2021 SPECIAL SESSION I

ENROLLED

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 10.1-1186.01, 62.1-44.19:13, and 62.1-44.19:14 of the Code of
 3 Virginia, relating to Chesapeake Bay Phase III Watershed Improvement Plan; nutrient removal; regulations.

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Approved

[S 1354]

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

8 1. That §§ 10.1-1186.01, 62.1-44.19:13, and 62.1-44.19:14 of the Code of Virginia are amended and 9 reenacted as follows:

§ 10.1-1186.01. Reimbursements to localities for upgrades to treatment works.

11 A. As used in this section, "Enhanced Nutrient Removal Certainty Program" or "ENRC Program" 12 means the same as that term is defined in § 62.1-44.19:13.

13 B. The General Assembly shall fund grants to finance the reasonable costs of design and installation of nutrient removal technology at the publicly owned treatment works designated as significant 14 15 dischargers contained in subsection E, F or as eligible nonsignificant dischargers as defined in § 10.1-2117. Notwithstanding § 10.1-2128, at such time as When grant disbursements pursuant to this 16 section reach 200 percent of the appropriations provided for in Chapter 951 of the Acts of Assembly of 17 2005 and Chapter 10 of the Acts of Assembly of 2006, Special Session I a sum sufficient to fund the 18 19 completion of the ENRC Program at all publicly owned treatment works, the House Committee on 20 Agriculture, Chesapeake and Natural Resources, the House Committee on Appropriations, the Senate 21 Committee on Agriculture, Conservation and Natural Resources, and the Senate Committee on Finance and Appropriations shall review (i) the future funding needs to meet the purposes of the Water Quality 22 23 Improvement Act, (ii) the most recent annual needs estimate required by § 10.1-2134.1, and (iii) the 24 appropriate funding mechanism for such needs.

B. C. The disbursement of grants for the design and installation of nutrient removal technology at 25 26 those publicly owned treatment works included in subsection \mathbf{E} F and eligible nonsignificant dischargers 27 shall be made monthly based on a requisition submitted by the grant recipient in the form requested by 28 the Department. Each requisition shall include written certification that the applicable local share of the 29 cost of nutrient removal technology for that portion of the project covered by such requisition has been 30 incurred or expended. Except as may otherwise be approved by the Department, disbursements shall not exceed 95 percent of the total grant amount until satisfactory completion of the project. The distribution 31 32 of the grants shall be effected by one of the following methods:

1. In payments to be paid by the State Treasurer out of funds appropriated to the Water Quality
 Improvement Fund pursuant to § 10.1-2131;

2. Over a specified time through a contractual agreement entered into by the Treasury Board and approved by the Governor, on behalf of the Commonwealth, and the locality or public service authority undertaking the design and installation of nutrient removal technology, such payments to be paid by the State Treasurer out of funds appropriated to the Treasury Board; or

39 3. In payments to be paid by the State Treasurer upon request of the Director of Environmental Quality out of proceeds from bonds issued by the Virginia Public Building Authority, in consultation with the Department of Environmental Quality, pursuant to §§ 2.2-2261, 2.2-2263, and 2.2-2264, including the Commonwealth's share of the interest costs expended by the locality or regional authority for financing such project during the period from 50% 50 percent completion of construction to final completion of construction.

45 C. D. The General Assembly shall have has the sole authority to determine whether disbursement 46 will shall be made pursuant to subdivision $\mathbb{B} \ C \ 1$, $\mathbb{B} \ 2$, or $\mathbb{B} \ 3$, or a combination thereof; provided that 47 a disbursement shall only be made pursuant to subdivision $\mathbb{B} \ C \ 3$ only upon a certification by the 48 Department of Environmental Quality that project grant reimbursements for the fiscal year will exceed 49 the available funds in the Water Quality Improvement Fund.

50 D. E. Exclusive of any deposits made pursuant to § 10.1-2128, the grants awarded pursuant to this 51 section shall include such appropriations as provided for in Chapter 951 of the Acts of Assembly of 52 2005; and Chapter 10 of the Acts of Assembly of 2006, Special Session I from time to time in the 53 appropriation act or any amendments thereto.

54 E. F. The disbursement of grants to finance the costs of design and installation of nutrient removal 55 technology, *including eligible design and installation costs for implementation of the ENRC Program*, at 56 the following 89 *listed* publicly owned treatment works and other eligible nonsignificant dischargers SB1354ER

shall be provided pursuant to the distribution methodology included in § 10.1-2131. However, in The notation "WIP3-N" or "WIP3-P" indicates that a facility is subject to additional requirements for total nitrogen or total phosphorus, respectively, under the ENRC Program. In no case shall any publicly owned treatment works receive a grant of less than 35% 35 percent of the costs of the design and installation of nutrient removal technology.

