2022 SESSION

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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 444
2 3	AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
3	(Proposed by the Senate Committee on General Laws and Technology
4	on March 2, 2022)
5	(Patron Prior to Substitute—Delegate Bennett-Parker)
6	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-2455, 2.2-3701, 2.2-3707, 2.2-3707.01, 2.2-3708.2, 2.2-3714,
7	10.1-1322.01, 15.2-1627.4, 23.1-1301, 23.1-2425, 30-179, and 62.1-44.15:02 of the Code of Virginia
8	and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 2.2-3708.3, relating to the
9	Virginia Freedom of Information Act; meetings conducted by electronic communication means;
10	situations other than declared states of emergency.
11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12 13	1. That §§ 2.2-2455, 2.2-3701, 2.2-3707, 2.2-3707.01, 2.2-3708.2, 2.2-3714, 10.1-1322.01, 15.2-1627.4, 23.1-1301, 23.1-2425, 30-179, and 62.1-44.15:02 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted
13 14	and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 2.2-3708.3 as follows:
15	§ 2.2-2455. Charitable Gaming Board; membership; terms; quorum; compensation; staff.
16	A. The Charitable Gaming Board (the Board) is hereby established as a policy board within the
17	meaning of § 2.2-2100 in the executive branch of state government. The purpose of the Board shall be
18	to advise the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services on all aspects of the conduct of
19	charitable gaming in Virginia.
20	B. The Board shall consist of eleven members who shall be appointed in the following manner:
21	1. Six nonlegislative citizen members appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation by the
22	General Assembly as follows: one member who is a member of a charitable organization subject to
23	Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2 in good standing with the Department;
24	one member who is a charitable gaming supplier registered and in good standing with the Department;
25	one member who is an owner, lessor, or lessee of premises where charitable gaming is conducted; one
26	member who is or has been a law-enforcement officer in Virginia but who (i) is not a charitable gaming
27	supplier registered with the Department, (ii) is not a lessor of premises where charitable gaming is
28 29	conducted, (iii) is not a member of a charitable organization, or (iv) does not have an interest in or is
30	not affiliated with such supplier or charitable organization or owner, lessor, or lessee of premises where charitable gaming is conducted; and two members who do not have an interest in or are not affiliated
31	with a charitable organization, charitable gaming supplier, or owner, lessor, or lessee of premises where
32	charitable gaming is conducted;
33	2. Three nonlegislative citizen members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Delegates as
34	follows: two members who are members of a charitable organization subject to Article 1.1:1
35	(§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2 in good standing with the Department and one
36	member who does not have an interest in or is not affiliated with a charitable organization, charitable
37	gaming supplier, or owner, lessor, or lessee of premises where charitable gaming is conducted; and
38	3. Two nonlegislative citizen members appointed by the Senate Committee on Rules as follows: one
39	member who is a member of a charitable organization subject to Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of
40	Chapter 8 of Title 18.2 in good standing with the Department and one member who does not have an
41 42	interest in or is not affiliated with a charitable organization, charitable gaming supplier, or owner, lessor,
4 3	or lessee of premises where charitable gaming is conducted. To the extent practicable, the Board shall consist of individuals from different geographic regions of
44	the Commonwealth. Each member of the Board shall have been a resident of the Commonwealth for a
45	period of at least three years next preceding his appointment, and his continued residency shall be a
46	condition of his tenure in office. Members shall be appointed for four-year terms. Vacancies shall be
47	filled by the appointing authority in the same manner as the original appointment for the unexpired
48	portion of the term. Each Board member shall be eligible for reappointment for a second consecutive
49	term at the discretion of the appointing authority. Persons who are first appointed to initial terms of less
50	than four years shall thereafter be eligible for reappointment to two consecutive terms of four years
51	each. No sitting member of the General Assembly shall be eligible for appointment to the Board. The
52	members of the Board shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority.
53 54	C. The Board shall elect from among its members a chairman who is a member of a charitable
54 55	organization subject to Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2. The Board shall
55 56	elect a vice-chairman from among its members. D. A quorum shall consist of five members. The decision of a majority of those members present
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21	and voting shall constitute a decision of the Board.

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and voting shall constitute a decision of the Board. E. For each day or part thereof spent in the performance of his duties, each member of the Board shall receive such compensation and reimbursement for his reasonable expenses as provided in

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§ 2.2-2104. 60

61 F. The Board shall adopt rules and procedures for the conduct of its business, including a provision that Board members shall abstain or otherwise recuse themselves from voting on any matter in which 62 63 they or a member of their immediate family have a personal interest in a transaction as defined in 64 § 2.2-3101. The Board shall meet at least four times a year, and other meetings may be held at any time 65 or place determined by the Board or upon call of the chairman or upon a written request to the 66 chairman by any two members. Except for emergency meetings and meetings governed by § 2.2-3708.2 requiring a longer notice, all members shall be duly notified of the time and place of any regular or 67 other meeting at least 10 days in advance of such meeting. 68

G. Staff to the Board shall be provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. 69 70

§ 2.2-3701. Definitions.

71 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

72 "All-virtual public meeting" means a public meeting (i) conducted by a public body using electronic communication means, (ii) during which all members of the public body who participate do so remotely 73 74 rather than being assembled in one physical location, and (iii) to which public access is provided 75 through electronic communication means. 76

"Closed meeting" means a meeting from which the public is excluded.

"Electronic communication" means the use of technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, 77 78 wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities to transmit or receive information.

79 "Emergency" means an unforeseen circumstance rendering the notice required by this chapter 80 impossible or impracticable and which circumstance requires immediate action.

"Information" as used in the exclusions established by §§ 2.2-3705.1 through 2.2-3705.7, means the 81 content within a public record that references a specifically identified subject matter, and shall not be 82 interpreted to require the production of information that is not embodied in a public record. 83

"Meeting" or "meetings" means the meetings including work sessions, when sitting physically, or through electronic communication means pursuant to § 2.2-3708.2 or 2.2-3708.3, as a body or entity, or 84 85 86 as an informal assemblage of (i) as many as three members or (ii) a quorum, if less than three, of the 87 constituent membership, wherever held, with or without minutes being taken, whether or not votes are 88 cast, of any public body. Neither the gathering of employees of a public body nor the gathering or 89 attendance of two or more members of a public body (a) at any place or function where no part of the 90 purpose of such gathering or attendance is the discussion or transaction of any public business, and such 91 gathering or attendance was not called or prearranged with any purpose of discussing or transacting any 92 business of the public body, or (b) at a public forum, candidate appearance, or debate, the purpose of 93 which is to inform the electorate and not to transact public business or to hold discussions relating to the transaction of public business, even though the performance of the members individually or 94 collectively in the conduct of public business may be a topic of discussion or debate at such public 95 meeting, shall be deemed a "meeting" subject to the provisions of this chapter. 96 97

"Open meeting" or "public meeting" means a meeting at which the public may be present.

