2022 SESSION

ENROLLED

1

4 5

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

Approved

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 8.01-413 and 32.1-127.1:03 of the Code of Virginia, relating to health 3 records; patient's right to disclosure.

[S 350]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

6 7 1. That §§ 8.01-413 and 32.1-127.1:03 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as 8 follows:

9 § 8.01-413. Certain copies of health care provider's health records of patient admissible; right 10 of patient, his attorney and authorized insurer to copies of such health records; subpoena; damages, costs and attorney fees. 11

12 A. In any case where the health care provider's original records or papers of a health care provider 13 for any patient in a hospital or institution for the treatment of physical or mental illness are admissible or would be admissible as evidence, any typewritten copy, photograph, photostatted copy, or 14 15 microphotograph or printout or other hard copy generated from computerized or other electronic storage, microfilm, or other photographic, mechanical, electronic, imaging, or chemical storage process thereof 16 shall be admissible as evidence in any court of the Commonwealth in like manner as the original, if the 17 18 printout or hard copy or microphotograph or photograph is properly authenticated by the employees 19 having authority to release or produce the original *health* records or papers.

20 Any health care provider whose *health* records or papers relating to any such patient are subpoenaed 21 for production as provided by law may comply with the subpoena by a timely mailing to the clerk issuing the subpoena or in whose court the action is pending properly authenticated copies, photographs 22 23 or microphotographs in lieu of the originals. The court whose clerk issued the subpoena or, in the case 24 of an attorney-issued subpoena, in which the action is pending, may, after notice to such health care 25 provider, enter an order requiring production of the originals, if available, of any stored health records 26 or papers whose copies, photographs or microphotographs are not sufficiently legible.

27 Except as provided in subsection G, the party requesting the subpoena duces tecum or on whose behalf an attorney-issued subpoena duces tecum was issued shall be liable for the reasonable charges of 28 29 the health care provider for the service of maintaining, retrieving, reviewing, preparing, copying, and 30 mailing the items produced pursuant to subsections B2, B3, B4, and B6, as applicable.

31 B. Copies of a health care provider's records or papers, including an audit trail of any additions, 32 deletions, or revisions to the health record, if specifically requested, shall be furnished within 30 days of 33 receipt of such request to the patient, his attorney, his executor or administrator, or an authorized insurer 34 upon such patient's, attorney's, executor's, administrator's, or authorized insurer's written request, which request shall comply with the requirements of subsection E of § 32.1-127.1:03. If a health care provider 35 36 is unable to provide such *health* records or papers within 30 days of receipt of such request, such 37 provider shall notify the requester of such *health* records or papers in writing of the reason for the delay 38 and shall have no more than 30 days after the date of such written notice to comply with such request.

39 However, copies of a patient's health records or papers shall not be furnished to such patient when 40 the patient's treating physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical social worker in the exercise of 41 professional judgment, has made a part of the patient's *health* records or papers a written statement that 42 in his opinion the furnishing to or review by the patient of such *health* records or papers would be 43 reasonably likely to endanger the life or physical safety of the patient or another person, or that such health records or papers make reference to a person, other than a health care provider, and the access 44 45 requested would be reasonably likely to cause substantial harm to such referenced person. In any such case, if requested by the patient or his attorney or authorized insurer, such *health* records or papers shall 46 47 be furnished within 30 days of the date of such request to the patient's attorney or authorized insurer, **48** rather than to the patient.

49 If the *health* records or papers are not provided to the patient in accordance with this section, then, if 50 requested by the patient, the health care provider denying the request shall comply with the patient's request to either (i) provide a copy of the *health* records or papers to a physician, clinical psychologist, 51 or clinical social worker of the patient's choice whose licensure, training, and experience, relative to the 52 53 patient's condition, are at least equivalent to that of the treating physician, clinical psychologist, or 54 clinical social worker upon whose opinion the denial is based, who shall, at the patient's expense, make 55 a judgment as to whether to make the *health* records or papers available to the patient or (ii) designate a 56 physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical social worker whose licensure, training, and experience, SB350ER

57 relative to the patient's condition, are at least equivalent to that of the treating physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical social worker upon whose opinion the denial is based and who did not participate in the original decision to deny the patient's request for his *health* records or papers, who shall, at the expense of the provider denying access to the patient, review the *health* records or papers and make a judgment as to whether to make the *health* records or papers available to the patient. In either such event, the health care provider denying the request shall comply with the judgment of the reviewing physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical social worker.

64 Except as provided in subsection G, a reasonable charge may be made by the health care provider 65 maintaining the *health* records or papers for the cost of the services relating to the maintenance, 66 retrieval, review, and preparation of the copies of the *health* records or papers, pursuant to subsections 67 B2, B3, B4, and B6, as applicable. Any health care provider receiving such a request from a patient's attorney or authorized insurer shall require a writing signed by the patient confirming the attorney's or **68** authorized insurer's authority to make the request, which shall comply with the requirements of 69 70 subsection G of § 32.1-127.1:03, and shall accept a photocopy, facsimile, or other copy of the original 71 signed by the patient as if it were an original.

B1. Å health care provider shall produce the *health* records or papers in either paper, hard copy, or
electronic format, as requested by the requester. If the health care provider does not maintain the items
being requested in an electronic format and does not have the capability to produce such items in an
electronic format, such items shall be produced in paper or other hard copy format.

B2. When the *health* records or papers requested pursuant to subsection B1 are produced in paper or hard copy format from records maintained in (i) paper or other hard copy format or (ii) electronic storage, a health care provider may charge the requester a reasonable fee not to exceed \$0.50 per page for up to 50 pages and \$0.25 per page thereafter for such copies, \$1 per page for hard copies from microfilm or other micrographic process, and a fee for search and handling not to exceed \$20, plus all postage and shipping costs.

