HOUSE BILL NO. 1888 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 242-101, 242-416.1, 242-603, 242-653.1, 24.2-704, 242-705, 242-706 through 242-711, and 242-712 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 242-103.2, 242-667.1, and 242-707.1, relating to absente voting; procedural and process reforms; availability and accessibility reforms; penalty. Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate VanValkenburg Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections Image: Sections numbered 1242-103.2, 242-667.1, and 242-705, 242-706 through 242-711, and 242-712 of the Code of Virginia are amended and renacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 242-103.2, 242-667.1, and 242-707.1 as follows: § 242-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Ballot context sequers and section and the results tabulated." "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of its governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is qualified to have his name placed on the ballot for the office. To the purposes of Chapters 8 (§ 242-800 et seq.), 9.3 (§ 242-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 242-2455 et seq.). Candidate" shall include any write-in candidate. However, no write-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the Voises cast of the effice shall be eligible to thits are alcetion context purpose of Chapters 8. (§ 242-804 et seq.) of Chapters 9.3 (§ 242-945 et seq		21101608D
 A BILL to amend and remart §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-663.1, 24.2-705.1, 24.2-706, 24.2-706, Prough 24.2-711, and 24.2-7071. relating to absente voting: procedural and process reforms; availability and accessibility reforms; penalty. Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate VanValkenburg Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections I. That §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-653.1, 24.2-704, 24.2-705, 24.2-706 through 24.2-711, and 24.2-701, are follows: § 24.2-101. Definitions. and 24.2-712 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-667.1, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: § 24.2-101. Definitions. As used in hits title, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Ballot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked baltot to be scanned and the results tabulated. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of its governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is qualified to have his name placed on the balto rot the office. Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of cores of chapter 9.3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.), and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any write-in candidate. However, no write-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election contest pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.)." Candidate" shall include any person who raises or spends funds in order to seek or campaign for an office of the Commonwealth, excluding federal offices, orall boad 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.). "Constitution	1	
 24.2-706 through 24.2-711, and 24.2-712 of the Code of Virginia and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding sections numbered 24.2-705.1, 24.2-707.1, relating to absentee voing; procedural and process reforms; availability and accessibility reforms; penalty. Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate Van Valkenburg Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections 1. That §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-653.1, 24.2-704, 24.2-705, 24.2-706 through 24.2-711, and 24.2-712 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103, 22, 24.2-6671, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: § 24.2-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Ballot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked ballot to be scanned and the results tabulated. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of its governmental units in a general, primary, or special electroni and who is equalified to have his name placed on the ballot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party or whore, by reason of received if shall include any write-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an electino contest pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any write-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office or spends funds in order to seek or campaign for an office of the Commowealth, excluding federal offices, or one of its governmental units in a party nomination process or general, primary, or special election; and such person shall be considered a candidate until a final report is filed pursuant to § 24.2-43	2	House Amendments in [] - January 18, 2021
 by adding sections numbered 24.2:103.2 '24.2:667.1, and '24.2:707.1, relating to absence voing; procedural and process reforms; availability and accessibility reforms; penalty. Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate Van Valkenburg Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections I. That §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-657.1, and 24.2-705, 24.2-706 through 24.2-711, and 24.2-712 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-667.1, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: § 24.2-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Baltot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked baltot to be scanned and the results tabulated. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of is governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is equalified to have his name placed on the baltot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party for election to an political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a splitical party for election to an twitte-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election contest pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-805 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any write-in candidate. However, no write-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election contest pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-945, et seq.), "candidate" shall include any errons who raises or spends funds in order to seek or campain for an office of the circuit count, attorney for the critical absence voter precinct" means a percinct established by a eowney or eity field pursuant to Article 3 (§ 24.2-947 et seq.) of Chapter	3	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-653.1, 24.2-704, 24.2-705,
 procedural and process reforms; availability and accessibility reforms; penalty. Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate VanValkenburg Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections I. That §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-667.1, 24.2-705, 24.2-706 through 24.2-711. and 24.2-711.2 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-667.1, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: § 24.2-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Ballot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked ballot to be scanned and the result stabulated. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of its governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is qualified to have his name 20 placed on the ballot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party or who have received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election contest pursuant to Article (2 § 24.2-303 et seq.) of Chapter 8. For the purposes of Chapters 9.3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.), and 9.5 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.), "and office ' shall include any person who raises or spends funds in order to seek or campaign for an office of the Commonwealth, excluding traised and such person shall be considered a candidate until a final report is filed pursuant to 3 (§ 24.2-947 et seq.) of Chapter 9.3. "Constitutional office" or "constitutional office" means a county or city or any combination of precinets 30 (§ 24.2-947 et seq.) of the Constitution of Virginia: clerk of the circuit court, attorney for the Commonweal		
 Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate VanValkenburg Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections I. That §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-410.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-653.1, 24.2-704, 24.2-705, 24.2-706 through 24.2-711, and 24.2-712 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-667.1, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: § 24.2-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Ballot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-667.1, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: § 24.2-101. Definitions. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of its governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is qualified to have his name placed on the ballot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party for election to an office, is referred to as its nominee. For the purposes of Chapters 8 (§ 24.2-800 et seq.), 03 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any write-in candidate. However, no ruste-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election contest pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-930 et seq.) of Chapter 8, 5 (2 4.2-950 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-951 et seq.) and 3.5 (§ 24.2-952 et seq.). "candidate "that include any person who raises or spends funds in order to seek or campaign for an office of the Commonwealth, excluding federal offices, or one of its governmental units in a party nomination process or general, primary, or special electron and such person shall be considired to andidate unit a final report is filed pursuant to 3 \$24.2-712 for the processing of absente ballots for the cou		
 Patron Prior to Engrossment—Delegate VanValkenburg Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections I. That §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-653.1, 24.2-706, 24.2-706 through 24.2-711, and 24.2-712 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-6671, and 24.2-701.1 as follows: § 24.2-101. Definitions. As used in this tile, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Ballot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked ballot to be scanned and the result stabulated. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of its governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is qualified to have his name placed on the ballot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a office, is referred to as its nominee. For the purposes of Chapters 8 (§ 24.2-800 et seq.), o3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.), and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any write-in candidate thowever, no write-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election contest pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-935 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any person who raises or spends funds in order to seek or campaign for an office of the Commonwealth, excluding federal offices, or one of its governmental units in a party nomination process or general, primary, or special election: and such person shall be considered a candidate until a final report is filed pursuant to 3 {2.4.2.712 for the processing of absentee ballots for the county or city office or officer referred to in Article 2 {3 {2.4.2.745 et seq.}} of "constitutional officer" means a percy headed by the Commissioner of the contice VII, Section 4 of the constitutional officer" means the electronic voting machine o		procedural and process reforms; availability and accessibility reforms; penalty.
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9 Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections 11 1. That §§ 242-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-763.1, 24.2-706, 24.2-706 through 24.2-711, and 24.2-710.1 the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-667.1, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: 13 amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-667.1, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: 14 s2.4.2-101. Definitions. 15 As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning: 16 "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of its governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is qualified to have his name polaced on the ballot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party or who by reserved less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election context pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-803 et seq.) of Chapter 8. For the purposes of Chapter 9.3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.). "candidate" shall include any person who aspecial election; and such person shall be considered a candidate until a final report is filed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-937 et seq.) of Chapter 9.3. 16 Chapter 9.3. (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) Chapter 9.3. 17 "Constitutional office" or "constitutional officer" means a cou	8	
 1. That §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-653.1, 24.2-706, 24.2-706 through 24.2-711, and 24.2-712 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-667.1, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: § 24.2-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Ballot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked ballot to be scanned and the results tabulated. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of is governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is qualified to have his name placed on the ballot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party for who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party for election to an office, is referred to as its nominee. For the purposes of Chapters 8 (§ 24.2-905 et seq.), and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any write-in candidate. However, no write-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initia an election contest pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-803 et seq.) of Chapter 8, 5 or the purposes of Chapters 9.3 (§ 24.2-947 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any person who raises or spends funds in order to seek or campaign for an office of the Commonwealth, excluding federal offices, or one of its governmental units in a party nomination process or general, primary, or special election, and such person shall be considered a candidate until a final report is filed pursuant to Article 3 (§ 24.2-947 et seq.) of Chapter 9.3. "Central absente votter precinct" means a precinct established by a eounty or eity pursuant to \$ 24.2-112 for the processing of absente ballots for the county or eity office or officer ref	9	Referred to Committee on Privileges and Elections
 11 1. That §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-633.1, 24.2-704, 24.2-705, 24.2-706 through 24.2-711 as follows: and 24.2-712 of the Code of Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-667.1, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: § 24.2-101. Definitions. As used in this tile, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Ballot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked ballot to be scanned and the results tabulated. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of its governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is qualified to have his name placed on the ballot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party for election to an office of the votice scat for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election context pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-803 et seq.), and 9.5 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any write-in candidate. However, no write-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election context pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-803 et seq.) of Chapter 8. For the purposes of Chapters 9.3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate unil a final report is filed pursuant to Article 3 (§ 24.2-947 et seq.) of Chapter 9.3. "Cartal absente voter precinct" means a precinct established by a eownty or eity pursuant to 3 24.2-112 for the processing of absentee ballots for the cortur or curit court, atomey for the Commonwealth, excluding in Article 3 (§ 24.2-947 et seq.) of Chapter 9.3. "Contral absenter voter precinct" means a precinct established by a eownty or eity pursuant to 4 to thac besit." m		
 amended by adding sections numbered 24.2-103.2, 24.2-667.1, and 24.2-707.1 as follows: \$24.2-101. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Ballot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked ballot to be scanned and the results tabulated. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of its governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is qualified to have his name placed on the ballot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party for election to an office, is referred to as its nominee. For the purposes of Chapters 8 (§ 24.2-800 et seq.), 9.3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.), and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any write-in candidate. However, no writeria candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election contest pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-803 et seq.), of Chapters 8. For the purposes of Chapters 9.3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any person who raises or spends funds in order to seek or campaign for an office of the Commonwealth, excluding federal offices, or one of its governmental units in a party nomination process or general, primary, or special election; and such person shall be considered a candidate unit a final report is filed pursuant to 42.2-712 for the processing of absentee ballots for the county or city office or officer referred to in Article 3 (§ 24.2-947 et seq.) or Chapter 9.3 "Constitutional office" or "constitutional officer" means a county or city office or officer referred to in Article VII, Section 4 of t		1. That §§ 24.2-101, 24.2-416.1, 24.2-603, 24.2-653.1, 24.2-704, 24.2-705, 24.2-706 through 24.2-711,
 \$24.2-10.1 Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context requires a different meaning: "Ballot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked ballot to be scanned and the results tabulated. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of placed on the ballot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party for election to an office, is referred to as its nominee. For the purposes of Chapters 8 (§ 24.2-800 et seq.), 9.3 (§ 24.2-953 et seq.), candidate" shall include any write-in candidate. Makever, no write-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election contest pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-803 et seq.) of Chapter 8. For the purposes of Chapters 9.3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any person who raises or spends funds in order to seek or campaign for an office of the Commonwealth, excluding federal offices, or one of its governmental units in a party nomination process or general, primary, or special election; and such person shall be considered a candidate until a final report is filed pursuant to Article 3 (§ 24.2-947 et seq.) of Chapter 9.3. "Central absentee voter precinct" means a precinct established by a eounty or eity office referred to in Article VII, Section 4 of the Constitutional office" means a county or city office or officer referred to in Article VII, Section 4 of the Constitution of Virginia: clerk of the circuit court, attorney for the Commonwealth, shriff, commissioner of the revenue, and treasurer. "Department of Elections" or "Department" means a board oppointed pursuant to § 24.2-106 to a district for the election destronic voting machine on which a voter touches areas 10; primary, or		
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 "Ballot scanner machine" means the electronic counting machine in which a voter inserts a marked ballot to be scanned and the results tabulated. "Candidate" means a person who seeks or campaigns for an office of the Commonwealth or one of its governmental units in a general, primary, or special election and who is qualified to have his name plated on the ballot for the office. "Candidate" shall include a person who seeks the nomination of a political party or who, by reason of receiving the nomination of a political party for election to an office, is referred to as its nominee. For the purposes of Chapters 8 (§ 24.2-800 et seq.), 9.3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.), and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any write-in candidate. However, no write-in candidate who has received less than 15 percent of the votes cast for the office shall be eligible to initiate an election contest pursuant to Article 2 (§ 24.2-803 et seq.) of Chapter 8, 3 (§ 24.2-945 et seq.) and 9.5 (§ 24.2-955 et seq.), "candidate" shall include any person who raises or spends funds in order to seek or campaign for an office of the Commonwealth, excluding federal offices, or one of its governmental units in a party nomination process or general, primary, or special election; and such person shall be considered a candidate until a final report is filed pursuant to 4 \$(24.2-12) for the processing of absentee ballots for the county or city or any combination of precincts within the county or city. "Constitutional office" or "constitutional officer" means a county or city office or officer referred to in Article VI, Section 4 of the Constitution of Virginia: clerk of the circuit court, attorney for the Commonwealth, sheriff, commissioner of the revenue, and treasurer. "Department of Elections" or "Department" means the state agency headed by the Commissioner of Elections. "Election district" means the territory designated by proper authority or by law which is represented to start touches areas of a		
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	57 58	in his capacity as the director of elections for the locality in which he serves.

