2022 SESSION

22101051D **HOUSE BILL NO. 509** 1 2 Offered January 12, 2022 3 Prefiled January 11, 2022 4 5 6 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.2:2, and 18.2-308.2:3 of the Code of Virginia and to repeal § 18.2-308.1:6, Chapter 9.2 (§§ 19.2-152.13 through 19.2-152.17) of Title 19.2, and § 19.2-387.3 of the Code of Virginia, relating to firearms; removal from persons posing 7 substantial risk; penalties. 8 Patrons-March, Anderson, Austin, Avoli, Brewer, Byron, Campbell, J.L., Campbell, R.R., Cherry, Cordoza, Davis, Fowler, Freitas, Head, LaRock, McGuire, Ransone, Robinson, Runion, Scott, P.A., Walker, Webert, Wiley, Williams, Wright and Wyatt 9 10 Referred to Committee on Rules 11 12 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 13 1. That §§ 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.2:2, and 18.2-308.2:3 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted as follows: 14 15 § 18.2-308.09. Disgualifications for a concealed handgun permit. 16 The following persons shall be deemed disqualified from obtaining a permit: 1. An individual who is ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, 17 18 18.2-308.1:3, 18.2-308.1:6, 18.2-308.1:7, or 18.2-308.1:8 or the substantially similar law of any other 19 state or of the United States. 20 2. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 and who was 21 discharged from the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to § 19.2-182.7 less than five years before 22 the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit. 23 3. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 and whose 24 competency or capacity was restored pursuant to § 64.2-2012 less than five years before the date of his 25 application for a concealed handgun permit. 4. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:3 and who was released 26 27 from commitment less than five years before the date of this application for a concealed handgun 28 permit. 29 5. An individual who is subject to a restraining order, or to a protective order and prohibited by 30 § 18.2-308.1:4 from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm. 6. An individual who is prohibited by § 18.2-308.2 from possessing or transporting a firearm, except 31 that a restoration order may be obtained in accordance with subsection C of that section. 32 33 7. An individual who has been convicted of two or more misdemeanors within the five-year period immediately preceding the application, if one of the misdemeanors was a Class 1 misdemeanor, but the 34 judge shall have the discretion to deny a permit for two or more misdemeanors that are not Class 1. 35 36 Traffic infractions and misdemeanors set forth in Title 46.2 shall not be considered for purposes of this 37 disgualification. 38 8. An individual who is addicted to, or is an unlawful user or distributor of, marijuana, synthetic 39 cannabinoids, or any controlled substance. 40 9. An individual who has been convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar local ordinance, or of public drunkenness, or of a substantially similar offense under the laws of any other 41 state, the District of Columbia, the United States, or its territories within the three-year period 42 43 immediately preceding the application. 10. An alien other than an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States. 44 45 11. An individual who has been discharged from the armed forces of the United States under 46 dishonorable conditions. 12. An individual who is a fugitive from justice. 47 **48** 13. An individual who the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, based on specific acts by 49 the applicant, is likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The sheriff, chief 50 of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth may submit to the court a sworn, written statement 51 indicating that, in the opinion of such sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth, based upon a disqualifying conviction or upon the specific acts set forth in the statement, the applicant is 52 53 likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The statement of the sheriff, chief of police, or the attorney for the Commonwealth shall be based upon personal knowledge of such 54 individual or of a deputy sheriff, police officer, or assistant attorney for the Commonwealth of the 55

specific acts, or upon a written statement made under oath before a notary public of a competent person

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having personal knowledge of the specific acts. 57

58 14. An individual who has been convicted of any assault, assault and battery, sexual battery, 59 discharging of a firearm in violation of § 18.2-280 or 18.2-286.1 or brandishing of a firearm in 60 violation of § 18.2-282 within the three-year period immediately preceding the application. 61

15. An individual who has been convicted of stalking.

62 16. An individual whose previous convictions or adjudications of delinquency were based on an 63 offense that would have been at the time of conviction a felony if committed by an adult under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, the United States or its territories. For purposes of this 64 disqualifier, only convictions occurring within 16 years following the later of the date of (i) the 65 conviction or adjudication or (ii) release from any incarceration imposed upon such conviction or 66 adjudication shall be deemed to be "previous convictions." Disqualification under this subdivision shall not apply to an individual with previous adjudications of delinquency who has completed a term of 67 68 69 service of no less than two years in the Armed Forces of the United States and, if such person has been 70 discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States, received an honorable discharge.