B3. When the *health* records or papers requested pursuant to subsection B1 are produced in 82 electronic format from health records or papers maintained in electronic storage, a health care provider 83 84 may charge the requester a reasonable fee not to exceed \$0.37 per page for up to 50 pages and \$0.18 85 per page thereafter for such copies and a fee for search and handling not to exceed \$20, plus all postage and shipping costs. Except as provided in subsection B4, the total amount charged to the requester for 86 87 *health* records or papers produced in electronic format pursuant to this subsection, including any postage 88 and shipping costs and any search and handling fee, shall not exceed \$150 for any request made on and 89 after July 1, 2017, but prior to July 1, 2021, or \$160 for any request made on or after July 1, 2021, plus 90 the reasonable costs to produce an audit trail of the health records, if specifically requested.

91 B4. When any portion of *health* records or papers requested to be produced in electronic format is 92 stored in paper or other hard copy format at the time of the request and not otherwise maintained in 93 electronic storage, a health care provider may charge a fee pursuant to subsection B2 for the production 94 of such portion, and such production of such portion is not subject to any limitations set forth in 95 subsection B3, whether such portion is produced in paper or other hard copy format or converted to 96 electronic format as requested by the requester. Any other portion otherwise maintained in electronic 97 storage shall be produced electronically. The total search and handling fee shall not exceed \$20 for any 98 production made pursuant to this subsection where the production contains both *health* records or papers 99 in electronic format and *health* records or papers in paper or other hard copy format.

100 B5. Upon request, a patient's account balance or itemized listing of charges maintained by a health 101 care provider shall be supplied at no cost up to three times every 12 months to either the patient or the 102 patient's attorney.

103 B6. When the record requested is an X-ray series or study or other imaging study and is requested to 104 be produced electronically, a health care provider may charge the requester a reasonable fee, which shall 105 not exceed \$25 per X-ray series or study or other imaging study, and a fee for search and handling, 106 which shall not exceed \$10, plus all postage and shipping costs. When an X-ray series or study or other imaging study is requested to be produced in hard copy format, or when a health care provider does not 107 108 maintain such X-ray series or study or other imaging study being requested in an electronic format or 109 does not have the capability to produce such X-ray series or study or other imaging study in an 110 electronic format, a health care provider may charge the requester a reasonable fee, which may include a 111 fee for search and handling not to exceed \$10 and the actual cost of supplies for and labor of copying the requested X-ray series or study or other imaging study, plus all postage and shipping costs. 112

113 B7. Upon request by the patient, or his attorney, of *health* records or papers as to the cost to produce 114 such *health* records or papers, a health care provider shall inform the patient, or his attorney, of the 115 most cost-effective method to produce such a request pursuant to subsection B2, B3, B4, or B6, as 116 applicable.

117 B8. Production of *health* records or papers to the patient, or his attorney, requested pursuant to this

118 section shall not be withheld or delayed solely on the grounds of nonpayment for such *health* records $\frac{119}{119}$ papers.

120 C. Upon the failure of any health care provider to comply with any written request made in 121 accordance with subsection B within the period of time specified in that subsection and within the 122 manner specified in subsections E and F of § 32.1-127.1:03, the patient, his attorney, his executor or 123 administrator, or authorized insurer may cause a subpoena duces tecum to be issued. The subpoena may 124 be issued (i) upon filing a request therefor with the clerk of the circuit court wherein any eventual suit 125 would be required to be filed, and upon payment of the fees required by subdivision A 18 of 126 § 17.1-275, and fees for service or (ii) by the patient's attorney in a pending civil case in accordance 127 with § 8.01-407 without payment of the fees established in subdivision A 23 of § 17.1-275.

128 A sheriff shall not be required to serve an attorney-issued subpoena that is not issued at least five 129 business days prior to the date production of the record is desired.

130 No subpoend duces tecum for *health* records or papers shall set a return date by which the health 131 care provider must comply with such subpoend earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoend, 132 except by order of a court or administrative agency for good cause shown. When a court or 133 administrative agency orders that *health* records or papers be disclosed pursuant to a subpoend duces 134 tecum earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoend, a copy of such order shall accompany such 135 subpoend.

As to a subpoend duces tecum issued with at least a 15-day return date, if no motion to quash is filed within 15 days of the issuance of the subpoena, the party requesting the subpoena duces tecum or the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued shall certify to the subpoenaed health care provider that (a) the time for filing a motion to quash has elapsed and (b) no such motion was filed. Upon receipt of such certification, the subpoenaed health care provider shall comply with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the specified *health* records or papers by either (1) the return date on the subpoena or (2) five days after receipt of such certification, whichever is later.

143 The subpoena shall direct the health care provider to produce and furnish copies of the *health*144 records or papers to the requester or clerk, who shall then make the same available to the patient, his
145 attorney, or his authorized insurer.

146 If the court finds that a health care provider willfully refused to comply with a written request made 147 in accordance with subsection B, either (A) by failing over the previous six-month period to respond to 148 a second or subsequent written request, properly submitted to the health care provider in writing with complete required information, without good cause or (B) by imposing a charge in excess of the 149 150 reasonable expense of making the copies and processing the request for *health* records or papers, the 151 court may award damages for all expenses incurred by the patient or authorized insurer to obtain such 152 copies, including a refund of fees if payment has been made for such copies, court costs, and reasonable 153 attorney fees.

154 If the court further finds that such subpoenaed *health* records or papers, subpoenaed pursuant to this 155 subsection, or requested *health* records or papers, requested pursuant to subsection B, are not produced 156 for a reason other than compliance with § 32.1-127.1:03 or an inability to retrieve or access such *health* 157 records or papers, as communicated in writing to the subpoenaing party or requester within the time 158 period required by subsection B, such subpoenaing party or requester shall be entitled to a rebuttable 159 presumption that expenses and attorney fees related to the failure to produce such *health* records or 160 papers shall be awarded by the court.