"Public body" means any legislative body, authority, board, bureau, commission, district, or agency 98 99 of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, including *counties*, cities, 100 and towns and counties, municipal councils, governing bodies of counties, school boards, and planning commissions; governing boards of public institutions of higher education; and other organizations, 101 102 corporations, or agencies in the Commonwealth supported wholly or principally by public funds. It shall include (i) the Virginia Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Program and its board of 103 directors established pursuant to Chapter 50 (§ 38.2-5000 et seq.) of Title 38.2 and (ii) any committee, 104 subcommittee, or other entity however designated, of the public body created to perform delegated 105 functions of the public body or to advise the public body. It shall not exclude any such committee, 106 subcommittee, or entity because it has private sector or citizen members. Corporations organized by the Virginia Retirement System are "public bodies" for purposes of this chapter. 107 108

109 For the purposes of the provisions of this chapter applicable to access to public records, constitutional officers and private police departments as defined in § 9.1-101 shall be considered public 110 bodies and, except as otherwise expressly provided by law, shall have the same obligations to disclose 111 112 public records as other custodians of public records.

"Public records" means all writings and recordings that consist of letters, words, or numbers, or their 113 114 equivalent, set down by handwriting, typewriting, printing, photostatting, photography, magnetic impulse, optical or magneto-optical form, mechanical or electronic recording, or other form of data compilation, 115 116 however stored, and regardless of physical form or characteristics, prepared or owned by, or in the possession of a public body or its officers, employees, or agents in the transaction of public business. 117

"Regional public body" means a unit of government organized as provided by law within defined 118 119 boundaries, as determined by the General Assembly, which unit includes two or more localities.

120 "Remote participation" means participation by an individual member of a public body by electronic communication means in a public meeting where a quorum of the public body is otherwise physically 121

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"Scholastic records" means those records containing information directly related to a student or an
 applicant for admission and maintained by a public body that is an educational agency or institution or
 by a person acting for such agency or institution.

126 "Trade secret" means the same as that term is defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 127 et seq.).

128 § 2.2-3707. Meetings to be public; notice of meetings; recordings; minutes.

A. All meetings of public bodies shall be open, except as provided in §§ 2.2-3707.01 and 2.2-3711.

130 B. No meeting shall be conducted through telephonic, video, electronic, or other electronic 131 communication means where the members are not physically assembled to discuss or transact public 132 business, except as provided in $\frac{1}{2}$ §§ 2.2-3708.2 of and 2.2-3708.3 or as may be specifically provided in 133 Title 54.1 for the summary suspension of professional licenses.

C. Every public body shall give notice of the date, time, and location of its meetings by:

1. Posting such notice on its official public government website, if any;

2. Placing such notice in a prominent public location at which notices are regularly posted; and

137 3. Placing such notice at the office of the clerk of the public body or, in the case of a public body138 that has no clerk, at the office of the chief administrator.

All state public bodies subject to the provisions of this chapter shall also post notice of their
meetings on a central, publicly available electronic calendar maintained by the Commonwealth.
Publication of meeting notices by electronic means by other public bodies shall be encouraged.

142 The notice shall be posted at least three working days prior to the meeting.

D. Notice, reasonable under the circumstance, of special, emergency, or continued meetings shall be
 given contemporaneously with the notice provided to the members of the public body conducting the
 meeting.

E. Any person may annually file a written request for notification with a public body. The request
shall include the requester's name, address, zip code, daytime telephone number, electronic mail address,
if available, and organization, if any. The public body receiving such request shall provide notice of all
meetings directly to each such person. Without objection by the person, the public body may provide
electronic notice of all meetings in response to such requests.

F. At least one copy of the proposed agenda and all agenda packets and, unless exempt, all materials furnished to members of a public body for a meeting shall be made available for public inspection at the same time such documents are furnished to the members of the public body. The proposed agendas for meetings of state public bodies where at least one member has been appointed by the Governor shall state whether or not public comment will be received at the meeting and, if so, the approximate point during the meeting when public comment will be received.

G. Any person may photograph, film, record, or otherwise reproduce any portion of a meeting required to be open. The public body conducting the meeting may adopt rules governing the placement and use of equipment necessary for broadcasting, photographing, filming, or recording a meeting to prevent interference with the proceedings, but shall not prohibit or otherwise prevent any person from photographing, filming, recording, or otherwise reproducing any portion of a meeting required to be open. No public body shall conduct a meeting required to be open in any building or facility where such recording devices are prohibited.

H. Minutes shall be recorded taken at all open meetings. However, minutes shall not be required to be taken at deliberations of (i) standing and other committees of the General Assembly; (ii) legislative interim study commissions and committees, including the Virginia Code Commission; (iii) study committees or commissions appointed by the Governor; or (iv) study commissions or study committees, or any other committees or subcommittees appointed by the governing bodies or school boards of counties, cities, and towns, except where the membership of any such commission, committee, or subcommittee includes a majority of the governing body of the county, city, or town or school board.

171 Minutes, including draft minutes, and all other records of open meetings, including audio or 172 audio/visual records shall be deemed public records and subject to the provisions of this chapter.

173 Minutes shall be in writing and shall include (a) the date, time, and location of the meeting; (b) the 174 members of the public body recorded as present and absent; and (c) a summary of the discussion on 175 matters proposed, deliberated, or decided, and a record of any votes taken. In addition, for electronic 176 communication meetings conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3708.2 or 2.2-3708.3, minutes of state 177 public bodies shall include (1) the identity of the members of the public body at each remote location 178 identified in the notice who participated in the meeting through electronic communication means, (2) the 179 identity of the members of the public body who were physically assembled at the primary or central meeting one physical location, and (3) the identity of the members of the public body who were not 180 181 present at the location identified in clauses (1) and clause (2) but who monitored such meeting 182 through electronic communication means.

183 § 2.2-3707.01. Meetings of the General Assembly.

