2023 SESSION

ENROLLED

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 22.1-253.13:1, 22.1-253.13:2, 22.1-253.13:5, and 22.1-253.13:6, as
3 they shall become effective, of the Code of Virginia, relating to student literacy measures; scope; students in grades four through eight.

5 6

Approved

[H 1526]

7 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

8 1. That §§ 22.1-253.13:1, 22.1-253.13:2, 22.1-253.13:5, and 22.1-253.13:6, as they shall become 9 effective, of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:

10 § 22.1-253.13:1. (For effective date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 1. Instructional 11 programs supporting the Standards of Learning and other educational objectives.

12 A. The General Assembly and the Board of Education believe that the fundamental goal of the 13 public schools of the Commonwealth must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are necessary for success in school, preparation for life, and reaching their full potential. The General 14 15 Assembly and the Board of Education find that the quality of education is dependent upon the provision of (i) the appropriate working environment, benefits, and salaries necessary to ensure the availability of 16 17 high-quality instructional personnel; (ii) the appropriate learning environment designed to promote student achievement; (iii) quality instruction that enables each student to become a productive and 18 19 educated citizen of Virginia and the United States of America; and (iv) the adequate commitment of 20 other resources. In keeping with this goal, the General Assembly shall provide for the support of public education as set forth in Article VIII, Section 1 of the Constitution of Virginia. 21

B. The Board of Education shall establish educational objectives known as the Standards of
Learning, which shall form the core of Virginia's educational program, and other educational objectives,
which together are designed to ensure the development of the skills that are necessary for success in
school and for preparation for life in the years beyond. At a minimum, the Board shall establish
Standards of Learning for English, mathematics, science, and history and social science. The Standards
of Learning shall not be construed to be regulations as defined in § 2.2-4001.

The Board shall seek to ensure that the Standards of Learning are consistent with a high-quality foundation educational program. The Standards of Learning shall include, but not be limited to, the basic skills of communication (listening, speaking, reading, and writing); computation and critical reasoning, including problem solving and decision making; proficiency in the use of computers and related technology; computer science and computational thinking, including computer coding; and the skills to manage personal finances and to make sound financial decisions.

The English Standards of Learning for reading in kindergarten through grade three *eight* shall be based on components of effective reading instruction, to include, at a minimum, phonemic awareness, systematic phonics, fluency, vocabulary development, and text comprehension align with evidence-based literacy instruction and science-based reading research.

The Standards of Learning in all subject areas shall be subject to regular review and revision to maintain rigor and to reflect a balance between content knowledge and the application of knowledge in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning. The Board of Education shall establish a regular schedule, in a manner it deems appropriate, for the review, and revision as may be necessary, of the Standards of Learning in all subject areas. Such review of each subject area shall occur at least once every seven years. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the Board from conducting such review and revision on a more frequent basis.

To provide appropriate opportunity for input from the general public, teachers, and local school boards, the Board of Education shall conduct public hearings prior to establishing revised Standards of Learning. Thirty days prior to conducting such hearings, the Board shall give notice of the date, time, and place of the hearings to all local school boards and any other persons requesting to be notified of the hearings and publish notice of its intention to revise the Standards of Learning in the Virginia Register of Regulations. Interested parties shall be given reasonable opportunity to be heard and present information prior to final adoption of any revisions of the Standards of Learning.

In addition, the Department of Education shall make available and maintain a website, either separately or through an existing website utilized by the Department of Education, enabling public elementary, middle, and high school educators to submit recommendations for improvements relating to the Standards of Learning, when under review by the Board according to its established schedule, and related assessments required by the Standards of Quality pursuant to this chapter. Such website shall

1

HB1526ER

57 facilitate the submission of recommendations by educators.

58 School boards shall implement the Standards of Learning or objectives specifically designed for their
59 school divisions that are equivalent to or exceed the Board's requirements. Students shall be expected to
60 achieve the educational objectives established by the school division at appropriate age or grade levels.
61 The curriculum adopted by the local school division shall be aligned to the Standards of Learning.

62 The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for history and social science the
63 study of contributions to society of diverse people. For the purposes of this subsection, "diverse"
64 includes consideration of disability, ethnicity, race, and gender.

65 The Board of Education shall include in the Standards of Learning for health instruction in 66 emergency first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the use of an automated external defibrillator, including hands-on practice of the skills necessary to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Such 67 instruction shall be based on the current national evidence-based emergency cardiovascular care 68 guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator, such as a 69 program developed by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross. No teacher who is 70 71 in compliance with subdivision D 3 of § 22.1-298.1 shall be required to be certified as a trainer of 72 cardiopulmonary resuscitation to provide instruction for non-certification.

With such funds as are made available for this purpose, the Board shall regularly review and revise
the competencies for career and technical education programs to require the full integration of English,
mathematics, science, and history and social science Standards of Learning. Career and technical
education programs shall be aligned with industry and professional standard certifications, where they
exist.

