2023 SESSION

23106201D 1 HOUSE BILL NO. 1777 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the House Committee on Commerce and Energy 4 on February 2, 2023) 5 (Patron Prior to Substitute-Delegate O'Ouinn) 6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 56-585.1 and 56-597 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code 7 of Virginia by adding a section numbered 56-585.8, relating to Phase I Utilities; annual rate true-up 8 reviews. 9 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 10 1. That §§ 56-585.1 and 56-597 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the 11 Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 56-585.8 as follows: § 56-585.1. Generation, distribution, and transmission rates after capped rates terminate or 12 13 expire. 14 A. During the first six months of 2009, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for 15 hearing, initiate proceedings to review the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and transmission services of each investor-owned incumbent electric utility. Such 16 17 proceedings shall be governed by the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), except as modified herein. In such proceedings the Commission shall determine fair rates of return on common equity 18 19 applicable to the generation and distribution services of the utility. In so doing, the Commission may use 20 any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the public interest, but such return 21 shall not be set lower than the average of the returns on common equity reported to the Securities and 22 Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are available by not 23 less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of other 24 investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility, nor shall the Commission set such return 25 more than 300 basis points higher than such average. The peer group of the utility shall be determined in the manner prescribed in subdivision 2 b. The Commission may increase or decrease such combined 26 27 rate of return by up to 100 basis points based on the generating plant performance, customer service, 28 and operating efficiency of a utility, as compared to nationally recognized standards determined by the 29 Commission to be appropriate for such purposes. In such a proceeding, the Commission shall determine 30 the rates that the utility may charge until such rates are adjusted. If the Commission finds that the 31 utility's combined rate of return on common equity is more than 50 basis points below the combined 32 rate of return as so determined, it shall be authorized to order increases to the utility's rates necessary to 33 provide the opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less 34 than such combined rate of return. If the Commission finds that the utility's combined rate of return on 35 common equity is more than 50 basis points above the combined rate of return as so determined, it shall 36 be authorized either (i) to order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate, provided that the 37 Commission may not order such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the 38 utility with the opportunity to fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than 39 the fair rates of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services; or (ii) to 40 direct that 60 percent of the amount of the utility's earnings that were more than 50 basis points above 41 the fair combined rate of return for calendar year 2008 be credited to customers' bills, in which event 42 such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as determined at the discretion of the 43 Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order and be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer class rates of return to the overall target 44 rate of return will have the same relationship as the last approved allocation of revenues used to design 45 base rates. Commencing in 2011, the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall 46 47 conduct reviews of the rates, terms and conditions for the provision of generation, distribution and transmission services by each investor-owned incumbent electric utility, subject to the following **48** 49 provisions: 50

1. Rates, terms and conditions for each service shall be reviewed separately on an unbundled basis, 51 and such reviews shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding. Pursuant to subsection A of § 56-585.1:1, the Commission shall conduct a review for a Phase I Utility in 2020, utilizing the three 52 53 successive 12-month test periods beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2019. Thereafter, 54 reviews for a Phase I Utility will be on a triennial basis with subsequent proceedings utilizing the three 55 successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which such review proceeding is conducted. Pursuant to subsection A of § 56-585.1:1, the Commission shall conduct 56 57 a review for a Phase II Utility in 2021, utilizing the four successive 12-month test periods beginning January 1, 2017, and ending December 31, 2020, with subsequent reviews on a triennial basis utilizing 58 59 the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year in which

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such review proceeding is conducted. All such reviews occurring after December 31, 2017, shall be
referred to as triennial reviews. For purposes of this section, a Phase I Utility is an investor-owned
incumbent electric utility that was, as of July 1, 1999, not bound by a rate case settlement adopted by
the Commission that extended in its application beyond January 1, 2002, and a Phase II Utility is an
investor-owned incumbent electric utility that was bound by such a settlement.

65 2. Subject to the provisions of subdivision 6, the fair rate of return on common equity applicable
66 separately to the generation and distribution services of such utility, and for the two such services
67 combined, and for any rate adjustment clauses approved under subdivision 5 or 6, shall be determined
68 by the Commission during each such triennial review, as follows:

69 a. The Commission may use any methodology to determine such return it finds consistent with the 70 public interest, but for applications received by the Commission on or after January 1, 2020, such return shall not be set lower than the average of either (i) the returns on common equity reported to the 71 72 Securities and Exchange Commission for the three most recent annual periods for which such data are 73 available by not less than a majority, selected by the Commission as specified in subdivision 2 b, of 74 other investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such triennial review or (ii) the authorized returns on common equity that are set by the applicable regulatory commissions for 75 the same selected peer group, nor shall the Commission set such return more than 150 basis points 76 77 higher than such average.

78 b. In selecting such majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities for applications received 79 by the Commission on or after January 1, 2020, the Commission shall first remove from such group the 80 two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported or authorized, as applicable, returns of the 81 group, as well as the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported or authorized, as 82 applicable, returns of the group, and the Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities 83 remaining in such peer group. In its final order regarding such triennial review, the Commission shall 84 identify the utilities in such peer group it selected for the calculation of such limitation. For purposes of this subdivision, an investor-owned electric utility shall be deemed part of such peer group if (i) its 85 principal operations are conducted in the southeastern United States east of the Mississippi River in 86 87 either the states of West Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of Virginia, excluding the state of 88 Tennessee, (ii) it is a vertically-integrated electric utility providing generation, transmission and 89 distribution services whose facilities and operations are subject to state public utility regulation in the 90 state where its principal operations are conducted, (iii) it had a long-term bond rating assigned by 91 Moody's Investors Service of at least Baa at the end of the most recent test period subject to such 92 triennial review, and (iv) it is not an affiliate of the utility subject to such triennial review.

c. The Commission may, consistent with its precedent for incumbent electric utilities prior to the
enactment of Chapters 888 and 933 of the Acts of Assembly of 2007, increase or decrease the utility's
combined rate of return based on the Commission's consideration of the utility's performance.

96 d. In any Current Proceeding, the Commission shall determine whether the Current Return has 97 increased, on a percentage basis, above the Initial Return by more than the increase, expressed as a 98 percentage, in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers 99 (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since 100 the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return. If so, the Commission may conduct an 101 additional analysis of whether it is in the public interest to utilize such Current Return for the Current 102 Proceeding then pending. A finding of whether the Current Return justifies such additional analysis shall be made without regard to any enhanced rate of return on common equity awarded pursuant to the 103 provisions of subdivision 6. Such additional analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a consideration 104 of overall economic conditions, the level of interest rates and cost of capital with respect to business and 105 industry, in general, as well as electric utilities, the current level of inflation and the utility's cost of 106 goods and services, the effect on the utility's ability to provide adequate service and to attract capital if 107 108 less than the Current Return were utilized for the Current Proceeding then pending, and such other 109 factors as the Commission may deem relevant. If, as a result of such analysis, the Commission finds that 110 use of the Current Return for the Current Proceeding then pending would not be in the public interest, 111 then the lower limit imposed by subdivision 2 a on the return to be determined by the Commission for 112 such utility shall be calculated, for that Current Proceeding only, by increasing the Initial Return by a percentage at least equal to the increase, expressed as a percentage, in the United States Average 113 Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor 114 Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, since the date on which the Commission determined 115 116 the Initial Return. For purposes of this subdivision:

"Current Proceeding" means any proceeding conducted under any provisions of this subsection that require or authorize the Commission to determine a fair combined rate of return on common equity for a utility and that will be concluded after the date on which the Commission determined the Initial Return for such utility.

121 "Current Return" means the minimum fair combined rate of return on common equity required for

122 any Current Proceeding by the limitation regarding a utility's peer group specified in subdivision 2 a.

"Initial Return" means the fair combined rate of return on common equity determined for such utility
by the Commission on the first occasion after July 1, 2009, under any provision of this subsection
pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 2 a.

e. In addition to other considerations, in setting the return on equity within the range allowed by this
section, the Commission shall strive to maintain costs of retail electric energy that are cost competitive
with costs of retail electric energy provided by the other peer group investor-owned electric utilities.

