2021 SESSION

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HOUSE BILL NO. 1815

Offered January 13, 2021 Prefiled January 6, 2021

4 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 2.2-3705.3, 2.2-3711, 3.2-4113, 4.1-225, 15.2-1627, 16.1-69.48:1, as it 5 is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 16.1-69.48:3, 16.1-228, as it is currently 6 effective and as it shall become effective, 16.1-260, 16.1-273, 16.1-278.8:01, 16.1-278.9, 16.1-309.1, 7 17.1-275, 17.1-275.8, 17.1-805, 18.2-46.1, 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-251, 18.2-251.02, 17.1-275, 17.1-275.8, 17.1-605, 16.2-40.1, 16.2-247, 16.2-246, 16.2-246,01, 16.2-251, 16.2-251, 18.2-251, 18.2-251, 18.2-252, 18.2-254, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.1, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258,1, 18.2-265.1, 18.2-265.2, 18.2-265.3, 18.2-287.2, 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.1:5, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-460, 18.2-474.1, 18.2-513, 19.2-11.2, 19.2-66, 19.2-81.1, 19.2-83.1, 19.2-120, 19.2-120.1, 19.2-188.1, 19.2-215.1, 19.2-291.1, 19.2-299, 19.2-299.2, 19.2-303.01, 19.2-386.22, through 19.2-386.25, 19.2-386.28, 19.2-389, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 19.2-392.02, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 19.2-392.02, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 19.2-392.02, as it 8 9 10 11 12 13 is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 22.1-277.08, 22.1-315, 24.2-233, 37.2-314, 37.2-416, 37.2-506, 48-17, 52-8.1:1, 52-35, 53.1-220.1, 53.1-231.2, 54.1-2903, 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3442.6, and 54.1-3442.8 of the Code of Virginia; to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in 14 15 Title 3.2 a chapter numbered 41.2, containing articles numbered 1 through 7, consisting of sections 16 numbered 3.2-4122 through 3.2-4199.6; and to repeal §§ 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250.1, 18.2-251.1 through 17 18 18.2-251.1:3, and 19.2-389.3 of the Code of Virginia, relating to the cultivation, manufacture, sale, possession, and testing of marijuana; penalties. 19

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Patrons-Heretick, Convirs-Fowler, Adams, D.M., Carter, Cole, J.G., Guy, Hope, Hurst, Kory, Levine, Lopez, Plum, Reid, Samirah, Simon, Simonds and Subramanyam; Senator: Morrissey

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Referred to Committee on General Laws

24 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That §§ 2.2-3705.3, 2.2-3711, 3.2-4113, 4.1-225, 15.2-1627, 16.1-69.48:1, as it is currently effective 25 and as it shall become effective, 16.1-69.48:3, 16.1-228, as it is currently effective and as it shall 26 become effective, 16.1-260, 16.1-273, 16.1-278.8:01, 16.1-278.9, 16.1-309.1, 17.1-275, 17.1-275.8, 27 28 17.1-805, 18.2-46.1, 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-251, 18.2-251.02, 18.2-251.03, 18.2-252, 29 18.2-254, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.1, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258 through 18.2-258.1, 18.2-265.1, 18.2-265.2, 18.2-265.3, 18.2-287.2, 18.2-308.09, 18.2-308.1:5, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-460, 18.2-474.1, 18.2-513, 19.2-11.2, 30 31 19.2-66, 19.2-81.1, 19.2-83.1, 19.2-120, 19.2-120.1, 19.2-188.1, 19.2-215.1, 19.2-291.1, 19.2-299, 19.2-299.2, 19.2-303.01, 19.2-386.22 through 19.2-386.25, 19.2-386.28, 19.2-389, as it is currently 32 effective and as it shall become effective, 19.2-392.02, as it is currently effective and as it shall become effective, 22.1-277.08, 22.1-315, 24.2-233, 37.2-314, 37.2-416, 37.2-506, 48-17, 52-8.1:1, 52-35, 53.1-220.1, 53.1-231.2, 54.1-2903, 54.1-3408.3, 54.1-3442.6, and 54.1-3442.8 of the Code of 33 34 35 36 Virginia are amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Title 37 3.2 a chapter numbered 41.2, containing articles numbered 1 through 7, consisting of sections 38 numbered 3.2-4122 through 3.2-4199.6 as follows:

39 § 2.2-3705.3. Exclusions to application of chapter; records relating to administrative 40 investigations.

The following information contained in a public record is excluded from the mandatory disclosure
provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such
disclosure is prohibited by law. Redaction of information excluded under this section from a public
record shall be conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3704.01.

1. Information relating to investigations of applicants for licenses and permits, and of all licensees
and permittees, made by or submitted to the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, the Virginia
Lottery, the Virginia Racing Commission, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services relating
to investigations and applications pursuant to *Chapter 41.2 (§ 3.2-4122 et seq.) of Title 3.2 or* Article
1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2, or the Private Security Services Unit of the
Department of Criminal Justice Services.

51 2. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Health Professions or by52 any health regulatory board in the Commonwealth pursuant to § 54.1-108.

3. Investigator notes, and other correspondence and information, furnished in confidence with respect to an active investigation of individual employment discrimination complaints made to the Department of Human Resource Management, to such personnel of any local public body, including local school boards, as are responsible for conducting such investigations in confidence, or to any public institution of higher education. However, nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the disclosure of information

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taken from inactive reports in a form that does not reveal the identity of charging parties, personssupplying the information, or other individuals involved in the investigation.

4. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Medical Assistance
Services pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 32.1-323 et seq.) of Title 32.1.

5. Investigative notes and other correspondence and information furnished in confidence with respect 62 63 to an investigation or conciliation process involving an alleged unlawful discriminatory practice under 64 the Virginia Human Rights Act (§ 2.2-3900 et seq.) or under any local ordinance adopted in accordance with the authority specified in § 2.2-524, or adopted pursuant to § 15.2-965, or adopted prior to July 1, 65 1987, in accordance with applicable law, relating to local human rights or human relations commissions. 66 However, nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the distribution of information taken from inactive 67 68 reports in a form that does not reveal the identity of the parties involved or other persons supplying 69 information.

6. Information relating to studies and investigations by the Virginia Lottery of (i) lottery agents, (ii) lottery vendors, (iii) lottery crimes under §§ 58.1-4014 through 58.1-4018, (iv) defects in the law or regulations that cause abuses in the administration and operation of the lottery and any evasions of such provisions, or (v) the use of the lottery as a subterfuge for organized crime and illegal gambling where such information has not been publicly released, published or copyrighted. All studies and investigations referred to under clauses (iii), (iv), and (v) shall be open to inspection and copying upon completion of the study or investigation.

77 7. Investigative notes, correspondence and information furnished in confidence, and records otherwise 78 exempted by this chapter or any Virginia statute, provided to or produced by or for (i) the Auditor of 79 Public Accounts; (ii) the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission; (iii) an appropriate authority 80 as defined in § 2.2-3010 with respect to an allegation of wrongdoing or abuse under the Fraud and Abuse Whistle Blower Protection Act (§ 2.2-3009 et seq.); (iv) the Office of the State Inspector General with respect to an investigation initiated through the Fraud, Waste and Abuse Hotline or an investigation 81 82 83 initiated pursuant to Chapter 3.2 (§ 2.2-307 et seq.); (v) internal auditors appointed by the head of a 84 state agency or by any public institution of higher education; (vi) the committee or the auditor with 85 respect to an investigation or audit conducted pursuant to § 15.2-825; or (vii) the auditors, appointed by 86 the local governing body of any county, city, or town or a school board, who by charter, ordinance, or 87 statute have responsibility for conducting an investigation of any officer, department, or program of such 88 body. Information contained in completed investigations shall be disclosed in a form that does not reveal 89 the identity of the complainants or persons supplying information to investigators. Unless disclosure is 90 excluded by this subdivision, the information disclosed shall include the agency involved, the identity of 91 the person who is the subject of the complaint, the nature of the complaint, and the actions taken to 92 resolve the complaint. If an investigation does not lead to corrective action, the identity of the person 93 who is the subject of the complaint may be released only with the consent of the subject person. Local 94 governing bodies shall adopt guidelines to govern the disclosure required by this subdivision.

8. The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of complainants furnished in confidence with
respect to an investigation of individual zoning enforcement complaints or complaints relating to the
Uniform Statewide Building Code (§ 36-97 et seq.) or the Statewide Fire Prevention Code (§ 27-94 et
seq.) made to a local governing body.

99 9. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Criminal Justice Services
100 pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.), Article 4.1 (§ 9.1-150.1 et seq.), Article 11 (§ 9.1-185 et seq.),
101 and Article 12 (§ 9.1-186 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1.

102 10. Information furnished to or prepared by the Board of Education pursuant to subsection D of § 22.1-253.13:3 in connection with the review or investigation of any alleged breach in security, 103 unauthorized alteration, or improper administration of tests by local school board employees responsible 104 for the distribution or administration of the tests. However, this section shall not prohibit the disclosure 105 106 of such information to (i) a local school board or division superintendent for the purpose of permitting such board or superintendent to consider or to take personnel action with regard to an employee or (ii) 107 108 any requester, after the conclusion of a review or investigation, in a form that (a) does not reveal the 109 identity of any person making a complaint or supplying information to the Board on a confidential basis 110 and (b) does not compromise the security of any test mandated by the Board.

111 11. Information contained in (i) an application for licensure or renewal of a license for teachers and 112 other school personnel, including transcripts or other documents submitted in support of an application, and (ii) an active investigation conducted by or for the Board of Education related to the denial, 113 114 suspension, cancellation, revocation, or reinstatement of teacher and other school personnel licenses 115 including investigator notes and other correspondence and information, furnished in confidence with respect to such investigation. However, this subdivision shall not prohibit the disclosure of such (a) 116 117 application information to the applicant at his own expense or (b) investigation information to a local school board or division superintendent for the purpose of permitting such board or superintendent to 118 119 consider or to take personnel action with regard to an employee. Information contained in completed

120 investigations shall be disclosed in a form that does not reveal the identity of any complainant or person 121 supplying information to investigators. The completed investigation information disclosed shall include 122 information regarding the school or facility involved, the identity of the person who was the subject of 123 the complaint, the nature of the complaint, and the actions taken to resolve the complaint. If an 124 investigation fails to support a complaint or does not lead to corrective action, the identity of the person 125 who was the subject of the complaint may be released only with the consent of the subject person. No 126 personally identifiable information regarding a current or former student shall be released except as 127 permitted by state or federal law.

12. Information provided in confidence and related to an investigation by the Attorney General under
Article 1 (§ 3.2-4200 et seq.) or Article 3 (§ 3.2-4204 et seq.) of Chapter 42 of Title 3.2, Article 10 (§ 18.2-246.6 et seq.) of Chapter 6 or Chapter 13 (§ 18.2-512 et seq.) of Title 18.2, or Article 1
(§ 58.1-1000) of Chapter 10 of Title 58.1. However, information related to an investigation that has been inactive for more than six months shall, upon request, be disclosed provided such disclosure is not otherwise prohibited by law and does not reveal the identity of charging parties, complainants, persons supplying information, witnesses, or other individuals involved in the investigation.

135 13. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Behavioral Health and
 136 Developmental Services pursuant to Chapter 4 (§ 37.2-400 et seq.) of Title 37.2.

137 § 2.2-3711. Closed meetings authorized for certain limited purposes.

138 A. Public bodies may hold closed meetings only for the following purposes:

139 1. Discussion, consideration, or interviews of prospective candidates for employment; assignment, 140 appointment, promotion, performance, demotion, salaries, disciplining, or resignation of specific public officers, appointees, or employees of any public body; and evaluation of performance of departments or 141 142 schools of public institutions of higher education where such evaluation will necessarily involve discussion of the performance of specific individuals. Any teacher shall be permitted to be present 143 144 during a closed meeting in which there is a discussion or consideration of a disciplinary matter that involves the teacher and some student and the student involved in the matter is present, provided the 145 146 teacher makes a written request to be present to the presiding officer of the appropriate board. Nothing 147 in this subdivision, however, shall be construed to authorize a closed meeting by a local governing body 148 or an elected school board to discuss compensation matters that affect the membership of such body or 149 board collectively.

150 2. Discussion or consideration of admission or disciplinary matters or any other matters that would 151 involve the disclosure of information contained in a scholastic record concerning any student of any 152 public institution of higher education in the Commonwealth or any state school system. However, any 153 such student, legal counsel and, if the student is a minor, the student's parents or legal guardians shall 154 be permitted to be present during the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence at a closed 155 meeting, if such student, parents, or guardians so request in writing and such request is submitted to the 156 presiding officer of the appropriate board.

157 3. Discussion or consideration of the acquisition of real property for a public purpose, or of the disposition of publicly held real property, where discussion in an open meeting would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the public body.

160 4. The protection of the privacy of individuals in personal matters not related to public business.

161 5. Discussion concerning a prospective business or industry or the expansion of an existing business
 162 or industry where no previous announcement has been made of the business' or industry's interest in
 163 locating or expanding its facilities in the community.

164 6. Discussion or consideration of the investment of public funds where competition or bargaining is165 involved, where, if made public initially, the financial interest of the governmental unit would be166 adversely affected.

167 7. Consultation with legal counsel and briefings by staff members or consultants pertaining to actual
168 or probable litigation, where such consultation or briefing in open meeting would adversely affect the
169 negotiating or litigating posture of the public body. For the purposes of this subdivision, "probable
170 litigation" means litigation that has been specifically threatened or on which the public body or its legal
171 counsel has a reasonable basis to believe will be commenced by or against a known party. Nothing in
172 this subdivision shall be construed to permit the closure of a meeting merely because an attorney
173 representing the public body is in attendance or is consulted on a matter.

8. Consultation with legal counsel employed or retained by a public body regarding specific legal
matters requiring the provision of legal advice by such counsel. Nothing in this subdivision shall be
construed to permit the closure of a meeting merely because an attorney representing the public body is
in attendance or is consulted on a matter.

178 9. Discussion or consideration by governing boards of public institutions of higher education of
179 matters relating to gifts, bequests and fund-raising activities, and of grants and contracts for services or
180 work to be performed by such institution. However, the terms and conditions of any such gifts, bequests,

181 grants, and contracts made by a foreign government, a foreign legal entity, or a foreign person and 182 accepted by a public institution of higher education in the Commonwealth shall be subject to public 183 disclosure upon written request to the appropriate board of visitors. For the purpose of this subdivision, 184 (i) "foreign government" means any government other than the United States government or the government of a state or a political subdivision thereof, (ii) "foreign legal entity" means any legal entity 185 186 (a) created under the laws of the United States or of any state thereof if a majority of the ownership of 187 the stock of such legal entity is owned by foreign governments or foreign persons or if a majority of the membership of any such entity is composed of foreign persons or foreign legal entities or (b) created 188 under the laws of a foreign government, and (iii) "foreign person" means any individual who is not a 189 190 citizen or national of the United States or a trust territory or protectorate thereof.

191 10. Discussion or consideration by the boards of trustees of the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts, the 192 Virginia Museum of Natural History, the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, the Fort Monroe Authority, 193 and The Science Museum of Virginia of matters relating to specific gifts, bequests, and grants from 194 private sources. 195

11. Discussion or consideration of honorary degrees or special awards.

196 12. Discussion or consideration of tests, examinations, or other information used, administered, or 197 prepared by a public body and subject to the exclusion in subdivision 4 of § 2.2-3705.1.

198 13. Discussion, consideration, or review by the appropriate House or Senate committees of possible 199 disciplinary action against a member arising out of the possible inadequacy of the disclosure statement 200 filed by the member, provided the member may request in writing that the committee meeting not be 201 conducted in a closed meeting.

202 14. Discussion of strategy with respect to the negotiation of a hazardous waste siting agreement or to 203 consider the terms, conditions, and provisions of a hazardous waste siting agreement if the governing 204 body in open meeting finds that an open meeting will have an adverse effect upon the negotiating position of the governing body or the establishment of the terms, conditions and provisions of the siting 205 206 agreement, or both. All discussions with the applicant or its representatives may be conducted in a 207 closed meeting.

208 15. Discussion by the Governor and any economic advisory board reviewing forecasts of economic 209 activity and estimating general and nongeneral fund revenues.

210 16. Discussion or consideration of medical and mental health records subject to the exclusion in 211 subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.5.

212 17. Deliberations of the Virginia Lottery Board in a licensing appeal action conducted pursuant to 213 subsection D of § 58.1-4007 regarding the denial or revocation of a license of a lottery sales agent; and 214 discussion, consideration or review of Virginia Lottery matters related to proprietary lottery game 215 information and studies or investigations excluded from disclosure under subdivision 6 of § 2.2-3705.3 216 and subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.7.

217 18. Those portions of meetings in which the State Board of Local and Regional Jails discusses or 218 discloses the identity of, or information tending to identify, any prisoner who (i) provides information 219 about crimes or criminal activities, (ii) renders assistance in preventing the escape of another prisoner or 220 in the apprehension of an escaped prisoner, or (iii) voluntarily or at the instance of a prison official 221 renders other extraordinary services, the disclosure of which is likely to jeopardize the prisoner's life or 222 safety.

223 19. Discussion of plans to protect public safety as it relates to terrorist activity or specific 224 cybersecurity threats or vulnerabilities and briefings by staff members, legal counsel, or law-enforcement 225 or emergency service officials concerning actions taken to respond to such matters or a related threat to 226 public safety; discussion of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 2 or 14 of § 2.2-3705.2, 227 where discussion in an open meeting would jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of any 228 facility, building, structure, information technology system, or software program; or discussion of reports 229 or plans related to the security of any governmental facility, building or structure, or the safety of 230 persons using such facility, building or structure.

20. Discussion by the Board of the Virginia Retirement System, acting pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, or 231 232 of any local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, or by a local finance board or board of 233 trustees of a trust established by one or more local public bodies to invest funds for postemployment 234 benefits other than pensions, acting pursuant to Article 8 (§ 15.2-1544 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 235 15.2, or by the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, acting pursuant to § 23.1-2210, or by the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan, acting pursuant to § 23.1-706, regarding the acquisition, 236 237 holding or disposition of a security or other ownership interest in an entity, where such security or 238 ownership interest is not traded on a governmentally regulated securities exchange, to the extent that 239 such discussion (i) concerns confidential analyses prepared for the board of visitors of the University of 240 Virginia, prepared by the retirement system, or a local finance board or board of trustees, or the Virginia 241 College Savings Plan or provided to the retirement system, a local finance board or board of trustees, or 242 the Virginia College Savings Plan under a promise of confidentiality, of the future value of such

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ownership interest or the future financial performance of the entity, and (ii) would have an adverse
effect on the value of the investment to be acquired, held, or disposed of by the retirement system, a
local finance board or board of trustees, the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, or the
Virginia College Savings Plan. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the disclosure
of information relating to the identity of any investment held, the amount invested or the present value
of such investment.

249 21. Those portions of meetings in which individual child death cases are discussed by the State Child 250 Fatality Review Team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.1, those portions of meetings in which 251 individual child death cases are discussed by a regional or local child fatality review team established 252 pursuant to § 32.1-283.2, those portions of meetings in which individual death cases are discussed by 253 family violence fatality review teams established pursuant to § 32.1-283.3, those portions of meetings in 254 which individual adult death cases are discussed by the state Adult Fatality Review Team established 255 pursuant to § 32.1-283.5, those portions of meetings in which individual adult death cases are discussed 256 by a local or regional adult fatality review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.6, those portions of 257 meetings in which individual death cases are discussed by overdose fatality review teams established 258 pursuant to § 32.1-283.7, those portions of meetings in which individual maternal death cases are 259 discussed by the Maternal Mortality Review Team pursuant to § 32.1-283.8, and those portions of 260 meetings in which individual death cases of persons with developmental disabilities are discussed by the Developmental Disabilities Mortality Review Committee established pursuant to § 37.2-314.1. 261

262 22. Those portions of meetings of the board of visitors of the University of Virginia or the Eastern 263 Virginia Medical School Board of Visitors, as the case may be, and those portions of meetings of any 264 persons to whom management responsibilities for the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern 265 Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, have been delegated, in which there is discussed proprietary, business-related information pertaining to the operations of the University of Virginia 266 Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, including business development 267 268 or marketing strategies and activities with existing or future joint venturers, partners, or other parties 269 with whom the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case 270 may be, has formed, or forms, any arrangement for the delivery of health care, if disclosure of such 271 information would adversely affect the competitive position of the Medical Center or Eastern Virginia 272 Medical School, as the case may be.

273 23. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority 274 or the board of visitors of Virginia Commonwealth University of any of the following: the acquisition or 275 disposition by the Authority of real property, equipment, or technology software or hardware and related 276 goods or services, where disclosure would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating 277 strategy of the Authority; matters relating to gifts or bequests to, and fund-raising activities of, the 278 Authority; grants and contracts for services or work to be performed by the Authority; marketing or 279 operational strategies plans of the Authority where disclosure of such strategies or plans would adversely affect the competitive position of the Authority; and members of the Authority's medical and teaching 280 281 staffs and qualifications for appointments thereto.

282 24. Those portions of the meetings of the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program Committee within
283 the Department of Health Professions to the extent such discussions identify any practitioner who may
284 be, or who actually is, impaired pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

285 25. Meetings or portions of meetings of the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan wherein
286 personal information, as defined in § 2.2-3801, which has been provided to the Board or its employees
287 by or on behalf of individuals who have requested information about, applied for, or entered into
288 prepaid tuition contracts or savings trust account agreements pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.)
289 of Title 23.1 is discussed.

290 26. Discussion or consideration, by the former Wireless Carrier E-911 Cost Recovery Subcommittee
291 created pursuant to former § 56-484.15, of trade secrets submitted by CMRS providers, as defined in §
292 56-484.12, related to the provision of wireless E-911 service.

27. Those portions of disciplinary proceedings by any regulatory board within the Department of
Professional and Occupational Regulation, Department of Health Professions, or the Board of
Accountancy conducted pursuant to § 2.2-4019 or 2.2-4020 during which the board deliberates to reach
a decision or meetings of health regulatory boards or conference committees of such boards to consider
settlement proposals in pending disciplinary actions or modifications to previously issued board orders as
requested by either of the parties.

28. Discussion or consideration of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 11 of
300 § 2.2-3705.6 by a responsible public entity or an affected locality or public entity, as those terms are
defined in § 33.2-1800, or any independent review panel appointed to review information and advise
302 the responsible public entity concerning such records.

303 29. Discussion of the award of a public contract involving the expenditure of public funds, including

interviews of bidders or offerors, and discussion of the terms or scope of such contract, where
 discussion in an open session would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of
 the public body.

307 30. Discussion or consideration of grant or loan application information subject to the exclusion in
 308 subdivision 17 of § 2.2-3705.6 by the Commonwealth Health Research Board.

309 31. Discussion or consideration by the Commitment Review Committee of information subject to the
and exclusion in subdivision 5 of § 2.2-3705.2 relating to individuals subject to commitment as sexually
violent predators under Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2.

312 32. Discussion or consideration of confidential proprietary information and trade secrets developed
313 and held by a local public body providing certain telecommunication services or cable television services
314 and subject to the exclusion in subdivision 18 of § 2.2-3705.6. However, the exemption provided by this
315 subdivision shall not apply to any authority created pursuant to the BVU Authority Act (§ 15.2-7200 et seq.).

317 33. Discussion or consideration by a local authority created in accordance with the Virginia Wireless
318 Service Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5431.1 et seq.) of confidential proprietary information and trade secrets
319 subject to the exclusion in subdivision 19 of § 2.2-3705.6.

320 34. Discussion or consideration by the State Board of Elections or local electoral boards of voting
 321 security matters made confidential pursuant to § 24.2-410.2 or 24.2-625.1.

322 35. Discussion or consideration by the Forensic Science Board or the Scientific Advisory Committee
323 created pursuant to Article 2 (§ 9.1-1109 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 9.1 of criminal investigative
324 files subject to the exclusion in subdivision B 1 of § 2.2-3706.

325 36. Discussion or consideration by the Brown v. Board of Education Scholarship Committee of
326 information or confidential matters subject to the exclusion in subdivision A 3 of § 2.2-3705.4, and
327 meetings of the Committee to deliberate concerning the annual maximum scholarship award, review and
328 consider scholarship applications and requests for scholarship award renewal, and cancel, rescind, or
329 recover scholarship awards.

330 37. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Port Authority of information subject to the exclusion
in subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.6 related to certain proprietary information gathered by or for the Virginia
332 Port Authority.

333 38. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Trustees of the Virginia Retirement System acting
334 pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, by the Investment Advisory Committee appointed pursuant to § 51.1-124.26,
335 by any local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, by the Board of the Virginia College
336 Savings Plan acting pursuant to § 23.1-706, or by the Virginia College Savings Plan's Investment
337 Advisory Committee appointed pursuant to § 23.1-702 of information subject to the exclusion in
338 subdivision 24 of § 2.2-3705.7.

339 39. Discussion or consideration of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 3 of340 § 2.2-3705.6 related to economic development.

341 40. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Education of information relating to the denial,
 342 suspension, or revocation of teacher licenses subject to the exclusion in subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.3.

41. Those portions of meetings of the Virginia Military Advisory Council or any commission created
by executive order for the purpose of studying and making recommendations regarding preventing
closure or realignment of federal military and national security installations and facilities located in
Virginia and relocation of such facilities to Virginia, or a local or regional military affairs organization
appointed by a local governing body, during which there is discussion of information subject to the
exclusion in subdivision 8 of § 2.2-3705.2.

349 42. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Trustees of the Veterans Services Foundation of
information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 28 of § 2.2-3705.7 related to personally identifiable
information of donors.

43. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Tobacco Region Revitalization Commission of
 information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 23 of § 2.2-3705.6 related to certain information
 contained in grant applications.

44. Discussion or consideration by the board of directors of the Commercial Space Flight Authority
of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 24 of § 2.2-3705.6 related to rate structures or
charges for the use of projects of, the sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority and
certain proprietary information of a private entity provided to the Authority.

45. Discussion or consideration of personal and proprietary information related to the resource management plan program and subject to the exclusion in (i) subdivision 25 of § 2.2-3705.6 or (ii) subsection E of § 10.1-104.7. This exclusion shall not apply to the discussion or consideration of records that contain information that has been certified for release by the person who is the subject of the information or transformed into a statistical or aggregate form that does not allow identification of the person who supplied, or is the subject of, the information.

365 46. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Directors of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control

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366 Authority of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.3 related to investigations of applicants for licenses and permits and of licensees and permittees. 367

368 47. Discussion or consideration of grant, loan, or investment application records subject to the exclusion in subdivision 28 of § 2.2-3705.6 for a grant, loan, or investment pursuant to Article 11 369 370 (§ 2.2-2351 et seq.) of Chapter 22.

371 48. Discussion or development of grant proposals by a regional council established pursuant to 372 Article 26 (§ 2.2-2484 et seq.) of Chapter 24 to be submitted for consideration to the Virginia Growth 373 and Opportunity Board.

374 49. Discussion or consideration of (i) individual sexual assault cases by a sexual assault response 375 team established pursuant to § 15.2-1627.4, (ii) individual child abuse or neglect cases or sex offenses 376 involving a child by a child sexual abuse response team established pursuant to § 15.2-1627.5, or (iii) 377 individual cases involving abuse, neglect, or exploitation of adults as defined in § 63.2-1603 pursuant to 378 §§ 15.2-1627.5 and 63.2-1605.

379 50. Discussion or consideration by the Board of the Virginia Economic Development Partnership 380 Authority, the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission, or any subcommittees thereof, of the portions of the strategic plan, marketing plan, or operational plan exempt from disclosure pursuant to 381 382 subdivision 33 of § 2.2-3705.7.

383 51. Those portions of meetings of the subcommittee of the Board of the Virginia Economic 384 Development Partnership Authority established pursuant to subsection F of § 2.2-2237.3 to review and 385 discuss information received from the Virginia Employment Commission pursuant to subdivision C 2 of 386 § 60.2-114.

52. Discussion or consideration by the Commonwealth of Virginia Innovation Partnership Authority 387 388 (the Authority), an advisory committee of the Authority, or any other entity designated by the Authority, 389 of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 35 of § 2.2-3705.7.

390 53. Deliberations of the Virginia Lottery Board in a licensing appeal action conducted pursuant to 391 § 58.1-4105 regarding the denial or revocation of a license of a casino gaming operator and discussion, 392 consideration, or review of matters related to investigations exempt from disclosure under subdivision 1 393 of § 2.2-3705.3.

394 54. Deliberations of the Virginia Lottery Board in an appeal conducted pursuant to § 58.1-4007 395 regarding the denial of, revocation of, suspension of, or refusal to renew a permit related to sports 396 betting and any discussion, consideration, or review of matters related to investigations excluded from 397 mandatory disclosure under subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.3.

398 55. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Agriculture and Consumer Services of information 399 subject to the exclusion in subdivision 1 of \S 2.2-3705.3 related to investigations of applicants for 400 licenses and permits and of licensees and permittees.

401 B. No resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation or motion adopted, passed or agreed to in a 402 closed meeting shall become effective unless the public body, following the meeting, reconvenes in open 403 meeting and takes a vote of the membership on such resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation, or 404 motion that shall have its substance reasonably identified in the open meeting.

405 C. Public officers improperly selected due to the failure of the public body to comply with the other 406 provisions of this section shall be de facto officers and, as such, their official actions are valid until they 407 obtain notice of the legal defect in their election.

408 D. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the holding of conferences between two or 409 more public bodies, or their representatives, but these conferences shall be subject to the same 410 procedures for holding closed meetings as are applicable to any other public body.

411 E. This section shall not be construed to (i) require the disclosure of any contract between the 412 Department of Health Professions and an impaired practitioner entered into pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1 or (ii) require the board of directors of any authority created pursuant 413 414 to the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act (§ 15.2-4900 et seq.), or any public body 415 empowered to issue industrial revenue bonds by general or special law, to identify a business or industry 416 to which subdivision A 5 applies. However, such business or industry shall be identified as a matter of public record at least 30 days prior to the actual date of the board's authorization of the sale or issuance 417 418 of such bonds. 419

§ 3.2-4113. Production of industrial hemp lawful.

420 A. It is lawful for a grower or his agent to grow, a dealer or his agent to deal in, or a processor or 421 his agent to process industrial hemp in the Commonwealth for any lawful purpose. No grower or his 422 agent, dealer or his agent, or processor or his agent shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 423 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, or 18.2-250.1 3.2-4160, 3.2-4161, 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 424 3.2-4170, or 3.2-4175 for the possession, growing, dealing, or processing of industrial hemp. In any 425 complaint, information, or indictment, and in any action or proceeding brought for the enforcement of any provision of Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or the Drug Control Act 426

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427 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it shall not be necessary to negate any exception, excuse, proviso, or exemption 428 contained in this chapter or the Drug Control Act, and the burden of proof of any such exception, 429 excuse, proviso, or exemption shall be on the defendant.

430 B. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to authorize any person to violate any federal law or 431 regulation.

432 C. No person shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-247, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250, or 433 18.2-250.1 3.2-4160, 3.2-4161, 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4170, or 3.2-4175 for the involuntary 434 growth of industrial hemp through the inadvertent natural spread of seeds or pollen as a result of 435 proximity to a production field, dealership, or process site. 436

CHAPTER 41.2. MARIJUANA. Article 1. General Provisions.

§ 3.2-4122. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

442 "Child-resistant" means, with respect to packaging or a container: (i) specially designed or 443 constructed to be significantly difficult for a typical child under five years of age to open and not to be 444 significantly difficult for a typical adult to open and reseal and (ii) with respect to any product intended 445 for more than a single use or that contains multiple servings, resealable.

"Cultivation" or "cultivate" means the planting, propagation, growing, harvesting, drying, curing, grading, trimming, or other similar processing of marijuana for use or sale. "Cultivation" or "cultivate" 446 447 **448** does not include manufacturing or testing.

"Edible marijuana product" means a marijuana product intended to be consumed orally, including 449 450 any type of food, drink, or pill containing marijuana or marijuana concentrate.

"Licensed premises" means the premises specified in a license to operate a marijuana establishment 451 452 within which the licensee is authorized under this chapter and the regulations adopted pursuant to this 453 chapter to cultivate, manufacture, test, or sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products. 454

"Licensee" means a person licensed pursuant to this chapter to operate a marijuana establishment.

"Locality" means counties, cities, towns, authorities, or special districts in the Commonwealth.

456 "Manufacturing" or "manufacture" means the production of marijuana products or the blending, 457 infusing, compounding, or other preparation of marijuana and marijuana products, including but not 458 limited to marijuana extraction or preparation by means of chemical synthesis. "Manufacturing" or 459 "manufacture" does not include cultivation or testing.

460 "Marijuana" means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis whether growing or not, its seeds, its 461 resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds, or its resin. "Marijuana" does not include 462 463 the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, or oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil, or cake is combined with other parts of plants of the genus 464 465 Cannabis. "Marijuana" does not include (i) industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to § 3.2-4115 or his agent or (ii) a hemp product, as defined in 466 467 § 3.2-4112, containing a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater than 0.3 percent that is 468 derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or processed in compliance 469 with state or federal law.

470 "Marijuana concentrate" means marijuana that has undergone a process to concentrate one or more 471 active cannabinoids, thereby increasing the product's potency. Resin from granular trichomes from a 472 marijuana plant is a concentrate for purposes of this chapter.

473 "Marijuana cultivation facility" means a facility licensed under this chapter to purchase marijuana 474 plants and seeds from other marijuana cultivation facilities; to cultivate, label, and package marijuana; 475 to sell marijuana to marijuana manufacturing facilities, to retail marijuana stores, and to other 476 marijuana cultivation facilities; and to sell marijuana plants and seeds to other marijuana cultivation 477 facilities and immature marijuana plants and seedlings to retail marijuana stores.

478 "Marijuana establishment" means a marijuana cultivation facility, a marijuana testing facility, a 479 marijuana manufacturing facility, or a retail marijuana store.

"Marijuana manufacturing facility" means a facility licensed under this chapter to purchase 480 481 marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility or another marijuana manufacturing facility; to 482 manufacture, label, and package marijuana and marijuana products; and to sell marijuana and 483 marijuana products to retail marijuana stores and to other marijuana manufacturing facilities.

484 "Marijuana products" means products that are composed of marijuana and other ingredients and are 485 intended for use or consumption, including edible products, ointments, and tinctures.

"Marijuana testing facility" means a facility licensed under this chapter to develop, research, and 486 **487** test marijuana, marijuana products, and other substances.

"Non-retail marijuana" means marijuana that is not cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed 488

489 *marijuana establishment.*

490 "Non-retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are not manufactured and sold by a 491 licensed marijuana establishment.

492 "Person" means any individual, group of individuals, firm, company, corporation, partnership, 493 business, trust, association, or other legal entity.

494 "Retail marijuana" means marijuana that is cultivated, manufactured, or sold by a licensed 495 *marijuana establishment.*

496 "Retail marijuana products" means marijuana products that are manufactured and sold by a licensed 497 marijuana establishment.

498 "Retail marijuana store" means a facility licensed under this chapter to purchase marijuana, 499 immature marijuana plants, and seedlings from a marijuana cultivation facility, to purchase marijuana 500 and marijuana products from a marijuana manufacturing facility, and to sell retail marijuana, retail 501 marijuana products, immature marijuana plants, and seedlings to consumers.

"Testing" or "test" means the research and analysis of marijuana, marijuana products, or other substances for contaminants, safety, or potency. "Testing" or "test" does not include cultivation or 502 503 504 manufacturing.

505 § 3.2-4123. Powers and duties of the Board.

506 The Board shall have the following powers and duties in regard to administering the provisions of 507 this chapter:

508 1. Adopt regulations in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) and 509 § 3.2-4124;

510 2. Hold and conduct hearings, issue subpoenas requiring the attendance of witnesses and the 511 production of records, memoranda, papers, and other documents before the Board, and administer oaths 512 and take testimony thereunder. The Board may authorize any Board member to hold and conduct 513 hearings, issue subpoenas, administer oaths and take testimony thereunder, and decide cases, subject to 514 final decision by the Board, on application of any party aggrieved. The Board may enter into consent 515 agreements and may request and accept from any applicant or licensee a consent agreement in lieu of 516 proceedings on (i) objections to the issuance of a license or (ii) disciplinary action. Any such consent 517 agreement shall include findings of fact and may include an admission or a finding of a violation. A 518 consent agreement shall not be considered a case decision of the Board and shall not be subject to 519 judicial review under the provisions of the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.) but may be 520 considered by the Board in future disciplinary hearings: 521 3. Grant, suspend, and revoke licenses for the cultivation, manufacture, sale, and testing of retail

522 marijuana and retail marijuana products as provided by law;

523 4. Assess and collect civil penalties and civil charges for violations of this chapter and Board 524 regulations; and 525

5. Do all acts necessary or advisable to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

§ 3.2-4124. Authority of the Board to adopt regulations.

527 A. The Board may adopt reasonable regulations, not inconsistent with this chapter or the general laws of the Commonwealth, that it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter and to 528 529 prevent the illegal cultivation, manufacture, sale, and testing of retail marijuana and retail marijuana 530 products. The Board may amend or repeal such regulations. Such regulations shall be adopted in 531 accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

532 B. The Board shall adopt regulations that:

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533 1. Develop such forms, licenses, identification cards, and applications as are necessary or convenient 534 for the administration of this chapter; 535

2. Provide a schedule of application, licensing, and renewal fees for marijuana establishments;

536 3. Establish requirements for all licensees under this chapter for the form, content, and retention of 537 all records and accounts; 538

4. Require inspections of all licensees at a frequency determined by the Board;

539 5. Govern the outdoor cultivation of marijuana by a marijuana cultivation facility licensee, including 540 security requirements specific to outdoor cultivation operations and requirements for shielding outdoor 541 cultivation operations from public view; 542

6. Establish sanitary standards for retail marijuana product preparation;

543 7. Establish a testing program for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products pursuant to § 544 3.2-4148;

545 8. Establish requirements for health and safety warning labels to be placed on retail marijuana and 546 retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer in accordance with 547 the provisions of this chapter;

548 9. Establish reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions on outdoor advertising of retail 549 marijuana and retail marijuana products, not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter, so that

550 such advertising does not encourage or otherwise promote the use or consumption of retail marijuana 551 or retail marijuana products by persons under 21 years of age. Such regulations shall permit (i) any 552 outdoor signage or advertising not otherwise prohibited by this chapter and (ii) the display of outdoor 553 retail marijuana or retail marijuana product advertising on lawfully erected billboard signs regulated under Chapter 12 (§ 33.2-1200 et seq.) of Title 33.2 where such signs are located on commercial real 554

555 estate as defined in § 55.1-1100, but only in accordance with this chapter;

10. Prescribe which hours or days, if any, that retail marijuana or retail marijuana products shall 556 557 not be sold by retail marijuana store licensees; and

558 11. Require retail marijuana store licensees to file an appeal from any hearing decision rendered by 559 a hearing officer within 30 days of the date the notice of the decision is sent. The notice shall be sent to the licensee at the address on record with the Board by certified mail, return receipt requested, and by 560 561 regular mail.

562 C. Board regulations shall be uniform in their application.

D. Courts shall take judicial notice of Board regulations. 563

E. The Board's power to regulate shall be broadly construed. 564

§ 3.2-4125. Hearings; representation by counsel. 565

566 Any licensee or applicant for any license that may be granted by the Board shall have the right to 567 be represented by counsel at any Board hearing for which he has received notice but shall not be 568 required to be represented by counsel during such hearing.

569 § 3.2-4126. Hearings; allowances to witnesses.

570 Witnesses subpoended to appear on behalf of the Board shall be entitled to the same allowance for expenses as witnesses for the Commonwealth in criminal cases in accordance with § 17.1-611. Such 571 572 allowances shall be paid out of the fund from which other costs incurred by the Board are paid upon certification to the Comptroller. 573 574

§ 3.2-4127. Seed-to-sale tracking system.

575 To ensure that no retail marijuana grown or processed by a marijuana establishment is sold or 576 otherwise transferred except by a retail marijuana store or as otherwise authorized by law, the Board 577 shall develop and maintain a seed-to-sale tracking system that tracks retail marijuana from either the 578 seed or immature plant stage until the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product is sold to a 579 customer at a retail marijuana store. 580

§ 3.2-4128. Employment practices. 581

An employer:

582 1. Shall not be required to permit or accommodate the use, consumption, possession, trade, display, 583 transportation, sale, or cultivation of marijuana or marijuana products in the workplace;

584 2. May enact and enforce workplace policies restricting the use of marijuana and marijuana 585 products by employees in the workplace or while otherwise engaged in activities within the course and scope of employment; and 586

587 3. May discipline employees who are under the influence of marijuana in the workplace or while 588 otherwise engaged in activities within the course and scope of employment in accordance with the 589 employer's workplace policies regarding the use of marijuana and marijuana products by employees.

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Article 2.

Administration of Licenses.

§ 3.2-4129. General licensing requirements; penalty.

593 A. An applicant for a license to operate a marijuana establishment shall submit an application to the Board on forms provided by the Board, accompanied by any fees required by the Board, and meet each **594** 595 of the following requirements, if applicable. Except as otherwise provided in this section, if the applicant 596 is a business entity, every officer, director, manager, and general partner of the business entity shall be 597 considered an applicant and shall meet each of the requirements of this section. An applicant shall 598 disclose in or include with its application the names and addresses of the applicant and all natural 599 persons and business entities having a direct or indirect financial interest in the applied-for license and 600 the nature and extent of the financial interest held by each such person or entity and, if applicable, the 601 nature and extent of any financial interest the person or entity has in any other license applied for or 602 issued under this chapter.

1. The applicant shall be 21 years of age or older and a resident of the Commonwealth.

604 2. If the applicant is a business entity, a majority of the shares, membership interests, partnership interests, or other equity ownership interests as applicable to the business entity shall be held or owned 605 606 by natural persons who meet the requirements of this section or business entities whose officers, directors, managers, and general partners are all natural persons who meet the requirements of this 607 608 section.

609 3. If the applicant is a business entity, the business entity shall be incorporated in the 610 Commonwealth or otherwise formed or organized under the laws of the Commonwealth.