78 The Board shall establish content standards and curriculum guidelines for courses in career 79 investigation in elementary school, middle school, and high school. Each school board shall (i) require 80 each middle school student to take at least one course in career investigation or (ii) select an alternate means of delivering the career investigation course to each middle school student, provided that such 81 alternative is equivalent in content and rigor and provides the foundation for such students to develop 82 83 their academic and career plans. Any school board may require (a) such courses in career investigation 84 at the high school level as it deems appropriate, subject to Board approval as required in subsection A 85 of § 22.1-253.13:4, and (b) such courses in career investigation at the elementary school level as it deems appropriate. The Board shall develop and disseminate to each school board career investigation 86 87 resource materials that are designed to ensure that students have the ability to further explore interest in 88 career and technical education opportunities in middle and high school. In developing such resource 89 materials, the Board shall consult with representatives of career and technical education, industry, skilled 90 trade associations, chambers of commerce or similar organizations, and contractor organizations.

91 C. Local school boards shall develop and implement a program of instruction for grades K through 92 12 that is aligned to the Standards of Learning and meets or exceeds the requirements of the Board of 93 Education. The program of instruction shall emphasize reading, writing, speaking, mathematical concepts 94 and computations, proficiency in the use of computers and related technology, computer science and computational thinking, including computer coding, and scientific concepts and processes; essential skills 95 96 and concepts of citizenship, including knowledge of Virginia history and world and United States 97 history, economics, government, foreign languages, international cultures, health and physical education, 98 environmental issues, and geography necessary for responsible participation in American society and in 99 the international community; fine arts, which may include, but need not be limited to, music and art, 100 and practical arts; knowledge and skills needed to qualify for further education, gainful employment, or training in a career or technical field; and development of the ability to apply such skills and knowledge 101 102 in preparation for eventual employment and lifelong learning and to achieve economic self-sufficiency.

103 Local school boards shall also develop and implement programs of prevention, intervention, or 104 remediation for students who are educationally at risk including, but not limited to, those who fail to 105 achieve a passing score on any Standards of Learning assessment in grades three through eight or who 106 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs shall include 107 components that are research-based.

Any student who achieves a passing score on one or more, but not all, of the Standards of Learning
 assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight may be required to attend a
 remediation program.

Any student who fails to achieve a passing score on all of the Standards of Learning assessments for the relevant grade level in grades three through eight or who fails an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit shall be required to attend a remediation program or to participate in another form of remediation. Division superintendents shall require such students to take special programs of prevention, intervention, or remediation, which may include attendance in public summer school programs, in accordance with clause (ii) of subsection A of § 22.1-254 and § 22.1-254.01.

117 Remediation programs shall include, when applicable, a procedure for early identification of students

118 who are at risk of failing the Standards of Learning assessments in grades three through eight or who 119 fail an end-of-course test required for the award of a verified unit of credit. Such programs may also 120 include summer school for all elementary and middle school grades and for all high school academic 121 courses, as defined by regulations promulgated by the Board of Education, or other forms of 122 remediation. Summer school remediation programs or other forms of remediation shall be chosen by the 123 division superintendent to be appropriate to the academic needs of the student. Students who are 124 required to attend such summer school programs or to participate in another form of remediation shall 125 not be charged tuition by the school division.

126 The requirement for remediation may, however, be satisfied by the student's attendance in a program 127 of prevention, intervention or remediation that has been selected by his parent, in consultation with the 128 division superintendent or his designee, and is either (i) conducted by an accredited private school or (ii) 129 a special program that has been determined to be comparable to the required public school remediation 130 program by the division superintendent. The costs of such private school remediation program or other 131 special remediation program shall be borne by the student's parent.

The Board of Education shall establish standards for full funding of summer remedial programs that shall include, but not be limited to, the minimum number of instructional hours or the equivalent thereof required for full funding and an assessment system designed to evaluate program effectiveness. Based on the number of students attending and the Commonwealth's share of the per pupil instructional costs, state funds shall be provided for the full cost of summer and other remediation programs as set forth in the appropriation act, provided such programs comply with such standards as shall be established by the Board, pursuant to § 22.1-199.2.

139 D. Local school boards shall also implement the following:

140 1. Programs in grades K through three that emphasize developmentally appropriate learning to 141 enhance success.

142 2. Programs based on prevention, intervention, or remediation designed to increase the number of
143 students who earn a high school diploma and to prevent students from dropping out of school. Such
144 programs shall include components that are research-based.

3. Career and technical education programs incorporated into the K through 12 curricula that include:
a. Knowledge of careers and all types of employment opportunities, including, but not limited to,
apprenticeships, entrepreneurship and small business ownership, the military, and the teaching
profession, and emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills;

b. Career exploration opportunities in the middle school grades;

c. Competency-based career and technical education programs that integrate academic outcomes, career guidance, and job-seeking skills for all secondary students. Programs shall be based upon labor market needs and student interest. Career guidance shall include counseling about available employment opportunities and placement services for students exiting school. Each school board shall develop and implement a plan to ensure compliance with the provisions of this subdivision. Such plan shall be developed with the input of area business and industry representatives and local comprehensive community colleges and shall be submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction in accordance with the timelines established by federal law;

d. Annual notice on its website to enrolled high school students and their parents of (i) the availability of the postsecondary education and employment data published by the State Council of Higher Education on its website pursuant to § 23.1-204.1 and (ii) the opportunity for such students to obtain a nationally recognized career readiness certificate at a local public high school, comprehensive community college, or workforce center; and

e. As part of each student's academic and career plan, a list of (i) the top 100 professions in the
Commonwealth by median pay and the education, training, and skills required for each such profession
and (ii) the top 10 degree programs at institutions of higher education in the Commonwealth by median
pay of program graduates. The Department of Education shall annually compile such lists and provide
them to each local school board.