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63 Shenandoah - Potomac River Basin 64 ACSA-Fishersville STP Augusta County Service Authority 65 Luray STP Town of Luray 66 ACSA-Middle River Regional STP Augusta County Service Authority 67 HRRSA-North River WWTF WIP3-P Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer 68 69 Authority Augusta County Service Authority ACSA-Stuarts Draft STP 70 Waynesboro STP City of Waynesboro 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 ACSA-Weyers Cave STP Augusta County Service Authority Berryville STP Town of Berryville Front Royal STP Town of Front Royal Mount Jackson STP Town of Mount Jackson New Market STP Town of New Market Shenandoah Co.-North Fork Regional WWTP Shenandoah County Stoney Creek Sanitary District STP Stoney Creek Sanitary District Town of Strasburg Strasburg STP Woodstock STP Town of Woodstock 80 FWSA-Opequon Water Reclamation Facility Frederick-Winchester Service Authority 81 FWSA-Parkins Mill WWTF Frederick-Winchester Service Authority 82 83 84 Purcellville-Basham Simms WWTF Town of Purcellville LCSA-Broad Run WRF Loudoun County Service Authority Leesburg WPCF Town of Leesburg 85 Round Hill WWTP Town of Round Hill 86 87 PWCSA-H.L. Mooney WWTF Prince William County Service Authority Upper Occoquan Sewage Authority WWTP Upper Occoquan Sewage Authority 88 FCW&SA-Vint Hill WWTF Fauquier County Water and Sewer Authority **89** Alexandria Sanitation Authority WWTP Alexandria Sanitation Authority **9**0 Arlington Co. WPCF Arlington County 91 Fairfax County Fairfax Co. - Noman-Cole Pollution Control Facility 92 Stafford Co.-Aquia WWTP Stafford County 9**3** Colonial Beach STP Town of Colonial Beach 94 Dahlgren Sanitary District WWTP King George County Service Authority 95 King George County Service Authority Fairview Beach STP 96 Purkins Corner WWTP King George County Service Authority **97** District of Columbia - Blue Plains STP (Virginia Loudoun County Service Authority and Fairfax 98 County contract for capacity portion) 99 Rappahannock River Basin 100 Culpeper WWTP Town of Culpeper 101 Marshall WWTP Town of Marshall 102 Mountain Run WWTP Culpeper County 103 Orange STP Town of Orange 104 Rapidan STP Rapidan Service Authority 105 FCW&SA-Remington WWTP Fauquier County Water and Sewer Authority 106 Town of Warrenton Warrenton STP 107 Wilderness Shores WWTP Rapidan Service Authority 108 Spotsylvania Co.-FMC WWTF WIP3-N, WIP3-P Spotsylvania County 109 Fredericksburg WWTF City of Fredericksburg 110 Stafford Co.-Little Falls Run WWTF Stafford County Spotsylvania Co.-Massaponax WWTF WIP3-N, 111 Spotsylvania County 112 WIP3-P 113 Montross-Westmoreland WWTP Westmoreland County 114 Oakland Park STP King George County Service Authority Tappahannock WWTP 115 Town of Tappahannock 116 Urbanna WWTP Hampton Roads Sanitation District 117 Warsaw STP Town of Warsaw 118 Reedville Sanitary District WWTP Reedville Sanitary District 119 Kilmarnock WWTP Town of Kilmarnock 120 York River Basin Caroline Co. Regional STP 121 Caroline County Gordonsville STP Rapidan Service Authority $\overline{1}\overline{2}\overline{3}$ Ashland WWTP Hanover County

