2023 SESSION

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

An Act to amend and reenact §§ 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3442.5, 54.1-3442.6, and 54.1-3442.7 of the Code of 2 3 Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 54.1-3442.7:1, 4 54.1-3442.7:2, and 54.1-3442.7:3, relating to medical marijuana program; product, registration, 5 dispensing, and recordkeeping requirements; advertising.

[H 1846]

Approved

8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

9 1. That §§ 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3442.5, 54.1-3442.6, and 54.1-3442.7 of the Code of Virginia are 10 amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 54.1-3442.7:1, 54.1-3442.7:2, and 54.1-3442.7:3 as follows: 11

§ 54.1-3408.3. Certification for use of cannabis products for treatment. 12

A. As used in this section:

14 "Botanical cannabis" means cannabis that is composed wholly of usable cannabis from the same parts 15 of the same chemovar of cannabis plant.

"Cannabis dispensing facility" means the same as that term is defined in § 54.1-3442.5. 16

17 "Cannabis oil" means any formulation of processed Cannabis plant extract, which may include industrial hemp extracts, including isolates and distillates, acquired by a pharmaceutical processor 18 19 pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6, or a dilution of the resin of the Cannabis plant that contains, except as 20 otherwise provided in Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.), no more than 10 milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol tetrahydrocannabinol per dose. "Cannabis oil" does not include industrial 21 hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance with state or federal 22 23 law, unless it has been grown and processed in the Commonwealth by a registered industrial hemp 24 processor and acquired and formulated by a pharmaceutical processor.

25 "Cannabis product" means a product that is (i) is formulated with cannabis oil or botanical cannabis; 26 (ii) is produced by a pharmaceutical processor, and sold by a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 27 dispensing facility; (iii) is registered with the Board; (iv) contains, except as otherwise provided in 28 Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.), no more than 10 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol per dose; and 29 (v) is compliant with testing requirements and (ii) composed of cannabis oil or botanical cannabis.

30 "Designated caregiver facility" means any hospice or hospice facility licensed pursuant to § 32.1-162.3, or home care organization as defined in § 32.1-162.7 that provides pharmaceutical services 31 32 or home health services, private provider licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2, assisted 33 34 living facility licensed pursuant to § 63.2-1701, or adult day care center licensed pursuant to 35 § 63.2-1701. 36

"Pharmaceutical processor" means the same as that term is defined in § 54.1-3442.5.

37 "Practitioner" means a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed by the Board of Medicine, a 38 physician assistant licensed by the Board of Medicine, or a nurse practitioner jointly licensed by the 39 Board of Medicine and the Board of Nursing.

40 "Registered agent" means an individual designated by a patient who has been issued a written 41 certification, or, if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, designated by 42 such patient's parent or legal guardian, and registered with the Board pursuant to subsection G.

43 "Usable cannabis" means any cannabis plant material, including seeds, but not (i) resin that has been extracted from any part of the cannabis plant, its seeds, or its resin; (ii) the mature stalks, fiber produced 44 45 from the stalks, or any other compound, manufacture, salt, or derivative, mixture, or preparation of the 46 mature stalks; or (iii) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant.

47 B. A practitioner in the course of his professional practice may issue a written certification for the use of cannabis products for treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of any diagnosed condition or disease determined by the practitioner to benefit from such use. The practitioner shall use his **48** 49 50 professional judgment to determine the manner and frequency of patient care and evaluation and may employ the use of telemedicine, provided that the use of telemedicine includes the delivery of patient 51 care through real-time interactive audio-visual technology. No practitioner may issue a written 52 53 certification while such practitioner is on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 54 dispensing facility; however, a practitioner may issue a written certification via telemedicine to a patient 55 who is located on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility. A 56 pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility may make available on its premises technology

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57 that uncertified persons may use to contact a practitioner of the person's choice to request a written 58 certification. A pharmaceutical processor shall not (i) endorse or promote any practitioner who issues 59 certifications to patients or (ii) advertise that it facilitates the issuance of written certifications. If a 60 practitioner determines it is consistent with the standard of care to dispense botanical cannabis to a 61 minor, the written certification shall specifically authorize such dispensing. If not specifically included 62 on the initial written certification, authorization for botanical cannabis may be communicated verbally or 63 in writing to the pharmacist at the time of dispensing. A practitioner who issues written certifications 64 shall not directly or indirectly accept, solicit, or receive anything of value from a pharmaceutical 65 processor, cannabis dispensing facility, or any person associated with a pharmaceutical processor, 66 cannabis dispensing facility, or provider of paraphernalia, excluding information on products or 67 educational materials on the benefits and risks of cannabis products.