4. Educational objectives in middle and high school that emphasize economic education and financial literacy pursuant to § 22.1-200.03.

5. Early identification of students with disabilities and enrollment of such students in appropriateinstructional programs consistent with state and federal law.

172 6. Early identification of gifted students and enrollment of such students in appropriately173 differentiated instructional programs.

174 7. Educational alternatives for students whose needs are not met in programs prescribed elsewhere in
175 these standards. Such students shall be counted in average daily membership (ADM) in accordance with
176 the regulations of the Board of Education.

177 8. Adult education programs for individuals functioning below the high school completion level.178 Such programs may be conducted by the school board as the primary agency or through a collaborative

179 arrangement between the school board and other agencies.

9. A plan to make achievements for students who are educationally at risk a divisionwide prioritythat shall include procedures for measuring the progress of such students.

10. An agreement for postsecondary degree attainment with a comprehensive community college in
the Commonwealth specifying the options for students to complete an associate degree or a one-year
Uniform Certificate of General Studies from a comprehensive community college concurrent with a high
school diploma. Such agreement shall specify the credit available for dual enrollment courses and
Advanced Placement courses with qualifying exam scores of three or higher.

187 11. A plan to notify students and their parents of the availability of dual enrollment and advanced 188 placement classes; career and technical education programs, including internships, externships, 189 apprenticeships, credentialing programs, certification programs, licensure programs, and other work-based 190 learning experiences; the International Baccalaureate Program and Academic Year Governor's School 191 Programs; the qualifications for enrolling in such classes, programs, and experiences; and the availability 192 of financial assistance to low-income and needy students to take the advanced placement and International Baccalaureate examinations. This plan shall include notification to students and parents of 193 194 the agreement with a comprehensive community college in the Commonwealth to enable students to 195 complete an associate degree or a one-year Uniform Certificate of General Studies concurrent with a 196 high school diploma.

197 12. Identification of students with limited English proficiency and enrollment of such students in appropriate instructional programs, which programs may include dual language programs whereby such students receive instruction in English and in a second language.

200 13. Early identification, diagnosis, and assistance for students with mathematics problems and
 201 provision of instructional strategies and mathematics practices that benefit the development of
 202 mathematics skills for all students.

203 Local school divisions shall provide algebra readiness intervention services to students in grades six 204 through nine who are at risk of failing the Algebra I end-of-course test, as demonstrated by their 205 individual performance on any diagnostic test that has been approved by the Department of Education. 206 Local school divisions shall report the results of the diagnostic tests to the Department of Education on 207 an annual basis, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Each student 208 who receives algebra readiness intervention services will be assessed again at the end of that school 209 year. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation; summer school remediation; 210 at-risk; or algebra readiness intervention services may be used to meet the requirements of this 211 subdivision.

212 14. Incorporation of art, music, and physical education as a part of the instructional program at the213 elementary school level.

214 15. A program of physical activity available to all students in grades kindergarten through five consisting of at least 20 minutes per day or an average of 100 minutes per week during the regular 215 216 school year and available to all students in grades six through 12 with a goal of at least 150 minutes per week on average during the regular school year. Such program may include any combination of (i) 217 physical education classes, (ii) extracurricular athletics, (iii) recess, or (iv) other programs and physical 218 219 activities deemed appropriate by the local school board. Each local school board shall implement such 220 program during the regular school year. Any physical education class offered to students in grades seven and eight shall include at least one hour of personal safety training per school year in each such grade level that is developed and delivered in partnership with the local law-enforcement agency and consists 221 222 223 of situational safety awareness training and social media education.

16. A program of student services for kindergarten through grade 12 that shall be designed to aidstudents in their educational, social, and career development.

17. The collection and analysis of data and the use of the results to evaluate and make decisionsabout the instructional program.

18. A program of instruction in the high school Virginia and U.S. Government course on allinformation and concepts contained in the civics portion of the U.S. Naturalization Test.

230 E. From such funds as may be appropriated or otherwise received for such purpose, there shall be 231 established within the Department of Education a unit to (i) conduct evaluative studies; (ii) provide the 232 resources and technical assistance to increase the capacity for school divisions to deliver quality 233 instruction; and (iii) assist school divisions in implementing those programs and practices that will 234 enhance pupil academic performance and improve family and community involvement in the public 235 schools. Such unit shall identify and analyze effective instructional programs and practices and 236 professional development initiatives; evaluate the success of programs encouraging parental and family 237 involvement; assess changes in student outcomes prompted by family involvement; and collect and 238 disseminate among school divisions information regarding effective instructional programs and practices, 239 initiatives promoting family and community involvement, and potential funding and support sources.