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FACILITY NAME

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124 Doswell WWTP Hanover County 125 HRSD-York River STP WIP3-N Hampton Roads Sanitation District 126 Parham Landing WWTP New Kent County 127 Totopotomoy WWTP Hanover County 128 HRSD-West Point STP Hampton Roads Sanitation District 129 HRSD-Mathews Courthouse STP Hampton Roads Sanitation District 130 Spotsylvania Co.-Thornburg STP WIP3-N, WIP3-P Spotsylvania County 131 James River Basin 132 Buena Vista STP City of Buena Vista 133 Clifton Forge STP Town of Clifton Forge 134 Covington STP City of Covington 135 Lexington-Rockbridge Regional WQCF Maury Service Authority 136 Alleghany Co.-Low Moor STP Alleghany County 137 Alleghany Co.-Lower Jackson River WWTP Alleghany County 138 Amherst-Rutledge Creek WWTP Town of Amherst 139 Lynchburg STP City of Lynchburg 140 **RWSA-Moores Creek Regional STP** Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority 141 Crewe WWTP Town of Crewe 142 Farmville WWTP Town of Farmville 143 Chesterfield Co.-Falling Creek WWTP Chesterfield County 144 Henrico Co. WWTP Henrico County 145 Hopewell Regional WWTF City of Hopewell 146 Chesterfield Co.-Proctors Creek WWTP Chesterfield County 147 Richmond WWTP City of Richmond 148 South Central Wastewater Authority WWTF South Central Wastewater Authority 149 WIP3-N. WIP3-P 150 Chickahominy WWTP New Kent County 151 HRSD-Boat Harbor STP WIP3-N, WIP3-P Hampton Roads Sanitation District 152 HRSD-James River STP WIP3-N, WIP3-P Hampton Roads Sanitation District 153 154 HRSD-Williamsburg STP WIP3-N, WIP3-P Hampton Roads Sanitation District HRSD-Nansemond STP WIP3-N, WIP3-P Hampton Roads Sanitation District 155 HRSD-Army Base STP WIP3-N, WIP3-P Hampton Roads Sanitation District 156 HRSD-Virginia Initiative Plant STP WIP3-N, Hampton Roads Sanitation District 157 158 159 WIP3-P HRSD-Chesapeake/Elizabeth STP WIP3-N, WIP3-P Eastern Shore Basin

160 Cape Charles WWTP

161 Onancock WWTP

162 Tangier Island WWTP

163 F. G. To the extent that any publicly owned treatment works receives less than the grant specified 164 pursuant to § 10.1-2131, any year-end revenue surplus or unappropriated balances deposited in the Water Quality Improvement Fund, as required by § 10.1-2128, shall be prioritized in order to augment the 165 funding of those projects for which grants have been prorated. Any additional reimbursements to these 166 167 prorated projects shall not exceed the total reimbursement amount due pursuant to the formula 168 established in subsection E of § 10.1-2131.

169 G. H. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B of § 10.1-2131, the Director of the Department 170 of Environmental Quality shall not be required to enter into a grant agreement with a facility designated 171 as a significant discharger or eligible nonsignificant discharger if the Director determines that the use of 172 nutrient credits in accordance with the Chesapeake Bay Watershed Nutrient Credit Exchange Program 173 (§ 62.1-44.19:12 et seq.) would be significantly more cost-effective than the installation of nutrient 174 controls for the facility in question.

175 § 62.1-44.19:13. Definitions. 176

As used in this article, unless the context requires a different meaning:

177 "Annual mass load of total nitrogen" (expressed in pounds per year) means the daily total nitrogen concentration (expressed as mg/L to the nearest 0.01 mg/L) multiplied by the flow volume of effluent 178 179 discharged during the 24-hour period (expressed as MGD to the nearest 0.01 MGD), multiplied by 8.34 180 and rounded to the nearest whole number to convert to pounds per day (lbs/day) units, then totaled for 181 the calendar month to convert to pounds per month (lbs/mo) units, and then totaled for the calendar year 182 to convert to pounds per year (lbs/yr) units.

"Annual mass load of total phosphorus" (expressed in pounds per year) means the daily total 183 184 phosphorus concentration (expressed as mg/L to the nearest 0.01mg/L) multiplied by the flow volume of 185 effluent discharged during the 24-hour period (expressed as MGD to the nearest 0.01 MGD) multiplied 186 by 8.34 and rounded to the nearest whole number to convert to pounds per day (lbs/day) units, then 187 totaled for the calendar month to convert to pounds per month (lbs/mo) units, and then totaled for the 188 calendar year to convert to pounds per year (lbs/yr) units.

Hampton Roads Sanitation District

Town of Cape Charles Town of Onancock Town of Tangier

189 "Association" means the Virginia Nutrient Credit Exchange Association authorized by this article.

190 "Attenuation" means the rate at which nutrients are reduced through natural processes during 191 transport in water.

192 "Best management practice," "practice," or "BMP" means a structural practice, nonstructural practice, 193 or other management practice used to prevent or reduce nutrient loads associated with stormwater from 194 reaching surface waters or the adverse effects thereof.