4. No applicant shall have had a license, permit, certificate, or other government-issued 611

- 612 authorization issued in another jurisdiction allowing the cultivation, manufacture, testing, or sale of 613 marijuana or marijuana products revoked.
- 614 5. No applicant shall have been convicted in any state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction of any
 615 felony, nor shall the applicant have been convicted of an offense in another state, territory, or foreign
 616 jurisdiction, which if committed in the Commonwealth would be a felony. Such conviction shall be
- 617 treated as a felony conviction under this section regardless of its designation in the other state, 618 territory, or foreign jurisdiction. For determining the applicability of this subdivision:
- 619 a. The applicant shall submit fingerprints and personal descriptive information to the Board.
- b. The Board shall forward the personal descriptive information along with the applicant's
 fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for
 the purpose of obtaining a national criminal history record information check regarding such applicant.
 The cost of the fingerprinting and criminal history record information check shall be paid by the
 applicant.
- 625 c. The Central Criminal Records Exchange, upon receipt of an applicant's record or notification that 626 no record exists, shall make a report to the Board.
- 627 d. If an applicant is denied a license because of the information appearing in his criminal history
 628 record, the Board shall notify the applicant that information obtained from the Central Criminal
 629 Records Exchange contributed to such denial. The information shall not be disseminated except as
 630 provided for in this section.
- 631 6. The applicant shall not be a manufacturer, distributor, or retailer of alcoholic beverages licensed 632 under Chapter 2 (§ 4.1-200 et seq.) of Title 4.1.
- B. Any application filed hereunder shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the applicant, or if
 the applicant is a business entity, every officer, director, manager, and general partner of the business
 entity, that all of the information contained therein is true. Any person who knowingly makes a false
 statement to the Board for the purposes of obtaining a license under this chapter is guilty of a Class 4
 felony. The Board shall revoke the license of a licensee if, subsequent to the issuance of the license, the
 Board determines that the licensee knowingly or recklessly made a false statement of material fact to the
 Board in applying for the license.
- 640 § 3.2-4130. Notice to localities.

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- 641 The Board shall promptly notify the local governing body of each license application through the
 642 county or city attorney or the chief law-enforcement officer of the locality. Local governing bodies shall
 643 submit objections to the granting of a license within 30 days of the filing of the application.
 - § 3.2-4131. Multiple licenses awarded to one person permitted; exceptions.
- 645 A person shall be permitted to possess one or any combination of the following licenses: marijuana 646 cultivation facility license, marijuana manufacturing facility license, or retail marijuana store license. 647 However, no licensee who has been issued either a marijuana cultivation facility license, marijuana 648 manufacturing facility license, or retail marijuana store license shall be issued a marijuana testing 649 facility license or have any interest in a marijuana testing facility licensee. Additionally, no licensee who 650 has been issued a marijuana testing facility license shall be issued a marijuana cultivation facility 651 license, marijuana manufacturing facility license, or retail marijuana store license or have any interest 652 in a marijuana cultivation facility licensee, marijuana manufacturing facility licensee, or retail marijuana store licensee. For purposes of this section, "interest" means an equity ownership interest or 653 654 a partial equity ownership interest or any other type of financial interest, including but not limited to 655 being an investor or serving in a management position.
- 656 § 3.2-4132. Each license separate; posting; expiration.
- 657 A. Each license granted by the Board to an applicant under this chapter is separate and distinct 658 from any other license issued by the Board to that same applicant under this chapter.
- 659 B. Each license granted by the Board shall designate the place where the business of the licensee 660 will be carried out.
- 661 *C.* Each license shall be posted in a location conspicuous to the public at the place where the 662 licensee carries out the business for which the license is granted.
- 663 D. The privileges conferred by any license granted by the Board shall continue until the last day of 664 the twelfth month next ensuing or the last day of the designated month and year of expiration, except 665 the license may be sooner terminated for any cause for which the Board would be entitled to refuse to 666 grant a license or by operation of law, voluntary surrender, or order of the Board.
- 667 E. The Board may grant licenses for one year or for multiple years, not to exceed three years.
 668 Qualifications for a multiyear license shall be determined on the basis of criteria established by the
 669 Board. Fees for multiyear licenses shall not be refundable.
- 670 § 3.2-4133. Licensee shall maintain possession of premises.
- 671 As a condition of licensure, a licensee shall at all times maintain possession of the licensed premises 672 of the marijuana establishment that the licensee is licensed to operate, whether pursuant to a lease,

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673 rental agreement, or other arrangement for possession of the premises or by virtue of ownership of the

674 premises. If the licensee fails to maintain possession of the licensed premises, the license shall be 675 revoked by the Board.

676 § 3.2-4134. Conditions under which Board may refuse to grant licenses.

677 The Board may refuse to grant any license if it has reasonable cause to believe that:

678 1. The applicant or, if the applicant is a business entity, any officer, director, manager, or general 679 partner of the business entity:

680 a. Is not 21 years of age or older;

681 b. Is not a resident of the Commonwealth;

c. Has been convicted in any state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction of any felony or convicted of an **682** offense in another state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction, which if committed in the Commonwealth would be a felony. Such conviction shall be treated as a felony conviction under this subsection **683 684** 685 regardless of its designation in the other state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction.

d. Is not a person of good moral character and repute; **686**

687 e. Is not the legitimate owner of the business proposed to be licensed, or other persons have 688 ownership interests in the business that have not been disclosed;

689 f. Has not demonstrated financial responsibility sufficient to meet the requirements of the business 690 proposed to be licensed: 691

g. Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the Board for a license;

692 h. Has defrauded or attempted to defraud the Board, or any federal, state, or local government or 693 governmental agency or authority, by making or filing any report, document, or tax return required by 694 statute or regulation that is fraudulent or contains a false representation of a material fact or has willfully deceived or attempted to deceive the Board, or any federal, state, or local government or 695 696 governmental agency or authority, by making or maintaining business records required by statute or 697 regulation that are false or fraudulent; or 698

i. Is a member or employee of the Board.

2. The place to be occupied by the applicant:

700 a. Does not conform to the requirements of the governing body of the county, city, or town in which 701 such place is located with respect to sanitation, health, construction, or equipment or to any similar 702 requirements established by the laws of the Commonwealth or by Board regulation;

703 b. Is so located that granting a license and operation thereunder by the applicant would result in a 704 violation of this chapter or Board regulations or a violation of the laws of the Commonwealth or local 705 ordinances relating to peace and good order;

706 c. Is so located with respect to any church, mosque, or synagogue; hospital; public, private, or parochial school or institution of higher education; public or private playground or other similar recreational facility; or state, local, or federal government-operated facility that the operation of such 707 708 709 place under such license will adversely affect or interfere with the normal, orderly conduct of the affairs 710 of such facilities or institutions; or

711 d. Is so located with respect to any residence or residential area that the operation of such place 712 under such license will adversely affect real property values or substantially interfere with the usual 713 quietude and tranquility of such residence or residential area.

3. There exists any law, ordinance, or regulation of the United States, the Commonwealth, or any 714 715 political subdivision thereof that warrants refusal by the Board to grant any license. 716

4. The Board is not authorized under this chapter to grant such license.

§ 3.2-4135. Conditions under which the Board shall refuse to grant licenses.

718 The Board shall refuse to grant any license to any member or employee of the Board or to any 719 corporation or other business entity in which such member or employee is a stockholder or has any 720 other economic interest.

721 Whenever any other elected or appointed official of the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof applies for such a license or continuance thereof, he shall state on the application the official 722 723 position he holds, and whenever a corporation or other business entity in which any such official is a 724 stockholder or has any other economic interest applies for such a license, it shall state on the 725 application the full economic interests of each such official in such corporation or other business entity. 726 § 3.2-4136. Hearing for refusal to grant licenses; Administrative Process Act.

727 The action of the Board in granting or in refusing to grant any license shall be subject to review in 728 accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Review shall be limited to the evidential record of the proceedings provided by the Board. Both the petitioner and the Board shall 729 730 have the right to appeal to the Court of Appeals from any order of the court. 731

§ 3.2-4137. Grounds for which Board may suspend or revoke licenses.

732 The Board may suspend or revoke any license if it has reasonable cause to believe that:

733 1. The licensee or, if the licensee is a business entity, any officer, director, manager, or general 734 partner of the business entity:

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735 a. Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the Board for such license;

736 b. Within the five years immediately preceding the date of the hearing held in accordance with § 737 3.2-4139, has (i) been convicted in any state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction of a violation of any law, 738 ordinance, or regulation, applicable to the cultivation, manufacture, sale, or testing of marijuana or 739 marijuana products; (ii) violated any provision of Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.); (iii) violated or failed 740 or refused to comply with any regulation or order of the Board; or (iv) failed or refused to comply with 741 any of the conditions or restrictions of the license granted by the Board;

742 c. Has been convicted in any state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction of any felony or convicted of an 743 offense in another state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction, which if committed in the Commonwealth 744 would be a felony. Such conviction shall be treated as a felony conviction under this subsection 745 regardless of its designation in the other state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction;

746 d. Is not the legitimate owner of the business conducted under the license granted by the Board or 747 other persons have ownership interests in the business that have not been disclosed;

748 e. Cannot demonstrate financial responsibility sufficient to meet the requirements of the business 749 conducted under the license granted by the Board; 750

f. Has maintained the licensed premises in an unsanitary condition;

751 g. Knowingly employs in the business conducted under such license, as agent or employee, any 752 person who has been convicted in any state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction of a felony or convicted of 753 an offense in another state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction, which if committed in the Commonwealth 754 would be a felony, related to the cultivation, manufacture, sale, or testing of marijuana or marijuana 755 products. Such conviction shall be treated as a felony conviction under this subsection regardless of its 756 designation in the other state, territory, or foreign jurisdiction;

757 h. Has allowed any person to consume upon the licensed premises any marijuana or marijuana 758 products except as provided under this chapter; or

759 i. Has upon the licensed premises (i) illegally possessed, distributed, sold, or used, or has knowingly 760 allowed any employee or agent, or any other person, to illegally possess, distribute, sell, or use 761 controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, drug paraphernalia, or controlled paraphernalia as those terms are defined in Articles 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) and 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 762 of Title 18.2, and the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.); (ii) laundered money in violation of 763 764 § 18.2-246.3; or (iii) conspired to commit any drug-related offense in violation of Article 7 of this 765 chapter or Article 1 or 1.1 of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or the Drug Control Act. The provisions of this 766 subdivision shall also apply to any conduct related to the operation of the licensed business that 767 facilitates the commission of any of the offenses set forth herein.

768 2. The place occupied by the licensee:

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769 a. Does not conform to the requirements of the governing body of the county, city, or town in which 770 such establishment is located, with respect to sanitation, health, construction, or equipment, or to any 771 similar requirements established by the laws of the Commonwealth or by Board regulations; or 772

b. Has been adjudicated a common nuisance under § 18.2-258.

§ 3.2-4138. Grounds for which Board shall suspend or revoke licenses.

774 The Board shall suspend or revoke any license if it finds that a licensee has defrauded or attempted 775 to defraud the Board, or any federal, state, or local government or governmental agency or authority, by making or filing any report, document, or tax return required by statute or regulation that is 776 777 fraudulent or contains a willful or knowing false representation of a material fact or has willfully 778 deceived or attempted to deceive the Board, or any federal, state, or local government or governmental 779 agency or authority, by making or maintaining business records required by statute or regulation that 780 are false or fraudulent. 781

§ 3.2-4139. Suspension or revocation of licenses; notice and hearings; imposition of penalties.

782 A. Before the Board may suspend or revoke any license, reasonable notice of such proposed or 783 contemplated action shall be given to the licensee in accordance with the provisions of § 2.2-4020 of the 784 Administrative Process Act.

785 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 2.2-4022, the Board shall, upon written request by the licensee, 786 permit the licensee to inspect, copy, or photograph all (i) written or recorded statements made by the 787 licensee or copies thereof or the substance of any oral statements made by the licensee or a previous or 788 present employee of the licensee to any law-enforcement officer, the existence of which is known by the 789 Board and upon which the Board intends to rely as evidence in any adversarial proceeding under this 790 chapter against the licensee, and (ii) designated books, papers, documents, tangible objects, buildings, 791 or places, or copies or portions thereof, that are within the possession, custody, or control of the Board 792 and upon which the Board intends to rely as evidence in any adversarial proceeding under this chapter 793 against the licensee. In addition, any subpoend for the production of documents issued to any person at 794 the request of the licensee or the Board pursuant to § 3.2-4123 shall provide for the production of the 795 documents sought within 10 working days, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in § 3.2-4123.

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796 If the Board fails to provide for inspection, copying, or photographing under this section for the 797 licensee after a written request, the Board shall be prohibited from introducing into evidence any items 798 the licensee would have lawfully been entitled to inspect, copy, or photograph under this section.

799 The action of the Board in suspending or revoking any license shall be subject to judicial review in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.). Such review shall extend to the 800 801 entire evidential record of the proceedings provided by the Board in accordance with the Administrative 802 Process Act. An appeal shall lie to the Court of Appeals from any order of the court. Notwithstanding § 803 8.01-676.1, the final judgment or order of the circuit court shall not be suspended, stayed, or modified 804 by such circuit court pending appeal to the Court of Appeals. Neither mandamus nor injunction shall lie 805 in any such case.

806 B. In suspending any license, the Board may impose, as a condition precedent to the removal of such 807 suspension or any portion thereof, a requirement that the licensee pay the cost incurred by the Board in 808 investigating the licensee and in holding the proceeding resulting in such suspension, or it may impose 809 and collect such civil penalties as it deems appropriate. In no event shall the Board impose a civil 810 penalty exceeding \$2,000 for the first violation occurring within five years immediately preceding the 811 date of the violation or \$5,000 for the second violation occurring within five years immediately preceding the date of the second violation. However, if the violation involved selling marijuana or 812 813 marijuana products to a person prohibited from purchasing marijuana or marijuana products or 814 allowing consumption of marijuana or marijuana products by underage or intoxicated persons, the Board may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$3,000 for the first violation occurring within five years 815 immediately preceding the date of the violation and \$6,000 for a second violation occurring within five 816 817 years immediately preceding the date of the second violation in lieu of such suspension or any portion 818 thereof, or both. Upon making a finding that aggravating circumstances exist, the Board may also 819 impose a requirement that the licensee pay for the cost incurred by the Board not exceeding \$10,000 in 820 investigating the licensee and in holding the proceeding resulting in the violation in addition to any 821 suspension or civil penalty incurred.

822 C. Following notice to (i) the licensee of a hearing that may result in the suspension or revocation 823 of his license or (ii) the applicant of a hearing to resolve a contested application, the Board may accept a consent agreement as authorized in subdivision 2 of § 3.2-4123. The notice shall advise the licensee 824 825 or applicant of the option to (a) admit the alleged violation or the validity of the objection; (b) waive 826 any right to a hearing or an appeal under the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.); and (c) 827 either (1) accept the proposed restrictions for operating under the license, (2) accept the period of 828 suspension of the licensed privileges within the Board's parameters, (3) pay a civil penalty in lieu of the 829 period of suspension, or any portion of the suspension as applicable, or (4) proceed to a hearing. 830

D. The Board shall by regulation or written order:

831 1. Designate those (i) objections to an application or (ii) alleged violations that will proceed to an 832 initial hearing:

833 2. Designate the violations for which a waiver of a hearing and payment of a civil charge in lieu of 834 suspension may be accepted for a first offense occurring within three years immediately preceding the 835 date of the violation;

836 3. Establish a schedule of penalties for such offenses, prescribing the appropriate suspension of a 837 license and the civil charge acceptable in lieu of such suspension; and

838 4. Establish a schedule of offenses for which any penalty may be waived upon a showing that the 839 licensee has had no prior violations within five years immediately preceding the date of the violation. 840 No waiver shall be granted by the Board, however, for a licensee's willful and knowing violation of this 841 chapter or Board regulations. 842

§ 3.2-4140. Marijuana cultivation facility license.

843 A. The Board may issue marijuana cultivation facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to 844 purchase marijuana plants and seeds from other marijuana cultivation facilities; to cultivate, label, and 845 package retail marijuana on the premises approved by the Board; to sell retail marijuana to marijuana manufacturing facilities, to retail marijuana stores, and to other marijuana cultivation facilities; and to 846 847 sell marijuana plants and seeds to other marijuana cultivation facilities and immature marijuana plants 848 and seedlings to retail marijuana stores.

849 B. In accordance with the requirements of § 3.2-4127, a marijuana cultivation facility licensee shall 850 track the retail marijuana it cultivates from immature marijuana plant to the point at which the 851 marijuana plant or the marijuana produced by the marijuana plant is delivered or transferred to a 852 marijuana manufacturing facility, a marijuana testing facility, a retail marijuana store, or another 853 marijuana cultivation facility or is disposed of or destroyed. 854

§ 3.2-4141. Marijuana manufacturing facility license.

855 A. The Board may issue marijuana manufacturing facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee 856 to purchase retail marijuana from a marijuana cultivation facility or another marijuana manufacturing 857 facility; to manufacture, label, and package retail marijuana and retail marijuana products on the

858 premises approved by the Board; and to sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to retail 859 marijuana stores and to other marijuana manufacturing facilities.

B. Retail marijuana products shall be prepared on a licensed premises that is used exclusively for 860 861 the manufacture and preparation of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products and using equipment 862 that is used exclusively for the manufacture and preparation of retail marijuana products.

863 C. All areas within the licensed premises of a marijuana manufacturing facility in which retail 864 marijuana and retail marijuana products are manufactured shall meet all sanitary standards specified in 865 regulations adopted by the Board.

866 D. In accordance with the requirements of § 3.2-4127, a marijuana manufacturing facility licensee shall track the retail marijuana it uses in its manufacturing processes from the point the retail 867 868 marijuana is delivered or transferred to the marijuana manufacturing facility by a marijuana cultivation 869 facility to the point the retail marijuana or retail marijuana products produced using the retail 870 marijuana is delivered or transferred to another marijuana manufacturing facility, a marijuana testing 871 facility, or a retail marijuana store or is disposed of or destroyed.

872 § 3.2-4142. Marijuana testing facility license.

873 A. The Board may issue marijuana testing facility licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to 874 develop, research, and test retail marijuana, retail marijuana products, and other substances.

875 B. A marijuana testing facility may develop, research, and test retail marijuana and retail marijuana 876 products for (i) that facility, (ii) another licensee, or (iii) a person who intends to use the marijuana or 877 marijuana product for personal use as authorized under § 3.2-4159.

878 C. Neither this chapter nor the regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter shall prevent a 879 marijuana testing facility from developing, researching, or testing substances that are not retail 880 marijuana or retail marijuana products for that facility or for another person.

881 D. To obtain licensure from the Board, a marijuana testing facility shall be required to obtain and 882 maintain accreditation pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International Organization for 883 Standardization by a third-party accrediting body.

E. In accordance with the requirements of § 3.2-4127, a marijuana testing facility licensee shall 884 885 track all retail marijuana and retail marijuana products it receives from a licensee for testing purposes 886 from the point at which the marijuana or marijuana products are delivered or transferred to the 887 marijuana testing facility to the point at which the marijuana or marijuana products are disposed of or 888 destroyed.

889 F. A person that has an interest in a marijuana testing facility license shall not have any interest in 890 a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed marijuana cultivation facility, or a licensed marijuana 891 products manufacturer. A person that has an interest in a licensed retail marijuana store, a licensed 892 marijuana cultivation facility, or a licensed marijuana products manufacturer shall not have an interest 893 in a facility that has a marijuana testing facility license. 894

§ 3.2-4143. Retail marijuana store license.

895 A. The Board may issue retail marijuana store licenses, which shall authorize the licensee to 896 purchase retail marijuana, including immature marijuana plants and seedlings, from a marijuana 897 cultivation facility; to purchase retail marijuana and retail marijuana products from a marijuana 898 manufacturing facility; and to sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products, including immature 899 marijuana plants, flowering marijuana plants, and seedlings, to consumers on the premises approved by 900 the Board.

901 B. Retail marijuana stores shall be operated in accordance with the following provisions:

902 1. A person shall be 21 years of age or older to make a purchase in a retail marijuana store.

903 2. A retail marijuana store shall be permitted to sell retail marijuana and retail marijuana products, 904 including immature marijuana plants, flowering marijuana plants, and seedlings, to consumers only in a 905 direct, face-to-face exchange. Such store shall not be permitted to sell marijuana, marijuana products, 906 immature marijuana plants, flowering marijuana plants, and seedlings using:

907 a. An automated dispensing or vending machine;

- 908 b. A drive-through sales window:
- 909 c. An Internet-based sales platform; or

910 d. A delivery service.

- 911 3. No retail marijuana store shall be permitted to sell more than any of the following during a single 912 transaction to one person:
- 913 a. One ounce of retail marijuana;
- 914 b. Sixteen ounces of solid marijuana product:
- 915 c. Seventy-two ounces of liquid marijuana product;
- 916 d. Twelve immature marijuana plants; or
- 917 e. Six flowering marijuana plants.
- 918 However, a retail marijuana store shall be permitted to sell unlimited seedlings to one person during

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919 a single transaction.

920 4. A retail marijuana store may sell any other consumable or nonconsumable products that it is 921 otherwise permitted by law to sell, excluding tobacco or alcohol.

922 5. No retail marijuana store shall:

923 a. Give away any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, including immature marijuana 924 plants, flowering marijuana plants, or seedlings; or

925 b. Sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, including immature marijuana plants, flowering 926 marijuana plants, and seedlings, to any person when at the time of such sale the licensee or the agent 927 or employee of the licensee knows or has reason to believe that the person to whom the sale is made is 928 intoxicated.

929 6. In accordance with the requirements of § 3.2-4127, a retail marijuana store licensee shall track 930 all retail marijuana and retail marijuana products from the point at which the retail marijuana or retail 931 marijuana products are delivered or transferred to the retail marijuana store by a marijuana cultivation facility or a marijuana manufacturing facility to the point at which the retail marijuana or retail 932 933 marijuana products are sold to a consumer, delivered or transferred to a marijuana testing facility, or 934 disposed of or destroyed. 935

§ 3.2-4144. To whom privileges conferred by licenses extend; liability for violations of law.

936 The privilege of any licensee to sell retail marijuana or retail marijuana products shall extend to 937 such licensee and to all agents or employees of such licensee for the purpose of selling retail marijuana 938 or retail marijuana products under such license. The licensee may be held liable for any violation of 939 this chapter or any Board regulation committed by such agents or employees in connection with their 940 employment.

941 § 3.2-4145. Use or consumption of marijuana or marijuana products on premises of licensee by 942 licensee, agent, or employee.

943 Neither marijuana nor marijuana products may be used or consumed on the premises of a licensee 944 by the licensee or any agent or employee of the licensee, except for certain sampling for quality control 945 purposes that may be permitted by Board regulation. 946

Article 3.

Local Regulation of Marijuana Establishments.

§ 3.2-4146. Local regulation of marijuana establishments generally.

949 This chapter shall not be interpreted to supersede or limit the authority of a locality to adopt and 950 enforce local ordinances to regulate businesses licensed under this chapter, including local zoning and 951 land use requirements and business license requirements, or to completely prohibit the establishment or 952 operation of one or more types of businesses licensed under this chapter within the locality.

If a locality chooses to permit the establishment or operation of one or more types of businesses 953 954 licensed under this chapter within the locality, the locality may adopt an ordinance providing licensing 955 requirements applicable to marijuana establishments within the locality, which may include provisions 956 establishing a local licensing fee schedule.

957 § 3.2-4147. Use or consumption of marijuana or marijuana products on premises of licensed retail 958 marijuana store.

959 In accordance with the provisions of § 3.2-4163, a locality may allow for the use or consumption of 960 marijuana or marijuana products on the premises of a licensed retail marijuana store if:

961 1. Access to the area where marijuana or marijuana product use or consumption is allowed is 962 restricted to persons 21 years of age or older;

963 2. Marijuana or marijuana product use or consumption is not visible from any public place or 964 non-age-restricted area; and 965

3. The sale or consumption of alcohol and tobacco is not permitted on the premises.

Article 4.

Health and Safety Requirements.

968 § 3.2-4148. Board to establish regulations for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products 969 testing.

970 Subject to the requirements of § 3.2-4149, the Board shall establish a testing program for retail 971 marijuana and retail marijuana products. Except as otherwise provided in this article or otherwise 972 provided by law, the testing program shall require a licensee, prior to selling or distributing retail 973 marijuana or a retail marijuana product to a consumer or to another licensee, to submit a 974 representative sample of the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product, not to exceed 10 percent of 975 the total harvest or batch, to a licensed marijuana testing facility for testing to ensure that the retail 976 marijuana or retail marijuana product does not exceed the maximum level of allowable contamination 977 for any contaminant that is injurious to health and for which testing is required and to ensure correct 978 labeling. The Board shall adopt regulations (i) establishing a testing program pursuant to this section; 979 (ii) establishing acceptable testing and research practices, including regulations relating to testing 980 practices, methods, and standards; quality control analysis; equipment certification and calibration;

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marijuana testing facility recordkeeping, documentation, and business practices; disposal of used,
unused, and waste retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; and reporting of test results; (iii)
identifying the types of contaminants that are injurious to health for which retail marijuana and retail
marijuana products shall be tested under this article; and (iv) setting the maximum level of allowable
contamination for each contaminant.

986 § 3.2-4149. Mandatory testing; scope; recordkeeping; notification; additional testing not required; 987 required destruction.

A. A licensee may not sell or distribute retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product to a consumer
or to another licensee under this chapter unless a representative sample of the retail marijuana or retail
marijuana product has been tested pursuant to this article and the regulations adopted pursuant to this
article and such mandatory testing has demonstrated that (i) the retail marijuana or retail marijuana
product does not exceed the maximum level of allowable contamination for any contaminant that is
injurious to health and for which testing is required and (ii) the labeling on the retail marijuana or

995 B. Mandatory testing of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products under this section shall 996 include testing for:

997 1. Residual solvents, poisons, and toxins;

998 2. Harmful chemicals;

999 3. Dangerous molds and mildew;

1000 *4. Harmful microbes, including but not limited to Escherichia coli and Salmonella;*

1001 5. Pesticides, fungicides, and insecticides; and

1002 6. THC potency, homogeneity, and cannabinoid profiles to ensure correct labeling.

1003 Testing shall be performed on the final form in which the retail marijuana or retail marijuana **1004** product will be consumed.

1005 *C.* A licensee shall maintain a record of all mandatory testing that includes a description of the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product provided to the marijuana testing facility, the identity of the marijuana testing facility, and the results of the mandatory test.

D. If the results of a mandatory test conducted pursuant to this section indicate that the tested retail marijuana or retail marijuana product exceeds the maximum level of allowable contamination for any contaminant that is injurious to health and for which testing is required, the marijuana testing facility shall immediately quarantine, document, and properly destroy the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product and within 30 days of completing the test shall notify the Department of the test results.

1013 A marijuana testing facility is not required to notify the Department of the results of any test:

1014 1. Conducted on retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product at the direction of a licensee 1015 pursuant to this section that demonstrates that the marijuana or marijuana product does not exceed the 1016 maximum level of allowable contamination for any contaminant that is injurious to health and for which 1017 testing is required;

1018 2. Conducted on retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product at the direction of a licensee for research and development purposes only, so long as the licensee notifies the marijuana testing facility prior to the performance of the test that the testing is for research and development purposes only; or

1021 3. Conducted on retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product at the direction of a person who is **1022** not a licensee.

E. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a licensee may sell or furnish to a consumer or to another licensee
retail marijuana or a retail marijuana product that the licensee has not submitted for testing in
accordance with this article and regulations adopted pursuant to this article if the following conditions
are met:

1027 1. The retail marijuana or retail marijuana product has previously undergone testing in accordance 1028 with this article and regulations adopted pursuant to this article at the direction of another licensee and 1029 such testing demonstrated that the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product does not exceed the 1030 maximum level of allowable contamination for any contaminant that is injurious to health and for which 1031 testing is required;

1032 2. The mandatory testing process and the test results for the retail marijuana or retail marijuana
1033 product are documented in accordance with the requirements of this article and all applicable
1034 regulations adopted pursuant to this article;

1035 3. Tracking from immature marijuana plant to the point of retail sale has been maintained for the
1036 retail marijuana or retail marijuana product and transfers of the retail marijuana or retail marijuana
1037 product to another licensee or to a consumer can be easily identified; and

1038 4. Since the performance of the prior testing under subsection A, the retail marijuana or retail **1039** marijuana product has not undergone any further processing, manufacturing, or alteration.

1040 *F. Licensees shall be required to destroy harvested batches of retail marijuana or batches of retail* **1041** *marijuana products whose testing samples indicate noncompliance with the health and safety standards*

required by this article and the regulations adopted by the Board pursuant to this article, unless 1042 1043 remedial measures can bring the retail marijuana or retail marijuana products into compliance with 1044 such required health and safety standards. 1045

§ 3.2-4150. Labeling and packaging requirements; prohibitions.

1046 A. Retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a 1047 consumer in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall be labeled with the following 1048 information:

1049 1. Identification of the type of marijuana or marijuana product and the date of cultivation, 1050 manufacturing, and packaging;

1051 2. The license numbers of the marijuana cultivation facility, the marijuana manufacturing facility, 1052 and the retail marijuana store where the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product was cultivated, manufactured, and offered for sale, as applicable; 1053 1054

3. A statement of the net weight of the retail marijuana or retail marijuana product;

4. Information concerning (i) pharmacologically active ingredients, including tetrahydrocannabinol 1055 1056 (THC), cannabidiol (CBD), and other cannabinoid content; (ii) the THC and other cannabinoid amount 1057 in milligrams per serving, the total servings per package, and the THC and other cannabinoid amount 1058 in milligrams for the total package; and (iii) information about the potency of the THC and other 1059 cannabinoid content:

1060 5. Information on gases, solvents, and chemicals used in marijuana extraction, if applicable;

1061 6. Instructions on usage;

1062 7. For retail marijuana products, a list of ingredients and possible allergens and a recommended use 1063 by date or expiration date;

1064 8. For edible retail marijuana products, a nutritional fact panel;

9. The following statements, prominently displayed in bold print and in a clear and legible fashion: 1065

a. For retail marijuana: "GOVERNMENT WARNING: THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS MARIJUANA. 1066 KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND ANIMALS. MARIJUANA MAY ONLY BE POSSESSED 1067 1068 OR CONSUMED BY PERSONS 21 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER. MARIJUANA USE WHILE 1069 PREGNANT OR BREASTFEEDING MAY BE HARMFUL. CONSUMPTION OF MARIJUANA IMPAIRS 1070 YOUR ABILITY TO DRIVE AND OPERATE MACHINERY. PLEASE USE EXTREME CAUTION."

b. For retail marijuana products: "GOVERNMENT WARNING: THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS 1071 MARIJUANA. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND ANIMALS. MARIJUANA PRODUCTS 1072 1073 MAY ONLY BE POSSESSED OR CONSUMED BY PERSONS 21 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER. 1074 MARIJUANA USE WHILE PREGNANT OR BREASTFEEDING MAY BE HARMFUL. CONSUMPTION 1075 OF MARIJUANA IMPAIRS YOUR ABILITY TO DRIVE AND OPERATE MACHINERY. PLEASE USE 1076 EXTREME CAUTION."; and

1077 10. Any other information required by Board regulations.

1078 B. Retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a 1079 consumer in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall be packaged in the following manner:

1. Retail marijuana and retail marijuana products shall be prepackaged in child-resistant, 1080 1081 tamper-evident, and resealable packaging that is opaque or shall be placed at the final point of sale to 1082 a consumer in child-resistant, tamper-evident, and resealable packaging that is opaque;

1083 2. Packaging for multi-serving liquid marijuana products shall include an integral measurement 1084 component; and

1085 3. Packaging shall comply with any other requirements imposed by Board regulations.

1086 C. No retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a licensee to a 1087 consumer in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall:

1. Be labeled or packaged in violation of a federal trademark law or regulation; 1088

1089 2. Be labeled or packaged in a manner that is specifically designed to appeal particularly to persons 1090 under 21 years of age;

- 1091 3. Be labeled or packaged in a manner that obscures identifying information on the label;
- 1092 4. Be labeled or packaged using a false or misleading label;

1093 5. Be sold or offered for sale using a label or packaging that depicts a human, animal, or fruit; or

1094 6. Be labeled or packaged in violation of any other labeling or packaging requirements imposed by 1095 Board regulations.

1096 § 3.2-4151. Advertising and marketing restrictions.

1097 A. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:

1098 "Advertisement" includes any written or verbal statement, illustration, or depiction that is calculated 1099 to induce sales of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, including any written, printed, graphic, 1100 or other material, any billboard, sign, or other outdoor display, any publication, or any radio or 1101 television broadcast.

1102 "Health-related statement" means any statement related to health and includes statements of a 1103 curative or therapeutic nature that, expressly or by implication, suggest a relationship between the

1104 consumption of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products and health benefits or effects on health.

1105 "Market" or "marketing" means any act or process of promoting or selling retail marijuana or retail 1106 marijuana products, including point-of-sale advertising, and development of products specifically 1107 designed to appeal to certain demographics.

1108 B. No person shall advertise in or send any advertising matter into the Commonwealth about or 1109 concerning retail marijuana or retail marijuana products other than those that may be legally 1110 manufactured in the Commonwealth under this chapter or Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of the 1111 Drug Control Act. 1112

C. Advertising or marketing used by or on behalf of a licensee:

1113 1. Shall accurately and legibly identify the licensee responsible for its content by adding, at a 1114 minimum, the licensee's license number;

1115 2. Shall not be misleading, deceptive, or false;

1116 3. Shall not have a high likelihood of reaching persons under 21 years of age and shall not be 1117 designed to appeal particularly to persons under 21 years of age; and

1118 4. Shall comply with any other provisions imposed by Board regulations.

1119 D. Any advertising or marketing involving direct, individualized communication or dialogue 1120 controlled by the licensee shall utilize a method of age affirmation to verify that the recipient is 21 1121 years of age or older before engaging in that communication or dialogue controlled by the licensee. For 1122 purposes of this subsection, that method of age affirmation may include user confirmation, birth date 1123 disclosure, or any other similar registration method.

1124 E. No licensee shall give away any amount of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, or any 1125 marijuana accessories, as part of a business promotion or other commercial activity.

1126 F. No licensee shall include on the label of any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product or 1127 publish or disseminate advertising or marketing containing any health-related statement that is untrue in 1128 any particular manner or tends to create a misleading impression as to the effects on health of 1129 marijuana consumption.

1130 G. Any outdoor advertising of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products shall comply with the 1131 following:

1132 1. No outdoor retail marijuana or retail marijuana product advertising shall be placed within 1,000 1133 linear feet on the same side of the road, and parallel to such road, measured from the nearest edge of 1134 the sign face upon which the advertisement is placed to the nearest edge of a building or structure 1135 located on the real property of (i) a church, mosque, synagogue, or other place of religious worship; 1136 (ii) a public, private, or parochial school or an institution of higher education; (iii) a public or private 1137 playground or similar recreational facility; or (iv) a dwelling used for residential use. However, if there 1138 is no building or structure on a playground or similar recreational facility, the measurement shall be 1139 from the nearest edge of the sign face upon which the advertisement is placed to the property line of 1140 such playground or similar recreational facility.

1141 2. If at the time the advertisement was displayed, the advertisement was more than 1,000 feet from 1142 (i) a church, mosque, synagogue, or other place of religious worship; (ii) a public, private, or parochial 1143 school or an institution of higher education; (iii) a public or private playground or similar recreational 1144 facility; or (iv) a dwelling used for residential use, but the circumstances changed such that the 1145 advertiser would otherwise be in violation of subdivision 1, the Board shall permit the advertisement to 1146 remain as displayed for the remainder of the term of any written advertising contract but in no event 1147 more than one year from the date of the change in circumstances.

1148 3. The Board may grant a permit authorizing a variance from the distance requirements of this 1149 subsection upon a finding that the placement of retail marijuana and retail marijuana product 1150 advertising on a sign will not unduly expose persons under 21 years of age to marijuana and marijuana 1151 product advertising.

1152 4. Provided such signs are in compliance with local ordinances, the distance and zoning 1153 requirements contained in this section shall not apply to signs placed by licensees upon the property on 1154 which the licensed premises is located.

1155 5. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize billboard signs containing retail marijuana 1156 or retail marijuana product advertising on property zoned agricultural or residential or on any unzoned 1157 property. Nor shall this section be construed to authorize the erection of new billboard signs containing 1158 retail marijuana or retail marijuana product advertising that would be prohibited under state law or 1159 local ordinance.

1160 6. All lawfully erected outdoor retail marijuana or retail marijuana product signs shall comply with 1161 the provisions of this chapter, Board regulations, and Chapter 12 (§ 33.2-1200 et seq.) of Title 33.2 and 1162 regulations adopted pursuant thereto by the Commonwealth Transportation Board. Further, any outdoor retail marijuana or retail marijuana product directional sign located or to be located on highway 1163 rights-of-way shall also be governed by and comply with the Integrated Directional Signing Program 1164

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1165 administered by the Virginia Department of Transportation or its agents.

1166 H. No licensee may sponsor or cause to be sponsored any athletic, musical, artistic, or other social 1167 or cultural event, or any entry or team in any event, in the brand name, logo, symbol, motto, or any 1168 other indicia of product identification identical or similar to, or identifiable with, those used for any 1169 brand of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products.

1170 I. The provisions of this section shall not apply to noncommercial speech.

1171 § 3.2-4152. Other health and safety requirements for edible marijuana products.

1172 In addition to all other applicable provisions of this article, edible marijuana products to be sold or 1173 offered for sale by a licensee to a consumer in accordance with this chapter:

1174 1. Shall be manufactured in a manner that results in the cannabinoid content within the product 1175 being homogeneous throughout the product or throughout each element of the product that has a cannabinoid content: 1176

1177 2. Shall be manufactured in a manner that results in the amount of marijuana concentrate within the 1178 product being homogeneous throughout the product or throughout each element of the product that 1179 contains marijuana concentrate; 1180

3. Shall have a universal symbol stamped or embossed on each serving of the product;

1181 4. Shall not contain more than 100 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) per serving of the 1182 product and shall not contain more than 100 milligrams of THC per package of the product;

1183 5. Shall not contain additives that are:

1184 a. Toxic or harmful to human beings;

1185 b. Specifically designed to make the product more addictive;

c. Misleading to consumers; or 1186

1187 d. Specifically designed to make the product appeal particularly to persons under 21 years of age; 1188 and

1189 6. Shall not involve the addition of marijuana to a trademarked food or drink product, except when 1190 the trademarked product is used as a component of or ingredient in the edible retail marijuana product 1191 and the edible retail marijuana product is not advertised or described for sale as containing the 1192 trademarked product. 1193

§ 3.2-4153. Health and safety regulations.

1194 The Board shall adopt any additional labeling, packaging, or other health and safety regulations that 1195 it deems necessary for retail marijuana and retail marijuana products to be sold or offered for sale by a 1196 licensee to a consumer in accordance with this chapter. Regulations adopted pursuant to this section 1197 shall establish mandatory health and safety standards applicable to the cultivation of marijuana, the 1198 manufacture of retail marijuana products, and the packaging and labeling of retail marijuana and retail 1199 marijuana products sold by a licensee to a consumer. Such regulations shall address:

1200 1. Requirements for the storage, warehousing, and transportation of retail marijuana and retail 1201 marijuana products by licensees;

1202 2. Sanitary standards for marijuana establishments, including sanitary standards for the manufacture of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; and 1203

1204 3. Limitations on the display of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products at retail marijuana 1205 stores. 1206

Article 5.

Home Cultivation of Marijuana for Personal Use.

§ 3.2-4154. Home cultivation of marijuana for personal use.

1209 A. A person 21 years of age or older may cultivate up to three mature marijuana plants, three 1210 immature marijuana plants, and an unlimited number of seedlings for personal use on a parcel or tract 1211 of land: 1212

1. On which the person is domiciled;

2. Owned by the person on which the person is not domiciled; or

1214 3. Not owned by the person and on which the person is not domiciled so long as the owner of the 1215 parcel or tract of land permits, by written agreement, the cultivation and care of the marijuana plants 1216 on the parcel or tract of land by such person.

1217 A person may cultivate marijuana plants and seedlings authorized under this section at multiple 1218 locations so long as such cultivation activities otherwise meet all of the requirements of this section. 1219

B. A person who cultivates marijuana for personal use pursuant to this section shall:

1220 1. Ensure that the marijuana is not visible from a public way without the use of aircraft, binoculars, 1221 or other optical aids; 1222

2. Take reasonable precautions to prevent unauthorized access by persons under 21 years of age;

1223 3. Attach to each mature marijuana plant and immature marijuana plant a legible tag that includes 1224 the person's name, driver's license number or identification number, a notation that the marijuana plant 1225 is being grown for personal use as authorized under this section, and if the cultivation is on a parcel or

1226 tract of land owned by another person, the name of such owner; and

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1227 4. Comply with all applicable local regulations relating to the home cultivation of marijuana for 1228 personal use that have been adopted in accordance with subsection C. 1229

C. A locality may regulate the home cultivation of marijuana for personal use within the locality.

1230 1. A locality may, by ordinance, limit the total number of mature marijuana plants that may be 1231 cultivated on any one parcel or tract of land within the locality, so long as that ordinance or regulation 1232 allows for the cultivation of at least three mature marijuana plants, three immature marijuana plants, 1233 and an unlimited number of seedlings by each person 21 years of age or older who is domiciled on a 1234 parcel or tract of land.

1235 2. A locality may not entirely prohibit the home cultivation of marijuana for personal use within the 1236 locality, restrict the areas within the locality in which home cultivation of marijuana for personal use is 1237 allowed, or charge a licensing or other fee to a person relating to the home cultivation of marijuana for 1238 personal use within the locality. 1239

§ 3.2-4155. Home extraction of marijuana concentrate prohibited.

1240 A person may not manufacture marijuana concentrate from home-cultivated marijuana. The owner of 1241 a parcel or tract of land may not intentionally or knowingly allow another person to manufacture 1242 marijuana concentrate from home-cultivated marijuana on such parcel or tract of land.

1243 § 3.2-4156. Violations; penalty.

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1244 A person who is convicted of a violation of any provision of this article is guilty of a Class 1 1245 misdemeanor.

Article 6.

Retail Marijuana Tax.

§ 3.2-4157. State retail marijuana tax.

1249 A. In addition to any taxes imposed pursuant to Chapter 6 (§ 58.1-600 et seq.) of Title 58.1, there is 1250 hereby levied and imposed a tax on retail marijuana and retail marijuana products sold by a retail 1251 marijuana store at a rate of 9.7 percent.

1252 B. The tax shall be administered and collected by the Department of Taxation in the same manner 1253 and subject to the same penalties as provided for the state retail sales tax under § 58.1-603.

1254 C. The revenue generated and collected pursuant to the tax authorized under this section, less the 1255 applicable portion of any refunds to taxpayers, shall be deposited by the Comptroller as follows: 1256

1. Sixty-seven percent of the revenues shall be deposited into the general fund; and

1257 2. Thirty-three percent of the revenues shall be deposited into a special fund hereby created on the 1258 books of the Comptroller under the name "Retail Marijuana Education Support Fund" (the Fund). 1259 Moneys deposited in the Fund shall be used solely for purposes of public education. Such moneys shall 1260 be appropriated as provided in the general appropriation act. 1261

§ 3.2-4158. Counties and cities authorized to impose additional retail marijuana tax.

1262 A. Any county or city is hereby authorized to levy and impose a tax on retail marijuana and retail 1263 marijuana products sold by a retail marijuana store in such county or city at a rate not to exceed five 1264 percent.