ENGROSSED

59 "Machine-readable ballot" means a tangible ballot that is marked by a voter or by a system or device 60 operated by a voter, is available for verification by the voter at the time the ballot is cast, and is then 61 fed into and scanned by a separate counting machine capable of reading ballots and tabulating results.

62 "Officer of election" means a person appointed by an electoral board pursuant to § 24.2-115 to serve 63 at a polling place for any election. 64

"Paper ballot" means a tangible ballot that is marked by a voter and then manually counted.

65 "Party" or "political party" means an organization of citizens of the Commonwealth which, at either of the two preceding statewide general elections, received at least 10 percent of the total vote cast for 66 any statewide office filled in that election. The organization shall have a state central committee and an 67 office of elected state chairman which have been continually in existence for the six months preceding 68 69 the filing of a nominee for any office.

70 "Person with a disability" means a person with a disability as defined by the Virginians with 71 Disabilities Act (§ 51.5-1 et seq.).

"Polling place" means the structure that contains the one place provided for each precinct at which 72 the qualified voters who are residents of the precinct may vote. 73

74 "Precinct" means the territory designated by the governing body of a county, city, or town to be 75 served by one polling place.

76 "Primary" or "primary election" means an election held for the purpose of selecting a candidate to be 77 the nominee of a political party for election to office.

78 "Printed ballot" means a tangible ballot that is printed on paper and includes both machine-readable 79 ballots and paper ballots.