C. The written certification shall be on a form provided by the Board of Pharmacy. Such written certification shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the practitioner; the name and address of the patient issued the written certification; the date on which the written certification was made; and the signature or authentic electronic signature of the practitioner. Such written certification issued pursuant to subsection B shall expire no later than one year after its issuance unless the practitioner provides in such written certification an earlier expiration. A written certification shall not be issued to a patient by more than one practitioner during any given time period.
D. No practitioner shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1 for the issuance of a

D. No practitioner shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1 for the issuance of a certification for the use of cannabis products for the treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of a patient's diagnosed condition or disease pursuant to a written certification issued pursuant to subsection B.
Nothing in this section shall preclude the Board of Medicine a practitioner's professional licensing board from sanctioning a the practitioner for failing to properly evaluate or treat a patient's medical condition or otherwise violating the applicable standard of care for evaluating or treating medical conditions.

82 E. A practitioner who issues a written certification to a patient pursuant to this section shall register 83 with the Board and (i) shall hold sufficient education and training to exercise appropriate professional 84 judgment in the certification of patients; (ii) shall not offer a discount or any other thing of value to a 85 patient or a patient's parent, guardian, or registered agent that is contingent on or encourages the person's decision to use a particular pharmaceutical processor or cannabis product; (iii) shall not issue 86 a certification to himself or his family members, employees, or coworkers; (iv) shall not provide product 87 88 samples containing cannabis other than those approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration; and 89 (v) shall not accept compensation from a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility. The 90 Board shall not limit the number of patients to whom a practitioner may issue a written certification. 91 The Board may report information to the applicable licensing board on unusual patterns of certifications 92 issued by a practitioner.

F. No patient shall be required to physically present the written certification after the initial dispensing by any pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility under each written certification, provided that the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility maintains an electronic copy of the written certification. Pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities shall electronically transmit, on a monthly basis, all new written certifications received by the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility to the Board.

99 G. A patient, or, if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian, may designate an individual to act as his registered agent for the purposes of receiving cannabis products pursuant to a valid written certification. Such designated individual shall register with the Board. The Board may set a limit on the number of patients for whom any individual is authorized to act as a registered agent.

H. Upon delivery of a cannabis product by a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility to a designated caregiver facility, any employee or contractor of a designated caregiver facility, who is licensed or registered by a health regulatory board and who is authorized to possess, distribute, or administer medications, may accept delivery of the cannabis product on behalf of a patient or resident for subsequent delivery to the patient or resident and may assist in the administration of the cannabis product to the patient or resident as necessary.

110 I. Information obtained under the *patient certification or agent* registration process shall be confidential and shall not be subject to the disclosure provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information 111 Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However, reasonable access to registry information shall be provided to (i) the 112 113 Chairmen of the House Committee for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, (ii) 114 state and federal agencies or local law enforcement for the purpose of investigating or prosecuting a specific individual for a specific violation of law, (iii) licensed practitioners or pharmacists, or their 115 agents, for the purpose of providing patient care and drug therapy management and monitoring of drugs 116 obtained by a patient, (iv) a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility involved in the 117

118 treatment of a patient, or (v) a registered agent, but only with respect to information related to such 119 patient.

120 § 54.1-3442.5. Definitions.

121 As used in this article:

"Botanical cannabis," "cannabis oil," "cannabis product," "designated caregiver facility,"
 "practitioner," "registered agent," and "usable cannabis" have the same meanings as specified in
 § 54.1-3408.3.

"Cannabis dispensing facility" means a facility that (i) has obtained a permit from the Board pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6; (ii) is owned, at least in part, by a pharmaceutical processor; and (iii) dispenses cannabis products produced by a pharmaceutical processor to a patient, his registered agent, or, if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian.
"Designated caregiver facility" has the same meaning as defined in § 54.1-3408.3.

"Pharmaceutical processor" means a facility that (i) has obtained a permit from the Board pursuant to
§ 54.1-3408.3 54.1-3442.6 and (ii) cultivates Cannabis plants intended only for the production of
cannabis oil, botanical cannabis, and usable cannabis, produces cannabis products, and dispenses
cannabis products to a patient pursuant to a written certification, his registered agent, or, if such patient
is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian.

135 "Practitioner" has the same meaning as specified in § 54.1-3408.3.