195 "Biological nutrient removal technology" means (i) technology that will achieve an annual average total nitrogen effluent concentration of eight milligrams per liter and an annual average total phosphorus 196 197 effluent concentration of one milligram per liter, or (ii) equivalent reductions in loads of total nitrogen and total phosphorus through the recycle or reuse of wastewater as determined by the Department. 198

199 "Delivered total nitrogen load" means the discharged mass load of total nitrogen from a point source 200 that is adjusted by the delivery factor for that point source.

"Delivered total phosphorus load" means the discharged mass load of total phosphorus from a point 201 202 source that is adjusted by the delivery factor for that point source.

203 "Delivery factor" means an estimate of the number of pounds of total nitrogen or total phosphorus 204 delivered to tidal waters for every pound discharged from a permitted facility, as determined by the 205 specific geographic location of the permitted facility, to account for attenuation that occurs during 206 riverine transport between the permitted facility and tidal waters. Delivery factors shall be calculated 207 using the Chesapeake Bay Program watershed model. 208

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Quality.

"Enhanced Nutrient Removal Certainty Program" or "ENRC Program" means the Phase III 209 Watershed Implementation Plan Enhanced Nutrient Removal Certainty Program established pursuant to 210 211 subsection G of § 62.1-44.19:14.

"Equivalent load" means 2,300 pounds per year of total nitrogen and 300 pounds per year of total 212 213 phosphorus at a flow volume of 40,000 gallons per day; 5,700 pounds per year of total nitrogen and 760 pounds per year of total phosphorus at a flow volume of 100,000 gallons per day; and 28,500 pounds 214 215 per year of total nitrogen and 3,800 pounds per year of total phosphorus at a flow volume of 500,000 216 gallons per day.

217 "Facility" means a point source discharging or proposing to discharge total nitrogen or total 218 phosphorus to the Chesapeake Bay or its tributaries. This term does not include confined animal feeding 219 operations, discharges of stormwater, return flows from irrigated agriculture, or vessels. 220

"General permit" means the general permit authorized by this article. 221

"MS4" means a municipal separate storm sewer system.

222 "Nutrient credit" or "credit" means a nutrient reduction that is certified pursuant to this article and 223 expressed in pounds of phosphorus or nitrogen either (i) delivered to tidal waters when the credit is 224 generated within the Chesapeake Bay Watershed or (ii) as otherwise specified when generated in the 225 Southern Rivers watersheds. "Nutrient credit" does not include point source nitrogen credits or point 226 source phosphorus credits as defined in this section. 227

"Nutrient credit-generating entity" means an entity that generates nonpoint source nutrient credits.

228 "Permitted facility" means a facility authorized by the general permit to discharge total nitrogen or 229 total phosphorus. For the sole purpose of generating point source nitrogen credits or point source 230 phosphorus credits, "permitted facility" shall also mean the Blue Plains wastewater treatment facility 231 operated by the District of Columbia Water and Sewer Authority.

232 "Permittee" means a person authorized by the general permit to discharge total nitrogen or total 233 phosphorus.

234 "Point source nitrogen credit" means the difference between (i) the waste load allocation for a 235 permitted facility specified as an annual mass load of total nitrogen, and (ii) the monitored annual mass 236 load of total nitrogen discharged by that facility, where clause (ii) is less than clause (i), and where the 237 difference is adjusted by the applicable delivery factor and expressed as pounds per year of delivered 238 total nitrogen load.

239 "Point source phosphorus credit" means the difference between (i) the waste load allocation for a 240 permitted facility specified as an annual mass load of total phosphorus, and (ii) the monitored annual 241 mass load of total phosphorus discharged by that facility, where clause (ii) is less than clause (i), and 242 where the difference is adjusted by the applicable delivery factor and expressed as pounds per year of 243 delivered total phosphorus load.

"State-of-the-art nutrient removal technology" means (i) technology that will achieve an annual 244 245 average total nitrogen effluent concentration of three milligrams per liter and an annual average total 246 phosphorus effluent concentration of 0.3 milligrams per liter, or (ii) equivalent load reductions in total 247 nitrogen and total phosphorus through recycle or reuse of wastewater as determined by the Department.

248 "Tributaries" means those river basins listed in the Chesapeake Bay TMDL and includes the 249 Potomac, Rappahannock, York, and James River Basins, and the Eastern Shore, which encompasses the

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creeks and rivers of the Eastern Shore of Virginia that are west of Route 13 and drain into the 250 251 Chesapeake Bay.