80 "Qualified voter" means a person who is entitled to vote pursuant to the Constitution of Virginia and 81 who is (i) 18 years of age on or before the day of the election or qualified pursuant to § 24.2-403 or subsection D of § 24.2-544, (ii) a resident of the Commonwealth and of the precinct in which he offers 82 83 to vote, and (iii) a registered voter. No person who has been convicted of a felony shall be a qualified 84 voter unless his civil rights have been restored by the Governor or other appropriate authority. No person adjudicated incapacitated shall be a qualified voter unless his capacity has been reestablished as 85 provided by law. Whether a signature should be counted towards satisfying the signature requirement of 86 any petition shall be determined based on the signer of the petition's qualification to vote. For purposes 87 88 of determining if a signature on a petition shall be included in the count toward meeting the signature 89 requirements of any petition, "qualified voter" shall include only persons maintained on the Virginia 90 voter registration system (a) with active status and (b) with inactive status who are qualified to vote for 91 the office for which the petition was circulated.

92 "Qualified voter in a town" means a person who is a resident within the corporate boundaries of the 93 town in which he offers to vote, duly registered in the county of his residence, and otherwise a qualified 94 voter.

95 "Referendum" means any election held pursuant to law to submit a question to the voters for 96 approval or rejection.

97 "Registered voter" means any person who is maintained on the Virginia voter registration system. All 98 registered voters shall be maintained on the Virginia voter registration system with active status unless 99 assigned to inactive status by a general registrar in accordance with Chapter 4 (§ 24.2-400 et seq.). For purposes of applying the precinct size requirements of § 24.2-307, calculating election machine requirements pursuant to Article 3 (§ 24.2-625 et seq.) of Chapter 6, mailing notices of local election 100 101 district, precinct or polling place changes as required by subdivision 13 of § 24.2-114 and § 24.2-306, 102 103 and determining the number of signatures required for candidate and voter petitions, "registered voter" shall include only persons maintained on the Virginia voter registration system with active status. For 104 purposes of determining if a signature on a petition shall be included in the count toward meeting the 105 signature requirements of any petition, "registered voter" shall include only persons maintained on the 106 107 Virginia voter registration system (i) with active status and (ii) on inactive status who are qualified to 108 vote for the office for which the petition was circulated.

"Registration records" means all official records concerning the registration of qualified voters and 109 shall include all records, lists, applications, and files, whether maintained in books, on cards, on 110 automated data bases, or by any other legally permitted record-keeping method. 111

"Residence" or "resident," for all purposes of qualification to register and vote, means and requires 112 113 both domicile and a place of abode. To establish domicile, a person must live in a particular locality 114 with the intention to remain. A place of abode is the physical place where a person dwells.

"Special election" means any election that is held pursuant to law to fill a vacancy in office or to 115 116 hold a referendum. 117

'State Board" or "Board" means the State Board of Elections.

"Virginia voter registration system" or "voter registration system" means the automated central 118 119 record-keeping system for all voters registered within the Commonwealth that is maintained as provided in Article 2 (§ 24.2-404 et seq.) of Chapter 4. 120

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121 "Voting system" means the electronic voting and counting machines used at elections. This term 122 includes direct recording electronic machines (DRE) and ballot scanner machines.

123 § 24.2-103.2. Duties of the Department of Elections related to accessible absentee voting.

124 The Department of Elections shall make available to all localities a tool to allow a voter with a 125 visual impairment or print disability to electronically and accessibly receive and mark his absentee 126 ballot using screen reader assistive technology. The Department shall develop instructions regarding the 127 use and availability of such tool, including instructions on making the tool available to voters and 128 counting ballots voted with such tool. 129

§ 24.2-416.1. Voter registration by mail.

A. A person may apply to register to vote by mail by completing and returning a mail voter 130 131 registration application form in the manner and time provided by law.

132 B. Any person, who applies to register to vote by mail pursuant to this article and who has not 133 previously voted in the county or city in which he registers to vote, shall be required to vote in person, 134 either at the polls on election day or in-person absentee. However, this requirement to vote in person 135 shall not apply to a person so long as he (i) is entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the Uniformed 136 and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (52 U.S.C. § 20302 et seq.); (ii) is provided the right to vote otherwise than in person under § 3(b)(2)(B)(ii) of the Voting Accessibility for the Elderly and 137 138 Handicapped Act (52 U.S.C. § 20102(b)(2)(B)(ii)), including any disabled voter and any voter age 65 or 139 older; (iii) is entitled to vote by absentee ballot by reason of his confinement while awaiting trial or for 140 having been convicted of a misdemeanor; (iv) is entitled to vote otherwise than in person under other 141 federal law; (v) is a full-time student in an institution of higher education; or (vi) requests to vote an 142 absentee ballot by mail for presidential and vice-presidential elections only, for any reason, as entitled 143 by federal law. 144

§ 24.2-603. Hours polls to be open; closing the polls.

145 At all elections, the polls shall be open at each polling place at 6:00 a.m. on the day of the election 146 and closed at 7:00 p.m. on the same day except as provided for central absentee voter precincts pursuant 147 to subsection \mathbf{F} G of § 24.2-712.

At 6:45 p.m. an officer of election shall announce that the polls will close in fifteen minutes. The 148 149 officers of election shall list the names of all qualified voters in line before the polling place at 7:00 150 p.m. and permit those voters and no others to vote after 7:00 p.m. 151

§ 24.2-653.1. Voters who did not receive absentee ballots; provisional ballots.

152 Any person who offers to vote pursuant to § 24.2-643 at his proper polling place or at a central 153 absentee voter precinct established by the governing body of the county or city where he is registered to 154 vote, but whose name is shown on the pollbook as having applied for an absentee ballot, shall be 155 entitled to cast a provisional ballot if, for any reason, he did not receive or has lost the absentee ballot 156 or has chosen to not vote absentee. In such case, he shall be required to present to the officer of 157 election a statement signed by him that he did not receive the ballot or, has lost the ballot, or has not 158 *cast the ballot*, subject to felony penalties for making false statements as pursuant to § 24.2-1016, before 159 being given a printed ballot and permitted to vote the provisional ballot. The electoral board shall 160 process the ballot in accordance with the provisions of § 24.2-653.01 and the instructions of the State Board. 161 162

§ 24.2-667.1. Reporting of results; absentee votes.

163 The general registrar shall report to the Department of Elections the number and results of absentee 164 ballots cast early in person pursuant to § 24.2-701.1 separately from the number and results of all other 165 absentee ballots. 166

§ 24.2-704. Applications and ballots for persons requiring assistance in voting; penalty.

167 A. The application for an absentee ballot shall provide space for the applicant to indicate that he will 168 require assistance to vote his absentee ballot by reason of blindness, disability, or inability to read or 169 write.

170 B. On receipt of an application from an applicant who indicated that he will require assistance due 171 to a visual impairment or print disability, the general registrar shall offer to provide to the applicant a 172 ballot marking tool with screen reader assistive technology made available pursuant to § 24.2-103.2. If 173 the applicant opts to use such tool, the general registrar shall send by mail to him [the items set forth 174 in subdivisions B 1 through 4 of § 24.2-706 and instructions for using such tool. An absentee voter 175 using such tool shall return the marked absentee ballot in accordance with the provisions of § 24.2-707 176 a ballot return envelope and accessible instructions provided by the Department for using such tool and 177 returning the marked ballot. The general registrar shall cause the outer envelope containing the ballot 178 return envelope and accessible instructions to have a tactile marking that identifies the outer envelope 179 as the outer envelope to the voter. For purposes of this section, "tactile marking" includes a hole punch, 180 a cut corner, or a tactile sticker.

