## 2022 SPECIAL SESSION I

## SENATE SUBSTITUTE

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## SENATE BILL NO. 440

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee on the Judiciary

on February 7, 2022)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Boysko)

A BILL to amend and reenact § 18.2-56 of the Code of Virginia, relating to unlawful hazing; penalty.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 18.2-56 of the Code of Virginia is amended as follows:

9 § 18.2-56. Hazing unlawful; civil and criminal liability; duty of school, etc., officials; penalty.

10 A. It shall be is unlawful to haze so as to cause bodily injury, any student at any school or institution 11 of higher education.

Any person found guilty thereof shall be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

The provisions of this subsection shall not preclude prosecution under any other statute.

14 B. Any person receiving bodily injury by hazing shall have a right to sue, civilly, the person or 15 persons guilty thereof, whether adults or infants.

16 C. No person shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for involuntary manslaughter or violating this 17 section if:

18 1. Such person (i) in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency medical attention for a person who has
19 received a bodily injury by hazing by contemporaneously reporting such hazing to a firefighter, as
20 defined in § 65.2-102, emergency medical services personnel, as defined in § 32.1-111.1, a
21 law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, or an emergency 911 system or (ii) in good faith,
22 renders emergency care or assistance, including cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), to a person who
23 has received a bodily injury by hazing while another person seeks or obtains emergency medical
24 attention in accordance with this subdivision;

25 2. Such person remains at the scene of the hazing or at any alternative location to which he or the person requiring emergency medical attention has been transported until a law-enforcement officer
27 responds to the report for emergency medical attention. If no law-enforcement officer is present at the scene of the hazing or at the alternative location, then such person shall cooperate with law enforcement as otherwise set forth herein;

30 3. Such person identifies himself to the law-enforcement officer who responds to the report of the hazing; and
 32 4. The evidence for the prosecution of an offense enumerated in this section was obtained as a result

4. The evidence for the prosecution of an offense enumerated in this section was obtained as a result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical attention or rendering emergency care or assistance.

35 D. The president or other presiding official of any school or institution of higher education receiving 36 appropriations from the state treasury shall, upon satisfactory proof of the guilt of any student hazing 37 another student, sanction and discipline such student in accordance with the institution's policies and 38 procedures. The institution's policies and procedures shall provide for expulsions or other appropriate 39 discipline based on the facts and circumstances of each case and shall be consistent with the model 40 policies established by the Department of Education or the State Council of Higher Education for 41 Virginia, as applicable. The president or other presiding official of any school or institution of higher 42 education receiving appropriations from the state treasury shall report hazing which causes bodily injury 43 to the attorney for the Commonwealth of the county or city in which such school or institution of higher 44 education is, who shall take such action as he deems appropriate.

E. The attorney for the Commonwealth may file a petition for mandamus or injunction, supported by
an affidavit showing good cause, against the president or other presiding official of any school or
institution of higher education receiving appropriations from the state treasury seeking to enforce the
provisions of subsection D if such president or other presiding official fails to perform his duties as
required by subsection D. Venue for such petition shall be in the circuit court of the county or city
where the school or institution of higher education is located.

51 If the court finds that the president or other presiding official willfully or knowingly failed to 52 perform his duties, the court shall impose upon such president or other presiding official in his 53 individual capacity, whether a writ of mandamus or injunctive relief is awarded or not, a civil penalty 54 of not less than \$500 nor more than \$2,000, which amount shall be paid into the Literary Fund. For a 55 second or subsequent violation, such civil penalty shall be not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$5,000.

F. For the purposes of this section, "hazing" means to recklessly or intentionally endanger the health
or safety of a student or students or to inflict bodily injury on a student or students in connection with
or for the purpose of initiation, admission into or affiliation with or as a condition for continued
membership in a club, organization, association, fraternity, sorority, or student body regardless of

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60 whether the student or students so endangered or injured participated voluntarily in the relevant activity.