## **2022 SESSION**

	22100585D
1	SENATE BILL NO. 37
2	Offered January 12, 2022
2 3	Prefiled December 27, 2021
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 58.1-602 and 58.1-605 of the Code of Virginia, relating to sales tax;
5	additional local tax for schools.
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8	Referred to Committee on Finance and Appropriations
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10 11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 1. That §§ 58.1-602 and 58.1-605 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows:
11	§ 58.1-602. Definitions.
12	As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly shows otherwise:
13	"Accommodations" means any room or rooms, lodgings, or accommodations in any hotel, motel, inn,
15	tourist camp, tourist cabin, camping grounds, club, or any other place in which rooms, lodging, space, or
16	accommodations are regularly furnished to transients for a consideration.
<b>1</b> 7	"Accommodations fee" means the room charge less the discount room charge, if any, provided that
18	the accommodations fee shall not be less than \$0.
19	"Accommodations intermediary" means any person other than an accommodations provider that
20	facilitates the sale of an accommodation, charges a room charge to the customer, and charges an
21	accommodations fee to the customer, which fee it retains as compensation for facilitating the sale. For
22	purposes of this definition, "facilitates the sale" includes brokering, coordinating, or in any other way
23	arranging for the purchase of the right to use accommodations via a transaction directly, including via
24	one or more payment processors, between a customer and an accommodations provider.
25	"Accommodations intermediary" does not include a person:
26 27	1. If the accommodations are provided by an accommodations provider operating under a trademark, trade name, or service mark belonging to such person; or
28	2. Who facilitates the sale of an accommodation if (i) the price paid by the customer to such person
<b>2</b> 9	is equal to the price paid by such person to the accommodations provider for the use of the
30	accommodations and (ii) the only compensation received by such person for facilitating the sale of the
31	accommodation is a commission paid from the accommodations provider to such person.
32	"Accommodations provider" means any person that furnishes accommodations to the general public
33	for compensation. The term "furnishes" includes the sale of use or possession or the sale of the right to
34	use or possess.
35	"Advertising" means the planning, creating, or placing of advertising in newspapers, magazines,
36	billboards, broadcasting and other media, including, without limitation, the providing of concept, writing,
37 38	graphic design, mechanical art, photography and production supervision. Any person providing
38 39	advertising as defined in this section shall be deemed to be the user or consumer of all tangible personal property purchased for use in such advertising.
<b>40</b>	"Affiliate" means the same as such term is defined in § 58.1-439.18.
41	"Amplification, transmission and distribution equipment" means, but is not limited to, production,
42	distribution, and other equipment used to provide Internet-access services, such as computer and
43	communications equipment and software used for storing, processing and retrieving end-user subscribers'
44	requests.
45	"Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused to be engaged in by him, with
46	the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either directly or indirectly.
47	"Cost price" means the actual cost of an item or article of tangible personal property computed in the
48	same manner as the sales price as defined in this section without any deductions therefrom on account
<b>49</b>	of the cost of materials used, labor, or service costs, transportation charges, or any expenses whatsoever.
50 51	"Custom program" means a computer program that is specifically designed and developed only for one customer. The combining of two or more prewritten programs does not constitute a custom
51 52	computer program. A prewritten program that is modified to any degree remains a prewritten program
5 <u>7</u>	and does not become custom.
54	"Discount room charge" means the full amount charged by the accommodations provider to the
55	accommodations intermediary, or an affiliate thereof, for furnishing the accommodations.
56	"Distribution" means the transfer or delivery of tangible personal property for use, consumption, or
57	storage by the distributee, and the use, consumption, or storage of tangible personal property by a
58	person that has processed, manufactured, refined, or converted such property, but does not include the

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59 transfer or delivery of tangible personal property for resale or any use, consumption, or storage60 otherwise exempt under this chapter.