161 D. The provisions of this section shall apply to any health care provider whose office is located 162 within or outside the Commonwealth if the records pertain to any patient who is a party to a cause of 163 action in any court in the Commonwealth, and shall apply only to requests made by the patient, his 164 attorney, his executor or administrator, or any authorized insurer, in anticipation of litigation or in the 165 course of litigation.

E. As used in this section, "health care provider" has the same meaning as provided in
\$ 32.1-127.1:03 and includes an independent medical copy retrieval service contracted to provide the
service of retrieving, reviewing, and preparing such copies for distribution. As used in this section, *"health record" has the same meaning as provided in § 32.1-127.1:03.*

F. Notwithstanding the authorization to admit as evidence patient *health* records in the form of
microphotographs, prescription dispensing records maintained in or on behalf of any pharmacy registered
or permitted in the Commonwealth shall only be stored in compliance with §§ 54.1-3410, 54.1-3411 and
54.1-3412.

G. The provisions of this section governing fees that may be charged by a health care provider whose records are subpoenaed or requested pursuant to this section shall not apply in the case of any request by a patient for a copy of his own *health* records, which shall be governed by subsection J of \$ 32.1-127.1:03. This subsection shall not be construed to affect other provisions of state or federal statute, regulation or any case decision relating to charges by health care providers for copies of *health* 179 records requested by any person other than a patient when requesting his own *health* records pursuant to 180 subsection J of § 32.1-127.1:03.

§ 32.1-127.1:03. Health records privacy. 181

182 A. There is hereby recognized an individual's right of privacy in the content of his health records. 183 Health records are the property of the health care entity maintaining them, and, except when permitted 184 or required by this section or by other provisions of state law, no health care entity, or other person working in a health care setting, may disclose an individual's health records. 185 186

Pursuant to this subsection:

187 1. Health care entities shall disclose health records to the individual who is the subject of the health 188 record, including an audit trail of any additions, deletions, or revisions to the health record, if 189 specifically requested, except as provided in subsections E and F and subsection B of § 8.01-413.

190 2. Health records shall not be removed from the premises where they are maintained without the approval of the health care entity that maintains such health records, except in accordance with a court 191 192 order or subpoena consistent with subsection C of § 8.01-413 or with this section or in accordance with the regulations relating to change of ownership of health records promulgated by a health regulatory 193 194 board established in Title 54.1.

195 3. No person to whom health records are disclosed shall redisclose or otherwise reveal the health 196 records of an individual, beyond the purpose for which such disclosure was made, without first 197 obtaining the individual's specific authorization to such redisclosure. This redisclosure prohibition shall 198 not, however, prevent (i) any health care entity that receives health records from another health care 199 entity from making subsequent disclosures as permitted under this section and the federal Department of 200 Health and Human Services regulations relating to privacy of the electronic transmission of data and 201 protected health information promulgated by the United States Department of Health and Human Services as required by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) (42 U.S.C. 202 203 § 1320d et seq.) or (ii) any health care entity from furnishing health records and aggregate or other data, from which individually identifying prescription information has been removed, encoded or encrypted, to 204 qualified researchers, including, but not limited to, pharmaceutical manufacturers and their agents or 205 206 contractors, for purposes of clinical, pharmaco-epidemiological, pharmaco-economic, or other health 207 services research.

208 4. Health care entities shall, upon the request of the individual who is the subject of the health 209 record, disclose health records to other health care entities, in any available format of the requester's 210 choosing, as provided in subsection E. 211

B. As used in this section:

212 "Agent" means a person who has been appointed as an individual's agent under a power of attorney 213 for health care or an advance directive under the Health Care Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.).

214 "Certification" means a written representation that is delivered by hand, by first-class mail, by overnight delivery service, or by facsimile if the sender obtains a facsimile-machine-generated 215 216 confirmation reflecting that all facsimile pages were successfully transmitted. 217

"Guardian" means a court-appointed guardian of the person. "Health care clearinghouse" means, consistent with the definition set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103, a 218 219 public or private entity, such as a billing service, repricing company, community health management 220 information system or community health information system, and "value-added" networks and switches, 221 that performs either of the following functions: (i) processes or facilitates the processing of health 222 information received from another entity in a nonstandard format or containing nonstandard data content 223 into standard data elements or a standard transaction; or (ii) receives a standard transaction from another 224 entity and processes or facilitates the processing of health information into nonstandard format or 225 nonstandard data content for the receiving entity. 226

"Health care entity" means any health care provider, health plan or health care clearinghouse. "Health care provider" means those entities listed in the definition of "health care provider" in 227 228 § 8.01-581.1, except that state-operated facilities shall also be considered health care providers for the 229 purposes of this section. Health care provider shall also include all persons who are licensed, certified, registered or permitted or who hold a multistate licensure privilege issued by any of the health 230 231 regulatory boards within the Department of Health Professions, except persons regulated by the Board of 232 Funeral Directors and Embalmers or the Board of Veterinary Medicine.

233 "Health plan" means an individual or group plan that provides, or pays the cost of, medical care. "Health plan" includes any entity included in such definition as set out in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103. 234

235 "Health record" means any written, printed or electronically recorded material maintained by a health 236 care entity in the course of providing health services to an individual concerning the individual and the 237 services provided. "Health record" also includes the substance of any communication made by an 238 individual to a health care entity in confidence during or in connection with the provision of health services or information otherwise acquired by the health care entity about an individual in confidence 239

SB350ER

5 of 12

240 and in connection with the provision of health services to the individual.

241 "Health services" means, but shall not be limited to, examination, diagnosis, evaluation, treatment, 242 pharmaceuticals, aftercare, habilitation or rehabilitation and mental health therapy of any kind, as well as 243 payment or reimbursement for any such services.

244 "Individual" means a patient who is receiving or has received health services from a health care 245 entity.

246 "Individually identifying prescription information" means all prescriptions, drug orders or any other 247 prescription information that specifically identifies an individual.

248 "Parent" means a biological, adoptive or foster parent.