136 "Registered agent" has the same meaning as specified in § 54.1-3408.3.

137 § 54.1-3442.6. Permit to operate pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility.

A. No person shall operate a pharmaceutical processor or a cannabis dispensing facility without first obtaining a permit from the Board. The application for such permit shall be made on a form provided by the Board and signed by a pharmacist who will be in full and actual charge of the pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility. The Board shall establish an application fee and other general requirements for such application.

B. Each permit shall expire annually on a date determined by the Board in regulation. The number of permits that the Board may issue or renew in any year is limited to one pharmaceutical processor and up to five cannabis dispensing facilities for each health service area established by the Board of Health.
Permits shall be displayed in a conspicuous place on the premises of the pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facility.

148 C. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing health, safety, and security requirements for 149 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities. Such regulations shall include requirements 150 for (i) physical standards; (ii) location restrictions; (iii) security systems and controls; (iv) minimum 151 equipment and resources; (v) recordkeeping; (vi) labeling, including the potency of each botanical 152 cannabis product and the amounts recommended by the practitioner or dispensing pharmacist, and 153 packaging; (vii) routine inspections no more frequently than once annually; (viii) processes for safely 154 and securely dispensing and delivering in person cannabis products to a patient, his registered agent, or, 155 if such patient is a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal 156 guardian; (ix) dosage limitations for cannabis \overrightarrow{oil} products that provide that each dispensed dose of a 157 cannabis oil product not exceed 10 milligrams of delta 9-tetrahydrocannabinol total tetrahydrocannabinol, except as permitted under § 54.1-3442.7:2; (x) a process for the wholesale 158 159 distribution of and the transfer of usable cannabis, botanical cannabis, cannabis oil, and cannabis products between pharmaceutical processors, between a pharmaceutical processors and a cannabis 160 dispensing facility, and between cannabis dispensing facilities; (xi) an allowance for the sale of devices 161 162 for administration of dispensed cannabis products and hemp-based CBD products that meet the applicable standards set forth in state and federal law, including the laboratory testing standards set forth 163 164 in subsection M; (xii) an allowance for the use and distribution of inert product samples containing no cannabinoids for patient demonstration exclusively at the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 165 dispensing facility, and not for further distribution or sale, without the need for a written certification; 166 (xiii) a process for acquiring industrial hemp extracts and formulating such extracts into cannabis 167 168 products; and (xiv) an allowance for the advertising and promotion of the pharmaceutical processor's 169 products and operations, which shall not limit the pharmaceutical processor from the provision of 170 educational material to practitioners who issue written certifications and patients. The Board shall also 171 adopt regulations for pharmaceutical processors that include requirements for (a) processes for safely and 172 securely cultivating Cannabis plants intended for producing cannabis products, (b) the secure disposal of 173 agricultural waste, and (c) a process for registering cannabisoil products.

D. The Board shall require that, after processing and before dispensing any cannabis products, a
pharmaceutical processor shall make a sample available from each batch of cannabis product for testing
by an independent laboratory located in Virginia meeting Board requirements. A valid sample size for
testing shall be determined by each laboratory and may vary due to sample matrix, analytical method,
and laboratory-specific procedures. A minimum sample size of 0.5 percent of individual units for

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179 dispensing or distribution from each homogenized batch of cannabis oil is required to achieve a 180 representative cannabis oil sample for analysis. A minimum sample size, to be determined by the 181 certified testing laboratory, from each batch of botanical cannabis is required to achieve a representative 182 botanical cannabis sample for analysis. Botanical cannabis products shall only be tested for the 183 following: total cannabidiol (CBD); total tetrahydrocannabinol (THC); terpenes; pesticide chemical 184 residue; heavy metals; mycotoxins; moisture; and microbiological contaminants. Testing thresholds shall 185 be consistent with generally accepted cannabis industry thresholds. The pharmaceutical processor may 186 remediate botanical cannabis or cannabis oil that fails any quality testing standard except pesticides. 187 Following remediation, all remediated botanical cannabis or cannabis oil shall be subject to laboratory 188 testing and approved upon satisfaction of applicable testing standards, which shall not be more stringent 189 than initial testing prior to remediation. Remediated botanical cannabis or cannabis oil that passes such 190 quality testing may be packaged and labeled. If a batch of botanical cannabis fails retesting after remediation, it shall be considered usable cannabis and may be processed into cannabis oil. Stability 191 testing shall not be required for any cannabis product with an expiration date assigned by the 192 pharmaceutical processor of six 12 months or less from the date of the cannabis product registration 193 approval or the date of packaging and labeling, whichever is later. Stability testing required for 194 195 assignment of an expiration date longer than six 12 months shall be limited to microbial testing, on a 196 pass/fail basis, and potency testing, on a 10 15 percent deviation basis, of active ingredients total THC 197 and total CBD. No cannabis product shall have an expiration date longer than 12 months from the date 198 of the cannabis product registration approval or the date of packaging and labeling, whichever is later, 199 unless supported by stability testing.

