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1	SENATE BILL NO. 447
2	Offered January 12, 2022
3	Prefiled January 11, 2022
4	A BILL to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Article 1 of Chapter 3 of Title 40.1 a section
5	numbered 40.1-28.7:10, relating to prohibition on employer seeking wage or salary history of
6	prospective employees; cause of action; civil penalty.
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•	Patron—Boysko
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9 10	Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor
10 11	Bo it aposted by the Canaral Accomply of Virginia
11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Article 1 of Chapter 3 of Title 40.1 a
12	section numbered 40.1-28.7:10 as follows:
14	§ 40.1-28.7:10. Seeking wage or salary history of prospective employees prohibited; civil penalty.
15	A. As used in this section:
16	"Wage or salary history" means the wage or salary paid to the prospective employee by the
17	prospective employee's current employer or previous employer.
18	"Wage or salary range" means the wage or salary range that the employer anticipates relying on in
19	setting wages for the position and may include reference to any applicable pay scale, any previously
20	determined range of wages or salaries for the position, the actual range of wages or salaries for those
21	currently holding comparable positions, or the budgeted amount for the position, as applicable.
22	B. No employer shall:
23 24	 Seek the wage or salary history of a prospective employee; Rely on the wage or salary history of a prospective employee in considering the prospective
24 25	employee for employment;
2 5 2 6	3. Except as provided in subsection D, rely on the wage or salary history of a prospective employee
27	in determining the wages or salary the prospective employee is to be paid upon hire;
28	4. Refuse to interview, hire, employ, or promote a prospective employee or otherwise retaliate
29	against a prospective employee for not providing wage or salary history;
30	5. Fail or refuse to provide a prospective employee the wage or salary range for the position for
31	which the prospective employee is applying prior to discussing compensation and at any time upon the
32	prospective employee's request.
33 34	C. The provisions of subsection B shall not be construed to prevent a prospective employee from
34 35	voluntarily disclosing wage or salary history, including for the purpose of negotiating wages or salary after an initial offer of employment with an offer of compensation.
36	D. If wage or salary history is voluntarily provided by a prospective employee without prompting
37	from the employer then (i) the employer shall rely on wage or salary history to support a wage or
38	salary higher than the employer's initial offer of compensation only to the extent that the higher wage or
39	salary does not create an unlawful pay differential in violation of § 40.1-28.6 or federal law and (ii) the
40	employer may seek to confirm the wage or salary history of the prospective employee to support a wage
41	or salary higher than the wage or salary offered by the employer.
42	<i>E.</i> An employer that violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the prospective employee
43 44	or employee who was the subject of the violation for statutory damages between \$1,000 and \$10,000 or
44 45	actual damages, whichever is greater, reasonable attorney fees and costs, and any other legal and equitable relief as may be appropriate. An aggrieved prospective employee or employee may bring an
46	action, individually, jointly, with other aggrieved prospective employees or employees, or on behalf of
47	similarly situated prospective employees or employees as a collective action against the employeer in a
48	court of competent jurisdiction within two years of when the prohibited action occurred. For the
49	purpose of this section, a prohibited action occurs when (i) a prohibited wage or salary decision or
50	practice is adopted; (ii) an individual is subject to a prohibited wage or salary decision or practice; or
51	(iii) an individual is affected by the application of a prohibited wage or salary decision or practice,
52	including each time wages or salaries paid result, in whole or in part, from a prohibited wage or salary
53 54	decision or practice.
54	F. Any employer that violates the provisions of this section is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed (i) 1000 for a first violation (ii) 2000 for a second violation and (iii) 4000 for a third or
55 56	(i) \$1,000 for a first violation, (ii) \$2,000 for a second violation, and (iii) \$4,000 for a third or subsequent violation. The Commissioner shall notify any employer that he alleges has violated any
50 57	provision of this section by certified mail. Such notice shall contain a description of the alleged
58	violation. Within 15 days of receipt of notice of the alleged violation, the employer may request an

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informal conference regarding such violation with the Commissioner. In determining the amount of any 59

penalty to be imposed, the Commissioner shall consider the size of the business of the employer charged and the gravity of the violation. The decision of the Commissioner shall be final. Civil penalties under this section shall be assessed by the Commissioner and paid to the Literary Fund. The Commissioner shall prescribe procedures for the payment of proposed penalties that are not contested by employers. 60 61

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