2022 SESSION

22105269D HOUSE BILL NO. 690 1 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the House Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions 4 on February 8, 2022) 5 (Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Hope) 6 A BILL to amend and reenact § 63.2-1805 of the Code of Virginia, relating to assisted living facilities; 7 involuntary discharge. 8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 9 1. That § 63.2-1805 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 10 § 63.2-1805. Admissions and discharge; mandatory minimum liability insurance. 11 A. The Board shall adopt regulations: 1. Governing admissions to assisted living facilities; 12 2. Requiring that each assisted living facility prepare and provide a statement, in a format prescribed 13 by the Department, to any prospective resident and his legal representative, if any, prior to admission 14 15 and upon request, that discloses information, fully and accurately in plain language, about the (i) services; (ii) fees, including clear information about what services are included in the base fee and any 16 17 fees for additional services; (iii) admission, transfer, and discharge criteria, including criteria for transfer to another level of care within the same facility or complex; (iv) general number and qualifications of 18 staff on each shift; (v) range, frequency, and number of activities provided for residents; and (vi) 19 20 ownership structure of the facility; 21 3. Establishing a process to ensure that each resident admitted or retained in an assisted living 22 facility receives appropriate services and periodic independent reassessments and reassessments when 23 there is a significant change in the resident's condition in order to determine whether a resident's needs 24 can continue to be met by the facility and whether continued placement in the facility is in the best 25 interests of the resident; 26 4. Governing appropriate discharge planning for residents whose care needs can no longer be met by 27 the facility: 28 5. Addressing the involuntary discharge of residents. Such regulations shall provide that residents 29 may only be involuntarily discharged (i) in accordance with 22VAC40-73-430, provided that the assisted 30 living facility has met the requirements of subsection B, as applicable, and the assisted living facility has made reasonable efforts to meet the needs of the resident; (ii) for nonpayment of contracted 31 32 charges, provided that the resident has been given at least 30 days to cure the delinquency after notice 33 was provided to the resident and the resident's legal representative or designated contact person of such 34 nonpayment; (iii) for the resident's failure to substantially comply with the terms and conditions, as 35 allowed by regulation, of the resident agreement between the resident and assisted living facility; (iv) if 36 the assisted living facility closes in accordance with Board regulations; or (v) when the resident 37 develops a condition or care need that is prohibited in subsection D. Unless an emergency discharge is 38 necessary due to an immediate and serious risk to the health, safety, or welfare of the resident or 39 others, the assisted living facility shall, prior to involuntarily discharging a resident, make reasonable 40 efforts, as appropriate, to resolve any issues with the resident upon which the decision to discharge is 41 based and document such efforts in the resident's file. 42 In addition to notifying the resident and the resident's legal representative or designated contact 43 person, the assisted living facility shall provide notice to the resident, the Department, and the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman of discharge and residency termination at least 30 days prior to an 44 involuntary discharge unless an emergency discharge is necessary due to an immediate and serious risk 45 to the health, safety, or welfare of the resident or others. Such notice of discharge and residency 46 termination shall include the reasons for discharge, the date on which the discharge will occur, and 47 **48** information regarding the resident's right to appeal, within the 30-day notice period, the assisted living 49 facility's decision to discharge the resident and the time restrictions for filing such appeal. 50 In cases of an emergency discharge, such notice shall be provided as soon as possible, but no later 51 than five days after the emergency discharge. Within five days after an emergency discharge, the written 52 discharge notice shall be provided to the resident, the resident's legal representative or designated 53 contact person, the Department, and the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman. A resident may appeal any 54 discharge except discharges pursuant to clause (iv). 55 The Department shall provide a form to be used by assisted living facilities to provide notice to a resident of the resident's right to appeal the facility's decision to discharge the resident, which shall also 56 include information regarding the process for initiating an appeal, the number for a toll-free 57 information line, a hearing request form, the facility's obligation to assist the resident in filing an 58

appeal and provide, upon request, a postage prepaid envelope addressed to the Department, and a

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60 statement of the resident's right to continue to reside in the facility, free from retaliation, until the 61 appeal is finalized unless the discharge is an emergency discharge.

Prior to involuntarily discharging a resident, the assisted living facility shall provide relocation 62 63 assistance to the resident and the resident's legal representative in accordance with 22VAC40-73-430.

The Board shall adopt regulations that establish a process for appeals filed pursuant to this subdivision. 64

65 Court review of final agency determinations shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the 66 Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.);

67 6. Requiring that residents are informed of their rights pursuant to § 63.2-1808 at the time of

68 admission:

7. Establishing a process to ensure that any resident temporarily detained in a facility pursuant to 69 §§ 37.2-809 through 37.2-813 is accepted back in the assisted living facility if the resident is not 70 71 involuntarily admitted pursuant to §§ 37.2-814 through 37.2-819;

72 8. Requiring that each assisted living facility train all employees who are mandated to report adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation pursuant to § 63.2-1606 on such reporting procedures and the 73 74 consequences for failing to make a required report;

75 9. Requiring that each assisted living facility prepare and provide a statement, in a format prescribed by the Board, to any resident or prospective resident and his legal representative, if any, and upon 76 request, that discloses whether the assisted living facility maintains liability insurance in force to 77 78 compensate residents or other individuals for injuries and losses from the negligent acts of the facility, 79 provided that no facility shall state that liability insurance is in place unless such insurance provides a 80 minimum amount of coverage as established by the Board;