252 "Waste load allocation" means (i) the water quality-based annual mass load of total nitrogen or 253 annual mass load of total phosphorus allocated to individual facilities pursuant to the Water Quality 254 Management Planning Regulation (9VAC25-720) or its successor, or permitted capacity in the case of 255 nonsignificant dischargers; (ii) the water quality-based annual mass load of total nitrogen or annual mass 256 load of total phosphorus acquired pursuant to § 62.1-44.19:15 for new or expanded facilities; or (iii) 257 applicable total nitrogen or total phosphorus waste load allocations under the Chesapeake Bay total 258 maximum daily loads (TMDLs) to restore or protect the water quality and beneficial uses of the 259 Chesapeake Bay or its tidal tributaries. 260

§ 62.1-44.19:14. Watershed general permit for nutrients.

261 A. By January 1, 2006, or as soon thereafter as possible, the The Board shall issue a Watershed General Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit, hereafter referred to as the general 262 263 permit, authorizing point source discharges of total nitrogen and total phosphorus to the waters of the 264 Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries. Except as otherwise provided in this article, the general permit shall 265 control in lieu of technology-based, water quality-based, and best professional judgment, interim or final 266 effluent limitations for total nitrogen and total phosphorus in individual Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permits for facilities covered by the general permit where the effluent limitations for 267 268 total nitrogen and total phosphorus in the individual permits are based upon standards, criteria, waste 269 load allocations, policy, or guidance established to restore or protect the water quality and beneficial 270 uses of the Chesapeake Bay or its tidal tributaries.

271 B. This section shall not be construed to limit or otherwise affect the Board's authority to establish 272 and enforce more stringent water quality-based effluent limitations for total nitrogen or total phosphorus 273 in individual permits where those limitations are necessary to protect local water quality. The exchange 274 or acquisition of credits pursuant to this article shall not affect any requirement to comply with such 275 local water quality-based limitations. 276

C. The general permit shall contain the following:

277 1. Waste load allocations for total nitrogen and total phosphorus for each permitted facility expressed 278 as annual mass loads, including reduced waste load allocations where applicable under the ENRC 279 *Program.* The allocations for each permitted facility shall reflect the applicable individual water 280 quality-based total nitrogen and total phosphorus waste load allocations. An owner or operator of two or 281 more facilities located in the same tributary may apply for and receive an aggregated waste load 282 allocation for total nitrogen and an aggregated waste load allocation for total phosphorus for multiple 283 facilities reflecting the total of the water quality-based total nitrogen and total phosphorus waste load 284 allocations established for such facilities individually;

285 2. A schedule requiring compliance with the combined waste load allocations for each tributary as 286 soon as possible taking into account (i) opportunities to minimize costs to the public or facility owners by phasing in the implementation of multiple projects; (ii) the availability of required services and skilled labor; (iii) the availability of funding from the Virginia Water Quality Improvement Fund as 287 288 289 established in § 10.1-2128, the Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund as established in § 62.1-225, 290 and other financing mechanisms; (iv) water quality conditions; and (v) other relevant factors. Following 291 receipt of the compliance plans required by subdivision C 3, the Board shall reevaluate the schedule 292 taking into account the information in the compliance plans and the factors in this subdivision, and may 293 modify the schedule as appropriate;

294 3. A requirement that within nine months after the initial effective date of the general permit, the permittees shall either individually or through the Association submit compliance plans to the 295 296 Department for approval. The compliance plans shall contain, at a minimum, any capital projects and 297 implementation schedules needed to achieve total nitrogen and phosphorus reductions sufficient to 298 comply with the individual and combined waste load allocations of all the permittees in the tributary. 299 The compliance plans may rely on the exchange of point source credits in accordance with this article, 300 but not the acquisition of credits through payments authorized by § 62.1-44.19:18, to achieve compliance 301 with the individual and combined waste load allocations in each tributary. The compliance plans shall be 302 updated annually and submitted to the Department no later than February 1 of each year. The 303 compliance plans due beginning February 1, 2023, shall address the requirements of the ENRC 304 *Program*;

305 4. Such monitoring and reporting requirements as the Board deems necessary to carry out the 306 provisions of this article;

