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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 1522
2 3	Offered January 11, 2023
3	Prefiled January 5, 2023
4 5	A BILL to amend and reenact § 58.1-322.02, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective,
5 6	of the Code of Virginia, relating to Virginia taxable income; subtractions; volunteer firefighters and volunteer emergency medical services personnel.
7	
	Patrons—Fowler and Kory
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9	Referred to Committee on Finance
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11 12	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That § 58.1-322.02, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, of the Code of
12	Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:
14	§ 58.1-322.02. (Effective until date pursuant to Va. Const., Art. IV, § 13) Virginia taxable
15	income; subtractions.
16	In computing Virginia taxable income pursuant to § 58.1-322, to the extent included in federal
17	adjusted gross income, there shall be subtracted:
18 19	1. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the United States and on obligations or securities of any authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States to
19 20	the extent exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States, including, but not
21	limited to, stocks, bonds, treasury bills, and treasury notes but not including interest on refunds of
22	federal taxes, interest on equipment purchase contracts, or interest on other normal business transactions.
23	2. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the Commonwealth
24	or of any political subdivision or instrumentality of the Commonwealth.
25 26	3. Benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits subject to federal income taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
27 27	4. Up to $20,000$ of disability income, as defined in $22(c)(2)(B)(iii)$ of the Internal Revenue Code;
28	however, any person who claims a deduction under subdivision 5 of § $58.1-322.03$ may not also claim a
29	subtraction under this subdivision.
30	5. The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by the
31 32	Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction. 6. The amount of wages or salaries eligible for the federal Work Opportunity Credit which was not
33	deducted for federal purposes on account of the provisions of § 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
34	7. Any amount included therein less than \$600 from a prize awarded by the Virginia Lottery.
35	8. The wages or salaries received by any person for active and inactive service in the National Guard
36	of the Commonwealth of Virginia, not to exceed the amount of income derived from 39 calendar days
37 38	of such service or \$3,000, whichever amount is less; however, only those persons in the ranks of O3 and below shall be entitled to the deductions specified in this subdivision.
38 39	9. Amounts received by an individual, not to exceed \$1,000 for taxable years beginning on or before
40	December 31, 2019, and \$5,000 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, as a reward for
41	information provided to a law-enforcement official or agency, or to a nonprofit corporation created
42	exclusively to assist such law-enforcement official or agency, in the apprehension and conviction of
43	perpetrators of crimes. This subdivision shall not apply to the following: an individual who is an
44 45	employee of, or under contract with, a law-enforcement agency, a victim or the perpetrator of the crime for which the reward was paid, or any person who is compensated for the investigation of crimes or
46	accidents.
47	10. The amount of "qualified research expenses" or "basic research expenses" eligible for deduction
48	for federal purposes, but which were not deducted, on account of the provisions of § 280C(c) of the
49	Internal Revenue Code and which shall be available to partners, shareholders of S corporations, and
50 51	members of limited liability companies to the extent and in the same manner as other deductions may
51 52	pass through to such partners, shareholders, and members. 11. Any income received during the taxable year derived from a qualified pension, profit-sharing, or
52 53	stock bonus plan as described by § 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, an individual retirement account
54	or annuity established under § 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, a deferred compensation plan as
55	defined by § 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any federal government retirement program, the
56	contributions to which were deductible from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income, but only to the
57 58	extent the contributions to such plan or program were subject to taxation under the income tax in another state.
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59 12. Any income attributable to a distribution of benefits or a refund from a prepaid tuition contract or savings trust account with the Virginia College Savings Plan, created pursuant to Chapter 7 60 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1. The subtraction for any income attributable to a refund shall be 61 62 limited to income attributable to a refund in the event of a beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a 63 scholarship.

64 13. All military pay and allowances, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income and not 65 otherwise subtracted, deducted, or exempted under this section, earned by military personnel while serving by order of the President of the United States with the consent of Congress in a combat zone or 66 qualified hazardous duty area that is treated as a combat zone for federal tax purposes pursuant to § 112 67 68 of the Internal Revenue Code.

