2021 SPECIAL SESSION I

ENROLLED

[H 2081]

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VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 24.2-604, 24.2-671, and 24.2-802.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to 3 polling places; prohibited activities; possession of a firearm; penalty.

Approved

6 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

7 1. That §§ 24.2-604, 24.2-671, and 24.2-802.1 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted 8 as follows:

§ 24.2-604. Polling places; prohibited activities; prohibited area; penalties.

10 A. During the times the polls are open and ballots are being counted, or within one hour of opening or after closing, it is unlawful for any person (i) to loiter or congregate within 40 feet of any entrance 11 12 of any polling place; (ii) within such distance to give, tender, or exhibit any ballot, ticket, or other campaign material to any person or to solicit or in any manner attempt to influence any person in 13 casting his vote; or (iii) to hinder or delay a qualified voter in entering or leaving a polling place; or 14 15 (iv) to knowingly possess any firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2 within 40 feet of any building, or 16 part thereof, used as a polling place.

B. Prior to opening the polls, the officers of election shall post, in the area within 40 feet of any 17 18 entrance to the polling place, sufficient notices which that state "Prohibited Area" in two-inch type. The 19 notices shall also state the provisions of this section in not less than 24-point type. The officers of 20 election shall post the notices within the prohibited area to be visible to voters and the public.

21 C. It is unlawful for any authorized representative permitted in the polling place pursuant to 22 § 24.2-604.4, any voter, or any other person in the room to (i) hinder or delay a qualified voter; (ii) 23 give, tender, or exhibit any ballot, ticket, or other campaign material to any person; (iii) solicit or in any 24 manner attempt to influence any person in casting his vote; (iv) hinder or delay any officer of election; 25 (v) be in a position to see the marked ballot of any other voter; or (vi) otherwise impede the orderly 26 conduct of the election.

27 D. The provisions of subsections A and C shall not be construed to prohibit a person who 28 approaches or enters the polling place for the purpose of voting from wearing a shirt, hat, or other 29 apparel on which a candidate's name or a political slogan appears or from having a sticker or button 30 attached to his apparel on which a candidate's name or a political slogan appears. This exemption shall 31 not apply to candidates, representatives of candidates, or any other person who approaches or enters the 32 polling place for any purpose other than voting.

33 E. This section shall not be construed to prohibit a candidate from entering any polling place on the 34 day of the election to vote, or to visit a polling place for no longer than 10 minutes per polling place per election day, provided that he complies with the restrictions stated in subsections A, C, and D. 35

F. The provisions of clause (iv) of subsection A shall not apply to (i) any law-enforcement officer or 36 37 any retired law-enforcement officer qualified pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-308.016; (ii) any person 38 occupying his own private property that falls within 40 feet of a polling place; or (iii) an armed security 39 officer, licensed pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, whose employment or 40 performance of his duties occurs within 40 feet of any building, or part thereof, used as a polling place.

41 G. The officers of election may require any person who is found by a majority of the officers present 42 to be in violation of this section to remain outside of the prohibited area. Any person violating 43 subsection A or C is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

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§ 24.2-671. Electoral board to meet and ascertain results; conclusiveness of results.

45 Each electoral board shall meet at the clerk's or general registrar's office of the county or city for which they are appointed at or before 5:00 p.m. on the day after any election. The board may adjourn to 46 another room of sufficient size in a public building to ascertain the results, and may adjourn as needed, 47 not to exceed seven calendar days from the date of the election. Written directions to the location of any 48 49 room other than the clerk's or general registrar's office where the board will meet shall be posted at the 50 doors of the clerk's and general registrar's offices prior to the beginning of the meeting. 51

The board shall open the returns delivered by the officers.

If the electoral board has exercised the option provided by § 24.2-668 for delivery of the election 52 53 materials to the office of the general registrar on the night of the election, the electoral board shall meet 54 at the office of the general registrar at or before 5:00 p.m. on the day after any election.

55 The board shall ascertain from the returns the total votes in the county or city, or town in a town 56 election, for each candidate and for and against each question and complete the abstract of votes cast at

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such election, as provided for in § 24.2-675. For any office in which no person was elected by write-in 57 58 votes, and for which the total number of write-in votes for that office is less than (i) 10 percent of the 59 total number of votes cast for that office and (ii) the total number of votes cast for the candidate 60 receiving the most votes, the electoral board shall ascertain the total votes for each write-in candidate for 61 the office within one week following the election. For offices for which the electoral board issues the 62 certificate of election, the result so ascertained, signed and attested, shall be conclusive and shall not 63 thereafter be subject to challenge except as specifically provided in Chapter 8 (§ 24.2-800 et seq.) of this 64 title.

Once the result is so ascertained, the secretary of the electoral board shall deliver one copy of each statement of results to the general registrar to be available for inspection when his office is open for business. The secretary shall then return all pollbooks, any printed inspection and return sheets, and one copy of each statement of results to the clerk.