1265 B. Such tax shall be levied only if the tax is approved in a referendum within the county or city, which shall be held in accordance with § 24.2-684 and initiated either by a resolution of the governing 1266 1267 body of the county or city or on the filing of a petition signed by a number of registered voters in the county or city equal in number to at least 10 percent of the number of voters registered in the county or 1268 1269 city, as applicable on January 1 of the year in which the petition is filed with the court of such county 1270 or city. The clerk of the circuit court shall publish notice of the election in a newspaper of general 1271 circulation in the county or city once a week for three consecutive weeks prior to the election. If voters 1272 affirm the levy of a local retail marijuana tax, the tax shall be effective in an amount and on such terms 1273 as the governing body may by ordinance prescribe. If such resolution of the governing body or such 1274 petition states for what projects or purposes the revenues collected from the tax are to be used, then the 1275 question on the ballot for the referendum shall include language stating the projects or purposes for 1276 which the revenues collected from the tax are to be used.

1277 C. Any tax levied pursuant to this section shall be collected by the Department of Taxation in the 1278 same manner and subject to the same penalties as provided for the state retail sales tax under 1279 § 58.1-603 and shall be distributed in the same manner as the local sales tax under § 58.1-605. 1280

Article 7.

Prohibited Practices; Penalties; Procedural Matters.

1282 § 3.2-4159. Possession of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products by persons 21 years of 1283 age or older lawful.

1284 Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 1285 person 21 years of age or older may lawfully possess retail marijuana or retail marijuana products.

1286 § 3.2-4160. Possession of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products by persons under 21 1287 years of age prohibited; civil penalty.

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A. It is unlawful for any person under 21 years of age to knowingly or intentionally possess retail
marijuana or retail marijuana products unless the substance was obtained directly from, or pursuant to,
a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of his professional practice, or
except as otherwise authorized by the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.). The attorney for the
Commonwealth or the county, city, or town attorney may prosecute such a case.

1293 Upon the prosecution of a person for violation of this section, ownership or occupancy of the 1294 premises or vehicle upon or in which retail marijuana or retail marijuana products were found shall not 1295 create a presumption that such person either knowingly or intentionally possessed such retail marijuana 1296 or retail marijuana products.

1297 Any person who violates this section is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25. A violation of
1298 this section is a civil offense. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited
1299 into the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to \$ 18.2-251.02.
1300 Violations of this section by an adult shall be prepayable according to the procedures in \$
1301 16.1-69.40:2.

1302 B. Any violation of this section shall be charged by summons. A summons for a violation of this 1303 section may be executed by a law-enforcement officer when such violation is observed by such officer. 1304 The summons used by a law-enforcement officer pursuant to this section shall be in form the same as 1305 the uniform summons for motor vehicle law violations as prescribed pursuant to § 46.2-388. No court 1306 costs shall be assessed for violations of this section. A person's criminal history record information as 1307 defined in § 9.1-101 shall not include records of any charges or judgments for a violation of this 1308 section, and records of such charges or judgments shall not be reported to the Central Criminal 1309 Records Exchange. However, if a violation of this section occurs while an individual is operating a commercial motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-341.4, such violation shall be reported to the Department 1310 of Motor Vehicles and shall be included on such individual's driving record. 1311

1312 C. The procedure for appeal and trial of any violation of this section shall be the same as provided
1313 by law for misdemeanors; if requested by either party on appeal to the circuit court, trial by jury shall
1314 be as provided in Article 4 (§ 19.2-260 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 19.2, and the Commonwealth
1315 shall be required to prove its case beyond a reasonable doubt.

1316 D. The provisions of this section shall not apply to members of state, federal, county, city, or town
1317 law-enforcement agencies, jail officers, or correctional officers, as defined in § 53.1-1, certified as
1318 handlers of dogs trained in the detection of controlled substances when possession of marijuana is
1319 necessary for the performance of their duties.

1320 E. The provisions of this section involving retail marijuana products in the form of cannabis oil as 1321 that term is defined in § 54.1-3408.3 shall not apply to any person who possesses such oil pursuant to a 1322 valid written certification issued by a practitioner in the course of his professional practice pursuant to 1323 § 54.1-3408.3 for treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of (i) the person's diagnosed condition or 1324 disease, (ii) if such person is the parent or legal guardian of a minor or of an incapacitated adult as 1325 defined in § 18.2-369, such minor's or incapacitated adult's diagnosed condition or disease, or (iii) if 1326 such person has been designated as a registered agent pursuant to § 54.1-3408.3, the diagnosed 1327 condition or disease of his principal or, if the principal is the parent or legal guardian of a minor or of an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such minor's or incapacitated adult's diagnosed 1328 1329 condition or disease.

F. No individual shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for possession of retail marijuana or retail
 marijuana products pursuant to this section if:

1332 I. Such individual (i) in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency medical attention (a) for himself, if
1333 he is experiencing an overdose, or (b) for another individual, if such other individual is experiencing an
1334 overdose, or (ii) is experiencing an overdose and another individual, in good faith, seeks or obtains
1335 emergency medical attention for such individual, by contemporaneously reporting such overdose to a
1336 firefighter, as defined in § 65.2-102, emergency medical services personnel, as defined in § 32.1-111.1, a
1337 law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, or an emergency 911 system;

1338 2. Such individual remains at the scene of the overdose or at any alternative location to which he or
1339 the person requiring emergency medical attention has been transported until a law-enforcement officer
1340 responds to the report of an overdose. If no law-enforcement officer is present at the scene of the
1341 overdose or at the alternative location, then such individual shall cooperate with law enforcement as
1342 otherwise set forth herein;

1343 3. Such individual identifies himself to the law-enforcement officer who responds to the report of the **1344** overdose; and

1345 4. The evidence for the prosecution of an offense enumerated in this subsection was obtained as a1346 result of the individual seeking or obtaining emergency medical attention.

1347 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person who seeks or obtains emergency
1348 medical attention for himself or another individual, or to a person experiencing an overdose when
1349 another individual seeks or obtains emergency medical attention for him, during the execution of a

1350 search warrant or during the conduct of a lawful search or a lawful arrest.

1351 This subsection does not establish protection from arrest or prosecution for any individual or offense **1352** other than those listed in this section.

1353 No law-enforcement officer acting in good faith shall be found liable for false arrest if it is later 1354 determined that the person arrested was immune from prosecution under this section.

1355 For purposes of this subsection, "overdose" means a life-threatening condition resulting from the consumption or use of a controlled substance, alcohol, or any combination of such substances.

1357 *G.* When any juvenile is found to have committed a violation of subsection A, the disposition of the case shall be handled according to the provisions of Article 9 (§ 16.1-278 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1.

H. No law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, may lawfully stop, search, or seize any person, place, or thing solely on the basis of the odor of marijuana and no evidence discovered or obtained pursuant to a violation of this subsection, including evidence discovered or obtained with the person's consent, shall be admissible in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding.

1364 *I.* The provisions of subsection *F* shall not apply in any airport as defined in § 5.1-1 or if the violation occurs in a commercial motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-341.4.

1366 § 3.2-4161. Possession of non-retail marijuana and non-retail marijuana products prohibited; civil 1367 penalty.

A. It is unlawful for any person to knowingly or intentionally possess non-retail marijuana or non-retail marijuana products unless the substance was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of his professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.). The attorney for the Commonwealth or the county, city, or town attorney may prosecute such a case.

1373 Upon the prosecution of a person for violation of this section, ownership or occupancy of the 1374 premises or vehicle upon or in which non-retail marijuana or non-retail marijuana products were found 1375 shall not create a presumption that such person either knowingly or intentionally possessed such 1376 non-retail marijuana or non-retail marijuana products.

1377 Any person who violates this section is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25. A violation of
1378 this section is a civil offense. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited
1379 into the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to \$ 18.2-251.02.
1380 Violations of this section by an adult shall be prepayable according to the procedures in \$ 16.1-69.40:2.

1381 B. Any violation of this section shall be charged by summons. A summons for a violation of this 1382 section may be executed by a law-enforcement officer when such violation is observed by such officer. 1383 The summons used by a law-enforcement officer pursuant to this section shall be in form the same as 1384 the uniform summons for motor vehicle law violations as prescribed pursuant to § 46.2-388. No court 1385 costs shall be assessed for violations of this section. A person's criminal history record information as 1386 defined in § 9.1-101 shall not include records of any charges or judgments for a violation of this 1387 section, and records of such charges or judgments shall not be reported to the Central Criminal 1388 Records Exchange. However, if a violation of this section occurs while an individual is operating a 1389 commercial motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-341.4, such violation shall be reported to the Department 1390 of Motor Vehicles and shall be included on such individual's driving record.

1391 C. The procedure for appeal and trial of any violation of this section shall be the same as provided
1392 by law for misdemeanors; if requested by either party on appeal to the circuit court, trial by jury shall
1393 be as provided in Article 4 (§ 19.2-260 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 19.2, and the Commonwealth
1394 shall be required to prove its case beyond a reasonable doubt.

D. The provisions of this section shall not apply to members of state, federal, county, city, or town law-enforcement agencies, jail officers, or correctional officers, as defined in § 53.1-1, certified as handlers of dogs trained in the detection of controlled substances when possession of marijuana is necessary for the performance of their duties.

1399 E. The provisions of this section involving non-retail marijuana products in the form of cannabis oil 1400 as that term is defined in § 54.1-3408.3 shall not apply to any person who possesses such oil pursuant 1401 to a valid written certification issued by a practitioner in the course of his professional practice 1402 pursuant to § 54.1-3408.3 for treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of (i) the person's diagnosed 1403 condition or disease, (ii) if such person is the parent or legal guardian of a minor or of an 1404 incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such minor's or incapacitated adult's diagnosed condition 1405 or disease, or (iii) if such person has been designated as a registered agent pursuant to § 54.1-3408.3, 1406 the diagnosed condition or disease of his principal or, if the principal is the parent or legal guardian of 1407 a minor or of an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such minor's or incapacitated adult's 1408 diagnosed condition or disease.

1409 *F.* No individual shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for possession of non-retail marijuana or **1410** non-retail marijuana products pursuant to this section if:

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1411 1. Such individual (i) in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency medical attention (a) for himself, if 1412 he is experiencing an overdose, or (b) for another individual, if such other individual is experiencing an 1413 overdose, or (ii) is experiencing an overdose and another individual, in good faith, seeks or obtains 1414 emergency medical attention for such individual, by contemporaneously reporting such overdose to a 1415 firefighter, as defined in § 65.2-102, emergency medical services personnel, as defined in § 32.1-111.1, a 1416 law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, or an emergency 911 system;

1417 2. Such individual remains at the scene of the overdose or at any alternative location to which he or 1418 the person requiring emergency medical attention has been transported until a law-enforcement officer 1419 responds to the report of an overdose. If no law-enforcement officer is present at the scene of the overdose or at the alternative location, then such individual shall cooperate with law enforcement as 1420 1421 otherwise set forth herein;

1422 3. Such individual identifies himself to the law-enforcement officer who responds to the report of the 1423 overdose; and

1424 4. The evidence for the prosecution of an offense enumerated in this subsection was obtained as a result of the individual seeking or obtaining emergency medical attention. 1425

1426 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person who seeks or obtains emergency 1427 medical attention for himself or another individual, or to a person experiencing an overdose when 1428 another individual seeks or obtains emergency medical attention for him, during the execution of a 1429 search warrant or during the conduct of a lawful search or a lawful arrest.

1430 This subsection does not establish protection from arrest or prosecution for any individual or offense 1431 other than those listed in this section.

No law-enforcement officer acting in good faith shall be found liable for false arrest if it is later 1432 determined that the person arrested was immune from prosecution under this section. For purposes of this subsection, "overdose" means a life-threatening condition resulting from the 1433

1434 1435 consumption or use of a controlled substance, alcohol, or any combination of such substances.

1436 G. When any juvenile is found to have committed a violation of subsection A, the disposition of the 1437 case shall be handled according to the provisions of Article 9 (§ 16.1-278 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 1438 16.1.

1439 H. No law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, may lawfully stop, search, or seize any 1440 person, place, or thing solely on the basis of the odor of marijuana and no evidence discovered or 1441 obtained pursuant to a violation of this subsection, including evidence discovered or obtained with the 1442 person's consent, shall be admissible in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding. 1443

1444 I. The provisions of subsection F shall not apply in any airport as defined in § 5.1-1 or if the 1445 violation occurs in a commercial motor vehicle as defined in § 46.2-341.4.

1446 § 3.2-4162. Underage possession of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products; possession of 1447 non-retail marijuana or non-retail marijuana products; limits on dissemination of criminal history 1448 record information; prohibited practices by employers, educational institutions, and state and local 1449 governments; penalty.

1450 A. No records relating to the arrest, criminal charge, or conviction of a person for a violation of § 1451 3.2-4160 or 3.2-4161 or former § 18.2-250.1, including any violation charged under former § 18.2-250.1 1452 that was deferred and dismissed pursuant to § 18.2-251, maintained in the Central Criminal Records 1453 Exchange shall be open for public inspection or otherwise disclosed, provided that such records may be disseminated (i) to make the determination as provided in § 18.2-308.2:2 of eligibility to possess or 1454 1455 purchase a firearm; (ii) to aid in the preparation of a pretrial investigation report prepared by a local pretrial services agency established pursuant to Article 5 (§ 19.2-152.2 et seq.) of Chapter 9, a 1456 pre-sentence or post-sentence investigation report pursuant to \$ 19.2-1922 et seq.) of enapler 9, a pre-sentence or post-sentence investigation report pursuant to \$ 19.2-264.5 or 19.2-299 or in the preparation of the discretionary sentencing guidelines worksheets pursuant to subsection C of \$ 19.2-298.01; (iii) to aid local community-based probation services agencies established pursuant to the 1457 1458 1459 1460 Comprehensive Community Corrections Act for Local-Responsible Offenders (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) with 1461 investigating or serving adult local-responsible offenders and all court service units serving juvenile 1462 delinquent offenders; (iv) for fingerprint comparison utilizing the fingerprints maintained in the 1463 Automated Fingerprint Information System computer; (v) to attorneys for the Commonwealth to secure 1464 information incidental to sentencing and to attorneys for the Commonwealth and probation officers to 1465 prepare the discretionary sentencing guidelines worksheets pursuant to subsection C of § 19.2-298.01; 1466 (vi) to any full-time or part-time employee of the State Police, a police department, or a sheriff's office 1467 that is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic, or 1468 1469 highway laws of the Commonwealth, for purposes of the administration of criminal justice as defined in 1470 § 9.1-101; (vii) to the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission for research purposes; (viii) to any 1471 full-time or part-time employee of the State Police or a police department or sheriff's office that is a 1472 part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof for the purpose of

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1473 screening any person for full-time or part-time employment with the State Police or a police department 1474 or sheriff's office that is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision 1475 thereof; (ix) to the State Health Commissioner or his designee for the purpose of screening any person 1476 who applies to be a volunteer with or an employee of an emergency medical services agency as 1477 provided in § 32.1-111.5; (x) to any full-time or part-time employee of the Department of Forensic 1478 Science for the purpose of screening any person for full-time or part-time employment with the 1479 Department of Forensic Science; (xi) to the chief law-enforcement officer of a locality, or his designee 1480 who shall be an individual employed as a public safety official of the locality, that has adopted an 1481 ordinance in accordance with §§ 15.2-1503.1 and 19.2-389 for the purpose of screening any person who 1482 applies to be a volunteer with or an employee of an emergency medical services agency as provided in 1483 § 32.1-111.5; and (xii) to any full-time or part-time employee of the Department of Motor Vehicles, any 1484 employer as defined in § 46.2-341.4, or any medical examiner as defined in 49 C.F.R. § 390.5 for the 1485 purpose of complying with the regulations of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.

1486 B. An employer or educational institution shall not, in any application, interview, or otherwise, 1487 require an applicant for employment or admission to disclose information concerning any arrest, 1488 criminal charge, or conviction against him when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or 1489 conviction is not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A. An applicant need not, in answer 1490 to any question concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction, include a reference to or 1491 information concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction when the record relating to such 1492 arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A.

1493 C. Agencies, officials, and employees of the state and local governments shall not, in any 1494 application, interview, or otherwise, require an applicant for a license, permit, registration, or 1495 governmental service to disclose information concerning any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction 1496 against him when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is not open for 1497 public inspection pursuant to subsection A. An applicant need not, in answer to any question concerning 1498 any arrest, criminal charge, or conviction, include a reference to or information concerning any arrest, 1499 criminal charge, or conviction when the record relating to such arrest, criminal charge, or conviction is 1500 not open for public inspection pursuant to subsection A. Such an application may not be denied solely 1501 because of the applicant's refusal to disclose information concerning any such arrest, criminal charge, 1502 or conviction.

1503 D. A person who willfully violates subsection B or C is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor for each 1504 violation.

§ 3.2-4163. Public consumption prohibited; civil penalty.

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1506 A. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 1507 person may use or consume retail marijuana or retail marijuana products only if that person is: 1508

1. In a private residence in which the person is domiciled, including the curtilage thereof;

1509 2. On private property on which the person is not domiciled, provided that such property is not 1510 generally accessible by the public and the person is explicitly permitted to use or consume marijuana or 1511 marijuana products on the property by the owner or lessee of the property; or

3. On the premises of a licensed retail marijuana store if such store has been permitted to allow the 1512 1513 use or consumption of marijuana or marijuana products in designated areas of the store by a locality pursuant to § 3.2-4147. 1514

1515 B. Any person who violates this section is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25. A violation 1516 of this section is a civil offense. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited 1517 into the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02. 1518

§ 3.2-4164. Illegal cultivation or manufacture of marijuana or marijuana products; penalty.

1519 A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it is illegal for any person to 1520 cultivate or manufacture, or possess with intent to cultivate or manufacture, marijuana or marijuana 1521 products without being licensed under this chapter to cultivate or manufacture marijuana or marijuana 1522 products.

1523 A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment of not less than 1524 five nor more than 30 years and a fine not to exceed \$10,000.

1525 B. When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent felony offense under this section and it is 1526 alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information that he has been before convicted of two or more 1527 felony offenses under this section or of substantially similar offenses in any other jurisdiction which 1528 offenses would be felonies if committed in the Commonwealth, and such prior convictions occurred 1529 before the date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for any period not less than five years, five years of which shall be a 1530 1531 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence, and he 1532 shall be fined not more than \$500,000.

1533 C. The provisions of this section prohibiting the cultivation of marijuana without obtaining a license

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1534 under this chapter shall not apply to persons who cultivate marijuana for personal use in accordance with the provisions of Article 5 (§ 3.2-4154 et seq.). 1535

1536 § 3.2-4165. Conspiracy to violate § 3.2-4164; penalty.

1537 If two or more persons conspire together to do any act that is in violation of § 3.2-4164, and one or 1538 more of these persons does any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each of the parties to such 1539 conspiracy is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

1540 § 3.2-4166. Illegal sale or distribution of marijuana and marijuana products; illegal possession 1541 with intent to sell or distribute marijuana or marijuana products; penalties.

1542 A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it is illegal for any person to 1543 sell or distribute, or possess with the intent to sell or distribute, marijuana or marijuana products 1544 without being licensed under this chapter to cultivate, manufacture, sell, or test retail marijuana or 1545 retail marijuana products. 1546

B. Any person who violates this section with respect to:

1. Not more than one ounce of marijuana is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor;

2. More than one ounce but not more than five pounds of marijuana is guilty of a Class 5 felony;

1549 3. More than five pounds of marijuana is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment of not less 1550 than five nor more than 30 years.

1551 There shall be a rebuttable presumption that a person who possesses no more than one ounce of 1552 marijuana possesses it for personal use.

1553 C. When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent felony offense under this section and it is 1554 alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information that he has been before convicted of two or more 1555 felony offenses under this section or of substantially similar offenses in any other jurisdiction which offenses would be felonies if committed in the Commonwealth, and such prior convictions occurred 1556 1557 before the date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for any period not less than five years, five years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence, and he 1558 1559 1560 shall be fined not more than \$500,000.

§ 3.2-4167. Illegal gift of marijuana or marijuana products; penalties.

1562 A. Except as otherwise provided by this chapter or otherwise provided by law, no person shall give 1563 retail or non-retail marijuana or retail or non-retail marijuana products to any person.

1564 Any person who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25. A violation of this subsection is a civil offense. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be 1565 deposited into the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02. 1566

1567 B. Any person who gives, distributes, or possesses marijuana as an accommodation and not with 1568 intent to profit thereby to an inmate of a state or local correctional facility as defined in § 53.1-1, or in 1569 the custody of an employee thereof, is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

1570 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or § 3.2-4166, a non-licensee shall be permitted to 1571 give one ounce or less of retail marijuana or 16 ounces or less of solid retail marijuana product to a 1572 personal friend, as a matter of normal social intercourse, so long as the gift is in no way a shift or 1573 device to evade the restrictions set forth in this section or § 3.2-4166.

§ 3.2-4168. Distribution of marijuana to persons under 18 years of age prohibited; penalties.

1575 Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it is unlawful for any person 1576 who is at least 18 years of age to knowingly or intentionally (i) distribute marijuana to any person 1577 under 18 years of age who is at least three years his junior or (ii) cause any person under 18 years of 1578 age to assist in such distribution of marijuana. Any person violating this provision shall upon conviction 1579 be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for a period not less than 10 or more than 50 years, and fined not more than \$100,000. Five years of the sentence imposed for a conviction under this section 1580 1581 involving one ounce or more of marijuana shall be a mandatory minimum sentence. Two years of the 1582 sentence imposed for a conviction under this section involving less than one ounce of marijuana shall be 1583 a mandatory minimum sentence.

1584 § 3.2-4169. Illegal manufacturing, distribution, sale, or possession of marijuana concentrate; 1585 penalty.

1586 No person shall manufacture, distribute, sell, or possess marijuana concentrate. A person who is 1587 convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1588 § 3.2-4170. Illegal manufacturing, distribution, sale, etc., of a mixture or substance containing a 1589 detectable amount of non-retail marijuana; penalties.

1590 A. Any person who manufactures, sells, gives, distributes, or possesses with the intent to 1591 manufacture, sell, give, or distribute 100 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of non-retail marijuana is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and imprisonment for 20 years to life, 20 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum 1592 1593 1594 sentence. Such mandatory minimum sentence shall not be applicable if the court finds that (i) the person 1595 does not have a prior conviction for an offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805; (ii) the person did

1596 not use violence or credible threats of violence or possess a firearm or other dangerous weapon in 1597 connection with the offense or induce another participant in the offense to do so; (iii) the offense did 1598 not result in death or serious bodily injury to any person; (iv) the person was not an organizer, leader, 1599 manager, or supervisor of others in the offense and was not engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise 1600 as defined in subsection I of § 18.2-248; and (v) not later than the time of the sentencing hearing, the 1601 person has truthfully provided to the Commonwealth all information and evidence the person has 1602 concerning the offense or offenses that were part of the same course of conduct or of a common scheme 1603 or plan, but the fact that the person has no relevant or useful other information to provide or that the 1604 Commonwealth already is aware of the information shall not preclude a determination by the court that 1605 the defendant has complied with this requirement.

1606 B. Any person who was the principal or one of several principal administrators, organizers, or 1607 leaders of a continuing criminal enterprise as defined in subsection I of § 18.2-248 is guilty of a felony if (i) the enterprise received at least \$100,000 but less than \$250,000 in gross receipts during any 1608 12-month period of its existence from the manufacture, importation, or distribution of marijuana or (ii) 1609 1610 the person engaged in the enterprise to manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with the intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute at least 100 kilograms but less than 250 kilograms of a mixture or 1611 1612 substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana during any 12-month period of its existence. A conviction under this subsection shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and 1613 1614 imprisonment for 20 years to life, 20 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum sentence.

1615 C. Any person who was the principal or one of several principal administrators, organizers, or 1616 leaders of a continuing criminal enterprise as defined in subsection I of § 18.2-248 if (i) the enterprise 1617 received \$250,000 or more in gross receipts during any 12-month period of its existence from the 1618 manufacture, importation, or distribution of marijuana or (ii) the person engaged in the enterprise to 1619 manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with the intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute at 1620 least 250 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana during any 12-month period of its existence is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million 1621 1622 and imprisonment for life, which shall be served with no suspension in whole or in part. Such 1623 punishment shall be made to run consecutively with any other sentence. However, the court may impose 1624 a mandatory minimum sentence of 40 years if the court finds that the defendant substantially cooperated 1625 with law-enforcement authorities.

1626 § 3.2-4171. Manufacturing, distributing, and obtaining marijuana by fraud, deceit, forgery, etc.; 1627 penalties.

1628 A. It is unlawful for any person to procure or attempt to procure the administration of marijuana (i)1629 by fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, embezzlement, or subterfuge; (ii) by the forgery or alteration of a 1630 prescription or of any written order; (iii) by the concealment of a material fact; or (iv) by the use of a 1631 false name or the giving of a false address.

1632 B. It is unlawful for any person to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of marijuana 1633 a license number that is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or issued to another person.

1634 C. It is unlawful for any person, for the purpose of obtaining marijuana, to falsely assume the title 1635 of, or represent himself to be, a cultivator, manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, tester, pharmacist, 1636 physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other authorized person. 1637

D. Any person who violates any provision of this section is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

1638 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or 1639 under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to marijuana, or has not previously had a 1640 proceeding against him for violation of such an offense dismissed, or reduced as provided in this 1641 section, pleads guilty to or enters a plea of not guilty to the court for violating this section, upon such 1642 plea if the facts found by the court would justify a finding of guilt, the court may place him on 1643 probation upon terms and conditions.

1644 As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to be evaluated and enter a treatment or 1645 education program, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may be best suited to the needs of 1646 the accused. This program may be located in the judicial circuit in which the charge is brought or in 1647 any other judicial circuit as the court may provide. The services shall be provided by a program 1648 certified or licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. The court 1649 shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay all or part of 1650 the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, evaluation, testing, and education, based 1651 upon the person's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be indigent.

1652 As a condition of supervised probation, the court shall require the accused to remain drug free 1653 during the period of probation and submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and 1654 appropriate to determine if the accused is drug free. Such testing may be conducted by the personnel of 1655 any screening, evaluation, and education program to which the person is referred or by the supervising 1656 agency.

1657 Unless the accused was fingerprinted at the time of arrest, the court shall order the accused to 1658 report to the original arresting law-enforcement agency to submit to fingerprinting.

1659 Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt upon the felony 1660 and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall find the defendant guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. 1661

1662 § 3.2-4172. Prohibition on the sale or manufacture of marijuana or marijuana products on or 1663 near certain properties; penalties.

1664 A. It is unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell, or distribute or possess with intent to sell, give, 1665 or distribute marijuana or marijuana products while:

1. Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any public or private elementary or 1666 secondary school, any institution of higher education, or any clearly marked licensed child day center as 1667 1668 defined in § 22.1-289.02;

1669 2. Upon public property or any property open to public use within 1,000 feet of the property described in subdivision 1; 1670 1671

3. On any school bus as defined in § 46.2-100;

1672 4. Upon a designated school bus stop, or upon either public property or any property open to public 1673 use that is within 1,000 feet of such school bus stop, during the time when school children are waiting 1674 to be picked up and transported to or are being dropped off from school or a school-sponsored activity; 1675 5. Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any publicly owned or publicly operated 1676 recreation or community center facility or any public library; or

6. Upon the property of any state hospital as defined in § 37.2-100 or upon public property or 1677 property open to public use within 1,000 feet of such an institution. 1678

It is a violation of the provisions of this section if the person possessed non-retail marijuana or 1679 non-retail marijuana products on the property described in subdivisions 1 through 6, regardless of 1680 1681 where the person intended to sell, give, or distribute the non-retail marijuana or non-retail marijuana 1682 products.

1683 B. A violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct felony. Any person violating the 1684 provisions of this section is guilty of a Class 5 felony. However, if such person proves that he sold 1685 marijuana or marijuana products only as an accommodation to another individual and not with intent to 1686 profit thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended 1687 recipient of the marijuana or marijuana products to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such 1688 marijuana or marijuana products, he is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1689 \hat{C} . If a person commits an act violating the provisions of this section, and the same act also violates 1690 another provision of law that provides for penalties greater than those provided for by this section, then 1691 nothing in this section shall prohibit or bar any prosecution or proceeding under that other provision of 1692 law or the imposition of any penalties provided for thereby.

1693 § 3.2-4173. Possessing or displaying firearm while illegally manufacturing, etc., possessing with 1694 intent to manufacture, etc., more than one pound of marijuana; penalty.

1695 It is unlawful for any person to possess, use, or attempt to use any pistol, shotgun, rifle, or other 1696 firearm, or to display such weapon in a threatening manner, while committing or attempting to commit the illegal manufacture, sale, or distribution or possessing with the intent to manufacture, sell, or 1697 1698 distribute more than one pound of marijuana. A violation of this section is a Class 6 felony and 1699 constitutes a separate and distinct felony, and any person convicted hereunder shall be sentenced to a 1700 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years. Such punishment shall be separate and apart 1701 from, and shall be made to run consecutively with, any punishment received for the commission of the 1702 primary felony. 1703

§ 3.2-4174. Delivery of marijuana to prisoners or committed persons; penalty.

Notwithstanding the provisions of § 18.2-474, any person who shall willfully in any manner deliver, 1704 1705 attempt to deliver, or conspire with another to deliver marijuana to any prisoner confined under 1706 authority of the Commonwealth, or of any political subdivision thereof, or to any person committed to 1707 the Department of Juvenile Justice in any juvenile correctional center is guilty of a Class 5 felony. 1708

§ 3.2-4175. Transporting non-retail marijuana into the Commonwealth; penalty.

1709 Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it is unlawful for any person to 1710 transport into the Commonwealth by any means with intent to sell or distribute five or more pounds of 1711 non-retail marijuana. A violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct felony. Upon 1712 conviction, the person shall be sentenced to not less than five years or more than 40 years 1713 imprisonment, three years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, and a fine not 1714 to exceed \$1 million. A second or subsequent conviction hereunder shall be punishable by a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years, which shall be served consecutively with any other sentence. 1715 1716 § 3.2-4176. Illegal testing of marijuana and marijuana products; penalty.

1717 Except as otherwise provided by this chapter or otherwise provided by law, no person shall test marijuana or marijuana products without being licensed under this chapter to cultivate or test 1718

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1719 marijuana or marijuana products.

1753

1720 A person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

§ 3.2-4177. Illegal sale or advertisement of marijuana paraphernalia; penalties. 1721

1722 A. For purposes of this section, "marijuana paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and 1723 materials of any kind that are either designed for use or are intended for use in planting, propagating, 1724 cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, 1725 preparing, strength testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, 1726 ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body marijuana.

1727 B. It is unlawful for any person under 21 years of age to possess marijuana paraphernalia. Any 1728 person who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25. A violation of this 1729 subsection is a civil offense. Any civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02. 1730

1731 C. It is unlawful for any person to sell or distribute, or possess with the intent to sell or distribute, 1732 marijuana paraphernalia to any person under 21 years of age. Any person who violates this subsection is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$25. A violation of this subsection is a civil offense. Any 1733 1734 civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Drug Offender Assessment 1735 and Treatment Fund established pursuant to § 18.2-251.02.

1736 D. It is unlawful for any person to place in any newspaper, magazine, handbill, or other publication 1737 any advertisement, knowing or under circumstances where one reasonably should know, that the purpose 1738 of the advertisement, in whole or in part, is to promote the sale of marijuana paraphernalia to persons 1739 under 21 years of age. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1740 E. In determining whether an object is marijuana paraphernalia, the court may consider, in addition 1741 to all other relevant evidence, the following:

1742 1. Constitutionally admissible statements by the accused concerning the use of the object;

1743 2. The proximity of the object to marijuana, which proximity is actually known to the accused;

1744 3. Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use; 1745

4. Descriptive materials accompanying the object that explain or depict its use;

1746 5. National and local advertising within the actual knowledge of the accused concerning its use;

1747 6. The manner in which the object is displayed for sale;

1748 7. Whether the accused is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a 1749 licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;

1750 8. Evidence of the ratio of sales of the objects defined in subsection A to the total sales of the 1751 business enterprise; 1752

9. The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community;

10. Expert testimony concerning its use or the purpose for which it was designed; and

1754 11. Relevant evidence of the intent of the accused to deliver it to persons who he knows, or should 1755 reasonably know, are under 21 years of age. The innocence of an owner, or of anyone in control of the 1756 object, as to a direct violation of this article shall not prevent a finding that the object is intended for 1757 use or designed for use as marijuana paraphernalia.

1758 § 3.2-4178. Distribution, sale, or display of printed material advertising instruments for use in 1759 administering marijuana to persons younger than 21 years of age; penalty.

1760 It is a Class 1 misdemeanor for any person knowingly to sell, distribute, or display for sale to a 1761 person younger than 21 years of age any book, pamphlet, periodical, or other printed matter which he 1762 knows advertises for sale any instrument, device, article, or contrivance for advertised use in unlawfully 1763 ingesting, smoking, administering, preparing, or growing marijuana.

1764 § 3.2-4179. Persons to whom retail marijuana or retail marijuana products may not be sold; proof 1765 of legal age; penalties.

1766 A. No person shall sell any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to any person when at the 1767 time of such sale he knows or has reason to believe that the person to whom the sale is made is (i) 1768 under 21 years of age or (ii) intoxicated. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a Class 1 1769 misdemeanor.

1770 B. Any person who sells any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to a person who is under 1771 21 years of age and at the time of the sale does not require the person to present bona fide evidence of 1772 legal age indicating that the person is 21 years of age or older is guilty of a violation of this 1773 subsection. Bona fide evidence of legal age is limited to any evidence that is or reasonably appears to 1774 be an unexpired driver's license issued by any state of the United States or the District of Columbia, a 1775 military identification card, a United States passport or foreign government visa, an unexpired special 1776 identification card issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, or any other valid government-issued 1777 identification card bearing the individual's photograph, signature, height, weight, and date of birth, or 1778 which bears a photograph that reasonably appears to match the appearance of the purchaser. A student 1779 identification card shall not constitute bona fide evidence of legal age for purposes of this subsection.

1814

1780 Any person convicted of a violation of this subsection is guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 3.2-4144, the Board shall not take administrative action against a 1781 1782 licensee for the conduct of his employee who violates this subsection.

1783 C. No person shall be convicted of both subsections A and B for the same sale.

1784 § 3.2-4180. Use or attempted use of altered, etc., identification to purchase retail marijuana or 1785 retail marijuana products; penalty.

1786 A. No person under 21 years of age shall use or attempt to use any (i) altered, fictitious, facsimile, 1787 or simulated license to operate a motor vehicle; (ii) altered, fictitious, facsimile, or simulated document, 1788 including but not limited to a birth certificate or student identification card; or (iii) motor vehicle 1789 driver's license or other document issued under Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Title 46.2 or other 1790 comparable law of another jurisdiction, birth certificate, or student identification card of another person 1791 in order to establish a false identification or false age for himself to use, consume, or purchase or attempt to use, consume, or purchase retail marijuana or retail marijuana products. 1792

1793 Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1794 B. Any retail marijuana store licensee who in good faith promptly notifies the Board or any state or 1795 local law-enforcement agency of a violation or suspected violation of this section shall be accorded 1796 immunity from an administrative penalty for a violation of § 3.2-4179.

1797 § 3.2-4181. Purchasing retail marijuana or retail marijuana products for one to whom they may 1798 not be sold; penalty.

1799 Any person who (i) purchases retail marijuana or retail marijuana products for another person and at the time of such purchase knows or has reason to believe that the person for whom the retail 1800 marijuana or retail marijuana products were purchased is intoxicated or (ii) purchases for or otherwise 1801 gives, provides, or assists in the provision of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products to another 1802 person when he knows or has reason to know that such person is under 21 years of age is guilty of a 1803 1804 Class 1 misdemeanor. 1805

§ 3.2-4182. Prohibited practices by licensees; penalty.

A. No licensee or any agent or employee of such licensee shall:

1807 1. Cultivate, manufacture, sell, or test any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, as applicable, of a kind other than that which such license or this chapter authorizes him to cultivate, 1808 1809 manufacture. sell. or test: or

1810 2. Cultivate, manufacture, sell, or test any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products, as 1811 applicable, which such license or this chapter authorizes him to cultivate, manufacture, sell, or test, at 1812 any place other than such license or this chapter authorizes him to cultivate, manufacture, sell, or test. 1813

B. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 3.2-4183. Prohibited acts by retail marijuana store licensees; penalty.

1815 A. In addition to the actions prohibited by § 3.2-4182, no retail marijuana store licensee or any 1816 agent or employee of such licensee shall:

1817 1. Sell any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product which such license or this chapter 1818 authorizes him to sell, but in a manner other than such license or this chapter authorizes him to sell;

1819 2. Sell more than the amounts permitted by subdivision B 3 of § 3.2-4143 to be sold during a single 1820 transaction to one person;

3. Except as permitted by § 3.2-4147, allow at the place described in his license the use or 1821 1822 consumption of retail marijuana or retail marijuana products in violation of this chapter;

1823 4. Keep at the place described in his license any marijuana or marijuana products other than that 1824 which he is licensed to sell; 1825

5. Misrepresent any marijuana or marijuana product sold or offered for sale;

1826 6. Remove or obliterate any label or packaging affixed to any retail marijuana or retail marijuana 1827 products offered for sale;

1828 7. Sell any retail marijuana or retail marijuana products if the label or packaging has been removed 1829 or obliterated;

1830 8. Consume or allow the consumption by any employee of any retail marijuana or retail marijuana 1831 product while on duty and in a position that is involved in the selling of retail marijuana or retail 1832 *marijuana products*;

1833 9. Be intoxicated while on duty or allow an employee to perform his duties while intoxicated: or

1834 10. Fail or refuse to make samples of any retail marijuana or retail marijuana product available to 1835 the Board upon request.

1836 B. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1837 § 3.2-4184. Illegal labeling and packaging; penalty.

1838 Any person who violates the labeling and packaging requirements of § 3.2-4150 or the other health 1839 and safety requirements of § 3.2-4152 is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

§ 3.2-4185. Illegal advertising and marketing; penalties. 1840

1841 A. Except as provided in subsection B, any person who violates the advertising and marketing

1842 restrictions of § 3.2-4151 is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1843 B. For violations of § 3.2-4151 relating to distance and zoning restrictions on outdoor advertising, 1844 the Board shall give the advertiser written notice to take corrective action to either bring the 1845 advertisement into compliance with this chapter and Board regulations or to remove such advertisement. 1846 If corrective action is not taken within 30 days, the advertiser is guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor.

1847 § 3.2-4186. Using or consuming marijuana or marijuana products while operating a motor vehicle 1848 or while being a passenger in a motor vehicle; penalty.

1849 A. It is unlawful for any person to use or consume marijuana or marijuana products while driving a 1850 motor vehicle upon a public highway of the Commonwealth or while being a passenger in a motor 1851 vehicle being driven upon a public highway of the Commonwealth.

1852 B. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 4 misdemeanor.

1853 § 3.2-4187. Limitation on carrying marijuana or marijuana products in motor vehicles transporting 1854 passengers for hire; penalty.

1855 A. The transportation of marijuana or marijuana products in any motor vehicle which is being used, 1856 or is licensed, for the transportation of passengers for hire is prohibited, except when carried in the 1857 possession of a passenger who is being transported for compensation at the regular rate and fare 1858 charged other passengers. 1859

B. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1860 § 3.2-4188. Using, consuming, or possessing marijuana or marijuana products in or on public 1861 school grounds; penalty.

1862 A. No person shall use, consume, or possess marijuana or marijuana products in or upon the 1863 grounds of any public elementary or secondary school during or after school hours or school or student 1864 activities. 1865

B. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.

1866 § 3.2-4189. Using, consuming, or possessing marijuana or marijuana products while operating a 1867 school bus; penalty.

1868 Any person who possesses, uses, or consumes marijuana or marijuana products while operating a 1869 school bus and transporting children is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. For purposes of this section, 1870 "school bus" has the same meaning as provided in § 46.2-100.

1871 § 3.2-4190. Certain premises deemed common nuisance; penalties.

1872 Any office, store, shop, restaurant, dance hall, theater, poolroom, clubhouse, storehouse, warehouse, 1873 dwelling house, apartment, building of any kind, vehicle, vessel, boat, or aircraft, which with the 1874 knowledge of the owner, lessor, agent of any such lessor, manager, chief executive officer, operator, or 1875 tenant thereof, is frequented by persons under the influence of illegally obtained marijuana or for the 1876 purpose of illegally obtaining possession of, manufacturing, or distributing marijuana or is used for the 1877 illegal possession, manufacture, or distribution of marijuana shall be deemed a common nuisance. Any 1878 such owner, lessor, agent of any such lessor, manager, chief executive officer, operator, or tenant who 1879 knowingly permits, establishes, keeps, or maintains such a common nuisance is guilty of a Class 1 1880 misdemeanor and for a second or subsequent offense is guilty of a Class 6 felony. 1881

§ 3.2-4191. Maintaining a fortified drug house; penalty.

1882 Any office, store, shop, restaurant, dance hall, theater, poolroom, clubhouse, storehouse, warehouse, 1883 dwelling house, apartment, or building or structure of any kind that is (i) substantially altered from its 1884 original status by means of reinforcement with the intent to impede, deter, or delay lawful entry by a 1885 law-enforcement officer into such structure; (ii) being used for the purpose of illegally cultivating, 1886 manufacturing, or distributing marijuana; and (iii) the object of a valid search warrant shall be 1887 considered a fortified drug house. Any person who maintains or operates a fortified drug house is guilty 1888 of a Class 5 felony. 1889

§ 3.2-4192. Attempts; aiding or abetting; penalty.

1890 No person shall attempt to do any of the things prohibited by this chapter or to aid or abet another 1891 in doing, or attempting to do, any of the things prohibited by this chapter.

1892 On an indictment, information, or warrant for the violation of this chapter, the jury or the court may 1893 find the defendant guilty of an attempt, or being an accessory, and the punishment shall be the same as 1894 if the defendant were solely guilty of such violation.

1895 § 3.2-4193. Failure to deliver, keep, and preserve records and accounts, or to allow examination 1896 and inspection; penalty.

1897 A. No licensee shall fail or refuse to (i) deliver, keep, and preserve such records, invoices, and 1898 accounts as are required by Board regulations or (ii) allow such records, invoices, and accounts or his 1899 place of business to be examined and inspected in accordance with Board regulations.

1900 B. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

- 1901 § 3.2-4194. Disobeying subpoena; hindering conduct of hearing; penalty.
- 1902 A. No person shall (i) fail or refuse to obey any subpoend issued by the Board or any Board

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1903 member or (ii) hinder the orderly conduct and decorum of any hearing held and conducted by the 1904 Board or a Board member.

1905 B. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

1906 § 3.2-4195. Punishment for violations of chapter.

1907 A. The provisions of this chapter shall not prevent the Board from suspending, revoking, or refusing 1908 to continue the license of any person convicted of a violation of any provision of this chapter.