69 14. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2015, the gain derived from the sale or exchange 70 of real property or the sale or exchange of an easement to real property which results in the real property or the easement thereto being devoted to open-space use, as that term is defined in § 71 58.1-3230, for a period of time not less than 30 years. To the extent that a subtraction is taken in 72

73 accordance with this subdivision, no tax credit under this chapter for donating land for its preservation 74 shall be allowed for three years following the year in which the subtraction is taken.

75 15. Fifteen thousand dollars of military basic pay for military service personnel on extended active duty for periods in excess of 90 days; however, the subtraction amount shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar 76 77 by the amount by which the taxpayer's military basic pay exceeds \$15,000 and shall be reduced to zero 78 if such military basic pay amount is equal to or exceeds \$30,000.

79 16. The first \$15,000 of salary for each federal and state employee whose total annual salary from all 80 employment for the taxable year is \$15,000 or less. 81

17. Unemployment benefits taxable pursuant to § 85 of the Internal Revenue Code.

18. a. Any amount received as military retirement income by an individual awarded the 82 83 Congressional Medal of Honor.

84 b. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2022, but before January 1, 2023, up to 85 \$10,000 of military benefits; for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2023, but before January 1, 2024, up to \$20,000 of military benefits; for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 86 2024, but before January 1, 2025, up to \$30,000 of military benefits; and for taxable years beginning on 87 88 and after January 1, 2025, up to \$40,000 of military benefits. For purposes of this subdivision b, "military benefits" means any (i) military retirement income received for service in the Armed Forces of 89 90 the United States, (ii) qualified military benefits received pursuant to § 134 of the Internal Revenue 91 Code, (iii) benefits paid to the surviving spouse of a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States 92 under the Survivor Benefit Plan program established by the U.S. Department of Defense, and (iv) military benefits paid to the surviving spouse of a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States. 93 94 The subtraction allowed by this subdivision b shall be allowed only for military benefits received by an 95 individual age 55 or older. No subtraction shall be allowed pursuant to this subdivision b if a credit, 96 exemption, subtraction, or deduction is claimed for the same income pursuant to subdivision a or any 97 other provision of Virginia or federal law.

98 19. Items of income attributable to, derived from, or in any way related to (i) assets stolen from, 99 hidden from, or otherwise lost by an individual who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution or (ii) 100 damages, reparations, or other consideration received by a victim or target of Nazi persecution to 101 compensate such individual for performing labor against his will under the threat of death, during World War II and its prelude and direct aftermath. This subtraction shall not apply to assets acquired with such 102 103 items of income or with the proceeds from the sale of assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost 104 to, during World War II and its prelude and direct aftermath, a victim or target of Nazi persecution. The 105 provisions of this subdivision shall only apply to an individual who was the first recipient of such items of income and who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution, or a spouse, surviving spouse, or child 106 107 or stepchild of such victim. 108

As used in this subdivision:

109 "Nazi regime" means the country of Nazi Germany, areas occupied by Nazi Germany, those European countries allied with Nazi Germany, or any other neutral European country or area in Europe 110 111 under the influence or threat of Nazi invasion.

"Victim or target of Nazi persecution" means any individual persecuted or targeted for persecution by 112 113 the Nazi regime who had assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost as a result of any act or omission in any way relating to (i) the Holocaust, (ii) World War II and its prelude and direct aftermath, 114 115 (iii) transactions with or actions of the Nazi regime, (iv) treatment of refugees fleeing Nazi persecution, or (v) the holding of such assets by entities or persons in the Swiss Confederation during World War II 116 and its prelude and aftermath. A "victim or target of Nazi persecution" also includes any individual 117 forced into labor against his will, under the threat of death, during World War II and its prelude and 118 119 direct aftermath.

120 20. The military death gratuity payment made after September 11, 2001, to the survivor of deceased military personnel killed in the line of duty, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Chapter 75; however, the subtraction amount shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the amount that the survivor may exclude from his federal gross income in accordance with § 134 of the Internal Revenue Code.