249 "Psychotherapy notes" means comments, recorded in any medium by a health care provider who is a 250 mental health professional, documenting or analyzing the contents of conversation during a private counseling session with an individual or a group, joint, or family counseling session that are separated from the rest of the individual's health record. "Psychotherapy notes" does not include annotations 251 252 253 relating to medication and prescription monitoring, counseling session start and stop times, treatment 254 modalities and frequencies, clinical test results, or any summary of any symptoms, diagnosis, prognosis, 255 functional status, treatment plan, or the individual's progress to date.

256 C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any of the following:

257 1. The status of and release of information governed by §§ 65.2-604 and 65.2-607 of the Virginia 258 Workers' Compensation Act;

259 2. Except where specifically provided herein, the health records of minors;

260 3. The release of juvenile health records to a secure facility or a shelter care facility pursuant to 261 § 16.1-248.3; or

262 4. The release of health records to a state correctional facility pursuant to § 53.1-40.10 or a local or 263 regional correctional facility pursuant to § 53.1-133.03.

264 D. Health care entities may, and, when required by other provisions of state law, shall, disclose 265 health records:

266 1. As set forth in subsection E, pursuant to the written authorization of (i) the individual or (ii) in the case of a minor, (a) his custodial parent, guardian or other person authorized to consent to treatment of 267 268 minors pursuant to § 54.1-2969 or (b) the minor himself, if he has consented to his own treatment 269 pursuant to § 54.1-2969, or (iii) in emergency cases or situations where it is impractical to obtain an 270 individual's written authorization, pursuant to the individual's oral authorization for a health care 271 provider or health plan to discuss the individual's health records with a third party specified by the 272 individual;

273 2. In compliance with a subpoena issued in accord with subsection H, pursuant to a search warrant 274 or a grand jury subpoena, pursuant to court order upon good cause shown or in compliance with a 275 subpoena issued pursuant to subsection C of § 8.01-413. Regardless of the manner by which health 276 records relating to an individual are compelled to be disclosed pursuant to this subdivision, nothing in 277 this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit any staff or employee of a health care entity from 278 providing information about such individual to a law-enforcement officer in connection with such 279 subpoena, search warrant, or court order;

280 3. In accord with subsection F of § 8.01-399 including, but not limited to, situations where disclosure 281 is reasonably necessary to establish or collect a fee or to defend a health care entity or the health care 282 entity's employees or staff against any accusation of wrongful conduct; also as required in the course of an investigation, audit, review or proceedings regarding a health care entity's conduct by a duly 283 284 authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional review entity;

285 4. In testimony in accordance with §§ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2; 286

5. In compliance with the provisions of \S 8.01-413;

287 6. As required or authorized by law relating to public health activities, health oversight activities, 288 serious threats to health or safety, or abuse, neglect or domestic violence, relating to contagious disease, 289 public safety, and suspected child or adult abuse reporting requirements, including, but not limited to, those contained in §§ 16.1-248.3, 32.1-36, 32.1-36.1, 32.1-40, 32.1-41, 32.1-127.1:04, 32.1-276.5, 32.1-283, 32.1-283.1, 32.1-320, 37.2-710, 37.2-839, 53.1-40.10, 53.1-133.03, 54.1-2400.6, 54.1-2400.7, 290 291 292 54.1-2400.9, 54.1-2403.3, 54.1-2506, 54.1-2966, 54.1-2967, 54.1-2968, 54.1-3408.2, 63.2-1509, and 293 63.2-1606; 294

7. Where necessary in connection with the care of the individual;

295 8. In connection with the health care entity's own health care operations or the health care operations 296 of another health care entity, as specified in 45 C.F.R. § 164.501, or in the normal course of business in 297 accordance with accepted standards of practice within the health services setting; however, the 298 maintenance, storage, and disclosure of the mass of prescription dispensing records maintained in a 299 pharmacy registered or permitted in Virginia shall only be accomplished in compliance with 300 §§ 54.1-3410, 54.1-3411, and 54.1-3412;

301 9. When the individual has waived his right to the privacy of the health records;

302 10. When examination and evaluation of an individual are undertaken pursuant to judicial or303 administrative law order, but only to the extent as required by such order;

304 11. To the guardian ad litem and any attorney representing the respondent in the course of a guardianship proceeding of an adult patient who is the respondent in a proceeding under Chapter 20
 306 (§ 64.2-2000 et seq.) of Title 64.2;

307 12. To the guardian ad litem and any attorney appointed by the court to represent an individual who
308 is or has been a patient who is the subject of a commitment proceeding under § 19.2-169.6, Article 5
309 (§ 37.2-814 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title
310 16.1, or a judicial authorization for treatment proceeding pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 37.2-1100 et seq.) of
311 Title 37.2;

312 13. To a magistrate, the court, the evaluator or examiner required under Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1 or § 37.2-815, a community services board or behavioral health 313 authority or a designee of a community services board or behavioral health authority, or a 314 law-enforcement officer participating in any proceeding under Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1, § 19.2-169.6, or Chapter 8 (§ 37.2-800 et seq.) of Title 37.2 regarding the subject of 315 316 the proceeding, and to any health care provider evaluating or providing services to the person who is the 317 318 subject of the proceeding or monitoring the person's adherence to a treatment plan ordered under those 319 provisions. Health records disclosed to a law-enforcement officer shall be limited to information 320 necessary to protect the officer, the person, or the public from physical injury or to address the health 321 care needs of the person. Information disclosed to a law-enforcement officer shall not be used for any 322 other purpose, disclosed to others, or retained;

14. To the attorney and/or guardian ad litem of a minor who represents such minor in any judicial or
administrative proceeding, if the court or administrative hearing officer has entered an order granting the
attorney or guardian ad litem this right and such attorney or guardian ad litem presents evidence to the
health care entity of such order;

327 15. With regard to the Court-Appointed Special Advocate (CASA) program, a minor's health records328 in accord with § 9.1-156;