240 Such unit may also provide resources supporting professional development for administrators and 241 teachers. In providing such information, resources, and other services to school divisions, the unit shall 242 give priority to those divisions demonstrating a less than 70 percent passing rate on the Standards of 243 Learning assessments.

244 F. Each local school board may enter into agreements for postsecondary course credit, credential, 245 certification, or license attainment, hereinafter referred to as College and Career Access Pathways 246 Partnerships (Partnerships), with comprehensive community colleges or other public institutions of higher 247 education or educational institutions established pursuant to Title 23.1 that offer a career and technical 248 education curriculum. Such Partnerships shall (i) specify the options for students to take courses as part 249 of the career and technical education curriculum that lead to course credit or an industry-recognized 250 credential, certification, or license concurrent with a high school diploma; (ii) specify the credit, 251 credentials, certifications, or licenses available for such courses; and (iii) specify available options for 252 students to participate in pre-apprenticeship and apprenticeship programs at comprehensive community 253 colleges concurrent with the pursuit of a high school diploma and receive college credit and high school 254 credit for successful completion of any such program.

255 G. Each local school board shall provide a program of literacy instruction that is aligned with 256 science-based reading research and provides evidenced-based literacy instruction to students in 257 kindergarten through grade three *eight* and is consistent with the school board's literacy plan as required 258 by subsection B of § 22.1-253.13:6. Pursuant to such program:

259 1. Each local school board shall provide reading intervention services to students in kindergarten 260 through grade three *eight* who demonstrate substantial deficiencies based on their individual performance 261 on the Standards of Learning reading assessment or an early a literacy screener provided or approved by 262 the Department. Such reading intervention services shall consist of evidence-based literacy instruction, 263 align with science-based reading research, and be documented for each student in a written student 264 reading plan, consistent with the requirements in subdivision 2 and the list developed by the Department 265 pursuant to subdivision H 2.

266 2. A reading specialist, in collaboration with the teacher of any student who receives reading 267 intervention services pursuant to subdivision 1, shall develop, oversee implementation of, and monitor student progress on a student reading plan. The parent of each student who receives reading intervention 268 269 services pursuant to subdivision 1 shall receive notice of and have the opportunity to participate in the 270 development of the student reading plan. Each student reading plan (i) shall follow the Department 271 template created pursuant to subdivision H 3; (ii) shall document such reading intervention services; (iii) 272 shall include, at a minimum, (a) the student's specific, diagnosed reading skill deficiencies as determined 273 or identified by diagnostic assessment data or the early literacy screener provided or approved by the 274 Department; (b) the goals and benchmarks for student growth in reading; (c) a description of the specific 275 measures that will be used to evaluate and monitor the student's reading progress; (d) the specific 276 evidence-based literacy instruction that the student will receive; (e) the strategies, resources, and 277 materials that will be provided to the student's parent to support the student to make reading progress; 278 and (f) any additional services the teacher deems available and appropriate to accelerate the student's reading skill development; and (iv) may include the following services for the student: instruction from 279 280 a reading specialist, trained aide, computer-based reading tutorial program, or classroom teacher with 281 support from an aide or, extended instructional time in the school day or school year, or, for students in 282 grades six through eight, a literacy course, in addition to the course required by the Standards of 283 Learning in English, that provides the specific evidence-based literacy instruction identified in the 284 student's reading plan. In accordance with § 22.1-215.2, the parent of each student shall receive notice 285 before services begin and a copy of the student reading plan.

286 3. Each student who receives such reading intervention services shall be assessed utilizing either the 287 early literacy screener provided or approved by the Department or the grade-level reading Standards of 288 Learning assessment again at the end of that school year.

289 4. The local school board shall provide such reading intervention services prior to promoting a 290 student from grade three to grade four.

5. Funds appropriated for prevention, intervention, and remediation, summer school remediation. the 291 292 at-risk add-on, or early intervention reading may be used to meet the requirements of this subsection.

293 H. In order to assist local school boards to implement the provisions of subsection G: 294

1. The Board shall provide guidance on the content of student reading plans;

295 2. The Department shall develop a list of core literacy curricula, supplemental instruction practices 296 and programs, and intervention programs that consist of evidence-based literacy instruction aligned with 297 science-based reading research for students in kindergarten through grade eight. The list shall be 298 approved by the Board;

299 3. The Department shall develop a template for student reading plans that aligns with the 300 requirements of subsection G;

301 4. The Department shall develop and implement a plan for the annual collection and public reporting 302 of division-level and school-level literacy data, at a time to be determined by the Superintendent, to 303 include results on the early literacy screeners provided or approved by the Department and the 304 reading Standards of Learning assessments; and

305 5. The Department shall provide free online evidence-based literacy instruction resources that can be accessed by parents and local school boards to support student literacy development at home.

§ 22.1-253.13:2. (For effective date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 2. Instructional, 307 308 administrative, and support personnel.