81 10. Establishing the minimum amount of liability insurance coverage to be maintained by an assisted 82 living facility for purposes of disclosure in accordance with subdivision 9; and

83 11. Requiring that all assisted living facilities disclose to each prospective resident, or his legal 84 representative, in writing in a document provided to the prospective resident or his legal representative and as evidenced by the written acknowledgment of the resident or his legal representative on the same 85 document, whether the facility has an on-site emergency electrical power source for the provision of 86 87 electricity during an interruption of the normal electric power supply and, if the assisted living facility 88 does have an on-site emergency electrical power source, (i) the items for which such on-site emergency electrical power source will supply power in the event of an interruption of the normal electric power 89 90 supply and (ii) whether staff of the assisted living facility have been trained to maintain and operate such on-site emergency electrical power source to ensure the provision of electricity during an 91 92 interruption of the normal electrical power supply. For the purposes of this subdivision, an on-site 93 emergency electrical power supply shall include both permanent emergency electrical power supply 94 sources and portable emergency electrical power sources, provided that such temporary electrical power supply source remains on the premises of the assisted living facility at all times. Written 95 96 acknowledgement of the disclosure shall be represented by the signature or initials of the resident or his 97 legal representative immediately following the on-site emergency electrical power source disclosure 98 statement.

99 B. If there are observed behaviors or patterns of behavior indicative of mental illness, intellectual 100 disability, substance abuse, or behavioral disorders, as documented in the uniform assessment instrument 101 completed pursuant to § 63.2-1804, the facility administrator or designated staff member shall ensure 102 that an evaluation of the individual is or has been conducted by a qualified professional as defined in regulations. If the evaluation indicates a need for mental health, developmental, substance abuse, or 103 104 behavioral disorder services, the facility shall provide (i) a notification of the resident's need for such 105 services to the authorized contact person of record when available and (ii) a notification of the resident's need for such services to the community services board or behavioral health authority established 106 pursuant to Title 37.2 that serves the city or county in which the facility is located, or other appropriate 107 108 licensed provider. The Department shall not take adverse action against a facility that has demonstrated and documented a continual good faith effort to meet the requirements of this subsection. 109

110 C. The Department shall not order the removal of a resident from an assisted living facility if (i) the 111 resident, the resident's family, the resident's physician, and the facility consent to the resident's continued 112 stay in the assisted living facility and (ii) the facility is capable of providing, obtaining, or arranging for the provision of necessary services for the resident, including, but not limited to, home health care or 113 114 hospice care.

115 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection C, assisted living facilities shall not admit or retain 116 an individual with any of the following conditions or care needs: 117

1. Ventilator dependency.

118 2. Dermal ulcers III and IV, except those stage III ulcers that are determined by an independent 119 physician to be healing.

120 3. Intravenous therapy or injections directly into the vein except for intermittent intravenous therapy managed by a health care professional licensed in Virginia or as permitted in subsection E. 121

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122 4. Airborne infectious disease in a communicable state that requires isolation of the individual or 123 requires special precautions by the caretaker to prevent transmission of the disease, including diseases 124 such as tuberculosis and excluding infections such as the common cold. 125

5. Psychotropic medications without appropriate diagnosis and treatment plans.

126 6. Nasogastric tubes.

127 7. Gastric tubes except when the individual is capable of independently feeding himself and caring 128 for the tube or as permitted in subsection E.

129 8. An imminent physical threat or danger to self or others is presented by the individual.

130 9. Continuous licensed nursing care (seven-days-a-week, 24-hours-a-day) is required by the 131 individual. 132

10. Placement is no longer appropriate as certified by the individual's physician.

133 11. Maximum physical assistance is required by the individual as documented by the uniform 134 assessment instrument and the individual meets Medicaid nursing facility level-of-care criteria as defined 135 in the State Plan for Medical Assistance, unless the individual's independent physician determines 136 otherwise. Maximum physical assistance means that an individual has a rating of total dependence in 137 four or more of the seven activities of daily living as documented on the uniform assessment instrument.

138 12. The assisted living facility determines that it cannot meet the individual's physical or mental 139 health care needs.

140 13. Other medical and functional care needs that the Board determines cannot be met properly in an 141 assisted living facility.

142 E. Except for auxiliary grant recipients, at the request of the resident in an assisted living facility and 143 when his independent physician determines that it is appropriate, (i) care for the conditions or care needs 144 defined in subdivisions D 3 and D 7 may be provided to the resident by a licensed physician, a licensed 145 nurse or a nurse holding a multistate licensure privilege under a physician's treatment plan, or a home care organization licensed in Virginia or (ii) care for the conditions or care needs defined in subdivision 146 147 D 7 may also be provided to the resident by facility staff if the care is delivered in accordance with the 148 regulations of the Board of Nursing for delegation by a registered nurse Part VIII (18VAC90-20-420 et 149 seq.) of 18VAC90-20.

150 The Board shall adopt regulations to implement the provisions of this subsection.

151 F. In adopting regulations pursuant to subsections A, B, C, D, and E, the Board shall consult with 152 the Departments of Health and Behavioral Health and Developmental Services.