16. To an agent appointed under an individual's power of attorney or to an agent or decision maker
designated in an individual's advance directive for health care or for decisions on anatomical gifts and
organ, tissue or eye donation or to any other person consistent with the provisions of the Health Care
Decisions Act (§ 54.1-2981 et seq.);

17. To third-party payors and their agents for purposes of reimbursement;

333

18. As is necessary to support an application for receipt of health care benefits from a governmental agency or as required by an authorized governmental agency reviewing such application or reviewing benefits already provided or as necessary to the coordination of prevention and control of disease, injury, or disability and delivery of such health care benefits pursuant to § 32.1-127.1:04;

338 19. Upon the sale of a medical practice as provided in § 54.1-2405; or upon a change of ownership339 or closing of a pharmacy pursuant to regulations of the Board of Pharmacy;

340 20. In accord with subsection B of § 54.1-2400.1, to communicate an individual's specific and
 341 immediate threat to cause serious bodily injury or death of an identified or readily identifiable person;

342 21. Where necessary in connection with the implementation of a hospital's routine contact process for organ donation pursuant to subdivision B 4 of § 32.1-127;

344 22. In the case of substance abuse records, when permitted by and in conformity with requirements
345 of federal law found in 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2 and 42 C.F.R. Part 2;

346 23. In connection with the work of any entity established as set forth in § 8.01-581.16 to evaluate the
adequacy or quality of professional services or the competency and qualifications for professional staff
348 privileges;

349 24. If the health records are those of a deceased or mentally incapacitated individual to the personal
350 representative or executor of the deceased individual or the legal guardian or committee of the
and incompetent or incapacitated individual or if there is no personal representative, executor, legal guardian
and or committee appointed, to the following persons in the following order of priority: a spouse, an adult
and son or daughter, either parent, an adult brother or sister, or any other relative of the deceased individual
and in order of blood relationship;

25. For the purpose of conducting record reviews of inpatient hospital deaths to promote
identification of all potential organ, eye, and tissue donors in conformance with the requirements of
applicable federal law and regulations, including 42 C.F.R. § 482.45, (i) to the health care provider's
designated organ procurement organization certified by the United States Health Care Financing
Administration and (ii) to any eye bank or tissue bank in Virginia certified by the Eye Bank Association
of America or the American Association of Tissue Banks;

361 26. To the Office of the State Inspector General pursuant to Chapter 3.2 (§ 2.2-307 et seq.) of Title

SB350ER

362 2.2;

363 27. To an entity participating in the activities of a local health partnership authority established
364 pursuant to Article 6.1 (§ 32.1-122.10:001 et seq.) of Chapter 4, pursuant to subdivision 1;

365 28. To law-enforcement officials by each licensed emergency medical services agency, (i) when the individual is the victim of a crime or (ii) when the individual has been arrested and has received emergency medical services or has refused emergency medical services and the health records consist of the prehospital patient care report required by § 32.1-116.1;

369 29. To law-enforcement officials, in response to their request, for the purpose of identifying or 370 locating a suspect, fugitive, person required to register pursuant to § 9.1-901 of the Sex Offender and 371 Crimes Against Minors Registry Act, material witness, or missing person, provided that only the 372 following information may be disclosed: (i) name and address of the person, (ii) date and place of birth 373 of the person, (iii) social security number of the person, (iv) blood type of the person, (v) date and time 374 of treatment received by the person, (vi) date and time of death of the person, where applicable, (vii) 375 description of distinguishing physical characteristics of the person, and (viii) type of injury sustained by 376 the person;

377 30. To law-enforcement officials regarding the death of an individual for the purpose of alerting law
378 enforcement of the death if the health care entity has a suspicion that such death may have resulted
379 from criminal conduct;

380 31. To law-enforcement officials if the health care entity believes in good faith that the information381 disclosed constitutes evidence of a crime that occurred on its premises;

382 32. To the State Health Commissioner pursuant to § 32.1-48.015 when such records are those of a
383 person or persons who are subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article
384 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2;

385 33. To the Commissioner of the Department of Labor and Industry or his designee by each licensed
386 emergency medical services agency when the records consist of the prehospital patient care report
387 required by § 32.1-116.1 and the patient has suffered an injury or death on a work site while performing
388 duties or tasks that are within the scope of his employment;

389 34. To notify a family member or personal representative of an individual who is the subject of a 390 proceeding pursuant to Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1 or Chapter 8 391 (§ 37.2-800 et seq.) of Title 37.2 of information that is directly relevant to such person's involvement 392 with the individual's health care, which may include the individual's location and general condition, 393 when the individual has the capacity to make health care decisions and (i) the individual has agreed to 394 the notification, (ii) the individual has been provided an opportunity to object to the notification and 395 does not express an objection, or (iii) the health care provider can, on the basis of his professional 396 judgment, reasonably infer from the circumstances that the individual does not object to the notification. 397 If the opportunity to agree or object to the notification cannot practicably be provided because of the 398 individual's incapacity or an emergency circumstance, the health care provider may notify a family 399 member or personal representative of the individual of information that is directly relevant to such 400 person's involvement with the individual's health care, which may include the individual's location and 401 general condition if the health care provider, in the exercise of his professional judgment, determines 402 that the notification is in the best interests of the individual. Such notification shall not be made if the 403 provider has actual knowledge the family member or personal representative is currently prohibited by 404 court order from contacting the individual;

405 35. To a threat assessment team established by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-79.4, by a
406 public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805, or by a private nonprofit institution of higher education; and

408 36. To a regional emergency medical services council pursuant to § 32.1-116.1, for purposes limited to monitoring and improving the quality of emergency medical services pursuant to § 32.1-111.3.