307 5. A procedure that requires every owner or operator of a facility authorized by a Virginia Pollutant 308 Discharge Elimination System permit to discharge 100,000 gallons or more per day, or an equivalent 309 load, directly into tidal waters, or 500,000 gallons or more per day, or an equivalent load, directly into 310 nontidal waters, to secure general permit coverage by filing a registration statement with the Department 311 within a specified period after each effective date of the general permit. The procedure shall also require 312 any owner or operator of a facility authorized by a Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System 313 permit to discharge 40,000 gallons or more per day, or an equivalent load, directly into tidal or nontidal 314 waters to secure general permit coverage by filing a registration statement with the Department at the 315 time he makes application with the Department for a new discharge or expansion that is subject to an 316 offset or technology-based requirement in § 62.1-44.19:15, and thereafter within a specified period of 317 time after each effective date of the general permit. The procedure shall also require any owner or operator of a facility with a discharge that is subject to an offset requirement in subdivision A 5 of 318 319 § 62.1-44.19:15 to secure general permit coverage by filing a registration statement with the Department 320 prior to commencing the discharge and thereafter within a specified period of time after each effective 321 date of the general permit. The general permit shall provide that any facility authorized by a Virginia 322 Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit and not required by this subdivision to file a registration 323 statement shall be deemed to be covered under the general permit at the time it is issued, and shall file a registration statement with the Department when required by this section. Owners or operators of 324 325 facilities that are deemed to be permitted under this section shall have no other obligation under the 326 general permit prior to filing a registration statement and securing coverage under the general permit 327 based upon such registration statement;

328 6. A procedure for efficiently modifying the lists of facilities covered by the general permit where 329 the modification does not change or otherwise alter any waste load allocation or delivery factor adopted 330 pursuant to the Water Quality Management Planning Regulation (9VAC25-720) or its successor, or an 331 applicable total maximum daily load. The procedure shall also provide for modifying or incorporating 332 new waste load allocations or delivery factors, including the opportunity for public notice and comment 333 on such modifications or incorporations; and

7. Such other conditions as the Board deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter and 334 335 Section 402 of the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. §1342).

D. 1. The Board shall (i) review during the year 2020 and every 10 years thereafter the basis for 336 allocations granted in the Water Quality Management Planning Regulation (9VAC25-720) and (ii) as a 337 result of such decennial reviews propose for inclusion in the Water Quality Management Planning 338 339 Regulation (9VAC25-720) either the reallocation of unneeded allocations to other facilities registered 340 under the general permit or the reservation of such allocations for future use. 341

2. For each decennial review, the Board shall determine whether a permitted facility has:

342 a. Changed the use of the facility in such a way as to make discharges unnecessary, ceased the 343 discharge of nutrients, and become unlikely to resume such discharges in the foreseeable future; or

344 b. Changed the production processes employed in the facility in such a way as to render impossible, 345 or significantly to diminish the likelihood of, the resumption of previous nutrient discharges.

346 3. Beginning in 2030, each review also shall consider the following factors for municipal wastewater 347 facilities: 348

a. Substantial changes in the size or population of a service area;

349 b. Significant changes in land use resulting from adopted changes to zoning ordinances or 350 comprehensive plans within a service area;

351 c. Significant establishment of conservation easements or other perpetual instruments that are 352 associated with a deed and that restrict growth or development; 353

d. Constructed treatment facility capacity;

e. Significant changes in the understanding of the water chemistry or biology of receiving waters that 354 355 would reasonably result in unused nutrient discharge allocations over an extended period of time;

356 f. Significant changes in treatment technologies that would reasonably result in unused nutrient 357 discharge allocations over an extended period of time;

358 g. The ability of the permitted facility to accommodate projected growth under existing nutrient 359 waste load allocations; and

360 h. Other similarly significant factors that the Board determines reasonably to affect the allocations 361 granted.

362 The Board shall not reduce allocations based solely on voluntary improvements in nutrient removal 363 technology.

364 E. The Board shall maintain and make available to the public a current listing, by tributary, of all 365 permittees and permitted facilities under the general permit, together with each permitted facility's total 366 nitrogen and total phosphorus waste load allocations, and total nitrogen and total phosphorus delivery 367 factors.

368 F. Except as otherwise provided in this article, in the event that there are conflicting or duplicative 369 conditions contained in the general permit and an individual Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit, the conditions in the general permit shall control. 370