71 17. An individual who has a felony charge pending or a charge pending for an offense listed in 72 subdivision 14 or 15.

73 18. An individual who has received mental health treatment or substance abuse treatment in a 74 residential setting within five years prior to the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.

75 19. An individual not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, who, within the three-year period 76 immediately preceding the application for the permit, was found guilty of any criminal offense set forth in Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.), or former § 18.2-248.1:1 77 or of a criminal offense of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any 78 79 controlled substance, under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its 80 territories.

81 20. An individual, not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, with respect to whom, within the 82 three-year period immediately preceding the application, upon a charge of any criminal offense set forth in Chapter 11 (§ 4.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 4.1, Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.), or former § 18.2-248.1:1 83 84 or upon a charge of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any 85 controlled substance under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories, the trial court found that the facts of the case were sufficient for a finding of guilt and 86 87 disposed of the case pursuant to § 18.2-251 or the substantially similar law of any other state, the 88 District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories. 89

§ 18.2-308.2:1. Prohibiting the selling, etc., of firearms to certain persons; penalties.

90 Any person who sells, barters, gives, or furnishes, or has in his possession or under his control with the intent of selling, bartering, giving, or furnishing, any firearm to any person he knows is prohibited 91 from possessing or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, or 18.2-308.1:3, 92 subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:4, § 18.2-308.1:6 or 18.2-308.2, subsection B of § 18.2-308.2:01, or 93 94 § 18.2-308.7 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

95 Any person who sells, barters, gives, or furnishes, or has in his possession or under his control with the intent of selling, bartering, giving, or furnishing, any firearm to any person he knows is prohibited 96 97 from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:7 or 18.2-308.1:8 is 98 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

99 However, this prohibition shall not be applicable when the person convicted of the felony or 100 misdemeanor, adjudicated delinquent, or acquitted by reason of insanity has (i) been issued a permit 101 pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-308.2 or been granted relief pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:1 or § 18.2-308.1:2 or 18.2-308.1:3; (ii) been pardoned or had his political disabilities removed in accordance with subsection B of § 18.2-308.2; or (iii) obtained a permit to ship, transport, 102 103 104 possess, or receive firearms pursuant to the laws of the United States.

105 § 18.2-308.2:2. Criminal history record information check required for the transfer of certain 106 firearms.

107 A. Any person purchasing from a dealer a firearm as herein defined shall consent in writing, on a 108 form to be provided by the Department of State Police, to have the dealer obtain criminal history record 109 information. Such form shall include only the written consent; the name, birth date, gender, race, 110 citizenship, and social security number and/or any other identification number; the number of firearms 111 by category intended to be sold, rented, traded, or transferred; and answers by the applicant to the following questions: (i) has the applicant been convicted of a felony offense or a misdemeanor offense 112 113 listed in § 18.2-308.1:8 or found guilty or adjudicated delinquent as a juvenile 14 years of age or older at the time of the offense of a delinquent act that if committed by an adult would be a felony or a 114 misdemeanor listed in § 18.2-308.1:8; (ii) is the applicant subject to a court order restraining the 115 applicant from harassing, stalking, or threatening the applicant's child or intimate partner, or a child of 116 117 such partner, or is the applicant subject to a protective order; and (iii) has the applicant ever been acquitted by reason of insanity and prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm 118

119 pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction, been adjudicated 120 legally incompetent, mentally incapacitated, or adjudicated an incapacitated person and prohibited from 121 purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction, 122 been involuntarily admitted to an inpatient facility or involuntarily ordered to outpatient mental health treatment and prohibited from purchasing a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:3 or any substantially 123 124 similar law of any other jurisdiction, or been the subject of a temporary detention order pursuant to 125 § 37.2-809 and subsequently agreed to a voluntary admission pursuant to § 37.2-805; and (iv) is the 126 applicant subject to an emergency substantial risk order or a substantial risk order entered pursuant to §-127 19.2-152.13 or 19.2-152.14 and prohibited from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:6 or any substantially similar law of any other jurisdiction. 128

