESCP authority or the Board may require 1188 immediate compliance. In any other case, the VESCP authority or the Board may establish the time for 1189 compliance by taking into account the risk of damage to natural resources and other relevant factors. 1190 Notwithstanding any other provision in this subsection, a VESCP authority or the Board may count any days of noncompliance as days of violation should the VESCP authority or the Board take an 1191 1192 enforcement action. The issuance of a notice to comply by the Board shall not be considered a case 1193 decision as defined in § 2.2-4001. Upon failure to comply within the time specified, any plan approval or land-disturbance approval may be revoked and the VESCP authority or the Board may pursue 1194 1195 enforcement as provided by § 62.1-44.15:63.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, a VESCP authority is authorized to enter into agreements or contracts with districts, adjacent localities, or other public or private entities to assist with the responsibilities of this article, including but not limited to the review and determination of adequacy of erosion and sediment control plans submitted for land-disturbing activities as well as monitoring, reports, inspections, and enforcement.

1201 C. Upon issuance of an inspection report denoting a violation of this section or § 62.1-44.15:55, in 1202 conjunction with or subsequent to a notice to comply as specified in subsection A, a VESCP authority 1203 or the Board may issue a stop work order requiring that all or part of the land-disturbing activities on 1204 the site be stopped until the specified corrective measures have been taken or, if land-disturbing 1205 activities have commenced without an approved plan as provided in § 62.1-44.15:55, requiring that all of 1206 the land-disturbing activities be stopped until an approved plan is obtained. When such an order is 1207 issued by the Board, it shall be issued in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Process 1208 Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Where the alleged noncompliance is causing or is in imminent danger of 1209 causing harmful erosion of lands or sediment deposition in waters within the watersheds of the 1210 Commonwealth, or where the land-disturbing activities have commenced without an approved erosion 1211 and sediment control plan, such a stop work order may be issued whether or not the alleged violator has been issued a notice to comply as specified in subsection A. Otherwise, such an order may be issued 1212 1213 only after the alleged violator has failed to comply with a notice to comply. The order for 1214 noncompliance with a plan shall be served in the same manner as a notice to comply, and shall remain in effect for seven days from the date of service pending application by the VESCP authority, the 1215

Board, or alleged violator for appropriate relief to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the 1216 1217 violation was alleged to have occurred or other appropriate court. The stop work order for disturbance 1218 without an approved plan shall be served upon the owner by mailing with confirmation of delivery to 1219 the address specified in the land records of the locality, shall be posted on the site where the disturbance 1220 is occurring, and shall remain in effect until such time as plan approvals are secured, except in such 1221 situations where an agricultural exemption applies. If the alleged violator has not obtained an approved 1222 erosion and sediment control plan within seven days from the date of service of the stop work order, the 1223 Board or the chief administrative officer or his designee on behalf of the VESCP authority may issue a 1224 subsequent order to the owner requiring that all construction and other work on the site, other than 1225 corrective measures, be stopped until an approved erosion and sediment control plan has been obtained. 1226 The subsequent order shall be served upon the owner by mailing with confirmation of delivery to the 1227 address specified in the plan or the land records of the locality in which the site is located. The owner 1228 may appeal the issuance of any order to the circuit court of the jurisdiction wherein the violation was 1229 alleged to have occurred or other appropriate court. Any person violating or failing, neglecting, or refusing to obey an order issued by the Board or the chief administrative officer or his designee on 1230 1231 behalf of the VESCP authority may be compelled in a proceeding instituted in the circuit court of the 1232 jurisdiction wherein the violation was alleged to have occurred or other appropriate court to obey same 1233 and to comply therewith by injunction, mandamus, or other appropriate remedy. Upon completion and 1234 approval of corrective action or obtaining an approved plan, the order shall immediately be lifted. 1235 Nothing in this section shall prevent the Board or the chief administrative officer or his designee on 1236 behalf of the VESCP authority from taking any other action specified in § 62.1-44.15:63.

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