61 "Gross proceeds" means the charges made or voluntary contributions received for the lease or rental 62 of tangible personal property or for furnishing services, computed with the same deductions, where 63 applicable, as for sales price as defined in this section over the term of the lease, rental, service, or use, 64 but not less frequently than monthly. "Gross proceeds" does not include finance charges, carrying 65 charges, service charges, or interest from credit extended on the lease or rental of tangible personal 66 property under conditional lease or rental contracts or other conditional contracts providing for the 67 deferred payments of the lease or rental price.

68 "Gross sales" means the sum total of all retail sales of tangible personal property or services as 69 defined in this chapter, without any deduction, except as provided in this chapter. "Gross sales" does not 69 include the federal retailers' excise tax or the federal diesel fuel excise tax imposed in § 4091 of the 61 Internal Revenue Code if the excise tax is billed to the purchaser separately from the selling price of the 62 article, or the Virginia retail sales or use tax, or any sales or use tax imposed by any county or city 73 under § 58.1-605 or 58.1-606.

74 "Import" and "imported" are words applicable to tangible personal property imported into the 75 Commonwealth from other states as well as from foreign countries, and "export" and "exported" are 76 words applicable to tangible personal property exported from the Commonwealth to other states as well 77 as to foreign countries.

78 "In this Commonwealth" or "in the Commonwealth" means within the limits of the Commonwealth79 of Virginia and includes all territory within these limits owned by or ceded to the United States of80 America.

81 "Integrated process," when used in relation to semiconductor manufacturing, means a process that 82 begins with the research or development of semiconductor products, equipment, or processes, includes 83 the handling and storage of raw materials at a plant site, and continues to the point that the product is packaged for final sale and either shipped or conveyed to a warehouse. Without limiting the foregoing, 84 85 any semiconductor equipment, fuel, power, energy, supplies, or other tangible personal property shall be deemed used as part of the integrated process if its use contributes, before, during, or after production, 86 to higher product quality, production yields, or process efficiencies. Except as otherwise provided by 87 88 law, "integrated process" does not mean general maintenance or administration.

89 "Internet" means collectively, the myriad of computer and telecommunications facilities, which90 comprise the interconnected worldwide network of computer networks.

91 "Internet service" means a service that enables users to access proprietary and other content,
 92 information electronic mail, and the Internet as part of a package of services sold to end-user
 93 subscribers.

94 "Lease or rental" means the leasing or renting of tangible personal property and the possession or use95 thereof by the lessee or renter for a consideration, without transfer of the title to such property.

"Manufacturing, processing, refining, or conversion" includes the production line of the plant starting
with the handling and storage of raw materials at the plant site and continuing through the last step of
production where the product is finished or completed for sale and conveyed to a warehouse at the
production site, and also includes equipment and supplies used for production line testing and quality
control. "Manufacturing" also includes the necessary ancillary activities of newspaper and magazine
printing when such activities are performed by the publisher of any newspaper or magazine for sale
daily or regularly at average intervals not exceeding three months.

103 The determination of whether any manufacturing, mining, processing, refining or conversion activity 104 is industrial in nature shall be made without regard to plant size, existence or size of finished product 105 inventory, degree of mechanization, amount of capital investment, number of employees or other factors 106 relating principally to the size of the business. Further, "industrial in nature" includes, but is not limited 107 to, those businesses classified in codes 10 through 14 and 20 through 39 published in the Standard 108 Industrial Classification Manual for 1972 and any supplements issued thereafter.

"Modular building" means, but is not limited to, single and multifamily houses, apartment units, 109 110 commercial buildings, and permanent additions thereof, comprised of one or more sections that are 111 intended to become real property, primarily constructed at a location other than the permanent site, built 112 to comply with the Virginia Industrialized Building Safety Law (§ 36-70 et seq.) as regulated by the 113 Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development, and shipped with most permanent components in place to the site of final assembly. For purposes of this chapter, "modular building" does 114 not include a mobile office as defined in § 58.1-2401 or any manufactured building subject to and 115 certified under the provisions of the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards 116 Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. § 5401 et seq.). 117

"Modular building manufacturer" means a person that owns or operates a manufacturing facility and
is engaged in the fabrication, construction and assembling of building supplies and materials into
modular buildings, as defined in this section, at a location other than at the site where the modular

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building will be assembled on the permanent foundation and may or may not be engaged in the processof affixing the modules to the foundation at the permanent site.