371 G. The Board shall adopt amendments to the Water Quality Management Planning Regulation and

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372		vischarge Elimination System permits or registration lists to
373		Watershed Implementation Plan Enhanced Nutrient Removal
374		provided in this subsection. The ENRC Program shall consist of
375 376	for compliance.	waste load allocation reductions and their respective schedules
370 377		rogen and phosphorus removal (schedule for compliance):
378	PROJECT NAME	DESCRIPTION (COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE)
379	HRSD-Chesapeake/Elizabeth STP	Consolidate into regional system and close treatment
380		facility (1/1/2023)
381 382	HRSD-Boat Harbor WWTP	Convey by subaqueous crossing to Nansemond River
383	HRSD-Nansemond River WWTP	WWTP for nutrient removal (1/1/2026) Upgrade and expand with nutrient removal technology of
384		4.0 mg/L total nitrogen (1/1/2026) and 0.30 mg/L total
385		phosphorus (1/1/2032)
386 387	HRSD-Nassawadox WWTP	Convey to regional system for nutrient removal (1/1/2026)
388	Spotsylvania CoFMC WWTF	Convey to Massaponax WWTF and close treatment facility (1/1/2026)
389	Spotsylvania CoMassaponax WWTF	Expand with nutrient removal technology of 4.0 mg/L total
390		nitrogen and 0.30 mg/L total phosphorus to consolidate
391 392	Successful and Constructions CTD	and close FMC WWTF (1/1/2026)
392 393	Spotsylvania CoThornburg STP	Upgrade with nutrient removal technology of 4.0 mg/L total nitrogen and 0.30 mg/L total phosphorus (1/1/2026)
394	HRRSA-North River WWTP	Phosphorus removal tertiary filtration upgrade (1/1/2026)
395	South Central Wastewater Authority WWTF	Upgrade with nutrient removal technology of 4.0 mg/L
396		total nitrogen and 0.30 mg/L total phosphorus (1/1/2026)
397 398	HRSD-Williamsburg WWTP	Upgrade with nutrient removal technology of 4.0 mg/L total nitrogen (1/1/2026) and 0.30 mg/L total phosphorus
399		(1/1/2032)
400	HRSD-VIP WWTP	Upgrade with nutrient removal technology of 4.0 mg/L
401		total nitrogen (1/1/2026) and 0.30 mg/L total phosphorus
402 403	HRSD-James River WWTP	(1/1/2032) Upgrade with nutrient removal technology of 4.0 mg/L
404	mod sames rever www.	total nitrogen (1/1/2026) and 0.30 mg/L total phosphorus
405		(1/1/2028)
406	HRSD-Army Base WWTP	Convey to VIP WWTP for nutrient removal (1/1/2032) or
407 408		upgrade with nutrient removal technology of 4.0 mg/L total nitrogen (1/1/2026) and 0.30 mg/L total phosphorus
409		(1/1/2032)
410		ciated schedule of compliance shall be incorporated into the
411		e Elimination System permit or registration list. Each priority
412	project facility shall be in compliance by complying with applicable annual average total nitrogen and	
413 414		mpliance years 2026, 2028, and 2032 or, only for a facility
414		ullocation, by exercising the option of achieving an equivalent he schedule of compliance based on the applicable total nitrogen
416		concentrations and actual annual flow treated without the
417		credits generated by permitted facilities not under common
418	ownership. Noncompliance shall be enforceable in the same manner as any other condition of a Virginia	
419	Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit.	
420	2. Nitrogen waste load allocation red	
421 422		allocation for the HRSD-York River WWTP to 228,444 lbs/year
423	effective January 1, 2026. 3. James River HRSD SWIFT nutrier	at unarades:
424	Reduce total nitrogen waste load allocations for HRSD treatment works in the James River basin to	
425	the following allocations effective Janua	
426		DTAL NITROGEN WASTELOAD ALLOCATION
427		(lbs/year)
428 429	HRSD-Army Base WWTP HRSD-Boat Harbor STP	219,307 304,593
430	HRSD-Jonai Harbor STF HRSD-James River STP	243,674
431	HRSD-VIP WWTP	487,348
432	HRSD-Nansemond STP	365,511
433	HRSD-Williamsburg STP	274,133 allocations for UBSD treatment works in the Lamos Diver basis

434 Reduce total phosphorus waste load allocations for HRSD treatment works in the James River basin
435 to the following allocations effective January 1, 2026:

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436	FACILITY NAME	TOTAL PHOSPHORUS WASTELOAD ALLOCATION
437		(lbs/year)
438	HRSD-Army Base WWTP	27,413
439	HRSD-Boat Harbor STP	38,074
440	HRSD-James River STP	30,459
441	HRSD-VIP WWTP	60,919
442	HRSD-Nansemond STP	45,689
443	HRSD-Williamsburg STP	34,267
444	Reduce total phosphorus	waste load allocations for HRSD treatment works in the James River basin
445	to the following allocations e	
446	FACILITY NAME	TOTAL PHOSPHORUS WASTELOAD ALLOCATION
447		(lbs/year)
448	HRSD-Army Base WWTP	21,931
449	HRSD-Boat Harbor STP	30,459
450	HRSD-James River STP	24,367
451	HRSD-VIP WWTP	48,735
452	HRSD-Nansemond STP	36,551
453	HRSD-Williamsburg STP	27,413
454	Reduce total phosphorus	waste load allocations for HRSD treatment works in the James River basin
455	to the following allocations e	ffective January 1, 2032:
456	FACILITY NAME	TOTAL PHOSPHORUS WASTELOAD ALLOCATION
457		(lbs/year)
458	HRSD-Army Base WWTP	16,448
459	HRSD-Boat Harbor STP	22,844
460	HRSD-James River STP	18,276
461	HRSD-VIP WWTP	36,551
462	HRSD-Nansemond STP	27,413
463	HRSD-Williamsburg STP	20,560
464		en (454,596 lbs/year) and total phosphorus (41,450 lbs/year) waste load
465	allocations for the HRSD-C	hesapeake/Elizabeth STP to the Nutrient Offset Fund effective January 1,
466	2026.	
467	Transfer the total nitrog	gen (153,500 lbs/yr) and total phosphorous (17,437 lbs/yr) waste load