129 f. The determination of such returns shall be made by the Commission on a stand-alone basis, and 130 specifically without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with regard to 131 facilities described in subdivision 6.

132 g. If the combined rate of return on common equity earned by the generation and distribution 133 services is no more than 50 basis points above or below the return as so determined or, for any test 134 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 135 Phase I Utility, such return is no more than 70 basis points above or below the return as so determined, 136 such combined return shall not be considered either excessive or insufficient, respectively. However, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility, and after December 31, 137 138 2013, for a Phase I Utility, if the utility has, during the test period or periods under review, earned 139 below the return as so determined, whether or not such combined return is within 70 basis points of the 140 return as so determined, the utility may petition the Commission for approval of an increase in rates in 141 accordance with the provisions of subdivision 8 a as if it had earned more than 70 basis points below a 142 fair combined rate of return, and such proceeding shall otherwise be conducted in accordance with the 143 provisions of this section. The provisions of this subdivision are subject to the provisions of subdivision 144 8.

h. Any amount of a utility's earnings directed by the Commission to be credited to customers' bills
pursuant to this section shall not be considered for the purpose of determining the utility's earnings in
any subsequent triennial review.

148 3. Each such utility shall make a triennial filing by March 31 of every third year, with such filings 149 commencing for a Phase I Utility in 2020, and such filings commencing for a Phase II Utility in 2021, 150 consisting of the schedules contained in the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 151 applications. Such filing shall encompass the three successive 12-month test periods ending December 152 31 immediately preceding the year in which such proceeding is conducted, except that the filing for a 153 Phase II Utility in 2021 shall encompass the four successive 12-month test periods ending December 31, 154 2020, and in every such case the filing for each year shall be identified separately and shall be 155 segregated from any other year encompassed by the filing. If the Commission determines that rates 156 should be revised or credits be applied to customers' bills pursuant to subdivision 8 or 9, any rate 157 adjustment clauses previously implemented related to facilities utilizing simple-cycle combustion turbines 158 described in subdivision 6, shall be combined with the utility's costs, revenues and investments until the 159 amounts that are the subject of such rate adjustment clauses are fully recovered, except as provided in 160 § 56-585.8. The Commission shall combine such clauses with the utility's costs, revenues and investments only after it makes its initial determination with regard to necessary rate revisions or credits 161 162 to customers' bills, and the amounts thereof, but after such clauses are combined as herein specified, 163 they shall thereafter be considered part of the utility's costs, revenues, and investments for the purposes 164 of future triennial review proceedings. In a triennial filing under this subdivision that does not result in 165 an overall rate change a utility may propose an adjustment to one or more tariffs that are revenue 166 neutral to the utility.

4. (Expires December 31, 2023) The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed 167 168 reasonable and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional 169 transmission entity of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and 170 conditions approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; (ii) costs charged to the utility that 171 are associated with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 172 and administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member; and (iii) costs 173 incurred by the utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in 174 order to provide service to a business park. Upon petition of a utility at any time after the expiration or 175 termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, the Commission shall 176 approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, including, without limitation, costs for 177 transmission service; charges for new and existing transmission facilities, including costs incurred by the 178 utility to construct, operate, and maintain transmission lines and substations installed in order to provide 179 service to a business park; administrative charges; and ancillary service charges designed to recover 180 transmission costs, shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to 181 recover these costs shall be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate 182 schedules.

183 4. (Effective January 1, 2024) The following costs incurred by the utility shall be deemed reasonable 184 and prudent: (i) costs for transmission services provided to the utility by the regional transmission entity 185 of which the utility is a member, as determined under applicable rates, terms and conditions approved 186 by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and (ii) costs charged to the utility that are associated with demand response programs approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and 187 188 administered by the regional transmission entity of which the utility is a member. Upon petition of a 189 utility at any time after the expiration or termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 190 12-month period, the Commission shall approve a rate adjustment clause under which such costs, 191 including, without limitation, costs for transmission service, charges for new and existing transmission 192 facilities, administrative charges, and ancillary service charges designed to recover transmission costs, 193 shall be recovered on a timely and current basis from customers. Retail rates to recover these costs shall 194 be designed using the appropriate billing determinants in the retail rate schedules.

195 5. A utility Phase II Utility or electric cooperative may at any time, after the expiration or
196 termination of capped rates, but not more than once in any 12-month period, petition the Commission
197 for approval of one or more rate adjustment clauses for the timely and current recovery from customers
198 of the following costs:

a. Incremental costs described in clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582 incurred between July 1, 2004, and the expiration or termination of capped rates, if such utility is, as of July 1, 2007, deferring such costs consistent with an order of the Commission entered under clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582. The Commission shall approve such a petition allowing the recovery of such costs that comply with the requirements of clause (vi) of subsection B of § 56-582;

b. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design and operate fair and effective peak-shaving
programs or pilot programs. The Commission shall approve such a petition if it finds that the program is
in the public interest, provided that the Commission shall allow the recovery of such costs as it finds are
reasonable;

208 c. Projected and actual costs for the utility to design, implement, and operate energy efficiency 209 programs or pilot programs. Any such petition shall include a proposed budget for the design, implementation, and operation of the energy efficiency program, including anticipated savings from and 210 211 spending on each program, and the Commission shall grant a final order on such petitions within eight 212 months of initial filing. The Commission shall only approve such a petition if it finds that the program 213 is in the public interest. If the Commission determines that an energy efficiency program or portfolio of 214 programs is not in the public interest, its final order shall include all work product and analysis 215 conducted by the Commission's staff in relation to that program that has bearing upon the Commission's 216 determination. Such order shall adhere to existing protocols for extraordinarily sensitive information.

217 Energy efficiency pilot programs are in the public interest provided that the pilot program is (i) of
218 limited scope, cost, and duration and (ii) intended to determine whether a new or substantially revised
219 program would be cost-effective.

220 Prior to January 1, 2022, the Commission shall award a margin for recovery on operating expenses 221 for energy efficiency programs and pilot programs, which margin shall be equal to the general rate of 222 return on common equity determined as described in subdivision 2. Beginning January 1, 2022, and 223 thereafter, if the Commission determines that the utility meets in any year the annual energy efficiency standards set forth in § 56-596.2, in the following year, the Commission shall award a margin on energy 224 225 efficiency program operating expenses in that year, to be recovered through a rate adjustment clause, 226 which margin shall be equal to the general rate of return on common equity determined as described in 227 subdivision 2. If the Commission does not approve energy efficiency programs that, in the aggregate, 228 can achieve the annual energy efficiency standards, the Commission shall award a margin on energy 229 efficiency operating expenses in that year for any programs the Commission has approved, to be 230 recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision, which margin shall equal the general 231 rate of return on common equity determined as described in subdivision 2. Any margin awarded 232 pursuant to this subdivision shall be applied as part of the utility's next rate adjustment clause true-up proceeding. The Commission shall also award an additional 20 basis points for each additional 233 234 incremental 0.1 percent in annual savings in any year achieved by the utility's energy efficiency 235 programs approved by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision, beyond the annual requirements set forth in § 56-596.2, provided that the total performance incentive awarded in any year shall not exceed 236 237 10 percent of that utility's total energy efficiency program spending in that same year.

The Commission shall annually monitor and report to the General Assembly the performance of all programs approved pursuant to this subdivision, including each utility's compliance with the total annual savings required by § 56-596.2, as well as the annual and lifecycle net and gross energy and capacity savings, related emissions reductions, and other quantifiable benefits of each program; total customer bill savings that the programs produce; utility spending on each program, including any associated administrative costs; and each utility's avoided costs and cost-effectiveness results.