A. Except as provided in subsection B, public access to any meeting of the General Assembly or a 184 185 portion thereof shall be governed by rules established by the Joint Rules Committee and approved by a 186 majority vote of each house at the next regular session of the General Assembly. At least 60 days before 187 the adoption of such rules, the Joint Rules Committee shall (i) hold regional public hearings on such 188 proposed rules and (ii) provide a copy of such proposed rules to the Virginia Freedom of Information 189 Advisory Council.

190 B. Floor sessions of either house of the General Assembly; meetings, including work sessions, of any 191 standing or interim study committee of the General Assembly; meetings, including work sessions, of any 192 subcommittee of such standing or interim study committee; and joint committees of conference of the 193 General Assembly; or a quorum of any such committees or subcommittees, shall be open and governed 194 by this chapter.

195 C. Meetings of the respective political party caucuses of either house of the General Assembly, 196 including meetings conducted by telephonic or other electronic communication means, without regard to 197 (i) whether the General Assembly is in or out of regular or special session or (ii) whether such caucuses 198 invite staff or guests to participate in their deliberations, shall not be deemed meetings for the purposes 199 of this chapter.

200 D. No regular, special, or reconvened session of the General Assembly held pursuant to Article IV. 201 Section 6 of the Constitution of Virginia shall be conducted using electronic communication means 202 pursuant to § 2.2-3708.2 or 2.2-3708.3.

203 § 2.2-3708.2. Meetings held through electronic communication means during declared states of 204 emergency. 205

A. The following provisions apply to all public bodies:

1. Subject to the requirements of subsection C, all public bodies may conduct any meeting wherein 206 207 the public business is discussed or transacted through electronic communication means if, on or before 208 the day of a meeting, a member of the public body holding the meeting notifies the chair of the public 209 body that:

210 a. Such member is unable to attend the meeting due to (i) a temporary or permanent disability or 211 other medical condition that prevents the member's physical attendance or (ii) a family member's 212 medical condition that requires the member to provide care for such family member, thereby preventing 213 the member's physical attendance; or

214 b. Such member is unable to attend the meeting due to a personal matter and identifies with 215 specificity the nature of the personal matter. Participation by a member pursuant to this subdivision b is 216 limited each calendar year to two meetings or 25 percent of the meetings held per calendar year rounded 217 up to the next whole number, whichever is greater.

218 2. If participation by a member through electronic communication means is approved pursuant to 219 subdivision 1, the public body holding the meeting shall record in its minutes the remote location from 220 which the member participated; however, the remote location need not be open to the public. If 221 participation is approved pursuant to subdivision 1 a, the public body shall also include in its minutes 222 the fact that the member participated through electronic communication means due to (i) a temporary or 223 permanent disability or other medical condition that prevented the member's physical attendance or (ii) a 224 family member's medical condition that required the member to provide care for such family member, 225 thereby preventing the member's physical attendance. If participation is approved pursuant to subdivision 226 1 b, the public body shall also include in its minutes the specific nature of the personal matter cited by 227 the member.

228 If a member's participation from a remote location pursuant to subdivision 1 b is disapproved 229 because such participation would violate the policy adopted pursuant to subsection C, such disapproval 230 shall be recorded in the minutes with specificity.

3. Any public body, or any joint meetings thereof, may meet by electronic communication means 231 232 without a quorum of the public body physically assembled at one location when the Governor has declared a state of emergency in accordance with § 44-146.17 or the locality in which the public body is 233 located has declared a local state of emergency pursuant to § 44-146.21, provided that (i) the 234 235 catastrophic nature of the declared emergency makes it impracticable or unsafe to assemble a quorum in 236 a single location and (ii) the purpose of the meeting is to provide for the continuity of operations of the 237 public body or the discharge of its lawful purposes, duties, and responsibilities. The public body 238 convening a meeting in accordance with this subdivision section shall:

239 $\frac{1}{2}$ a. 1. Give public notice using the best available method given the nature of the emergency, which 240 notice shall be given contemporaneously with the notice provided to members of the public body 241 conducting the meeting;

b. 2. Make arrangements for public access to such meeting through electronic communication means, 242 243 including videoconferencing if already used by the public body;

244 e_{-3} . Provide the public with the opportunity to comment at those meetings of the public body when

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245 public comment is customarily received; and

246 d. 4. Otherwise comply with the provisions of this chapter.

247 The nature of the emergency, the fact that the meeting was held by electronic communication means, 248 and the type of electronic communication means by which the meeting was held shall be stated in the 249 minutes.

250 The provisions of this subdivision 3 section shall be applicable only for the duration of the 251 emergency declared pursuant to § 44-146.17 or 44-146.21. 252

B. The following provisions apply to regional public bodies:

253 1. Subject to the requirements in subsection C, regional public bodies may also conduct any meeting 254 wherein the public business is discussed or transacted through electronic communication means if, on the 255 day of a meeting, a member of a regional public body notifies the chair of the public body that such 256 member's principal residence is more than 60 miles from the meeting location identified in the required 257 notice for such meeting.

258 2. If participation by a member through electronic communication means is approved pursuant to this 259 subsection, the public body holding the meeting shall record in its minutes the remote location from 260 which the member participated; however, the remote location need not be open to the public.

261 If a member's participation from a remote location is disapproved because such participation would 262 violate the policy adopted pursuant to subsection C, such disapproval shall be recorded in the minutes 263 with specificity.

264 C. Participation by a member of a public body in a meeting through electronic communication means 265 pursuant to subdivisions A 1 and 2 and subsection B shall be authorized only if the following conditions 266 are met:

- 267 1. The public body has adopted a written policy allowing for and governing participation of its 268 members by electronic communication means, including an approval process for such participation, 269 subject to the express limitations imposed by this section. Once adopted, the policy shall be applied 270 strictly and uniformly, without exception, to the entire membership and without regard to the identity of 271 the member requesting remote participation or the matters that will be considered or voted on at the 272 meeting;
- 273 2. A quorum of the public body is physically assembled at one primary or central meeting location; 274 and
- 275 3. The public body makes arrangements for the voice of the remote participant to be heard by all 276 persons at the primary or central meeting location.

277 D. The following provisions apply to state public bodies:

278 1. Except as provided in subsection D of § 2.2-3707.01, state public bodies may also conduct any 279 meeting wherein the public business is discussed or transacted through electronic communication means, 280 provided that (i) a quorum of the public body is physically assembled at one primary or central meeting 281 location, (ii) notice of the meeting has been given in accordance with subdivision 2, and (iii) members 282 of the public are provided a substantially equivalent electronic communication means through which to 283 witness the meeting. For the purposes of this subsection, "witness" means observe or listen.