129 B. 1. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory any such firearm to any other 130 person who is a resident of Virginia until he has (i) obtained written consent and the other information 131 on the consent form specified in subsection A, and provided the Department of State Police with the 132 name, birth date, gender, race, citizenship, and social security and/or any other identification number and 133 the number of firearms by category intended to be sold, rented, traded, or transferred and (ii) requested 134 criminal history record information by a telephone call to or other communication authorized by the 135 State Police and is authorized by subdivision $\hat{2}$ to complete the sale or other such transfer. To establish 136 personal identification and residence in Virginia for purposes of this section, a dealer must require any 137 prospective purchaser to present one photo-identification form issued by a governmental agency of the 138 Commonwealth or by the United States Department of Defense that demonstrates that the prospective 139 purchaser resides in Virginia. For the purposes of this section and establishment of residency for firearm 140 purchase, residency of a member of the armed forces shall include both the state in which the member's 141 permanent duty post is located and any nearby state in which the member resides and from which he 142 commutes to the permanent duty post. A member of the armed forces whose photo identification issued 143 by the Department of Defense does not have a Virginia address may establish his Virginia residency 144 with such photo identification and either permanent orders assigning the purchaser to a duty post, 145 including the Pentagon, in Virginia or the purchaser's Leave and Earnings Statement. When the photo 146 identification presented to a dealer by the prospective purchaser is a driver's license or other photo 147 identification issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, and such identification form contains a date 148 of issue, the dealer shall not, except for a renewed driver's license or other photo identification issued by 149 the Department of Motor Vehicles, sell or otherwise transfer a firearm to the prospective purchaser until 150 30 days after the date of issue of an original or duplicate driver's license unless the prospective 151 purchaser also presents a copy of his Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles driver's record showing 152 that the original date of issue of the driver's license was more than 30 days prior to the attempted 153 purchase.

In addition, no dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory any assault firearm to any person who is not a citizen of the United States or who is not a person lawfully admitted for permanent residence.

Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall (a) review its criminal history record information to determine if the buyer or transferee is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law, (b) inform the dealer if its record indicates that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited, and (c) provide the dealer with a unique reference number for that inquiry.

162 2. The State Police shall provide its response to the requesting dealer during the dealer's request or
163 by return call without delay. A dealer who fulfills the requirements of subdivision 1 and is told by the
164 State Police that a response will not be available by the end of the dealer's fifth business day may
165 immediately complete the sale or transfer and shall not be deemed in violation of this section with
166 respect to such sale or transfer.

167 3. Except as required by subsection D of § 9.1-132, the State Police shall not maintain records longer
168 than 30 days, except for multiple handgun transactions for which records shall be maintained for 12
169 months, from any dealer's request for a criminal history record information check pertaining to a buyer
170 or transferee who is not found to be prohibited from possessing and transporting a firearm under state or
171 federal law. However, the log on requests made may be maintained for a period of 12 months, and such
172 log shall consist of the name of the purchaser, the dealer identification number, the unique approval
173 number, and the transaction date.

4. On the last day of the week following the sale or transfer of any firearm, the dealer shall mail or
deliver the written consent form required by subsection A to the Department of State Police. The State
Police shall immediately initiate a search of all available criminal history record information to
determine if the purchaser is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm under state or federal
law. If the search discloses information indicating that the buyer or transferee is so prohibited from
possessing or transporting a firearm, the State Police shall inform the chief law-enforcement officer in

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180 the jurisdiction where the sale or transfer occurred and the dealer without delay.

181 5. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, rifles and shotguns may be purchased by 182 persons who are citizens of the United States or persons lawfully admitted for permanent residence but 183 residents of other states under the terms of subsections A and B upon furnishing the dealer with one 184 photo-identification form issued by a governmental agency of the person's state of residence and one 185 other form of identification determined to be acceptable by the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

6. For the purposes of this subsection, the phrase "dealer's fifth business day" does not include 186 187 December 25.

188 C. No dealer shall sell, rent, trade, or transfer from his inventory any firearm, except when the transaction involves a rifle or a shotgun and can be accomplished pursuant to the provisions of 189 subdivision B 5, to any person who is a dual resident of Virginia and another state pursuant to 190 applicable federal law unless he has first obtained from the Department of State Police a report 191 192 indicating that a search of all available criminal history record information has not disclosed that the 193 person is prohibited from possessing or transporting a firearm under state or federal law.