1909 B. No court shall hear such a case unless the respective attorney for the Commonwealth or his 1910 assistant has been notified that such a case is pending.

1911 § 3.2-4196. Search warrants.

1912 A. If complaint on oath is made that marijuana or marijuana products are being cultivated, manufactured, sold, or tested in a particular house or other place in violation of law, the judge, 1913 magistrate, or other person having authority to issue criminal warrants, to whom such complaint is 1914 1915 made, if satisfied that there is a probable cause for such belief, shall issue a warrant to search such 1916 house or other place for marijuana or marijuana products. Such warrants, except as herein otherwise 1917 provided, shall be issued, directed, and executed in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth 1918 pertaining to search warrants.

1919 B. Warrants issued under this chapter for the search of any automobile, boat, conveyance, or 1920 vehicle, whether of like kind or not, or for the search of any article of baggage, whether of like kind or 1921 not, for marijuana or marijuana products may be executed in any part of the Commonwealth where they 1922 are overtaken and shall be made returnable before any judge within whose jurisdiction such automobile, 1923 boat, conveyance, vehicle, truck, or article of baggage, or any of them, was transported or attempted to 1924 be transported contrary to law.

1925 § 3.2-4197. Department of Forensic Science; determination of methods for detecting concentration 1926 of THC.

1927 The Department of Forensic Science shall determine the proper methods for detecting the 1928 concentration of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in substances for the purposes of this chapter and 1929 §§ 54.1-3401 and 54.1-3446. The testing methodology shall use post-decarboxylation testing or other 1930 equivalent method and shall consider the potential conversion of delta-9-tetrahydrocannibinol acid 1931 (THC-A) into THC. The test result shall include the total available THC derived from the sum of the 1932 THC and THC-A content. 1933

§ 3.2-4198. Certificate of forensic scientist as evidence; requiring forensic scientist to appear.

1934 The certificate of any forensic scientist employed by the Commonwealth on behalf of the Board or 1935 the Department of Forensic Science, when signed by him, shall be evidence in all prosecutions for 1936 violations of this chapter and all controversies in any judicial proceedings touching the mixture or 1937 concentration analyzed by him. On motion of the accused or any party in interest, the court may require 1938 the forensic scientist making the analysis to appear as a witness and be subject to cross-examination, 1939 provided such motion is made within a reasonable time prior to the day on which the case is set for 1940 trial.

1941 § 3.2-4199. Suspended sentence conditioned upon substance abuse screening, assessment, testing, 1942 and treatment or education.

1943 The trial judge or court trying the case of any person found guilty of a criminal violation of any law 1944 concerning the use, in any manner, of marijuana shall condition any suspended sentence by first 1945 requiring such person to agree to undergo a substance abuse screening and to submit to such periodic 1946 substance abuse testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. Such testing shall 1947 be conducted by the supervising probation agency or by personnel of any program or agency approved 1948 by the supervising probation agency. The cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be paid by the 1949 Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of such proceedings. The judge or court shall order the 1950 person, as a condition of any suspended sentence, to undergo such treatment or education for substance 1951 abuse, if available, as the judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance 1952 abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency licensed by the 1953 Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 1954 months or less, by a similar program or services available through a local or regional jail, a local 1955 community-based probation services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program 1956 certified by the Commission on VASAP.

§ 3.2-4199.1. Commitment of convicted person for treatment for substance abuse.

1958 A. Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any criminal offense under this 1959 article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to marijuana or has not 1960 previously had a proceeding against him for violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in 1961 former § 18.2-250 is found guilty of violating any law concerning the use, in any manner, of marijuana, 1962 the judge or court shall require such person to undergo a substance abuse screening and to submit to 1963 such periodic substance abuse testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. The 1964 cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be paid by the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the

1965 costs of the criminal proceedings. The judge or court shall also order the person to undergo such 1966 treatment or education for substance abuse, if available, as the judge or court deems appropriate based 1967 upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by 1968 a program or agency licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or 1969 by a similar program or services available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes 1970 a sentence of one year or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar 1971 program or services available through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation 1972 services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on 1973 VASAP.

1974 B. The court trying the case of any person alleged to have committed any criminal offense 1975 designated by this article or by the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or in any other criminal case 1976 in which the commission of the offense was motivated by or closely related to the use of drugs and 1977 determined by the court, pursuant to a substance abuse screening and assessment, to be in need of 1978 treatment for the use of drugs may commit, based upon a consideration of the substance abuse 1979 assessment, such person, upon his conviction, to any facility for the treatment of persons with substance 1980 abuse licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services if space is available 1981 in such facility, for a period of time not in excess of the maximum term of imprisonment specified as the 1982 penalty for conviction of such offense or, if the sentence was determined by a jury, not in excess of the 1983 term of imprisonment as set by such jury. Confinement under such commitment shall be in all regards 1984 treated as confinement in a penal institution, and the person so committed may be convicted of escape if 1985 he leaves the place of commitment without authority. A charge of escape may be prosecuted in either 1986 the jurisdiction where the treatment facility is located or the jurisdiction where the person was 1987 sentenced to commitment. The court may revoke such commitment at any time and transfer the person to 1988 an appropriate state or local correctional facility. Upon presentation of a certified statement from the 1989 director of the treatment facility to the effect that the confined person has successfully responded to 1990 treatment, the court may release such confined person prior to the termination of the period of time for 1991 which such person was confined and may suspend the remainder of the term upon such conditions as 1992 the court may prescribe.

1993 § 3.2-4199.2. Possession or distribution of marijuana for medical purposes permitted.

1994 Nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit or penalize:

1995 1. The possession of marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol when that possession occurs pursuant to a 1996 valid prescription issued by a medical doctor in the course of his professional practice for treatment of 1997 cancer or glaucoma;

1998 2. The dispensing or distributing of marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol for medical purposes by a 1999 medical doctor when such action occurs in the course of his professional practice for treatment of 2000 cancer or glaucoma; or

2001 3. The dispensing or distributing of marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol by a pharmacist to any 2002 person who holds a valid prescription of a medical doctor for such substance issued in the course of 2003 such doctor's professional practice for treatment of cancer or glaucoma. 2004

§ 3.2-4199.3. Possession or distribution of cannabidiol oil or THC-A oil; public schools.

2005 No school nurse employed by a local school board, person employed by a local health department 2006 who is assigned to the public school pursuant to an agreement between the local health department and 2007 the school board, or other person employed by or contracted with a local school board to deliver 2008 health-related services shall be prosecuted under § 3.2-4160, 3.2-4161, 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 2009 3.2-4168, 3.2-4170, 18.2-248, 18.2-250, or 18.2-255 for the possession or distribution of cannabidiol oil 2010 or THC-A oil for storing, dispensing, or administering cannabidiol oil or THC-A oil, in accordance with 2011 a policy adopted by the local school board, to a student who has been issued a valid written 2012 certification for the use of cannabidiol oil or THC-A oil in accordance with subsection B of 2013 § 54.1-3408.3.

2014 § 3.2-4199.4. Possession or distribution of cannabis oil; nursing homes and certified nursing 2015 facilities; hospice and hospice facilities; assisted living facilities.

2016 No person employed by a nursing home, hospice, hospice facility, or assisted living facility and 2017 authorized to possess, distribute, or administer medications to patients or residents shall be prosecuted 2018 under § 3.2-4160, 3.2-4161, 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4168, 3.2-4170, 18.2-248, or 18.2-250 for 2019 the possession or distribution of cannabis oil for the purposes of storing, dispensing, or administering 2020 cannabis oil to a patient or resident who has been issued a valid written certification for the use of 2021 cannabis oil in accordance with subsection B of § 54.1-3408.3 and has registered with the Board of 2022 Pharmacy.

2023 § 3.2-4199.5. Possession or distribution of cannabidiol oil, THC-A oil, or industrial hemp; 2024 laboratories.

2025 No person employed by an analytical laboratory to retrieve, deliver, or possess cannabidiol oil,

2026 THC-A oil, or industrial hemp samples from a permitted pharmaceutical processor, a licensed industrial 2027 hemp grower, or a licensed industrial hemp processor for the purpose of performing required testing 2028 shall be prosecuted under § 3.2-4160, 3.2-4161, 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4168, 3.2-4170, 2029 18.2-248, 18.2-250, or 18.2-255 for the possession or distribution of cannabidiol oil, THC-A oil, or 2030 industrial hemp, or for storing cannabidiol oil, THC-A oil, or industrial hemp for testing purposes in 2031 accordance with regulations adopted by the Board of Pharmacy and the Board of Agriculture and 2032 Consumer Services.

2033 § 3.2-4199.6. Interaction with provisions concerning pharmaceutical processing of cannabidiol oil 2034 and THC-A oil.

2035 Nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit or penalize any conduct that is permitted by 2036 Article 4.2 (§ 54.1-3442.5 et seq.) of Chapter 34 of Title 54.1.

§ 4.1-225. Grounds for which Board may suspend or revoke licenses.

2038 The Board may suspend or revoke any license other than a brewery license, in which case the Board 2039 may impose penalties as provided in § 4.1-227, if it has reasonable cause to believe that:

2040 1. The licensee, or if the licensee is a partnership, any general partner thereof, or if the licensee is an 2041 association, any member thereof, or a limited partner of 10 percent or more with voting rights, or if the 2042 licensee is a corporation, any officer, director, or shareholder owning 10 percent or more of its capital 2043 stock, or if the licensee is a limited liability company, any member-manager or any member owning 10 2044 percent or more of the membership interest of the limited liability company: 2045

a. Has misrepresented a material fact in applying to the Board for such license;

b. Within the five years immediately preceding the date of the hearing held in accordance with 4.1-227, has (i) been convicted of a violation of any law, ordinance or regulation of the 2046 2047 Commonwealth, of any county, city or town in the Commonwealth, of any state, or of the United States, 2048 2049 applicable to the manufacture, transportation, possession, use or sale of alcoholic beverages; (ii) violated 2050 any provision of Chapter 3 (§ 4.1-300 et seq.); (iii) committed a violation of the Wine Franchise Act (§ 4.1-400 et seq.) or the Beer Franchise Act (§ 4.1-500 et seq.) in bad faith; (iv) violated or failed or 2051 2052 refused to comply with any regulation, rule or order of the Board; or (v) failed or refused to comply 2053 with any of the conditions or restrictions of the license granted by the Board;

2054 c. Has been convicted in any court of a felony or of any crime or offense involving moral turpitude 2055 under the laws of any state, or of the United States;

2056 d. Is not the legitimate owner of the business conducted under the license granted by the Board, or 2057 other persons have ownership interests in the business which have not been disclosed;

2058 e. Cannot demonstrate financial responsibility sufficient to meet the requirements of the business 2059 conducted under the license granted by the Board;

2060 f. Has been intoxicated or under the influence of some self-administered drug while upon the 2061 licensed premises;

2062 g. Has maintained the licensed premises in an unsanitary condition, or allowed such premises to 2063 become a meeting place or rendezvous for members of a criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1 2064 or persons of ill repute, or has allowed any form of illegal gambling to take place upon such premises;

2065 h. Knowingly employs in the business conducted under such license, as agent, servant, or employee, 2066 other than a busboy, cook or other kitchen help, any person who has been convicted in any court of a 2067 felony or of any crime or offense involving moral turpitude, or who has violated the laws of the 2068 Commonwealth, of any other state, or of the United States, applicable to the manufacture, transportation, 2069 possession, use or sale of alcoholic beverages;

2070 i. Subsequent to the granting of his original license, has demonstrated by his police record a lack of 2071 respect for law and order;

j. Has allowed the consumption of alcoholic beverages upon the licensed premises by any person 2072 2073 whom he knew or had reason to believe was (i) less than 21 years of age, (ii) interdicted, or (iii) 2074 intoxicated, or has allowed any person whom he knew or had reason to believe was intoxicated to loiter 2075 upon such licensed premises;

2076 k. Has allowed any person to consume upon the licensed premises any alcoholic beverages except as 2077 provided under this title;

2078 1. Is physically unable to carry on the business conducted under such license or has been adjudicated 2079 incapacitated: 2080

m. Has allowed any obscene literature, pictures or materials upon the licensed premises;

2081 n. Has possessed any illegal gambling apparatus, machine or device upon the licensed premises;

2082 o. Has upon the licensed premises (i) illegally possessed, distributed, sold or used, or has knowingly 2083 allowed any employee or agent, or any other person, to illegally possess, distribute, sell or use marijuana, controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, drug paraphernalia or controlled 2084 paraphernalia as those terms are defined in Articles 1 (§ 3.2-4122 et seq.) and 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of 2085 2086 Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2, Articles 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) and 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, and the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.); (ii) laundered money in violation of 2087

2088 § 18.2-246.3; or (iii) conspired to commit any drug-related offense in violation of Article 7 of Chapter 2089 41.2 of Title 3.2, Article 1 or 1.1 of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, or the Drug Control Act. The provisions of 2090 this subdivision shall also apply to any conduct related to the operation of the licensed business that 2091 facilitates the commission of any of the offenses set forth herein;

2092 p. Has failed to take reasonable measures to prevent (i) the licensed premises, (ii) any premises 2093 immediately adjacent to the licensed premises that are owned or leased by the licensee, or (iii) any 2094 portion of public property immediately adjacent to the licensed premises from becoming a place where 2095 patrons of the establishment commit criminal violations of Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.), 2 (§ 18.2-38 et 2096 seq.), 2.1 (§ 18.2-46.1 et seq.), 2.2 (§ 18.2-46.4 et seq.), 3 (§ 18.2-47 et seq.), 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-58 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-59 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2; Article 2 2097 2098 (§ 18.2-266 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; Article 3 (§ 18.2-346 et seq.) or 5 (§ 18.2-372 et seq.) 2099 of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2; or Article 1 (§ 18.2-404 et seq.), 2 (§ 18.2-415), or 3 (§ 18.2-416 et seq.) of 2100 Chapter 9 of Title 18.2 and such violations lead to arrests that are so frequent and serious as to 2101 reasonably be deemed a continuing threat to the public safety; or

2102 q. Has failed to take reasonable measures to prevent an act of violence resulting in death or serious 2103 bodily injury, or a recurrence of such acts, from occurring on (i) the licensed premises, (ii) any premises 2104 immediately adjacent to the licensed premises that is owned or leased by the licensee, or (iii) any 2105 portion of public property immediately adjacent to the licensed premises.

2106 2. The place occupied by the licensee:

2107 a. Does not conform to the requirements of the governing body of the county, city or town in which 2108 such establishment is located, with respect to sanitation, health, construction or equipment, or to any 2109 similar requirements established by the laws of the Commonwealth or by Board regulations;

2110 b. Has been adjudicated a common nuisance under the provisions of this title or § 3.2-4190 or 2111 18.2-258; or

2112 c. Has become a meeting place or rendezvous for illegal gambling, illegal users of narcotics, drunks, 2113 prostitutes, pimps, panderers or habitual law violators or has become a place where illegal drugs are 2114 regularly used or distributed. The Board may consider the general reputation in the community of such 2115 establishment in addition to any other competent evidence in making such determination.

2116 3. The licensee or any employee of the licensee discriminated against any member of the armed 2117 forces of the United States by prices charged or otherwise.

2118 4. The licensee, his employees, or any entertainer performing on the licensed premises has been 2119 convicted of a violation of a local public nudity ordinance for conduct occurring on the licensed 2120 premises and the licensee allowed such conduct to occur.

2121 5. Any cause exists for which the Board would have been entitled to refuse to grant such license had 2122 the facts been known.

2123 6. The licensee is delinquent for a period of 90 days or more in the payment of any taxes, or any 2124 penalties or interest related thereto, lawfully imposed by the locality where the licensed business is 2125 located, as certified by the treasurer, commissioner of the revenue, or finance director of such locality, 2126 unless (i) the outstanding amount is de minimis; (ii) the licensee has pending a bona fide application for 2127 correction or appeal with respect to such taxes, penalties, or interest; or (iii) the licensee has entered into 2128 a payment plan approved by the same locality to settle the outstanding liability. 2129

7. Any other cause authorized by this title.

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§ 15.2-1627. Duties of attorneys for the Commonwealth and their assistants.

2131 A. No attorney for the Commonwealth, or assistant attorney for the Commonwealth, shall be required 2132 to carry out any duties as a part of his office in civil matters (i) of advising the governing body and all 2133 boards, departments, agencies, officials, and employees of his county or city; (ii) of drafting or preparing 2134 county or city ordinances; (iii) of defending or bringing actions in which the county or city, or any of 2135 its boards, departments, or agencies, or officials and employees thereof, shall be a party; (iv) or in any 2136 other manner of advising or representing the county or city, its boards, departments, agencies, officials, 2137 and employees, except in matters involving the enforcement of the criminal law within the county or 2138 city.

2139 B. The attorney for the Commonwealth and assistant attorney for the Commonwealth shall be a part 2140 of the department of law enforcement of the county or city in which he is elected or appointed, and 2141 shall have the duties and powers imposed upon him by general law, including the duty of prosecuting 2142 all warrants, indictments, or informations charging a felony, and he may in his discretion, prosecute 2143 Class 1, 2, and 3 misdemeanors, or any other violation, the conviction of which carries a penalty of 2144 confinement in jail, or a fine of \$500 or more, or both such confinement and fine. He shall enforce all 2145 forfeitures, and carry out all duties imposed upon him by § 2.2-3126. He may enforce the provisions of 2146 § 18.2-250.1 3.2-4160, 3.2-4161, 18.2-268.3, 29.1-738.2, or 46.2-341.26:3.

2147 § 16.1-69.48:1. (Effective until March 1, 2021) Fixed fee for misdemeanors, traffic infractions 2148 and other violations in district court; additional fees to be added.

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2149 A. Assessment of the fees provided for in this section shall be based on (i) an appearance for court 2150 hearing in which there has been a finding of guilty; (ii) a written appearance with waiver of court hearing and entry of guilty plea; (iii) for a defendant failing to appear, a trial in his or her absence 2151 2152 resulting in a finding of guilty; (iv) an appearance for court hearing in which the court requires that the 2153 defendant successfully complete traffic school, a mature driver motor vehicle crash prevention course, or 2154 a driver improvement clinic, in lieu of a finding of guilty; (v) a deferral of proceedings pursuant to § 4.1-305, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.9, 18.2-57.3, 18.2-251, 19.2-303.2, or 19.2-303.6; or (vi) proof of 2155 compliance with law under §§ 46.2-104, 46.2-324, 46.2-613, 46.2-646, 46.2-711, 46.2-715, 46.2-716, 2156 46.2-752, 46.2-1000, 46.2-1003, 46.2-1052, 46.2-1053, and 46.2-1158.02. 2157

2158 In addition to any other fee prescribed by this section, a fee of \$35 shall be taxed as costs whenever 2159 a defendant fails to appear, unless, after a hearing requested by such person, good cause is shown for such failure to appear. No defendant with multiple charges arising from a single incident shall be taxed 2160 the applicable fixed fee provided in subsection B, C, or D more than once for a single appearance or 2161 2162 trial in absence related to that incident. However, when a defendant who has multiple charges arising 2163 from the same incident and who has been assessed a fixed fee for one of those charges is later 2164 convicted of another charge that arises from that same incident and that has a higher fixed fee, he shall 2165 be assessed the difference between the fixed fee earlier assessed and the higher fixed fee.

A defendant with charges which arise from separate incidents shall be taxed a fee for each incident
even if the charges from the multiple incidents are disposed of in a single appearance or trial in absence.
In addition to the fixed fees assessed pursuant to this section, in the appropriate cases, the clerk shall
also assess any costs otherwise specifically provided by statute.

B. In misdemeanors tried in district court, except for those proceedings provided for in subsection C,
there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of \$61. The amount collected, in whole or in part, for
the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts
designated:

- **2174** 1. Processing fee (General Fund)(.573770);
- 2175 2. Virginia Črime Victim-Witness Fund (.049180);
- **2176** 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.016393);
- **2177** 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.032787);
- **2178** 5. Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund (.098361);
- **2179** 6. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.065574);
- **2180** 7. Sentencing/supervision fee (General Fund)(.131148); and
- **2181** 8. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.032787).

2182 C. In criminal actions and proceedings in district court for a violation of any provision of Article 7

(§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title
18.2, there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of \$136. The amount collected, in whole or in part, for the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts designated:

- 1. Processing fee (General Fund)(.257353);
- **2188** 2. Virginia Črime Victim-Witness Fund (.022059);
- **2189** 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.007353);
- **2190** 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.014706);
- **2191** 5. Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund (.044118);
- **2192** 6. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.029412);
- **2193** 7. Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund (.551471);
- 8. Forensic laboratory fee and sentencing/supervision fee (General Fund)(.058824); and
- **2195** 9. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.014706).
- 2196 D. In traffic infractions tried in district court, there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of
 2197 \$51. The amount collected, in whole or in part, for the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by
 2198 law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts designated:
- **2199** 1. Processing fee (General Fund)(.764706);
- 2200 2. Virginia Črime Victim-Witness Fund (.058824);
- **2201** 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.019608);
- **2202** 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.039216);
- **2203** 5. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.078431); and
- **2204** 6. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.039216).
- 2205 § 16.1-69.48:1. (Effective March 1, 2021) Fixed fee for misdemeanors, traffic infractions and 2206 other violations in district court; additional fees to be added.
- A. Assessment of the fees provided for in this section shall be based on (i) an appearance for court hearing in which there has been a finding of guilty; (ii) a written appearance with waiver of court hearing and entry of guilty plea; (iii) for a defendant failing to appear, a trial in his or her absence resulting in a finding of guilty; (iv) an appearance for court hearing in which the court requires that the

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2211 defendant successfully complete traffic school, a mature driver motor vehicle crash prevention course, or 2212 a driver improvement clinic, in lieu of a finding of guilty; (v) a deferral of proceedings pursuant to § 4.1-305, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.9, 18.2-57.3, 18.2-251, 19.2-298.02, 19.2-303.2, or 19.2-303.6; or (vi) proof of compliance with law under §§ 46.2-104, 46.2-324, 46.2-613, 46.2-646, 46.2-711, 46.2-715, 2213 2214 2215 46.2-716, 46.2-752, 46.2-1000, 46.2-1003, 46.2-1052, 46.2-1053, and 46.2-1158.02.

2216 In addition to any other fee prescribed by this section, a fee of \$35 shall be taxed as costs whenever 2217 a defendant fails to appear, unless, after a hearing requested by such person, good cause is shown for such failure to appear. No defendant with multiple charges arising from a single incident shall be taxed 2218 2219 the applicable fixed fee provided in subsection B, C, or D more than once for a single appearance or 2220 trial in absence related to that incident. However, when a defendant who has multiple charges arising 2221 from the same incident and who has been assessed a fixed fee for one of those charges is later 2222 convicted of another charge that arises from that same incident and that has a higher fixed fee, he shall 2223 be assessed the difference between the fixed fee earlier assessed and the higher fixed fee.

2224 A defendant with charges which arise from separate incidents shall be taxed a fee for each incident 2225 even if the charges from the multiple incidents are disposed of in a single appearance or trial in absence. 2226 In addition to the fixed fees assessed pursuant to this section, in the appropriate cases, the clerk shall 2227

also assess any costs otherwise specifically provided by statute.

2228 B. In misdemeanors tried in district court, except for those proceedings provided for in subsection C, 2229 there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of \$61. The amount collected, in whole or in part, for 2230 the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts 2231 designated:

2232 1. Processing fee (General Fund)(.573770);

2233 2. Virginia Crime Victim-Witness Fund (.049180);

- 2234 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.016393);
- 2235 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.032787);
- 2236 5. Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund (.098361);
- 2237 6. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.065574);
- 2238 7. Sentencing/supervision fee (General Fund)(.131148); and
- 2239 8. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.032787).

2240 C. In criminal actions and proceedings in district court for a violation of any provision of Article 7

2241 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 2242 18.2, there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of \$136. The amount collected, in whole or in 2243 part, for the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by law, to the following funds in the fractional 2244 amounts designated:

- 2245 1. Processing fee (General Fund)(.257353);
- 2246 2. Virginia Crime Victim-Witness Fund (.022059);
- 2247 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.007353);
- 2248 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.014706);
- 2249 5. Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund (.044118);
- 6. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.029412); 2250
- 2251 7. Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund (.551471);
- 2252 8. Forensic laboratory fee and sentencing/supervision fee (General Fund)(.058824); and
- 2253 9. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.014706).

2254 D. In traffic infractions tried in district court, there shall be assessed as court costs a fixed fee of 2255 \$51. The amount collected, in whole or in part, for the fixed fee shall be apportioned, as provided by

2256 law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts designated:

- 2257 1. Processing fee (General Fund)(.764706);
- 2258 2. Virginia Crime Victim-Witness Fund (.058824);
- 2259 3. Regional Criminal Justice Training Academies Fund (.019608);
- 2260 4. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.039216);
- 2261 5. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.078431); and
- 2262 6. Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Victim Fund (.039216).
- 2263 § 16.1-69.48:3. Fees charged to drug offenders.

2264 Whenever in a general district court the costs provided for in subsection C of § 16.1-69.48:1 are 2265 assessed for a violation of any provision of Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, a portion of the costs, as specified in 2266 2267 subsection C of § 16.1-69.48:1, shall be included in the taxed costs and paid into the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund. 2268

- 2269 § 16.1-228. (Effective until January 1, 2021) Definitions.
- 2270 When used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
- "Abused or neglected child" means any child: 2271

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2272 1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 2273 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement or impairment of bodily or mental 2274 2275 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 2276 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 2277 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 2278 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 2279 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

2280 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 2281 necessary for his health; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 2282 2283 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child; 2284

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

2285 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any 2286 sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

2287 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 2288 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco 2289 parentis:

2290 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or 2291 mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as defined in § 55.1-2000, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who 2292 2293 the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a 2294 minor for which registration is required as a Tier III offender pursuant to § 9.1-902; or

7. Who has been identified as a victim of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in 2295 the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 U.S.C § 7102 et seq., and in the Justice for Victims 2296 2297 of Trafficking Act of 2015, 42 U.S.C. § 5101 et seq.

2298 If a civil proceeding under this chapter is based solely on the parent having left the child at a 2299 hospital or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency 2300 2301 medical services agency that employs emergency medical services personnel, within 14 days of the 2302 child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for 2303 adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

2304 Adoptive home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which a child resides as a 2305 member of the household and in which he has been placed for the purposes of adoption or in which he 2306 has been legally adopted by another member of the household. 2307

"Adult" means a person 18 years of age or older.

2308 "Ancillary crime" or "ancillary charge" means any delinquent act committed by a juvenile as a part 2309 of the same act or transaction as, or which constitutes a part of a common scheme or plan with, a 2310 delinquent act that would be a felony if committed by an adult.

2311 "Boot camp" means a short-term secure or nonsecure juvenile residential facility with highly structured components including, but not limited to, military style drill and ceremony, physical labor, 2312 2313 education and rigid discipline, and no less than six months of intensive aftercare.

2314 "Child," "juvenile," or "minor" means a person who is (i) younger than 18 years of age or (ii) for 2315 purposes of the Fostering Futures program set forth in Article 2 (§ 63.2-917 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of 2316 Title 63.2, less than 21 years of age and meets the eligibility criteria set forth in § 63.2-919.

"Child in need of services" means (i) a child whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results 2317 2318 in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of the child or (ii) a child under the age of 14 whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and 2319 2320 physical safety of another person; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by 2321 spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or 2322 religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be a child in need of services, nor 2323 shall any child who habitually remains away from or habitually deserts or abandons his family as a 2324 result of what the court or the local child protective services unit determines to be incidents of physical, 2325 emotional or sexual abuse in the home be considered a child in need of services for that reason alone.

2326 However, to find that a child falls within these provisions, (i) the conduct complained of must present a clear and substantial danger to the child's life or health or to the life or health of another 2327 2328 person, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not presently being 2329 received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, rehabilitation or 2330 services needed by the child or his family. 2331

"Child in need of supervision" means:

2332 1. A child who, while subject to compulsory school attendance, is habitually and without justification 2333 absent from school, and (i) the child has been offered an adequate opportunity to receive the benefit of

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any and all educational services and programs that are required to be provided by law and which meet
the child's particular educational needs, (ii) the school system from which the child is absent or other
appropriate agency has made a reasonable effort to effect the child's regular attendance without success,
and (iii) the school system has provided documentation that it has complied with the provisions of
§ 22.1-258; or

2. A child who, without reasonable cause and without the consent of his parent, lawful custodian or placement authority, remains away from or deserts or abandons his family or lawful custodian on more than one occasion or escapes or remains away without proper authority from a residential care facility in which he has been placed by the court, and (i) such conduct presents a clear and substantial danger to the child's life or health, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not presently being received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, rehabilitation or services needed by the child or his family.

- "Child welfare agency" means a child-placing agency, child-caring institution or independent fosterhome as defined in § 63.2-100.
- 2348 "The court" or the "juvenile court" or the "juvenile and domestic relations court" means the juvenile2349 and domestic relations district court of each county or city.
- 2350 "Delinquent act" means (i) an act designated a crime under the law of the Commonwealth, or an 2351 ordinance of any city, county, town, or service district, or under federal law, (ii) a violation of 2352 § 18.2-308.7, or (iii) a violation of a court order as provided for in § 16.1-292, but does not include an 2353 act other than a violation of § 18.2-308.7, which is otherwise lawful, but is designated a crime only if 2354 committed by a child. For purposes of §§ 16.1-241 and 16.1-278.9, "delinquent act" includes a refusal to 2355 take a breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2 or a similar ordinance of any county, city, or town. For 2356 purposes of §§ 16.1-241, 16.1-273, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, and 16.1-278.9, "delinquent act" includes 2357 a violation of § 18.2-250.1 3.2-4160 or 3.2-4161.
- 2358 "Delinquent child" means a child who has committed a delinquent act or an adult who has committed
 2359 a delinquent act prior to his 18th birthday, except where the jurisdiction of the juvenile court has been terminated under the provisions of § 16.1-269.6.
- "Department" means the Department of Juvenile Justice and "Director" means the administrative head
 in charge thereof or such of his assistants and subordinates as are designated by him to discharge the
 duties imposed upon him under this law.
- "Family abuse" means any act involving violence, force, or threat that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury and that is committed by a person against such person's family or household member. Such act includes, but is not limited to, any forceful detention, stalking, criminal sexual assault in violation of Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, or any criminal offense that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury or places one in reasonable
- 2370 "Family or household member" means (i) the person's spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the 2371 same home with the person, (ii) the person's former spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the same 2372 home with the person, (iii) the person's parents, stepparents, children, stepchildren, brothers, sisters, 2373 half-brothers, half-sisters, grandparents and grandchildren, regardless of whether such persons reside in 2374 the same home with the person, (iv) the person's mother-in-law, father-in-law, sons-in-law, 2375 daughters-in-law, brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law who reside in the same home with the person, (v) 2376 any individual who has a child in common with the person, whether or not the person and that 2377 individual have been married or have resided together at any time, or (vi) any individual who cohabits 2378 or who, within the previous 12 months, cohabited with the person, and any children of either of them 2379 then residing in the same home with the person.
- 2380 "Fictive kin" means persons who are not related to a child by blood or adoption but have an2381 established relationship with the child or his family.
- 2382 "Foster care services" means the provision of a full range of casework, treatment and community 2383 services for a planned period of time to a child who is abused or neglected as defined in § 63.2-100 or 2384 in need of services as defined in this section and his family when the child (i) has been identified as needing services to prevent or eliminate the need for foster care placement, (ii) has been placed through 2385 2386 an agreement between the local board of social services or a public agency designated by the 2387 community policy and management team and the parents or guardians where legal custody remains with 2388 the parents or guardians, (iii) has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services or 2389 child welfare agency, or (iv) has been placed under the supervisory responsibility of the local board 2390 pursuant to § 16.1-293.
- 2391 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of (i) a child at least 16 years of age who is in the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency by the local board or licensed child-placing agency or (ii) a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement by the Department of

2395 Juvenile Justice, in a living arrangement in which such child or person does not have daily substitute2396 parental supervision.

2397 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years 2398 of age or older and who has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child 2399 welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services 2400 and activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet 2401 reached the age of 21 years; (ii) is between the ages of 18 and 21 and who, immediately prior to his commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of a local board of social 2402 2403 services; or (iii) is a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement in an independent 2404 living arrangement. "Independent living services" includes counseling, education, housing, employment, 2405 2406 and money management skills development and access to essential documents and other appropriate 2407 services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

2408 "Intake officer" means a juvenile probation officer appointed as such pursuant to the authority of this2409 chapter.

^a Jail" or "other facility designed for the detention of adults" means a local or regional correctional facility as defined in § 53.1-1, except those facilities utilized on a temporary basis as a court holding cell for a child incident to a court hearing or as a temporary lock-up room or ward incident to the transfer of a child to a juvenile facility.

2414 "The judge" means the judge or the substitute judge of the juvenile and domestic relations district2415 court of each county or city.

2416 "This law" or "the law" means the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court Law embraced in2417 this chapter.

2418 "Legal custody" means (i) a legal status created by court order which vests in a custodian the right to
2419 have physical custody of the child, to determine and redetermine where and with whom he shall live,
2420 the right and duty to protect, train and discipline him and to provide him with food, shelter, education
2421 and ordinary medical care, all subject to any residual parental rights and responsibilities or (ii) the legal
2422 status created by court order of joint custody as defined in § 20-107.2.

"Permanent foster care placement" means the place of residence in which a child resides and in
which he has been placed pursuant to the provisions of §§ 63.2-900 and 63.2-908 with the expectation
and agreement between the placing agency and the place of permanent foster care that the child shall
remain in the placement until he reaches the age of majority unless modified by court order or unless
removed pursuant to § 16.1-251 or 63.2-1517. A permanent foster care placement may be a place of
residence of any natural person or persons deemed appropriate to meet a child's needs on a long-term
basis.

2430 "Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who is not an employee of
2431 the local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency that placed the child in a qualified
2432 residential treatment program and is not affiliated with any placement setting in which children are
2433 placed by such local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency.

2434 "Qualified residential treatment program" means a program that (i) provides 24-hour residential 2435 placement services for children in foster care; (ii) has adopted a trauma-informed treatment model that 2436 meets the clinical and other needs of children with serious emotional or behavioral disorders, including 2437 any clinical or other needs identified through assessments conducted pursuant to clause (viii) of this 2438 definition; (iii) employs registered or licensed nursing and other clinical staff who provide care, on site 2439 and within the scope of their practice, and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; (iv) conducts 2440 outreach with the child's family members, including efforts to maintain connections between the child 2441 and his siblings and other family; documents and maintains records of such outreach efforts; and 2442 maintains contact information for any known biological family and fictive kin of the child; (v) whenever 2443 appropriate and in the best interest of the child, facilitates participation by family members in the child's 2444 treatment program before and after discharge and documents the manner in which such participation is 2445 facilitated; (vi) provides discharge planning and family-based aftercare support for at least six months 2446 after discharge; (vii) is licensed in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 671(a)(10) and accredited by an 2447 organization approved by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services; and (viii) requires that 2448 any child placed in the program receive an assessment within 30 days of such placement by a qualified 2449 individual that (a) assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based, validated, and functional assessment tool approved by the Commissioner of Social Services; (b) 2450 2451 identifies whether the needs of the child can be met through placement with a family member or in a foster home or, if not, in a placement setting authorized by 42 U.S.C. § 672(k)(2), including a qualified 2452 2453 residential treatment program, that would provide the most effective and appropriate level of care for the 2454 child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term and long-term goals established for the child in his foster care or permanency plan; (c) establishes a list of short-term and 2455 2456 long-term mental and behavioral health goals for the child; and (d) is documented in a written report to 2457 be filed with the court prior to any hearing on the child's placement pursuant to § 16.1-281, 16.1-282, 2458 16.1-282.1, or 16.1-282.2.

2459 "Residual parental rights and responsibilities" means all rights and responsibilities remaining with the 2460 parent after the transfer of legal custody or guardianship of the person, including but not limited to the 2461 right of visitation, consent to adoption, the right to determine religious affiliation and the responsibility 2462 for support.

"Secure facility" or "detention home" means a local, regional or state public or private locked 2463 2464 residential facility that has construction fixtures designed to prevent escape and to restrict the movement 2465 and activities of children held in lawful custody.

- 2466 "Shelter care" means the temporary care of children in physically unrestricting facilities.
- 2467 "State Board" means the State Board of Juvenile Justice.

2468 "Status offender" means a child who commits an act prohibited by law which would not be criminal 2469 if committed by an adult.

2470 "Status offense" means an act prohibited by law which would not be an offense if committed by an 2471 adult.

2472 "Violent juvenile felony" means any of the delinquent acts enumerated in subsection B or C of 2473 § 16.1-269.1 when committed by a juvenile 14 years of age or older.

- 2474 § 16.1-228. (Effective January 1, 2021) Definitions.
- 2475 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

2476 "Abused or neglected child" means any child:

2477 1. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates or inflicts, threatens to create or 2478 inflict, or allows to be created or inflicted upon such child a physical or mental injury by other than 2479 accidental means, or creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement or impairment of bodily or mental 2480 functions, including, but not limited to, a child who is with his parent or other person responsible for his 2481 care either (i) during the manufacture or attempted manufacture of a Schedule I or II controlled 2482 substance, or (ii) during the unlawful sale of such substance by that child's parents or other person 2483 responsible for his care, where such manufacture, or attempted manufacture or unlawful sale would 2484 constitute a felony violation of § 18.2-248;

2485 2. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care neglects or refuses to provide care 2486 necessary for his health; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by spiritual 2487 means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious 2488 denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child; 2489

3. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care abandons such child;

2490 4. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care commits or allows to be committed any 2491 sexual act upon a child in violation of the law;

2492 5. Who is without parental care or guardianship caused by the unreasonable absence or the mental or 2493 physical incapacity of the child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco 2494 parentis;

2495 6. Whose parents or other person responsible for his care creates a substantial risk of physical or 2496 mental injury by knowingly leaving the child alone in the same dwelling, including an apartment as 2497 defined in § 55.1-2000, with a person to whom the child is not related by blood or marriage and who 2498 the parent or other person responsible for his care knows has been convicted of an offense against a 2499 minor for which registration is required as a Tier III offender pursuant to § 9.1-902; or

2500 7. Who has been identified as a victim of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as defined in 2501 the federal Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. § 7102 et seq., and in the federal 2502 Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, 42 U.S.C. § 5101 et seq.

2503 If a civil proceeding under this chapter is based solely on the parent having left the child at a 2504 hospital or emergency medical services agency, it shall be an affirmative defense that such parent safely 2505 delivered the child to a hospital that provides 24-hour emergency services or to an attended emergency 2506 medical services agency that employs emergency medical services personnel, within 14 days of the 2507 child's birth. For purposes of terminating parental rights pursuant to § 16.1-283 and placement for 2508 adoption, the court may find such a child is a neglected child upon the ground of abandonment.

2509 "Adoptive home" means the place of residence of any natural person in which a child resides as a 2510 member of the household and in which he has been placed for the purposes of adoption or in which he 2511 has been legally adopted by another member of the household.

2512 "Adult" means a person 18 years of age or older.

2513 "Ancillary crime" or "ancillary charge" means any delinquent act committed by a juvenile as a part of the same act or transaction as, or that constitutes a part of a common scheme or plan with, a 2514 2515 delinquent act that would be a felony if committed by an adult.

2516 "Boot camp" means a short-term secure or nonsecure juvenile residential facility with highly 2517 structured components including, but not limited to, military style drill and ceremony, physical labor, HB1815

2518 education and rigid discipline, and no less than six months of intensive aftercare.

2519 "Child," "juvenile," or "minor" means a person who is (i) younger than 18 years of age or (ii) for 2520 purposes of the Fostering Futures program set forth in Article 2 (§ 63.2-917 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of 2521 Title 63.2, less than 21 years of age and meets the eligibility criteria set forth in § 63.2-919.

2522 "Child in need of services" means (i) a child whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results 2523 in a serious threat to the well-being and physical safety of the child or (ii) a child under the age of 14 2524 whose behavior, conduct or condition presents or results in a serious threat to the well-being and 2525 physical safety of another person; however, no child who in good faith is under treatment solely by 2526 spiritual means through prayer in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or 2527 religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered to be a child in need of services, nor 2528 shall any child who habitually remains away from or habitually deserts or abandons his family as a 2529 result of what the court or the local child protective services unit determines to be incidents of physical, 2530 emotional or sexual abuse in the home be considered a child in need of services for that reason alone.

2531 However, to find that a child falls within these provisions, (i) the conduct complained of must 2532 present a clear and substantial danger to the child's life or health or to the life or health of another 2533 person, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not presently being 2534 received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, rehabilitation or 2535 services needed by the child or his family. 2536

"Child in need of supervision" means:

2537 1. A child who, while subject to compulsory school attendance, is habitually and without justification 2538 absent from school, and (i) the child has been offered an adequate opportunity to receive the benefit of 2539 any and all educational services and programs that are required to be provided by law and which meet 2540 the child's particular educational needs, (ii) the school system from which the child is absent or other 2541 appropriate agency has made a reasonable effort to effect the child's regular attendance without success, 2542 and (iii) the school system has provided documentation that it has complied with the provisions of § 22.1-258; or 2543

2544 2. A child who, without reasonable cause and without the consent of his parent, lawful custodian or 2545 placement authority, remains away from or deserts or abandons his family or lawful custodian on more 2546 than one occasion or escapes or remains away without proper authority from a residential care facility in 2547 which he has been placed by the court, and (i) such conduct presents a clear and substantial danger to 2548 the child's life or health, (ii) the child or his family is in need of treatment, rehabilitation or services not 2549 presently being received, and (iii) the intervention of the court is essential to provide the treatment, 2550 rehabilitation or services needed by the child or his family.

"Child welfare agency" means a child-placing agency, child-caring institution or independent foster home as defined in § 63.2-100. 2551 2552

"The court" or the "juvenile court" or the "juvenile and domestic relations court" means the juvenile 2553 2554 and domestic relations district court of each county or city.

2555 "Delinquent act" means (i) an act designated a crime under the law of the Commonwealth, or an 2556 ordinance of any city, coun308.4.ty, town, or service district, or under federal law, (ii) a violation of § 2557 18.2-308.7, or (iii) a violation of a court order as provided for in § 16.1-292, but does not include an 2558 act other than a violation of § 18.2-308.7, which is otherwise lawful, but is designated a crime only if 2559 committed by a child. For purposes of §§ 16.1-241 and 16.1-278.9, "delinquent act" includes a refusal to 2560 take a breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2 or a similar ordinance of any county, city, or town. For 2561 the purposes of §§ 16.1-241, 16.1-273, 16.1-278.8, 16.1-278.8:01, and 16.1-278.9, "delinquent act" 2562 includes a violation of § 18.2-250.1 3.2-4160 or 3.2-4161.

2563 "Delinquent child" means a child who has committed a delinquent act or an adult who has committed 2564 a delinquent act prior to his 18th birthday, except where the jurisdiction of the juvenile court has been 2565 terminated under the provisions of § 16.1-269.6.

