Department of Planning and Budget 2022 Fiscal Impact Statement

| 1. | Bill Number: HB679 | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--------------|--|------------|-------------|-----------|--|
| | House of Origi | n 🗌 | Introduced | | Substitute | | Engrossed | |
| | Second House | | In Committee | | Substitute | \boxtimes | Enrolled | |
| 2. | Patron: | atron: Hope | | | | | | |
| 3. | Committee: | ommittee: Passed Both Houses | | | | | | |
| 4. | | Providers of treatment for opioid addiction; conditions for initial licensure; location. | | | | | | |
| 5. | Summary: Eliminates the requirement that a provider of treatment for persons with opiate addiction through the use of (i) methadone or (ii) opioid replacements other than opioid replacements approved for the treatment of opioid addiction by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration be located more than one-half mile from a public or private licensed day care center or a public or private K-12 school. The enrolled version of this bill delays the effective date of these changes to January 1, 2023. | | | | | | | |
| 6. | Budget Amendment Necessary: No. | | | | | | | |
| 7. | Fiscal Impact Estimates: No fiscal impact. | | | | | | | |
| 8. | Fiscal Implications: There is no fiscal impact resulting from the elimination of the distance requirement. The cost of building or moving facilities is borne by the providers. | | | | | | | |
| 9. | Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected: Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. | | | | | | | |
| 10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No. | | | | | | | | |
| 11. Other Comments: None. | | | | | | | | |