124 21. The death benefit payments from an annuity contract that are received by a beneficiary of such contract, provided that (i) the death benefit payment is made pursuant to an annuity contract with an insurance company and (ii) the death benefit payment is paid solely by lump sum. The subtraction under this subdivision shall be allowed only for that portion of the death benefit payment that is included in federal adjusted gross income.

22. Any gain recognized from the sale of launch services to space flight participants, as defined in
49 U.S.C. § 70102, or launch services intended to provide individuals with the training or experience of
a launch, without performing an actual launch. To qualify for a deduction under this subdivision, launch
services must be performed in Virginia or originate from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.

133 23. Any gain recognized as a result of resupply services contracts for delivering payload, as defined
134 in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, entered into with the Commercial Orbital Transportation Services division of the
135 National Aeronautics and Space Administration or other space flight entity, as defined in § 8.01-227.8,
136 and launched from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.

137 24. Any income taxed as a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, or any income 138 taxed as investment services partnership interest income (otherwise known as investment partnership 139 carried interest income) for federal income tax purposes. To qualify for a subtraction under this 140 subdivision, such income shall be attributable to an investment in a "qualified business," as defined in 141 § 58.1-339.4, or in any other technology business approved by the Secretary of Administration, provided 142 that the business has its principal office or facility in the Commonwealth and less than \$3 million in 143 annual revenues in the fiscal year prior to the investment. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made between the dates of April 1, 2010, and June 30, 2020. No 144 taxpayer who has claimed a tax credit for an investment in a "qualified business" under § 58.1-339.4 145 146 shall be eligible for the subtraction under this subdivision for an investment in the same business.

147 25. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2014, any income of an account holder for
148 the taxable year taxed as (i) a capital gain for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's
149 first-time home buyer savings account established pursuant to Chapter 12 (§ 36-171 et seq.) of Title 36
150 and (ii) interest income or other income for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's
151 first-time home buyer savings account.

Notwithstanding the statute of limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any subtraction taken under this subdivision shall be subject to recapture in the taxable year or years in which moneys or funds withdrawn from the first-time home buyer savings account were used for any purpose other than the payment of eligible costs by or on behalf of a qualified beneficiary, as provided under § 26.174. The payment of eligible taxation were used for any purpose other than the payment of eligible costs by or on behalf of a qualified beneficiary, as provided under §

156 36-174. The amount subject to recapture shall be a portion of the amount withdrawn in the taxable year
157 that was used for other than the payment of eligible costs, computed by multiplying the amount
158 withdrawn and used for other than the payment of eligible costs by the ratio of the aggregate earnings in
159 the account at the time of the withdrawal to the total balance in the account at such time.

However, recapture shall not apply to the extent of moneys or funds withdrawn that were (i)
withdrawn by reason of the qualified beneficiary's death or disability; (ii) a disbursement of assets of the account pursuant to a filing for protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101
through 1330; or (iii) transferred from an account established pursuant to Chapter 12 (§ 36-171 et seq.)
of Title 36 into another account established pursuant to such chapter for the benefit of another qualified beneficiary.

For purposes of this subdivision, "account holder," "eligible costs," "first-time home buyer savings account," and "qualified beneficiary" mean the same as those terms are defined in § 36-171.

168 26. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2015, any income for the taxable year
169 attributable to the discharge of a student loan solely by reason of the student's death. For purposes of
170 this subdivision, "student loan" means the same as that term is defined under § 108(f) of the Internal
171 Revenue Code.

172 27. a. Income, including investment services partnership interest income (otherwise known as 173 investment partnership carried interest income), attributable to an investment in a Virginia venture 174 capital account. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made on or 175 after January 1, 2018, but before December 31, 2023. No subtraction shall be allowed under this 176 subdivision for an investment in a company that is owned or operated by a family member or an 177 affiliate of the taxpayer. No subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for a taxpayer who has 178 claimed a subtraction under subdivision 24 or a tax credit under § 58.1-339.4 for the same investment.

b. As used in this subdivision 27:

180 "Qualified portfolio company" means a company that (i) has its principal place of business in the181 Commonwealth; (ii) has a primary purpose of production, sale, research, or development of a product or

service other than the management or investment of capital; and (iii) provides equity in the company to 182 the Virginia venture capital account in exchange for a capital investment. "Qualified portfolio company" 183 184 does not include a company that is an individual or sole proprietorship.