2566 "Department" means the Department of Juvenile Justice and "Director" means the administrative head 2567 in charge thereof or such of his assistants and subordinates as are designated by him to discharge the 2568 duties imposed upon him under this law.

2569 "Driver's license" means any document issued under Chapter 3 (§ 46.2-300 et seq.) of Title 46.2, or 2570 the comparable law of another jurisdiction, authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle upon the 2571 highways.

2572 "Family abuse" means any act involving violence, force, or threat that results in bodily injury or 2573 places one in reasonable apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury and that is committed by 2574 a person against such person's family or household member. Such act includes, but is not limited to, any 2575 forceful detention, stalking, criminal sexual assault in violation of Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of 2576 Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, or any criminal offense that results in bodily injury or places one in reasonable 2577 apprehension of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury.

2578 "Family or household member" means (i) the person's spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the 2579 same home with the person, (ii) the person's former spouse, whether or not he or she resides in the same

2580 home with the person, (iii) the person's parents, stepparents, children, stepchildren, brothers, sisters, 2581 half-brothers, half-sisters, grandparents and grandchildren, regardless of whether such persons reside in 2582 the same home with the person, (iv) the person's mother-in-law, father-in-law, sons-in-law, 2583 daughters-in-law, brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law who reside in the same home with the person, (v) 2584 any individual who has a child in common with the person, whether or not the person and that 2585 individual have been married or have resided together at any time, or (vi) any individual who cohabits 2586 or who, within the previous 12 months, cohabited with the person, and any children of either of them 2587 then residing in the same home with the person.

2588 "Fictive kin" means persons who are not related to a child by blood or adoption but have an established relationship with the child or his family.

2590 "Foster care services" means the provision of a full range of casework, treatment and community services for a planned period of time to a child who is abused or neglected as defined in § 63.2-100 or 2591 2592 in need of services as defined in this section and his family when the child (i) has been identified as 2593 needing services to prevent or eliminate the need for foster care placement, (ii) has been placed through 2594 an agreement between the local board of social services or a public agency designated by the 2595 community policy and management team and the parents or guardians where legal custody remains with 2596 the parents or guardians, (iii) has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services or 2597 child welfare agency, or (iv) has been placed under the supervisory responsibility of the local board 2598 pursuant to § 16.1-293.

2599 "Independent living arrangement" means placement of (i) a child at least 16 years of age who is in the custody of a local board or licensed child-placing agency by the local board or licensed child-placing agency or (ii) a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement by the Department of Juvenile Justice, in a living arrangement in which such child or person does not have daily substitute parental supervision.

2605 "Independent living services" means services and activities provided to a child in foster care 14 years of age or older and who has been committed or entrusted to a local board of social services, child 2606 welfare agency, or private child-placing agency. "Independent living services" may also mean services 2607 2608 and activities provided to a person who (i) was in foster care on his 18th birthday and has not yet 2609 reached the age of 21 years; (ii) is between the ages of 18 and 21 and who, immediately prior to his 2610 commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice, was in the custody of a local board of social 2611 services; or (iii) is a child at least 16 years of age or a person between the ages of 18 and 21 who was 2612 committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice immediately prior to placement in an independent 2613 living arrangement. "Independent living services" includes counseling, education, housing, employment, 2614 and money management skills development and access to essential documents and other appropriate 2615 services to help children or persons prepare for self-sufficiency.

2616 "Intake officer" means a juvenile probation officer appointed as such pursuant to the authority of this chapter.

2618 "Jail" or "other facility designed for the detention of adults" means a local or regional correctional
2619 facility as defined in § 53.1-1, except those facilities utilized on a temporary basis as a court holding
2620 cell for a child incident to a court hearing or as a temporary lock-up room or ward incident to the
2621 transfer of a child to a juvenile facility.

"The judge" means the judge or the substitute judge of the juvenile and domestic relations districtcourt of each county or city.

"This law" or "the law" means the Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court Law embraced inthis chapter.

"Legal custody" means (i) a legal status created by court order which vests in a custodian the right to
have physical custody of the child, to determine and redetermine where and with whom he shall live,
the right and duty to protect, train and discipline him and to provide him with food, shelter, education
and ordinary medical care, all subject to any residual parental rights and responsibilities or (ii) the legal
status created by court order of joint custody as defined in § 20-107.2.

2631 "Permanent foster care placement" means the place of residence in which a child resides and in 2632 which he has been placed pursuant to the provisions of §§ 63.2-900 and 63.2-908 with the expectation and agreement between the placing agency and the place of permanent foster care that the child shall remain in the placement until he reaches the age of majority unless modified by court order or unless removed pursuant to § 16.1-251 or 63.2-1517. A permanent foster care placement may be a place of residence of any natural person or persons deemed appropriate to meet a child's needs on a long-term basis.

2638 "Qualified individual" means a trained professional or licensed clinician who is not an employee of
2639 the local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency that placed the child in a qualified
2640 residential treatment program and is not affiliated with any placement setting in which children are

2641 placed by such local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency.

2642 "Qualified residential treatment program" means a program that (i) provides 24-hour residential 2643 placement services for children in foster care; (ii) has adopted a trauma-informed treatment model that 2644 meets the clinical and other needs of children with serious emotional or behavioral disorders, including 2645 any clinical or other needs identified through assessments conducted pursuant to clause (viii) of this 2646 definition; (iii) employs registered or licensed nursing and other clinical staff who provide care, on site 2647 and within the scope of their practice, and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week; (iv) conducts 2648 outreach with the child's family members, including efforts to maintain connections between the child 2649 and his siblings and other family; documents and maintains records of such outreach efforts; and 2650 maintains contact information for any known biological family and fictive kin of the child; (v) whenever appropriate and in the best interest of the child, facilitates participation by family members in the child's 2651 2652 treatment program before and after discharge and documents the manner in which such participation is 2653 facilitated; (vi) provides discharge planning and family-based aftercare support for at least six months 2654 after discharge; (vii) is licensed in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 671(a)(10) and accredited by an 2655 organization approved by the federal Secretary of Health and Human Services; and (viii) requires that 2656 any child placed in the program receive an assessment within 30 days of such placement by a qualified individual that (a) assesses the strengths and needs of the child using an age-appropriate, evidence-based, 2657 validated, and functional assessment tool approved by the Commissioner of Social Services; (b) 2658 2659 identifies whether the needs of the child can be met through placement with a family member or in a foster home or, if not, in a placement setting authorized by 42 U.S.C. § 672(k)(2), including a qualified 2660 2661 residential treatment program, that would provide the most effective and appropriate level of care for the 2662 child in the least restrictive environment and be consistent with the short-term and long-term goals established for the child in his foster care or permanency plan; (c) establishes a list of short-term and long-term mental and behavioral health goals for the child; and (d) is documented in a written report to 2663 2664 2665 be filed with the court prior to any hearing on the child's placement pursuant to § 16.1-281, 16.1-282, 2666 16.1-282.1, or 16.1-282.2.

2667 "Residual parental rights and responsibilities" means all rights and responsibilities remaining with the 2668 parent after the transfer of legal custody or guardianship of the person, including but not limited to the 2669 right of visitation, consent to adoption, the right to determine religious affiliation and the responsibility 2670 for support.

"Secure facility" or "detention home" means a local, regional or state public or private locked 2671 residential facility that has construction fixtures designed to prevent escape and to restrict the movement 2672 2673 and activities of children held in lawful custody.

"Shelter care" means the temporary care of children in physically unrestricting facilities. "State Board" means the State Board of Juvenile Justice. 2674

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2676 "Status offender" means a child who commits an act prohibited by law which would not be criminal 2677 if committed by an adult.

2678 "Status offense" means an act prohibited by law which would not be an offense if committed by an 2679 adult.

2680 "Violent juvenile felony" means any of the delinquent acts enumerated in subsection B or C of 2681 § 16.1-269.1 when committed by a juvenile 14 years of age or older. 2682

§ 16.1-260. Intake; petition; investigation.

2683 A. All matters alleged to be within the jurisdiction of the court shall be commenced by the filing of 2684 a petition, except as provided in subsection H and in § 16.1-259. The form and content of the petition shall be as provided in § 16.1-262. No individual shall be required to obtain support services from the 2685 2686 Department of Social Services prior to filing a petition seeking support for a child. Complaints, requests, and the processing of petitions to initiate a case shall be the responsibility of the intake officer. 2687 However, (i) the attorney for the Commonwealth of the city or county may file a petition on his own 2688 2689 motion with the clerk; (ii) designated nonattorney employees of the Department of Social Services may 2690 complete, sign, and file petitions and motions relating to the establishment, modification, or enforcement 2691 of support on forms approved by the Supreme Court of Virginia with the clerk; (iii) designated 2692 nonattorney employees of a local department of social services may complete, sign, and file with the 2693 clerk, on forms approved by the Supreme Court of Virginia, petitions for foster care review, petitions 2694 for permanency planning hearings, petitions to establish paternity, motions to establish or modify 2695 support, motions to amend or review an order, and motions for a rule to show cause; and (iv) any 2696 attorney may file petitions on behalf of his client with the clerk except petitions alleging that the subject 2697 of the petition is a child alleged to be in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent. Complaints alleging abuse or neglect of a child shall be referred initially to the local department of 2698 social services in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 15 (§ 63.2-1500 et seq.) of Title 63.2. 2699 Motions and other subsequent pleadings in a case shall be filed directly with the clerk. The intake 2700 2701 officer or clerk with whom the petition or motion is filed shall inquire whether the petitioner is 2702 receiving child support services or public assistance. No individual who is receiving support services or

public assistance shall be denied the right to file a petition or motion to establish, modify, or enforce an order for support of a child. If the petitioner is seeking or receiving child support services or public assistance, the clerk, upon issuance of process, shall forward a copy of the petition or motion, together
with notice of the court date, to the Division of Child Support Enforcement.

2707 B. The appearance of a child before an intake officer may be by (i) personal appearance before the 2708 intake officer or (ii) use of two-way electronic video and audio communication. If two-way electronic 2709 video and audio communication is used, an intake officer may exercise all powers conferred by law. All 2710 communications and proceedings shall be conducted in the same manner as if the appearance were in 2711 person, and any documents filed may be transmitted by facsimile process. The facsimile may be served 2712 or executed by the officer or person to whom sent, and returned in the same manner, and with the same 2713 force, effect, authority, and liability as an original document. All signatures thereon shall be treated as 2714 original signatures. Any two-way electronic video and audio communication system used for an 2715 appearance shall meet the standards as set forth in subsection B of § 19.2-3.1.

2716 When the court service unit of any court receives a complaint alleging facts which may be sufficient to invoke the jurisdiction of the court pursuant to § 16.1-241, the unit, through an intake officer, may proceed informally to make such adjustment as is practicable without the filing of a petition or may authorize a petition to be filed by any complainant having sufficient knowledge of the matter to establish probable cause for the issuance of the petition.

2721 An intake officer may proceed informally on a complaint alleging a child is in need of services, in 2722 need of supervision, or delinquent only if the juvenile (a) is not alleged to have committed a violent 2723 juvenile felony or (b) has not previously been proceeded against informally or adjudicated delinquent for an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult. A petition alleging that a juvenile 2724 2725 committed a violent juvenile felony shall be filed with the court. A petition alleging that a juvenile is 2726 delinquent for an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult shall be filed with the court if 2727 the juvenile had previously been proceeded against informally by intake or had been adjudicated 2728 delinquent for an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult.

2729 If a juvenile is alleged to be a truant pursuant to a complaint filed in accordance with § 22.1-258 and 2730 the attendance officer has provided documentation to the intake officer that the relevant school division 2731 has complied with the provisions of § 22.1-258, then the intake officer shall file a petition with the 2732 court. The intake officer may defer filing the petition and proceed informally by developing a truancy 2733 plan, provided that (1) the juvenile has not previously been proceeded against informally or adjudicated 2734 in need of supervision on more than two occasions for failure to comply with compulsory school 2735 attendance as provided in § 22.1-254 and (2) the immediately previous informal action or adjudication 2736 occurred at least three calendar years prior to the current complaint. The juvenile and his parent or 2737 parents, guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis must agree, in writing, for the development 2738 of a truancy plan. The truancy plan may include requirements that the juvenile and his parent or parents, 2739 guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis participate in such programs, cooperate in such 2740 treatment, or be subject to such conditions and limitations as necessary to ensure the juvenile's compliance with compulsory school attendance as provided in § 22.1-254. The intake officer may refer 2741 2742 the juvenile to the appropriate public agency for the purpose of developing a truancy plan using an 2743 interagency interdisciplinary team approach. The team may include qualified personnel who are 2744 reasonably available from the appropriate department of social services, community services board, local 2745 school division, court service unit, and other appropriate and available public and private agencies and 2746 may be the family assessment and planning team established pursuant to § 2.2-5207. If at the end of the 2747 deferral period the juvenile has not successfully completed the truancy plan or the truancy program, then 2748 the intake officer shall file the petition.

2749 Whenever informal action is taken as provided in this subsection on a complaint alleging that a child 2750 is in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent, the intake officer shall (A) develop a plan 2751 for the juvenile, which may include restitution and the performance of community service, based upon 2752 community resources and the circumstances which resulted in the complaint, (B) create an official record 2753 of the action taken by the intake officer and file such record in the juvenile's case file, and (C) advise 2754 the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis and the complainant that any subsequent complaint alleging that the child is in need of supervision or delinquent 2755 2756 based upon facts which may be sufficient to invoke the jurisdiction of the court pursuant to § 16.1-241 2757 may result in the filing of a petition with the court.

C. The intake officer shall accept and file a petition in which it is alleged that (i) the custody,
visitation, or support of a child is the subject of controversy or requires determination, (ii) a person has
deserted, abandoned, or failed to provide support for any person in violation of law, (iii) a child or such
child's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco parentis is entitled to treatment,
rehabilitation, or other services which are required by law, (iv) family abuse has occurred and a
protective order is being sought pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, or 16.1-279.1, or (v) an act of

2764 violence, force, or threat has occurred, a protective order is being sought pursuant to § 19.2-152.8, 2765 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10, and either the alleged victim or the respondent is a juvenile. If any such 2766 complainant does not file a petition, the intake officer may file it. In cases in which a child is alleged to 2767 be abused, neglected, in need of services, in need of supervision, or delinquent, if the intake officer 2768 believes that probable cause does not exist, or that the authorization of a petition will not be in the best 2769 interest of the family or juvenile or that the matter may be effectively dealt with by some agency other 2770 than the court, he may refuse to authorize the filing of a petition. The intake officer shall provide to a person seeking a protective order pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, or 16.1-279.1 a written 2771 2772 explanation of the conditions, procedures and time limits applicable to the issuance of protective orders 2773 pursuant to § 16.1-253.1, 16.1-253.4, or 16.1-279.1. If the person is seeking a protective order pursuant 2774 to § 19.2-152.8, 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10, the intake officer shall provide a written explanation of the 2775 conditions, procedures, and time limits applicable to the issuance of protective orders pursuant to 2776 § 19.2-152.8, 19.2-152.9, or 19.2-152.10.

2777 D. Prior to the filing of any petition alleging that a child is in need of supervision, the matter shall 2778 be reviewed by an intake officer who shall determine whether the petitioner and the child alleged to be 2779 in need of supervision have utilized or attempted to utilize treatment and services available in the community and have exhausted all appropriate nonjudicial remedies which are available to them. When 2780 2781 the intake officer determines that the parties have not attempted to utilize available treatment or services 2782 or have not exhausted all appropriate nonjudicial remedies which are available, he shall refer the 2783 petitioner and the child alleged to be in need of supervision to the appropriate agency, treatment facility, 2784 or individual to receive treatment or services, and a petition shall not be filed. Only after the intake 2785 officer determines that the parties have made a reasonable effort to utilize available community treatment or services may he permit the petition to be filed. 2786

E. If the intake officer refuses to authorize a petition relating to an offense that if committed by an 2787 2788 adult would be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor or as a felony, the complainant shall be notified in 2789 writing at that time of the complainant's right to apply to a magistrate for a warrant. If a magistrate 2790 determines that probable cause exists, he shall issue a warrant returnable to the juvenile and domestic 2791 relations district court. The warrant shall be delivered forthwith to the juvenile court, and the intake 2792 officer shall accept and file a petition founded upon the warrant. If the court is closed and the magistrate 2793 finds that the criteria for detention or shelter care set forth in § 16.1-248.1 have been satisfied, the 2794 juvenile may be detained pursuant to the warrant issued in accordance with this subsection. If the intake 2795 officer refuses to authorize a petition relating to a child in need of services or in need of supervision, a 2796 status offense, or a misdemeanor other than Class 1, his decision is final.

2797 Upon delivery to the juvenile court of a warrant issued pursuant to subdivision 2 of § 16.1-256, the 2798 intake officer shall accept and file a petition founded upon the warrant.

2799 F. The intake officer shall notify the attorney for the Commonwealth of the filing of any petition 2800 which alleges facts of an offense which would be a felony if committed by an adult.

2801 G. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.), the intake officer shall file a 2802 report with the division superintendent of the school division in which any student who is the subject of 2803 a petition alleging that such student who is a juvenile has committed an act, wherever committed, which would be a crime if committed by an adult, or that such student who is an adult has committed a crime 2804 2805 and is alleged to be within the jurisdiction of the court. The report shall notify the division 2806 superintendent of the filing of the petition and the nature of the offense, if the violation involves:

2807 1. A firearm offense pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-279 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-288 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-299 et seq.), 6.1 (§ 18.2-307.1 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-308.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; 2808 2809

2. Homicide, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;

2810 3. Felonious assault and bodily wounding, pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of 2811 Title 18.2: 2812

4. Criminal sexual assault, pursuant to Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;

5. Manufacture, sale, gift, distribution or possession of Schedule I or II controlled substances, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2; 2813 2814

2815 6. Manufacture, sale or distribution of marijuana pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 2816 7 of Title 18.2 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2; 2817

- 7. Arson and related crimes, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-77 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2;
- 2818 8. Burglary and related offenses, pursuant to §§ 18.2-89 through 18.2-93;
- 2819 9. Robbery pursuant to § 18.2-58;
- 2820 10. Prohibited criminal street gang activity pursuant to § 18.2-46.2;
- 2821 11. Recruitment of other juveniles for a criminal street gang activity pursuant to § 18.2-46.3;
- 2822 12. An act of violence by a mob pursuant to § 18.2-42.1;
- 2823 13. Abduction of any person pursuant to § 18.2-47 or 18.2-48; or
- 2824 14. A threat pursuant to § 18.2-60.
- 2825 The failure to provide information regarding the school in which the student who is the subject of

2826 the petition may be enrolled shall not be grounds for refusing to file a petition.

2827 The information provided to a division superintendent pursuant to this section may be disclosed only 2828 as provided in § 16.1-305.2. 2829

H. The filing of a petition shall not be necessary:

2830 1. In the case of violations of the traffic laws, including offenses involving bicycles, hitchhiking and 2831 other pedestrian offenses, game and fish laws, or a violation of the ordinance of any city regulating 2832 surfing or any ordinance establishing curfew violations, animal control violations, or littering violations. 2833 In such cases the court may proceed on a summons issued by the officer investigating the violation in the same manner as provided by law for adults. Additionally, an officer investigating a motor vehicle 2834 2835 accident may, at the scene of the accident or at any other location where a juvenile who is involved in 2836 such an accident may be located, proceed on a summons in lieu of filing a petition.

2837 2. In the case of seeking consent to apply for the issuance of a work permit pursuant to subsection H 2838 of § 16.1-241.

2839 3. In the case of a misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-266, 18.2-266.1, or 29.1-738, or the commission 2840 of any other alcohol-related offense, or a violation of § 18.2-250.1 3.2-4160 or 3.2-4161, provided that 2841 the juvenile is released to the custody of a parent or legal guardian pending the initial court date. The 2842 officer releasing a juvenile to the custody of a parent or legal guardian shall issue a summons to the 2843 juvenile and shall also issue a summons requiring the parent or legal guardian to appear before the court 2844 with the juvenile. Disposition of the charge shall be in the manner provided in § 16.1-278.8, 2845 16.1-278.8:01, or 16.1-278.9. If the juvenile so charged with a violation of § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, 2846 18.2-266.1, 18.2-272, or 29.1-738 refuses to provide a sample of blood or breath or samples of both 2847 blood and breath for chemical analysis pursuant to §§ 18.2-268.1 through 18.2-268.12 or 29.1-738.2, the 2848 provisions of these sections shall be followed except that the magistrate shall authorize execution of the 2849 warrant as a summons. The summons shall be served on a parent or legal guardian and the juvenile, and 2850 a copy of the summons shall be forwarded to the court in which the violation is to be tried. When a violation of § 3.2-4160, 3.2-4161, or 4.1-305 or 18.2-250.1 is charged by summons, the juvenile shall 2851 2852 be entitled to have the charge referred to intake for consideration of informal proceedings pursuant to 2853 subsection B, provided that such right is exercised by written notification to the clerk not later than 10 2854 days prior to trial. At the time such summons alleging a violation of § 3.2-4160, 3.2-4161, or 4.1-305 or 2855 18.2-250.1 is served, the officer shall also serve upon the juvenile written notice of the right to have the 2856 charge referred to intake on a form approved by the Supreme Court and make return of such service to 2857 the court. If the officer fails to make such service or return, the court shall dismiss the summons without 2858 prejudice.

2859 4. In the case of offenses which, if committed by an adult, would be punishable as a Class 3 or 2860 Class 4 misdemeanor. In such cases the court may direct that an intake officer proceed as provided in 2861 § 16.1-237 on a summons issued by the officer investigating the violation in the same manner as 2862 provided by law for adults provided that notice of the summons to appear is mailed by the investigating 2863 officer within five days of the issuance of the summons to a parent or legal guardian of the juvenile.

2864 I. Failure to comply with the procedures set forth in this section shall not divest the juvenile court of 2865 the jurisdiction granted it in § 16.1-241.

2866 § 16.1-273. Court may require investigation of social history and preparation of victim impact 2867 statement.

2868 A. When a juvenile and domestic relations district court or circuit court has adjudicated any case 2869 involving a child subject to the jurisdiction of the court hereunder, except for a traffic violation, a 2870 violation of the game and fish law, or a violation of any city ordinance regulating surfing or establishing 2871 curfew violations, the court before final disposition thereof may require an investigation, which (i) shall 2872 include a drug screening and (ii) may, and for the purposes of subdivision A 14 or 17 of § 16.1-278.8 2873 shall, include a social history of the physical, mental, and social conditions, including an assessment of 2874 any affiliation with a criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1, and personality of the child and the 2875 facts and circumstances surrounding the violation of law. However, in the case of a juvenile adjudicated 2876 delinquent on the basis of an act committed on or after January 1, 2000, which would be (a) a felony if 2877 committed by an adult, (b) a violation under Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 2878 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or Article 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 and such 2879 offense would be punishable as a Class 1 or Class 2 misdemeanor if committed by an adult, or (c) a 2880 violation of § 18.2-250.1 3.2-4160 or 3.2-4161, the court shall order the juvenile to undergo a drug 2881 screening. If the drug screening indicates that the juvenile has a substance abuse or dependence problem, 2882 an assessment shall be completed by a certified substance abuse counselor as defined in § 54.1-3500 2883 employed by the Department of Juvenile Justice or by a locally operated court services unit or by an 2884 individual employed by or currently under contract to such agencies and who is specifically trained to 2885 conduct such assessments under the supervision of such counselor.

2886 B. The court also shall, on motion of the attorney for the Commonwealth with the consent of the victim, or may in its discretion, require the preparation of a victim impact statement in accordance with
the provisions of § 19.2-299.1 if the court determines that the victim may have suffered significant
physical, psychological, or economic injury as a result of the violation of law.

2890 § 16.1-278.8:01. Juveniles found delinquent of first drug offense; screening; assessment; drug 2891 tests; costs and fees; education or treatment programs.

2892 Whenever any juvenile who has not previously been found delinquent of any offense under Article 7 2893 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 2894 18.2 or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or 2895 stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for a 2896 violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in this section or § 18.2-251, is found delinquent of 2897 any offense concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, 2898 noxious chemical substances and like substances, the juvenile court or the circuit court shall require such 2899 juvenile to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to § 16.1-273 and to submit to such periodic 2900 substance abuse testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. Such testing shall be 2901 conducted by a court services unit of the Department of Juvenile Justice, or by a locally operated court 2902 services unit or by personnel of any program or agency approved by the Department. The cost of such 2903 testing ordered by the court shall be paid by the Commonwealth from funds appropriated to the 2904 Department for this purpose. The court shall also order the juvenile to undergo such treatment or 2905 education program for substance abuse, if available, as the court deems appropriate based upon 2906 consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a 2907 program licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or by a similar 2908 program available through a facility or program operated by or under contract to the Department of 2909 Juvenile Justice or a locally operated court services unit or a program funded through the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (§ 16.1-309.2 et seq.). 2910

2911 § 16.1-278.9. Delinquent children; loss of driving privileges for alcohol, firearm, and drug 2912 offenses; truancy.

2913 A. If a court has found facts which that would justify a finding that a child at least 13 years of age 2914 at the time of the offense is delinquent and such finding involves (i) a violation of § 18.2-266 or of a 2915 similar ordinance of any county, city, or town; (ii) a refusal to take a breath test in violation of § 18.2-268.2; (iii) a felony violation of § 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4170, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1 2916 2917 or 18.2-250; (iv) a misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, or 18.2-250 or a violation of 2918 <u>§ 18.2-250.1</u>; (v) the unlawful purchase, possession, or consumption of alcohol in violation of § 4.1-305 2919 or the unlawful drinking or possession of alcoholic beverages in or on public school grounds in violation 2920 of § 4.1-309; (vi) public intoxication in violation of § 18.2-388 or a similar ordinance of a county, city, 2921 or town_{τ}; (vii) the unlawful use or possession of a handgun or possession of a "streetsweeper" as defined 2922 below; or (viii) a violation of § 18.2-83, the court shall order, in addition to any other penalty that it 2923 may impose as provided by law for the offense, that the child be denied a driver's license. In addition to 2924 any other penalty authorized by this section, if the offense involves a violation designated under clause 2925 (i) and the child was transporting a person 17 years of age or younger, the court shall impose the 2926 additional fine and order community service as provided in § 18.2-270. If the offense involves a 2927 violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (viii), the denial of a driver's license shall be for a 2928 period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 17, whichever is longer, for a first such 2929 offense or for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 18, whichever is longer, for a 2930 second or subsequent such offense. If the offense involves a violation designated under clause (iv), (v), 2931 or (vi), the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of six months unless the offense is 2932 committed by a child under the age of 16 years and three months, in which case the child's ability to 2933 apply for a driver's license shall be delayed for a period of six months following the date he reaches the 2934 age of 16 and three months. If the offense involves a first violation designated under clause (v) or (vi), 2935 the court shall impose the license sanction and may enter a judgment of guilt or, without entering a 2936 judgment of guilt, may defer disposition of the delinquency charge until such time as the court disposes 2937 of the case pursuant to subsection F of this section. If the offense involves a violation designated under 2938 clause (iii) or (iv), the court shall impose the license sanction and shall dispose of the delinquency 2939 charge pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or § 18.2-251. If the offense involves a violation 2940 designated under clause (vii), the denial of driving privileges shall be for a period of not less than 30 2941 days, except when the offense involves possession of a concealed handgun or a striker 12, commonly 2942 called a "streetsweeper," or any semi-automatic folding stock shotgun of like kind with a spring tension 2943 drum magazine capable of holding 12 shotgun shells, in which case the denial of driving privileges shall 2944 be for a period of two years unless the offense is committed by a child under the age of 16 years and 2945 three months, in which event the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be delayed for a 2946 period of two years following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months.

A1. If a court finds that a child at least 13 years of age has failed to comply with school attendance and meeting requirements as provided in § 22.1-258, the court shall order the denial of the child's

driving privileges for a period of not less than 30 days. If such failure to comply involves a child underthe age of 16 years and three months, the child's ability to apply for a driver's license shall be delayedfor a period of not less than 30 days following the date he reaches the age of 16 and three months.

2952 If the court finds a second or subsequent such offense, it may order the denial of a driver's license 2953 for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 18, whichever is longer, or delay the 2954 child's ability to apply for a driver's license for a period of one year following the date he reaches the 2955 age of 16 and three months, as may be appropriate.

A2. If a court finds that a child at least 13 years of age has refused to take a blood test in violation of § 18.2-268.2, the court shall order that the child be denied a driver's license for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 17, whichever is longer, for a first such offense or for a period of one year or until the juvenile reaches the age of 18, whichever is longer, for a second or subsequent such offense.

2961 B. Any child who has a driver's license at the time of the offense or at the time of the court's finding2962 as provided in subsection A1 or A2 shall be ordered to surrender his driver's license, which shall be2963 held in the physical custody of the court during any period of license denial.

C. The court shall report any order issued under this section to the Department of Motor Vehicles, which shall preserve a record thereof. The report and the record shall include a statement as to whether the child was represented by or waived counsel or whether the order was issued pursuant to subsection A1 or A2. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.) of this chapter or the provisions of Title 46.2, this record shall be available only to all law-enforcement officers, attorneys for the Commonwealth, and courts. No other record of the proceeding shall be forwarded to the Department of Motor Vehicles unless the proceeding results in an adjudication of guilt pursuant to subsection F.

2971 The Department of Motor Vehicles shall refuse to issue a driver's license to any child denied a
2972 driver's license until such time as is stipulated in the court order or until notification by the court of withdrawal of the order of denial under subsection E.

D. If the finding as to the child involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (vi) of subsection A or a violation designated under subsection A2, the child may be referred to a certified alcohol safety action program in accordance with § 18.2-271.1 upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth. If the finding as to such child involves a violation designated under clause (iii), (iv), (v), (vii), or (viii) of subsection A, such child may be referred to appropriate rehabilitative or educational services upon such terms and conditions as the court may set forth.

2980 The court, in its discretion and upon a demonstration of hardship, may authorize the use of a 2981 restricted permit to operate a motor vehicle by any child who has a driver's license at the time of the 2982 offense or at the time of the court's finding as provided in subsection A1 or A2 for any of the purposes 2983 set forth in subsection E of § 18.2-271.1 or for travel to and from school, except that no restricted 2984 license shall be issued for travel to and from home and school when school-provided transportation is 2985 available and no restricted license shall be issued if the finding as to such child involves a violation 2986 designated under clause (iii) or (iv) of subsection A, or if it involves a second or subsequent violation of 2987 any offense designated in subsection A, a second finding by the court of failure to comply with school 2988 attendance and meeting requirements as provided in subsection A1, or a second or subsequent finding by 2989 the court of a refusal to take a blood test as provided in subsection A2. The issuance of the restricted 2990 permit shall be set forth within the court order, a copy of which shall be provided to the child, and shall 2991 specifically enumerate the restrictions imposed and contain such information regarding the child as is 2992 reasonably necessary to identify him. The child may operate a motor vehicle under the court order in 2993 accordance with its terms. Any child who operates a motor vehicle in violation of any restrictions 2994 imposed pursuant to this section is guilty of a violation of § 46.2-301.

2995 E. Upon petition made at least 90 days after issuance of the order, the court may review and withdraw any order of denial of a driver's license if for a first such offense or finding as provided in subsection A1 or A2. For a second or subsequent such offense or finding, the order may not be reviewed and withdrawn until one year after its issuance.

2999 F. If the finding as to such child involves a first violation designated under clause (vii) of subsection 3000 A, upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions prescribed by the court and after the child's driver's 3001 license has been restored, the court shall or, in the event the violation resulted in the injury or death of 3002 any person or if the finding involves a violation designated under clause (i), (ii), (v), or (vi) of 3003 subsection A, may discharge the child and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal 3004 under these provisions shall be without an adjudication of guilt but a record of the proceeding shall be 3005 retained for the purpose of applying this section in subsequent proceedings. Failure of the child to fulfill 3006 such terms and conditions shall result in an adjudication of guilt. If the finding as to such child involves 3007 a violation designated under clause (iii) or (iv) of subsection A, the charge shall not be dismissed 3008 pursuant to this subsection but shall be disposed of pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or 3009 § 18.2-251. If the finding as to such child involves a second violation under clause (v), (vi), or (vii) of

3010 subsection A, the charge shall not be dismissed pursuant to this subsection but shall be disposed of 3011 under § 16.1-278.8. 3012

§ 16.1-309.1. Exception as to confidentiality.

3013 A. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, where consideration of public interest requires, 3014 the judge shall make available to the public the name and address of a juvenile and the nature of the 3015 offense for which a juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent (i) for an act which would be a Class 1, 2, 3016 or 3 felony, forcible rape, robbery or burglary or a related offense as set out in Article 2 (§ 18.2-89 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2 if committed by an adult or (ii) in any case where a juvenile is 3017 3018 sentenced as an adult in circuit court.

3019 B. 1. a. At any time prior to disposition, if a juvenile charged with a delinquent act which would constitute a felony if committed by an adult, or held in custody by a law-enforcement officer, or held in 3020 3021 a secure facility pursuant to such charge becomes a fugitive from justice, the attorney for the 3022 Commonwealth or, upon notice to the Commonwealth's attorney, the Department of Juvenile Justice or a 3023 locally operated court services unit, may, with notice to the juvenile's attorney of record, petition the 3024 court having jurisdiction of the offense to authorize public release of the juvenile's name, age, physical 3025 description and photograph, the charge for which he is sought or for which he was adjudicated and any 3026 other information which may expedite his apprehension. Upon a showing that the juvenile is a fugitive 3027 and for good cause, the court shall order release of this information to the public. If a juvenile charged 3028 with a delinquent act that would constitute a felony if committed by an adult, or held in custody by a 3029 law-enforcement officer, or held in a secure facility pursuant to such charge becomes a fugitive from justice at a time when the court is not in session, the Commonwealth's attorney, the Department of 3030 3031 Juvenile Justice, or a locally operated court services unit may, with notice to the juvenile's attorney of record, authorize the public release of the juvenile's name, age, physical description and photograph, the 3032 3033 charge for which he is sought, and any other information which may expedite his apprehension.

3034 b. At any time prior to disposition, if a juvenile charged with a delinquent act which would 3035 constitute a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, or held in custody by a law-enforcement officer, or 3036 held in a secure facility pursuant to such charge becomes a fugitive from justice, the attorney for the 3037 Commonwealth may, with notice to the juvenile's attorney of record, petition the court having 3038 jurisdiction of the offense to authorize public release of the juvenile's name, age, physical description 3039 and photograph, the charge for which he is sought or for which he was adjudicated and any other 3040 information which may expedite his apprehension. Upon a showing that the juvenile is a fugitive and for 3041 good cause, the court shall order release of this information to the public. If a juvenile charged with a 3042 delinquent act that would constitute a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, or held in custody by a 3043 law-enforcement officer, or held in a secure facility pursuant to such charge becomes a fugitive from 3044 justice at a time when the court is not in session, the attorney for the Commonwealth may, with notice 3045 to the juvenile's attorney of record, authorize the public release of the juvenile's name, age, physical 3046 description and photograph, the charge for which he is sought, and any other information which may 3047 expedite his apprehension.

3048 2. After final disposition, if a juvenile (i) found to have committed a delinquent act becomes a 3049 fugitive from justice or (ii) who has been committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to 3050 subdivision A 14 of § 16.1-278.8 or § 16.1-285.1 becomes a fugitive from justice by escaping from a 3051 facility operated by or under contract with the Department or from the custody of any employee of such 3052 facility, the Department may release to the public the juvenile's name, age, physical description and photograph, the charge for which he is sought or for which he was committed, and any other 3053 3054 information which may expedite his apprehension. The Department shall promptly notify the attorney for 3055 the Commonwealth of the jurisdiction in which the juvenile was tried whenever information is released 3056 pursuant to this subdivision. If a juvenile specified in clause (i) being held after disposition in a secure facility not operated by or under contract with the Department becomes a fugitive by such escape, the 3057 3058 attorney for the Commonwealth of the locality in which the facility is located may release the 3059 information as provided in this subdivision.

3060 C. Whenever a juvenile 14 years of age or older is charged with a delinquent act that would be a 3061 criminal violation of Article 2 (§ 18.2-38 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, a felony involving a 3062 weapon, a felony violation of Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et. seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2, a felony violation of Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, or an "act of violence" as defined 3063 3064 in subsection A of § 19.2-297.1 if committed by an adult, the judge may, where consideration of the 3065 public interest requires, make the juvenile's name and address available to the public.

3066 D. Upon the request of a victim of a delinquent act that would be a felony or that would be a misdemeanor violation of § 16.1-253.2, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-60.3, 18.2-60.4, 18.2-67.4, or 18.2-67.5 3067 3068 if committed by an adult, the court may order that such victim be informed of the charge or charges brought, the findings of the court, and the disposition of the case. For purposes of this section, "victim" 3069 shall be defined as in § 19.2-11.01. 3070

3071 E. Upon request, the judge or clerk may disclose if an order of emancipation of a juvenile pursuant

3072 to § 16.1-333 has been entered, provided (i) the order is not being appealed, (ii) the order has not been 3073 terminated, or (iii) there has not been a judicial determination that the order is void ab initio.

3074 F. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a copy of any court order that imposes a curfew or 3075 other restriction on a juvenile may be provided to the chief law-enforcement officer of the county or city 3076 wherein the juvenile resides. The chief law-enforcement officer shall only disclose information contained 3077 in the court order to other law-enforcement officers in the conduct of official duties.

3078 G. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where consideration of public safety requires, the 3079 Department and locally operated court service unit shall release information relating to a juvenile's 3080 criminal street gang involvement, if any, and the criminal street gang-related activity and membership of 3081 others, as criminal street gang is defined in § 18.2-46.1, obtained from an investigation or supervision of 3082 a juvenile and shall include the identity or identifying information of the juvenile; however, the 3083 Department and local court service unit shall not release the identifying information of a juvenile not 3084 affiliated with or involved in a criminal street gang unless that information relates to a specific criminal 3085 act. Such information shall be released to any State Police, local police department, sheriff's office, or 3086 law-enforcement task force that is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political 3087 subdivision thereof, and that is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the 3088 enforcement of the penal, traffic, or highway laws of the Commonwealth. The exchange of information 3089 shall be for the purpose of an investigation into criminal street gang activity.

3090 H. Notwithstanding any other provision of Article 12 (§ 16.1-299 et seq.), a clerk of the court shall 3091 report to the Bureau of Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the U.S. Department of Homeland 3092 Security a juvenile who has been detained in a secure facility but only upon an adjudication of 3093 delinquency or finding of guilt for a violent juvenile felony and when there is evidence that the juvenile 3094 is in the United States illegally. 3095

§ 17.1-275. Fees collected by clerks of circuit courts; generally.

3096 A. A clerk of a circuit court shall, for services performed by virtue of his office, charge the 3097 following fees: 3098

1. [Repealed.]

3099 2. For recording and indexing in the proper book any writing and all matters therewith, or for 3100 recording and indexing anything not otherwise provided for, \$18 for an instrument or document 3101 consisting of 10 or fewer pages or sheets; \$32 for an instrument or document consisting of 11 to 30 3102 pages or sheets; and \$52 for an instrument or document consisting of 31 or more pages or sheets. 3103 Whenever any writing to be recorded includes plat or map sheets no larger than eight and one-half 3104 inches by 14 inches, such plat or map sheets shall be counted as ordinary pages for the purpose of 3105 computing the recording fee due pursuant to this section. A fee of \$17 per page or sheet shall be 3106 charged with respect to plat or map sheets larger than eight and one-half inches by 14 inches. Only a single fee as authorized by this subdivision shall be charged for recording a certificate of satisfaction 3107 3108 that releases the original deed of trust and any corrected or revised deeds of trust. Three dollars and fifty 3109 cents of the fee collected for recording and indexing shall be designated for use in preserving the 3110 permanent records of the circuit courts. The sum collected for this purpose shall be administered by The Library of Virginia in cooperation with the circuit court clerks. 3111

3112 3. For appointing and qualifying any personal representative, committee, trustee, guardian, or other 3113 fiduciary, in addition to any fees for recording allowed by this section, \$20 for estates not exceeding 3114 \$50,000, \$25 for estates not exceeding \$100,000 and \$30 for estates exceeding \$100,000. No fee shall 3115 be charged for estates of \$5,000 or less.

3116 4. For entering and granting and for issuing any license, other than a marriage license or a hunting 3117 and fishing license, and administering an oath when necessary, \$10.

3118 5. For issuing a marriage license, attaching certificate, administering or receiving all necessary oaths 3119 or affidavits, indexing and recording, \$10. For recording an order to celebrate the rites of marriage 3120 pursuant to § 20-25, \$25 to be paid by the petitioner.

3121 6. For making out any bond, other than those under § 17.1-267 or subdivision A 4, administering all 3122 necessary oaths and writing proper affidavits, \$3.

3123 7. For all services rendered by the clerk in any garnishment or attachment proceeding, the clerk's fee 3124 shall be \$15 in cases not exceeding \$500 and \$25 in all other cases.

3125 8. For making out a copy of any paper, record, or electronic record to go out of the office, which is 3126 not otherwise specifically provided for herein, a fee of \$0.50 for each page or, if an electronic record, 3127 each image. From such fees, the clerk shall reimburse the locality the costs of making out the copies 3128 and pay the remaining fees directly to the Commonwealth. The funds to recoup the cost of making out 3129 the copies shall be deposited with the county or city treasurer or Director of Finance, and the governing 3130 body shall budget and appropriate such funds to be used to support the cost of copies pursuant to this subdivision. For purposes of this section, the costs of making out the copies authorized under this 3131 section shall include costs included in the lease and maintenance agreements for the equipment and the 3132

technology needed to operate electronic systems in the clerk's office used to make out the copies, but
shall not include salaries or related benefits. The costs of copies shall otherwise be determined in
accordance with § 2.2-3704. However, there shall be no charge to the recipient of a final order or decree
to send an attested copy to such party.

3137 9. For annexing the seal of the court to any paper, writing the certificate of the clerk accompanying3138 it, the clerk shall charge \$2 and for attaching the certificate of the judge, if the clerk is requested to do3139 so, the clerk shall charge an additional \$0.50.

10. In any case in which a person is convicted of a violation of any provision of Article 7
(§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title
18.2 or is subject to a disposition under § 18.2-251, the clerk shall assess a fee of \$150 for each felony
conviction and each felony disposition under § 18.2-251, which shall be taxed as costs to the defendant
and shall be paid into the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund as established in §
18.2-251.02.

11. In any case in which a person is convicted of a violation of any provision of Article 7
(§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title
18.2 or is subject to a disposition under § 18.2-251, the clerk shall assess a fee for each misdemeanor
conviction and each misdemeanor disposition under § 18.2-251, which shall be taxed as costs to the
defendant and shall be paid as provided in § 17.1-275.8 into the Drug Offender Assessment and
Treatment Fund as provided in § 17.1-275.8 established in § 18.2-251.02.