244 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless the Commission finds in its discretion and after

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consideration of all in-state and regional transmission entity resources that there is a threat to the reliability or security of electric service to the utility's customers, the Commission shall not approve construction of any new utility-owned generating facilities that emit carbon dioxide as a by-product of combusting fuel to generate electricity unless the utility has already met the energy savings goals identified in § 56-596.2 and the Commission finds that supply-side resources are more cost-effective than demand-side or energy storage resources.

As used in this subdivision, "large general service customer" means a customer that has a verifiable history of having used more than one megawatt of demand from a single site.

253 Large general service customers shall be exempt from requirements that they participate in energy 254 efficiency programs if the Commission finds that the large general service customer has, at the 255 customer's own expense, implemented energy efficiency programs that have produced or will produce 256 measured and verified results consistent with industry standards and other regulatory criteria stated in this section. The Commission shall, no later than June 30, 2021, adopt rules or regulations (a) 257 258 establishing the process for large general service customers to apply for such an exemption, (b) 259 establishing the administrative procedures by which eligible customers will notify the utility, and (c) defining the standard criteria that shall be satisfied by an applicant in order to notify the utility, 260 261 including means of evaluation measurement and verification and confidentiality requirements. At a 262 minimum, such rules and regulations shall require that each exempted large general service customer 263 certify to the utility and Commission that its implemented energy efficiency programs have delivered 264 measured and verified savings within the prior five years. In adopting such rules or regulations, the 265 Commission shall also specify the timing as to when a utility shall accept and act on such notice, taking 266 into consideration the utility's integrated resource planning process, as well as its administration of 267 energy efficiency programs that are approved for cost recovery by the Commission. Savings from large 268 general service customers shall be accounted for in utility reporting in the standards in § 56-596.2.

269 The notice of nonparticipation by a large general service customer shall be for the duration of the service life of the customer's energy efficiency measures. The Commission may on its own motion initiate steps necessary to verify such nonparticipant's achievement of energy efficiency if the Commission has a body of evidence that the nonparticipant has knowingly misrepresented its energy efficiency achievement.

A utility shall not charge such large general service customer for the costs of installing energy efficiency equipment beyond what is required to provide electric service and meter such service on the customer's premises if the customer provides, at the customer's expense, equivalent energy efficiency equipment. In all relevant proceedings pursuant to this section, the Commission shall take into consideration the goals of economic development, energy efficiency and environmental protection in the Commonwealth;

d. Projected and actual costs of compliance with renewable energy portfolio standard requirements
pursuant to § 56-585.5 that are not recoverable under subdivision 6. The Commission shall approve such
a petition allowing the recovery of such costs incurred as required by § 56-585.5, provided that the
Commission does not otherwise find such costs were unreasonably or imprudently incurred;

e. Projected and actual costs of projects that the Commission finds to be necessary to mitigate
impacts to marine life caused by construction of offshore wind generating facilities, as described in
§ 56-585.1:11, or to comply with state or federal environmental laws or regulations applicable to
generation facilities used to serve the utility's native load obligations, including the costs of allowances
purchased through a market-based trading program for carbon dioxide emissions. The Commission shall
approve such a petition if it finds that such costs are necessary to comply with such environmental laws
or regulations;

f. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate programs approved by the Commission that accelerate the vegetation management of distribution rights-of-way. No costs shall be allocated to or recovered from customers that are served within the large general service rate classes for a Phase II Utility or that are served at subtransmission or transmission voltage, or take delivery at a substation served from subtransmission or transmission voltage, for a Phase I Utility; and

g. Projected and actual costs, not currently in rates, for the utility to design, implement, and operate
programs approved by the Commission to provide incentives to (i) low-income, elderly, and disabled
individuals or (ii) organizations providing residential services to low-income, elderly, and disabled
individuals for the installation of, or access to, equipment to generate electric energy derived from
sunlight, provided the low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, or organizations providing
residential services to low-income, elderly, and disabled individuals, first participate in incentive
programs for the installation of measures that reduce heating or cooling costs.

304 Any rate adjustment clause approved under subdivision 5 c by the Commission shall remain in effect 305 until the utility exhausts the approved budget for the energy efficiency program. The Commission shall approved under this subdivision.

308 6. To ensure the generation and delivery of a reliable and adequate supply of electricity, to meet the 309 utility's projected native load obligations and to promote economic development, a utility Phase II 310 Utility may at any time, after the expiration or termination of capped rates, petition the Commission for 311 approval of a rate adjustment clause for recovery on a timely and current basis from customers of the 312 costs of (i) a coal-fueled generation facility that utilizes Virginia coal and is located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether such facility is located 313 314 within or without the utility's service territory, (ii) one or more other generation facilities, (iii) one or 315 more major unit modifications of generation facilities, including the costs of any system or equipment 316 upgrade, system or equipment replacement, or other cost reasonably appropriate to extend the combined operating license for or the operating life of one or more generation facilities utilizing nuclear power, 317 318 (iv) one or more new underground facilities to replace one or more existing overhead distribution 319 facilities of 69 kilovolts or less located within the Commonwealth, (v) one or more pumped hydroelectricity generation and storage facilities that utilize on-site or off-site renewable energy 320 321 resources as all or a portion of their power source and such facilities and associated resources are located in the coalfield region of the Commonwealth as described in § 15.2-6002, regardless of whether 322 323 such facility is located within or without the utility's service territory, or (vi) one or more electric 324 distribution grid transformation projects; however, subject to the provisions of the following sentence, 325 the utility shall not file a petition under clause (iv) more often than annually and, in such petition, shall 326 not seek any annual incremental increase in the level of investments associated with such a petition that 327 exceeds five percent of such utility's distribution rate base, as such rate base was determined for the most recently ended 12-month test period in the utility's latest review proceeding conducted pursuant to 328 subdivision 3 and concluded by final order of the Commission prior to the date of filing of such petition 329 330 under clause (iv). In all proceedings regarding petitions filed under clause (iv) or (vi), the level of investments approved for recovery in such proceedings shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, levels 331 332 of investments previously approved for recovery in prior proceedings under clause (iv) or (vi), as 333 applicable. As of December 1, 2028, any costs recovered by a utility Phase II Utility pursuant to clause 334 (iv) shall be limited to any remaining costs associated with conversions of overhead distribution facilities 335 to underground facilities that have been previously approved or are pending approval by the Commission 336 through a petition by the utility under this subdivision. Such a petition concerning facilities described in 337 clause (ii) that utilize nuclear power, facilities described in clause (ii) that are coal-fueled and will be 338 built by a Phase I Utility, or facilities described in clause (i) may also be filed before the expiration or 339 termination of capped rates. A utility Phase II Utility that constructs or makes modifications to any such 340 facility, or purchases any facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy 341 derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in 342 whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, shall have the right to recover the costs of the 343 facility, as accrued against income, through its rates, including projected construction work in progress, 344 and any associated allowance for funds used during construction, planning, development and 345 construction or acquisition costs, life-cycle costs, costs related to assessing the feasibility of potential sites for new underground facilities, and costs of infrastructure associated therewith, plus, as an incentive 346 347 to undertake such projects, an enhanced rate of return on common equity calculated as specified below; 348 however, in determining the amounts recoverable under a rate adjustment clause for new underground 349 facilities, the Commission shall not consider, or increase or reduce such amounts recoverable because of 350 (a) the operation and maintenance costs attributable to either the overhead distribution facilities being 351 replaced or the new underground facilities or (b) any other costs attributable to the overhead distribution 352 facilities being replaced. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the costs described in clauses (a) and (b) thereof shall remain eligible for recovery from customers through the utility's base rates for 353 354 distribution service. A utility Phase II Utility filing a petition for approval to construct or purchase a 355 facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight 356 and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from 357 one or more Virginia businesses may propose a rate adjustment clause based on a market index in lieu 358 of a cost of service model for such facility. A utility seeking approval to construct or purchase a 359 generating facility that emits carbon dioxide shall demonstrate that it has already met the energy savings 360 goals identified in § 56-596.2 and that the identified need cannot be met more affordably through the deployment or utilization of demand-side resources or energy storage resources and that it has 361 considered and weighed alternative options, including third-party market alternatives, in its selection 362 363 process.