410 Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 1 through 35, a health care entity shall obtain an 411 individual's written authorization for any disclosure of psychotherapy notes, except when disclosure by 412 the health care entity is (i) for its own training programs in which students, trainees, or practitioners in 413 mental health are being taught under supervision to practice or to improve their skills in group, joint, 414 family, or individual counseling; (ii) to defend itself or its employees or staff against any accusation of 415 wrongful conduct; (iii) in the discharge of the duty, in accordance with subsection B of § 54.1-2400.1, 416 to take precautions to protect third parties from violent behavior or other serious harm; (iv) required in 417 the course of an investigation, audit, review, or proceeding regarding a health care entity's conduct by a 418 duly authorized law-enforcement, licensure, accreditation, or professional review entity; or (v) otherwise 419 required by law.

420 E. Health care records required to be disclosed pursuant to this section shall be made available
421 electronically only to the extent and in the manner authorized by the federal Health Information
422 Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act (P.L. 111-5) and implementing regulations and the

423 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (42 U.S.C. § 1320d et seq.) and implementing 424 regulations. Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, a health care entity shall not be required to provide records in an electronic format requested if (i) the electronic format is not 425 426 reasonably available without additional cost to the health care entity, (ii) the records would be subject to 427 modification in the format requested, or (iii) the health care entity determines that the integrity of the 428 records could be compromised in the electronic format requested. Requests for copies of or electronic 429 access to health records shall (a) be in writing, dated and signed by the requester; (b) identify the nature 430 of the information requested; and (c) include evidence of the authority of the requester to receive such 431 copies or access such records, and identification of the person to whom the information is to be 432 disclosed; and (d) specify whether the requester would like the records in electronic format, if available, 433 or in paper format. The health care entity shall accept a photocopy, facsimile, or other copy of the original signed by the requester as if it were an original. Within 30 days of receipt of a request for 434 435 copies of or electronic access to health records, the health care entity shall do one of the following: (1) furnish such copies of or allow electronic access to the requested health records to any requester 436 authorized to receive them in electronic format if so requested; (2) inform the requester if the 437 438 information does not exist or cannot be found; (3) if the health care entity does not maintain a record of 439 the information, so inform the requester and provide the name and address, if known, of the health care 440 entity who maintains the record; or (4) deny the request (A) under subsection F, (B) on the grounds that 441 the requester has not established his authority to receive such health records or proof of his identity, or 442 (C) as otherwise provided by law. Procedures set forth in this section shall apply only to requests for 443 health records not specifically governed by other provisions of state law.

444 F. Except as provided in subsection B of § 8.01-413, copies of or electronic access to an individual's 445 health records shall not be furnished to such individual or anyone authorized to act on the individual's 446 behalf when the individual's treating physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical social worker has made 447 a part of the individual's record a written statement that, in the exercise of his professional judgment, the 448 furnishing to or review by the individual of such health records would be reasonably likely to endanger 449 the life or physical safety of the individual or another person, or that such health record makes reference 450 to a person other than a health care provider and the access requested would be reasonably likely to 451 cause substantial harm to such referenced person. If any health care entity denies a request for copies of 452 or electronic access to health records based on such statement, the health care entity shall inform the 453 individual of the individual's right to designate, in writing, at his own expense, another reviewing 454 physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical social worker whose licensure, training and experience 455 relative to the individual's condition are at least equivalent to that of the physician, clinical psychologist, 456 or clinical social worker upon whose opinion the denial is based. The designated reviewing physician, 457 clinical psychologist, or clinical social worker shall make a judgment as to whether to make the health 458 record available to the individual.

459 The health care entity denying the request shall also inform the individual of the individual's right to 460 request in writing that such health care entity designate, at its own expense, a physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical social worker, whose licensure, training, and experience relative to the 461 individual's condition are at least equivalent to that of the physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical 462 social worker upon whose professional judgment the denial is based and who did not participate in the 463 464 original decision to deny the health records, who shall make a judgment as to whether to make the 465 health record available to the individual. The health care entity shall comply with the judgment of the 466 reviewing physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical social worker. The health care entity shall permit 467 copying and examination of the health record by such other physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical 468 social worker designated by either the individual at his own expense or by the health care entity at its 469 expense.

470 Any health record copied for review by any such designated physician, clinical psychologist, or 471 clinical social worker shall be accompanied by a statement from the custodian of the health record that 472 the individual's treating physician, clinical psychologist, or clinical social worker determined that the 473 individual's review of his health record would be reasonably likely to endanger the life or physical 474 safety of the individual or would be reasonably likely to cause substantial harm to a person referenced 475 in the health record who is not a health care provider.

476 Further, nothing herein shall be construed as giving, or interpreted to bestow the right to receive477 copies of, or otherwise obtain access to, psychotherapy notes to any individual or any person authorized478 to act on his behalf.

479 G. A written authorization to allow release of an individual's health records shall substantially include480 the following information:

481 AUTHORIZATION TO RELEASE CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH RECORDS

- 482 Individual's Name _
- 483 Health Care Entity's Name ____

- 484 Person, Agency, or Health Care Entity to whom disclosure is to be made
- 485 486

487 488

- Information or Health Records to be disclosed
- Purpose of Disclosure or at the Request of the Individual

489 490 As the person signing this authorization, I understand that I am giving my permission to the 491 above-named health care entity for disclosure of confidential health records. I understand that the health 492 care entity may not condition treatment or payment on my willingness to sign this authorization unless 493 the specific circumstances under which such conditioning is permitted by law are applicable and are set 494 forth in this authorization. I also understand that I have the right to revoke this authorization at any 495 time, but that my revocation is not effective until delivered in writing to the person who is in possession 496 of my health records and is not effective as to health records already disclosed under this authorization. 497 A copy of this authorization and a notation concerning the persons or agencies to whom disclosure was 498 made shall be included with my original health records. I understand that health information disclosed 499 under this authorization might be redisclosed by a recipient and may, as a result of such disclosure, no 500 longer be protected to the same extent as such health information was protected by law while solely in 501 the possession of the health care entity.