185 "Virginia venture capital account" means an investment fund that has been certified by the 186 Department as a Virginia venture capital account. In order to be certified as a Virginia venture capital 187 account, the operator of the investment fund shall register the investment fund with the Department prior 188 to December 31, 2023, (i) indicating that it intends to invest at least 50 percent of the capital committed 189 to its fund in qualified portfolio companies and (ii) providing documentation that it employs at least one investor who has at least four years of professional experience in venture capital investment or 190 substantially equivalent experience. "Substantially equivalent experience" includes, but is not limited to, 191 192 an undergraduate degree from an accredited college or university in economics, finance, or a similar field of study. The Department may require an investment fund to provide documentation of the 193 194 investor's training, education, or experience as deemed necessary by the Department to determine 195 substantial equivalency. If the Department determines that the investment fund employs at least one 196 investor with the experience set forth herein, the Department shall certify the investment fund as a 197 Virginia venture capital account at such time as the investment fund actually invests at least 50 percent 198 of the capital committed to its fund in qualified portfolio companies.

199 28. a. Income attributable to an investment in a Virginia real estate investment trust. To qualify for a 200 subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made on or after January 1, 2019, but before 201 December 31, 2024. No subtraction shall be allowed for an investment in a trust that is managed by a 202 family member or an affiliate of the taxpayer. No subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for 203 a taxpayer who has claimed a subtraction under subdivision 24 or 27 or a tax credit under § 58.1-339.4 204 for the same investment. 205

b. As used in this subdivision 28:

206 "Distressed" means satisfying the criteria applicable to a locality described in subdivision E 2 of 207 § 2.2-115.

208 "Double distressed" means satisfying the criteria applicable to a locality described in subdivision E 3 209 of § 2.2-115.

210 "Virginia real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 211 § 856, that has been certified by the Department as a Virginia real estate investment trust. In order to be 212 certified as a Virginia real estate investment trust, the trustee shall register the trust with the Department 213 prior to December 31, 2024, indicating that it intends to invest at least 90 percent of trust funds in 214 Virginia and at least 40 percent of trust funds in real estate in localities that are distressed or double 215 distressed. If the Department determines that the trust satisfies the preceding criteria, the Department 216 shall certify the trust as a Virginia real estate investment trust at such time as the trust actually invests 217 at least 90 percent of trust funds in Virginia and at least 40 percent of trust funds in real estate in 218 localities that are distressed or double distressed.

219 29. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2019, any gain recognized from the taking of 220 real property by condemnation proceedings.

30. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2021, up to \$100,000 of all grant funds received 221 222 by the taxpayer under the Rebuild Virginia program established by the Governor and administered by 223 the Department of Small Business and Supplier Diversity.

31. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2022, any compensation for wrongful 224 225 incarceration awarded pursuant to the procedures established under Article 18.2 (§ 8.01-195.10 et seq.) 226 of Chapter 3 of Title 8.01.

227 32. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2023, \$20 for each hour, up to 325 228 hours per taxable year, of qualifying services rendered by an individual as a bona fide volunteer. 229

b. As used in this subdivision 32:

230 "Bona fide volunteer" means an individual who is a qualified member of the United States Coast 231 Guard Auxiliary, the Virginia Defense Force, or the Virginia Wing, Civil Air Patrol as certified by such 232 organizations, or an individual who performs qualifying services and whose only compensation for such 233 performance is (i) reimbursement, or a reasonable allowance, for reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of such qualifying services or (ii) reasonable benefits, including length of service awards, 234 235 and fees for such qualifying services customarily paid by eligible employers in connection with the 236 performance of qualifying services by bona fide volunteers.