The costs of the facility, other than return on projected construction work in progress and allowance for funds used during construction, shall not be recovered prior to the date a facility constructed by the utility *Phase II Utility* and described in clause (i), (ii), (iii) or (v) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of 368 generating capacity using energy derived from sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that 369 utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date 370 new underground facilities are classified by the utility as plant in service. In any application to construct 371 a new generating facility, the utility shall include, and the Commission shall consider, the social cost of 372 carbon, as determined by the Commission, as a benefit or cost, whichever is appropriate. The 373 Commission shall ensure that the development of new, or expansion of existing, energy resources or 374 facilities does not have a disproportionate adverse impact on historically economically disadvantaged 375 communities. The Commission may adopt any rules it deems necessary to determine the social cost of 376 carbon and shall use the best available science and technology, including the Technical Support 377 Document: Technical Update of the Social Cost of Carbon for Regulatory Impact Analysis Under 378 Executive Order 12866, published by the Interagency Working Group on Social Cost of Greenhouse 379 Gases from the United States Government in August 2016, as guidance. The Commission shall include a 380 system to adjust the costs established in this section with inflation.

381 Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be applied to allowance for funds used during 382 construction and to construction work in progress during the construction phase of the facility and shall 383 thereafter be applied to the entire facility during the first portion of the service life of the facility. The 384 first portion of the service life shall be as specified in the table below; however, the Commission shall 385 determine the duration of the first portion of the service life of any facility, within the range specified in 386 the table below, which determination shall be consistent with the public interest and shall reflect the 387 Commission's determinations regarding how critical the facility may be in meeting the energy needs of 388 the citizens of the Commonwealth and the risks involved in the development of the facility. After the 389 first portion of the service life of the facility is concluded, the utility's general rate of return shall be 390 applied to such facility for the remainder of its service life. As used herein, the service life of the 391 facility shall be deemed to begin on the date a facility constructed by the utility and described in clause 392 (i), (ii), (iii) or (v) begins commercial operation, the date the utility becomes the owner of a purchased 393 generation facility consisting of at least one megawatt of generating capacity using energy derived from 394 sunlight and located in the Commonwealth and that utilizes goods or services sourced, in whole or in 395 part, from one or more Virginia businesses, or the date new underground facilities or new electric 396 distribution grid transformation projects are classified by the utility as plant in service, and such service 397 life shall be deemed equal in years to the life of that facility as used to calculate the utility's 398 depreciation expense. Such enhanced rate of return on common equity shall be calculated by adding the 399 basis points specified in the table below to the utility's general rate of return, and such enhanced rate of 400 return shall apply only to the facility that is the subject of such rate adjustment clause. Allowance for 401 funds used during construction shall be calculated for any such facility utilizing the utility's actual 402 capital structure and overall cost of capital, including an enhanced rate of return on common equity as 403 determined pursuant to this subdivision, until such construction work in progress is included in rates. 404 The construction of any facility described in clause (i) or (v) is in the public interest, and in determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title. The 405 406 construction or purchase by a utility of one or more generation facilities with at least one megawatt of 407 generating capacity, and with an aggregate rated capacity that does not exceed 16,100 megawatts, 408 including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and with an aggregate 409 capacity of 100 megawatts, that use energy derived from sunlight or from onshore wind and are located 410 in the Commonwealth or off the Commonwealth's Atlantic shoreline, regardless of whether any of such 411 facilities are located within or without the utility's service territory, is in the public interest, and in 412 determining whether to approve such facility, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of 413 this title. A utility may enter into short-term or long-term power purchase contracts for the power 414 derived from sunlight generated by such generation facility prior to purchasing the generation facility. The replacement of any subset of a utility's existing overhead distribution tap lines that have, in the 415 416 aggregate, an average of nine or more total unplanned outage events-per-mile over a preceding 10-year 417 period with new underground facilities in order to improve electric service reliability is in the public 418 interest. In determining whether to approve petitions for rate adjustment clauses for such new 419 underground facilities that meet this criteria, and in determining the level of costs to be recovered 420 thereunder, the Commission shall liberally construe the provisions of this title.

421 The conversion of any such facilities on or after September 1, 2016, is deemed to provide local and 422 system-wide benefits and to be cost beneficial, and the costs associated with such new underground 423 facilities are deemed to be reasonably and prudently incurred and, notwithstanding the provisions of 424 subsection C or D, shall be approved for recovery by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision, 425 provided that the total costs associated with the replacement of any subset of existing overhead 426 distribution tap lines proposed by the utility with new underground facilities, exclusive of financing costs, shall not exceed an average cost per customer of \$20,000, with such customers, including those 427 428 served directly by or downline of the tap lines proposed for conversion, and, further, such total costs

429 shall not exceed an average cost per mile of tap lines converted, exclusive of financing costs, of 430 \$750,000. A utility shall, without regard for whether it has petitioned for any rate adjustment clause 431 pursuant to clause (vi), petition the Commission, not more than once annually, for approval of a plan for 432 electric distribution grid transformation projects. Any plan for electric distribution grid transformation 433 projects shall include both measures to facilitate integration of distributed energy resources and measures 434 to enhance physical electric distribution grid reliability and security. In ruling upon such a petition, the 435 Commission shall consider whether the utility's plan for such projects, and the projected costs associated 436 therewith, are reasonable and prudent. Such petition shall be considered on a stand-alone basis without 437 regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility; without regard to whether the 438 costs associated with such projects will be recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this 439 subdivision or through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services; and without regard to 440 whether such costs will be the subject of a customer credit offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 441 8 d. The Commission's final order regarding any such petition for approval of an electric distribution grid transformation plan shall be entered by the Commission not more than six months after the date of 442 443 filing such petition. The Commission shall likewise enter its final order with respect to any petition by a 444 utility for a certificate to construct and operate a generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived 445 from sunlight, pursuant to subsection D of § 56-580, within six months after the date of filing such 446 petition. The basis points to be added to the utility's general rate of return to calculate the enhanced rate 447 of return on common equity, and the first portion of that facility's service life to which such enhanced rate of return shall be applied, shall vary by type of facility, as specified in the following table: 448

440	Tate of feturi shan be applied, shan vary t	by type of facility,	as specified in the follow
449	Type of Generation Facility	Basis Points	First Portion of Service Life
450	Nuclear-powered	200	Between 12 and 25 years
451	Carbon capture compatible, clean-coal powered	200	Between 10 and 20 years
452	Renewable powered, other than landfill gas	200	Between 5 and 15 years
453	powered		
454	Coalbed methane gas powered	150	Between 5 and 15 years
455	Landfill gas powered	200	Between 5 and 15 years
456	Conventional coal or combined-cycle	100	Between 10 and 20 years
457			

457 combustion turbine

458 Only those facilities as to which a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision has been previously 459 approved by the Commission, or as to which a petition for approval of such rate adjustment clause was 460 filed with the Commission, on or before January 1, 2013, shall be entitled to the enhanced rate of return 461 on common equity as specified in the above table during the construction phase of the facility and the 462 approved first portion of its service life.

463 Thirty percent of all costs of such a facility utilizing nuclear power that the utility incurred between 464 July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be 465 deferred by the utility a Phase II Utility and recovered through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such time as the Commission provides in an order approving such a rate adjustment 466 467 clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for recovery through a rate adjustment clause under 468 469 this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of all costs shall be recovered ratably through 470 existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the test periods under review in the utility's next 471 review filed after July 1, 2014. Thirty percent of all costs of a facility utilizing energy derived from 472 offshore wind that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, and all of such 473 costs incurred after December 31, 2013, may be deferred by the utility a Phase II Utility and recovered 474 through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision at such time as the Commission provides in an 475 order approving such a rate adjustment clause. The remaining 70 percent of all costs of such a facility 476 that the utility incurred between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2013, shall not be deferred for 477 recovery through a rate adjustment clause under this subdivision; however, such remaining 70 percent of 478 all costs shall be recovered ratably through existing base rates as determined by the Commission in the 479 test periods under review in the utility's next review filed after July 1, 2014.