69 Beginning with the general election in November 2007, a report of any changes made by the local electoral board to the unofficial results ascertained by the officers of election or any subsequent change to the official abstract of votes made by the local electoral board shall be forwarded to the State Board of Elections and the explanation of such change shall be posted on the State Board website.

73 Each political party and each independent candidate on the ballot, or each primary candidate, shall be 74 entitled to have representatives present when the local electoral board meets to ascertain the results of 75 the election. Each such party and candidate shall be entitled to have at least as many representatives 76 present as there are teams of officials working to ascertain the results, and the room in which the local 77 electoral board meets shall be of sufficient size and configuration to allow the representatives reasonable 78 access and proximity to view the ballots as the teams of officials work to ascertain the results. The 79 representatives and observers lawfully present shall be prohibited from interfering with the officials in 80 any way. It is unlawful for any person to knowingly possess any firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2:2 within 40 feet of any building, or part thereof, used as a meeting place for the local electoral board 81 while the electoral board meets to ascertain the results of an election, unless such person is (a) any 82 83 law-enforcement officer or any retired law-enforcement officer qualified pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-308.016; (b) occupying his own private property that falls within 40 feet of a polling place; or 84 85 (c) an armed security officer, licensed pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, whose employment or performance of his duties occurs within 40 feet of any building, or part thereof, 86 used as a meeting place for the local electoral board while the electoral board meets to ascertain the 87 88 results of an election.

§ 24.2-802.1. Preliminary hearing; court to fix procedure for recount, appoint officers, and supervise the recount.

91 A. Within seven calendar days of the filing of the petition for a recount of any election other than an election for presidential electors, or within five calendar days of the filing of a petition for a recount of 92 93 an election for presidential electors, the chief judge of the circuit court shall call a preliminary hearing at which (i) motions may be disposed of and (ii) the rules of procedure may be fixed, both subject to 94 95 review by the full court. The petitioner and his counsel and each other party and their counsel under 96 supervision of the electoral board and its agents shall have access to pollbooks and other materials used 97 in the election for examination purposes, provided that individual ballots cast in the election shall not be 98 examined at the preliminary hearing. The chief judge during the preliminary hearing shall review all 99 security measures taken for all ballots and voting systems and direct, as he deems necessary, all 100 appropriate measures to ensure proper security to conduct the recount.

101 The chief judge, subject to review by the full court, may set the place for the recount and may order 102 the delivery of election materials to a central location and the transportation of voting systems to a 103 central location in each county or city under appropriate safeguards. These safeguards shall include 104 prohibiting any person from knowingly possessing any firearm as defined in § 18.2-308.2.2 within 40 105 feet of any building or part thereof used as the place for the recount, unless such person is (a) any law-enforcement officer or any retired law-enforcement officer qualified pursuant to subsection C of 106 § 18.2-308.016; (b) occupying his own private property that falls within 40 feet of a polling place; or (c) an armed security officer, licensed pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, 107 108 109 whose employment or performance of his duties occurs within 40 feet of any building, or part thereof, 110 used as a place for the recount.

B. After the full court is appointed under § 24.2-801 or 24.2-801.1, it shall call a hearing at which all motions shall be disposed of and the rules of procedure shall be fixed finally, and it shall issue a written order setting out such rules of procedure. The court shall call for the advice and cooperation of the Department, the State Board, or any local electoral board, as appropriate, and such boards or agency shall have the duty and authority to assist the court. The court shall fix any additional procedures, that are not provided for in this chapter, that shall provide for the accurate counting of votes in the election. The recount procedures to be followed throughout the election district shall be as uniform as practicable,

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118 taking into account the types of ballots and voting systems in use in the election district.

C. The court shall permit each candidate, or petitioner and governing body or chief executive officer, to select an equal number of the officers of election to be recount officials and to count printed ballots. The number shall be fixed by the court and be sufficient to conduct the recount within a reasonable period. The court may permit each party to the recount to submit a list of alternate officials in the number the court directs. There shall be at least one team from each locality using ballot scanner machines to insert the ballots into one or more scanners. Each team shall be composed of one representative of each party.

The court may provide that if, at the time of the recount, any recount official fails to appear, the 126 127 remaining recount officials present shall appoint substitute recount officials who shall possess the same 128 qualifications as the recount officials for whom they substitute. The court may select pairs of recount coordinators to serve for each county or city in the election district who shall be members of the county 129 130 or city electoral board and represent different political parties. The court shall have authority to summon 131 such officials and coordinators. On the request of any party to the recount, the court shall allow that party to appoint one representative observer for each team of recount officials. The representative 132 133 observers shall have an unobstructed view of the work of the recount officials. The expenses of its 134 representatives shall be borne by each party.

D. The court (i) shall supervise the recount and (ii) may require delivery of any or all pollbooks used
and any or all ballots cast at the election, or may assume supervision thereof through the recount
coordinators and officials.