194 To establish personal identification and dual resident eligibility for purposes of this subsection, a 195 dealer shall require any prospective purchaser to present one photo-identification form issued by a 196 governmental agency of the prospective purchaser's state of legal residence and other documentation of dual residence within the Commonwealth. The other documentation of dual residence in the 197 198 Commonwealth may include (i) evidence of currently paid personal property tax or real estate tax or a 199 current (a) lease, (b) utility or telephone bill, (c) voter registration card, (d) bank check, (e) passport, (f) 200 automobile registration, or (g) hunting or fishing license; (ii) other current identification allowed as evidence of residency by 27 C.F.R. § 178.124 and ATF Ruling 2001-5; or (iii) other documentation of residence determined to be acceptable by the Department of Criminal Justice Services and that corroborates that the prospective purchaser currently resides in Virginia. 201 202 203

204 D. If any buyer or transferee is denied the right to purchase a firearm under this section, he may exercise his right of access to and review and correction of criminal history record information under 205 206 § 9.1-132 or institute a civil action as provided in § 9.1-135, provided any such action is initiated within 207 30 days of such denial.

208 E. Any dealer who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history 209 record information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to 210 disseminate criminal history record information except as authorized in this section, shall be guilty of a 211 Class 2 misdemeanor.

F. For purposes of this section:

213 "Actual buyer" means a person who executes the consent form required in subsection B or C, or 214 other such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law. 215

"Antique firearm" means:

1. Any firearm (including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of 216 ignition system) manufactured in or before 1898; 217

218 2. Any replica of any firearm described in subdivision 1 of this definition if such replica (i) is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition or (ii) uses rimfire 219 220 or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that 221 is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade;

222 3. Any muzzle-loading rifle, muzzle-loading shotgun, or muzzle-loading pistol that is designed to use 223 black powder, or a black powder substitute, and that cannot use fixed ammunition. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "antique firearm" shall not include any weapon that incorporates a firearm frame 224 225 or receiver, any firearm that is converted into a muzzle-loading weapon, or any muzzle-loading weapon 226 that can be readily converted to fire fixed ammunition by replacing the barrel, bolt, breech-block, or any 227 combination thereof: or 228

4. Any curio or relic as defined in this subsection.

"Assault firearm" means any semi-automatic center-fire rifle or pistol which expels single or multiple 229 230 projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material and is equipped at the time of the 231 offense with a magazine which will hold more than 20 rounds of ammunition or designed by the 232 manufacturer to accommodate a silencer or equipped with a folding stock.

233 "Curios or relics" means firearms that are of special interest to collectors by reason of some quality 234 other than is associated with firearms intended for sporting use or as offensive or defensive weapons. To 235 be recognized as curios or relics, firearms must fall within one of the following categories:

1. Firearms that were manufactured at least 50 years prior to the current date, which use rimfire or 236 237 conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that is no longer manufactured in the United States and that is 238 not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade, but not including replicas thereof;

239 2. Firearms that are certified by the curator of a municipal, state, or federal museum that exhibits 240 firearms to be curios or relics of museum interest; and

241 3. Any other firearms that derive a substantial part of their monetary value from the fact that they

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are novel, rare, bizarre, or because of their association with some historical figure, period, or event.
Proof of qualification of a particular firearm under this category may be established by evidence of
present value and evidence that like firearms are not available except as collectors' items, or that the
value of like firearms available in ordinary commercial channels is substantially less.

"Dealer" means any person licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.

247 "Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material.

249 "Handgun" means any pistol or revolver or other firearm originally designed, made and intended to
250 fire single or multiple projectiles by means of an explosion of a combustible material from one or more
251 barrels when held in one hand.

"Lawfully admitted for permanent residence" means the status of having been lawfully accorded the
 privilege of residing permanently in the United States as an immigrant in accordance with the
 immigration laws, such status not having changed.

G. The Department of Criminal Justice Services shall promulgate regulations to ensure the identity,
 confidentiality, and security of all records and data provided by the Department of State Police pursuant
 to this section.

H. The provisions of this section shall not apply to (i) transactions between persons who are licensed
as firearms importers or collectors, manufacturers or dealers pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq.; (ii)
purchases by or sales to any law-enforcement officer or agent of the United States, the Commonwealth
or any local government, or any campus police officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of
Chapter 8 of Title 23.1; or (iii) antique firearms or curios or relics.

