2022 RECONVENED SESSION

REENROLLED

[H 889]

1

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact § 11-4.6 of the Code of Virginia, relating to nonpayment of wages; 3 defense of contractor.

4 5

9

Approved

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6

1. That § 11-4.6 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 7 8

§ 11-4.6. Liability of contractor for wages of subcontractor's employees.

A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:

10 "Construction contract" means a contract between a general contractor and a subcontractor relating to the construction, alteration, repair, or maintenance of a building, structure, or appurtenance thereto, 11 12 including moving, demolition, and excavation connected therewith, or any provision contained in any 13 contract relating to the construction of projects other than buildings.

"General contractor" and "subcontractor" have the meanings ascribed thereto in § 43-1, except that 14 15 those terms shall not include persons solely furnishing materials.

B. Any construction contract between a general contractor and its subcontractor and any lower tier 16 subcontract entered into on or after July 1, 2020, shall be deemed to include a provision under which 17 the general contractor, its subcontractor, and the subcontractor at any lower tier are jointly and severally 18 19 liable to pay any subcontractor's the employees of any subcontractor at any lower tier the greater of (i) 20 all wages due to a subcontractor's employees or to the lower tier subcontractor's employees at such rate 21 and upon such terms as shall be provided in the employment agreement between the subcontractor and 22 its employees or (ii) the amount of wages that the subcontractor or any lower tier subcontractor is 23 required to pay to its employees under the provisions of applicable law, including the provisions of the 24 Virginia Minimum Wage Act (§ 40.1-28.8 et seq.) and the federal Fair Labor Standards Act (29 U.S.C. 25 § 201 et seq.).

26 C. A general contractor shall be deemed to be the employer of a subcontractor's employees at any 27 tier for purposes of § 40.1-29. If the wages due to the subcontractor's employees under the terms of the 28 employment agreement between a subcontractor and its employees are not paid, the general contractor 29 shall be subject to all penalties, criminal and civil, to which an employer that fails or refuses to pay 30 wages is subject under § 40.1-29. Any liability of a general contractor pursuant to § 40.1-29 shall be 31 joint and several with the subcontractor that failed or refused to pay the wages to its employees.

32 D. Except as otherwise provided in a contract between the general contractor and the subcontractor, 33 the subcontractor shall indemnify the general contractor for any wages, damages, interest, penalties, or 34 attorney fees owed as a result of the subcontractor's failure to pay wages to the subcontractor's 35 employees as provided in subsection B, unless the subcontractor's failure to pay the wages was due to the general contractor's failure to pay moneys due to the subcontractor in accordance with the terms of 36 37 their construction contract.

38 E. The provisions of this section shall only apply if (i) it can be demonstrated that the general 39 contractor knew or should have known that the subcontractor was not paying his employees all wages 40 due, (ii) the construction contract is related to a project other than a single family residential project, and 41 (iii) the value of the project, or an aggregate of projects under one construction contract, is greater than 42 \$500,000. As evidence a general contractor or subcontractor, regardless of tier, may offer a written 43 certification, under oath, from the subcontractor in direct privity of contract with the general contractor or subcontractor stating that (a) the subcontractor and each of his sub-subcontractors has paid all 44 45 employees all wages due for the period during which the wages are claimed for the work performed on the project and (b) to the subcontractor's knowledge all sub-subcontractors below the subcontractor, 46 47 regardless of tier, have similarly paid their employees all such wages. Any person who falsely signs 48 such certification shall be personally liable to the general contractor or subcontractor for fraud and any 49 damages the general contractor or subcontractor may incur.

HB889ER2