3152 12. Upon the defendant's being required to successfully complete traffic school, a mature driver
3153 motor vehicle crash prevention course, or a driver improvement clinic in lieu of a finding of guilty, the
3154 court shall charge the defendant fees and costs as if he had been convicted.

3155 13. In all civil actions that include one or more claims for the award of monetary damages the clerk's fee chargeable to the plaintiff shall be \$100 in cases seeking recovery not exceeding \$49,999; \$200 in 3156 3157 cases seeking recovery exceeding \$49,999, but not exceeding \$100,000; \$250 in cases seeking recovery exceeding \$100,000, but not exceeding \$500,000; and \$300 in cases seeking recovery exceeding 3158 3159 \$500,000. Ten dollars of each such fee shall be apportioned to the Courts Technology Fund established 3160 under § 17.1-132. A fee of \$25 shall be paid by the plaintiff at the time of instituting a condemnation 3161 case, in lieu of any other fees. There shall be no fee charged for the filing of a cross-claim or setoff in 3162 any pending action. However, the fees prescribed by this subdivision shall be charged upon the filing of 3163 a counterclaim or a claim impleading a third-party defendant. The fees prescribed above shall be 3164 collected upon the filing of papers for the commencement of civil actions. This subdivision shall not be applicable to cases filed in the Supreme Court of Virginia. 3165

3166 13a. For the filing of any petition seeking court approval of a settlement where no action has yet3167 been filed, the clerk's fee, chargeable to the petitioner, shall be \$50, to be paid by the petitioner at the3168 time of filing the petition.

3169 14. In addition to the fees chargeable for civil actions, for the costs of proceedings for judgments by confession under §§ 8.01-432 through 8.01-440, the clerk shall tax as costs (i) the cost of registered or certified mail; (ii) the statutory writ tax, in the amount required by law to be paid on a suit for the amount of the confessed judgment; (iii) for the sheriff for serving each copy of the order entering judgment, \$12; and (iv) for docketing the judgment and issuing executions thereon, the same fees as prescribed in subdivision A 17.

3175 15. For qualifying notaries public, including the making out of the bond and any copies thereof,3176 administering the necessary oaths, and entering the order, \$10.

3177 16. For each habeas corpus proceeding, the clerk shall receive \$10 for all services required3178 thereunder. This subdivision shall not be applicable to such suits filed in the Supreme Court of Virginia.

3179 17. For docketing and indexing a judgment from any other court of the Commonwealth, for
3180 docketing and indexing a judgment in the new name of a judgment debtor pursuant to the provisions of
3181 § 8.01-451, but not when incident to a divorce, for noting and filing the assignment of a judgment
3182 pursuant to § 8.01-452, a fee of \$5; and for issuing an abstract of any recorded judgment, when proper
3183 to do so, a fee of \$5; and for filing, docketing, indexing and mailing notice of a foreign judgment, a fee
3184 of \$20.

3185 18. For all services rendered by the clerk in any court proceeding for which no specific fee is provided by law, the clerk shall charge \$10, to be paid by the party filing said papers at the time of filing; however, this subdivision shall not be applicable in a divorce cause prior to and including the entry of a decree of divorce from the bond of matrimony.

3189 19, 20. [Repealed.]

3190 21. For making the endorsements on a forthcoming bond and recording the matters relating to such bond pursuant to the provisions of § 8.01-529, \$1.

3192 22. For all services rendered by the clerk in any proceeding pursuant to § 57-8 or 57-15, \$10.

3193 23. For preparation and issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, \$5.

3194 24. For all services rendered by the clerk in matters under § 8.01-217 relating to change of name,

3195 \$20; however, this subdivision shall not be applicable in cases where the change of name is incident to 3196 a divorce. 3197

25. For providing court records or documents on microfilm, per frame, \$0.50.

3198 26. In all divorce and separate maintenance proceedings, and all civil actions that do not include one 3199 or more claims for the award of monetary damages, the clerk's fee chargeable to the plaintiff shall be 3200 \$60, \$10 of which shall be apportioned to the Courts Technology Fund established under § 17.1-132 to 3201 be paid by the plaintiff at the time of instituting the suit, which shall include the furnishing of a duly 3202 certified copy of the final decree. The fees prescribed by this subdivision shall be charged upon the 3203 filing of a counterclaim or a claim impleading a third-party defendant. However, no fee shall be charged 3204 for (i) the filing of a cross-claim or setoff in any pending suit or (ii) the filing of a counterclaim or any 3205 other responsive pleading in any annulment, divorce, or separate maintenance proceeding. In divorce 3206 cases, when there is a merger of a divorce of separation a mensa et thoro into a decree of divorce a 3207 vinculo, the above mentioned fee shall include the furnishing of a duly certified copy of both such 3208 decrees.

3209 27. For the acceptance of credit or debit cards in lieu of money to collect and secure all fees, 3210 including filing fees, fines, restitution, forfeiture, penalties and costs, the clerk shall collect from the 3211 person presenting such credit or debit card a reasonable convenience fee for the processing of such 3212 credit or debit card. Such convenience fee shall not exceed four percent of the amount paid for the 3213 transaction or a flat fee of \$2 per transaction. The clerk may set a lower convenience fee for electronic 3214 filing of civil or criminal proceedings pursuant to § 17.1-258.3. Nothing herein shall be construed to 3215 prohibit the clerk from outsourcing the processing of credit and debit card transactions to a third-party 3216 private vendor engaged by the clerk. Convenience fees shall be used to cover operational expenses as 3217 defined in § 17.1-295.

3218 28. For the return of any check unpaid by the financial institution on which it was drawn or notice is 3219 received from the credit or debit card issuer that payment will not be made for any reason, the clerk 3220 may collect a fee of \$50 or 10 percent of the amount of the payment, whichever is greater.

3221 29. For all services rendered, except in cases in which costs are assessed pursuant to § 17.1-275.1, 3222 17.1-275.2, 17.1-275.3, or 17.1-275.4, in an adoption proceeding, a fee of \$20, in addition to the fee 3223 imposed under § 63.2-1246, to be paid by the petitioner or petitioners. For each petition for adoption 3224 filed pursuant to § 63.2-1201, except those filed pursuant to subdivisions 5 and 6 of § 63.2-1210, an 3225 additional \$50 filing fee as required under § 63.2-1201 shall be deposited in the Virginia Birth Father 3226 Registry Fund pursuant to § 63.2-1249.

3227 30. For issuing a duplicate license for one lost or destroyed as provided in § 29.1-334, a fee in the 3228 same amount as the fee for the original license.

3229 31. For the filing of any petition as provided in §§ 33.2-1023, 33.2-1024, and 33.2-1027, a fee of \$5 3230 to be paid by the petitioner; and for the recordation of a certificate or copy thereof, as provided for in § 3231 33.2-1021, as well as for any order of the court relating thereto, the clerk shall charge the same fee as 3232 for recording a deed as provided for in this section, to be paid by the party upon whose request such 3233 certificate is recorded or order is entered.

3234 32. For making up, certifying and transmitting original record pursuant to the Rules of the Supreme 3235 Court, including all papers necessary to be copied and other services rendered, except in cases in which 3236 costs are assessed pursuant to § 17.1-275.1, 17.1-275.2, 17.1-275.3, 17.1-275.4, 17.1-275.7, 17.1-275.8, 3237 or 17.1-275.9, a fee of \$20.

33. [Repealed.]

3239 34. For filings, etc., under the Uniform Federal Lien Registration Act (§ 55.1-653 et seq.), the fees 3240 shall be as prescribed in that Act.

3241 35. For filing the appointment of a resident agent for a nonresident property owner in accordance 3242 with § 55.1-1211 or 55.1-1401, a fee of \$10.

3243 36. [Repealed.]

3238

3244 37. For recordation of certificate and registration of names of nonresident owners in accordance with 3245 § 59.1-74, a fee of \$10.

3246 38. For maintaining the information required under the Overhead High Voltage Line Safety Act 3247 (§ 59.1-406 et seq.), the fee as prescribed in § 59.1-411.

3248 39. For lodging, indexing and preserving a will in accordance with § 64.2-409, a fee of \$5.

3249 40. For filing a financing statement in accordance with § 8.9A-505, the fee shall be as prescribed 3250 under § 8.9A-525.

3251 41. For filing a termination statement in accordance with § 8.9A-513, the fee shall be as prescribed 3252 under § 8.9A-525.

3253 42. For filing assignment of security interest in accordance with § 8.9A-514, the fee shall be as 3254 prescribed under § 8.9A-525.

3255 43. For filing a petition as provided in §§ 64.2-2001 and 64.2-2013, the fee shall be \$10. HB1815

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3256 44. For issuing any execution, and recording the return thereof, a fee of \$1.50.

3257 45. For the preparation and issuance of a summons for interrogation by an execution creditor, a fee 3258 of \$5. If there is no outstanding execution, and one is requested herewith, the clerk shall be allowed an 3259 additional fee of \$1.50, in accordance with subdivision A 44.

3260 B. In accordance with § 17.1-281, the clerk shall collect fees under subdivisions A 7, A 13, A 16, A 3261 18 if applicable, A 20, A 22, A 24, A 26, A 29, and A 31 to be designated for courthouse construction, 3262 renovation or maintenance.

3263 C. In accordance with § 17.1-278, the clerk shall collect fees under subdivisions A 7, A 13, A 16, A 3264 18 if applicable, A 20, A 22, A 24, A 26, A 29, and A 31 to be designated for services provided for the poor, without charge, by a nonprofit legal aid program. 3265

3266 D. In accordance with § 42.1-70, the clerk shall collect fees under subdivisions A 7, A 13, A 16, A 18 if applicable, A 20, A 22, A 24, A 26, A 29, and A 31 to be designated for public law libraries. 3267

3268 E. All fees collected pursuant to subdivision A 27 and § 17.1-276 shall be deposited by the clerk into a special revenue fund held by the clerk, which will restrict the funds to their statutory purpose. 3269

3270 F. The provisions of this section shall control the fees charged by clerks of circuit courts for the 3271 services above described. 3272

§ 17.1-275.8. Fixed drug misdemeanor fee.

In circuit court, upon conviction of any and each misdemeanor charge, whether or not originally 3273 3274 charged as a felony, for a violation of any provision of Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, or upon a deferred disposition of 3275 3276 proceedings in the case of any and each misdemeanor charge, whether or not originally charged as a felony, deferred pursuant to the terms and conditions of § 18.2-251, there shall be assessed as court 3277 3278 costs a fee of \$296.50, to be known as the fixed drug misdemeanor fee. This fee shall be in addition to 3279 any fee assessed in the district court.

3280 The amount collected, in whole or in part, for the fixed drug misdemeanor fee shall be apportioned, 3281 as provided by law, to the following funds in the fractional amounts designated:

3282 1. Sentencing/supervision fee (General Fund) (.1264755);

- 3283 2. Court Reporter Fund (.0168634);
- 3284 3. Witness expenses/expert witness fee (General Fund) (.0067454);
- 3285 4. Virginia Crime Victim-Witness Fund (.0101180):
- 3286 5. Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction Fund (.0134907);
- 3287 6. Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund (.0674536);
- 3288 7. Commonwealth's Attorney Fund (state share) (.0252951);
- 3289 8. Commonwealth's Attorney Fund (local share) (.0252951);
- 9. Regional Criminal Justice Academy Training Fund (.0033727); 3290
- 3291 10. Warrant fee, as prescribed by § 17.1-272 (.0404722);
- 3292 11. Courthouse Construction/Maintenance Fund (.0067454);
- 3293 12. Clerk of the circuit court (.0674536);
- 3294 13. Forensic laboratory fee (General Fund) (.3372681); and
- 3295 14. Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund (.2529511).

§ 17.1-805. Adoption of initial discretionary sentencing guideline midpoints. 3296

3297 A. The Commission shall adopt an initial set of discretionary felony sentencing guidelines which 3298 shall become effective on January 1, 1995. The initial recommended sentencing range for each felony 3299 offense shall be determined first, by computing the actual time-served distribution for similarly situated 3300 offenders, in terms of their conviction offense and prior criminal history, released from incarceration during the base period of calendar years 1988 through 1992, increased by 13.4 percent, and second, by 3301 eliminating from this range the upper and lower quartiles. The midpoint of each initial recommended 3302 sentencing range shall be the median time served for the middle two quartiles and subject to the 3303 3304 following additional enhancements:

3305 1. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for first degree murder, second degree 3306 murder, rape in violation of § 18.2-61, forcible sodomy, object sexual penetration, and aggravated sexual 3307 battery shall be further increased by (i) 125 percent in cases in which the defendant has no previous 3308 conviction of a violent felony offense; (ii) 300 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously 3309 been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of less than 40 years; 3310 or (iii) 500 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of 40 years or more, except that the recommended 3311 3312 sentence for a defendant convicted of first degree murder who has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more shall be 3313 3314 imprisonment for life;

2. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for voluntary manslaughter, robbery, 3315 3316 aggravated malicious wounding, malicious wounding, and any burglary of a dwelling house or statutory 3317 burglary of a dwelling house or any burglary committed while armed with a deadly weapon or any 3318 statutory burglary committed while armed with a deadly weapon shall be further increased by (i) 100 percent in cases in which the defendant has no previous conviction of a violent felony offense, (ii) 300 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of less than 40 years, or (iii) 500 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum term of 40 years or more;

3324 3. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for manufacturing, selling, giving, or 3325 distributing, or possessing with the intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute a Schedule I or II 3326 controlled substance, shall be increased by (i) 200 percent in cases in which the defendant has 3327 previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of less than 3328 40 years or (ii) 400 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent 3329 felony offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more; and

4. The midpoint of the initial recommended sentencing range for felony offenses not specified in subdivision 1, 2, or 3 shall be increased by 100 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of less than 40 years and by 300 percent in cases in which the defendant has previously been convicted of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum felony offense punishable by a maximum punishment of a violent felony offense punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of 40 years or more.

B. For purposes of this chapter, previous convictions shall include prior adult convictions and adjudications of delinquency based on an offense which would have been at the time of conviction a felony if committed by an adult under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

3339 C. For purposes of this chapter, violent felony offenses shall include any felony violation of § 3340 3.2-4174, 16.1-253.2; solicitation to commit murder under § 18.2-29; any violation of § 18.2-31, 3341 18.2-32, 18.2-32.1, 18.2-32.2, 18.2-33, or 18.2-35; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-36.1; any violation of § 18.2-40 or 18.2-41; any violation of clause (c) (i) or (ii) of subsection B of § 18.2-46.3; 3342 any violation of § 18.2-46.5, 18.2-46.6, or 18.2-46.7; any Class 5 felony violation of § 18.2-47; any 3343 3344 felony violation of § 18.2-48, 18.2-48.1, or 18.2-49; any violation of § 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-51.2, 3345 18.2-51.3, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-51.6, 18.2-52, 18.2-52.1, 18.2-53, 18.2-53.1, 18.2-54.1, 18.2-54.2, or 18.2-55; 3346 any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-57; any felony violation of § 18.2-57.2; any violation of 3347 § 18.2-58 or 18.2-58.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-60.1, 18.2-60.3, or 18.2-60.4; any violation of 3348 § 18.2-61, 18.2-64.1, 18.2-67.1, 18.2-67.2, former § 18.2-67.2:1, 18.2-67.3, 18.2-67.5, or 18.2-67.5:1 3349 involving a third conviction of either sexual battery in violation of § 18.2-67.4 or attempted sexual 3350 battery in violation of subsection C of § 18.2-67.5; any Class 4 felony violation of § 18.2-63; any 3351 violation of subsection A of § 18.2-67.4:1; any violation of subsection A of § 18.2-77; any Class 3 3352 felony violation of § 18.2-79; any Class 3 felony violation of § 18.2-80; any violation of § 18.2-85, 3353 18.2-89, 18.2-90, 18.2-91, 18.2-92, or 18.2-93; any felony violation of § 18.2-152.7; any Class 4 felony violation of § 18.2-153; any Class 4 felony violation of § 18.2-154; any Class 4 felony violation of § 3354 18.2-155; any felony violation of § 18.2-162; any violation of § 18.2-279 involving an occupied 3355 3356 dwelling; any felony violation of subsection A or B of § 18.2-280; any violation of § 18.2-281; any 3357 felony violation of subsection A of § 18.2-282; any felony violation of § 18.2-282.1; any violation of § 3358 18.2-286.1, 18.2-287.2, 18.2-289, or 18.2-290; any violation of subsection A of § 18.2-300; any felony violation of subsection C of § 18.2-308.1 or § 18.2-308.2; any violation of § 18.2-308.2:1 or subsection 3359 3360 M or N of § 18.2-308.2:2; any violation of § 18.2-308.3 or 18.2-312; any felony violation of 3361 § 18.2-346, 18.2-348, or 18.2-349; any violation of § 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 18.2-357.1; any 3362 violation of former § 18.2-358; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-361; any violation of subsection 3363 B of § 18.2-366; any violation of § 18.2-368, 18.2-370, or 18.2-370.1; any violation of subsection A of 3364 § 18.2-371.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-369 resulting in serious bodily injury or disease; any 3365 violation of § 18.2-374.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-374.1:1; any violation of § 18.2-374.3 or 18.2-374.4; any second or subsequent offense under §§ 18.2-379 and 18.2-381; any felony violation of 3366 18.2-405 or 18.2-406; any violation of § 18.2-408, 18.2-413, 18.2-414, 18.2-423, 18.2-423.01, 3367 3368 18.2-423.1, 18.2-423.2, or 18.2-433.2; any felony violation of § 18.2-460, 18.2-474.1, or 18.2-477.1; any violation of § 18.2-477, 18.2-478, 18.2-480, 18.2-481, or 18.2-485; any violation of § 37.2-917; any 3369 3370 violation of § 52-48; any violation of § 53.1-203; any conspiracy or attempt to commit any offense 3371 specified in this subsection, or any substantially similar offense under the laws of any state, the District 3372 of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

3373 § 18.2-46.1. Definitions.

As used in this article unless the context requires otherwise or it is otherwise provided:

3375 "Act of violence" means those felony offenses described in subsection A of § 19.2-297.1.

3376 "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more
3377 persons, whether formal or informal, (i) which has as one of its primary objectives or activities the
3378 commission of one or more criminal activities; (ii) which has an identifiable name or identifying sign or

3379 symbol; and (iii) whose members individually or collectively have engaged in the commission of,
3380 attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, or solicitation of two or more predicate criminal acts, at least
3381 one of which is an act of violence, provided such acts were not part of a common act or transaction.

3382 "Predicate criminal act" means (i) an act of violence; (ii) any violation of § 3.2-4168, 3.2-4172, 3.2-4173, 3.2-4175, 18.2-31, 18.2-42, 18.2-46.3, 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-51.2, 18.2-51.3, 18.2-51.6, 3383 3384 18.2-52, 18.2-52.1, 18.2-53, 18.2-53.1, 18.2-55, 18.2-56.1, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-59, 18.2-83, 18.2-89, 3385 18.2-90, 18.2-95, 18.2-108.1, 18.2-121, 18.2-127, 18.2-128, 18.2-137, 18.2-138, 18.2-146, 18.2-147, 3386 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-279, 18.2-282.1, 18.2-286.1, 18.2-287.4, 18.2-289, 18.2-300, 18.2-308.1, 18.2-308.2, 18.2-308.2:01, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 3387 18.2-357.1; (iii) a felony violation of § 18.2-60.3, 18.2-346, 18.2-348, or 18.2-349; (iv) a felony violation of § 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4170, or 18.2-248 or of 18.2-248.1 or a conspiracy to 3388 3389 commit a felony violation of § 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4170, or 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1; (v) any violation of a local ordinance adopted pursuant to § 15.2-1812.2; or (vi) any substantially similar 3390 3391 3392 offense under the laws of another state or territory of the United States, the District of Columbia, or the 3393 United States.

§ 18.2-247. Use of terms "controlled substances," "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V and VI,"
"imitation controlled substance" and "counterfeit controlled substance" in Title 18.2.

A. Wherever the terms "controlled substances" and "Schedules I, II, III, IV, V and VI" are used in
Title 18.2, such terms refer to those terms as they are used or defined in the Drug Control Act (§
54.1-3400 et seq.).

B. The term "imitation controlled substance" when used in this article means (i) a counterfeit
controlled substance or (ii) a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any form whatsoever which is not a
controlled substance subject to abuse, and:

3402 1. Which by overall dosage unit appearance, including color, shape, size, marking and packaging or
3403 by representations made, would cause the likelihood that such a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any
3404 other form whatsoever will be mistaken for a controlled substance unless such substance was introduced
3405 into commerce prior to the initial introduction into commerce of the controlled substance which it is
3406 alleged to imitate; or

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C. In determining whether a pill, capsule, tablet, or substance in any other form whatsoever, is an imitation controlled substance," there shall be considered, in addition to all other relevant factors, comparisons with accepted methods of marketing for legitimate nonprescription drugs for medicinal purposes rather than for drug abuse or any similar nonmedicinal use, including consideration of the packaging of the drug and its appearance in overall finished dosage form, promotional materials or representations, oral or written, concerning the drug, and the methods of distribution of the drug and where and how it is sold to the public.

3418 D. The term "marijuana" when used in this article means any part of a plant of the genus Cannabis, 3419 whether growing or not, its seeds or resin; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, 3420 or preparation of such plant, its seeds, its resin, or any extract containing one or more cannabinoids. 3421 Marijuana does not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalk, oil or cake 3422 made from the seed of such plant, unless such stalks, fiber, oil or cake is combined with other parts of 3423 plants of the genus Cannabis. Marijuana does not include (i) industrial hemp, as defined in §- 3.2-4112, 3424 that is possessed by a person registered pursuant to subsection A of § 3.2-4115 or his agent or (ii) a hemp product, as defined in § 3.2 4112, containing a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no greater 3425 than 0.3 percent that is derived from industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt, or 3426 3427 processed in compliance with state or federal law.

3428 E. The term *For purposes of this section*, "counterfeit controlled substance" means a controlled
3429 substance that, without authorization, bears, is packaged in a container or wrapper that bears, or is
3430 otherwise labeled to bear, the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint or device or any
3431 likeness thereof, of a drug manufacturer, processor, packer, or distributor other than the manufacturer,
3432 processor, packer, or distributor who did in fact so manufacture, process, pack or distribute such drug.

F. The Department of Forensic Science shall determine the proper methods for detecting the concentration of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) in substances for the purposes of this title and \$435
\$\frac{8}{54.1-3401}\$ and \$54.1-3446\$. The testing methodology shall use post-decarboxylation testing or other equivalent method and shall consider the potential conversion of delta-9-tetrahydrocannibinol acid (THC-A) into THC. The test result shall include the total available THC derived from the sum of the THC and THC-A content.

3439 § 18.2-248. Manufacturing, selling, giving, distributing, or possessing with intent to 3440 manufacture, sell, give, or distribute a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance

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3441 prohibited; penalties.

3442 A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it shall be is unlawful for any 3443 person to manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with intent to manufacture, sell, give or distribute 3444 a controlled substance or an imitation controlled substance.

3445 B. In determining whether any person intends to manufacture, sell, give or distribute an imitation 3446 controlled substance, the court may consider, in addition to all other relevant evidence, whether any 3447 distribution or attempted distribution of such pill, capsule, tablet or substance in any other form 3448 whatsoever included an exchange of or a demand for money or other property as consideration, and, if 3449 so, whether the amount of such consideration was substantially greater than the reasonable value of such pill, capsule, tablet or substance in any other form whatsoever, considering the actual chemical 3450 3451 composition of such pill, capsule, tablet or substance in any other form whatsoever and, where 3452 applicable, the price at which over-the-counter substances of like chemical composition sell.

C. Except as provided in subsection C1, any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II shall upon conviction be imprisoned for not less than 3453 3454 3455 five nor more than 40 years and fined not more than \$500,000. Upon a second conviction of such a 3456 violation, and it is alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information that the person has been before 3457 convicted of such an offense or of a substantially similar offense in any other jurisdiction, which offense 3458 would be a felony if committed in the Commonwealth, and such prior conviction occurred before the 3459 date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, any such person may, in the discretion of the court or jury imposing the sentence, be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for any 3460 3461 period not less than five years, three years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 3462 imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence, and he shall be fined not more than 3463 \$500,000.

3464 When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent offense under this subsection and it is alleged in 3465 the warrant, indictment, or information that he has been before convicted of two or more such offenses 3466 or of substantially similar offenses in any other jurisdiction which offenses would be felonies if 3467 committed in the Commonwealth and such prior convictions occurred before the date of the offense 3468 alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for a 3469 period of not less than 10 years, 10 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of 3470 imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence, and he shall be fined not more than 3471 \$500,000.

3472 Any person who manufactures, sells, gives, distributes or possesses with the intent to manufacture, 3473 sell, give, or distribute the following is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 3474 million and imprisonment for five years to life, five years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term 3475 of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence:

3476 1. 100 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

3477 2. 500 grams or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

3478 a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and 3479 derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed; 3480

b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

3481 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

3482 d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation that contains any quantity of any of the substances 3483 referred to in subdivisions 2a through 2c;

3484 3. 250 grams or more of a mixture or substance described in subdivisions 2a through 2d that contain 3485 cocaine base; or

3486 4. 10 grams or more of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or 20 grams or 3487 more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, 3488 or salts of its isomers.

3489 The mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be imposed for a violation of this subsection shall 3490 not be applicable if the court finds that:

3491 a. The person does not have a prior conviction for an offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805;

3492 b. The person did not use violence or credible threats of violence or possess a firearm or other 3493 dangerous weapon in connection with the offense or induce another participant in the offense to do so;

3494 c. The offense did not result in death or serious bodily injury to any person;

3495 d. The person was not an organizer, leader, manager, or supervisor of others in the offense, and was 3496 not engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise as defined in subsection I; and

3497 e. Not later than the time of the sentencing hearing, the person has truthfully provided to the 3498 Commonwealth all information and evidence the person has concerning the offense or offenses that were 3499 part of the same course of conduct or of a common scheme or plan, but the fact that the person has no relevant or useful other information to provide or that the Commonwealth already is aware of the 3500 information shall not preclude a determination by the court that the defendant has complied with this 3501

3502 requirement.

3503 C1. Any person who violates this section with respect to the manufacturing of methamphetamine, its 3504 salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or less than 200 grams of a mixture or substance containing a 3505 detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned for not less than 10 nor more than 40 years and fined not more than \$500,000. Upon a 3506 3507 second conviction of such a violation, any such person may, in the discretion of the court or jury 3508 imposing the sentence, be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for any period not less than 10 years, 3509 and be fined not more than \$500,000. When a person is convicted of a third or subsequent offense 3510 under this subsection and it is alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information that he has been 3511 previously convicted of two or more such offenses or of substantially similar offenses in any other 3512 jurisdiction, which offenses would be felonies if committed in the Commonwealth and such prior 3513 convictions occurred before the date of the offense alleged in the warrant, indictment, or information, he 3514 shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life or for a period not less than 10 years, three years of which 3515 shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment to be served consecutively with any other sentence 3516 and he shall be fined not more than \$500,000.

3517 Upon conviction, in addition to any other punishment, a person found guilty of this offense shall be 3518 ordered by the court to make restitution, as the court deems appropriate, to any innocent property owner 3519 whose property is damaged, destroyed, or otherwise rendered unusable as a result of such 3520 methamphetamine production. This restitution shall include the person's or his estate's estimated or actual 3521 expenses associated with cleanup, removal, or repair of the affected property. If the property that is 3522 damaged, destroyed, or otherwise rendered unusable as a result of such methamphetamine production is 3523 property owned in whole or in part by the person convicted, the court shall order the person to pay to the Methamphetamine Cleanup Fund authorized in § 18.2-248.04 the reasonable estimated or actual expenses associated with cleanup, removal, or repair of the affected property or, if actual or estimated 3524 3525 3526 expenses cannot be determined, the sum of \$10,000. The convicted person shall also pay the cost of 3527 certifying that any building that is cleaned up or repaired pursuant to this section is safe for human 3528 occupancy according to the guidelines established pursuant to § 32.1-11.7.

D. If such person proves that he gave, distributed or possessed with intent to give or distribute a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II only as an accommodation to another individual who is not an inmate in a community correctional facility, local correctional facility or state correctional facility as defined in § 53.1-1 or in the custody of an employee thereof, and not with intent to profit thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of the controlled substance to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance, he shall be *is* guilty of a Class 5 felony.

3536 E. If the violation of the provisions of this article consists of the filling by a pharmacist of the 3537 prescription of a person authorized under this article to issue the same, which prescription has not been 3538 received in writing by the pharmacist prior to the filling thereof, and such written prescription is in fact 3539 received by the pharmacist within one week of the time of filling the same, or if such violation consists 3540 of a request by such authorized person for the filling by a pharmacist of a prescription which has not 3541 been received in writing by the pharmacist and such prescription is, in fact, written at the time of such 3542 request and delivered to the pharmacist within one week thereof, either such offense shall constitute a 3543 Class 4 misdemeanor.

3544 E1. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule
3545 III except for an anabolic steroid classified in Schedule III, constituting a violation of § 18.2-248.5, shall
3546 be is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

E2. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule IV shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

E3. Any person who proves that he gave, distributed or possessed with the intent to give or distribute 3549 3550 a controlled substance classified in Schedule III or IV, except for an anabolic steroid classified in 3551 Schedule III, constituting a violation of § 18.2-248.5, only as an accommodation to another individual 3552 who is not an inmate in a community correctional facility, local correctional facility or state correctional 3553 facility as defined in § 53.1-1 or in the custody of an employee thereof, and not with the intent to profit 3554 thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of 3555 the controlled substance to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance, is 3556 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

F. Any person who violates this section with respect to a controlled substance classified in Schedule
V or Schedule VI or an imitation controlled substance which that imitates a controlled substance
classified in Schedule V or Schedule VI, shall be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

3560 G. Any person who violates this section with respect to an imitation controlled substance which that
imitates a controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV shall be is guilty of a Class 6
imitates a controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV shall be is guilty of a Class 6
is subsection that the defendant believed the imitation controlled substance to actually be a controlled

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3564 substance.

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3565 H. Any person who manufactures, sells, gives, distributes, or possesses with the intent to 3566 manufacture, sell, give, or distribute the following:

3567 1. 1.0 kilograms kilogram or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

3569 2. 5.0 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

- b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;
- 3573 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which *that* contains any quantity of any of the substances referred to in subdivisions a through c;

3576 3. 2.5 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance described in subdivision 2 which that contains cocaine base; *or*

4. 100 kilograms or more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana; or

3579 5. 100 grams or more of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or 200 grams or 3580 more of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, 3581 or salts of its isomers shall be is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and 3582 imprisonment for 20 years to life, 20 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum sentence. Such 3583 mandatory minimum sentence shall not be applicable if the court finds that (i) the person does not have 3584 a prior conviction for an offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805; (ii) the person did not use 3585 violence or credible threats of violence or possess a firearm or other dangerous weapon in connection 3586 with the offense or induce another participant in the offense to do so; (iii) the offense did not result in 3587 death or serious bodily injury to any person; (iv) the person was not an organizer, leader, manager, or 3588 supervisor of others in the offense, and was not engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise as defined 3589 in subsection I of this section; and (v) not later than the time of the sentencing hearing, the person has 3590 truthfully provided to the Commonwealth all information and evidence the person has concerning the 3591 offense or offenses that were part of the same course of conduct or of a common scheme or plan, but 3592 the fact that the person has no relevant or useful other information to provide or that the Commonwealth 3593 already is aware of the information shall not preclude a determination by the court that the defendant 3594 has complied with this requirement.

H1. Any person who was the principal or one of several principal administrators, organizers, or leaders of a continuing criminal enterprise shall be *is* guilty of a felony if (i) the enterprise received at least \$100,000 but less than \$250,000 in gross receipts during any 12-month period of its existence from the manufacture, importation, or distribution of heroin or cocaine or ecgonine or methamphetamine or the derivatives, salts, isomers, or salts of isomers thereof or marijuana for (ii) the person engaged in the enterprise to manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with the intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute the following during any 12-month period of its existence:

- 3602 1. At least 1.0 kilograms kilogram but less than 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a
 3603 detectable amount of heroin;
- 3604 2. At least 5.0 kilograms but less than 10 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable3605 amount of:

a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

- **3608** b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;
- 3609 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which that contains any quantity of any of the substances
 referred to in subdivisions a through c;

3612 3. At least 2.5 kilograms but less than 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance described in 3613 subdivision 2 which that contains cocaine base; or

3614 4. At least 100 kilograms but less than 250 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a
 3615 detectable amount of marijuana; or

- 3616 5. At least 100 grams but less than 250 grams of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its
 3617 isomers or at least 200 grams but less than 1.0 kilograms kilogram of a mixture or substance containing
 3618 a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers.
- 3619 A conviction under this section shall be *is* punishable by a fine of not more than \$1 million and 3620 imprisonment for 20 years to life, 20 years of which shall be a mandatory minimum sentence.

3621 H2. Any person who was the principal or one of several principal administrators, organizers, or
3622 leaders of a continuing criminal enterprise if (i) the enterprise received \$250,000 or more in gross
3623 receipts during any 12-month period of its existence from the manufacture, importation, or distribution of heroin or cocaine or ecgonine or methamphetamine or the derivatives, salts, isomers, or salts of

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isomers thereof or marijuana or (ii) the person engaged in the enterprise to manufacture, sell, give, distribute, or possess with the intent to manufacture, sell, give, or distribute the following during any
12-month period of its existence:

3628 1. At least 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin;

3629 2. At least 10 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of:

a. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives of ecgonine or their salts have been removed;

3632 b. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of isomers;

3633 c. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers; or

d. Any compound, mixture, or preparation which that contains any quantity of any of the substances
 referred to in subdivisions a through c;

3636 3. At least 5.0 kilograms of a mixture or substance described in subdivision 2 which that contains cocaine base; or

4. At least 250 kilograms of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of marijuana; or

3639 5. At least 250 grams of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers or at least 1.0
3640 kilograms kilogram of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers shall be is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than
3641 salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers shall be is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not more than
3643 \$1 million and imprisonment for life, which shall be served with no suspension in whole or in part.
3644 Such punishment shall be made to run consecutively with any other sentence. However, the court may
3645 cooperated with law-enforcement authorities.

3646 I. For purposes of this section, a person is engaged in a continuing criminal enterprise if (i) he 3647 violates any provision of this section, the punishment for which is a felony and either (ii) such violation 3648 is a part of a continuing series of violations of this section which are undertaken by such person in 3649 concert with five or more other persons with respect to whom such person occupies a position of 3650 organizer, a supervisory position, or any other position of management, and from which such person 3651 obtains substantial income or resources or (iii) such violation is committed, with respect to 3652 methamphetamine or other controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II_7 for the benefit of, at the 3653 direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1.

J. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), any person who possesses any 3654 3655 two or more different substances listed below with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine, 3656 methcathinone, or amphetamine is guilty of a Class 6 felony: liquefied ammonia gas, ammonium nitrate, ether, hypophosphorus acid solutions, hypophosphite salts, hydrochloric acid, iodine crystals or tincture 3657 3658 of iodine, phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, red phosphorus, methylamine, methyl formamide, lithium, 3659 sodium metal, sulfuric acid, sodium hydroxide, potassium dichromate, sodium dichromate, potassium 3660 permanganate, chromium trioxide, methylbenzene, methamphetamine precursor drugs, trichloroethane, or 3661 2-propanone.

3662 K. The term "methamphetamine precursor drug," when used in this article, means a drug or product3663 containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine or any of their salts, optical isomers, or3664 salts of optical isomers.

§ 18.2-248.01. Transporting controlled substances into the Commonwealth; penalty.

3666 Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.), it is unlawful for any person to 3667 transport into the Commonwealth by any means with intent to sell or distribute one ounce or more of 3668 cocaine, coca leaves or any salt, compound, derivative or preparation thereof as described in Schedule II 3669 of the Drug Control Act or one ounce or more of any other Schedule I or II controlled substance or five 3670 or more pounds of marijuana. A violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct felony. Upon conviction, the person shall be sentenced to not less than five years nor more than 40 years 3671 3672 imprisonment, three years of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, and a fine not 3673 to exceed $\frac{1,000,000}{1}$ *million*. A second or subsequent conviction hereunder shall be punishable by a 3674 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years, which shall be served consecutively with any 3675 other sentence.

3676 § 18.2-251. Persons charged with first offense may be placed on probation; conditions;
3677 substance abuse screening, assessment treatment and education programs or services; drug tests;
3678 costs and fees; violations; discharge.

3679 Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any criminal offense under this 3680 article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for 3681 3682 violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in this section, or pleads guilty to or enters a plea of 3683 not guilty to possession of a controlled substance under § 18.2-250, the court, upon such plea if the facts 3684 found by the court would justify a finding of guilt, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the 3685 consent of the accused, may defer further proceedings and place him on probation upon terms and 3686 conditions. If the court defers further proceedings, at that time the court shall determine whether the

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3687 clerk of court has been provided with the fingerprint identification information or fingerprints of the 3688 person, taken by a law-enforcement officer pursuant to § 19.2-390, and, if not, shall order that the 3689 fingerprints and photograph of the person be taken by a law-enforcement officer.

3690 As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to undergo a substance abuse assessment 3691 pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 or 19.2-299.2, as appropriate, and enter treatment and/or or an education 3692 program or services, or any combination thereof, if available, such as, in the opinion of the court, may 3693 be best suited to the needs of the accused based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. 3694 The program or services may be located in the judicial district in which the charge is brought or in any 3695 other judicial district as the court may provide. The services shall be provided by (i) a program licensed 3696 by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, or by a similar program which 3697 that is made available through the Department of Corrections, (ii) a local community-based probation 3698 services agency established pursuant to § 9.1-174, or (iii) an ASAP program certified by the 3699 Commission on VASAP.

3700 The court shall require the person entering such program under the provisions of this section to pay 3701 all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the screening, assessment, testing, and 3702 treatment, based upon the accused's ability to pay unless the person is determined by the court to be 3703 indigent.

3704 As a condition of probation, the court shall require the accused (a) to successfully complete treatment 3705 or education program or services, (b) to remain drug and alcohol free during the period of probation and 3706 submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate to determine if the accused 3707 is drug and alcohol free, (c) to make reasonable efforts to secure and maintain employment, and (d) to 3708 comply with a plan of at least 100 hours of community service for a felony and up to 24 hours of 3709 community service for a misdemeanor. Such testing shall be conducted by personnel of the supervising 3710 probation agency or personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency.

3711 Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as 3712 otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, and upon determining that the clerk of 3713 court has been provided with the fingerprint identification information or fingerprints of such person, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against him. Discharge and dismissal under 3714 3715 this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and is a conviction only for the purposes of applying 3716 this section in subsequent proceedings.

3717 Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, whenever a court places an individual on 3718 probation upon terms and conditions pursuant to this section, such action shall be treated as a conviction 3719 for purposes of § 22.1-315. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be applicable to any offense for 3720 which a juvenile has had his license suspended or denied pursuant to § 16.1-278.9 for the same offense. 3721

§ 18.2-251.02. Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund.

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3722 There is hereby established in the state treasury the Drug Offender Assessment and Treatment Fund, 3723 which shall consist of moneys received from (i) fees imposed on certain drug offense convictions pursuant to § 16.1-69.48:3 and subdivisions A 10 and 11 of § 17.1-275 and (ii) civil penalties imposed 3724 3725 for violations of §- 18.2-250.1 §§ 3.2-4160, 3.2-4161, 3.2-4163, 3.2-4167, and 3.2-4177. All interest 3726 derived from the deposit and investment of moneys in the Fund shall be credited to the Fund. Any 3727 moneys not appropriated by the General Assembly shall remain in the Drug Offender Assessment and 3728 Treatment Fund and shall not be transferred or revert to the general fund at the end of any fiscal year. 3729 All moneys in the Fund shall be subject to annual appropriation by the General Assembly to the 3730 Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Commission on VASAP to 3731 implement and operate the offender substance abuse screening and assessment program; the Department 3732 of Criminal Justice Services for the support of community-based probation and local pretrial services 3733 agencies; and the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia for the support of 3734 drug treatment court programs.

§ 18.2-251.03. Arrest and prosecution when experiencing or reporting overdoses.

3736 A. For purposes of this section, "overdose" means a life-threatening condition resulting from the 3737 consumption or use of a controlled substance, alcohol, or any combination of such substances.

3738 B. No individual shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for the unlawful purchase, possession, or 3739 consumption of alcohol pursuant to § 4.1-305, possession of a controlled substance pursuant to 3740 § 18.2-250, possession of marijuana pursuant to § 18.2-250.1, intoxication in public pursuant to 3741 § 18.2-388, or possession of controlled paraphernalia pursuant to § 54.1-3466 if:

3742 1. Such individual (i) in good faith, seeks or obtains emergency medical attention (a) for himself, if 3743 he is experiencing an overdose, or (b) for another individual, if such other individual is experiencing an 3744 overdose, or (ii) is experiencing an overdose and another individual, in good faith, seeks or obtains 3745 emergency medical attention for such individual, by contemporaneously reporting such overdose to a firefighter, as defined in § 65.2-102, emergency medical services personnel, as defined in § 32.1-111.1, 3746 3747 a law-enforcement officer, as defined in § 9.1-101, or an emergency 911 system;

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3748 2. Such individual remains at the scene of the overdose or at any alternative location to which he or
3749 the person requiring emergency medical attention has been transported until a law-enforcement officer
3750 responds to the report of an overdose. If no law-enforcement officer is present at the scene of the
3751 overdose or at the alternative location, then such individual shall cooperate with law enforcement as
3752 otherwise set forth herein;

3753 3. Such individual identifies himself to the law-enforcement officer who responds to the report of the3754 overdose; and

4. The evidence for the prosecution of an offense enumerated in this subsection was obtained as aresult of the individual seeking or obtaining emergency medical attention.

3757 C. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person who seeks or obtains emergency
3758 medical attention for himself or another individual, or to a person experiencing an overdose when
another individual seeks or obtains emergency medical attention for him, during the execution of a
3760 search warrant or during the conduct of a lawful search or a lawful arrest.

3761 D. This section does not establish protection from arrest or prosecution for any individual or offense3762 other than those listed in subsection B.

E. No law-enforcement officer acting in good faith shall be found liable for false arrest if it is laterdetermined that the person arrested was immune from prosecution under this section.

§ 18.2-252. Suspended sentence conditioned upon substance abuse screening, assessment, testing, and treatment or education.

3767 The trial judge or court trying the case of any person found guilty of a criminal violation of any law 3768 concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious 3769 chemical substances and like substances shall condition any suspended sentence by first requiring such 3770 person to agree to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 and to submit to such 3771 periodic substance abuse testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. Such testing 3772 shall be conducted by the supervising probation agency or by personnel of any program or agency approved by the supervising probation agency. The cost of such testing ordered by the court shall be 3773 3774 paid by the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of such proceedings. The judge or court 3775 shall order the person, as a condition of any suspended sentence, to undergo such treatment or education 3776 for substance abuse, if available, as the judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of 3777 the substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency 3778 licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, by a similar program or 3779 services available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a sentence of one year or 3780 more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar program or services available 3781 through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation services agency established pursuant 3782 to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP.