480 In connection with planning to meet forecasted demand for electric generation supply and assure the adequate and sufficient reliability of service, consistent with § 56-598, planning and development activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight or from onshore or offshore wind are in the public interest.

484 Notwithstanding any provision of Chapter 296 of the Acts of Assembly of 2018, construction, 485 purchasing, or leasing activities for a new utility-owned and utility-operated generating facility or 486 facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight or from onshore wind with an aggregate capacity of 487 16,100 megawatts, including rooftop solar installations with a capacity of not less than 50 kilowatts, and 488 with an aggregate capacity of 100 megawatts, together with a utility-owned and utility-operated 489 generating facilities utilizing energy derived from offshore wind with an aggregate capacity of 490 not more than 3,000 megawatts, are in the public interest. Additionally, energy storage facilities with an

491 aggregate capacity of 2,700 megawatts are in the public interest. To the extent that a utility Phase II 492 Utility elects to recover the costs of any such new generation or energy storage facility or facilities 493 through its rates for generation and distribution services and does not petition and receive approval from 494 the Commission for recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (ii), the 495 Commission shall, upon the request of the utility in a triennial review proceeding, provide for a 496 customer credit reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs 497 deemed reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding pursuant to subsection D of 498 § 56-580 or in a triennial review proceeding.

Electric distribution grid transformation projects are in the public interest. To the extent that a utility phase II Utility elects to recover the costs of such electric distribution grid transformation projects through its rates for generation and distribution services, and does not petition and receive approval from the Commission for recovery of such costs through a rate adjustment clause described in clause (vi), the Commission shall, upon the request of the utility in a triennial review proceeding, provide for a customer credit reinvestment offset, as applicable, pursuant to subdivision 8 d with respect to all costs deemed reasonable and prudent by the Commission in a proceeding for approval of a plan for electric distribution grid transformation projects pursuant to subdivision 6 or in a triennial review proceeding.

507 Neither generation facilities described in clause (ii) that utilize simple-cycle combustion turbines nor 508 new underground facilities shall receive an enhanced rate of return on common equity as described 509 herein, but instead shall receive the utility's general rate of return during the construction phase of the 510 facility and, thereafter, for the entire service life of the facility. No rate adjustment clause for new 511 underground facilities shall allocate costs to, or provide for the recovery of costs from, customers that are served within the large power service rate class for a Phase I Utility and the large general service 512 513 rate classes for a Phase II Utility. New underground facilities are hereby declared to be ordinary 514 extensions or improvements in the usual course of business under the provisions of § 56-265.2.

515 As used in this subdivision, a generation facility is (1) "coalbed methane gas powered" if the facility 516 is fired at least 50 percent by coalbed methane gas, as such term is defined in § 45.2-1600, produced from wells located in the Commonwealth, and (2) "landfill gas powered" if the facility is fired by methane or other combustible gas produced by the anaerobic digestion or decomposition of 517 518 biodegradable materials in a solid waste management facility licensed by the Waste Management Board. 519 520 A landfill gas powered facility includes, in addition to the generation facility itself, the equipment used 521 in collecting, drying, treating, and compressing the landfill gas and in transmitting the landfill gas from 522 the solid waste management facility where it is collected to the generation facility where it is 523 combusted.

524 For purposes of this subdivision, "general rate of return" means the fair combined rate of return on 525 common equity as it is determined by the Commission for such utility pursuant to subdivision 2.

526 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if the Commission finds during the triennial 527 review conducted for a Phase II Utility in 2021 that such utility has not filed applications for all 528 necessary federal and state regulatory approvals to construct one or more nuclear-powered or coal-fueled 529 generation facilities that would add a total capacity of at least 1500 megawatts to the amount of the 530 utility's generating resources as such resources existed on July 1, 2007, or that, if all such approvals 531 have been received, that the utility has not made reasonable and good faith efforts to construct one or 532 more such facilities that will provide such additional total capacity within a reasonable time after 533 obtaining such approvals, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may reduce on a 534 prospective basis any enhanced rate of return on common equity previously applied to any such facility 535 to no less than the general rate of return for such utility and may apply no less than the utility's general 536 rate of return to any such facility for which the utility seeks approval in the future under this 537 subdivision.

538 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, if a Phase II utility obtains approval from 539 the Commission of a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 associated with a test or 540 demonstration project involving a generation facility utilizing energy from offshore wind, and such 541 utility has not, as of July 1, 2023, commenced construction as defined for federal income tax purposes 542 of an offshore wind generation facility or facilities with a minimum aggregate capacity of 250 543 megawatts, then the Commission, if it finds it in the public interest, may direct that the costs associated 544 with any such rate adjustment clause involving said test or demonstration project shall thereafter no 545 longer be recovered through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 and shall instead be 546 recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, with no change in such rates 547 for generation and distribution services as a result of the combination of such costs with the other costs, 548 revenues, and investments included in the utility's rates for generation and distribution services. Any 549 such costs shall remain combined with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments included in its 550 rates for generation and distribution services until such costs are fully recovered.

551 7. Any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be considered by the Commission on a

552 stand-alone basis without regard to the other costs, revenues, investments, or earnings of the utility, 553 except as provided in § 56-585.8. Any costs incurred by a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that are proposed for recovery in such petition and 554 555 that are related to subdivision 5 a, or that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (i) of 556 subdivision 6, or that are related to new underground facilities described in clause (iv) of subdivision 6, 557 shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, 558 or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. 559 Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 6, any costs prudently incurred on or after July 1, 2007, by 560 a utility prior to the filing of such petition, or during the consideration thereof by the Commission, that 561 are proposed for recovery in such petition and that are related to facilities and projects described in clause (ii) or clause (iii) of subdivision 6 that utilize nuclear power, or coal-fueled facilities and projects 562 described in clause (ii) of subdivision 6 if such coal-fueled facilities will be built by a Phase I Utility, 563 564 shall be deferred on the books and records of the utility until the Commission's final order in the matter, 565 or until the implementation of any applicable approved rate adjustment clauses, whichever is later. Any costs prudently incurred after the expiration or termination of capped rates related to other matters 566 described in subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be deferred beginning only upon the expiration or termination 567 568 of capped rates, provided, however, that no provision of this act shall affect the rights of any parties 569 with respect to the rulings of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission in PJM Interconnection LLC 570 and Virginia Electric and Power Company, 109 F.E.R.C. P 61,012 (2004). A utility shall establish a 571 regulatory asset for regulatory accounting and ratemaking purposes under which it shall defer its operation and maintenance costs incurred in connection with (i) the refueling of any nuclear-powered 572 573 generating plant and (ii) other work at such plant normally performed during a refueling outage. The 574 utility shall amortize such deferred costs over the refueling cycle, but in no case more than 18 months, 575 beginning with the month in which such plant resumes operation after such refueling. The refueling 576 cycle shall be the applicable period of time between planned refueling outages for such plant. As of 577 January 1, 2014, such amortized costs are a component of base rates, recoverable in base rates only 578 ratably over the refueling cycle rather than when such outages occur, and are the only nuclear refueling 579 costs recoverable in base rates. This provision shall apply to any nuclear-powered generating plant refueling outage commencing after December 31, 2013, and the Commission shall treat the deferred and 580 581 amortized costs of such regulatory asset as part of the utility's costs for the purpose of proceedings 582 conducted (a) with respect to triennial filings under subdivision 3 made on and after July 1, 2014, and 583 (b) pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase applications as 584 provided in subsection B. This provision shall not be deemed to change or reset base rates.