181 An absentee voter using such tool shall return the marked absentee ballot in accordance with the

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182 *instructions provided by the Department.*

183 No ballot marked with the electronic ballot marking tool shall be rejected because the ballot was
184 printed on regular paper. No ballot marked with the electronic ballot marking tool shall be rejected on
185 the basis of the position of the voter's signature or address on the ballot return envelope as long as the
186 voter's signature or address is anywhere on the ballot return envelope].

187 C. On receipt of an application from an applicant marked to indicate *that* he will require assistance 188 due to any other disability or if an applicant offered the ballot marking tool pursuant to subsection B 189 declines to use such tool, the general registrar shall deliver, with the items required by § 24.2-706, the 190 voter assistance form furnished by the State Board pursuant to § 24.2-649. The voter and any person 191 assisting him shall complete the form by signing the request for assistance and statement required of the 192 assistant. If the voter is unable to sign the request, the witness will note this fact on the line for signature of voter. The provisions of § 24.2-649 shall apply to absentee voting and assistance for 193 194 absentee voters. Any person who willfully violates the provisions of this section or § 24.2-649 in 195 providing assistance to a person who is voting absentee shall be guilty of a Class 5 felony.

§ 24.2-705. Emergency applications and absentee ballots for individual emergencies.

197 A. Any person registered and otherwise qualified to vote may request at any time prior to 2:00 p.m. 198 on the day preceding the election that he be permitted to vote by emergency absentee ballot with the 199 assistance of his designated representative. The Department shall prescribe a form and the instructions 200 for submitting such a request to the general registrar that shows that the voter requesting an emergency 201 absentee ballot (i) was unable to apply for an absentee ballot by the deadline due to his hospitalization 202 or illness, or the hospitalization, illness, or death of a spouse, child, or parent, or other emergency found to justify receipt of an emergency absentee ballot or (ii) will be unable to vote on election day due to 203 204 his hospitalization or illness, the hospitalization, illness, or death of a spouse, child, or parent, or other 205 emergency found to justify receipt of an emergency absentee ballot that occurred after the deadline for applying for an absentee ballot. 206

207 The representative designated by a voter for purposes of this subsection shall be age 18 or older and208 shall not be an elected official, a candidate for elected office, or the deputy, spouse, parent, or child of209 an elected official or candidate.

The requesting voter shall sign the form and state, subject to felony penalties for making false statements pursuant to § 24.2-1016, that to the best of his knowledge and belief the facts contained in the form are true and correct. His signature shall be witnessed by the designated representative, who shall sign and return the completed form to the office of the general registrar no later than 5:00 p.m. on the day preceding the election. If the requesting voter is blind or physically unable to sign the form, his designated representative shall write on the signature line that the voter is blind or unable to sign his form.

217 On receipt of the completed form and a determination of the qualification of the requesting voter to
218 vote, the general registrar shall provide, in accordance with the applicable provisions of this chapter, an
219 absentee ballot to the designated representative for delivery to the requesting voter.

The requesting voter shall vote the absentee ballot as provided by law and mark it in the presence of the designated representative. The designated representative shall complete a statement, subject to felony penalties for making false statements pursuant to § 24.2-1016, that (i) he is the designated representative of the requesting voter; (ii) he personally delivered the ballot to the voter who applied for it; (iii) in his presence, the voter marked the ballot, the ballot was placed in the envelope provided, the envelope was sealed, and the statement on its reverse side was signed by the requesting voter; and (iv) the ballot was returned, under seal, to the general registrar at the registrar's office.

The ballot shall be counted only if the ballot is received by the general registrar prior to the close of
 polls, and the general registrar shall deliver the ballot to the officers of election at each appropriate
 precinct pursuant to § 24.2-710.

B. A qualified voter may vote absentee in person in the office of the general registrar through 2:00
p.m. on the day immediately preceding the election by complying with the requirements of § 24.2-643
and affirming that one of the following emergency circumstances will prevent him from voting on
election day:

1. After 12:00 p.m. on the Saturday before the election, an obligation arose that requires the voter be
absent from his county or city on election day for (i) his business, profession, or occupation; (ii) the
hospitalization of the voter or a member of his immediate family; or (iii) the death of a member of his
immediate family. For purposes of this subdivision, "immediate family" means the child, grandchild,
parent, grandparent, legal guardian, sibling, or spouse of the voter.

239 2. The voter is an officer of election who was assigned after 12:00 p.m. on the Saturday before the election to work in a precinct other than his own on election day.

241 C. The Commissioner of Elections may act administratively to facilitate absentee voting by qualified
242 voters who are emergency workers or utility workers or who otherwise respond to and offer assistance
243 to an area in which a state of emergency has been declared by an appropriate authority. These

244 administrative actions may include central issuance and acceptance of absentee ballots for federal and 245 state elections using the systems and procedures developed for voters who are members of a uniformed 246 service. 247

§ 24.2-706. Duty of general registrar on receipt of application; statement of voter.

248 A. On receipt of an application for an absentee ballot, the general registrar shall enroll the name and 249 address of each registered applicant on an absentee voter applicant list that shall be maintained in the 250 office of the general registrar with a file of the applications received. The list shall be available for 251 inspection and copying and the applications shall be available for inspection only by any registered voter 252 during regular office hours. Upon request and for a reasonable fee, the Department of Elections shall 253 provide an electronic copy of the absentee voter applicant list to any political party or candidate. Such 254 list shall be used only for campaign and political purposes. Any list made available for inspection and 255 copying under this section shall contain the post office box address in lieu of the residence street 256 address for any individual who has furnished at the time of registration or subsequently, in addition to 257 his street address, a post office box address pursuant to subsection B of § 24.2-418.

258 No list or application containing an individual's social security number, or any part thereof, or the 259 individual's day and month of birth, shall be made available for inspection or copying by anyone. The 260 Department of Elections shall prescribe procedures for general registrars to make the information in the lists and applications available in a manner that does not reveal social security numbers or parts thereof, 261 262 or an individual's day and month of birth.

263 B. The completion and timely delivery of an application for an absentee ballot shall be construed to 264 be an offer by the applicant to vote in the election.

265 The general registrar shall note on each application received whether the applicant is or is not a 266 registered voter. In reviewing the application for an absentee ballot, the general registrar shall not reject the application of any individual because of an error or omission on any record or paper relating to the 267 268 application, if such error or omission is not material in determining whether such individual is qualified 269 to vote absentee.

270 If the application has been properly completed and signed and the applicant is a registered voter of 271 the precinct in which he offers to vote, the general registrar shall, at the time when the printed ballots 272 for the election are available, send by the deadline set out in § 24.2-612, obtaining a certificate or other 273 evidence of either first-class or expedited mailing or delivery from the United States Postal Service or 274 other commercial delivery provider, or deliver to him in person in the office of the registrar, the 275 following items and nothing else:

276 1. An envelope containing the folded ballot, sealed and marked "Ballot within. Do not open except 277 in presence of a witness."

278 2. An envelope, with printing only on the flap side, for resealing the marked ballot, on which 279 envelope is printed the following: 280

"Statement of Voter."