§ 18.2-254. Commitment of convicted person for treatment for substance abuse.

3784 A. Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any criminal offense under this article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, 3785 3786 stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of such an offense dismissed as provided in § 18.2-251 is found guilty of violating any law 3787 3788 concerning the use, in any manner, of drugs, controlled substances, narcotics, marijuana, noxious 3789 chemical substances, and like substances, the judge or court shall require such person to undergo a 3790 substance abuse screening pursuant to § 18.2-251.01 and to submit to such periodic substance abuse 3791 testing, to include alcohol testing, as may be directed by the court. The cost of such testing ordered by 3792 the court shall be paid by the Commonwealth and taxed as a part of the costs of the criminal 3793 proceedings. The judge or court shall also order the person to undergo such treatment or education for 3794 substance abuse, if available, as the judge or court deems appropriate based upon consideration of the substance abuse assessment. The treatment or education shall be provided by a program or agency 3795 3796 licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services or by a similar program 3797 or services available through the Department of Corrections if the court imposes a sentence of one year 3798 or more or, if the court imposes a sentence of 12 months or less, by a similar program or services 3799 available through a local or regional jail, a local community-based probation services agency established 3800 pursuant to § 9.1-174, or an ASAP program certified by the Commission on VASAP.

3801 B. The court trying the case of any person alleged to have committed any criminal offense 3802 designated by this article or by the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or in any other criminal case 3803 in which the commission of the offense was motivated by or closely related to the use of drugs and 3804 determined by the court, pursuant to a substance abuse screening and assessment, to be in need of treatment for the use of drugs may commit, based upon a consideration of the substance abuse 3805 3806 assessment, such person, upon his conviction, to any facility for the treatment of persons with substance abuse, licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, if space is 3807 3808 available in such facility, for a period of time not in excess of the maximum term of imprisonment 3809 specified as the penalty for conviction of such offense or, if sentence was determined by a jury, not in

3810 excess of the term of imprisonment as set by such jury. Confinement under such commitment shall be, 3811 in all regards, treated as confinement in a penal institution and the person so committed may be 3812 convicted of escape if he leaves the place of commitment without authority. A charge of escape may be 3813 prosecuted in either the jurisdiction where the treatment facility is located or the jurisdiction where the 3814 person was sentenced to commitment. The court may revoke such commitment at any time and transfer 3815 the person to an appropriate state or local correctional facility. Upon presentation of a certified statement 3816 from the director of the treatment facility to the effect that the confined person has successfully 3817 responded to treatment, the court may release such confined person prior to the termination of the period 3818 of time for which such person was confined and may suspend the remainder of the term upon such 3819 conditions as the court may prescribe.

3820 C. The court trying a case in which commission of the criminal offense was related to the 3821 defendant's habitual abuse of alcohol and in which the court determines, pursuant to a substance abuse 3822 screening and assessment, that such defendant is in need of treatment, may commit, based upon a 3823 consideration of the substance abuse assessment, such person, upon his conviction, to any facility for the 3824 treatment of persons with substance abuse licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and 3825 Developmental Services, if space is available in such facility, for a period of time not in excess of the 3826 maximum term of imprisonment specified as the penalty for conviction. Confinement under such 3827 commitment shall be, in all regards, treated as confinement in a penal institution and the person so 3828 committed may be convicted of escape if he leaves the place of commitment without authority. The 3829 court may revoke such commitment at any time and transfer the person to an appropriate state or local 3830 correctional facility. Upon presentation of a certified statement from the director of the treatment facility to the effect that the confined person has successfully responded to treatment, the court may release such 3831 3832 confined person prior to the termination of the period of time for which such person was confined and 3833 may suspend the remainder of the term upon such conditions as the court may prescribe.

§ 18.2-255. Distribution of certain drugs to persons under 18 prohibited; penalty.

3834 3835 A. Except as authorized in the Drug Control Act, Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1, it shall be is unlawful for any person who is at least 18 years of age to knowingly or intentionally (i) distribute any drug classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV or marijuana to any person under 18 years of 3836 3837 3838 age who is at least three years his junior or (ii) cause any person under 18 years of age to assist in such 3839 distribution of any drug classified in Schedule I, II, III, or IV or marijuana. Any person violating this 3840 provision shall upon conviction be imprisoned in a state correctional facility for a period not less than 3841 10 nor more than 50 years, and fined not more than \$100,000. Five years of the sentence imposed for a 3842 conviction under this section involving a Schedule I or II controlled substance or one ounce or more of 3843 marijuana shall be a mandatory minimum sentence. Two years of the sentence imposed for a conviction 3844 under this section involving less than one ounce of marijuana shall be a mandatory minimum sentence.

3845 B. It shall be is unlawful for any person who is at least 18 years of age to knowingly or intentionally 3846 (i) distribute any imitation controlled substance to a person under 18 years of age who is at least three 3847 years his junior or (ii) cause any person under 18 years of age to assist in such distribution of any 3848 imitation controlled substance. Any person violating this provision shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

§ 18.2-255.1. Distribution, sale or display of printed material advertising instruments for use in 3849 3850 administering controlled substances to minors; penalty.

3851 It shall be is a Class 1 misdemeanor for any person knowingly to sell, distribute, or display for sale 3852 to a minor any book, pamphlet, periodical, or other printed matter which that he knows advertises for 3853 sale any instrument, device, article, or contrivance for advertised use in unlawfully ingesting, smoking, 3854 administering, preparing, or growing marijuana or a controlled substance.

3855 § 18.2-255.2. Prohibiting the sale or manufacture of drugs on or near certain properties; 3856 penalty.

3857 A. It shall be is unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell, or distribute or possess with intent to 3858 sell, give, or distribute any controlled substance, or imitation controlled substance, or marijuana while:

3859 1. (Effective until July 1, 2021) Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any public or 3860 private elementary or secondary school, any institution of higher education, or any clearly marked 3861 licensed child day center as defined in § 63.2-100;

3862 1. (Effective July 1, 2021) Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any public or 3863 private elementary or secondary school, any institution of higher education, or any clearly marked 3864 licensed child day center as defined in § 22.1-289.02;

2. Upon public property or any property open to public use within 1,000 feet of the property 3865 3866 described in subdivision 1;

3867 3. On any school bus as defined in § 46.2-100;

3868 4. Upon a designated school bus stop, or upon either public property or any property open to public use which that is within 1,000 feet of such school bus stop, during the time when school children are 3869 3870 waiting to be picked up and transported to or are being dropped off from school or a school-sponsored 3871 activity;

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3872 5. Upon the property, including buildings and grounds, of any publicly owned or publicly operated 3873 recreation or community center facility or any public library; or

3874 6. Upon the property of any state facility as defined in § 37.2-100 or upon public property or 3875 property open to public use within 1,000 feet of such an institution.

3876 It is a violation of the provisions of this section if the person possessed the controlled substance, or3877 imitation controlled substance, or marijuana on the property described in subdivisions 1 through 6, 3878 regardless of where the person intended to sell, give, or distribute the controlled substance, or imitation 3879 controlled substance, or marijuana. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the authorized distribution of 3880 controlled substances.

3881 B. Violation A violation of this section shall constitute a separate and distinct felony. Any person 3882 violating the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned for a term of not less than 3883 one year nor more than five years and fined not more than \$100,000. A second or subsequent conviction 3884 hereunder for an offense involving a controlled substance classified in Schedule I, II, or III of the Drug 3885 Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or more than one-half ounce of marijuana shall be punished by a 3886 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of one year to be served consecutively with any other 3887 sentence. However, if such person proves that he sold such controlled substance or marijuana only as an 3888 accommodation to another individual and not with intent to profit thereby from any consideration 3889 received or expected nor to induce the recipient or intended recipient of the controlled substance or 3890 marijuana to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance or marijuana, he is 3891 guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

3892 C. If a person commits an act violating the provisions of this section, and the same act also violates 3893 another provision of law that provides for penalties greater than those provided for by this section, then 3894 nothing in this section shall prohibit or bar any prosecution or proceeding under that other provision of 3895 law or the imposition of any penalties provided for thereby. 3896

§ 18.2-258. Certain premises deemed common nuisance; penalty.

3897 Any office, store, shop, restaurant, dance hall, theater, poolroom, clubhouse, storehouse, warehouse, 3898 dwelling house, apartment, building of any kind, vehicle, vessel, boat, or aircraft, which with the 3899 knowledge of the owner, lessor, agent of any such lessor, manager, chief executive officer, operator, or 3900 tenant thereof, is frequented by persons under the influence of illegally obtained controlled substances or 3901 marijuana, as defined in § 54.1-3401, or for the purpose of illegally obtaining possession of, 3902 manufacturing, or distributing controlled substances or marijuana, or is used for the illegal possession, 3903 manufacture, or distribution of controlled substances or marijuana shall be deemed a common nuisance. 3904 Any such owner, lessor, agent of any such lessor, manager, chief executive officer, operator, or tenant 3905 who knowingly permits, establishes, keeps or maintains such a common nuisance is guilty of a Class 1 3906 misdemeanor and, for a second or subsequent offense, a Class 6 felony.

§ 18.2-258.01. Enjoining nuisances involving illegal drug transactions.

3908 The attorney for the Commonwealth, or any citizen of the county, city, or town, where such a 3909 nuisance as is described in § 3.2-4190 or 18.2-258 exists, may, in addition to the remedies given in and 3910 punishment imposed by this chapter, maintain a suit in equity in the name of the Commonwealth to 3911 enjoin the same; provided, however, the attorney for the Commonwealth shall not be required to 3912 prosecute any suit brought by a citizen under this section. In every case where the bill charges, on the 3913 knowledge or belief of complainant, and is sworn to by two witnesses, that a nuisance exists as 3914 described in § 3.2-4190 or 18.2-258, a temporary injunction may be granted as soon as the bill is presented to the court provided reasonable notice has been given. The injunction shall enjoin and 3915 3916 restrain any owners, tenants, their agents, employees, and any other person from contributing to or 3917 maintaining the nuisance and may impose such other requirements as the court deems appropriate. If, 3918 after hearing, the court finds that the material allegations of the bill are true, although the premises 3919 complained of may not then be unlawfully used, it shall continue the injunction against such persons or 3920 premises for such period of time as it deems appropriate, with the right to dissolve the injunction upon a 3921 proper showing by the owner of the premises. 3922

§ 18.2-258.02. Maintaining a fortified drug house; penalty.

3923 Any office, store, shop, restaurant, dance hall, theater, poolroom, clubhouse, storehouse, warehouse, 3924 dwelling house, apartment or building or structure of any kind which that is (i) substantially altered 3925 from its original status by means of reinforcement with the intent to impede, deter, or delay lawful entry 3926 by a law-enforcement officer into such structure_{τ}; (ii) being used for the purpose of manufacturing or 3927 distributing controlled substances or marijuana, and (iii) the object of a valid search warrant, shall be 3928 considered a fortified drug house. Any person who maintains or operates a fortified drug house is guilty 3929 of a Class 5 felony.

3930 § 18.2-258.1. Obtaining drugs, procuring administration of controlled substances, etc., by fraud, 3931 deceit, forgery, etc.; penalties.

3932 A. It shall be is unlawful for any person to obtain or attempt to obtain any drug or procure or

attempt to procure the administration of any controlled substance or marijuana: (i) by fraud, deceit,
misrepresentation, embezzlement, or subterfuge; (ii) by the forgery or alteration of a prescription or of
any written order; (iii) by the concealment of a material fact; or (iv) by the use of a false name or the
giving of a false address.

3937 B. It shall be *is* unlawful for any person to furnish false or fraudulent information in or omit any information from, or willfully make a false statement in, any prescription, order, report, record, or other document required by Chapter 34 *the Drug Control Act* (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1.

C. It shall be is unlawful for any person to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance or marijuana a license number which that is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or issued to another person.

3943 D. It shall be is unlawful for any person, for the purpose of obtaining any controlled substance of marijuana, to falsely assume the title of, or represent himself to be, a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacist, physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other authorized person.

3946 E. It shall be *is* unlawful for any person to make or utter any false or forged prescription or false or **3947** forged written order.

3948 F. It shall be *is* unlawful for any person to affix any false or forged label to a package or receptacle containing any controlled substance.

3950 G. This section shall not apply to officers and employees of the United States, of this 3951 Commonwealth or of a political subdivision of this Commonwealth acting in the course of their 3952 employment, who obtain such drugs for investigative, research or analytical purposes, or to the agents or 3953 duly authorized representatives of any pharmaceutical manufacturer who obtain such drugs for 3954 investigative, research or analytical purposes and who are acting in the course of their employment; 3955 provided that such manufacturer is licensed under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and 3956 Cosmetic Act;, and provided, further, that such pharmaceutical manufacturer, its agents and duly 3957 authorized representatives file with the Board such information as the Board may deem appropriate.

3958 H. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any person who shall violate violates any 3959 provision herein shall be is guilty of a Class 6 felony.

Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of any offense under this article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, or has not previously had a proceeding against him for violation of such an offense dismissed, or reduced as provided in this section, pleads guilty to or enters a plea of not guilty to the court for violating this section, upon such plea if the facts found by the court would justify a finding of guilt, the court may place him on probation upon terms and conditions.

3966 As a term or condition, the court shall require the accused to be evaluated and enter a treatment 3967 and/or or an education program, or any combination thereof, if available, such as, in the opinion of the 3968 court, may be best suited to the needs of the accused. This program may be located in the judicial 3969 circuit in which the charge is brought or in any other judicial circuit as the court may provide. The services shall be provided by a program certified or licensed by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services. The court shall require the person entering such program under the 3970 3971 3972 provisions of this section to pay all or part of the costs of the program, including the costs of the 3973 screening, evaluation, testing, and education, based upon the person's ability to pay unless the person is 3974 determined by the court to be indigent.

3975 As a condition of supervised probation, the court shall require the accused to remain drug free during
3976 the period of probation and submit to such tests during that period as may be necessary and appropriate
3977 to determine if the accused is drug free. Such testing may be conducted by the personnel of any
3978 screening, evaluation, and education program to which the person is referred or by the supervising
3979 agency.

3980 Unless the accused was fingerprinted at the time of arrest, the court shall order the accused to report to the original arresting law-enforcement agency to submit to fingerprinting.

3982 Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt upon the felony3983 and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court3984 shall find the defendant guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

3985 § 18.2-265.1. Definition.

As used in this article, the term "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind which *that* are either designed for use or which are intended by the person charged with violating § 18.2-265.3 for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, strength testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body marijuana or a controlled substance. It includes, but is not limited to:

3992 1. Kits intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, or
 3993 harvesting of marijuana or any species of plant which is a controlled substance or from which a

3994 controlled substance can be derived;

3995 2. Kits intended for use or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, 3996 processing, or preparing marijuana or controlled substances;

3997 3. Isomerization devices intended for use or designed for use in increasing the potency of marijuana 3998 or any species of plant which is a controlled substance;

4. Testing equipment intended for use or designed for use in identifying or in analyzing the strength 3999 4000 or effectiveness of marijuana or controlled substances, other than narcotic testing products used to 4001 determine whether a controlled substance contains fentanyl or a fentanyl analog;

4002 5. Scales and balances intended for use or designed for use in weighing or measuring marijuana or 4003 controlled substances;

4004 6. Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, or mannite, intended for use or 4005 designed for use in cutting controlled substances;

4006 7. Separation gins and sifters intended for use or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from, 4007 or in otherwise cleaning or refining, marijuana;

4008 8- Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons, and mixing devices intended for use or designed for use in 4009 compounding controlled substances;

4010 9. 8. Capsules, balloons, envelopes, and other containers intended for use or designed for use in packaging small quantities of marijuana or controlled substances: 4011

10. 9. Containers and other objects intended for use or designed for use in storing or concealing 4012 4013 marijuana or controlled substances;

4014 11. 10. Hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects intended for use or designed for use in 4015 parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body;

12. 11. Objects intended for use or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing 4016 marijuana, cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body, such as: 4017

4018 a. Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent 4019 screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls; 4020

b. Water pipes;

- c. Carburetion tubes and devices; 4021
- 4022 d. Smoking and carburetion masks;

e. Roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana eigarette, that has 4023 4024 become too small or too short to be held in the hand;

- 4025 f. Miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials;
- 4026 g. Chamber pipes;
- 4027 h. Carburetor pipes;
- 4028 i. Electric pipes;
- 4029 j. Air-driven pipes;
- 4030 k. Chillums;
- 4031 1. Bongs;

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4032 m. Ice pipes or chillers.

§ 18.2-265.2. Evidence to be considered in cases under this article. 4033

4034 In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, the court may consider, in addition to all 4035 other relevant evidence, the following: 4036

1. Constitutionally admissible statements by the accused concerning the use of the object;

4037 2. The proximity of the object to marijuana or controlled substances, which proximity is actually 4038 known to the accused;

4039 3. Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use;

4040 4. Descriptive materials accompanying the object which that explain or depict its use;

5. National and local advertising within the actual knowledge of the accused concerning its use; 4041

4042 6. The manner in which the object is displayed for sale;

4043 7. Whether the accused is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a 4044 licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;

8. Evidence of the ratio of sales of the objects defined in § 18.2-265.1 to the total sales of the 4045 4046 business enterprise; 4047

9. The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community;

10. Expert testimony concerning its use or the purpose for which it was designed; and

4049 11. Relevant evidence of the intent of the accused to deliver it to persons who he knows, or should 4050 reasonably know, intend to use the object with an illegal drug. The innocence of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, as to a direct violation of this article shall not prevent a finding that the object 4051 4052 is intended for use or designed for use as drug paraphernalia.

4053 § 18.2-265.3. Penalties for sale, etc., of drug paraphernalia.

4054 A. Any person who sells or possesses with intent to sell drug paraphernalia, knowing, or under 4055 circumstances where one reasonably should know, that it is either designed for use or intended by such

4056 person for use to illegally plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, 4057 produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or 4058 otherwise introduce into the human body marijuana or a controlled substance, shall be is guilty of a 4059 Class 1 misdemeanor.

4060 B. Any person eighteen 18 years of age or older who violates subsection A hereof by selling drug 4061 paraphernalia to a minor who is at least three years junior to the accused in age shall be is guilty of a 4062 Class 6 felony.

4063 C. Any person eighteen 18 years of age or older who distributes drug paraphernalia to a minor shall 4064 be is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

4065 § 18.2-287.2. Wearing of body armor while committing a crime; penalty.

4066 Any person who, while committing a crime of violence as defined in § 18.2-288 (2) or, a violation 4067 of § 3.2-4170, a felony violation of § 18.2-248, or a violation of subdivision (a) 2 or 3 of § 18.2-248.1 B 4068 2 or 3 of § 3.2-4166, has in his possession a firearm or knife and is wearing body armor designed to 4069 diminish the effect of the impact of a bullet or projectile shall be is guilty of a Class 4 felony. 4070

§ 18.2-308.09. Disgualifications for a concealed handgun permit.

4071 The following persons shall be deemed disqualified from obtaining a permit:

4072 1. (Effective until July 1, 2021) An individual who is ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to 4073 § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, 18.2-308.1:3, or 18.2-308.1:6 or the substantially similar law of any other 4074 state or of the United States.

- 4075 1. (Effective July 1, 2021) An individual who is ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to 4076 § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, 18.2-308.1:3, 18.2-308.1:6, or 18.2-308.1:7 or the substantially similar law 4077 of any other state or of the United States.
- 4078 2. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1 and who was 4079 discharged from the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to § 19.2-182.7 less than five years before 4080 the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.
- 3. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:2 and whose 4081 4082 competency or capacity was restored pursuant to § 64.2-2012 less than five years before the date of his 4083 application for a concealed handgun permit.
- 4084 4. An individual who was ineligible to possess a firearm under § 18.2-308.1:3 and who was released 4085 from commitment less than five years before the date of this application for a concealed handgun 4086 permit.
- 4087 5. An individual who is subject to a restraining order, or to a protective order and prohibited by 4088 § 18.2-308.1:4 from purchasing, possessing, or transporting a firearm.
- 6. (Effective until January 1, 2021) An individual who is prohibited by § 18.2-308.2 from possessing 4089 4090 or transporting a firearm, except that a permit may be obtained in accordance with subsection C of that 4091 section.
- 4092 6. (Effective January 1, 2021) An individual who is prohibited by § 18.2-308.2 from possessing or 4093 transporting a firearm, except that a restoration order may be obtained in accordance with subsection C 4094 of that section.
- 4095 7. An individual who has been convicted of two or more misdemeanors within the five-year period 4096 immediately preceding the application, if one of the misdemeanors was a Class 1 misdemeanor, but the 4097 judge shall have the discretion to deny a permit for two or more misdemeanors that are not Class 1. 4098 Traffic infractions and misdemeanors set forth in Title 46.2 shall not be considered for purposes of this 4099 disqualification.
- 4100 8. An individual who is addicted to, or is an unlawful user or distributor of, marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, or any controlled substance. 4101
- 4102 9. An individual who has been convicted of a violation of § 18.2-266 or a substantially similar local 4103 ordinance, or of public drunkenness, or of a substantially similar offense under the laws of any other 4104 state, the District of Columbia, the United States, or its territories within the three-year period 4105 immediately preceding the application.
- 4106 10. An alien other than an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States.
- 4107 11. An individual who has been discharged from the armed forces of the United States under 4108 dishonorable conditions.
- 4109 12. An individual who is a fugitive from justice.

4110 13. An individual who the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, based on specific acts by 4111 the applicant, is likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The sheriff, chief 4112 of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth may submit to the court a sworn, written statement 4113 indicating that, in the opinion of such sheriff, chief of police, or attorney for the Commonwealth, based 4114 upon a disqualifying conviction or upon the specific acts set forth in the statement, the applicant is likely to use a weapon unlawfully or negligently to endanger others. The statement of the sheriff, chief 4115 of police, or the attorney for the Commonwealth shall be based upon personal knowledge of such 4116

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4117 individual or of a deputy sheriff, police officer, or assistant attorney for the Commonwealth of the 4118 specific acts, or upon a written statement made under oath before a notary public of a competent person 4119 having personal knowledge of the specific acts.

4120 14. An individual who has been convicted of any assault, assault and battery, sexual battery, 18.2-280 or 18.2-286.1 or brandishing of a firearm in 4121 discharging of a firearm in violation of § 4122 violation of § 18.2-282 within the three-year period immediately preceding the application. 4123

15. An individual who has been convicted of stalking.

16. An individual whose previous convictions or adjudications of delinquency were based on an 4124 4125 offense that would have been at the time of conviction a felony if committed by an adult under the laws 4126 of any state, the District of Columbia, the United States or its territories. For purposes of this 4127 disqualifier, only convictions occurring within 16 years following the later of the date of (i) the conviction or adjudication or (ii) release from any incarceration imposed upon such conviction or 4128 adjudication shall be deemed to be "previous convictions." Disqualification under this subdivision shall 4129 not apply to an individual with previous adjudications of delinquency who has completed a term of 4130 4131 service of no less than two years in the Armed Forces of the United States and, if such person has been 4132 discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States, received an honorable discharge.

4133 17. An individual who has a felony charge pending or a charge pending for an offense listed in 4134 subdivision 14 or 15.

4135 18. An individual who has received mental health treatment or substance abuse treatment in a 4136 residential setting within five years prior to the date of his application for a concealed handgun permit.

4137 19. An individual not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, who, within the three-year period 4138 immediately preceding the application for the permit, was found guilty of any criminal offense set forth in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or, former § 18.2-248.1:1, or Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or of a criminal offense of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana, synthetic 4139 4140 4141 cannabinoids, or any controlled substance, under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the 4142 United States or its territories.

4143 20. An individual, not otherwise ineligible pursuant to this article, with respect to whom, within the 4144 three-year period immediately preceding the application, upon a charge of any criminal offense set forth 4145 in Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or, former § 18.2-248.1:1, or Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or upon a charge of illegal possession or distribution of marijuana, synthetic 4146 4147 cannabinoids, or any controlled substance under the laws of any state, the District of Columbia, or the 4148 United States or its territories, the trial court found that the facts of the case were sufficient for a 4149 finding of guilt and disposed of the case pursuant to § 18.2-251 or the substantially similar law of any 4150 other state, the District of Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

4151 § 18.2-308.1:5. Purchase or transportation of firearm by persons convicted of certain drug 4152 offenses prohibited.

4153 Any person who, within a 36-consecutive-month period, has been convicted of two misdemeanor offenses under subsection B of former § 18.2-248.1:1, or § 18.2-250 or 18.2-250.1 shall be ineligible to 4154 4155 purchase or transport a handgun. However, upon expiration of a period of five years from the date of 4156 the second conviction and provided the person has not been convicted of any such offense within that 4157 period, the ineligibility shall be removed.

§ 18.2-308.4. Possession of firearms while in possession of certain substances.

4159 A. It shall be is unlawful for any person unlawfully in possession of a controlled substance classified 4160 in Schedule I or II of the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1 to simultaneously with knowledge and intent possess any firearm. A violation of this subsection is a Class 6 felony and 4161 constitutes a separate and distinct felony. 4162

B. It shall be is unlawful for any person unlawfully in possession of a controlled substance classified 4163 4164 in Schedule I or II of the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) to simultaneously with knowledge and 4165 intent possess any firearm on or about his person. A violation of this subsection is a Class 6 felony and 4166 constitutes a separate and distinct felony and any person convicted hereunder shall be sentenced to a 4167 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of two years. Such punishment shall be separate and apart 4168 from, and shall be made to run consecutively with, any punishment received for the commission of the 4169 primary felony.

4170 C. It shall be is unlawful for any person to possess, use, or attempt to use any pistol, shotgun, rifle, 4171 or other firearm, or to display such weapon in a threatening manner, while committing or attempting to 4172 commit the illegal manufacture, sale, or distribution, or the possession possessing with the intent to 4173 manufacture, sell, or distribute a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or Schedule II of the Drug 4174 Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) or more than one pound of marijuana. A violation of this subsection is 4175 a Class 6 felony, and constitutes a separate and distinct felony and any person convicted hereunder shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years. Such punishment shall be 4176 separate and apart from, and shall be made to run consecutively with, any punishment received for the 4177 4178 commission of the primary felony.

4179 § 18.2-460. Obstructing justice; resisting arrest; fleeing from a law-enforcement officer; 4180 penalties.

A. If any person without just cause knowingly obstructs a judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney 4181 4182 for the Commonwealth, witness, any law-enforcement officer, or animal control officer employed 4183 pursuant to § 3.2-6555 in the performance of his duties as such or fails or refuses without just cause to 4184 cease such obstruction when requested to do so by such judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney for the 4185 Commonwealth, witness, law-enforcement officer, or animal control officer employed pursuant to § 4186 3.2-6555, he is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

4187 B. Except as provided in subsection C, any person who, by threats or force, knowingly attempts to intimidate or impede a judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney for the Commonwealth, witness, any 4188 4189 law-enforcement officer, or an animal control officer employed pursuant to § 3.2-6555 lawfully engaged 4190 in his duties as such, or to obstruct or impede the administration of justice in any court, is guilty of a 4191 Class 1 misdemeanor.

4192 C. If any person by threats of bodily harm or force knowingly attempts to intimidate or impede a 4193 judge, magistrate, justice, juror, attorney for the Commonwealth, witness, any law-enforcement officer, 4194 lawfully engaged in the discharge of his duty, or to obstruct or impede the administration of justice in 4195 any court relating to a violation of or conspiracy to violate § 18.2-248 or subdivision (a)(3), (b) or (c) 4196 of § 18.2-248.1 3.2-4164, subdivision B 3 of § 3.2-4166, subsection B of § 3.2-4167, or § 3.2-4170, 4197 18.2-46.2 or \$, 18.2-46.3, or 18.2-248 or relating to the violation of or conspiracy to violate any violent 4198 felony offense listed in subsection C of § 17.1-805, he is guilty of a Class 5 felony.

4199 D. Any person who knowingly and willfully makes any materially false statement or representation 4200 to a law-enforcement officer or an animal control officer employed pursuant to § 3.2-6555 who is in the 4201 course of conducting an investigation of a crime by another is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.

4202 E. Any person who intentionally prevents or attempts to prevent a law-enforcement officer from lawfully arresting him, with or without a warrant, is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. For purposes of 4203 this subsection, intentionally preventing or attempting to prevent a lawful arrest means fleeing from a 4204 4205 law-enforcement officer when (i) the officer applies physical force to the person, or (ii) the officer 4206 communicates to the person that he is under arrest and (a) the officer has the legal authority and the 4207 immediate physical ability to place the person under arrest, and (b) a reasonable person who receives 4208 such communication knows or should know that he is not free to leave.

4209 § 18.2-474.1. Delivery of drugs, firearms, explosives, etc., to prisoners or committed persons; 4210 penalties.

4211 Notwithstanding the provisions of § 18.2-474, any person who shall willfully in any manner deliver, 4212 attempt to deliver, or conspire with another to deliver to any prisoner confined under authority of the 4213 Commonwealth of Virginia, or of any political subdivision thereof, or to any person committed to the 4214 Department of Juvenile Justice in any juvenile correctional center, any drug which is a controlled substance regulated by the Drug Control Act in Chapter 34 (§ 54.1-3400 et seq.) of Title 54.1 or 4215 4216 marijuana is guilty of a Class 5 felony. Any person who shall willfully in any manner so deliver or, 4217 attempt to deliver, or conspire to deliver to any such prisoner or confined or committed person, firearms, 4218 ammunitions, or explosives of any nature is guilty of a Class 3 felony.

4219 Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal or amend § 18.2-473.

4220 § 18.2-513. Definitions.

4221 As used in this chapter:

4222 "Criminal street gang" means the same as that term is defined in § 18.2-46.1.

4223 "Enterprise" includes any of the following: sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business 4224 trust, criminal street gang; or other group of three or more individuals associated for the purpose of 4225 criminal activity. 4226

"Proceeds" means the same as that term is defined in § 18.2-246.2.

4227 "Racketeering activity" means to commit, attempt to commit, or conspire to commit or to solicit, 4228 coerce, or intimidate another person to commit two or more of the following offenses: Article 2.1 (§ 4229 18.2-46.1 et seq.) of Chapter 4, § 18.2-460; a felony offense of Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2, § 3.2-4212, 3.2-4219, 3.2-6571, 10.1-1455, 18.2-31, 18.2-32, 18.2-32.1, 18.2-33, or 18.2-35, 4230 4231 Article 2.2 (§ 18.2-46.4 et seq.) of Chapter 4, § 18.2-47, 18.2-48, 18.2-48.1, 18.2-49, 18.2-51, 4232 18.2-51.2, 18.2-52, 18.2-53, 18.2-55, 18.2-58, 18.2-59, 18.2-77, 18.2-79, 18.2-80, 18.2-89, 18.2-90, 4233 18.2-91, 18.2-92, 18.2-93, or 18.2-95, Article 4 (§ 18.2-111 et seq.) of Chapter 5, Article 1 (§ 18.2-168 4234 et seq.) of Chapter 6, § 18.2-178 or 18.2-186, Article 6 (§ 18.2-191 et seq.) of Chapter 6, Article 9 4235 (§ 18.2-246.1 et seq.) of Chapter 6, § 18.2-246.13, Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7, § 18.2-279, 18.2-286.1, 18.2-289, 18.2-300, 18.2-308.2, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-328, 18.2-346, 18.2-348, 4236 4237 18.2-348.1, 18.2-349, 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, 18.2-357.1, 18.2-368, 18.2-369, or 18.2-374.1, 4238 Article 8 (§ 18.2-433.1 et seq.) of Chapter 9, Article 1 (§ 18.2-434 et seq.) of Chapter 10, Article 2 (§ 18.2-438 et seq.) of Chapter 10, or Article 3 (§ 18.2-446 et seq.) of Chapter 10, Article 1.1 4239

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4240 (§ 18.2-498.1 et seq.) of Chapter 12, or § 3.2-6571, 18.2-516, 32.1-314, 58.1-1008.2, 58.1-1017, or

4241 58.1-1017.1; or any substantially similar offenses under the laws of any other state, the District of 4242 Columbia, or the United States or its territories.

4243 § 19.2-11.2. Crime victim's right to nondisclosure of certain information; exceptions; testimonial 4244 privilege.

4245 Upon request of any witness in a criminal prosecution under § 3.2-4170, 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3, or 4246 18.2-248 or of any violent felony as defined by subsection C of § 17.1-805, or any crime victim, 4247 neither a law-enforcement agency, the attorney for the Commonwealth, the counsel for a defendant, a 4248 court nor the Department of Corrections, nor any employee of any of them, may disclose, except among 4249 themselves, the residential address, any telephone number, email address, or place of employment of the 4250 witness or victim or a member of the witness' or victim's family, except to the extent that disclosure is (i) of the site of the crime, (ii) required by law or Rules of the Supreme Court, (iii) necessary for 4251 4252 law-enforcement purposes or preparation for court proceedings, or (iv) permitted by the court for good 4253 cause.

4254 Except with the written consent of the victim of any crime involving any sexual assault, sexual 4255 abuse, or family abuse or the victim's next of kin if the victim is a minor and the victim's death results 4256 from any crime, a law-enforcement agency may not disclose to the public information that directly or 4257 indirectly identifies the victim of such crime except to the extent that disclosure is (a) of the site of the 4258 crime, (b) required by law, (c) necessary for law-enforcement purposes, or (d) permitted by the court for 4259 good cause. In addition, at the request of the victim to the Court of Appeals of Virginia or the Supreme 4260 Court of Virginia hearing, on or after July 1, 2007, the case of a crime involving any sexual assault or 4261 sexual abuse, no appellate decision shall contain the first or last name of the victim.

4262 Nothing herein shall limit the right to examine witnesses in a court of law or otherwise affect the 4263 conduct of any criminal proceeding.

4264 § 19.2-66. When Attorney General or Chief Deputy Attorney General may apply for order 4265 authorizing interception of communications.

A. The Attorney General or Chief Deputy Attorney General, if the Attorney General so designates in 4266 4267 writing, in any case where the Attorney General is authorized by law to prosecute or pursuant to a 4268 request in his official capacity of an attorney for the Commonwealth in any city or county, may apply to 4269 a judge of competent jurisdiction for an order authorizing the interception of wire, electronic or oral 4270 communications by the Department of State Police, when such interception may reasonably be expected 4271 to provide evidence of the commission of a felonious offense of extortion, bribery, kidnapping, murder, 4272 any felony violation of § 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4170, or 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1, any felony violation of Chapter 29 (§ 59.1-364 et seq.) of Title 59.1, any felony violation of Article 2 (§ 18.2-38 et 4273 4274 seq.), Article 2.1 (§ 18.2-46.1 et seq.), Article 2.2 (§ 18.2-46.4 et seq.), Article 5 (§ 18.2-58 et seq.), or 4275 Article 6 (§ 18.2-59 et seq.) or of any felonies felony that are is not a Class 6 felonies felony in Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, or any conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing 4276 offenses. The Attorney General or Chief Deputy Attorney General may apply for authorization for the 4277 4278 observation or monitoring of the interception by a police department of a county or city, by a sheriff's 4279 office, or by law-enforcement officers of the United States. Such application shall be made, and such 4280 order may be granted, in conformity with the provisions of § 19.2-68.

B. The application for an order under subsection B of § 19.2-68 shall be made as follows:

4282 1. In the case of an application for a wire or electronic interception, a judge of competent jurisdiction 4283 shall have the authority to issue an order under subsection B of § 19.2-68 if there is probable cause to 4284 believe that an offense was committed, is being committed, or will be committed or the person or persons whose communications are to be intercepted live, work, subscribe to a wire or electronic 4285 4286 communication system, maintain an address or a post office box, or are making the communication 4287 within the territorial jurisdiction of the court.

4288 2. In the case of an application for an oral intercept, a judge of competent jurisdiction shall have the 4289 authority to issue an order under subsection B of § 19.2-68 if there is probable cause to believe that an 4290 offense was committed, is being committed, or will be committed or the physical location of the oral 4291 communication to be intercepted is within the territorial jurisdiction of the court.

4292 C. For the purposes of an order entered pursuant to subsection B of § 19.2-68 for the interception of 4293 a wire or electronic communication, such communication shall be deemed to be intercepted in the 4294 jurisdiction where the order is entered, regardless of the physical location or the method by which the 4295 communication is captured or routed to the monitoring location. 4296

§ 19.2-81.1. Arrest without warrant by correctional officers in certain cases.

4297 Any correctional officer, as defined in § 53.1-1, may arrest, in the same manner as provided in 4298 § 19.2-81, persons for crimes involving:

- 4299 (a) 1. The escape of an inmate from a correctional institution, as defined in § 53.1-1;
- 4300 (b) 2. Assisting an inmate to escape from a correctional institution, as defined in \S 53.1-1;
- 4301 (c) 3. The delivery of contraband to an inmate in violation of \S 3.2-4174, 18.2-474, or \S 18.2-474.1;

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4302 and 4303 (d) 4. Any other criminal offense which may contribute to the disruption of the safety, welfare, or 4304 security of the population of a correctional institution.

4305 § 19.2-83.1. Report of arrest of school employees and adult students for certain offenses.

4306 A. Every state official or agency and every sheriff, police officer, or other local law-enforcement 4307 officer or conservator of the peace having the power to arrest for a felony, upon arresting a person who 4308 is known or discovered by the arresting official to be a full-time, part-time, permanent, or temporary 4309 teacher or other employee in any public school division in this Commonwealth for a felony or a Class 1 4310 misdemeanor or an equivalent offense in another state shall file a report of such arrest with the division 4311 superintendent of the employing division as soon as practicable. The contents of the report required 4312 pursuant to this section shall be utilized by the local school division solely to implement the provisions 4313 of subsection B of § 22.1-296.2 and § 22.1-315.

4314 B. Every state official or agency and every sheriff, police officer, or other local law-enforcement 4315 officer or conservator of the peace having the power to arrest for a felony, shall file a report, as soon as 4316 practicable, with the division superintendent of the school division in which the student is enrolled upon 4317 arresting a person who is known or discovered by the arresting official to be a student age 18 or older 4318 in any public school division in this the Commonwealth for:

- 4319 1. A firearm offense pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-279 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-288 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-299 4320 et seq.), 6.1 (§ 18.2-307.1 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-308.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2;
- 4321 2. Homicide, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- 4322 3. Felonious assault and bodily wounding, pursuant to Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of 4323 Title 18.2;
- 4324 4. Criminal sexual assault, pursuant to Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- 5. Manufacture, sale, gift, distribution, or possession of Schedule I or II controlled substances, 4325 4326 pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2;
- 4327 6. Manufacture, sale or distribution of marijuana pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 4328 7 of Title 18.2 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2;
- 4329 7. Arson and related crimes, pursuant to Article 1 (§ 18.2-77 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2; 4330
 - 8. Burglary and related offenses, pursuant to §§ 18.2-89 through 18.2-93;
- 4331 9. Robbery pursuant to § 18.2-58;
- 4332 10. Prohibited criminal street gang activity pursuant to § 18.2-46.2;
- 4333 11. Recruitment of juveniles for criminal street gang pursuant to § 18.2-46.3;
- 4334 12. An act of violence by a mob pursuant to § 18.2-42.1; or
- 4335 13. Abduction of any person pursuant to § 18.2-47 or 18.2-48.
- 4336 § 19.2-120. Admission to bail.

4337 Prior to conducting any hearing on the issue of bail, release or detention, the judicial officer shall, to 4338 the extent feasible, obtain the person's criminal history.

- 4339 A. A person who is held in custody pending trial or hearing for an offense, civil or criminal 4340 contempt, or otherwise shall be admitted to bail by a judicial officer, unless there is probable cause to 4341 believe that:
- 4342 1. He will not appear for trial or hearing or at such other time and place as may be directed, or 4343
 - 2. His liberty will constitute an unreasonable danger to himself or the public.
- 4344 B. The judicial officer shall presume, subject to rebuttal, that no condition or combination of 4345 conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the person or the safety of the public if the person is 4346 currently charged with:
- 4347 1. An act of violence as defined in § 19.2-297.1;
- 4348 2. An offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death;
- 4349 3. A violation of § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-255, or 18.2-255.2 involving a Schedule I or II 4350 controlled substance if (i) the maximum term of imprisonment is 10 years or more and the person was 4351 previously convicted of a like offense or (ii) the person was previously convicted as a "drug kingpin" as 4352 defined in § 18.2-248;
- 4353 4. A violation of § 3.2-4173, 18.2-308.1, 18.2-308.2, or 18.2-308.4 and which relates to a firearm 4354 and provides for a mandatory minimum sentence;
- 4355 5. Any felony, if the person has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subdivision 1 4356 or 2, whether under the laws of the Commonwealth or substantially similar laws of the United States;
- 4357 6. Any felony committed while the person is on release pending trial for a prior felony under federal 4358 or state law or on release pending imposition or execution of sentence or appeal of sentence or 4359 conviction;
- 4360 7. An offense listed in subsection B of § 18.2-67.5:2 and the person had previously been convicted 4361 of an offense listed in § 18.2-67.5:2 or a substantially similar offense under the laws of any state or the 4362 United States and the judicial officer finds probable cause to believe that the person who is currently

4363 charged with one of these offenses committed the offense charged;

4364 8. A violation of § 18.2-374.1 or 18.2-374.3 where the offender has reason to believe that the 4365 solicited person is under 15 years of age and the offender is at least five years older than the solicited 4366 person;

4367 9. A violation of § 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3, 18.2-46.5, or 18.2-46.7;

10. A violation of § 18.2-36.1, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 46.2-341.24 and the person has, within the 4368 4369 past five years of the instant offense, been convicted three times on different dates of a violation of any 4370 combination of these Code sections, or any ordinance of any county, city, or town or the laws of any 4371 other state or of the United States substantially similar thereto, and has been at liberty between each 4372 conviction;

11. A second or subsequent violation of § 16.1-253.2 or 18.2-60.4 or a substantially similar offense 4373 4374 under the laws of any state or the United States; 4375

12. A violation of subsection B of § 18.2-57.2;

4376 13. A violation of subsection C of § 18.2-460 charging the use of threats of bodily harm or force to 4377 knowingly attempt to intimidate or impede a witness;

4378 14. A violation of § 18.2-51.6 if the alleged victim is a family or household member as defined in 4379 § 16.1-228; or 4380

15. A violation of § 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 18.2-357.1.

4381 C. The judicial officer shall presume, subject to rebuttal, that no condition or combination of 4382 conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the person or the safety of the public if the person is 4383 being arrested pursuant to § 19.2-81.6.

4384 D. For a person who is charged with an offense giving rise to a rebuttable presumption against bail, 4385 any judicial officer may set or admit such person to bail in accordance with this section.