585 The Commission's final order regarding any petition filed pursuant to subdivision 4, 5, or 6 shall be 586 entered not more than three months, eight months, and nine months, respectively, after the date of filing 587 of such petition. If such petition is approved, the order shall direct that the applicable rate adjustment 588 clause be applied to customers' bills not more than 60 days after the date of the order, or upon the 589 expiration or termination of capped rates, whichever is later.

590 8. In any triennial review proceeding, for the purposes of reviewing earnings on the utility's rates for 591 generation and distribution services, the following utility generation and distribution costs not proposed 592 for recovery under any other subdivision of this subsection, as recorded per books by the utility for 593 financial reporting purposes and accrued against income, shall be attributed to the test periods under 594 review and deemed fully recovered in the period recorded: costs associated with asset impairments 595 related to early retirement determinations made by the utility for utility generation facilities fueled by 596 coal, natural gas, or oil or for automated meter reading electric distribution service meters; costs 597 associated with projects necessary to comply with state or federal environmental laws, regulations, or 598 judicial or administrative orders relating to coal combustion by-product management that the utility does 599 not petition to recover through a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 5 e; costs associated 600 with severe weather events; and costs associated with natural disasters. Such costs shall be deemed to 601 have been recovered from customers through rates for generation and distribution services in effect 602 during the test periods under review unless such costs, individually or in the aggregate, together with the 603 utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be recovered through rates for generation and **604** distribution services, result in the utility's earned return on its generation and distribution services for the 605 combined test periods under review to fall more than 50 basis points below the fair combined rate of 606 return authorized under subdivision 2 for such periods or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to fall 607 608 more than 70 basis points below the fair combined rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 for 609 such periods. In such cases, the Commission shall, in such triennial review proceeding, authorize 610 deferred recovery of such costs and allow the utility to amortize and recover such deferred costs over future periods as determined by the Commission. The aggregate amount of such deferred costs shall not 611 exceed an amount that would, together with the utility's other costs, revenues, and investments to be 612 613 recovered through rates for generation and distribution services, cause the utility's earned return on its

614 generation and distribution services to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2, less 615 50 basis points, for the combined test periods under review or, for any test period commencing after 616 December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, to exceed the fair rate of return authorized under subdivision 2 less 70 basis points. Nothing in this section shall 617 618 limit the Commission's authority, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including 619 specifically § 56-235.2, following the review of combined test period earnings of the utility in a triennial 620 review, for normalization of nonrecurring test period costs and annualized adjustments for future costs, 621 in determining any appropriate increase or decrease in the utility's rates for generation and distribution 622 services pursuant to subdivision 8 a or 8 c.

623 If the Commission determines as a result of such triennial review that:

624 a. Revenue reductions related to energy efficiency measures or programs approved and deployed 625 since the utility's previous triennial review have caused the utility, as verified by the Commission, 626 during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, to earn more than 50 basis points 627 below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period 628 commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 629 630 services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other 631 matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, the Commission shall order 632 increases to the utility's rates for generation and distribution services necessary to recover such revenue reductions. If the Commission finds, for reasons other than revenue reductions related to energy 633 634 efficiency measures, that the utility has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a 635 whole, earned more than 50 basis points below a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 636 distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility 637 and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points below a fair combined 638 rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard 639 to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in 640 subdivision 6, the Commission shall order increases to the utility's rates necessary to provide the 641 opportunity to fully recover the costs of providing the utility's services and to earn not less than such 642 fair combined rate of return, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for 643 determining the amount of the rate increase necessary. However, in the first triennial review proceeding 644 conducted after January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order a rate increase, 645 and in all triennial reviews of a Phase I or Phase II utility, the Commission may not order such rate 646 increase unless it finds that the resulting rates are necessary to provide the utility with the opportunity to 647 fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return 648 on both its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any 649 return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 650 6, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of 651 any rate increase under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof; and provided that, solely 652 in connection with making its determination concerning the necessity for such a rate increase or the amount thereof, the Commission shall, in any triennial review proceeding conducted prior to July 1, 653 654 2028, exclude from this most recently ended 12-month test period any remaining investment levels 655 associated with a prior customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to subdivision d.

656 b. The utility has, during the test period or test periods under review, considered as a whole, earned 657 more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution 658 services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after 659 December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of 660 return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision **661** 6, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivisions 8 d and 9, direct that 60 percent of 662 the amount of such earnings that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing 663 664 after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, that 665 70 percent of the amount of such earnings that were more than 70 basis points, above such fair 666 combined rate of return for the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, shall be 667 credited to customers' bills. Any such credits shall be amortized over a period of six to 12 months, as 668 determined at the discretion of the Commission, following the effective date of the Commission's order, 669 and shall be allocated among customer classes such that the relationship between the specific customer 670 class rates of return to the overall target rate of return will have the same relationship as the last 671 approved allocation of revenues used to design base rates; or

672 c. In any triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2020, for a Phase I Utility or after 673 January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility in which the utility has, during the test period or test periods 674 under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of 675 return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test period commencing after December 31, 676 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in 677 subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or other matter determined with respect **678** 679 to facilities described in subdivision 6, and the combined aggregate level of capital investment that the 680 Commission has approved other than those capital investments that the Commission has approved for 681 recovery pursuant to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made by the utility during the test periods under review in that triennial review proceeding in new utility-owned generation facilities **682** 683 utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and in electric distribution grid transformation projects, as determined pursuant to subdivision 8 d, does not equal or exceed 100 percent of the **684** earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its 685 generation and distribution services for the combined test periods under review in that triennial review 686 687 proceeding, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subdivision 9 and in addition to the actions authorized in subdivision b, also order reductions to the utility's rates it finds appropriate. 688 689 However, in the first triennial review proceeding conducted after January 1, 2021, for a Phase II Utility, 690 any reduction to the utility's rates ordered by the Commission pursuant to this subdivision shall not 691 exceed \$50 million in annual revenues, with any reduction allocated to the utility's rates for generation **692** services, and in each triennial review of a Phase I or Phase II Utility, the Commission may not order 693 such rate reduction unless it finds that the resulting rates will provide the utility with the opportunity to **694** fully recover its costs of providing its services and to earn not less than a fair combined rate of return 695 on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return 696 on common equity or other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, using the most recently ended 12-month test period as the basis for determining the permissibility of any 697 rate reduction under the standards of this sentence, and the amount thereof; and **698** 699

d. (Expires July 1, 2028) In any triennial review proceeding conducted after December 31, 2017, upon the request of the utility, the Commission shall determine, prior to directing that 70 percent of 700 701 earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its 702 generation and distribution services for the test period or periods under review be credited to customer 703 bills pursuant to subdivision 8 b, the aggregate level of prior capital investment that the Commission has 704 approved other than those capital investments that the Commission has approved for recovery pursuant 705 to a rate adjustment clause pursuant to subdivision 6 made by the utility during the test period or 706 periods under review in both (i) new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from 707 sunlight, or from onshore or offshore wind, and (ii) electric distribution grid transformation projects, as 708 determined by the utility's plant in service and construction work in progress balances related to such 709 investments as recorded per books by the utility for financial reporting purposes as of the end of the 710 most recent test period under review. Any such combined capital investment amounts shall offset any 711 customer bill credit amounts, on a dollar for dollar basis, up to the aggregate level of invested or 712 committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii). The aggregate level of qualifying invested or committed capital under clauses (i) and (ii) is referred to in this subdivision as the customer credit reinvestment 713 714 offset, which offsets the customer bill credit amount that the utility has invested or will invest in new solar or wind generation facilities or electric distribution grid transformation projects for the benefit of 715 customers, in amounts up to 100 percent of earnings that are more than 70 basis points above the 716 717 utility's fair rate of return on its generation and distribution services, and thereby reduce or eliminate 718 otherwise incremental rate adjustment clause charges and increases to customer bills, which is deemed to 719 be in the public interest. If 100 percent of the amount of earnings that are more than 70 basis points 720 above the utility's fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, exceeds the aggregate level of invested capital in new utility-owned generation 721 facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, and electric distribution grid 722 723 transformation projects, as provided in clauses (i) and (ii), during the test period or periods under 724 review, then 70 percent of the amount of such excess shall be credited to customer bills as provided in 725 subdivision 8 b in connection with the triennial review proceeding. The portion of any costs associated 726 with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or 727 electric distribution grid transformation projects that is the subject of any customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision shall not thereafter be recovered through the utility's rates for 728 729 generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities and shall not thereafter be 730 included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future triennial review proceedings conducted 731 pursuant to subdivision 2 and shall not be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant to 732 subdivision 6. The portion of any costs associated with new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing 733 energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric distribution grid transformation projects that is 734 not the subject of any customer credit reinvestment offset pursuant to this subdivision may be recovered 735 through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services over the service life of such facilities 736 and shall be included in the utility's costs, revenues, and investments in future triennial review

