2022 SESSION

22106274D 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 490** 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the Senate Committee on Finance and Appropriations 4 on February 9, 2022) 5 6 (Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator McClellan) A BILL to amend and reenact § 22.1-253.13:2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the Standards of 7 Quality; specialized student support. 8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 9 1. That § 22.1-253.13:2 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 10 § 22.1-253.13:2. Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel. 11 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, and other professional personnel. 12 B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas. 13 14 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 15 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors, and librarians, 16 that are not greater than the following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger 17 than 29 students; if the average daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a 18 full-time teacher's aide shall be assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with 19 20 no class being larger than 30 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being 21 larger than 35 students; and (iv) 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 22 30 of any school year, anytime the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established 23 by this subsection, the local school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such 24 fact no later than 10 days after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such 25 notification shall state the reason that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection. 26 27 Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained 28 29 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities. 30 Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in 31 32 middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties. 33 34 D. (Effective until July 1, 2022) Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, 35 special education, gifted, and career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) 36 37 as set forth in the appropriation act. Calculations of kindergarten positions shall be based on full-day 38 kindergarten programs. Beginning with the March 31 report of average daily membership, those school 39 divisions offering half-day kindergarten with pupil/teacher ratios that exceed 30 to one shall adjust their average daily membership for kindergarten to reflect 85 percent of the total kindergarten average daily 40 41 memberships, as provided in the appropriation act. 42 D. (Effective July 1, 2022) Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special 43 education, gifted, and career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time 44 equivalent instructional personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set 45 forth in the appropriation act. E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs 46 47 of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K **48** through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State 49 funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and 50 51 the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by 52 the local school boards. 53 To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may 54 employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services. School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner 55 shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education. 56 57 F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the general 58 59 appropriation act, shall be provided to support (i) 18.5 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the

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60 2020-2021 school year for each 1,000 students identified as having limited English proficiency and (ii)

20 full-time equivalent instructional positions in the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter for each 1,000 61 students identified as having limited English proficiency, which positions may include dual language 62 63 teachers who provide instruction in English and in a second language.

64 To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 65 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to 66 employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide instruction to 67 identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to 68 supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ 69 Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel 70 71 licensed by the Board of Education.

72 G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local school board shall employ the following reading specialists in elementary schools, one full-time in each 73 elementary school at the discretion of the local school board. One reading specialist employed by each 74 local school board that employs a reading specialist shall have training in the identification of and the 75 76 appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for students with dyslexia or a related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related disorders. Such reading specialist 77 78 shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a working knowledge of (i) techniques to 79 help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of the keys to reading, including multisensory, 80 explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations, 81 82 and assistive technology supports for students with dyslexia.

To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ 83 84 reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed 85 86 by the Board of Education.

87 H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positions 88 for any school that reports fall membership, according to the type of school and student enrollment:

89 1. Principals in elementary schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students; 90 principals in middle schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis; principals in high 91 schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis;

92 2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900 93 students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals in high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient 94 number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools 95 96 within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 97 elementary, middle, or secondary;

98 3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students; librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time 99 100 at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to 101 102 meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area 103 of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and 104

4. School counselors:

105 a. Effective with the 2020-2021 school year, in elementary schools, one hour per day per 75 students, one full-time at 375 students, one hour per day additional time per 75 students or major 106 fraction thereof; in middle schools, one period per 65 students, one full-time at 325 students, one 107 108 additional period per 65 students or major fraction thereof; in high schools, one period per 60 students, 109 one full-time at 300 students, one additional period per 60 students or major fraction thereof.

b. Effective with the 2021-2022 school year, local school boards shall employ one full-time 110 equivalent school counselor position per 325 students in grades kindergarten through 12. 111

c. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of school counselors to meet the school 112 counselor staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision may assign school counselors to schools 113 114 within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools. 115

116 I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education. 117

J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades 118 119 kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional 120 technology resource teacher.

To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology 121

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128 K. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing 129 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the 130 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

131 L. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing 132 requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except 133 for school counselors, and shall be based on the school's total enrollment; school counselor staff 134 requirements shall, however, be based on the enrollment at the various school organization levels, i.e., 135 elementary, middle, or high school. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing 136 levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs 137 that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

138 M. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 139 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the 140 current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 141 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the 142 teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 143 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any 144 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 145 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection 146 shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 147 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

148 N. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in the 149 relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 150 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 151 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 152 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 153 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course 154 enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 155 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 156 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 157 courses.

158 O. Each school board shall provide at least three four specialized student support positions per 1,000 159 students. For purposes of this subsection, specialized student support positions include school social 160 workers, school psychologists, school nurses, licensed behavior analysts, licensed assistant behavior analysts, and other licensed health and behavioral positions, which may either be employed by the 161 162 school board or provided through contracted services.

163 P. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 164 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall 165 166 include the following:

1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and 167 assistant superintendents; 168 169

2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

170 3. Student support positions, including (i) social work administrative positions not included in 171 subsection O; (ii) school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H 4; (iii) 172 homebound administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to 173 truancy and dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral administrative positions not included in 174 subsection O;

175 4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library and 176 media positions not included in subdivision H 3;

177 5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J;

178 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation 179 and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions;

180 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional 181 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

182 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at

300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 183 184 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 185 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 186 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 187 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 188 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 189 elementary, middle, or secondary. 190 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

191 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional 192 instructional services.

Q. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of instructional and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J, a local school board shall not be required to include full time students of approach activities activities and shall not be required to

195 include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.