284 If a state public body holds a meeting through electronic communication means pursuant to this 285 subsection, it shall also hold at least one meeting annually where members in attendance at the meeting 286 are physically assembled at one location and where no members participate by electronic communication 287 means.

288 2. Notice of any regular meeting held pursuant to this subsection shall be provided at least three 289 working days in advance of the date scheduled for the meeting. Notice, reasonable under the circumstance, of special, emergency, or continued meetings held pursuant to this section shall be given 290 291 contemporaneously with the notice provided to members of the public body conducting the meeting. For 292 the purposes of this subsection, "continued meeting" means a meeting that is continued to address an 293 emergency or to conclude the agenda of a meeting for which proper notice was given.

294 The notice shall include the date, time, place, and purpose for the meeting; shall identify the primary 295 or central meeting location and any remote locations that are open to the public pursuant to subdivision 296 4; shall include notice as to the electronic communication means by which members of the public may 297 witness the meeting; and shall include a telephone number that may be used to notify the primary or 298 central meeting location of any interruption in the telephonic or video broadcast of the meeting. Any 299 interruption in the telephonic or video broadcast of the meeting shall result in the suspension of action 300 at the meeting until repairs are made and public access is restored.

301 3. A copy of the proposed agenda and agenda packets and, unless exempt, all materials that will be 302 distributed to members of a public body for a meeting shall be made available for public inspection at 303 the same time such documents are furnished to the members of the public body conducting the meeting. 304 4. Public access to the remote locations from which additional members of the public body 305 participate through electronic communication means shall be encouraged but not required. However, if

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306 three or more members are gathered at the same remote location, then such remote location shall be 307 open to the public.

308 5. If access to remote locations is afforded, (i) all persons attending the meeting at any of the remote 309 locations shall be afforded the same opportunity to address the public body as persons attending at the 310 primary or central location and (ii) a copy of the proposed agenda and agenda packets and, unless 311 exempt, all materials that will be distributed to members of the public body for the meeting shall be 312 made available for inspection by members of the public attending the meeting at any of the remote 313 locations at the time of the meeting.

6. The public body shall make available to the public at any meeting conducted in accordance with
this subsection a public comment form prepared by the Virginia Freedom of Information Advisory
Council in accordance with § 30-179.

317 7. Minutes of all meetings held by electronic communication means shall be recorded as required by
 318 § 2.2-3707. Votes taken during any meeting conducted through electronic communication means shall be
 319 recorded by name in roll-call fashion and included in the minutes. For emergency meetings held by
 320 electronic communication means, the nature of the emergency shall be stated in the minutes.

321 8. Any authorized state public body that meets by electronic communication means pursuant to this
 322 subsection shall make a written report of the following to the Virginia Freedom of Information Advisory
 323 Council by December 15 of each year:

a. The total number of meetings held that year in which there was participation through electronic
 communication means;

326 b. The dates and purposes of each such meeting;

327 c. A copy of the agenda for each such meeting;

328 d. The primary or central meeting location of each such meeting;

329 e. The types of electronic communication means by which each meeting was held;

f. If possible, the number of members of the public who witnessed each meeting through electronic
 communication means;

g. The identity of the members of the public body recorded as present at each meeting, and whether
 each member was present at the primary or central meeting location or participated through electronic
 communication means;

h. The identity of any members of the public body who were recorded as absent at each meeting and
 any members who were recorded as absent at a meeting but who monitored the meeting through
 electronic communication means;

i. If members of the public were granted access to a remote location from which a member
 participated in a meeting through electronic communication means, the number of members of the public
 at each such remote location;

j. A summary of any public comment received about the process of conducting a meeting through
 electronic communication means; and

k. A written summary of the public body's experience conducting meetings through electronic
 communication means, including its logistical and technical experience.

E. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the use of interactive audio or video means to expand public participation.

347 § 2.2-3708.3. Meetings held through electronic communication means; situations other than 348 declared states of emergency.

A. Public bodies are encouraged to (i) provide public access, both in person and through electronic communication means, to public meetings and (ii) provide avenues for public comment at public meetings when public comment is customarily received, which may include public comments made in person or by electronic communication means or other methods.

B. Individual members of a public body may use remote participation instead of attending a public meeting in person if, in advance of the public meeting, the public body has adopted a policy as described in subsection D and the member notifies the public body chair that:

356 1. The member has a temporary or permanent disability or other medical condition that prevents the
 357 member's physical attendance;

358 2. A medical condition of a member of the member's family requires the member to provide care that
 359 prevents the member's physical attendance;

360 3. The member's principal residence is more than 60 miles from the meeting location identified in the 361 required notice for such meeting; or

362 4. The member is unable to attend the meeting due to a personal matter and identifies with
363 specificity the nature of the personal matter. However, the member may not use remote participation due
364 to personal matters more than two meetings per calendar year or 25 percent of the meetings held per
365 calendar year rounded up to the next whole number, whichever is greater.

366 If participation by a member through electronic communication means is approved pursuant to this 367 subsection, the public body holding the meeting shall record in its minutes the remote location from

368 which the member participated; however, the remote location need not be open to the public and may 369 be identified in the minutes by a general description. If participation is approved pursuant to subdivision 370 1 or 2, the public body shall also include in its minutes the fact that the member participated through 371 electronic communication means due to a (i) temporary or permanent disability or other medical 372 condition that prevented the member's physical attendance or (ii) family member's medical condition that 373 required the member to provide care for such family member, thereby preventing the member's physical 374 attendance. If participation is approved pursuant to subdivision 3, the public body shall also include in 375 its minutes the fact that the member participated through electronic communication means due to the 376 distance between the member's principal residence and the meeting location. If participation is approved 377 pursuant to subdivision 4, the public body shall also include in its minutes the specific nature of the 378 personal matter cited by the member.

379 If a member's participation from a remote location pursuant to this subsection is disapproved
380 because such participation would violate the policy adopted pursuant to subsection D, such disapproval
381 shall be recorded in the minutes with specificity.