- 502 This authorization expires on (date) or (event)
- 503 Signature of Individual or Individual's Legal Representative if Individual is Unable to Sign
- 504 505

Relationship or Authority of Legal Representative

506 507

Date of Signature H. Pursuant to this subsection:

508 509 1. Unless excepted from these provisions in subdivision 9, no party to a civil, criminal or 510 administrative action or proceeding shall request the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum for another 511 party's health records or cause a subpoena duces tecum to be issued by an attorney unless a copy of the 512 request for the subpoena or a copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the other party's 513 counsel or to the other party if pro se, simultaneously with filing the request or issuance of the 514 subpoena. No party to an action or proceeding shall request or cause the issuance of a subpoena duces 515 tecum for the health records of a nonparty witness unless a copy of the request for the subpoena or a 516 copy of the attorney-issued subpoena is provided to the nonparty witness simultaneously with filing the 517 request or issuance of the attorney-issued subpoena.

518 No subpoena duces tecum for health records shall set a return date earlier than 15 days from the date 519 of the subpoena except by order of a court or administrative agency for good cause shown. When a 520 court or administrative agency directs that health records be disclosed pursuant to a subpoena duces 521 tecum earlier than 15 days from the date of the subpoena, a copy of the order shall accompany the 522 subpoena.

523 Any party requesting a subpoena duces tecum for health records or on whose behalf the subpoena 524 duces tecum is being issued shall have the duty to determine whether the individual whose health 525 records are being sought is pro se or a nonparty.

526 In instances where health records being subpoenaed are those of a pro se party or nonparty witness, 527 the party requesting or issuing the subpoena shall deliver to the pro se party or nonparty witness 528 together with the copy of the request for subpoena, or a copy of the subpoena in the case of an 529 attorney-issued subpoena, a statement informing them of their rights and remedies. The statement shall 530 include the following language and the heading shall be in boldface capital letters:

531 NOTICE TO INDIVIDUAL

532 The attached document means that (insert name of party requesting or causing issuance of the 533 subpoena) has either asked the court or administrative agency to issue a subpoena or a subpoena has 534 been issued by the other party's attorney to your doctor, other health care providers (names of health 535 care providers inserted here) or other health care entity (name of health care entity to be inserted here) 536 requiring them to produce your health records. Your doctor, other health care provider or other health 537 care entity is required to respond by providing a copy of your health records. If you believe your health 538 records should not be disclosed and object to their disclosure, you have the right to file a motion with the clerk of the court or the administrative agency to quash the subpoena. If you elect to file a motion 539 540 to quash, such motion must be filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued 541 subpoena. You may contact the clerk's office or the administrative agency to determine the requirements 542 that must be satisfied when filing a motion to quash and you may elect to contact an attorney to represent your interest. If you elect to file a motion to quash, you must notify your doctor, other health 543 544 care provider(s), or other health care entity, that you are filing the motion so that the health care

545 provider or health care entity knows to send the health records to the clerk of court or administrative 546 agency in a sealed envelope or package for safekeeping while your motion is decided.

547 2. Any party filing a request for a subpoend duces tecum or causing such a subpoend to be issued
548 for an individual's health records shall include a Notice in the same part of the request in which the
549 recipient of the subpoend duces tecum is directed where and when to return the health records. Such
550 notice shall be in boldface capital letters and shall include the following language:

551 NOTICE TO HEALTH CÂRE ENTITIES

A COPY OF THIS SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM HAS BEEN PROVIDED TO THE INDIVIDUAL
WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE BEING REQUESTED OR HIS COUNSEL. YOU OR THAT
INDIVIDUAL HAS THE RIGHT TO FILE A MOTION TO QUASH (OBJECT TO) THE ATTACHED
SUBPOENA. IF YOU ELECT TO FILE A MOTION TO QUASH, YOU MUST FILE THE MOTION
WITHIN 15 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS SUBPOENA.

557 YOU MUST NOT RESPOND TO THIS SUBPOENA UNTIL YOU HAVE RECEIVED WRITTEN
558 CERTIFICATION FROM THE PARTY ON WHOSE BEHALF THE SUBPOENA WAS ISSUED
559 THAT THE TIME FOR FILING A MOTION TO QUASH HAS ELAPSED AND THAT:

560 NO MOTION TO QUASH WAS FILED; OR

561 ANY MOTION TO QUASH HAS BEEN RESOLVED BY THE COURT OR THE
562 ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY AND THE DISCLOSURES SOUGHT ARE CONSISTENT WITH
563 SUCH RESOLUTION.

IF YOU RECEIVE NOTICE THAT THE INDIVIDUAL WHOSE HEALTH RECORDS ARE
BEING REQUESTED HAS FILED A MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, OR IF YOU FILE A
MOTION TO QUASH THIS SUBPOENA, YOU MUST SEND THE HEALTH RECORDS ONLY TO
THE CLERK OF THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY THAT ISSUED THE SUBPOENA
OR IN WHICH THE ACTION IS PENDING AS SHOWN ON THE SUBPOENA USING THE
FOLLOWING PROCEDURE:

PLACE THE HEALTH RECORDS IN A SEALED ENVELOPE AND ATTACH TO THE SEALED
ENVELOPE A COVER LETTER TO THE CLERK OF COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY
WHICH STATES THAT CONFIDENTIAL HEALTH RECORDS ARE ENCLOSED AND ARE TO BE
HELD UNDER SEAL PENDING A RULING ON THE MOTION TO QUASH THE SUBPOENA.
THE SEALED ENVELOPE AND THE COVER LETTER SHALL BE PLACED IN AN OUTER
ENVELOPE OR PACKAGE FOR TRANSMITTAL TO THE COURT OR ADMINISTRATIVE
AGENCY.

577 3. Upon receiving a valid subpoena duces tecum for health records, health care entities shall have the duty to respond to the subpoena in accordance with the provisions of subdivisions 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8.