load allocations for the HRSD-J.H. Miles Facility consolidation to HRSD in accordance with the approved 468 469 registration list December 21, 2015, transfer.

2. That the Enhanced Nutrient Removal Certainty Program as established in subdivisions G 1, 2, 470 and 3 of § 62.1-44.19:14 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by this act, shall be deemed to 471 implement through January 1, 2026, the Commonwealth's Chesapeake Bay Phase III Watershed 472 Implementation Plan in lieu of the floating waste load allocation concept proposed in Initiative 52 of the Commonwealth's Chesapeake Bay Phase III Watershed Implementation Plan. However, 473 474 475 nothing in this act shall be construed to limit the State Water Control Board's authority to impose 476 (i) additional requirements or modifications to phosphorous waste load allocations necessary to 477 achieve compliance with the numeric chlorophyll-a criteria applicable to the James River; (ii) 478 requirements or modifications to waste load allocations necessary to comply with changes to 479 federal law that become effective after January 1, 2021; or (iii) requirements or modifications to 480 waste load allocations necessary to comply with a court order issued after January 1, 2021.

481 3. That the State Water Control Board shall modify the Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination 482 System (VPDES) permits for the facilities listed in subdivision G 1 of § 62.1-44.19:14 of the Code 483 of Virginia, as amended by this act, to include any requirements and compliance schedules 484 established in this act.

4. That if the Secretary of Natural Resources (the Secretary) determines on or after July 1, 2026, 485 that the Commonwealth has not achieved, or in the event of increased nutrient loads associated 486 487 with climate change will not be able to maintain, its nitrogen pollution reduction commitments in the Chesapeake Bay Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Phase III Watershed Implementation 488 489 Plan, the Secretary may develop an additional watershed implementation plan or plans pursuant 490 to § 2.2-218 of the Code of Virginia. Any such plan shall take into consideration the progress 491 made by all point and nonpoint sources toward meeting applicable load and waste load allocations, 492 the best available science and water quality modeling, and any applicable U.S. Environmental 493 Protection Agency guidance for Chesapeake Bay TMDL implementation. In any such plan, the 494 Secretary may include as priority projects upgrades with nutrient removal technology of 4.0 mg/L 495 annual average total nitrogen concentration at municipal wastewater treatment facilities with a 496 design capacity greater than 10.0 MGD discharging to James River Segment JMSTF2 so long as 497 (i) the scheduled date for compliance is January 1, 2036; (ii) notwithstanding the wasteload 498 allocations specified in clause (iii), compliance requires operating the nutrient removal technology 499 to achieve an annual average total nitrogen concentration of less than or equal to 4.0 mg/L or,

500 until such time as the facility is upgraded to achieve such concentration, the option of achieving an 501 equivalent discharged load based on an annual average total nitrogen concentration of 4.0 mg/L 502 and actual annual flow treated, including the use of point source nitrogen credits; and (iii) the 503 facilities have and retain the following total nitrogen waste load allocations: Falling Creek WWTP (182,738 lbs/year), Proctors Creek WWTP (411,151 lbs/year and, in the event that Proctors Creek 504 WWTP is expanded in accordance with 9VAC25-40-70 and Falling Creek WWTP is upgraded to 505 achieve 4.0 mg/L, 493,391 lbs/year), and Henrico County WWTP (1,142,085 lbs/year). If the 506 Secretary opts to include such facilities in the plan, the State Water Control Board shall include 507 508 the foregoing concentrations limits, waste load allocations, and schedules for compliance in the 509 Water Quality Management Planning Regulation, the Watershed General Virginia Pollutant 510 Discharge Elimination System permit, and individual VPDES permits, as applicable.