"Modular building retailer" means any person that purchases or acquires a modular building from a modular building manufacturer, or from another person, for subsequent sale to a customer residing within or outside of the Commonwealth, with or without installation of the modular building to the foundation at the permanent site.

"Motor vehicle" means a "motor vehicle" as defined in § 58.1-2401, taxable under the provisions of
the Virginia Motor Vehicles Sales and Use Tax Act (§ 58.1-2400 et seq.) and upon the sale of which all
applicable motor vehicle sales and use taxes have been paid.

130 "Occasional sale" means a sale of tangible personal property not held or used by a seller in the 131 course of an activity for which it is required to hold a certificate of registration, including the sale or 132 exchange of all or substantially all the assets of any business and the reorganization or liquidation of 133 any business, provided that such sale or exchange is not one of a series of sales and exchanges 134 sufficient in number, scope and character to constitute an activity requiring the holding of a certificate of 135 registration.

"Open video system" means an open video system authorized pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 573 and, for
purposes of this chapter only, also includes Internet service regardless of whether the provider of such
service is also a telephone common carrier.

"Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, cooperative, nonprofit membership corporation,
joint venture, association, corporation, estate, trust, business trust, trustee in bankruptcy, receiver,
auctioneer, syndicate, assignee, club, society, or other group or combination acting as a unit, body
politic or political subdivision, whether public or private, or quasi-public, and the plural of "person"
means the same as the singular.

144 "Prewritten program" means a computer program that is prepared, held or existing for general or 145 repeated sale or lease, including a computer program developed for in-house use and subsequently sold 146 or leased to unrelated third parties.

147 "Qualifying locality" means Charlotte County, Gloucester County, Halifax County, Henry County,
148 Isle of Wight County, Mecklenburg County, Northampton County, Patrick County, Pittsylvania County,
149 or the City of Danville.

"Railroad rolling stock" means locomotives, of whatever motive power, autocars, railroad cars of
every kind and description, and all other equipment determined by the Tax Commissioner to constitute
railroad rolling stock.

"Remote seller" means any dealer deemed to have sufficient activity within the Commonwealth to require registration under § 58.1-613 under the criteria specified in subdivision C 10 or 11 of § 58.1-612 or any software provider acting on behalf of such dealer.

156 "Retail sale" or a "sale at retail" means a sale to any person for any purpose other than for resale in 157 the form of tangible personal property or services taxable under this chapter, and shall include any such 158 transaction as the Tax Commissioner upon investigation finds to be in lieu of a sale. All sales for resale 159 must be made in strict compliance with regulations applicable to this chapter. Any dealer making a sale 160 for resale which is not in strict compliance with such regulations shall be personally liable for payment 161 of the tax.

162 The terms "retail sale" and a "sale at retail" specifically include the following: (i) the sale or charges 163 for any accommodations furnished to transients for less than 90 continuous days; (ii) sales of tangible personal property to persons for resale when because of the operation of the business, or its very nature, 164 165 or the lack of a place of business in which to display a certificate of registration, or the lack of a place of business in which to keep records, or the lack of adequate records, or because such persons are 166 167 minors or transients, or because such persons are engaged in essentially service businesses, or for any other reason there is likelihood that the Commonwealth will lose tax funds due to the difficulty of 168 169 policing such business operations; (iii) the separately stated charge made for automotive refinish repair 170 materials that are permanently applied to or affixed to a motor vehicle during its repair; and (iv) the 171 separately stated charge for equipment available for lease or purchase by a provider of satellite television 172 programming to the customer of such programming. Equipment sold to a provider of satellite television 173 programming for subsequent lease or purchase by the customer of such programming shall be deemed a 174 sale for resale. The Tax Commissioner is authorized to promulgate regulations requiring vendors of or 175 sellers to such persons to collect the tax imposed by this chapter on the cost price of such tangible 176 personal property to such persons and may refuse to issue certificates of registration to such persons. 177 The terms "retail sale" and a "sale at retail" also specifically include the separately stated charge made 178 for supplies used during automotive repairs whether or not there is transfer of title or possession of the 179 supplies and whether or not the supplies are attached to the automobile. The purchase of such supplies 180 by an automotive repairer for sale to the customer of such repair services shall be deemed a sale for 181 resale.