E. A laboratory testing samples for a pharmaceutical processor shall obtain a controlled substances
 registration certificate pursuant to § 54.1-3423 and shall comply with quality standards established by the
 Board in regulation.

F. Every pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility shall be under the personal supervision of a licensed pharmacist on the premises of the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility *unless all cannabis products are contained in a vault or other similar container to which only the pharmacist has access controls.* The pharmaceutical processor shall ensure that security measures are adequate to protect the cannabis from diversion at all times, and the pharmacist-in-charge shall have concurrent responsibility for preventing diversion from the dispensing area.

Every pharmaceutical processor shall designate a person who shall have oversight of the cultivation and production areas of the pharmaceutical processor and shall provide such information to the Board.
The Board shall direct all communications related to enforcement of requirements related to cultivation and production of cannabis oil and cannabis products by the pharmaceutical processor to such designated person.

215 G. The Board shall require the material owners of an applicant for a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility permit to submit to fingerprinting and provide personal descriptive information to be forwarded along with his fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange 216 217 218 to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information 219 regarding the applicant's material owners. The cost of fingerprinting and the criminal history record 220 search shall be paid by the applicant. The Central Criminal Records Exchange shall forward the results 221 of the criminal history background check to the Board or its designee, which shall be a governmental 222 entity. A pharmaceutical processor shall maintain evidence of criminal background checks for all 223 employees and delivery agents of the pharmaceutical processor. Criminal background checks of 224 employees and delivery agents may be conducted by any service sufficient to disclose any federal and 225 state criminal convictions.

226 H. In addition to other employees authorized by the Board, a pharmaceutical processor may employ 227 individuals who may have less than two years of experience (i) to perform cultivation-related duties 228 under the supervision of an individual who has received a degree in a field related to the cultivation of 229 plants or a certification recognized by the Board or who has at least two years of experience cultivating 230 plants, (ii) to perform extraction-related duties under the supervision of an individual who has a degree 231 in chemistry or pharmacology or at least two years of experience extracting chemicals from plants, and 232 (iii) to perform duties at the pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facility upon certification 233 as a pharmacy technician.

I. A pharmaceutical processor to whom a permit has been issued by the Board may establish up to
five cannabis dispensing facilities for the dispensing of cannabis products that have been cultivated and
produced on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor permitted by the Board. Each cannabis
dispensing facility shall be located within the same health service area as the pharmaceutical processor.

J. No person who has been convicted of a felony under the laws of the Commonwealth or anotherjurisdiction within the last five years shall be employed by or act as an agent of a pharmaceutical

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240 processor or cannabis dispensing facility.

K. Every pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall adopt policies forpre-employment drug screening and regular, ongoing, random drug screening of employees.

L. A pharmacist at the pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area and the cannabis dispensing facility
shall determine the number of pharmacy interns, pharmacy technicians, and pharmacy technician trainees
who can be safely and competently supervised at one time; however, no pharmacist shall supervise more
than six persons performing the duties of a pharmacy technician at one time in the pharmaceutical
processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility.

248 M. A pharmaceutical processor may acquire industrial hemp extracts grown and processed in Virginia, and in compliance with state or federal law, from a registered industrial hemp dealer or 249 250 processor. A pharmaceutical processor may process and formulate such extracts into an allowable dosage 251 of cannabis product. Industrial hemp extracts acquired and formulated by a pharmaceutical processor are 252 subject to the same third-party testing requirements that may apply to cannabis plant extract. Testing 253 shall be performed by a laboratory located in Virginia and in compliance with state law governing the 254 testing of cannabis products. The industrial hemp dealer or processor shall provide such third-party testing results to the pharmaceutical processor before industrial hemp extracts may be acquired. 255

256 N. With the exception of § 2.2-4031, neither the provisions of the Administrative Process Act 257 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) nor public participation guidelines adopted pursuant thereto shall apply to the 258 adoption of any regulation pursuant to this section. Prior to adopting any regulation pursuant to this 259 section, the Board of Pharmacy shall publish a notice of opportunity to comment in the Virginia 260 Register of Regulations and post the action on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall. Such notice of 261 opportunity to comment shall contain (i) a summary of the proposed regulation; (ii) the text of the 262 proposed regulation; and (iii) the name, address, and telephone number of the agency contact person 263 responsible for receiving public comments. Such notice shall be made at least 60 days in advance of the 264 last date prescribed in such notice for submittals of public comment. The legislative review provisions of subsections A and B of § 2.2-4014 shall apply to the promulgation or final adoption process for regulations pursuant to this section. The Board of Pharmacy shall consider and keep on file all public 265 266 267 comments received for any regulation adopted pursuant to this section.

