

Department of Planning and Budget 2022 Fiscal Impact Statement

1. Bill Number: HB1328

House of Origin Introduced Substitute Engrossed
Second House In Committee Substitute Enrolled

2. Patron: Delaney

3. Committee: Education

4. Title: Early childhood care and education entities; administration of epinephrine

5. Summary: Requires the Board of Education to amend its regulations to require each early childhood care and education entity to implement policies for the possession and administration of epinephrine in every such entity, to be administered by any nurse at the entity, employee at the entity, or employee of a local health department who is authorized by a prescriber and trained in the administration of epinephrine to any child believed to be having an anaphylactic reaction. The bill mandates that such policies shall require that at least one school nurse, employee at the entity, or employee of a local health department who is authorized by a prescriber and trained in the administration of epinephrine has the means to access at all times during regular facility hours any such epinephrine that is stored in a locked or otherwise generally inaccessible container or area. This bill shall be known as Elijah's Law.

6. Budget Amendment Necessary: No.

7. Fiscal Impact Estimates: Preliminary, see Item 8.

8. Fiscal Implications: There is no anticipated state fiscal impact as a result of the provisions of this bill.

A preschool dose of epinephrine costs approximately \$290. Early childhood care and education entities would be required to use their own funds or divert federal CCDF funding that is currently being spent for other purposes in order to purchase epinephrine. Any actual fiscal impact is indeterminate.

9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected: Board of Education, Department of Education

10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No

11. Other Comments: This bill is identical to SB737.