237 "Qualifying services" means volunteer firefighting and fire prevention services, emergency medical 238 services, auxiliary police services, and emergency rescue services that operate exclusively for the benefit 239 of the general public as nonprofit organizations. This term includes all training and training-related 240 activities required by law for the performance such qualifying services.

241 § 58.1-322.02. (Effective pursuant to Va. Const., Art. IV, § 13) Virginia taxable income; 242 subtractions.

243 In computing Virginia taxable income pursuant to § 58.1-322, to the extent included in federal 244 adjusted gross income, there shall be subtracted:

1. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the United States and on obligations or securities of any authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States to the extent exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States, including, but not limited to, stocks, bonds, treasury bills, and treasury notes but not including interest on refunds of federal taxes, interest on equipment purchase contracts, or interest on other normal business transactions.
250 245 1. Income derived from obligations, or on the sale or exchange of obligations, of the Commonwealth

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3. Benefits received under Title II of the Social Security Act and other benefits subject to federalincome taxation solely pursuant to § 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.

or of any political subdivision or instrumentality of the Commonwealth.

4. Up to \$20,000 of disability income, as defined in § 22(c)(2)(B)(iii) of the Internal Revenue Code;
however, any person who claims a deduction under subdivision 5 of § 58.1-322.03 may not also claim a subtraction under this subdivision.

257 5. The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of income taxes imposed by the258 Commonwealth or any other taxing jurisdiction.

6. The amount of wages or salaries eligible for the federal Work Opportunity Credit which was not deducted for federal purposes on account of the provisions of § 280C(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

261 7. Any amount included therein less than \$600 from a prize awarded by the Virginia Lottery.

8. The wages or salaries received by any person for active and inactive service in the National Guard
of the Commonwealth of Virginia, not to exceed the amount of income derived from 39 calendar days
of such service or \$3,000, whichever amount is less; however, only those persons in the ranks of O3
and below shall be entitled to the deductions specified in this subdivision.

266 9. Amounts received by an individual, not to exceed \$1,000 for taxable years beginning on or before 267 December 31, 2019, and \$5,000 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, as a reward for 268 information provided to a law-enforcement official or agency, or to a nonprofit corporation created 269 exclusively to assist such law-enforcement official or agency, in the apprehension and conviction of 270 perpetrators of crimes. This subdivision shall not apply to the following: an individual who is an employee of, or under contract with, a law-enforcement agency, a victim or the perpetrator of the crime 271 272 for which the reward was paid, or any person who is compensated for the investigation of crimes or 273 accidents.

10. The amount of "qualified research expenses" or "basic research expenses" eligible for deduction
for federal purposes, but which were not deducted, on account of the provisions of § 280C(c) of the
Internal Revenue Code and which shall be available to partners, shareholders of S corporations, and
members of limited liability companies to the extent and in the same manner as other deductions may
pass through to such partners, shareholders, and members.

11. Any income received during the taxable year derived from a qualified pension, profit-sharing, or stock bonus plan as described by § 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, an individual retirement account or annuity established under § 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, a deferred compensation plan as defined by § 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, or any federal government retirement program, the contributions to which were deductible from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income, but only to the extent the contributions to such plan or program were subject to taxation under the income tax in another state.

12. Any income attributable to a distribution of benefits or a refund from a prepaid tuition contract or savings trust account with the Virginia College Savings Plan, created pursuant to Chapter 7
(§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1. The subtraction for any income attributable to a refund shall be limited to income attributable to a refund in the event of a beneficiary's death, disability, or receipt of a scholarship.

13. All military pay and allowances, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise subtracted, deducted, or exempted under this section, earned by military personnel while serving by order of the President of the United States with the consent of Congress in a combat zone or qualified hazardous duty area that is treated as a combat zone for federal tax purposes pursuant to § 112
of the Internal Revenue Code.

14. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2015, the gain derived from the sale or exchange
of real property or the sale or exchange of an easement to real property which results in the real
property or the easement thereto being devoted to open-space use, as that term is defined in §
58.1-3230, for a period of time not less than 30 years. To the extent that a subtraction is taken in

accordance with this subdivision, no tax credit under this chapter for donating land for its preservation
shall be allowed for three years following the year in which the subtraction is taken.
15. Fifteen thousand dollars of military basic pay for military service personnel on extended active

duty for periods in excess of 90 days; however, the subtraction amount shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the amount by which the taxpayer's military basic pay exceeds \$15,000 and shall be reduced to zero 305 if such military basic pay amount is equal to or exceeds \$30,000.

306 16. The first \$15,000 of salary for each federal and state employee whose total annual salary from all 307 employment for the taxable year is \$15,000 or less. 308

17. Unemployment benefits taxable pursuant to § 85 of the Internal Revenue Code.

309 18. a. Any amount received as military retirement income by an individual awarded the 310 Congressional Medal of Honor.

311 b. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2022, but before January 1, 2023, up to 312 \$10,000 of military benefits; for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2023, but before January 1, 2024, up to \$20,000 of military benefits; for taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 313 2024, but before January 1, 2025, up to \$30,000 of military benefits; and for taxable years beginning on 314 and after January 1, 2025, up to \$40,000 of military benefits. For purposes of this subdivision b, 315 "military benefits" means any (i) military retirement income received for service in the Armed Forces of 316 317 the United States, (ii) qualified military benefits received pursuant to § 134 of the Internal Revenue Code, (iii) benefits paid to the surviving spouse of a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States 318 319 under the Survivor Benefit Plan program established by the U.S. Department of Defense, and (iv) 320 military benefits paid to the surviving spouse of a veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States. 321 The subtraction allowed by this subdivision b shall be allowed only for military benefits received by an 322 individual age 55 or older. No subtraction shall be allowed pursuant to this subdivision b if a credit, 323 exemption, subtraction, or deduction is claimed for the same income pursuant to subdivision a or any 324 other provision of Virginia or federal law.

325 19. Items of income attributable to, derived from, or in any way related to (i) assets stolen from, 326 hidden from, or otherwise lost by an individual who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution or (ii) 327 damages, reparations, or other consideration received by a victim or target of Nazi persecution to compensate such individual for performing labor against his will under the threat of death, during World 328 War II and its prelude and direct aftermath. This subtraction shall not apply to assets acquired with such 329 330 items of income or with the proceeds from the sale of assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost 331 to, during World War II and its prelude and direct aftermath, a victim or target of Nazi persecution. The 332 provisions of this subdivision shall only apply to an individual who was the first recipient of such items 333 of income and who was a victim or target of Nazi persecution, or a spouse, surviving spouse, or child 334 or stepchild of such victim. 335

As used in this subdivision:

336 "Nazi regime" means the country of Nazi Germany, areas occupied by Nazi Germany, those 337 European countries allied with Nazi Germany, or any other neutral European country or area in Europe 338 under the influence or threat of Nazi invasion.

339 "Victim or target of Nazi persecution" means any individual persecuted or targeted for persecution by the Nazi regime who had assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost as a result of any act or 340 341 omission in any way relating to (i) the Holocaust, (ii) World War II and its prelude and direct aftermath, 342 (iii) transactions with or actions of the Nazi regime, (iv) treatment of refugees fleeing Nazi persecution, 343 or (v) the holding of such assets by entities or persons in the Swiss Confederation during World War II and its prelude and aftermath. A "victim or target of Nazi persecution" also includes any individual 344 345 forced into labor against his will, under the threat of death, during World War II and its prelude and 346 direct aftermath.

347 20. The military death gratuity payment made after September 11, 2001, to the survivor of deceased 348 military personnel killed in the line of duty, pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Chapter 75; however, the subtraction 349 amount shall be reduced dollar-for-dollar by the amount that the survivor may exclude from his federal 350 gross income in accordance with § 134 of the Internal Revenue Code.

21. The death benefit payments from an annuity contract that are received by a beneficiary of such 351 352 contract, provided that (i) the death benefit payment is made pursuant to an annuity contract with an 353 insurance company and (ii) the death benefit payment is paid solely by lump sum. The subtraction under 354 this subdivision shall be allowed only for that portion of the death benefit payment that is included in 355 federal adjusted gross income.