1. The provisions of this section shall not apply to restrict purchase, trade, or transfer of firearms by
a resident of Virginia when the resident of Virginia makes such purchase, trade, or transfer in another
state, in which case the laws and regulations of that state and the United States governing the purchase,
trade, or transfer of firearms shall apply. A National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS)
check shall be performed prior to such purchase, trade, or transfer of firearms.

J. All licensed firearms dealers shall collect a fee of \$2 for every transaction for which a criminal history record information check is required pursuant to this section, except that a fee of \$5 shall be collected for every transaction involving an out-of-state resident. Such fee shall be transmitted to the Department of State Police by the last day of the month following the sale for deposit in a special fund for use by the State Police to offset the cost of conducting criminal history record information checks under the provisions of this section.

K. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the consent form
required in subsection B or C or on such firearm transaction records as may be required by federal law
shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

277 L. Except as provided in § 18.2-308.2:1, any dealer who willfully and intentionally sells, rents,
278 trades, or transfers a firearm in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony.

L1. Any person who attempts to solicit, persuade, encourage, or entice any dealer to transfer or otherwise convey a firearm other than to the actual buyer, as well as any other person who willfully and intentionally aids or abets such person, shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony. This subsection shall not apply to a federal law-enforcement officer or a law-enforcement officer as defined in § 9.1-101, in the performance of his official duties, or other person under his direct supervision.

284 M. Any person who purchases a firearm with the intent to (i) resell or otherwise provide such 285 firearm to any person who he knows or has reason to believe is ineligible to purchase or otherwise 286 receive from a dealer a firearm for whatever reason or (ii) transport such firearm out of the 287 Commonwealth to be resold or otherwise provided to another person who the transferor knows is 288 ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive a firearm, shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and sentenced to 289 a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of one year. However, if the violation of this subsection 290 involves such a transfer of more than one firearm, the person shall be sentenced to a mandatory 291 minimum term of imprisonment of five years. The prohibitions of this subsection shall not apply to the 292 purchase of a firearm by a person for the lawful use, possession, or transport thereof, pursuant to § 18.2-308.7, by his child, grandchild, or individual for whom he is the legal guardian if such child, 293 294 grandchild, or individual is ineligible, solely because of his age, to purchase a firearm.

N. Any person who is ineligible to purchase or otherwise receive or possess a firearm in the
Commonwealth who solicits, employs, or assists any person in violating subsection M shall be guilty of
a Class 4 felony and shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years.

298 O. Any mandatory minimum sentence imposed under this section shall be served consecutively with 299 any other sentence.

300 P. All driver's licenses issued on or after July 1, 1994, shall carry a letter designation indicating301 whether the driver's license is an original, duplicate, or renewed driver's license.

302 Q. Prior to selling, renting, trading, or transferring any firearm owned by the dealer but not in his

303 inventory to any other person, a dealer may require such other person to consent to have the dealer 304 obtain criminal history record information to determine if such other person is prohibited from 305 possessing or transporting a firearm by state or federal law. The Department of State Police shall 306 establish policies and procedures in accordance with 28 C.F.R. § 25.6 to permit such determinations to 307 be made by the Department of State Police, and the processes established for making such 308 determinations shall conform to the provisions of this section.

309 R. Except as provided in subdivisions 1 and 2, it shall be unlawful for any person who is not a 310 licensed firearms dealer to purchase more than one handgun within any 30-day period. For the purposes 311 of this subsection, "purchase" does not include the exchange or replacement of a handgun by a seller for a handgun purchased from such seller by the same person seeking the exchange or replacement within 312 313 the 30-day period immediately preceding the date of exchange or replacement. A violation of this subsection is punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor. 314

315 1. Purchases in excess of one handgun within a 30-day period may be made upon completion of an enhanced background check, as described in this subsection, by special application to the Department of 316 317 State Police listing the number and type of handguns to be purchased and transferred for lawful business or personal use, in a collector series, for collections, as a bulk purchase from estate sales, and for similar 318 319 purposes. Such applications shall be signed under oath by the applicant on forms provided by the 320 Department of State Police, shall state the purpose for the purchase above the limit, and shall require 321 satisfactory proof of residency and identity. Such application shall be in addition to the firearms sales 322 report required by the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF). The 323 Superintendent of State Police shall promulgate regulations, pursuant to the Administrative Process Act 324 (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for the implementation of an application process for purchases of handguns above 325 the limit.