382 C. Any public body may hold all-virtual public meetings, provided that the public body follows the
383 other requirements in this chapter for meetings, the public body has adopted a policy as described in
384 subsection D, and:

1. An indication of whether the meeting will be an in-person or all-virtual public meeting is included
in the required meeting notice along with a statement notifying the public that the method by which a
public body chooses to meet shall not be changed unless the public body provides a new meeting notice
in accordance with the provisions of § 2.2-3707;

389 2. Public access to the all-virtual public meeting is provided via electronic communication means;

390 3. The electronic communication means used allows the public to hear all members of the public
391 body participating in the all-virtual public meeting and, when audio-visual technology is available, to
392 see the members of the public body as well;

4. A phone number or other live contact information is provided to alert the public body if the audio or video transmission of the meeting provided by the public body fails, the public body monitors such designated means of communication during the meeting, and the public body takes a recess until public access is restored if the transmission fails for the public;

397 5. A copy of the proposed agenda and all agenda packets and, unless exempt, all materials furnished
398 to members of a public body for a meeting is made available to the public in electronic format at the
399 same time that such materials are provided to members of the public body;

400 6. The public is afforded the opportunity to comment through electronic means, including by way of 401 written comments, at those public meetings when public comment is customarily received;

402 7. No more than two members of the public body are together in any one remote location unless that
403 remote location is open to the public to physically access it;

404 8. If a closed session is held during an all-virtual public meeting, transmission of the meeting to the
405 public resumes before the public body votes to certify the closed meeting as required by subsection D of
406 § 2.2-3712;

407 9. The public body does not convene an all-virtual public meeting (i) more than two times per
408 calendar year or 25 percent of the meetings held per calendar year rounded up to the next whole
409 number, whichever is greater, or (ii) consecutively with another all-virtual public meeting; and

410 10. Minutes of all-virtual public meetings held by electronic communication means are taken as 411 required by § 2.2-3707 and include the fact that the meeting was held by electronic communication 412 means and the type of electronic communication means by which the meeting was held. If a member's 413 participation from a remote location pursuant to this subsection is disapproved because such 414 participation would violate the policy adopted pursuant to subsection D, such disapproval shall be 415 recorded in the minutes with specificity.

D. Before a public body uses all-virtual public meetings as described in subsection C or allows
members to use remote participation as described in subsection B, the public body shall first adopt a
policy, by recorded vote at a public meeting, that shall be applied strictly and uniformly, without
exception, to the entire membership and without regard to the identity of the member requesting remote
participation or the matters that will be considered or voted on at the meeting. The policy shall:

421 1. Describe the circumstances under which an all-virtual public meeting and remote participation
422 will be allowed and the process the public body will use for making requests to use remote
423 participation, approving or denying such requests, and creating a record of such requests; and

424 2. Fix the number of times remote participation for personal matters or all-virtual public meetings 425 can be used per calendar year, not to exceed the limitations set forth in subdivisions B 4 and C 9.

426 Any public body that creates a committee, subcommittee, or other entity however designated of the 427 public body to perform delegated functions of the public body or to advise the public body may also 428 adopt a policy on behalf of its committee, subcommittee, or other entity that shall apply to the 457

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429 committee, subcommittee, or other entity's use of individual remote participation and all-virtual public 430 meetings. 431

§ 2.2-3714. Violations and penalties.

432 A. In a proceeding commenced against any officer, employee, or member of a public body under 433 § 2.2-3713 for a violation of § 2.2-3704, 2.2-3705.1 through 2.2-3705.7, 2.2-3706, 2.2-3706, 1, 2.2-3707, 434 2.2-3708.2, 2.2-3708.3, 2.2-3710, 2.2-3711, or 2.2-3712, the court, if it finds that a violation was 435 willfully and knowingly made, shall impose upon such officer, employee, or member in his individual 436 capacity, whether a writ of mandamus or injunctive relief is awarded or not, a civil penalty of not less 437 than \$500 nor more than \$2,000, which amount shall be paid into the Literary Fund. For a second or 438 subsequent violation, such civil penalty shall be not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$5,000.

B. In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsection A, if the court finds that any officer, 439 440 employee, or member of a public body failed to provide public records to a requester in accordance with 441 the provisions of this chapter because such officer, employee, or member altered or destroyed the 442 requested public records with the intent to avoid the provisions of this chapter with respect to such 443 request prior to the expiration of the applicable record retention period set by the retention regulations 444 promulgated pursuant to the Virginia Public Records Act (§ 42.1-76 et seq.) by the State Library Board, 445 the court may impose upon such officer, employee, or member in his individual capacity, whether or not 446 a writ of mandamus or injunctive relief is awarded, a civil penalty of up to \$100 per record altered or 447 destroyed, which amount shall be paid into the Literary Fund.

448 C. In addition to any penalties imposed pursuant to subsections A and B, if the court finds that a 449 public body voted to certify a closed meeting in accordance with subsection D of § 2.2-3712 and such 450 certification was not in accordance with the requirements of clause (i) or (ii) of subsection D of 451 § 2.2-3712, the court may impose on the public body, whether or not a writ of mandamus or injunctive relief is awarded, a civil penalty of up to \$1,000, which amount shall be paid into the Literary Fund. In 452 453 determining whether a civil penalty is appropriate, the court shall consider mitigating factors, including reliance of members of the public body on (i) opinions of the Attorney General, (ii) court cases 454 455 substantially supporting the rationale of the public body, and (iii) published opinions of the Virginia 456 Freedom of Information Advisory Council.

§ 10.1-1322.01. Permits; procedures for public hearings and permits before the Board.

458 A. During the public comment period on a permit action, interested persons may request a public 459 hearing to contest such action or the terms and conditions thereof. Where public hearings are mandatory 460 under state or federal law or regulation, interested persons may request, during the public comment 461 period on the permit action, that the Board consider the permit action pursuant to the requirements of 462 this section.

B. Requests for a public hearing or Board consideration shall contain the following information:

1. The name, mailing address, and telephone number of the requester;

465 2. The names and addresses of all persons for whom the requester is acting as a representative (for 466 the purposes of this requirement, an unincorporated association is a person);

3. The reason why a public hearing or Board consideration is requested;

468 4. A brief, informal statement setting forth the factual nature and the extent of the interest of the 469 requester or of the persons for whom the requester is acting as representative in the application or 470 tentative determination, including an explanation of how and to what extent such interest would be 471 directly and adversely affected by the issuance, denial, modification, or revocation of the permit in 472 question; and

473 5. Where possible, specific references to the terms and conditions of the permit in question, together 474 with suggested revisions and alterations of those terms and conditions that the requester considers are 475 needed to conform the permit to the intent and provisions of the State Air Pollution Control Law 476 (§ 10.1-1300 et seq.).