309 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, 310 and other professional personnel. 311

B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas.

312 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, 313 excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors or certain other 314 licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and librarians, that are not greater than the 315 316 following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be 317 318 assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 319 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 320 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime 321 the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local 322 school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days 323 after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason 324 that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division 325 will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection.

Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher 326 327 ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained 328 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide 329 330 ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with 331 332 one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and 333 334 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional 335 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation 336 act.

337 E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs 338 of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State 339 340 341 funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and 342 the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by 343 the local school boards.

344 To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may 345 employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services. 346 School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner 347 shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

348 F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general 349 350 appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 351 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii) 352 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000 353 students identified as having limited English proficiency, which positions may include dual language 354 teachers who provide instruction in English and in a second language.

To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 355 356 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use 357 state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to 358 employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide instruction to 359 identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ 360 Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel 361

306

362 licensed by the Board of Education.

363 G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local 364 school board shall employ one reading specialist for each 550 students in kindergarten through grade three eight. Each such reading specialist shall have training in science-based reading research and 365 366 evidence-based literacy instruction practices. In addition, each such reading specialist shall have training 367 in the identification of and the appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for 368 students with dyslexia or a related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related 369 disorders. Such reading specialist shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a 370 working knowledge of (i) techniques to help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) 371 dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of 372 the keys to reading, including multisensory, explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and 373 (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations, and assistive technology supports for students with 374 dyslexia.

To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

379 H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positions380 for any school that reports fall membership, according to student enrollment:

381 1. Principals in elementary schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
 382 principals in middle schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis; principals in high schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis;

2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900
students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals
in high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient
number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools
within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are
elementary, middle, or secondary;

390 3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
391 librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

396 4. School counselors, one full-time equivalent position per 325 students in grades kindergarten397 through 12.

398 However, in order to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision, any local school 399 board (i) may employ, under a provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with 400 an allowance for an additional two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, any 401 professional counselor licensed by the Board of Counseling, clinical social worker licensed by the Board of Social Work, psychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology, or other licensed counseling 402 403 professional with appropriate experience and training, provided that any such individual makes progress **404** toward completing the requirements for full licensure as a school counselor during such period of 405 employment or (ii) in the event that the school board does not receive any application from a licensed 406 school counselor, professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed 407 counseling professional with appropriate experience and training to fill a school counselor vacancy in the 408 school division, may enter into an annual contract with another entity for the provision of school 409 counseling services by a licensed professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or 410 another licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training. Local school boards that employ a sufficient number of individuals to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this 411 412 subdivision may assign such individuals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest 413 need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

414 I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades415 kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

416 J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
417 kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional
418 technology resource teacher.

To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology
 resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher
 position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator
 position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data

423 analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data 424 management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner 425 shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

426 K. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing 427 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act. 428

429 L. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing 430 requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except 431 for school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and shall be 432 based on the school's total enrollment. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs 433 434 that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

435 M. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 436 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 437 438 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the 439 teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 440 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any 441 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 442 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection 443 shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 444 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

445 N. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in the 446 relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 447 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 448 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 449 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 450 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 451 452 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 453 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 454 courses.

455 O. Each school board shall provide at least three specialized student support positions per 1,000 456 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school social 457 workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant behavior 458 analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by the 459 school board or provided through contracted services.

460 P. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 461 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

462 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall 463 include the following:

464 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and 465 assistant superintendents; 466

2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in 467 468 subsection O; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H 4; (iii) homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to 469 470 truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in 471 subsection O;

472 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and 473 media positions not included in subdivision H 3; 474

5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J;

6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation 475 476 and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions;

7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional 477 478 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

479 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 480 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 481 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 482 483 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of

484 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 485 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 486 elementary, middle, or secondary. 487

Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

488 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional 489 instructional services.

490 Q. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of instructional 491 and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J, a local school board shall not be required to 492 include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.

493 § 22.1-253.13:2. (Effective pursuant to Va. Const., Art. IV, § 13; for effective date, see Acts 494 2022, cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel.

495 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, 496 and other professional personnel.

497 B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas. 498 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 499 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, 500 excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and librarians, that are not greater than the 501 502 following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger than 29 students; if the average 503 daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a full-time teacher's aide shall be 504 assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with no class being larger than 30 505 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being larger than 35 students; and (iv) 506 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 30 of any school year, anytime 507 the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established by this subsection, the local 508 school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such fact no later than 10 days 509 after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such notification shall state the reason 510 that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection. 511

512 Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher 513 ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained 514 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities.

515 Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide 516 ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in 517 middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with 518 one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties.

519 D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and 520 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional 521 personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation 522 act.

523 E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs 524 of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be 525 provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K 526 through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State 527 funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and 528 the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by 529 the local school boards.

530 To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may 531 employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services. 532 School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner 533 shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

534 F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general 535 536 appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 537 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii) 538 20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000 539 students identified as having limited English proficiency, which positions may include dual language 540 teachers who provide instruction in English and in a second language.