281 "I do hereby state, subject to felony penalties for making false statements pursuant to § 24.2-1016, _ (last, first, middle); that I am now or have been at some time since that my FULL NAME is ____ 282 283 last November's general election a legal resident of _____ (STATE YOUR LEGAL RESIDENCE IN VIRGINIA including the house number, street name or rural route address, city, zip code); that I 284 285 received the enclosed ballot(s) upon application to the registrar of such county or city; that I opened the 286 envelope marked 'ballot within' and marked the ballot(s) in the presence of the witness, without 287 assistance or knowledge on the part of anyone as to the manner in which I marked it (or I am returning 288 the form required to report how I was assisted); that I then sealed the ballot(s) in this envelope; and that 289 I have not voted and will not vote in this election at any other time or place.

290 Signature of Voter

291

Date 292 Signature of witness

293 For elections held after January 1, 2004, instead of the envelope containing the above oath, an 294 envelope containing the standard oath prescribed by the presidential designee under \$ 101(b)(7) of the 295 Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (52 U.S.C. § 20301 et seq.) shall be sent to 296 voters who are qualified to vote absentee under that Act.

297 When this statement has been properly completed and signed by the registered voter and witnessed, 298 his ballot shall not be subject to challenge pursuant to § 24.2-651.

299 3. A properly addressed An envelope, properly addressed and postage prepaid, for the return of the 300 ballot to the general registrar by mail or by the applicant in person, or to a drop-off location.

301 4. Printed instructions for completing the ballot and statement on the envelope and returning the 302 ballot. Such instructions shall include information on the sites of all drop-off locations in the county or 303 city.

304 For federal elections held after January 1, 2004, for any voter who is required by subparagraph (b) of

305 52 U.S.C. § 21083 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 to show identification the first time the voter 306 votes in a federal election in the state, the printed instructions shall direct the voter to submit with his 307 ballot (i) a copy of a current and valid photo identification or (ii) a copy of a current utility bill, bank 308 statement, government check, paycheck or other government document that shows the name and address 309 of the voter. Such individual who desires to vote by mail but who does not submit one of the forms of 310 identification specified in this paragraph may cast such ballot by mail and the ballot shall be counted as 311 a provisional ballot under the provisions of § 24.2-653.01. The Department of Elections shall provide instructions to the electoral boards for the handling and counting of such provisional ballots pursuant to 312 313 § 24.2-653.01 and this section.

314 5. For any voter entitled to vote absentee under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act (52 U.S.C. § 20301 et seq.), information provided by the Department of Elections specific to 315 the voting rights and responsibilities for such citizens, or information provided by the registrar specific 316 317 to the status of the voter registration and absentee ballot application of such voter, may be included. 318

The envelopes and instructions shall be in the form prescribed by the Department of Elections.

319 C. If the applicant completes his application in person under § 24.2-701 at a time when the printed 320 ballots for the election are available, he may request that the general registrar send to him by mail the 321 items set forth in subdivisions B 1 through 4, instead of casting the ballot in person. Such request shall 322 be made no later than 5:00 p.m. on the eleventh day prior to the election in which the applicant offers 323 to vote, and the general registrar shall send those items to the applicant by mail, obtaining a certificate 324 or other evidence of mailing.

325 D. If the applicant is a covered voter, as defined in § 24.2-452, the general registrar, at the time 326 when the printed ballots for the election are available, shall mail by the deadline set forth in § 24.2-612 327 or deliver in person to the applicant in the office of the general registrar the items as set forth in subdivisions B 1 through 4 and, if necessary, an application for registration. A certificate or other 328 329 evidence of mailing shall not be required. If the applicant requests that such items be sent by electronic transmission, the general registrar, at the time when the printed ballots for the election are available but 330 331 not later than the deadline set forth in § 24.2-612, shall send by electronic transmission the blank ballot, 332 the form for the envelope for returning the marked ballot, and instructions to the voter. Such materials 333 shall be sent using the official email address or fax number of the office of the general registrar 334 published on the Department of Elections website. The State Board of Elections may prescribe by 335 regulation the format of the email address used for transmitting ballots to eligible voters. A general 336 registrar may also use electronic transmission facilities provided by the Federal Voting Assistance Program. The voted ballot shall be returned to the general registrar as otherwise required by this chapter. 337

338 E. The circuit courts shall have jurisdiction to issue an injunction to enforce the provisions of this 339 section upon the application of (i) any aggrieved voter, (ii) any candidate in an election district in whole 340 or in part in the court's jurisdiction where a violation of this section has occurred, or is likely to occur, 341 or (iii) the campaign committee or the appropriate district political party chairman of such candidate. Any person who fails to discharge his duty as provided in this section through willful neglect of duty 342 343 and with malicious intent shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor as provided in subsection A of 344 § 24.2-1001. 345

§ 24.2-707. How ballots marked and returned.

A. On receipt of a mailed absentee ballot, the voter shall, in the presence of a witness, (i) open the 346 347 sealed envelope marked "ballot within" and (ii) mark and refold the ballot, as provided in §§ 24.2-644 348 and 24.2-646 without assistance and without making known how he marked the ballot, except as 349 provided by § 24.2-704.

350 After the voter has marked his absentee ballot, he shall (a) enclose the ballot in the envelope provided for that purpose, (b) seal the envelope, (c) fill in and sign the statement printed on the back of 351 352 the envelope in the presence of a witness, who shall sign the same envelope, (d) enclose the ballot 353 envelope and any required assistance form within the envelope directed to the general registrar, and (e) 354 seal that envelope and mail it to the office of the general registrar or deliver it personally to the general 355 registrar. A voter's failure to provide in the statement on the back of the envelope his full middle name 356 or his middle initial shall not be a material omission, rendering his ballot void, unless the voter failed to 357 provide in the statement on the back of the envelope his full first and last name. A voter's failure to 358 provide the date, or any part of the date, including the year, on which he signed the statement printed 359 on the back of the envelope shall not be considered a material omission and shall not render his ballot void. For purposes of this chapter, "mail" shall include delivery by a commercial delivery service, but 360 361 shall not include delivery by a personal courier service or another individual except as provided by <u>§§ 24.2-703.2</u> and <u>24.2-705.</u> 362

363 B. A mailed absentee ballot shall be returned (i) by mail to the office of the general registrar, (ii) by the voter in person to the general registrar, or (iii) to a drop-off location established pursuant to § 24.2-707.1. For purposes of this subsection, "mail" includes a delivery by a commercial delivery 364 365 366 service but does not include delivery by a personal courier service or other individual except as

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367 provided by §§ 24.2-703.2 and 24.2-705.

368 C. Failure to follow the procedures set forth in this section shall render the applicant's ballot void.

369 § 24.2-707.1. Drop-off locations for return of absentee ballots.

A. The general registrar of each county or city shall establish at the office of the general registrar and each voter satellite office in operation for an election a drop-off location for the purpose of allowing the deposit of completed absentee ballots for such election. On the day of the election, there
shall also be a drop-off location at each polling place in operation for the election. The general registrar may establish additional drop-off locations within the county or city as he deems necessary. All drop-off locations shall be accessible; be on public property, unless located at a polling place; and otherwise comply with any criteria for drop-off locations set by the Department.

B. The Department shall set standards for the establishment and operation of drop-off locations,
including necessary security requirements. The Department shall submit such standards annually by
October 1 to the Chairmen of the House and Senate Committees on Privileges and Elections, the Senate
Committee on Finance and Appropriations, and the House Committee on Appropriations.

C. Not later than 55 days prior to any election, the general registrar shall post notice of the sites of
the drop-off locations in the locality in the office of the general registrar and on the official website of
the county or city. Such notice shall remain in the office of the general registrar and on the official
website of the county or city for the duration of the period during which absentee ballots may be
returned.

