2021 SESSION

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1	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 297
2 3	Offered January 14, 2021
3	Proposing an amendment to Section 6-A of Article X of the Constitution of Virginia, relating to
4	authority of General Assembly to exempt property owned by certain veterans' and service members'
5	services organizations from taxation.
6	Patron—Bell
7	
8	Referred to Committee on Finance and Appropriations
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10	RESOLVED by the Senate, the House of Delegates concurring, a majority of the members elected to
11	each house agreeing. That the following amendment to the Constitution of Virginia be, and the same
12 13	hereby is, proposed and referred to the General Assembly at its first regular session held after the next general election of members of the House of Delegates for its concurrence in conformity with the
13 14	provisions of Section 1 of Article XII of the Constitution of Virginia, namely:
15	Amend Section 6-A of Article X of the Constitution of Virginia as follows:
16	Section 6-A. Exempt property.
17	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, the following property and no other shall be
18	exempt from taxation, State and local, including inheritance taxes:
19 20	(1) Property owned directly or indirectly by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and obligations of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof exempt by law.
2 0 2 1	(2) Real estate and personal property owned and exclusively occupied or used by churches or
22	religious bodies for religious worship or for the residences of their ministers.
23	(3) Private or public burying grounds or cemeteries, provided the same are not operated for profit.
24	(4) Property owned by public libraries or by institutions of learning not conducted for profit, so long
25 26	as such property is primarily used for literary, scientific, or educational purposes or purposes incidental
20 27	thereto. This provision may also apply to leasehold interests in such property as may be provided by general law.
28	(5) Intangible personal property, or any class or classes thereof, as may be exempted in whole or in
29	part by general law.
30	(6) Property used by its owner for religious, charitable, patriotic, historical, benevolent, cultural, or
31 32	public park and playground purposes, as may be provided by classification or designation by an ordinance adopted by the local governing body and subject to such restrictions and conditions as
32 33	provided by general law.
34	(7) Land subject to a perpetual easement permitting inundation by water as may be exempted in
35	whole or in part by general law.
36	(8) One motor vehicle owned and used primarily by or for a veteran of the armed forces of the
37	United States or the Virginia National Guard who has been rated by the United States Department of
38 39	Veterans Affairs or its successor agency pursuant to federal law with a one hundred percent service-connected, permanent, and total disability. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "motor
40	vehicle" shall include only automobiles and pickup trucks. Any such motor vehicle owned by a married
41	person may qualify if either spouse is a veteran who is one hundred percent disabled pursuant to this
42	subdivision. This exemption shall be applicable on the date the motor vehicle is acquired or the effective
43	date of this subdivision, whichever is later, but shall not be applicable for any period of time prior to
44 45	the effective date.
45 46	(b) The General Assembly may by general law authorize the governing body of any county, city, town, or regional government to provide for the exemption from local property taxation, or a portion
47	thereof, within such restrictions and upon such conditions as may be prescribed, of real estate and
48	personal property designed for continuous habitation owned by, and occupied as the sole dwelling of,
49	persons not less than sixty-five years of age or persons permanently and totally disabled as established
50	by general law. A local governing body may be authorized to establish either income or financial worth
51 52	limitations, or both, in order to qualify for such relief.
52 53	(c) Except as to property of the Commonwealth, the General Assembly by general law may restrict or condition, in whole or in part, but not extend, any or all of the above exemptions.
54	(d) The General Assembly may define as a separate subject of taxation any property, including real
55	or personal property, equipment, facilities, or devices, used primarily for the purpose of abating or
56	preventing pollution of the atmosphere or waters of the Commonwealth or for the purpose of
57	transferring or storing solar energy, and by general law may allow the governing body of any county,
58	city, town, or regional government to exempt or partially exempt such property from taxation, or by

7/29/22 6:19

SJ297

59 general law may directly exempt or partially exempt such property from taxation.

(e) The General Assembly may define as a separate subject of taxation household goods, personal
effects and tangible farm property and products, and by general law may allow the governing body of
any county, city, town, or regional government to exempt or partially exempt such property from
taxation, or by general law may directly exempt or partially exempt such property from taxation.

(f) Exemptions of property from taxation as established or authorized hereby shall be strictly construed; provided, however, that all property exempt from taxation on the effective date of this section shall continue to be exempt until otherwise provided by the General Assembly as herein set forth.

67 (g) The General Assembly may by general law authorize any county, city, town, or regional
68 government to impose a service charge upon the owners of a class or classes of exempt property for
69 services provided by such governments.

(h) The General Assembly may by general law authorize the governing body of any county, city,
town, or regional government to provide for a partial exemption from local real property taxation, within
such restrictions and upon such conditions as may be prescribed, (i) of real estate whose improvements,
by virtue of age and use, have undergone substantial renovation, rehabilitation or replacement or (ii) of
real estate with new structures and improvements in conservation, redevelopment, or rehabilitation areas.

(i) The General Assembly may by general law allow the governing body of any county, city, or town to exempt or partially exempt from taxation any generating equipment installed after December thirty-one, nineteen hundred seventy-four, for the purpose of converting from oil or natural gas to coal or to wood, wood bark, wood residue, or to any other alternate energy source for manufacturing, and any co-generation equipment installed since such date for use in manufacturing.

(j) The General Assembly may by general law allow the governing body of any county, city, or town
 to have the option to exempt or partially exempt from taxation any business, occupational or
 professional license or any merchants' capital, or both.

(k) The General Assembly may by general law authorize the governing body of any county, city, or
town to provide for a partial exemption from local real property taxation, within such restrictions and
upon such conditions as may be prescribed, of improved real estate subject to recurrent flooding upon
which flooding abatement, mitigation, or resiliency efforts have been undertaken.

(1) The General Assembly may define as a separate subject of taxation any property owned by a nonprofit organization whose purpose is to provide services to veterans or service members of the armed forces of the United States and by general law may directly exempt or partially exempt such property from taxation.