541 To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 542 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to 543 544 employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide instruction to

545 identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to
546 supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ
547 Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel
548 licensed by the Board of Education.

549 G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local 550 school board shall employ one reading specialist for each 550 students in kindergarten through grade 551 three eight. Each such reading specialist shall have training in science-based reading research and 552 evidence-based literacy instruction practices. In addition, each such reading specialist shall have training 553 in the identification of and the appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for 554 students with dyslexia or a related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related 555 disorders. Such reading specialist shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a 556 working knowledge of (i) techniques to help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of 557 558 the keys to reading, including multisensory, explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and 559 (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations, and assistive technology supports for students with 560 dyslexia.

To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ
reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early
Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed
by the Board of Education.

565 H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positions566 for any school that reports fall membership, according to student enrollment:

567 1. Principals, one full-time in each elementary school, middle school, and high school, to be 568 employed on a 12-month basis;

2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900 students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals
in high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary;

3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

581 4. School counselors, one full-time equivalent position per 325 students in grades kindergarten 582 through 12.

583 However, in order to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision, any local school 584 board (i) may employ, under a provisional license issued by the Department for three school years with 585 an allowance for an additional two-year extension with the approval of the division superintendent, any 586 professional counselor licensed by the Board of Counseling, clinical social worker licensed by the Board of Social Work, psychologist licensed by the Board of Psychology, or other licensed counseling 587 588 professional with appropriate experience and training, provided that any such individual makes progress 589 toward completing the requirements for full licensure as a school counselor during such period of 590 employment or (ii) in the event that the school board does not receive any application from a licensed 591 school counselor, professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or another licensed 592 counseling professional with appropriate experience and training to fill a school counselor vacancy in the 593 school division, may enter into an annual contract with another entity for the provision of school 594 counseling services by a licensed professional counselor, clinical social worker, or psychologist or 595 another licensed counseling professional with appropriate experience and training. Local school boards 596 that employ a sufficient number of individuals to meet the staffing requirements set forth in this 597 subdivision may assign such individuals to schools within the division according to the area of greatest **598** need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

599 I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades 600 kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
 kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional
 technology resource teacher.

To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher

11 of 14

606 position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator 607 position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data 608 analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data 609 management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner 610 shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

611 K. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing 612 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the 613 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

614 L. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing 615 requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except 616 for school counselors or certain other licensed individuals as set forth in subdivision H 4, and shall be based on the school's total enrollment. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing 617 levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs 618 619 that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

620 M. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 621 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the 622 current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 623 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the 624 teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 625 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any 626 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 627 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection 628 shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 629 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

N. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in the 630 631 relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 632 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 633 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 634 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course 635 enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 636 637 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 638 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 639 courses.

640 O. Each school board shall provide at least three specialized student support positions per 1,000 641 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school social 642 workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant behavior 643 analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by the 644 school board or provided through contracted services.

645 P. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 646 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

647 For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall 648 include the following:

649 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and 650 assistant superintendents; 651

2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

652 3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in 653 subsection O; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H 4; (iii) 654 homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to 655 truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in 656 subsection O;

657 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and 658 media positions not included in subdivision H 3;

659 5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J;

660 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions; 661

662 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and 663

8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 664 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 665 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 666

high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and
one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of
school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to
schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are
elementary, middle, or secondary.

672 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

673 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional 674 instructional services.

Q. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of instructional and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J, a local school board shall not be required to include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.

678 § 22.1-253.13:5. (For effective date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 5. Quality of 679 classroom instruction and educational leadership.

A. Each member of the Board of Education shall participate in high-quality professional developmentprograms on personnel, curriculum and current issues in education as part of his service on the Board.

682 B. Consistent with the finding that leadership is essential for the advancement of public education in the Commonwealth, teacher, principal, and superintendent evaluations shall be consistent with the 683 684 performance standards included in the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation 685 Criteria for Teachers, Principals, and Superintendents. Evaluations shall include student academic progress as a significant component and an overall summative rating. Teacher evaluations shall include **686 687** regular observation and evidence that instruction is aligned with the school's curriculum. Evaluations 688 shall include identification of areas of individual strengths and weaknesses and recommendations for 689 appropriate professional activities. Evaluations shall include an evaluation of cultural competency.

690 C. The Board of Education shall provide guidance on high-quality professional development for (i) teachers, principals, supervisors, division superintendents, and other school staff; (ii) principals, 691 692 supervisors, and division superintendents in the evaluation and documentation of teacher and principal 693 performance based on student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of such instructional or 694 administrative personnel; (iii) school board members on personnel, curriculum and current issues in 695 education; (iv) teachers of the blind and visually impaired, in cooperation with the Virginia Department 696 for the Blind and Vision Impaired, in Braille; and (v) any individual with an endorsement in early/primary education preschool through grade three, elementary education preschool through grade **697** six, special education general curriculum kindergarten through grade 12, special education deaf and hard **698** 699 of hearing preschool through grade 12, or special education blindness/visual impairments preschool 700 through grade 12, or English as a second language preschool through grade 12, or as a reading 701 specialist that builds proficiency in science-based reading research and evidence-based literacy 702 instruction; (vi) each teacher with an endorsement in middle education grades six through eight who 703 teaches English that builds proficiency in evidence-based literacy instruction and science-based reading 704 research; and (vii) each middle school principal and teacher with an endorsement in middle education 705 grades six through eight who teaches mathematics, science, or history and social science that builds an 706 awareness of evidence-based literacy instruction and science-based reading research.