D. Absentee ballots shall be collected from drop-off locations in accordance with the instructions
provided by the Department. Such instructions shall include chain of custody requirements and
recordkeeping requirements. Absentee ballots shall be collected at least daily by (i) two officers of
election [or electoral board members] representing the two major political parties where practicable
or (ii) two employees from the office of the general registrar, unless the drop-off location is in the office
of the general registrar, in which case the general registrar or an assistant general registrar may
collect the absentee ballots.

§ 24.2-708. Return of unused ballots; voting by applicant who did not receive or lost ballot;
 defaced ballots.

A. If for any reason a Any person, who has applied for and received a an absentee ballot, decides
 may choose not to vote absentee, he shall and shall be entitled to cast a ballot in accordance with the
 provisions of this subsection.

398 1. The voter may, prior to the day of the election, return the ballot to the general registrar (i)
399 unopened, in the sealed envelope in which it was sent to him or (ii) opened and unmarked, to the general registrar, before the day of the election in which the ballot was intended to be used.

401 The general registrar shall note on the absentee voter applicant list voter's record, opposite the name of the person returning the ballot voter, the fact that the ballot was returned unused and the date of the 402 403 return. The general registrar and shall carefully preserve the ballot with all ballots returned unused and 404 deliver them, together. Such ballots shall be delivered, with other returned ballots, to the officers of 405 election on election day. A voter who has returned his unused ballot before the day of the election as 406 provided herein The voter shall then be entitled to vote a regular ballot in the office of the general 407 registrar, or he may choose to vote at his proper polling place or at a central absentee voter precinct 408 on the day of the election. On the day of the election, (a) if the general registrar or an officer of 409 election is able to confirm the return of the unused ballot, the voter shall be entitled to vote a regular 410 ballot in person on election day at his proper polling place or at a central absentee voter precinct 411 established by the governing body of the county or city where the person is registered to vote, upon 412 confirmation by the general registrar or an officer of election of the return of the unused ballot. If and 413 (b) if the general registrar or an officer of election is unable to confirm the return of the unused ballot, 414 the voter shall be entitled to cast a provisional ballot pursuant to § 24.2-653.1. Notwithstanding the 415 provisions of this subsection, a

416 2. The voter may, on the day of the election, return his unused ballot to his proper polling place or
417 central absentee voter precinct on election day and shall be entitled to vote a regular ballot, and his the
418 unused ballot shall be preserved with other unused ballots. The voter shall then be entitled to vote a
419 regular ballot.

420 3. The voter may, on the day of the election, offer to vote at his proper polling place or at a central 421 absentee voter precinct without returning his unused ballot, and he shall be entitled to cast a 422 provisional ballot pursuant to § 24.2-653.1.

B. If for any reason a Any person who has applied for and has been sent an absentee ballot but does not receive the ballot or loses the ballot, he shall be entitled to cast another a ballot after presenting in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.

426 1. The voter may, prior to the day of the election, present to the general registrar or officer of 427 election a statement signed by him that he did not receive the ballot or has lost the ballot₇. Such 428 statement shall be made subject to felony penalties for making false statements as pursuant to 429 § 24.2-1016, and the voter shall then be entitled to cast a regular ballot. If such person offers

430 2. The voter may, on the day of the election, offer to vote at his proper polling place or at a central 431 absentee voter precinct established by the governing body of the county or city where he is registered to 432 vote on the day of the elections, and he shall be entitled to cast a provisional ballot pursuant to 433 § 24.2-653.1.

434 C. If a Any person who has applied for and has been sent an absentee ballot that has been 435 unintentionally or accidentally defaced and rendered the ballot unfit for voting, he shall be entitled to 436 cast a ballot after presenting in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.

437 1. The voter may, prior to the day of the election, present the defaced ballot to the general registrar 438 or an officer of election. The returned, and the ballot shall be marked spoiled by the general registrar or an officer of election and placed in a spoiled-ballot envelope to be retained with the ballots for the 439 440 election. A voter who has returned his defaced ballot before the day of the election as provided herein 441 The voter shall then be entitled to vote a regular ballot in the office of the general registrar, or he may 442 choose to vote at his proper polling place or at a central absentee voter precinct on the day of the 443 election. On the day of the election, (i) if the general registrar or an officer of election is able to 444 confirm the return of the defaced ballot, the voter shall be entitled to vote a regular ballot in person on 445 election day at his proper polling place or at a central absentee voter precinct established by the 446 governing body of the county or city where he is registered to vote, upon confirmation by the general 447 registrar or an officer of election of the return of the defaced ballot. If and (ii) if the general registrar or 448 an officer of election is unable to confirm the return of the defaced ballot, the voter shall be entitled to 449 cast a provisional ballot pursuant to § 24.2-653.1. A voter who returns

450 2. The voter may, on the day of the election, present his defaced or unfit ballot to his proper polling 451 place or central absentee voter precinct on election day shall be entitled to vote a regular ballot, and his 452 the defaced or unfit ballot shall be preserved with other spoiled ballots. The voter shall then be entitled 453 to vote a regular ballot. 454

§ 24.2-709. Ballot to be returned in manner prescribed by law.

455 A. Any ballot returned to the office of the general registrar or to a drop-off location in any manner 456 except as prescribed by law shall be void. Absentee ballots shall be returned to the general registrar or 457 to a drop-off location before the closing of the polls. Any voter who is in line to return an absentee 458 ballot at a drop-off location by 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election shall be permitted to deposit his 459 absentee ballot. The registrar receiving the ballot shall (i) seal the ballot in an envelope with the 460 statement or declaration of the voter, or both, attached to the outside and (ii) mark on each envelope the 461 date, time, and manner of delivery. No returned absentee ballot shall be deemed void because (i) the inner envelope containing the voted ballot is imperfectly sealed so long as the outside envelope 462 463 containing the ballot envelope is sealed or (ii) it is not returned sealed in the outside envelope so long 464 as it is returned sealed in the inner envelope.

465 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, any absentee ballot (i) returned to the general registrar after the closing of the polls on election day but before noon on the third day after the election 466 and (ii) postmarked on or before the date of the election shall be counted pursuant to the procedures set 467 468 forth in this chapter if the voter is found entitled to vote. For purposes of this subsection, a postmark 469 shall include any other official indicia of confirmation of mailing by the United States Postal Service or 470 other postal or delivery service.

471 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, any absentee ballot (i) received after the close of 472 the polls on any election day, (ii) received before 5:00 p.m. on the second business day before the State 473 Board meets to ascertain the results of the election pursuant to this title, (iii) requested on or before but not sent by the deadline for making absentee ballots available under § 24.2-612, and (iv) cast by a 474 475 covered voter, as defined in § 24.2-452, shall be counted pursuant to the procedures set forth in this 476 chapter if the voter is found entitled to vote. The electoral board shall prepare an amended certified 477 abstract, which shall include the results of such ballots, and shall deliver such abstract to the State Board 478 by the business day prior to its meeting pursuant to this title, and shall deliver a copy of such abstract 479 to the general registrar to be available for inspection when his office is open for business.

480 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of clause (i) of subsection B of § 24.2-427, an absentee ballot 481 returned by a voter in compliance with § 24.2-707 and this section who dies prior to the counting of 482 absentee ballots on election day shall be counted pursuant to the procedures set forth in this chapter if 483 the voter is found to have been entitled to vote at the time that he returned the ballot. 484

§ 24.2-709.1. Processing returned absentee ballots before election day; cure process.