477 C. Upon completion of the public comment period on a permit action, the Director shall review all 478 timely requests for public hearing or Board consideration filed during the public comment period on the 479 permit action and within 30 calendar days following the expiration of the time period for the submission 480 of requests shall grant a public hearing or Board consideration after the public hearing required by state 481 or federal law or regulation, unless the permittee or applicant agrees to a later date, if the Director finds 482 the following:

483 1. That there is a significant public interest in the issuance, denial, modification, or revocation of the 484 permit in question as evidenced by receipt of a minimum of 25 individual requests for a public hearing 485 or Board consideration;

486 2. That the requesters raise substantial, disputed issues relevant to the issuance, denial, modification, **487** or revocation of the permit in question; and

488 3. That the action requested by the interested party is not on its face inconsistent with, or in violation 489 of, the State Air Pollution Control Law (§ 10.1-1300 et seq.), federal law or any regulation promulgated 490 thereunder.

491 D. Either the Director or a majority of the Board members, acting independently, may request a
492 meeting of the Board to be convened within 20 days of the Director's decision pursuant to subsection C
493 in order to review such decision and determine by a majority vote of the Board whether or not to grant
494 a public hearing or Board consideration, or to delegate the permit to the Director for his decision.

495 For purposes of this subsection, if a Board meeting is held via electronic communication means, the 496 meeting shall be held in compliance with the provisions of § 2.2.3708.2, except that a quorum of the 497 Board is not required to be physically assembled at one primary or central meeting location 2.2-3708.3. 498 Discussions of the Board held via such electronic communication means shall be specifically limited to a 499 (i) review of the Director's decision pursuant to subsection C, (ii) determination of the Board whether or 500 not to grant a public hearing or Board consideration, or (iii) delegation of the permit to the Director for his decision. No other matter of public business shall be discussed or transacted by the Board during 501 502 any such meeting held via electronic communication means.

503 E. The Director shall, forthwith, notify by mail at his last known address (i) each requester and (ii) 504 the applicant or permittee of the decision to grant or deny a public hearing or Board consideration.

505 F. In addition to subsections C, D, and E, the Director may, in his discretion, convene a public 506 hearing on a permit action or submit a permit action to the Board for its consideration.

507 G. If a determination is made to hold a public hearing, the Director shall schedule the hearing at a 508 time between 45 and 75 days after mailing of the notice required by subsection E.

H. The Director shall cause, or require the applicant to publish, notice of a public hearing to be
published once, in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or county where the facility or
operation that is the subject of the permit or permit application is located, at least 30 days before the
hearing date.

513 I. The Director may, on his own motion or at the request of the applicant or permittee, for good 514 cause shown, reschedule the date of the public hearing. In the event the Director reschedules the date for 515 the public hearing after notice has been published, he shall, or require the applicant to, provide 516 reasonable notice of the new date of the public hearing. Such notice shall be published once in the same 517 newspaper where the original notice was published.

J. Public hearings held pursuant to these procedures may be conducted by (i) the Board at a regular
or special meeting of the Board or (ii) one or more members of the Board. A member of the Board
shall preside over the public hearing.

K. The presiding Board member shall have the authority to maintain order, preserve the impartiality
of the decision process, and conclude the hearing process expeditiously. The presiding Board member, in
order to carry out his responsibilities under this subsection, is authorized to exercise the following
powers, including but not limited to:

525 1. Prescribing the methods and procedures to be used in the presentation of factual data, arguments,
526 and proof orally and in writing including the imposition of reasonable limitations on the time permitted
527 for oral testimony;

528 2. Consolidating the presentation of factual data, arguments, and proof to avoid repetitive 529 presentation of them;

3. Ruling on procedural matters; and

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4. Acting as custodian of the record of the public hearing causing all notices and written submittalsto be entered in it.

L. The public comment period will remain open for 15 days after the close of the public hearing if required by § 10.1-1307.01.

535 M. When the public hearing is conducted by less than a quorum of the Board, the Department shall, 536 promptly after the close of the public hearing comment period, make a report to the Board.

N. After the close of the public hearing comment period, the Board shall, at a regular or special meeting, take final action on the permit. Such decision shall be issued within 90 days of the close of the public comment period or from a later date, as agreed to by the permittee or applicant and the Board or the Director. The Board shall not take any action on a permit where a public hearing was convened solely to satisfy the requirements of state or federal law or regulation unless the permit was provided to the Board for its consideration pursuant to the provisions of this section.

O. When the public hearing was conducted by less than a quorum of the Board, persons who
commented during the public comment period shall be afforded an opportunity at the Board meeting
when final action is scheduled to respond to any summaries of the public comments prepared by the
Department for the Board's consideration subject to such reasonable limitations on the time permitted for
oral testimony or presentation of repetitive material as are determined by the Board.

P. In making its decision, the Board shall consider (i) the verbal and written comments received during the public comment period made part of the record, (ii) any explanation of comments previously received during the public comment period made at the Board meeting, (iii) the comments and recommendation of the Department, and (iv) the agency files. When the decision of the Board is to

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552 adopt the recommendation of the Department, the Board shall provide in writing a clear and concise 553 statement of the legal basis and justification for the decision reached. When the decision of the Board varies from the recommendation of the Department, the Board shall, in consultation with legal counsel, 554 555 provide a clear and concise statement explaining the reason for the variation and how the Board's 556 decision is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The written statement shall be provided 557 contemporaneously with the decision of the Board. Copies of the decision, certified by the Director, 558 shall be mailed by certified mail to the permittee or applicant. 559

§ 15.2-1627.4. Coordination of multidisciplinary response to sexual assault.

560 A. The attorney for the Commonwealth in each political subdivision in the Commonwealth shall coordinate the establishment of a multidisciplinary response to criminal sexual assault as set forth in 561 Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, and hold a meeting, at least annually, to (i) 562 discuss implementation of protocols and policies for sexual assault response teams consistent with those 563 564 established by the Department of Criminal Justice Services pursuant to subdivision 37 d of § 9.1-102 and (ii) establish and review guidelines for the community's response, including the collection, 565 preservation, and secure storage of evidence from Physical Evidence Recovery Kit examinations 566 consistent with § 19.2-165.1. 567

568 B. The following persons or their designees shall be invited to participate in the annual meeting: the 569 attorney for the Commonwealth; the sheriff; the director of the local sexual assault crisis center 570 providing services in the jurisdiction, if any; the chief of each police department and the chief of each 571 campus police department of any institution of higher education in the jurisdiction, if any; a forensic nurse examiner or other health care provider who performs Physical Evidence Recovery Kit examinations in the jurisdiction, if any; the Title IX coordinator of any institution of higher education in 572 573 the jurisdiction, if any; representatives from the offices of student affairs, human resources, and 574 counseling services of any institution of higher education in the jurisdiction, if any; a representative of 575 576 campus security of any institution of higher education in the jurisdiction that has not established a campus police department, if any; and the director of the victim/witness program in the jurisdiction, if 577 578 any. In addition, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall invite other individuals, or their designees, to 579 participate in the annual meeting, including (i) local health department district directors; (ii) the 580 administrator of each licensed hospital within the jurisdiction; (iii) the director of each health safety net clinic within the jurisdiction, including those clinics created by 42 C.F.R. § 491.1 and the free and 581 582 charitable clinics; and (iv) as determined by the attorney for the Commonwealth, any other local health 583 care providers.