707 The Board shall also provide technical assistance on high-quality professional development to local
708 school boards designed to ensure that all instructional personnel are proficient in the use of educational
709 technology consistent with its comprehensive plan for educational technology.

710 The Department shall provide technical assistance, including literacy coaching, to local school 711 divisions to provide professional development in science-based reading research and evidence-based 712 literacy instruction for students in kindergarten through grade eight. The Department shall also create a 713 list of professional development programs aligned with science-based reading research and 714 evidence-based literacy instruction that includes programs that provide training in dyslexia for reading specialists as required by subsection G of § 22.1-253.13:2. The list shall be approved by the Board. The 715 716 Department shall provide resources to local school divisions to ensure that each division is able to 717 provide professional development to teachers and reading specialists listed in subdivision E 2 of 718 $\frac{1}{2}$ 22.1-253.13:5 in one of the programs enumerated in the list approved by the Board pursuant to this subdivision and that such professional development is provided at no cost to the teachers and reading 719 720 specialists.

D. Each local school board shall require (i) its members to participate annually in high-quality
professional development activities at the state, local, or national levels on governance, including, but
not limited to, personnel policies and practices; the evaluation of personnel, curriculum, and instruction;
use of data in planning and decision making; and current issues in education as part of their service on
the local board and (ii) the division superintendent to participate annually in high-quality professional
development activities at the local, state, or national levels, including the Standards of Quality, Board of
Education regulations, and the Guidelines for Uniform Performance Standards and Evaluation Criteria

728 for Teachers, Principals, and Superintendents.

729 E. Each local school board shall provide a program of high-quality professional development (i) in 730 the use and documentation of performance standards and evaluation criteria based on student academic progress and skills for teachers, principals, and superintendents to clarify roles and performance 731 732 expectations and to facilitate the successful implementation of instructional programs that promote 733 student achievement at the school and classroom levels; (ii) as part of the license renewal process, to 734 assist teachers and principals in acquiring the skills needed to work with gifted students, students with 735 disabilities, and students who have been identified as having limited English proficiency and to increase 736 student achievement and expand the knowledge and skills students require to meet the standards for 737 academic performance set by the Board of Education; (iii) in educational technology for all instructional 738 personnel which is designed to facilitate integration of computer skills and related technology into the 739 curricula; and (iv) for principals and supervisors designed to increase proficiency in instructional 740 leadership and management, including training in the evaluation and documentation of teacher and 741 principal performance based on student academic progress and the skills and knowledge of such 742 instructional or administrative personnel.

743 In addition, each local school board shall provide:

1. Teachers and principals with high-quality professional development programs each year in (a) instructional content; (b) the preparation of tests and other assessment measures; (c) methods for assessing the progress of individual students, including Standards of Learning assessment materials or other criterion-referenced tests that match locally developed objectives; (d) instruction and remediation techniques in English, mathematics, science, and history and social science; (e) interpreting test data for instructional purposes; (f) technology applications to implement the Standards of Learning; and (g) effective classroom management; and

751 2. High-quality professional development and training in science-based reading research and 752 evidence-based literacy instruction, from the list developed and the resources provided by the Department pursuant to subsection C of § 22.1-253.13:5 or an alternative program that consists of 753 754 evidence-based literacy instruction and aligns with science-based reading research approved by the 755 Department, for each elementary school principal and each teacher with an endorsement in early/primary 756 education preschool through grade three, elementary education preschool through grade six, special 757 education general curriculum kindergarten through grade 12, special education deaf and hard of hearing 758 preschool through grade 12, or special education blindness/visual impairments preschool through grade 759 12, or English as a second language preschool through grade 12, or as a reading specialist that builds 760 proficiency in evidence-based literacy instruction and science-based reading research in order to aid in 761 the licensure renewal process for such individuals; and

762 3. High-quality professional development and training in science-based reading research and evidence-based literacy instruction, from the list developed and the resources provided by the Department pursuant to subsection C, or an alternative program that consists of evidence-based literacy 763 764 765 instruction and aligns with science-based reading research approved by the Department, for (i) each 766 teacher with an endorsement in middle education grades six through eight who teaches English that builds proficiency in evidence-based literacy instruction and science-based reading research and (ii) 767 768 each middle school principal and teacher with an endorsement in middle education grades six through 769 eight who teaches mathematics, science, or history and social science that builds an awareness of 770 evidence-based literacy instruction and science-based reading research.