268 269 O. The Board shall register all cannabis products that meet testing, labeling, and packaging standards. § 54.1-3442.7. Dispensing cannabis products; report.

270 A. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense or deliver cannabis 271 products only in person to (i) a patient who is a Virginia resident or temporarily resides in Virginia and 272 has been issued a valid written certification; (ii) such patient's registered agent; or (iii) if such patient is 273 a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian who is a 274 Virginia resident or temporarily resides in Virginia. A companion may accompany a patient into a pharmaceutical processor's dispensing area or cannabis dispensing facility. Prior to the initial dispensing 275 276 of cannabis products pursuant to each written certification, a pharmacist or pharmacy technician 277 employed by the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall make and maintain, on 278 site or remotely by electronic means, for two years a paper or electronic copy of the written certification 279 that provides an exact image of the document that is clearly legible; shall view, in person or by 280 audiovisual means, a current photo identification of the patient, registered agent, parent, or legal 281 guardian; and shall verify current board registration of the practitioner and the corresponding registered 282 agent if applicable. Thereafter, an initial dispensing may be delivered to the patient, registered agent, parent, legal guardian, or designated caregiver facility. Prior to any subsequent dispensing of cannabis 283 284 products pursuant to each written certification, an employee or delivery agent shall view a current photo 285 identification of the patient, registered agent, parent, or legal guardian and the current board registration 286 issued to the registered agent if applicable. No pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility 287 shall dispense more than a 90-day supply, as determined by the dispensing pharmacist or certifying practitioner, for any patient during any 90-day period. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 288 289 dispensing facility may dispense less than a 90-day supply of a cannabis product for any patient during 290 any 90-day period; however, a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility may dispense 291 more than one cannabis product to a patient at one time. No more than four ounces of botanical 292 cannabis shall be dispensed for each 30-day period for which botanical cannabis is dispensed. The Board 293 shall establish in regulation an amount of cannabis oil that constitutes a 90-day supply to treat or 294 alleviate the symptoms of a patient's diagnosed condition or disease. In determining the appropriate 295 amount of a cannabis product to be dispensed to a patient, a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis 296 dispensing facility shall consider all cannabis products dispensed to the patient and adjust the amount 297 dispensed accordingly.

B. A pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall dispense only cannabis products
 produced on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor permitted by the Board or cannabis products
 that have been formulated with extracts from industrial hemp acquired by a pharmaceutical processor

301 from a registered industrial hemp dealer or processor pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6. A pharmaceutical 302 processor may begin cultivation upon being issued a permit by the Board.

C. The Board shall report annually by December 1 to the Chairmen of the House Committee for 303 304 Health, Welfare and Institutions and the Senate Committee on Education and Health on the operation of 305 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities issued a permit by the Board.

306 D. The concentration of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol total tetrahydrocannabinol in any cannabis product on site may be up to $\frac{10}{15}$ percent greater than or less than the level of 307 308 delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol measured for labeling total tetrahydrocannabinol listed in the approved 309 cannabis product registration. A pharmaceutical processor and cannabis dispensing facility shall ensure 310 that such concentration in any cannabis product on site is within such range. A pharmaceutical processor 311 producing cannabis products shall establish a stability testing schedule of cannabis products that have an 312 expiration date longer than 12 months.

§ 54.1-3442.7:1. Packaging and labeling; corrections; records.

314 A. Pharmaceutical processors shall comply with all packaging and labeling requirements set forth in 315 this article and Board regulations.

316 B. No cannabis product shall be packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or is otherwise 317 labeled to bear the trademark, trade name, famous mark as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 1125, or other 318 identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, processor, packer, or 319 distributor of a product intended for human consumption other than the manufacturer, processor, 320 packer, or distributor that did in fact so manufacture, process, pack, or distribute such cannabis 321 product.