182 The term "transient" does not include a purchaser of camping memberships, time-shares, condominiums, or other similar contracts or interests that permit the use of, or constitute an interest in, real estate, however created or sold and whether registered with the Commonwealth or not. Further, a purchaser of a right or license which entitles the purchaser to use the amenities and facilities of a specific real estate project on an ongoing basis throughout its term shall not be deemed a transient, provided, however, that the term or time period involved is for seven years or more.

188 The terms "retail sale" and "sale at retail" do not include a transfer of title to tangible personal property after its use as tools, tooling, machinery or equipment, including dies, molds, and patterns, if (i) at the time of purchase, the purchaser is obligated, under the terms of a written contract, to make the transfer and (ii) the transfer is made for the same or a greater consideration to the person for whom the purchaser manufactures goods.

193 "Retailer" means every person engaged in the business of making sales at retail, or for distribution,194 use, consumption, or storage to be used or consumed in the Commonwealth.

195 "Room charge" means the full retail price charged to the customer by the accommodations
196 intermediary for the use of the accommodations, including any accommodations fee, before taxes. The
197 room charge shall be determined in accordance with 23VAC10-210-730 and the related rulings of the
198 Department on the same.

199 "Sale" means any transfer of title or possession, or both, exchange, barter, lease or rental, conditional 200 or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible personal property and any 201 rendition of a taxable service for a consideration, and includes the fabrication of tangible personal 202 property for consumers who furnish, either directly or indirectly, the materials used in fabrication, and 203 the furnishing, preparing, or serving for a consideration of any tangible personal property consumed on 204 the premises of the person furnishing, preparing, or serving such tangible personal property. A transaction whereby the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains title as security for the 205 206 payment of the price shall be deemed a sale.

207 "Sales price" means the total amount for which tangible personal property or services are sold, 208 including any services that are a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, 209 and includes any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser, consumer, or lessee by the dealer, 210 without any deduction therefrom on account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used, labor or service costs, losses or any other expenses whatsoever. "Sales price" does not include (i) any 211 212 cash discount allowed and taken; (ii) finance charges, carrying charges, service charges or interest from 213 credit extended on sales of tangible personal property under conditional sale contracts or other 214 conditional contracts providing for deferred payments of the purchase price; (iii) separately stated local 215 property taxes collected; (iv) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a discretionary gratuity 216 added to the price of a meal; or (v) that portion of the amount paid by the purchaser as a mandatory 217 gratuity or service charge added by a restaurant to the price of a meal, but only to the extent that such mandatory gratuity or service charge does not exceed 20 percent of the price of the meal. Where used 218 219 articles are taken in trade, or in a series of trades as a credit or part payment on the sale of new or used 220 articles, the tax levied by this chapter shall be paid on the net difference between the sales price of the 221 new or used articles and the credit for the used articles.

"Semiconductor cleanrooms" means the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, partitions, flooring,
lighting, equipment, and all other property used to reduce contamination or to control airflow,
temperature, humidity, vibration, or other environmental conditions required for the integrated process of
semiconductor manufacturing.

"Semiconductor equipment" means (i) machinery or tools or repair parts or replacements thereof; (ii) 226 227 the related accessories, components, pedestals, bases, or foundations used in connection with the 228 operation of the equipment, without regard to the proximity to the equipment, the method of attachment, or whether the equipment or accessories are affixed to the realty; (iii) semiconductor wafers and other 229 230 property or supplies used to install, test, calibrate or recalibrate, characterize, condition, measure, or 231 maintain the equipment and settings thereof; and (iv) equipment and supplies used for quality control 232 testing of product, materials, equipment, or processes; or the measurement of equipment performance or 233 production parameters regardless of where or when the quality control, testing, or measuring activity 234 takes place, how the activity affects the operation of equipment, or whether the equipment and supplies 235 come into contact with the product.

"Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property for use, consumption or
distribution in the Commonwealth, or for any purpose other than sale at retail in the regular course of
business.

"Tangible personal property" means personal property that may be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or
touched, or is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. "Tangible personal property" does not
include stocks, bonds, notes, insurance or other obligations or securities. "Tangible personal property"
includes (i) telephone calling cards upon their initial sale, which shall be exempt from all other state and
local utility taxes, and (ii) manufactured signs.

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244 "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property incident to the 245 ownership thereof, except that it does not include the sale at retail of that property in the regular course 246 of business. "Use" does not include the exercise of any right or power, including use, distribution, or 247 storage, over any tangible personal property sold to a nonresident donor for delivery outside of the 248 Commonwealth to a nonresident recipient pursuant to an order placed by the donor from outside the 249 Commonwealth via mail or telephone. "Use" does not include any sale determined to be a gift 250 transaction, subject to tax under § 58.1-604.6.

251 "Use tax" refers to the tax imposed upon the use, consumption, distribution, and storage as defined in 252 this section.

"Used directly," when used in relation to manufacturing, processing, refining, or conversion, refers to 253 254 those activities that are an integral part of the production of a product, including all steps of an integrated manufacturing or mining process, but not including ancillary activities such as general maintenance or administration. When used in relation to mining, "used directly" refers to the activities 255 256 257 specified in this definition and, in addition, any reclamation activity of the land previously mined by the 258 mining company required by state or federal law. 259

"Video programmer" means a person that provides video programming to end-user subscribers.

260 "Video programming" means video and/or information programming provided by or generally 261 considered comparable to programming provided by a cable operator, including, but not limited to, 262 Internet service.

## 263 § 58.1-605. To what extent and under what conditions cities and counties may levy local sales 264 taxes; collection thereof by Commonwealth and return of revenue to each city or county entitled 265 thereto.

266 A. No county, city or town shall impose any local general sales or use tax or any local general retail 267 sales or use tax except as authorized by this section or § 58.1-605.1.

268 B. The council of any city and the governing body of any county may levy a general retail sales tax 269 at the rate of one percent to provide revenue for the general fund of such city or county. Such tax shall 270 be added to the rate of the state sales tax imposed by §§ 58.1-603 and 58.1-604 and shall be subject to 271 all the provisions of this chapter and the rules and regulations published with respect thereto. No 272 discount under § 58.1-622 shall be allowed on a local sales tax.

273 C. 1. The council of any city and the governing body of any county desiring to impose a local sales 274 tax under this section may do so by the adoption of an ordinance stating its purpose and referring to this 275 section, and providing that such ordinance shall be effective on the first day of a month at least 60 days 276 after its adoption. A certified copy of such ordinance shall be forwarded to the Tax Commissioner so 277 that it will be received within five days after its adoption.

278 2. Prior to any change in the rate of any local sales and use tax, the Tax Commissioner shall provide 279 remote sellers with at least 30 days' notice. Any change in the rate of any local sales and use tax shall 280 only become effective on the first day of a calendar quarter. Failure to provide notice pursuant to this 281 section shall require the Commonwealth and the locality to apply the preceding effective rate until 30 282 days after notification is provided.

283 D. Any local sales tax levied under this section shall be administered and collected by the Tax 284 Commissioner in the same manner and subject to the same penalties as provided for the state sales tax.

285 E. All local sales tax moneys collected by the Tax Commissioner under this section shall be paid 286 into the state treasury to the credit of a special fund which is hereby created on the Comptroller's books 287 under the name "Collections of Local Sales Taxes." Such local sales tax moneys shall be credited to the 288 account of each particular city or county levying a local sales tax under this section. The basis of such credit shall be the city or county in which the sales were made as shown by the records of the 289 290 Department and certified by it monthly to the Comptroller, namely, the city or county of location of 291 each place of business of every dealer paying the tax to the Commonwealth without regard to the city or 292 county of possible use by the purchasers. If a dealer has any place of business located in more than one 293 political subdivision by reason of the boundary line or lines passing through such place of business, the 294 amount of sales tax paid by such a dealer with respect to such place of business shall be treated for the 295 purposes of this section as follows: one-half shall be assignable to each political subdivision where two 296 are involved, one-third where three are involved, and one-fourth where four are involved.