485 Each general registrar shall take one or more of the following measures as needed to expedite 486 counting absentee ballots returned by mail before election day: (i) A. On receipt of an absentee ballot 487 returned in person or by mail to the office of the general registrar or to a drop-off location before 488 election day, the general registrar shall mark the date of receipt and that the voter has voted in the 489 voter's record and shall examine the ballot envelopes envelope to verify completion of the required 490 voter affirmation; (ii) mark the pollbook, or the absentee voter applicant list if the pollbook is not 491 available, that the voter has voted; or (iii) open the sealed ballot envelopes and insert the ballots in 492 optical scan counting equipment or other secure ballot container without initiating any ballot count 493 totals. If the general registrar proceeds to open sealed ballot envelopes as provided in clause (iii), at A 494 voter affirmation statement shall not be deemed to be incomplete on the sole basis of the voter's failure 495 to provide (i) his full name or his middle initial, as long as the voter provided his full first and last 496 name, or (ii) the date, or any part of the date, including the year, on which he signed the statement.

B. If the voter affirmation has been completed as required, the general registrar may [direct the officers of election to] open the sealed ballot envelope and insert the ballot in optical scan counting equipment or other secure ballot container without initiating any ballot count totals. If a general registrar does not choose to do so, the sealed ballot envelopes shall be deposited into a secure container provided for such purpose, in which they shall remain until the day of the election when the container is delivered to a central absentee voter precinct.

503 Beginning on the seventh day immediately preceding the election, each general registrar shall [504 direct the officers of election to] open the sealed ballot envelopes of absentee ballots returned and 505 preprocessed in accordance with subsection A and insert the ballots into optical scan counting 506 equipment or other secure ballot container without initiating any ballot count totals.

507 At least two officers of election, one representing each political party, shall be present during all
508 hours when [a general registrar] uses the expedited procedures [opens] sealed ballot envelopes [are
509 opened] as authorized in or required by this section subsection. No person present while sealed ballot
510 envelopes are opened and ballots are inserted into counting equipment or other secure ballot container
511 pursuant to clause (iii) shall disclose any information concerning the ballots.

512 In the event that circumstances prevent a general registrar from complying with the provisions of 513 this subsection, such failure shall not be grounds for contesting the election pursuant to Article 2 514 (§ 24.2-803 et seq.) of Chapter 8 and shall not invalidate the absentee ballots.

515 C. For any absentee ballot received by the Friday immediately preceding the day of the election, if 516 the general registrar finds during the examination of the ballot envelope that the required voter 517 affirmation was not correctly or completely filled out or that a procedure required by § 24.2-707 was 518 not properly followed, and such error or failure shall render the ballot void by law, the general 519 registrar shall enter into the voter's record in the voter registration system that the absentee ballot has 520 an issue requiring correction in order for it to be counted. This information shall be included on any 521 absentee voter applicant list provided pursuant to subsection C of § 24.2-710.

Within three days of such finding, the registrar shall notify the voter in writing or by email of the error or failure and shall provide information to the voter on how to correct the issue so his ballot may be counted. The voter shall be entitled to make such necessary corrections before noon on the third day after the election, and his ballot shall then be counted pursuant to the procedures set forth in this chapter if he is found to be entitled to vote. No absentee ballot needing correction shall be delivered to the officers of election at the appropriate precinct until the voter is provided the opportunity to make the necessary corrections pursuant to this subsection.

529 The general registrar may issue a new absentee ballot to the voter if necessary and shall preserve530 the first ballot with other spoiled ballots.

531 § 24.2-710. Absentee voter applicant lists.

532 On receipt of an absentee ballot, the electoral board or general registrar shall mark the date of receipt 533 in the appropriate column opposite the name and address of the voter on the absentee voter applicant list 534 maintained in the general registrar's office. A board member or registrar shall deposit the return 535 envelope and the unopened ballot envelope in an appropriate container provided for the purpose, in 536 which they shall remain until the day of the election, unless the registrar opts to open sealed ballot 537 envelopes in order to expedite the counting of absentee ballots in accordance with § 24.2-709.1.

538 A. The provisions of this subsection shall apply only to those localities not using an electronic 539 *pollbook.* On the day before the election, the general registrar shall (i) make out in triplicate on a form 540 prescribed by the State Board the absentee voter applicant list containing the names of all persons who 541 applied for an absentee ballot through the third day before the election and (ii) by noon on the day 542 before the election, deliver two copies of the list to the electoral board. The general registrar shall make 543 out a supplementary list containing the names of all persons voting absentee in person or applying to 544 vote absentee pursuant to § 24.2-705 for delivery by 5:00 p.m. on the day before the election. The 545 supplementary list shall be deemed part of the absentee voter applicant list and shall be prepared and 546 delivered in accordance with the instructions of the State Board. The general registrar shall maintain one 547 copy of the list in his office for two years as a public record open for inspection upon request during 548 regular office hours.

549 *B.* On the day before the election, the electoral board shall deliver one copy of the list provided to it 550 by the general registrar to the chief officer of election for each precinct. The list shall be attested by the

551 secretary of the electoral board who shall be responsible for the delivery of the attested lists to the chief 552 officer of election for each precinct.

553 Absentee ballots shall be accepted only from voters whose names appear on the attested list.

554 Before the polls close on the day of the election, the electoral board shall deliver the absentee ballot 555 containers to, and obtain a receipt from, the officers of election at each appropriate precinct. Any ballot 556 returned to the electoral board or general registrar prior to the closing of the polls, but after the ballot 557 container has been delivered, shall be delivered in an appropriate container to the officers of election at 558 each appropriate precinct. The containers shall be sealed prior to delivery to the officers and shall 559 contain the sealed absentee ballots, the accompanying return envelopes, and a copy of the absentee voter 560 applicant list for each precinct.

If the county or city uses a central absentee voter precinct pursuant to § 24.2-712, the lists and 561 562 containers shall be delivered, as provided in this section, to the officers of election for the absentee 563 precinct.

564 Before noon on the day following the election, the general registrar shall deliver all applications for 565 absentee ballots for the election, under seal, to the clerk of the circuit court for the county or city, except that the general registrar may retain all applications for absentee ballots until the electoral board 566 has ascertained the results of the election pursuant to § 24.2-671, and has determined the validity of and 567 568 counted all provisional ballots pursuant to § 24.2-653.01, at which point all applications shall then be 569 delivered, under seal, to the clerk of the circuit court for the county or city. The clerk shall retain the sealed applications with the counted ballots. 570

571 The secretary of the electoral board shall deliver all absentee ballots received after the election to the 572 clerk of the circuit court.

573 C. Upon request, the State Board shall provide an electronic copy of the absentee voter applicant list 574 to any political party or candidate. Such lists shall be used only for campaign and political purposes. In 575 no event shall any list furnished under this section contain (a) any voter's social security number or any 576 part thereof, (b) any voter's day and month of birth, or (c) the residence address of any voter who has 577 provided a post office box address to be used on public lists pursuant to § 24.2-418. 578

§ 24.2-711. Duties of electoral board, general registrar, and officers of election.

579 A. Before the polls open, the officers of election at each precinct shall mark, for each person on the absentee voter applicant list, the letters "AB" (meaning absentee ballot) in the voting record column on 580 581 the pollbook. The pollbook may be so marked prior to election day by the general registrar, the 582 secretary of the electoral board, or staff under the direction of the general registrar or the secretary, or 583 when the pollbook is produced by the State Board pursuant to § 24.2-404. If the pollbook has been marked prior to election day, before the polls open the officers of election at each precinct shall check 584 the marks for accuracy and make any additions or corrections required. 585

586 The chief officer of election shall keep the copy of the absentee voter applicant list in the polling 587 place as a public record open for inspection upon request at all times while the polls are open.