Upon being satisfied that these requirements have been met, the Department of State Police shall 326 327 immediately issue to the applicant a nontransferable certificate, which shall be valid for seven days from 328 the date of issue. The certificate shall be surrendered to the dealer by the prospective purchaser prior to 329 the consummation of such sale and shall be kept on file at the dealer's place of business for inspection 330 as provided in § 54.1-4201 for a period of not less than two years. Upon request of any local 331 law-enforcement agency, and pursuant to its regulations, the Department of State Police may certify such local law-enforcement agency to serve as its agent to receive applications and, upon authorization by the 332 333 Department of State Police, issue certificates immediately pursuant to this subdivision. Applications and 334 certificates issued under this subdivision shall be maintained as records as provided in subdivision B 3. 335 The Department of State Police shall make available to local law-enforcement agencies all records 336 concerning certificates issued pursuant to this subdivision and all records provided for in subdivision B 337 3.

2. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to:

339 a. A law-enforcement agency; 340

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b. An agency duly authorized to perform law-enforcement duties;

341 c. A state or local correctional facility; 342

- d. A private security company licensed to do business within the Commonwealth;
- e. The purchase of antique firearms;

f. A person whose handgun is stolen or irretrievably lost who deems it essential that such handgun 344 345 be replaced immediately. Such person may purchase another handgun, even if the person has previously purchased a handgun within a 30-day period, provided that (i) the person provides the firearms dealer 346 347 with a copy of the official police report or a summary thereof, on forms provided by the Department of 348 State Police, from the law-enforcement agency that took the report of the lost or stolen handgun; (ii) the official police report or summary thereof contains the name and address of the handgun owner, a 349 description of the handgun, the location of the loss or theft, the date of the loss or theft, and the date 350 351 the loss or theft was reported to the law-enforcement agency; and (iii) the date of the loss or theft as reflected on the official police report or summary thereof occurred within 30 days of the person's 352 353 attempt to replace the handgun. The firearms dealer shall attach a copy of the official police report or 354 summary thereof to the original copy of the Virginia firearms transaction report completed for the 355 transaction and retain it for the period prescribed by the Department of State Police;

356 g. A person who trades in a handgun at the same time he makes a handgun purchase and as a part of 357 the same transaction, provided that no more than one transaction of this nature is completed per day; 358

h. A person who holds a valid Virginia permit to carry a concealed handgun;

359 i. A person who purchases a handgun in a private sale. For purposes of this subdivision, "private 360 sale" means a purchase from a person who makes occasional sales, exchanges, or purchases of firearms for the enhancement of a personal collection of curios or relics or who sells all or part of such 361 362 collection of curios and relics; or

j. A law-enforcement officer. For purposes of this subdivision, "law-enforcement officer" means any 363 364 employee of a police department or sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof and who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime andthe enforcement of the penal, traffic, or highway laws of the Commonwealth.

367 § 18.2-308.2:3. Criminal background check required for employees of a gun dealer to transfer
 368 firearms; exemptions; penalties.

A. No person, corporation, or proprietorship licensed as a firearms dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. **370** § 921 et seq. shall employ any person to act as a seller, whether full-time or part-time, permanent, temporary, paid or unpaid, for the transfer of firearms under § 18.2-308.2:2, if such employee would be prohibited from possessing a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, or 18.2-308.1:3, subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:4, or § 18.2-308.1:6, 18.2-308.1:7, 18.2-308.1:8, 18.2-308.2; or 18.2-308.2:01, or is an illegal alien, or is prohibited from purchasing or transporting a firearm pursuant to subsection A of § 18.2-308.1:4 or § 18.2-308.1:5.

B. Prior to permitting an applicant to begin employment, the dealer shall obtain a written statement
or affirmation from the applicant that he is not disqualified from possessing a firearm and shall submit
the applicant's fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Central Criminal Records
Exchange to be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the purpose of obtaining
national criminal history record information regarding the applicant.

C. Prior to August 1, 2000, the dealer shall obtain written statements or affirmations from persons
employed before July 1, 2000, to act as a seller under § 18.2-308.2:2 that they are not disqualified from
possessing a firearm. Within five working days of the employee's next birthday, after August 1, 2000,
the dealer shall submit the employee's fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Central
Criminal Records Exchange to be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the
purpose of obtaining national criminal history record information regarding the request.