356 22. Any gain recognized from the sale of launch services to space flight participants, as defined in 357 49 U.S.C. § 70102, or launch services intended to provide individuals with the training or experience of 358 a launch, without performing an actual launch. To qualify for a deduction under this subdivision, launch 359 services must be performed in Virginia or originate from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.

360 23. Any gain recognized as a result of resupply services contracts for delivering payload, as defined in 49 U.S.C. § 70102, entered into with the Commercial Orbital Transportation Services division of the 361 National Aeronautics and Space Administration or other space flight entity, as defined in § 8.01-227.8, 362 363 and launched from an airport or spaceport in Virginia.

24. Any income taxed as a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, or any income 364 taxed as investment services partnership interest income (otherwise known as investment partnership 365 carried interest income) for federal income tax purposes. To qualify for a subtraction under this 366

subdivision, such income shall be attributable to an investment in a "qualified business," as defined in
§ 58.1-339.4, or in any other technology business approved by the Secretary of Administration, provided
that the business has its principal office or facility in the Commonwealth and less than \$3 million in
annual revenues in the fiscal year prior to the investment. To qualify for a subtraction under this
subdivision, the investment shall be made between the dates of April 1, 2010, and June 30, 2020. No
taxpayer who has claimed a tax credit for an investment in a "qualified business" under § 58.1-339.4
shall be eligible for the subtraction under this subdivision for an investment in the same business.

374 25. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2014, any income of an account holder for
375 the taxable year taxed as (i) a capital gain for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's
376 first-time home buyer savings account established pursuant to Chapter 12 (§ 36-171 et seq.) of Title 36
377 and (ii) interest income or other income for federal income tax purposes attributable to such person's
378 first-time home buyer savings account.

379 Notwithstanding the statute of limitations on assessments contained in § 58.1-312, any subtraction 380 taken under this subdivision shall be subject to recapture in the taxable year or years in which moneys 381 or funds withdrawn from the first-time home buyer savings account were used for any purpose other 382 than the payment of eligible costs by or on behalf of a qualified beneficiary, as provided under 383 § 36-174. The amount subject to recapture shall be a portion of the amount withdrawn in the taxable 384 year that was used for other than the payment of eligible costs, computed by multiplying the amount 385 withdrawn and used for other than the payment of eligible costs by the ratio of the aggregate earnings in 386 the account at the time of the withdrawal to the total balance in the account at such time.

However, recapture shall not apply to the extent of moneys or funds withdrawn that were (i)
withdrawn by reason of the qualified beneficiary's death or disability; (ii) a disbursement of assets of the account pursuant to a filing for protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101
through 1330; or (iii) transferred from an account established pursuant to Chapter 12 (§ 36-171 et seq.)
of Title 36 into another account established pursuant to such chapter for the benefit of another qualified beneficiary.

For purposes of this subdivision, "account holder," "eligible costs," "first-time home buyer savings account," and "qualified beneficiary" mean the same as those terms are defined in § 36-171.

395 26. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2015, any income for the taxable year
396 attributable to the discharge of a student loan solely by reason of the student's death. For purposes of
397 this subdivision, "student loan" means the same as that term is defined under § 108(f) of the Internal
398 Revenue Code.

399 27. a. Income, including investment services partnership interest income (otherwise known as investment partnership carried interest income), attributable to an investment in a Virginia venture capital account. To qualify for a subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made on or after January 1, 2018, but before December 31, 2023. No subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for an investment in a company that is owned or operated by a family member or an affiliate of the taxpayer. No subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for a taxpayer who has claimed a subtraction under subdivision 24 or a tax credit under § 58.1-339.4 for the same investment.

406 b. As used in this subdivision 27:

"Qualified portfolio company" means a company that (i) has its principal place of business in the
Commonwealth; (ii) has a primary purpose of production, sale, research, or development of a product or
service other than the management or investment of capital; and (iii) provides equity in the company to
the Virginia venture capital account in exchange for a capital investment. "Qualified portfolio company"
does not include a company that is an individual or sole proprietorship.