F. Schools and school divisions shall include as an integral component of their comprehensive plans
required by § 22.1-253.13:6, high-quality professional development programs that support the
recruitment, employment, and retention of qualified teachers and principals. Each school board shall
require all instructional personnel to participate each year in these professional development programs.

G. Each local school board shall annually review its professional development program for quality,
 effectiveness, participation by instructional personnel, and relevancy to the instructional needs of
 teachers and the academic achievement needs of the students in the school division.

\$ 22.1-253.13:6. (For effective date, see 2022 Acts cc. 549, 550, cl. 2) Standard 6. Planning and public involvement.

A. The Board of Education shall adopt a statewide comprehensive, unified, long-range plan based on
data collection, analysis, and evaluation. Such plan shall be developed with statewide participation. The
Board shall review the plan biennially and adopt any necessary revisions. The Board shall post the plan
on the Department of Education's website if practicable, and, in any case, shall make a hard copy of
such plan available for public inspection and copying.

This plan shall include the objectives of public education in Virginia, including strategies for first improving student achievement, particularly the achievement of educationally at-risk students, then maintaining high levels of student achievement; an assessment of the extent to which these objectives are being achieved; a forecast of enrollment changes; and an assessment of the needs of public

789 education in the Commonwealth. In the annual report required by § 22.1-18, the Board shall include an 790 analysis of the extent to which these Standards of Quality have been achieved and the objectives of the 791 statewide comprehensive plan have been met. The Board shall also develop, consistent with, or as a part 792 of, its comprehensive plan, a detailed comprehensive, long-range plan to integrate educational 793 technology into the Standards of Learning and the curricula of the public schools in Virginia, including 794 career and technical education programs. The Board shall review and approve the comprehensive plan 795 for educational technology and may require the revision of such plan as it deems necessary.

796 B. Each local school board shall adopt a divisionwide comprehensive, unified, long-range plan based 797 on data collection, an analysis of the data, and how the data will be utilized to improve classroom 798 instruction and student achievement. The plan shall be developed with staff and community involvement 799 and shall include, or be consistent with, all other divisionwide plans required by state and federal laws 800 and regulations. Each local school board shall review the plan biennially and adopt any necessary 801 revisions. Prior to the adoption of any divisionwide comprehensive plan or revisions thereto, each local 802 school board shall post such plan or revisions on the division's Internet website if practicable, and, in 803 any case, shall make a hard copy of the plan or revisions available for public inspection and copying 804 and shall conduct at least one public hearing to solicit public comment on the divisionwide plan or 805 revisions.

806 The divisionwide comprehensive plan shall include, but shall not be limited to, (i) the objectives of 807 the school division, including strategies for first improving student achievement, particularly the 808 achievement of educationally at-risk students, then maintaining high levels of student achievement; (ii) 809 an assessment of the extent to which these objectives are being achieved; (iii) a forecast of enrollment 810 changes; (iv) a plan for projecting and managing enrollment changes including consideration of the consolidation of schools to provide for a more comprehensive and effective delivery of instructional 811 812 services to students and economies in school operations; (v) an evaluation of the appropriateness of establishing regional programs and services in cooperation with neighboring school divisions; (vi) a plan 813 for implementing such regional programs and services when appropriate; (vii) a technology plan 814 designed to integrate educational technology into the instructional programs of the school division, 815 including the school division's career and technical education programs, consistent with, or as a part of, 816 817 the comprehensive technology plan for Virginia adopted by the Board of Education; (viii) an assessment 818 of the needs of the school division and evidence of community participation, including parental 819 participation, in the development of the plan; (ix) any corrective action plan required pursuant to 820 § 22.1-253.13:3; and (x) a plan for parent and family involvement to include building successful school 821 and parent partnerships that shall be developed with staff and community involvement, including 822 participation by parents.

823 The divisionwide comprehensive plan shall also include a divisionwide literacy plan for 824 pre-kindergarten through grade three eight. The Board shall issue guidance on the contents of such 825 plans. The Department shall develop a template for such plans. Each divisionwide literacy plan shall follow such template and address how the local school board will align (i) literacy professional 826 827 development, (ii) core reading and literacy curriculum, and (iii) screening, supplemental instruction, and 828 interventions with evidence-based literacy instruction practices aligned with science-based reading research and how the school board will support parents to support the literacy development of their 829 830 children. When developing such divisionwide literacy plan, each local school board shall use programs 831 from the lists developed by the Department pursuant to subsection C of § 22.1-253.13:5 and subdivision 832 H 2 of § 22.1-253.13:1 or seek approval from the Department for the use of alternative programs that 833 consist of evidence-based literacy instruction and align with science-based reading research.

834 A report shall be presented by each school board to the public by November 1 of each
835 odd-numbered year on the extent to which the objectives of the divisionwide comprehensive plan have
836 been met during the previous two school years.

837 C. Each public school shall also prepare a comprehensive, unified, long-range plan, which the838 relevant school board shall consider in the development of its divisionwide comprehensive plan.

839 D. The Board of Education shall, in a timely manner, make available to local school boards
840 information about where current Virginia school laws, Board regulations and revisions, and copies of
841 relevant Opinions of the Attorney General of Virginia may be located online.