584 C. Attorneys for the Commonwealth are authorized to conduct the sexual assault response team 585 annual meetings using other methods to encourage attendance, including electronic communication 586 means as provided in § 2.2-3708.2 2.2-3708.3.

§ 23.1-1301. Governing boards; powers.

588 A. The board of visitors of each baccalaureate public institution of higher education or its designee 589 may: 590

- 1. Make regulations and policies concerning the institution;
- 591 2. Manage the funds of the institution and approve an annual budget;
- 592 3. Appoint the chief executive officer of the institution;
- 593 4. Appoint professors and fix their salaries; and
- 594 5. Fix the rates charged to students for tuition, mandatory fees, and other necessary charges.
- 595 B. The governing board of each public institution of higher education or its designee may:

596 1. In addition to the powers set forth in Restructured Higher Education Financial and Administrative 597 Operations Act (§ 23.1-1000 et seq.), lease or sell and convey its interest in any real property that it has 598 acquired by purchase, will, or deed of gift, subject to the prior approval of the Governor and any terms and conditions of the will or deed of gift, if applicable. The proceeds shall be held, used, and 599 600 administered in the same manner as all other gifts and bequests;

601 2. Grant easements for roads, streets, sewers, waterlines, electric and other utility lines, or other 602 purposes on any property owned by the institution;

3. Adopt regulations or institution policies for parking and traffic on property owned, leased, 603 604 maintained, or controlled by the institution;

4. Adopt regulations or institution policies for the employment and dismissal of professors, teachers, 605 606 instructors, and other employees;

5. Adopt regulations or institution policies for the acceptance and assistance of students in addition to 607 608 the regulations or institution policies required pursuant to § 23.1-1303;

609 6. Adopt regulations or institution policies for the conduct of students in attendance and for the 610 rescission or restriction of financial aid, suspension, and dismissal of students who fail or refuse to abide 611 by such regulations or policies;

7. Establish programs, in cooperation with the Council and the Office of the Attorney General, to 612 613 promote (i) student compliance with state laws on the use of alcoholic beverages and (ii) the awareness

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614 and prevention of sexual crimes committed upon students;

8. Establish guidelines for the initiation or induction of students into any social fraternity or sorority 615 616 in accordance with the prohibition against hazing as defined in § 18.2-56;

9. Assign any interest it possesses in intellectual property or in materials in which the institution 617 618 claims an interest, provided such assignment is in accordance with the terms of the institution's 619 intellectual property policies adopted pursuant to § 23.1-1303. The Governor's prior written approval is 620 required for transfers of such property (i) developed wholly or predominantly through the use of state 621 general funds, exclusive of capital assets and (ii)(a) developed by an employee of the institution acting 622 within the scope of his assigned duties or (b) for which such transfer is made to an entity other than (1) the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority, (2) an entity whose purpose is to manage 623 624 intellectual properties on behalf of nonprofit organizations, colleges, and universities, or (3) an entity 625 whose purpose is to benefit the respective institutions. The Governor may attach conditions to these 626 transfers as he deems necessary. In the event the Governor does not approve such transfer, the materials 627 shall remain the property of the respective institutions and may be used and developed in any manner permitted by law; 628

629 10. Conduct closed meetings pursuant to §§ 2.2-3711 and 2.2-3712 and conduct business as a "state public body" for purposes of subsection D of through electronic communication means pursuant to § 630 2.2-3708.2 2.2-3708.3; and 631

632 11. Adopt a resolution to require the governing body of a locality that is contiguous to the institution 633 to enforce state statutes and local ordinances with respect to offenses occurring on the property of the 634 institution. Upon receipt of such resolution, the governing body of such locality shall enforce statutes 635 and local ordinances with respect to offenses occurring on the property of the institution. 636

§ 23.1-2425. Confidential and public information.

637 A. The Authority is subject to the provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 638 et seq.), including the exclusions set forth in subdivision 14 of § 2.2-3705.7 and subdivision A 23 of 639 § 2.2-3711.

640 B. For purposes of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.), meetings of the 641 board are not considered meetings of the board of visitors of the University. Meetings of the board may 642 be conducted through electronic communication means as provided in § 2.2-3708.2 2.2-3708.3. 643

§ 30-179. Powers and duties of the Council.

The Council shall:

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645 1. Furnish, upon request, advisory opinions or guidelines, and other appropriate information regarding 646 the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) to any person or public body, in an 647 expeditious manner;

648 2. Conduct training seminars and educational programs for the members and staff of public bodies and other interested persons on the requirements of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 649 650 et seq.);

651 3. Publish such educational materials as it deems appropriate on the provisions of the Virginia 652 Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.);

653 4. Request from any public body such assistance, services, and information as will enable the 654 Council to effectively carry out its responsibilities. Information provided to the Council by a public body shall not be released to any other party unless authorized by such public body; 655 656

5. Assist in the development and implementation of the provisions of § 2.2-3704.1;

657 6. Develop the public comment form for use by designated public bodies in accordance with 658 subdivision D 6 of <u>§ 2.2-3708.2</u>;

659 7. Develop an online public comment form to be posted on the Council's official public government 660 website to enable any requester to comment on the quality of assistance provided to the requester by a 661 public body; and

8. 7. Report annually on or before December 1 of each year on its activities and findings regarding 662 the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.), including recommendations for changes in 663 664 the law, to the General Assembly and the Governor. The annual report shall be published as a state 665 document.

§ 62.1-44.15:02. Permits; procedures for public hearings and permits before the Board.

667 A. During the public comment period on a permit action, interested persons may request a public 668 hearing to contest such action or the terms and conditions thereof. Where public hearings are mandatory 669 under state or federal law or regulation, interested persons may request, during the public comment 670 period on the permit action, that the Board consider the permit action pursuant to the requirements of 671 this section.