412 "Virginia venture capital account" means an investment fund that has been certified by the 413 Department as a Virginia venture capital account. In order to be certified as a Virginia venture capital 414 account, the operator of the investment fund shall register the investment fund with the Department prior 415 to December 31, 2023, (i) indicating that it intends to invest at least 50 percent of the capital committed 416 to its fund in qualified portfolio companies and (ii) providing documentation that it employs at least one investor who has at least four years of professional experience in venture capital investment or substantially equivalent experience. "Substantially equivalent experience" includes, but is not limited to, 417 418 419 an undergraduate degree from an accredited college or university in economics, finance, or a similar 420 field of study. The Department may require an investment fund to provide documentation of the 421 investor's training, education, or experience as deemed necessary by the Department to determine 422 substantial equivalency. If the Department determines that the investment fund employs at least one 423 investor with the experience set forth herein, the Department shall certify the investment fund as a 424 Virginia venture capital account at such time as the investment fund actually invests at least 50 percent 425 of the capital committed to its fund in qualified portfolio companies.

426 28. a. Income attributable to an investment in a Virginia real estate investment trust. To qualify for a427 subtraction under this subdivision, the investment shall be made on or after January 1, 2019, but before

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428 December 31, 2024. No subtraction shall be allowed for an investment in a trust that is managed by a

429 family member or an affiliate of the taxpayer. No subtraction shall be allowed under this subdivision for 430 a taxpayer who has claimed a subtraction under subdivision 24 or 27 or a tax credit under § 58.1-339.4 431 for the same investment.

432 b. As used in this subdivision 28:

433 "Distressed" means satisfying the criteria applicable to a locality described in subdivision E 2 of 434 § 2.2-115.

"Double distressed" means satisfying the criteria applicable to a locality described in subdivision E 3 435 436 of § 2.2-115.

437 Virginia real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 438 § 856, that has been certified by the Department as a Virginia real estate investment trust. In order to be 439 certified as a Virginia real estate investment trust, the trustee shall register the trust with the Department 440 prior to December 31, 2024, indicating that it intends to invest at least 90 percent of trust funds in 441 Virginia and at least 40 percent of trust funds in real estate in localities that are distressed or double 442 distressed. If the Department determines that the trust satisfies the preceding criteria, the Department 443 shall certify the trust as a Virginia real estate investment trust at such time as the trust actually invests at least 90 percent of trust funds in Virginia and at least 40 percent of trust funds in real estate in 444 445 localities that are distressed or double distressed.

446 29. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2019, any gain recognized from the taking of real property by condemnation proceedings. 447

30. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2021, up to \$100,000 of all grant funds received 448 by the taxpayer under the Rebuild Virginia program established by the Governor and administered by 449 the Department of Small Business and Supplier Diversity. 450

31. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2022, any compensation for wrongful 451 452 incarceration awarded pursuant to the procedures established under Article 18.2 (§ 8.01-195.10 et seq.) 453 of Chapter 3 of Title 8.01.

454 32. a. For taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2023, \$20 for each hour, up to 325 455 hours per taxable year, of qualifying services rendered by an individual as a bona fide volunteer. 456

b. As used in this subdivision 32:

"Bona fide volunteer" means an individual who is a qualified member of the United States Coast 457 458 Guard Auxiliary, the Virginia Defense Force, or the Virginia Wing, Civil Air Patrol as certified by such 459 organizations, or an individual who performs qualifying services and whose only compensation for such 460 performance is (i) reimbursement, or a reasonable allowance, for reasonable expenses incurred in the 461 performance of such qualifying services or (ii) reasonable benefits, including length of service awards, 462 and fees for such qualifying services customarily paid by eligible employers in connection with the 463 performance of qualifying services by bona fide volunteers.

464 'Qualifying services" means volunteer firefighting and fire prevention services, emergency medical 465 services, auxiliary police services, and emergency rescue services that operate exclusively for the benefit 466 of the general public as nonprofit organizations. This term includes all training and training-related 467 activities required by law for the performance of such qualifying services.