737 proceedings conducted pursuant to subdivision 2 until such costs are fully recovered, and if such costs 738 are recovered through the utility's rates for generation and distribution services, they shall not be the 739 subject of a rate adjustment clause petition pursuant to subdivision 6. Only the portion of such costs of 740 new utility-owned generation facilities utilizing energy derived from sunlight, or from wind, or electric 741 distribution grid transformation projects that has not been included in any customer credit reinvestment 742 offset pursuant to this subdivision, and not otherwise recovered through the utility's rates for generation 743 and distribution services, may be the subject of a rate adjustment clause petition by the utility pursuant 744 to subdivision 6.

745 The Commission's final order regarding such triennial review shall be entered not more than eight 746 months after the date of filing, and any revisions in rates or credits so ordered shall take effect not more 747 than 60 days after the date of the order. The fair combined rate of return on common equity determined 748 pursuant to subdivision 2 in such triennial review shall apply, for purposes of reviewing the utility's 749 earnings on its rates for generation and distribution services, to the entire three successive 12-month test 750 periods ending December 31 immediately preceding the year of the utility's subsequent triennial review 751 filing under subdivision 3 and shall apply to applicable rate adjustment clauses under subdivisions 5 and 752 6 prospectively from the date the Commission's final order in the triennial review proceeding, utilizing 753 rate adjustment clause true-up protocols as provided in § 56-585.8 for Phase I Utilities and as the 754 Commission in its discretion may determine.

755 9. If, as a result of a triennial review required under this subsection and conducted with respect to any test period or periods under review ending later than December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has 756 757 elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, under review ending later 758 than December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), the 759 Commission finds, with respect to such test period or periods considered as a whole, that (i) any utility 760 has, during the test period or periods under review, considered as a whole, earned more than 50 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and distribution services or, for any test 761 period commencing after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a 762 763 Phase I Utility, more than 70 basis points above a fair combined rate of return on its generation and 764 distribution services, as determined in subdivision 2, without regard to any return on common equity or 765 other matters determined with respect to facilities described in subdivision 6, and (ii) the total aggregate 766 regulated rates of such utility at the end of the most recently ended 12-month test period exceeded the 767 annual increases in the United States Average Consumer Price Index for all items, all urban consumers (CPI-U), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, 768 769 compounded annually, when compared to the total aggregate regulated rates of such utility as 770 determined pursuant to the review conducted for the base period, the Commission shall, unless it finds 771 that such action is not in the public interest or that the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c are more 772 consistent with the public interest, direct that any or all earnings for such test period or periods under 773 review, considered as a whole that were more than 50 basis points, or, for any test period commencing 774 after December 31, 2012, for a Phase II Utility and after December 31, 2013, for a Phase I Utility, more 775 than 70 basis points, above such fair combined rate of return shall be credited to customers' bills, in lieu 776 of the provisions of subdivisions 8 b and c, provided that no credits shall be provided pursuant to this 777 subdivision in connection with any triennial review unless such bill credits would be payable pursuant to 778 the provisions of subdivision 8 d, and any credits under this subdivision shall be calculated net of any 779 customer credit reinvestment offset amounts under subdivision 8 d. Any such credits shall be amortized 780 and allocated among customer classes in the manner provided by subdivision 8 b. For purposes of this 781 subdivision:

"Base period" means (i) the test period ending December 31, 2010 (or, if the Commission has elected to stagger its biennial reviews of utilities as provided in subdivision 1, the test period ending December 31, 2010, for a Phase I Utility, or December 31, 2011, for a Phase II Utility), or (ii) the most recent test period with respect to which credits have been applied to customers' bills under the provisions of this subdivision, whichever is later.

"Total aggregate regulated rates" shall include: (i) fuel tariffs approved pursuant to § 56-249.6, except
for any increases in fuel tariffs deferred by the Commission for recovery in periods after December 31,
2010, pursuant to the provisions of clause (ii) of subsection C of § 56-249.6; (ii) rate adjustment clauses
implemented pursuant to subdivision 4 or 5; (iii) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to subdivision 8
a; (iv) revisions to the utility's rates pursuant to the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase
applications, as permitted by subsection B, occurring after July 1, 2009; and (v) base rates in effect as
of July 1, 2009.

794 10. For purposes of this section, the Commission shall regulate the rates, terms and conditions of any utility subject to this section on a stand-alone basis utilizing the actual end-of-test period capital structure and cost of capital of such utility, excluding any debt associated with securitized bonds that are the obligation of non-Virginia jurisdictional customers, unless the Commission finds that the debt to

798 equity ratio of such capital structure is unreasonable for such utility, in which case the Commission may 799 utilize a debt to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable for such utility in determining any rate 800 adjustment pursuant to subdivisions 8 a and c, and without regard to the cost of capital, capital structure, 801 revenues, expenses or investments of any other entity with which such utility may be affiliated. In 802 particular, and without limitation, the Commission shall determine the federal and state income tax costs 803 for any such utility that is part of a publicly traded, consolidated group as follows: (i) such utility's 804 apportioned state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the 805 utility had not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) such utility's federal income tax 806 costs shall be calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any consolidated tax liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its 807 808 affiliates.

B. Nothing in this section shall preclude an investor-owned incumbent electric utility from applying 809 for an increase in rates pursuant to § 56-245 or the Commission's rules governing utility rate increase 810 811 applications; however, in any such filing, a fair rate of return on common equity shall be determined 812 pursuant to subdivision A 2. Nothing in this section shall preclude such utility's recovery of fuel and purchased power costs as provided in § 56-249.6. 813

814 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall exercise authority over the 815 rates, terms and conditions of investor-owned incumbent electric utilities for the provision of generation. 816 transmission and distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth pursuant to the 817 provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.), including specifically § 56-235.2.

818 D. The Commission may determine, during any proceeding authorized or required by this section, the 819 reasonableness or prudence of any cost incurred or projected to be incurred, by a utility in connection with the subject of the proceeding. A determination of the Commission regarding the reasonableness or 820 prudence of any such cost shall be consistent with the Commission's authority to determine the 821 822 reasonableness or prudence of costs in proceedings pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et 823 seq.). In determining the reasonableness or prudence of a utility providing energy and capacity to its 824 customers from renewable energy resources, the Commission shall consider the extent to which such renewable energy resources, whether utility-owned or by contract, further the objectives of the 825 826 Commonwealth Clean Energy Policy set forth in § 45.2-1706.1, and shall also consider whether the costs 827 of such resources is likely to result in unreasonable increases in rates paid by customers.

828 E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commission shall determine the amortization 829 period for recovery of any appropriate costs due to the early retirement of any electric generation 830 facilities owned or operated by any Phase I Utility or Phase II Utility. In making such determination, the 831 Commission shall (i) perform an independent analysis of the remaining undepreciated capital costs; (ii) 832 establish a recovery period that best serves ratepayers; and (iii) allow for the recovery of any carrying 833 costs that the Commission deems appropriate.

834 F. The Commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement 835 the provisions of this section. 836

§ 56-585.8. Annual rate true-up reviews.