588 If a voter, whose name appears on the absentee voter applicant list, has not returned an unused ballot and offers to vote in his precinct, the officers of election in the precinct shall determine the matter 589 590 pursuant to §§ 24.2-653.1 and 24.2-708.

591 Immediately after the close of the polls, the container of absentee ballots shall be opened by the officers of election. As each ballot envelope is removed from the container, the name of the voter shall 592 593 be called and checked as if the voter were voting in person. If the voter is found entitled to vote, an 594 officer shall mark the voter's name on the pollbook with the first or next consecutive number from the 595 voter count form, or shall enter that the voter has voted if the pollbook is in electronic form. The ballot 596 envelope shall then be opened, and the ballot deposited in the ballot container without being unfolded or 597 examined. If the voter is found not entitled to vote, the unopened envelope shall be rejected. An 598 unopened envelope shall not be rejected on the sole basis of a voter's failure to provide in the statement 599 on the back of the unopened envelope his full middle name or his middle initial, unless the voter also 600 failed to provide his full first and last name. An unopened envelope shall not be rejected on the sole 601 basis of a voter's failure to provide the date, or any part of the date, including the year, on which he 602 signed the statement printed on the back of the envelope. At least two officers of election, one representing each political party, shall write and sign a statement of the cause for rejection on the 603 604 envelope or on an attachment to the envelope.

605 When all ballots have been accounted for and either voted or rejected, the officers shall place the 606 empty ballot envelopes, the return envelopes, and any rejected ballot envelopes, in one envelope provided for the purpose and seal and deliver it with the ballots cast at the election as provided in this 607 608 title.

609 B. Before noon on the day following the election, the general registrar shall deliver all applications for absentee ballots for the election, under seal, to the clerk of the circuit court for the county or city, **610** except that the general registrar may retain all applications for absentee ballots until the electoral 611 board has ascertained the results of the election pursuant to § 24.2-671, and has determined the validity 612

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613 of and counted all provisional ballots pursuant to § 24.2-653.01, at which point all applications shall
614 then be delivered, under seal, to the clerk of the circuit court for the county or city. The clerk shall
615 retain the sealed applications with the counted ballots.

616 C. The secretary of the electoral board shall deliver all absentee ballots received after the election to 617 the clerk of the circuit court.

618 § 24.2-712. Central absentee voter precincts; counting ballots.

A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the governing body of each county or city may shall establish one or more central absentee voter precincts in the courthouse or other public buildings for the purpose of receiving, counting, and recording absentee ballots cast in the county or city. The decision to establish any absentee voter precinct shall be made by the governing body by ordinance; the ordinance shall state for which elections the precinct shall be used. The decision to abolish any absentee voter precinct shall be made by the governing body by ordinance. Immediate notification of either decision shall be sent to the Department of Elections and the electoral board.

626 B. Each central absentee voter precinct shall have at least three officers of election as provided for 627 other precincts. The number of officers shall be determined by the electoral board and general registrar.

628 C. If any voter brings an unmarked ballot to the central absentee voter precinct on the day of the election, he shall be allowed to vote it. If any voter brings an unmarked ballot to the general registrar on or before the day of the election, he shall be allowed to vote it, and his ballot shall be delivered to the absentee voter precinct pursuant to § 24.2-710.

632 The officers at the absentee voter precinct shall determine any appeal by any other voter whose name 633 appears on the absentee voter applicant list and who offers to vote in person. If the officers at the 634 absentee voter precinct produce records showing the receipt of his application and the certificate or other 635 evidence of mailing for the ballot, they shall deny his appeal. If the officers cannot produce such records, the voter shall be allowed to vote in person at the absentee voter precinct and have his vote 636 counted with other absentee votes. If the voter's appeal is denied, the provisions of § 24.2-708 shall be 637 638 applicable, and the officers shall advise the voter that he may vote on presentation of a statement signed 639 by him that he has not received an absentee ballot and subject to felony penalties for making false 640 statements pursuant to § 24.2-1016.

D. Absentee ballots may shall be processed as required by § 24.2-711 24.2-709.1 by the officers of election at the central absentee voter precinct prior to the closing of the polls. In the case of machine-readable ballots, the ballot containermay shall be opened and the absentee ballots may shall be inserted in the counting machines prior to the closing of the polls in accordance with procedures prescribed by the Department of Elections, including procedures to preserve ballot secrecy, but no ballot count totals by the machines shall be initiated prior to transmitted outside of the central absentee voter precinct until after the closing of the polls.

648 In the case of absentee ballots that are counted by hand, the officers of election may shall begin 649 tallying such ballots at any time after [3:00 p.m. noon] on the day of the election in accordance with 650 the procedures prescribed by the Department of Elections, including procedures to preserve ballot 651 secrecy. No counts of such tallies shall be determined or transmitted outside of the central absentee 652 voter precinct until after the closing of the polls.

653 The use of cellular telephones or other communication devices shall be prohibited in the central 654 absentee voter precinct during such *processing and* tallying and until the closing of the polls. Any 655 person present in the central absentee voter precinct shall sign a statement under oath that he will not 656 transmit any counts prior to the closing of the polls. Any person who transmits any counts in violation 657 of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

658 E. As soon as the polls are closed in the county or city, the officers of election at the central
659 absentee voter precinct shall proceed promptly to ascertain and record the total vote given by all
660 absentee ballots and report the results in the manner provided for counting and reporting ballots
661 generally in Article 4 (§ 24.2-643 et seq.) of Chapter 6.

662 E. F. The electoral board or general registrar may provide that the officers of election for a central absentee voter precinct may be assigned to work all or a portion of the time that the precinct is open on election day subject to the following conditions:

1. The chief officer and the assistant chief officer, appointed pursuant to § 24.2-115 to represent the two political parties, are on duty at all times; and

667 2. No officer, political party representative, or other candidate representative shall leave the precinct668 after any ballots have been counted until the polls are closed and the count for the precinct is completed669 and reported.

670 F. G. The general registrar may provide that the central absentee voter precinct will open after 6:00671 a.m. on the day of the election provided that the office of the general registrar will be open for the 672 receipt of absentee ballots until the central absentee voter precinct is open and that the officers of 673 election for the central absentee voter precinct obtain the absentee ballots returned to the general

- 674 registrar's office for the purpose of counting the absentee ballots at the central absentee voter precinct
- and provided further that the central absentee voter precinct is the same location as the office of the 675 676
- general registrar. 2. § 1. That the Department of Elections shall enroll on the permanent absentee voter list pursuant to 677
- § 24.2-703.1 of the Code of Virginia, as it shall become effective, each voter enrolled, on or before June 678 679 30, 2021, on the special absentee voter applicant list pursuant to § 24.2-703.1 of the Code of Virginia,
- 680 as it is currently effective, without any action necessary on the voter's part, unless the voter opts out of
- enrollment on the permanent absentee voter list. On or before July 1, 2021, the Department of Elections 681
- shall provide the means for a voter to opt out of being enrolled on the permanent absentee voter list. 682
- On or before July 1, 2021, the general registrars shall notify each voter enrolled on the special **683**
- absentee voter applicant list that the voter will be enrolled on the permanent absentee voter list unless **684**
- the voter so declines and shall provide instructions on how to do so. 685