297 F. As soon as practicable after the local sales tax moneys have been paid into the state treasury in 298 any month for the preceding month, the Comptroller shall draw his warrant on the Treasurer of Virginia 299 in the proper amount in favor of each city or county entitled to the monthly return of its local sales tax 300 moneys, and such payments shall be charged to the account of each such city or county under the special fund created by this section. If errors are made in any such payment, or adjustments are 301 302 otherwise necessary, whether attributable to refunds to taxpayers, or to some other fact, the errors shall 303 be corrected and adjustments made in the payments for the next two months as follows: one-half of the 304 total adjustment shall be included in the payments for the next two months. In addition, the payment

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shall include a refund of amounts erroneously not paid to the city or county and not previously refunded
during the three years preceding the discovery of the error. A correction and adjustment in payments
described in this subsection due to the misallocation of funds by the dealer shall be made within three
years of the date of the payment error.

309 G. Such payments to counties are subject to the qualification that in any county wherein is situated 310 any incorporated town constituting a special school district and operated as a separate school district 311 under a town school board of three members appointed by the town council, the county treasurer shall 312 pay into the town treasury for general governmental purposes the proper proportionate amount received 313 by him in the ratio that the school age population of such town bears to the school age population of 314 the entire county. If the school age population of any town constituting a separate school district is 315 increased by the annexation of territory since the last estimate of school age population provided by the 316 Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, such increase shall, for the purposes of this section, be added 317 to the school age population of such town as shown by the last such estimate and a proper reduction 318 made in the school age population of the county or counties from which the annexed territory was 319 acquired.

320 H. One-half of such payments to counties are subject to the further qualification, other than as set 321 out in subsection G, that in any county wherein is situated any incorporated town not constituting a 322 separate special school district that has complied with its charter provisions providing for the election of 323 its council and mayor for a period of at least four years immediately prior to the adoption of the sales 324 tax ordinance, the county treasurer shall pay into the town treasury of each such town for general 325 governmental purposes the proper proportionate amount received by him in the ratio that the school age 326 population of each such town bears to the school age population of the entire county, based on the latest estimate provided by the Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service. The preceding requirement 327 328 pertaining to the time interval between compliance with election provisions and adoption of the sales tax 329 ordinance shall not apply to a tier-city. If the school age population of any such town not constituting a separate special school district is increased by the annexation of territory or otherwise since the last 330 331 estimate of school age population provided by the Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, such 332 increase shall, for the purposes of this section, be added to the school age population of such town as 333 shown by the last such estimate and a proper reduction made in the school age population of the county 334 or counties from which the annexed territory was acquired.

335 I. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection H, the board of supervisors of a county may, in its 336 discretion, appropriate funds to any incorporated town not constituting a separate school district within 337 such county that has not complied with the provisions of its charter relating to the elections of its 338 council and mayor, an amount not to exceed the amount it would have received from the tax imposed 339 by this chapter if such election had been held; however, Charlotte County, Gloucester County, Halifax 340 County, Henry County, Mecklenburg County, Northampton County, Patrick County, and Pittsylvania 341 County any county that is a qualifying locality may appropriate any amount to any such incorporated 342 town.

J. It is further provided that if any incorporated town which would otherwise be eligible to receive funds from the county treasurer under subsection G or H be located in a county that does not levy a general retail sales tax under the provisions of this law, such town may levy a general retail sales tax at the rate of one percent to provide revenue for the general fund of the town, subject to all the provisions of this section generally applicable to cities and counties. Any tax levied under the authority of this subsection shall in no case continue to be levied on or after the effective date of a county ordinance imposing a general retail sales tax in the county within which such town is located.