387 C1. In lieu of submitting fingerprints pursuant to this section, any dealer holding a valid federal 388 firearms license (FFL) issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) may submit a 389 sworn and notarized affidavit to the Department of State Police on a form provided by the Department, 390 stating that the dealer has been subjected to a record check prior to the issuance and that the FFL was 391 issued by the ATF. The affidavit may also contain the names of any employees that have been subjected 392 to a record check and approved by the ATF. This exemption shall apply regardless of whether the FFL 393 was issued in the name of the dealer or in the name of the business. The affidavit shall contain the valid 394 FFL number, state the name of each person requesting the exemption, together with each person's 395 identifying information, including their social security number and the following statement: "I hereby 396 swear, under the penalty of perjury, that as a condition of obtaining a federal firearms license, each 397 person requesting an exemption in this affidavit has been subjected to a fingerprint identification check 398 by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms 399 subsequently determined that each person satisfied the requirements of 18 U.S.C. § 921 et seq. I 400 understand that any person convicted of making a false statement in this affidavit is guilty of a Class 5 401 felony and that in addition to any other penalties imposed by law, a conviction under this section shall 402 result in the forfeiture of my federal firearms license."

403 D. The Department of State Police, upon receipt of an individual's record or notification that no
404 record exists, shall submit an eligibility report to the requesting dealer within 30 days of the applicant
405 beginning his duties for new employees or within 30 days of the applicant's birthday for a person
406 employed prior to July 1, 2000.

407 E. If any applicant is denied employment because of information appearing on the criminal history
408 record and the applicant disputes the information upon which the denial was based, the Central Criminal
409 Records Exchange shall, upon written request, furnish to the applicant the procedures for obtaining a
410 copy of the criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The information provided
411 to the dealer shall not be disseminated except as provided in this section.

F. The applicant shall bear the cost of obtaining the criminal history record unless the dealer, at his option, decides to pay such cost.

G. Upon receipt of the request for a criminal history record information check, the State Police shall establish a unique number for that firearm seller. Beginning September 1, 2001, the firearm seller's signature, firearm seller's number and the dealer's identification number shall be on all firearm transaction forms. The State Police shall void the firearm seller's number when a disqualifying record is discovered. The State Police may suspend a firearm seller's identification number upon the arrest of the firearm seller for a potentially disqualifying crime.

420 H. This section shall not restrict the transfer of a firearm at any place other than at a dealership or at 421 any event required to be registered as a gun show.

I. Any person who willfully and intentionally requests, obtains, or seeks to obtain criminal history
record information under false pretenses, or who willfully and intentionally disseminates or seeks to
disseminate criminal history record information except as authorized by this section and § 18.2-308.2:2,
shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

J. Any person willfully and intentionally making a materially false statement on the personal descriptive information required in this section shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony. Any person who offers for transfer any firearm in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Any dealer who willfully and knowingly employs or permits a person to act as a firearm seller in violation of this section shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

431 K. There is no civil liability for any seller for the actions of any purchaser or subsequent transferee432 of a firearm lawfully transferred pursuant to this section.

- 433 L. The provisions of this section requiring a seller's background check shall not apply to a licensed 434 dealer.
- 435 M. Any person who willfully and intentionally makes a false statement in the affidavit as set out in 436 subdivision C 1 shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.
- 437 N. For purposes of this section:
- 438 "Dealer" means any person, corporation or proprietorship licensed as a dealer pursuant to 18 U.S.C.439 § 921 et seq.
- 440 "Firearm" means any handgun, shotgun, or rifle that will or is designed to or may readily be 441 converted to expel single or multiple projectiles by action of an explosion of a combustible material.
- 442 "Place of business" means any place or premises where a dealer may lawfully transfer firearms.
- "Seller" means for the purpose of any single sale of a firearm any person who is a dealer or an agent
 of a dealer, who may lawfully transfer firearms and who actually performs the criminal background
 check in accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-308.2:2.
- 446 "Transfer" means any act performed with intent to sell, rent, barter, or trade or otherwise transfer447 ownership or permanent possession of a firearm at the place of business of a dealer.
- 448 2. That § 18.2-308.1:6, Chapter 9.2 (§§ 19.2-152.13 through 19.2-152.17) of Title 19.2, and \$449 § 19.2-387.3 of the Code of Virginia are repealed.