579 4. Except to deliver to a clerk of the court or administrative agency subpoenaed health records in a
580 sealed envelope as set forth, health care entities shall not respond to a subpoena duces tecum for such health records until they have received a certification as set forth in subdivision 5 or 8 from the party on
582 whose behalf the subpoena duces tecum was issued.

583 If the health care entity has actual receipt of notice that a motion to quash the subpoena has been **584** filed or if the health care entity files a motion to quash the subpoena for health records, then the health care entity shall produce the health records, in a securely sealed envelope, to the clerk of the court or 585 586 administrative agency issuing the subpoena or in whose court or administrative agency the action is pending. The court or administrative agency shall place the health records under seal until a 587 588 determination is made regarding the motion to quash. The securely sealed envelope shall only be opened 589 on order of the judge or administrative agency. In the event the court or administrative agency grants 590 the motion to quash, the health records shall be returned to the health care entity in the same sealed 591 envelope in which they were delivered to the court or administrative agency. In the event that a judge or 592 administrative agency orders the sealed envelope to be opened to review the health records in camera, a 593 copy of the order shall accompany any health records returned to the health care entity. The health 594 records returned to the health care entity shall be in a securely sealed envelope.

595 5. If no motion to quash is filed within 15 days of the date of the request or of the attorney-issued subpoena, the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued shall have the duty to certify to the subpoenaed health care entity that the time for filing a motion to quash has elapsed and that no motion to quash was filed. Any health care entity receiving such certification shall have the duty to comply with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the specified health records by either the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

601 6. In the event that the individual whose health records are being sought files a motion to quash the subpoena, the court or administrative agency shall decide whether good cause has been shown by the discovering party to compel disclosure of the individual's health records over the individual's objections.
604 In determining whether good cause has been shown, the court or administrative agency shall consider (i) the particular purpose for which the information was collected; (ii) the degree to which the disclosure of

606 the records would embarrass, injure, or invade the privacy of the individual; (iii) the effect of the
607 disclosure on the individual's future health care; (iv) the importance of the information to the lawsuit or
608 proceeding; and (v) any other relevant factor.

609 7. Concurrent with the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, if 610 subpoenaed health records have been submitted by a health care entity to the court or administrative agency in a sealed envelope, the court or administrative agency shall: (i) upon determining that no 611 612 submitted health records should be disclosed, return all submitted health records to the health care entity 613 in a sealed envelope; (ii) upon determining that all submitted health records should be disclosed, provide 614 all the submitted health records to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued; or (iii) upon determining that only a portion of the submitted health records should be disclosed, provide such portion 615 616 to the party on whose behalf the subpoena was issued and return the remaining health records to the 617 health care entity in a sealed envelope.

618 8. Following the court or administrative agency's resolution of a motion to quash, the party on whose
619 behalf the subpoena duces tecum was issued shall have the duty to certify in writing to the subpoenaed
620 health care entity a statement of one of the following:

a. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the
disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution; and, therefore, the
health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative
a. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the
disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution; and, therefore, the
health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the clerk of the court or administrative
agency will not be returned to the health care entity;

b. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the
disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are consistent with such resolution and that, since no
health records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the health care
entity, the health care entity shall comply with the subpoena duces tecum by returning the health records
designated in the subpoena by the return date on the subpoena or five days after receipt of certification,
whichever is later;

c. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the
disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution; therefore, no
health records shall be disclosed and all health records previously delivered in a sealed envelope to the
clerk of the court or administrative agency will be returned to the health care entity;

635 d. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the 636 disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and that only 637 limited disclosure has been authorized. The certification shall state that only the portion of the health 638 records as set forth in the certification, consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, shall 639 be disclosed. The certification shall also state that health records that were previously delivered to the 640 court or administrative agency for which disclosure has been authorized will not be returned to the 641 health care entity; however, all health records for which disclosure has not been authorized will be 642 returned to the health care entity; or

e. All filed motions to quash have been resolved by the court or administrative agency and the
disclosures sought in the subpoena duces tecum are not consistent with such resolution and, since no
health records have previously been delivered to the court or administrative agency by the health care
entity, the health care entity shall return only those health records specified in the certification,
consistent with the court or administrative agency's ruling, by the return date on the subpoena or five
days after receipt of the certification, whichever is later.

649 A copy of the court or administrative agency's ruling shall accompany any certification made 650 pursuant to this subdivision.

651 9. The provisions of this subsection have no application to subpoenas for health records requested
652 under § 8.01-413, or issued by a duly authorized administrative agency conducting an investigation,
653 audit, review or proceedings regarding a health care entity's conduct.

The provisions of this subsection shall apply to subpoen as for the health records of both minors and adults.

656 Nothing in this subsection shall have any effect on the existing authority of a court or administrative
657 agency to issue a protective order regarding health records, including, but not limited to, ordering the
658 return of health records to a health care entity, after the period for filing a motion to quash has passed.

A subpoena for substance abuse records must conform to the requirements of federal law found in 42 660 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart E.

661 I. Health care entities may testify about the health records of an individual in compliance with \$\$ 8.01-399 and 8.01-400.2.

J. If an individual requests a copy of his health record from a health care entity, the health care entity may impose a reasonable cost-based fee, which shall include only the cost of supplies for and labor of copying the requested information, postage when the individual requests that such information be mailed, and preparation of an explanation or summary of such information as agreed to by the

individual. For the purposes of this section, "individual" shall subsume a person with authority to act on 667 behalf of the individual who is the subject of the health record in making decisions related to his health 668 669 care.

670 K. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a health care provider who prescribes or dispenses a

controlled substance required to be reported to the Prescription Monitoring Program established pursuant 671

to Chapter 25.2 (§ 54.1-2519 et seq.) of Title 54.1 to a patient from disclosing information obtained from the Prescription Monitoring Program and contained in a patient's health care record to another 672

673

health care provider when such disclosure is related to the care or treatment of the patient who is the 674

675 subject of the record.