837 A. Commencing on March 31, 2025, and annually thereafter, the Commission shall conduct annual 838 rate true-up reviews (ART reviews) of the rates, terms, and conditions for the provision of generation 839 and distribution services by a Phase I Utility, as defined in subdivision A 1 of § 56-585.1, that 840 participated in triennial review proceedings in 2020 and 2023, and such Phase I Utility shall no longer 841 be subject to triennial review proceedings pursuant to § 56-585.1.

842 B. In each ART review, the Commission shall review all rates, terms, and conditions for generation 843 and distribution services, and such review shall be conducted in a single, combined proceeding, except 844 for review of the following costs, which the utility shall continue to recover and the Commission shall 845 continue to review separately, pursuant to the applicable statutory provisions: costs that are recovered 846 pursuant to (i) § 56-249.6, (ii) subdivision A 4 of § 56-585.1, and (iii) § 56-585.6.

847 In each ART review, the Commission shall include all costs that the utility has previously recovered 848 pursuant to rate adjustment clauses provided under subdivisions A 5 and 6 of § 56-585.1. Upon 849 conclusion of the first ART review, all rate adjustment clauses that are in effect in 2024, except for 850 those listed in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), shall be combined with the rates, terms, and conditions for 851 generation and distribution services by the utility.

852 C. A Phase I Utility subject to the provisions this section shall not be eligible to seek approval from 853 the Commission for rate adjustment clauses provided under subdivisions A 5 and 6 of § 56-585.1.

854 D. Each ART proceeding shall commence on or before March 31, and annually thereafter, with the filing of a petition by each Phase I Utility subject to the provisions of this section. The Commission, 855 after providing notice and an opportunity for hearing, shall grant a final order on such petition no later 856 than November 20. Any revisions in rates ordered by the Commission pursuant to the ART review shall 857 858 take effect no later than January 1 of the subsequent year.

859 E. As part of its final order for an ART review proceeding, the Commission shall determine:

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860 1. The costs, including the allowed return as determined in its most recent return on common equity
861 determination, that the utility has incurred in the previous calendar year to provide generation and
862 distribution services to its customers, and whether those costs were prudently incurred;

863 2. The revenues that the utility has received in exchange for its generation and distribution services;

864 *3. The difference, if any, between subdivisions 1 and 2;*

865 4. The resulting amount of deficiency, if costs that the Commission finds were reasonable and
866 prudent exceed revenue, or excess, if revenue exceeds costs, to be factored into the subsequent calendar
867 year's revenue requirement;

868 5. The forecasted costs, including the allowed return as determined in subsection F, that the utility
869 expects to incur in the subsequent calendar year to provide generation and distribution services to its
870 customers, which costs remain subject to a prudency review in the subsequent ART review proceeding;
871 and

872 6. The revenue requirement that the utility will implement in the subsequent calendar year, which
873 shall be comprised of the prior year's deficiency or excess, as determined in subdivision 4, and the
874 subsequent year's forecasted revenue requirement.

875 F. In the first and third ART review proceedings conducted pursuant to this section, and biennially
876 thereafter in ART review proceedings, to determine the prior year's excess or deficiency, the Commission
877 shall set the fair rate of return on common equity applicable to the generation and distribution services
878 of the utility for the subsequent calendar year.

879 1. The Commission may use any methodology it finds consistent with the public interest to determine
880 such fair rate of return on common equity; however, for applications received by the Commission on or
881 after January 1, 2025, such rate of return shall not be set lower than the average of either of the
882 following:

a. The returns on common equity reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission for the three
most recent annual periods for which such data is available by not less than a majority of other
investor-owned electric utilities in the peer group of the utility subject to such ART review, as selected
by the Commission pursuant to subdivision 2; or

b. The authorized returns on common equity that are set by the applicable regulatory commissions
for the same selected peer group, provided that the Commission shall not set such return more than 150
basis points higher than the average of such authorized returns.

890 2. In selecting a majority of peer group investor-owned electric utilities for applications received by 891 the Commission on or after January 1, 2025, the Commission shall first remove from such group (i) the 892 two utilities within such group that have the lowest reported or authorized, as applicable, returns of the 893 group and (ii) the two utilities within such group that have the highest reported or authorized, as 894 applicable, returns of the group. The Commission shall then select a majority of the utilities remaining 895 in such peer group. In its final order regarding such ART review proceeding, the Commission shall identify the utilities in such peer group it selected for the calculation of the limitation described in 896 subdivision 1. For the purposes of this subsection, an investor-owned utility shall be deemed part of 897 898 such peer group if (i) its principal operations are conducted in the southeastern United States east of 899 the Mississippi River in either the states of West Virginia or Kentucky or in those states south of 900 Virginia, excluding the state of Tennessee; (ii) it is a vertically-integrated electric utility providing 901 generation, transmission, and distribution services and its facilities and operations are subject to state 902 public utility regulation in the state where its principal operations are conducted; (iii) it had a 903 long-term bond rating assigned by Moody's Investors Service of at least Baa at the end of the most 904 recent test period subject to such ART review; and (iv) it is not an affiliate of the Phase I Utility subject 905 to such ART review.

906 G. In each ART review, to determine the prior year's excess or deficiency, the Commission shall use 907 an average rate base using the actual starting and end-of-test period capital structure, excluding any 908 debt associated with any securitized bonds that are the obligation of non-Virginia jurisdictional 909 customers. To determine the subsequent calendar year's revenue requirement, the Commission shall use 910 the utility's actual end-of-test period capital structure and cost of capital without regard to the cost of 911 capital, capital structure, or investments of any other entities with which the utility is affiliated, unless 912 the Commission makes a finding, based on evidence in the record, that the debt to equity ratio of the 913 actual end-of-test period capital structure of such utility is unreasonable, in which case the Commission 914 may utilize a debt to equity ratio that it finds to be reasonable.

915 In an ART review for a Phase I Utility that is part of a publicly-traded, consolidated group, the 916 Commission shall determine federal and state income tax costs as follows: (i) the utility's apportioned 917 state income tax costs shall be calculated according to the applicable statutory rate, as if the utility had 918 not filed a consolidated return with its affiliates, and (ii) the utility's federal income tax costs shall be 919 calculated according to the applicable federal income tax rate and shall exclude any consolidated tax 920 liability or benefit adjustments originating from any taxable income or loss of its affiliates.

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921 H. The Commission is authorized to determine during any ART review the reasonableness or
922 prudence of any cost subject to the ART review incurred or projected to be incurred by the utility, and
923 a Phase I Utility shall recover through its rates such costs that the Commission finds to be reasonable
924 and prudent.

925 I. In any ART review conducted pursuant to this section, a Phase I Utility or any other party may
926 propose changes to its terms and conditions and the Commission may approve, reject, or amend any
927 changes and may propose any special rates, contracts, or incentives pursuant to § 56-235.2.

J. Nothing in this section shall alter a Phase I Utility's obligations pursuant to §§ 56-585.5 and
56-596.2, except that any costs proposed by a Phase I Utility after January 1, 2025, for compliance
with §§ 56-585.5 and 56-596.2 that would have been recovered under a rate adjustment clause as
authorized under § 56-585.1 shall be recoverable only through an ART review proceeding.

932 § 56-597. Definitions.

933 As used in this chapter:

934 "Affiliate" means a person that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with an 935 electric utility.

"Electric utility" means any investor-owned public utility that provides electric energy for use byretail customers, *except investor-owned utilities subject to the provisions of § 56-585.8.*

938 "Integrated resource plan" or "IRP" means a document developed by an electric utility that provides a
939 forecast of its load obligations and a plan to meet those obligations by supply side and demand side
940 resources over the ensuing 15 years to promote reasonable prices, reliable service, energy independence, and environmental responsibility.

942 "Retail customer" means any person that purchases retail electric energy for its own consumption at943 one or more metering points or non-metered points of delivery located in the Commonwealth.