672 B. Requests for a public hearing or Board consideration shall contain the following information:

673 1. The name, mailing address, and telephone number of the requester;

674 2. The names and addresses of all persons for whom the requester is acting as a representative (for 676

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675 the purposes of this requirement, an unincorporated association is a person);

3. The reason why a public hearing or Board consideration is requested;

4. A brief, informal statement setting forth the factual nature and the extent of the interest of the requester or of the persons for whom the requester is acting as representative in the application or tentative determination, including an explanation of how and to what extent such interest would be directly and adversely affected by the issuance, denial, modification, or revocation of the permit in question; and

682 5. Where possible, specific references to the terms and conditions of the permit in question, together
683 with suggested revisions and alterations of those terms and conditions that the requester considers are
684 needed to conform the permit to the intent and provisions of the State Water Control Law (§ 62.1-44.2
685 et seq.).

686 C. Upon completion of the public comment period on a permit action, the Director shall review all
687 timely requests for public hearing or Board consideration filed during the public comment period on the
688 permit action and within 30 calendar days following the expiration of the time period for the submission
689 of requests shall grant a public hearing or Board consideration after the public hearing required by state
690 or federal law or regulation, unless the permittee or applicant agrees to a later date, if the Director finds
691 the following:

692 1. That there is a significant public interest in the issuance, denial, modification, or revocation of the
693 permit in question as evidenced by receipt of a minimum of 25 individual requests for a public hearing
694 or Board consideration;

695 2. That the requesters raise substantial, disputed issues relevant to the issuance, denial, modification,696 or revocation of the permit in question; and

697 3. That the action requested is not on its face inconsistent with, or in violation of, the State Water698 Control Law (§ 62.1-44.2 et seq.), federal law or any regulation promulgated thereunder.

D. Either the Director or a majority of the Board members, acting independently, may request a meeting of the Board to be convened within 20 days of the Director's decision pursuant to subsection C in order to review such decision and determine by a majority vote of the Board whether or not to grant a public hearing or Board consideration, or to delegate the permit to the Director for his decision.

703 For purposes of this subsection, if a Board meeting is held via electronic communication means, the meeting shall be held in compliance with the provisions of § 2.2-3708.2, except that a quorum of the 704 705 Board is not required to be physically assembled at one primary or central meeting location 2.2-3708.3. 706 Discussions of the Board held via such electronic communication means shall be specifically limited to a 707 (i) review of the Director's decision pursuant to subsection C, (ii) determination of the Board whether or 708 not to grant a public hearing or Board consideration, or (iii) delegation of the permit to the Director for his decision. No other matter of public business shall be discussed or transacted by the Board during 709 710 any such meeting held via electronic communication means.

E. The Director shall, forthwith, notify by mail at his last known address (i) each requester and (ii)
the applicant or permittee of the decision to grant or deny a public hearing or Board consideration.

F. In addition to subsections C, D, and E, the Director may, in his discretion, convene a public hearing on a permit action or submit a permit action to the Board for its consideration.

715 G. If a determination is made to hold a public hearing, the Director shall schedule the hearing at a 716 time between 45 and 75 days after mailing of the notice required by subsection E.

717 H. The Director shall cause, or require the applicant to publish, notice of a public hearing to be
718 published once, in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or county where the facility or
719 operation that is the subject of the permit or permit application is located, at least 30 days before the
720 hearing date.

721 I. The Director may, on his own motion or at the request of the applicant or permittee, for good 722 cause shown, reschedule the date of the public hearing. In the event the Director reschedules the date for 723 the public hearing after notice has been published, he shall, or require the applicant to, provide 724 reasonable notice of the new date of the public hearing. Such notice shall be published once in the same 725 newspaper where the original notice was published.

J. Public hearings held pursuant to these procedures may be conducted by (i) the Board at a regular
or special meeting of the Board or (ii) one or more members of the Board. A member of the Board
shall preside over the public hearing.

729 K. The presiding Board member shall have the authority to maintain order, preserve the impartiality
730 of the decision process, and conclude the hearing process expeditiously. The presiding Board member, in
731 order to carry out his responsibilities under this subsection, is authorized to exercise the following
732 powers, including but not limited to:

733 1. Prescribing the methods and procedures to be used in the presentation of factual data, arguments,
734 and proof orally and in writing including the imposition of reasonable limitations on the time permitted
735 for oral testimony;

736 2. Consolidating the presentation of factual data, arguments, and proof to avoid repetitive

737 presentation of them;

738 3. Ruling on procedural matters; and

739 4. Acting as custodian of the record of the public hearing causing all notices and written submittals740 to be entered in it.

L. The public comment period will remain open for 15 days after the close of the public hearing if required by § 62.1-44.15:01.

743 M. When the public hearing is conducted by less than a quorum of the Board, the Department shall, 744 promptly after the close of the public hearing comment period, make a report to the Board.

N. After the close of the public hearing comment period, the Board shall, at a regular or special meeting, take final action on the permit. Such decision shall be issued within 90 days of the close of the public comment period or from a later date, as agreed to by the permittee or applicant and the Board or the Director. The Board shall not take any action on a permit where a public hearing was convened solely to satisfy the requirements of state or federal law or regulation unless the permit was provided to the Board for its consideration pursuant to the provisions of this section.

751 O. When the public hearing was conducted by less than a quorum of the Board, persons who 752 commented during the public comment period shall be afforded an opportunity at the Board meeting 753 when final action is scheduled to respond to any summaries of the public comments prepared by the 754 Department for the Board's consideration subject to such reasonable limitations on the time permitted for 755 oral testimony or presentation of repetitive material as are determined by the Board.

756 P. In making its decision, the Board shall consider (i) the verbal and written comments received 757 during the public comment period made part of the record, (ii) any explanation of comments previously 758 received during the public comment period made at the Board meeting, (iii) the comments and 759 recommendation of the Department, and (iv) the agency files. When the decision of the Board is to 760 adopt the recommendation of the Department, the Board shall provide in writing a clear and concise statement of the legal basis and justification for the decision reached. When the decision of the Board 761 762 varies from the recommendation of the Department, the Board shall, in consultation with legal counsel, provide a clear and concise statement explaining the reason for the variation and how the Board's 763 764 decision is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The written statement shall be provided contemporaneously with the decision of the Board. Copies of the decision, certified by the Director, 765 766 shall be mailed by certified mail to the permittee or applicant.