## 2022 SESSION

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## **SENATE BILL NO. 474**

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE

(Proposed by the Senate Committee on the Judiciary

on February 14, 2022)

(Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator McClellan)

A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 8.01-129 and 16.1-107 of the Code of Virginia, relating to requirement for appeals bond; indigent parties; appeal of unlawful detainer.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

9 1. That §§ 8.01-129 and 16.1-107 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 10 § 8.01-129. Appeal from judgment of general district court.

A. An appeal shall lie from the judgment of a general district court, in any proceeding under this 11 article, to the circuit court in the same manner and with like effect and upon like security as appeals 12 13 taken under the provisions of § 16.1-106 et seq. except as specifically provided in this section. The appeal shall be taken within 10 days and the security approved by the court from which the appeal is 14 15 taken. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 16.1-106 et seq., the bond shall be posted and the writ tax 16 paid within 10 days of the date of the judgment.

B. In any unlawful detainer case filed under § 8.01-126, if a judge grants the plaintiff a judgment for 17 possession of the premises, upon request of the plaintiff, the judge shall further order that the writ of 18 eviction issue immediately upon entry of judgment for possession. In such case, the clerk shall deliver 19 20 the writ of eviction to the sheriff, who shall then, at least 72 hours prior to execution of such writ, serve 21 notice of intent to execute the writ, including the date and time of eviction, as provided in § 8.01-470. 22 In no case, however, shall the sheriff evict the defendant from the dwelling unit prior to the expiration 23 of the defendant's 10-day appeal period. If the defendant perfects an appeal, the sheriff shall return the 24 writ to the clerk who issued it.

25 When In accordance with the provisions of  $\S$  16.1-107, when the appeal is taken by the defendant, he 26 shall be required to give security also for all rent which has accrued and may accrue upon the premises, 27 but for not more than one year's rent, and also for all damages that have accrued or may accrue from 28 the unlawful use and occupation of the premises for a period not exceeding three months give bond, in 29 an amount and with sufficient surety approved by the judge or by his clerk if there is one, or in an 30 amount sufficient to satisfy the judgment of the court in which it was rendered, including an award of attorney fees, if any. No indigent person shall be required to post an appeal bond. Trial by jury shall be 31 32 had upon application of any party. For purposes of this subsection, "indigent" means that the defendant 33 has been determined to be indigent pursuant to the guidelines set forth in § 19.2-159. 34

## § 16.1-107. Requirements for appeal.

35 A. No appeal shall be allowed unless and until the party applying for the same or someone for him 36 shall give bond, in an amount and with sufficient surety approved by the judge or by his clerk if there 37 is one, or in an amount sufficient to satisfy the judgment of the court in which it was rendered. Either 38 such amount shall include the award of attorney fees, if any. Such bond shall be posted within 30 days 39 from the date of judgment, except for an appeal from the judgment of a general district court on an 40 unlawful detainer pursuant to § 8.01-129. However, no appeal bond shall be required of a plaintiff in a 41 civil case where the defendant has not asserted a counterclaim, the Commonwealth or when an appeal is 42 proper to protect the estate of a decedent, an infant, a convict, or an insane person, or the interest of a 43 county, city, town or transportation district created pursuant to the Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) of Title 33.2. In a case where a defendant with indemnity coverage through a 44 45 policy of liability insurance appeals, the bond required by this section shall not exceed the amount of the judgment that is covered by a policy of indemnity coverage. 46

47 B. In all civil cases, except trespass, ejectment, unlawful detainer against a former owner based upon **48** a foreclosure against that owner, or any action involving the recovering rents, no indigent person shall be required to post an appeal bond. In cases of unlawful detainer against a former owner based upon a 49 foreclosure against that owner, a person who has been determined to be indigent pursuant to the 50 51 guidelines set forth in § 19.2-159 shall post an appeal bond within 30 days from the date of judgment.

C. In cases of unlawful detainer for a residential dwelling unit, notwithstanding the provisions of 52 53 § 8.01-129, an appeal bond shall be posted by the defendant with payment into the general district court 54 in the amount of outstanding rent, late charges, attorney fees, and any other charges or damages due, as contracted for in the rental agreement, and as amended on the unlawful detainer by the court. If such 55 amount is not so paid, any such appeal shall not be perfected as a matter of law. No indigent person 56 shall be required to post an appeal bond. Upon perfection of an appeal, the defendant shall pay the 57 rental amount as contracted for in the rental agreement to the plaintiff on or before the fifth day of each 58 59 month. If any such rental payment is not so paid, upon written motion of the plaintiff with a copy of

60 such written motion mailed by regular mail to the tenant, the judge of the circuit court shall, without hearing, enter judgment for the amount of outstanding rent, late charges, attorney fees, and any other 61 charges or damages due as of that date, subtracting any payments made by such tenant as reflected in 62 the court accounts and on a written affidavit submitted by the plaintiff, plaintiff's managing agent, or 63 64 plaintiff's attorney with a copy of such affidavit mailed by regular mail to the tenant, and an order of 65 possession without further hearings or proceedings in such court. Any funds held in a court account 66 shall be released to the plaintiff without further hearing or proceeding of the court unless the defendant has filed a motion to retain some or all of such funds and the court, after a hearing, enters an order 67 finding that the defendant is likely to succeed on the merits of a counterclaim alleging money damages **68** against the plaintiff, in which case funds shall be held by order of such court. 69

70 D. If such bond is furnished by or on behalf of any party against whom judgment has been rendered 71 for money or property or both, the bond shall be conditioned for the performance and satisfaction of 72 such judgment or order as may be entered against such party on appeal, and for the payment of all costs 73 and damages which may be awarded against him in the appellate court. If the appeal is by a party 74 against whom there is no recovery except for costs, the bond shall be conditioned for the payment of 75 such costs and damages as may be awarded against him on the appeal.

E. In addition to the foregoing, any party applying for appeal shall, within 30 days from the date of
the judgment, pay to the clerk of the court from which the appeal is taken the amount of the writ tax of
the court to which the appeal is taken and costs as required by subdivision A 13 of § 17.1-275,
including all fees for service of process of the notice of appeal in the circuit court pursuant to
§ 16.1-112.

81 *F.* For purposes of this section, "indigent" means that the defendant has been determined to be indigent pursuant to the guidelines set forth in § 19.2-159.