322 C. Pharmaceutical processors may correct typographical errors made on cannabis product labels 323 and any documents generated as the result of a wholesale transaction. 324

§ 54.1-3442.7:2. Cannabis product registration; approval, deviation, and modification.

325 A. A pharmaceutical processor shall register with the Board each cannabis product it manufactures. 326 Applications for cannabis product registration shall be submitted to the Board on a form prescribed by 327 the Board. 328

B. An application for cannabis product registration shall include:

329 1. The total tetrahydrocannabinol and total cannabidiol in such cannabis product, based on 330 laboratory testing results for the cannabis product formulation; 331

2. A product name;

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3. A proposed product package; and

333 4. A proposed product label, which shall not be required to contain an expiration date at the time of 334 application.

335 C. The Board shall register all cannabis products that meet testing, labeling, and packaging 336 standards within 14 days after an application for registration is submitted. If the cannabis product fails to meet such standards or the application was deficient, the Board shall notify the applicant of the 337 specific reasons for such failure or deficiency within 14 days of the date the application for registration 338 was submitted. If the Board fails to respond within 14 days, the application shall be deemed approved. 339

340 D. Within two business days of the Board's approval or deemed approval, the Board shall enter the 341 cannabis product's national drug code number into the Prescription Monitoring Program.

342 E. The following cannabis product deviations from an approved cannabis product registration shall 343 be permitted without any requirement for a new cannabis product registration or notice to the Board:

344 1. A deviation in the concentration of total tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) or total cannabidiol (CBD) in a cannabis product or dose thereof of up to 15 percent greater than or less than the concentration of 345 346 total tetrahydrocannabinol or total cannabidiol, either or both, listed in the approved cannabis product 347 registration; however, for a cannabis product with five milligrams or less of total THC or total CBD 348 per dose, the total THC or total CBD concentration shall be within 0.5 milligrams of the single dose 349 total THC or total CBD concentrations approved for that cannabis product;

2. A variation in packaging, provided that the packaging is substantially similar to the approved 350 351 packaging and otherwise complies with applicable packaging requirements:

3. A deviation in labeling, including a variation made in accordance with § 54.1-3442.7:1, that 352 353 reflects allowable deviations in total THC or total CBD or that makes a minor text, font, design, or 354 similar modification, provided that the labeling is substantially similar to the approved labeling and otherwise complies with applicable labeling requirements; and 355 356

4. Any other insignificant changes.

F. A pharmaceutical processor may submit a request to modify an existing cannabis product 357 358 registration in the event of a cannabis product deviation that is not set forth in subsection \vec{E} . Upon 359 receipt, the Board shall respond to such request within 14 days. The Board may grant or deny the request, propose a reasonable revision, or require the pharmaceutical processor to provide additional 360 information. If the Board fails to respond to a request for modification within 14 days of its submission, 361

- 362 the proposed modification shall be deemed approved. 363
 - § 54.1-3442.7:3. Advertising and marketing.
- 364 A. Pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities may (i) advertise and promote 365 products and operations and (ii) provide educational material to practitioners, patients, and the public.
- 366 B. Pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities may engage in advertising or 367 marketing that does not:
- 368 1. Include false or misleading statements;
- 369 2. Promote overconsumption;
- 370 3. Depict a person younger than 21 years of age:
- 371 4. Appeal particularly to persons younger than 21 years of age, including by using cartoons in any 372 way;
- 373 5. Associate cannabis products with candy or similar products or depicts any images that bear a 374 reasonable resemblance to a candy or similar product; or
- 375 6. Contain any seal, flag, crest, coat of arms, or other insignia that is likely to mislead patients or 376 the public to believe that the cannabis product is made or endorsed by the Commonwealth.
- 377 C. All advertising and marketing by pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities 378 shall (i) accurately and legibly identify the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility 379 responsible for its content and (ii) include a statement that cannabis products are for use by certified 380 patients only.
- 381 2. That pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities shall collect and provide to 382 the Board of Pharmacy by July 1, 2024, data regarding the impact of this act on program
- 383 participation, reductions in the price of cannabis products, and improved operational efficiencies. 384 3. That the Board of Pharmacy shall amend its regulations, including 18VAC110-60-270,
- 385 18VAC110-60-285, 18VAC110-60-290, and 18VAC110-60-310, to replace any references to "brand" 386 with "registered cannabis product name."
- 387 4. That the Board of Pharmacy may assess and collect regulatory fees from each pharmaceutical 388 processor and cannabis dispensing facility in an amount sufficient to implement the provisions of 389 this act.