4386 E. The judicial officer shall consider the following factors and such others as it deems appropriate in 4387 determining, for the purpose of rebuttal of the presumption against bail described in subsection B, 4388 whether there are conditions of release that will reasonably assure the appearance of the person as 4389 required and the safety of the public: 4390

1. The nature and circumstances of the offense charged;

4391 2. The history and characteristics of the person, including his character, physical and mental 4392 condition, family ties, employment, financial resources, length of residence in the community, 4393 community ties, past conduct, history relating to drug or alcohol abuse, criminal history, membership in 4394 a criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1, and record concerning appearance at court proceedings; 4395 and

4396 3. The nature and seriousness of the danger to any person or the community that would be posed by 4397 the person's release.

4398 F. The judicial officer shall inform the person of his right to appeal from the order denying bail or 4399 fixing terms of bond or recognizance consistent with § 19.2-124.

4400 G. If the judicial officer sets a secured bond and the person engages the services of a licensed bail 4401 bondsman, the magistrate executing recognizance for the accused shall provide the bondsman, upon 4402 request, with a copy of the person's Virginia criminal history record, if readily available, to be used by the bondsman only to determine appropriate reporting requirements to impose upon the accused upon his 4403 4404 release. The bondsman shall pay a \$15 fee payable to the state treasury to be credited to the Literary 4405 Fund, upon requesting the defendant's Virginia criminal history record issued pursuant to § 19.2-389. 4406 The bondsman shall review the record on the premises and promptly return the record to the magistrate 4407 after reviewing it. 4408

§ 19.2-120.1. Presumption of no bail for illegal aliens charged with certain crimes.

4409 A. In addition to the presumption against the admission to bail under subsection B of § 19.2-120, the 4410 judicial officer shall presume, subject to rebuttal, that no condition or combination of conditions will 4411 reasonably assure the appearance of the person or the safety of the public if (i) the person is currently 4412 charged with an offense listed in subsection A of § 19.2-297.1, subsection C of § 17.1-805, any offense 4413 under Chapter 4 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Title 18.2 except any offense under subsection A of § 18.2-57.2, 4414 any felony offense under Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, or any offense under Article 2 (§ 18.2-266 et seq.), or any 4415 local ordinance substantially similar thereto, 4 (§ 18.2-279 et seq.), 5 (§ 18.2-288 et seq.), 6 (§ 18.2-299 4416 et seq.), 6.1 (§ 18.2-307.1 et seq.), or 7 (§ 18.2-308.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, and (ii) the 4417 person has been identified as being illegally present in the United States by United States Immigration 4418 4419 and Customs Enforcement.

4420 B. Notwithstanding subsection A, no presumption shall exist under this section as to any misdemeanor offense, or any felony offense under Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 4421 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, unless United States Immigration and 4422 4423 Customs Enforcement has guaranteed that, in all such cases in the Commonwealth, it will issue a 4424 detainer for the initiation of removal proceedings and agree to reimburse for the cost of incarceration 4425 from the time of the issuance of the detainer.

4426 § 19.2-188.1. Testimony regarding identification of controlled substances or marijuana.

A. In any preliminary hearing on *a violation of Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2,* a violation of Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, or a violation of subdivision *6 of § 53.1-203, any law-enforcement officer shall be permitted to testify as to the results of field tests that have been approved by the Department of Forensic Science pursuant to regulations adopted in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), regarding whether or not any substance the identity of which is at issue in such hearing is a controlled substance; or imitation controlled substance; or marijuana, as defined in § 18.2-247 or marijuana as defined in § 3.2-4122.*

B. In any trial for a violation of § 18.2-250.1 3.2-4160 or 3.2-4161, any law-enforcement officer shall be permitted to testify as to the results of any marijuana field test approved as accurate and reliable by the Department of Forensic Science pursuant to regulations adopted in accordance with the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), regarding whether or not any plant material, the identity of which is at issue, is marijuana provided the defendant has been given written notice of his right to request a full chemical analysis. Such notice shall be on a form approved by the Supreme Court and shall be provided to the defendant prior to trial.

In any case in which the person accused of a violation of § 18.2-250.1 3.2-4160 or 3.2-4161, or the attorney of record for the accused, desires a full chemical analysis of the alleged plant material, he may, by motion prior to trial before the court in which the charge is pending, request such a chemical analysis. Upon such motion, the court shall order that the analysis be performed by the Department of Forensic Science in accordance with the provisions of § 18.2-247 3.2-4197 and shall prescribe in its order the method of custody, transfer, and return of evidence submitted for chemical analysis.

- 4447 § 19.2-215.1. Functions of a multi-jurisdiction grand jury.
- 4448 The functions of a multi-jurisdiction grand jury are:
- **4449** 1. To investigate any condition that involves or tends to promote criminal violations of:
- 4450 a. Title 10.1 for which punishment as a felony is authorized;
- **4451** b. § 13.1-520;
- **4452** c. §§ 18.2-47 and 18.2-48;
- **4453** d. §§ 18.2-111 and 18.2-112;
- 4454 e. Article 6 (§ 18.2-59 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- 4455 f. Article 7.1 (§ 18.2-152.1 et seq.) of Chapter 5 of Title 18.2;
- 4456 g. Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) and Article 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2;
- 4457 h. Article 1 (§ 18.2-325 et seq.) and Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2,
- 4458 Chapter 29 (§ 59.1-364 et seq.) of Title 59.1 or any other provision prohibiting, limiting, regulating, or otherwise affecting gaming or gambling activity;
- 4460 i. § 18.2-434, when violations occur before a multi-jurisdiction grand jury;
- **4461** j. Article 2 (§ 18.2-438 et seq.) and Article 3 (§ 18.2-446 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of Title 18.2;
- 4462 k. § 18.2-460 for which punishment as a felony is authorized;
- **4463** 1. Article 1.1 (§ 18.2-498.1 et seq.) of Chapter 12 of Title 18.2;
- 4464 m. Article 1 (§ 32.1-310 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 32.1;
- 4465 n. Chapter 4.2 (§ 59.1-68.6 et seq.) of Title 59.1;
- 4466 o. Article 9 (§ 3.2-6570 et seq.) of Chapter 65 of Title 3.2;
- 4467 p. Article 1 (§ 18.2-30 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- **4468** q. Article 2.1 (§ 18.2-46.1 et seq.) and Article 2.2 (§ 18.2-46.4 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- 4469 r. Article 5 (§ 18.2-186 et seq.) and Article 6 (§ 18.2-191 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 18.2;
- 4470 s. Chapter 6.1 (§ 59.1-92.1 et seq.) of Title 59.1;
- t. § 18.2-178 where the violation involves insurance fraud;
- 4472 u. § 18.2-346, 18.2-348, or 18.2-349 for which punishment as a felony is authorized or § 18.2-355,
- **4473** 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 18.2-357.1;
- 4474 v. Article 9 (§ 18.2-246.1 et seq.) of Chapter 6 of Title 18.2;
- 4475 w. Article 2 (§ 18.2-38 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- 4476 x. Malicious felonious assault and malicious bodily wounding under Article 4 (§ 18.2-51 et seq.) of 4477 Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- 4478 y. Article 5 (§ 18.2-58 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- 4479 z. Felonious sexual assault under Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2;
- **4480** aa. Arson in violation of § 18.2-77 when the structure burned was occupied or a Class 3 felony violation of § 18.2-79;
- 4482 ab. Chapter 13 (§ 18.2-512 et seq.) of Title 18.2;
- 4483 ac. § 18.2-246.14 and Chapter 10 (§ 58.1-1000 et seq.) of Title 58.1;
- 4484 ad. Subsection A or B of § 18.2-57 where the victim was selected because of his race, religious conviction, gender, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, color, or national origin;

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4486 ae. § 18.2-121 for which punishment as a felony is authorized;

4487 af. Article 5 (§ 18.2-420 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 18.2; and

4488 ag. Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2; and

4489 *ah.* Any other provision of law when such condition is discovered in the course of an investigation 4490 that a multi-jurisdiction grand jury is otherwise authorized to undertake and to investigate any condition 4491 that involves or tends to promote any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate the laws enumerated 4492 in this section.

4493 2. To report evidence of any criminal offense enumerated in subdivision 1 and for which a court 4494 reporter has recorded all oral testimony as provided by § 19.2-215.9 to the attorney for the Commonwealth or United States attorney of any jurisdiction where such offense could be prosecuted or 4495 4496 investigated, or to the chief law-enforcement officer of any jurisdiction where such offense could be 4497 prosecuted or investigated, or to a sworn investigator designated pursuant to § 19.2-215.6, or, when 4498 appropriate, to the Attorney General.

4499 3. To consider bills of indictment prepared by a special counsel to determine whether there is 4500 sufficient probable cause to return each such indictment as a "true bill." Only bills of indictment which 4501 that allege an offense enumerated in subdivision 1 may be submitted to a multi-jurisdiction grand jury.

4502 4. The provisions of this section shall not abrogate the authority of an attorney for the 4503 Commonwealth in a particular jurisdiction to determine the course of a prosecution in that jurisdiction. 4504

§ 19.2-291.1. Report of conviction of school employees for certain offenses.

4505 The clerk of any circuit court or any district court in the Commonwealth shall report to the 4506 Superintendent of Public Instruction and the division superintendent of any employing school division the conviction of any person, known by such clerk to hold a license issued by the Board of Education, 4507 4508 for any felony involving the sexual molestation, physical or sexual abuse, or rape of a child or involving drugs pursuant to Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et 4509 4510 seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2.

§ 19.2-299. Investigations and reports by probation officers in certain cases.

4512 A. When a person is tried in a circuit court (i) upon a charge of assault and battery in violation of 4513 § 18.2-57 or 18.2-57.2, stalking in violation of § 18.2-60.3, sexual battery in violation of § 18.2-67.4, attempted sexual battery in violation of § 18.2-67.5, or driving while intoxicated in violation of 4514 4515 § 18.2-266, and is adjudged guilty of such charge, unless waived by the court and the defendant and the 4516 attorney for the Commonwealth, the court may, or on motion of the defendant shall; or (ii) upon a 4517 felony charge not set forth in subdivision (iii) below, the court may when there is a plea agreement 4518 between the defendant and the Commonwealth and shall, unless waived by the defendant and the 4519 attorney for the Commonwealth, when the defendant pleads guilty or nolo contendere without a plea 4520 agreement or is found guilty by the court after a plea of not guilty or nolo contendere; or (iii) the court 4521 shall when a person is charged and adjudged guilty of a felony violation, or conspiracy to commit or attempt to commit a felony violation, of § 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3, 18.2-48, clause (2) or (3) of § 18.2-49, 4522 § 18.2-61, 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, 18.2-64.2, 18.2-67.1, 18.2-67.2, 18.2-67.3, 18.2-67.4:1, 18.2-67.5, 4523 4524 18.2-67.5:1, 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, 18.2-361, 18.2-362, 18.2-366, 18.2-368, 18.2-370, 18.2-370.1, 4525 or 18.2-370.2, or any attempt to commit or conspiracy to commit any felony violation of § 18.2-67.5, 18.2-67.5:2, or 18.2-67.5:3, direct a probation officer of such court to thoroughly investigate and report 4526 4527 upon the history of the accused, including a report of the accused's criminal record as an adult and 4528 available juvenile court records, any information regarding the accused's participation or membership in 4529 a criminal street gang as defined in § 18.2-46.1, and all other relevant facts, to fully advise the court so 4530 the court may determine the appropriate sentence to be imposed. Unless the defendant or the attorney 4531 for the Commonwealth objects, the court may order that the report contain no more than the defendant's criminal history, any history of substance abuse, any physical or health-related problems as may be 4532 pertinent, and any applicable sentencing guideline worksheets. This expedited report shall be subject to 4533 4534 all the same procedures as all other sentencing reports and sentencing guidelines worksheets. The 4535 probation officer, after having furnished a copy of this report at least five days prior to sentencing to 4536 counsel for the accused and the attorney for the Commonwealth for their permanent use, shall submit his 4537 report in advance of the sentencing hearing to the judge in chambers, who shall keep such report 4538 confidential. Counsel for the accused may provide the accused with a copy of the presentence report. 4539 The probation officer shall be available to testify from this report in open court in the presence of the 4540 accused, who shall have been provided with a copy of the presentence report by his counsel or advised 4541 of its contents and be given the right to cross-examine the investigating officer as to any matter 4542 contained therein and to present any additional facts bearing upon the matter. The report of the 4543 investigating officer shall at all times be kept confidential by each recipient, and shall be filed as a part 4544 of the record in the case. Any report so filed shall be made available only by court order and shall be 4545 sealed upon final order by the court, except that such reports or copies thereof shall be available at any 4546 time to any criminal justice agency, as defined in § 9.1-101, of this or any other state or of the United 4547 States; to any agency where the accused is referred for treatment by the court or by probation and

4548 parole services; and to counsel for any person who has been indicted jointly for the same felony as the 4549 person subject to the report. Subject to the limitations set forth in § 37.2-901, any report prepared 4550 pursuant to the provisions hereof shall without court order be made available to counsel for the person 4551 who is the subject of the report if that person (a) is charged with a felony subsequent to the time of the 4552 preparation of the report or (b) has been convicted of the crime or crimes for which the report was 4553 prepared and is pursuing a post-conviction remedy. Such report shall be made available for review 4554 without a court order to incarcerated persons who are eligible for release by the Virginia Parole Board, 4555 or such person's counsel, pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Virginia Parole Board for that 4556 purpose. The presentence report shall be in a form prescribed by the Department of Corrections. In all 4557 cases where such report is not ordered, a simplified report shall be prepared on a form prescribed by the 4558 Department of Corrections. For the purposes of this subsection, information regarding the accused's participation or membership in a criminal street gang may include the characteristics, specific rivalries, 4559 4560 common practices, social customs and behavior, terminology, and types of crimes that are likely to be 4561 committed by that criminal street gang.

B. As a part of any presentence investigation conducted pursuant to subsection A when the offense for which the defendant was convicted was a felony, the court probation officer shall advise any victim of such offense in writing that he may submit to the Virginia Parole Board a written request (i) to be given the opportunity to submit to the Board a written statement in advance of any parole hearing describing the impact of the offense upon him and his opinion regarding the defendant's release and (ii) to receive copies of such other notifications pertaining to the defendant as the Board may provide pursuant to subsection B of § 53.1-155.

4569 C. As part of any presentence investigation conducted pursuant to subsection A when the offense for which the defendant was convicted was a felony drug offense set forth in *Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.)* of *Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or* Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, the presentence report shall include any known association of the defendant with illicit drug operations or markets.

 D. As a part of any presentence investigation conducted pursuant to subsection A, when the offense for which the defendant was convicted was a felony, not a capital offense, committed on or after January 1, 2000, the defendant shall be required to undergo a substance abuse screening pursuant to § 18.2-251.01.

4577 § 19.2-299.2. Alcohol and substance abuse screening and assessment for designated Class 1 4578 misdemeanor convictions.

4579 A. When a person is convicted of any offense committed on or after January 1, 2000, under Article 7 4580 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or Article 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, and such offense is punishable as a Class 1 4581 4582 misdemeanor, or when a person is convicted for a second offense of petit larceny, the court shall order 4583 the person to undergo a substance abuse screening as part of the sentence if the defendant's sentence includes probation supervision by a local community-based probation services agency established 4584 pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1 or participation in a local alcohol 4585 4586 safety action program. Whenever a court requires a person to enter into and successfully complete an 4587 alcohol safety action program pursuant to § 18.2-271.1 for a second offense of the type described 4588 therein, or orders an evaluation of a person to be conducted by an alcohol safety action program 4589 pursuant to any provision of § 46.2-391, the alcohol safety action program shall assess such person's 4590 degree of alcohol abuse before determining the appropriate level of treatment to be provided or to be 4591 recommended for such person being evaluated pursuant to § 46.2-391.

The court may order such screening upon conviction as part of the sentence of any other Class 1
misdemeanor if the defendant's sentence includes probation supervision by a local community-based
probation services agency established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1,
participation in a local alcohol safety action program or any other sanction and the court has reason to
believe the defendant has a substance abuse or dependence problem.

4597 B. A substance abuse screening ordered pursuant to this section shall be conducted by the local alcohol safety action program. When an offender is ordered to enter local community-based probation services established pursuant to Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1, rather than the local alcohol safety action program, the local community-based probation services agency shall be responsible for the screening. However, if a local community-based probation services agency has not been established for the locality, the local alcohol safety action program shall conduct the screening as part of the sentence.

4604 C. If the screening indicates that the person has a substance abuse or dependence problem, an
 4605 assessment shall be completed and if the assessment confirms that the person has a substance abuse or
 4606 dependence problem, as a condition of a suspended sentence and probation, the court shall order the
 4607 person to complete the substance abuse education and intervention component, or both as appropriate, of
 4608 the local alcohol safety action program or such other agency providing treatment programs or services, if

available, such as in the opinion of the court would be best suited to the needs of the person. If thereferral is to the local alcohol safety action program, the program may charge a fee for the educationand intervention component, or both, not to exceed \$300, based upon the defendant's ability to pay.

4612 § 19.2-303.01. Reduction of sentence; substantial assistance to prosecution.

4613 Notwithstanding any other provision of law or rule of court, upon motion of the attorney for the 4614 Commonwealth, the sentencing court may reduce the defendant's sentence if the defendant, after entry of 4615 the final judgment order, provided substantial assistance in investigating or prosecuting another person 4616 for (i) an act of violence as defined in § 19.2-297.1, an act of larceny of a firearm in violation of \$ 18.2-95, or any violation of \$ 3.2-4164 or 3.2-4166, subsection B of \$ 3.2-4167, or \$ 3.2-4168, 3.2-4170, 3.2-4171, 3.2-4172, 3.2-4175, 3.2-4190, 3.2-4191, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.02, 18.2-248.03, $\frac{18.2-248.1}{18.2-248.1}$, 18.2-248.5, 18.2-251.2, 18.2-255, 18.2-255, 18.2-258, 4617 4618 4619 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, or 18.2-258.2, or any substantially similar offense in any other jurisdiction, 4620 4621 which offense would be a felony if committed in the Commonwealth; (ii) a conspiracy to commit any of 4622 the offenses listed in clause (i); or (iii) violations as a principal in the second degree or accessory before 4623 the fact of any of the offenses listed in clause (i). In determining whether the defendant has provided 4624 substantial assistance pursuant to the provisions of this section, the court shall consider (a) the court's 4625 evaluation of the significance and usefulness of the defendant's assistance, taking into consideration the 4626 Commonwealth's evaluation of the assistance rendered; (b) the truthfulness, completeness, and reliability 4627 of any information or testimony provided by the defendant; (c) the nature and extent of the defendant's 4628 assistance; (d) any injury suffered or any danger or risk of injury to the defendant or his family resulting 4629 from his assistance; and (e) the timeliness of the defendant's assistance. If the motion is made more than 4630 one year after entry of the final judgment order, the court may reduce a sentence only if the defendant's 4631 substantial assistance involved (1) information not known to the defendant until more than one year after entry of the final judgment order, (2) information provided by the defendant within one year of entry of 4632 4633 the final judgment order but that did not become useful to the Commonwealth until more than one year 4634 after entry of the final judgment order, or (3) information the usefulness of which could not reasonably 4635 have been anticipated by the defendant until more than one year after entry of the final judgment order 4636 and which was promptly provided to the Commonwealth by the defendant after its usefulness was 4637 reasonably apparent.

4638 § 19.2-386.22. Seizure of property used in connection with or derived from illegal drug 4639 transactions.

4640 A. The following property shall be subject to lawful seizure by any officer charged with enforcing 4641 the provisions of Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et 4642 seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2: (i) all money, medical equipment, office equipment, laboratory equipment, motor vehicles, and all other personal and real property of any kind or character, used in 4643 substantial connection with (a) the illegal manufacture, sale or distribution of controlled substances or 4644 4645 possession with intent to sell or distribute controlled substances in violation of § 18.2-248, (b) the sale 4646 or distribution of marijuana or possession with intent to distribute marijuana in violation of § 3.2-4164 4647 or subdivisions (a)(2), (a)(3) and (c) of § 18.2-248.1 B 2 or 3 of § 3.2-4166, or (c) a drug-related offense in violation of § 18.2-474.1; (ii) everything of value furnished, or intended to be furnished, in 4648 4649 exchange for a controlled substance in violation of § 18.2-248 or for marijuana in violation of § 4650 18.2-248.1 3.2-4166 or for a controlled substance or marijuana in violation of § 18.2-474.1; and (iii) all 4651 moneys or other property, real or personal, traceable to such an exchange, together with any interest or 4652 profits derived from the investment of such money or other property. Under the provisions of clause (i), 4653 real property shall not be subject to lawful seizure unless the minimum prescribed punishment for the 4654 violation is a term of not less than five years.

4655 B. All seizures and forfeitures under this section shall be governed by the procedures contained in Chapter 22.1 (§ 19.2-386.1 et seq.).

4657 § 19.2-386.23. Disposal of seized controlled substances, marijuana, drug paraphernalia, and 4658 marijuana paraphernalia.

A. All controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, marijuana, or *drug* paraphernalia, or *marijuana paraphernalia*, the lawful possession of which is not established or the title to which cannot be ascertained, which have come into the custody of a peace officer or have been seized in connection with violations of *Article 7* (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of *Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or* Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 18.2, shall be forfeited and disposed of as follows:

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1. Upon written application by (i) the Department of Forensic Science, (ii) the Department of State
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4671 2. In the event no application is made under subdivision 1, the court shall order the destruction of all 4672 such substances or, drug paraphernalia, or marijuana paraphernalia, which order shall state the 4673 existence and nature of the substance or, drug paraphernalia, or marijuana paraphernalia, the quantity 4674 thereof, the location where seized, the person or persons from whom the substance or, drug 4675 paraphernalia, or marijuana paraphernalia was seized, if known, and the manner whereby such item 4676 shall be destroyed. However, the court may order that paraphernalia identified in subdivision 5 of 4677 § 18.2-265.1 not be destroyed and that it be given to a person or entity that makes a showing to the 4678 court of sufficient need for the property and an ability to put the property to a lawful and publicly 4679 beneficial use. A return under oath, reporting the time, place, and manner of destruction shall be made to the court by the officer to whom the order is directed. A copy of the order and affidavit shall be 4680 4681 made a part of the record of any criminal prosecution in which the substance Θ , drug paraphernalia, or 4682 marijuana paraphernalia was used as evidence and shall, thereafter, be prima facie evidence of its 4683 contents. In the event a law-enforcement agency recovers, seizes, finds, is given, or otherwise comes 4684 into possession of any such substances or, drug paraphernalia, or marijuana paraphernalia that are not 4685 evidence in a trial in the Commonwealth, the chief law-enforcement officer of the agency or his 4686 designee may, with the written consent of the appropriate attorney for the Commonwealth, order 4687 destruction of same; provided that a statement under oath, reporting a description of the substances 4688 and *drug or marijuana* paraphernalia destroyed and the time, place and manner of destruction, is made to 4689 the chief law-enforcement officer by the officer to whom the order is directed.

B. No such substance of *drug* paraphernalia, or marijuana paraphernalia used or to be used in a criminal prosecution under Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 18.2 shall be disposed of as provided by this section until all rights of appeal have been exhausted, except as provided in § 19.2-386.24.

4694 C. The amount of any specific controlled substance, or imitation controlled substance, retained by
4695 any law-enforcement agency pursuant to a court order issued under this section shall not exceed five
4696 pounds, or 25 pounds in the case of marijuana. Any written application to the court for controlled
4697 substances, imitation controlled substances, or marijuana, shall certify that the amount requested shall
4698 not result in the requesting agency's exceeding the limits allowed by this subsection.

4699 D. A law-enforcement agency that retains any controlled substance, imitation controlled substance, or 4700 marijuana, pursuant to a court order issued under this section shall (i) be required to conduct an 4701 inventory of such substance on a monthly basis, which shall include a description and weight of the 4702 substance, and (ii) destroy such substance pursuant to subdivision A 1 when no longer needed for 4703 research and training purposes. A written report outlining the details of the inventory shall be made to 4704 the chief law-enforcement officer of the agency within 10 days of the completion of the inventory, and 4705 the agency shall detail the substances that were used for research and training pursuant to a court order 4706 in the immediately preceding fiscal year. Destruction of such substance shall be certified to the court 4707 along with a statement prepared under oath, reporting a description of the substance destroyed, and the 4708 time, place, and manner of destruction.

§ 19.2-386.24. Destruction of seized controlled substances or marijuana prior to trial.

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Where seizures of controlled substances or marijuana are made in excess of 10 pounds in connection
with any prosecution or investigation under *Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or*Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Title 18.2, the appropriate law-enforcement agency may retain 10
pounds of the substance randomly selected from the seized substance for representative purposes as
evidence and destroy the remainder of the seized substance.

4715 Before any destruction is carried out under this section, the law-enforcement agency shall cause the 4716 material seized to be photographed with identification case numbers or other means of identification and 4717 shall prepare a report identifying the seized material. It shall also notify the accused, or other interested 4718 party, if known, or his attorney, at least five days in advance that the photography will take place and 4719 that they may be present. Prior to any destruction under this section, the law-enforcement agency shall 4720 also notify the accused or other interested party, if known, and his attorney at least seven days prior to 4721 the destruction of the time and place the destruction will occur. Any notice required under the 4722 provisions of this section shall be by first-class mail to the last known address of the person required to 4723 be notified. In addition to the substance retained for representative purposes as evidence, all photographs 4724 and records made under this section and properly identified shall be admissible in any court proceeding 4725 for any purposes for which the seized substance itself would have been admissible.

4726 § 19.2-386.25. Judge may order law-enforcement agency to maintain custody of controlled 4727 substances, etc.

4728 Upon request of the clerk of any court, a judge of the court may order a law-enforcement agency to take into its custody or to maintain custody of substantial quantities of any controlled substances, imitation controlled substances, chemicals, marijuana, or paraphernalia used or to be used in a criminal prosecution under *Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or* Chapter 7 (§ 18.2-247 et

4732 seq.) of Title 18.2. The court in its order may make provision for ensuring integrity of these items until 4733 further order of the court.

4734 § 19.2-386.28. Forfeiture of weapons that are concealed, possessed, transported or carried in 4735 violation of law.

4736 Any firearm, stun weapon as defined by § 18.2-308.1, or any weapon concealed, possessed, 4737 transported or carried in violation of § 3.2-4173, 18.2-283.1, 18.2-287.01, 18.2-287.4, 18.2-308.1:2, 4738 18.2-308.1:3, 18.2-308.1:4, 18.2-308.2, 18.2-308.2:01, 18.2-308.2:1, 18.2-308.4, 18.2-308.5, 18.2-308.7, 4739 or 18.2-308.8 shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth and disposed of as provided in § 19.2-386.29.

4740 § 19.2-389. (Effective until January 1, 2021) Dissemination of criminal history record 4741 information.

4742 A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an 4743 intermediary, only to:

4744 1. Authorized officers or employees of criminal justice agencies, as defined by § 9.1-101, for 4745 purposes of the administration of criminal justice and the screening of an employment application or 4746 review of employment by a criminal justice agency with respect to its own employees or applicants, and 4747 dissemination to the Virginia Parole Board, pursuant to this subdivision, of such information on all 4748 state-responsible inmates for the purpose of making parole determinations pursuant to subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 of § 53.1-136 shall include collective dissemination by electronic means every 30 days. For 4749 4750 purposes of this subdivision, criminal history record information includes information sent to the Central 4751 Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to §§ 37.2-819 and 64.2-2014 when disseminated to any full-time 4752 or part-time employee of the State Police, a police department or sheriff's office that is a part of or 4753 administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic, or highway laws of the 4754 4755 Commonwealth for the purposes of the administration of criminal justice;

4756 2. Such other individuals and agencies that require criminal history record information to implement a state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor that 4757 4758 expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or exclusions expressly based upon such 4759 conduct, except that information concerning the arrest of an individual may not be disseminated to a 4760 noncriminal justice agency or individual if an interval of one year has elapsed from the date of the 4761 arrest and no disposition of the charge has been recorded and no active prosecution of the charge is 4762 pending:

4763 3. Individuals and agencies pursuant to a specific agreement with a criminal justice agency to provide 4764 services required for the administration of criminal justice pursuant to that agreement which shall 4765 specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to purposes for which given, and ensure the 4766 security and confidentiality of the data;

4767 4. Individuals and agencies for the express purpose of research, evaluative, or statistical activities 4768 pursuant to an agreement with a criminal justice agency that shall specifically authorize access to data, 4769 limit the use of data to research, evaluative, or statistical purposes, and ensure the confidentiality and 4770 security of the data;

4771 5. Agencies of state or federal government that are authorized by state or federal statute or executive 4772 order of the President of the United States or Governor to conduct investigations determining 4773 employment suitability or eligibility for security clearances allowing access to classified information; 4774

6. Individuals and agencies where authorized by court order or court rule;

4775 7. Agencies of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, public transportation companies 4776 owned, operated or controlled by any political subdivision, and any public service corporation that operates a public transit system owned by a local government for the conduct of investigations of 4777 applicants for employment, permit, or license whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety, it is 4778 necessary to determine under a duly enacted ordinance if the past criminal conduct of a person with a 4779 4780 conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment, permit, or license under 4781 consideration;

7a. Commissions created pursuant to the Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) of 4782 4783 Title 33.2 and their contractors, for the conduct of investigations of individuals who have been offered a 4784 position of employment whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety and as authorized in the Transportation District Act of 1964, it is necessary to determine if the past criminal conduct of a person 4785 4786 with a conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment under consideration;

4787 8. Public or private agencies when authorized or required by federal or state law or interstate 4788 compact to investigate (i) applicants for foster or adoptive parenthood or (ii) any individual, and the adult members of that individual's household, with whom the agency is considering placing a child or 4789 4790 from whom the agency is considering removing a child due to abuse or neglect, on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to §§ 63.2-901.1 and 63.2-1505, subject to the restriction that 4791 4792 the data shall not be further disseminated to any party other than a federal or state authority or court as 4793 may be required to comply with an express requirement of law;

4794 9. To the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, public service companies as defined in
4795 § 56-1, for the conduct of investigations of applicants for employment when such employment involves
4796 personal contact with the public or when past criminal conduct of an applicant would be incompatible
4797 with the nature of the employment under consideration;

10. The appropriate authority for purposes of granting citizenship and for purposes of internationaltravel, including, but not limited to, issuing visas and passports;

11. A person requesting a copy of his own criminal history record information as defined in § 9.1-101 at his cost, except that criminal history record information shall be supplied at no charge to a person who has applied to be a volunteer with (i) a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of America; (ii) a volunteer fire company; (iii) the Volunteer Emergency Families for Children; (iv) any affiliate of Prevent Child Abuse, Virginia; (v) any Virginia affiliate of Compeer; or (vi) any board member or any individual who has been offered membership on the board of a Crime Stoppers, Crime Solvers or Crime Line program as defined in § 15.2-1713.1;

4807 12. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child 4808 welfare agency as defined in § 63.2-100 for dissemination to the Commissioner of Social Services' 4809 representative pursuant to § 63.2-1702 for the conduct of investigations with respect to employees of and 4810 volunteers at such facilities, caretakers, and other adults living in family day homes or homes approved 4811 by family day systems, and foster and adoptive parent applicants of private child-placing agencies, 4812 pursuant to §§ 63.2-1719, 63.2-1720, 63.2-1720.1, 63.2-1721, and 63.2-1721.1, subject to the restriction 4813 that the data shall not be further disseminated by the facility or agency to any party other than the data 4814 subject, the Commissioner of Social Services' representative or a federal or state authority or court as 4815 may be required to comply with an express requirement of law for such further dissemination;

4816 13. The school boards of the Commonwealth for the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or who accept public school employment and those current school board employees for whom a report of arrest has been made pursuant to § 19.2-83.1;

4819 14. The Virginia Lottery for the conduct of investigations as set forth in the Virginia Lottery Law
4820 (§ 58.1-4000 et seq.) and casino gaming as set forth in Chapter 41 (§ 58.1-4100 et seq.) of Title 58.1, and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the conduct of investigations as set forth in *Article 1* (§ 3.2-4122 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 and Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2;

4824 15. Licensed nursing homes, hospitals and home care organizations for the conduct of investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed nursing homes pursuant to § 32.1-126.01, hospital pharmacies pursuant to § 32.1-126.02, and home care organizations pursuant to § 32.1-162.9:1, subject to the limitations set out in subsection E;

4828 16. Licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers for the conduct of investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers pursuant to § 63.2-1720, subject to the limitations set out in subsection F; 17. The Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority for the conduct of investigations as set forth in § 4.1-103.1;

18. The State Board of Elections and authorized officers and employees thereof and general registrars appointed pursuant to § 24.2-110 in the course of conducting necessary investigations with respect to voter registration, limited to any record of felony convictions;

19. The Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for those individuals who are committed to the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to §§ 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.6, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.3, 19.2-182.8, and 19.2-182.9 for the purpose of placement, evaluation, and treatment planning; 20. Any alcohol safety action program certified by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program for (i) assessments of habitual offenders under § 46.2-360, (ii) interventions with first offenders under § 18.2-251, or (iii) services to offenders under § 18.2-266, or 18.2-266.1;

4842 21. Residential facilities for juveniles regulated or operated by the Department of Social Services, the
4843 Department of Education, or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the
4844 purpose of determining applicants' fitness for employment or for providing volunteer or contractual
4845 services;

4846 22. The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and facilities operated by the
4847 Department for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to
4848 departmental instructions;

4849 23. Pursuant to § 22.1-296.3, the governing boards or administrators of private elementary or secondary schools which are accredited pursuant to § 22.1-19 or a private organization coordinating such records information on behalf of such governing boards or administrators pursuant to a written agreement with the Department of State Police;

4853 24. Public institutions of higher education and nonprofit private institutions of higher education for4854 the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or accept employment;

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4855 25. Members of a threat assessment team established by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-79.4,
4856 by a public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805, or by a private nonprofit institution of higher education, for the purpose of assessing or intervening with an individual whose behavior may present a threat to safety; however, no member of a threat assessment team shall redisclose any criminal history record information obtained pursuant to this section or otherwise use any record of an individual beyond the purpose that such disclosure was made to the threat assessment team;

4861 26. Executive directors of community services boards or the personnel director serving the community services board for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider, or permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver pursuant to \$\$ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

4866 27. Executive directors of behavioral health authorities as defined in § 37.2-600 for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider, or permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

4870 28. The Commissioner of Social Services for the purpose of locating persons who owe child support4871 or who are alleged in a pending paternity proceeding to be a putative father, provided that only the4872 name, address, demographics and social security number of the data subject shall be released;

4873 29. Authorized officers or directors of agencies licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of 4874 Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the 4875 purpose of determining if any applicant who accepts employment in any direct care position or requests 4876 approval as a sponsored residential service provider or permission to enter into a shared living 4877 arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver has been convicted 4878 of a crime that affects his fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of individuals with 4879 mental illness, intellectual disability, or substance abuse pursuant to §§ 37.2-416, 37.2-506, and 37.2-607; 4880

4881 30. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, for the purpose of evaluating applicants
4882 for and holders of a motor carrier certificate or license subject to the provisions of Chapters 20
4883 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) and 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 46.2;

4884 31. The chairmen of the Committees for Courts of Justice of the Senate or the House of Delegates
4885 for the purpose of determining if any person being considered for election to any judgeship has been convicted of a crime;

4887 32. Heads of state agencies in which positions have been identified as sensitive for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment in positions designated as sensitive under Department of Human Resource Management policies developed pursuant to § 2.2-1201.1;

4890 33. The Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under
4891 subdivision A 1 and for purposes of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually
4892 Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

4893 34. Shipyards, to the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, engaged in the design, construction, overhaul, or repair of nuclear vessels for the United States Navy, including their subsidiary companies, for the conduct of investigations of applications for employment or for access to facilities, by contractors, leased laborers, and other visitors;

4897 35. Any employer of individuals whose employment requires that they enter the homes of others, for4898 the purpose of screening individuals who apply for, are offered, or have accepted such employment;

36. Public agencies when and as required by federal or state law to investigate (i) applicants as
providers of adult foster care and home-based services or (ii) any individual with whom the agency is
considering placing an adult on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to § 63.2-1601.1,
subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the agency to any party other
than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of
law for such further dissemination, subject to limitations set out in subsection G;

4905 37. The Department of Medical Assistance Services, or its designee, for the purpose of screening
4906 individuals who, through contracts, subcontracts, or direct employment, volunteer, apply for, are offered,
4907 or have accepted a position related to the provision of transportation services to enrollees in the
4908 Medicaid Program or the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Program, or any other
4909 program administered by the Department of Medical Assistance Services;

4910 38. The State Corporation Commission for the purpose of investigating individuals who are current
4911 or proposed members, senior officers, directors, and principals of an applicant or person licensed under
4912 Chapter 16 (§ 6.2-1600 et seq.) or Chapter 19 (§ 6.2-1900 et seq.) of Title 6.2. Notwithstanding any
4913 other provision of law, if an application is denied based in whole or in part on information obtained
4914 from the Central Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to Chapter 16 or 19 of Title 6.2, the
4915 Commissioner of Financial Institutions or his designee may disclose such information to the applicant or
4916 its designee;

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4917 39. The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation for the purpose of investigating 4918 individuals for initial licensure pursuant to § 54.1-2106.1;

4919 40. The Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services and the Department for the Blind and 4920 Vision Impaired for the purpose of evaluating an individual's fitness for various types of employment 4921 and for the purpose of delivering comprehensive vocational rehabilitation services pursuant to Article 11

4922 (§ 51.5-170 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 that will assist the individual in obtaining employment;

4923 41. Bail bondsmen, in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-120;

4924 42. The State Treasurer for the purpose of determining whether a person receiving compensation for 4925 wrongful incarceration meets the conditions for continued compensation under § 8.01-195.12;

4926 43. The Department of Social Services and directors of local departments of social services for the 4927 purpose of screening individuals seeking to enter into a contract with the Department of Social Services 4928 or a local department of social services for the provision of child care services for which child care 4929 subsidy payments may be provided;

4930 44. The Department of Juvenile Justice to investigate any parent, guardian, or other adult members of 4931 a juvenile's household when completing a predispositional or postdispositional report required by §

4932 16.1-273 or a Board of Juvenile Justice regulation promulgated pursuant to § 16.1-233; and 4933

45. Other entities as otherwise provided by law.

4934 Upon an ex parte motion of a defendant in a felony case and upon the showing that the records 4935 requested may be relevant to such case, the court shall enter an order requiring the Central Criminal 4936 Records Exchange to furnish the defendant, as soon as practicable, copies of any records of persons 4937 designated in the order on whom a report has been made under the provisions of this chapter.

4938 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, upon a written request sworn to 4939 before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the 4940 criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish a 4941 copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the person making the request; 4942 however, such person on whom the data is being obtained shall consent in writing, under oath, to the 4943 making of such request. A person receiving a copy of his own conviction data may utilize or further 4944 disseminate that data as he deems appropriate. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the data 4945 subject, the person making the request shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect.

4946 B. Use of criminal history record information disseminated to noncriminal justice agencies under this 4947 section shall be limited to the purposes for which it was given and may not be disseminated further.

4948 C. No criminal justice agency or person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal 4949 history record information for employment or licensing inquiries except as provided by law.

4950 D. Criminal justice agencies shall establish procedures to query the Central Criminal Records 4951 Exchange prior to dissemination of any criminal history record information on offenses required to be 4952 reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to ensure that the most up-to-date disposition data is 4953 being used. Inquiries of the Exchange shall be made prior to any dissemination except in those cases 4954 where time is of the essence and the normal response time of the Exchange would exceed the necessary 4955 time period. A criminal justice agency to whom a request has been made for the dissemination of 4956 criminal history record information that is required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records 4957 Exchange may direct the inquirer to the Central Criminal Records Exchange for such dissemination. 4958 Dissemination of information regarding offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange shall be 4959 made by the criminal justice agency maintaining the record as required by § 15.2-1722.

4960 E. Criminal history information provided to licensed nursing homes, hospitals and to home care 4961 organizations pursuant to subdivision A 15 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense specified in §§ 32.1-126.01, 32.1-126.02, and 32.1-162.9:1. 4962

4963 F. Criminal history information provided to licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day 4964 care centers pursuant to subdivision A 16 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange 4965 for any offense specified in § 63.2-1720.

4966 G. Criminal history information provided to public agencies pursuant to subdivision A 36 shall be 4967 limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense set forth in clause (i) of the 4968 definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02.

4969 H. Upon receipt of a written request from an employer or prospective employer, the Central Criminal 4970 Records Exchange, or the criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the 4971 Exchange, shall furnish at the employer's cost a copy of conviction data covering the person named in 4972 the request to the employer or prospective employer making the request, provided that the person on 4973 whom the data is being obtained has consented in writing to the making of such request and has 4974 presented a photo-identification to the employer or prospective employer. In the event no conviction data 4975 is maintained on the person named in the request, the requesting employer or prospective employer shall 4976 be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect. The criminal history record search shall be 4977 conducted on forms provided by the Exchange.

4978 I. Nothing in this section shall preclude the dissemination of a person's criminal history record 4979 information pursuant to the rules of court for obtaining discovery or for review by the court.

4980 § 19.2-389. (Effective January 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2021) Dissemination of criminal history 4981 record information.

4982 A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an 4983 intermediary, only to:

4984 1. Authorized officers or employees of criminal justice agencies, as defined by § 9.1-101, for 4985 purposes of the administration of criminal justice and the screening of an employment application or 4986 review of employment by a criminal justice agency with respect to its own employees or applicants, and 4987 dissemination to the Virginia Parole Board, pursuant to this subdivision, of such information on all 4988 state-responsible inmates for the purpose of making parole determinations pursuant to subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 of § 53.1-136 shall include collective dissemination by electronic means every 30 days. For 4989 4990 purposes of this subdivision, criminal history record information includes information sent to the Central 4991 Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to §§ 37.2-819 and 64.2-2014 when disseminated to any full-time 4992 or part-time employee of the State Police, a police department or sheriff's office that is a part of or 4993 administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is responsible for the 4994 prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the 4995 Commonwealth for the purposes of the administration of criminal justice;

4996 2. Such other individuals and agencies that require criminal history record information to implement 4997 a state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor that 4998 expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or exclusions expressly based upon such 4999 conduct, except that information concerning the arrest of an individual may not be disseminated to a noncriminal justice agency or individual if an interval of one year has elapsed from the date of the 5000 arrest and no disposition of the charge has been recorded and no active prosecution of the charge is 5001 5002 pending:

5003 3. Individuals and agencies pursuant to a specific agreement with a criminal justice agency to provide 5004 services required for the administration of criminal justice pursuant to that agreement which shall 5005 specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to purposes for which given, and ensure the 5006 security and confidentiality of the data;

5007 4. Individuals and agencies for the express purpose of research, evaluative, or statistical activities 5008 pursuant to an agreement with a criminal justice agency that shall specifically authorize access to data, 5009 limit the use of data to research, evaluative, or statistical purposes, and ensure the confidentiality and 5010 security of the data;

5011 5. Agencies of state or federal government that are authorized by state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor to conduct investigations determining 5012 5013 employment suitability or eligibility for security clearances allowing access to classified information; 5014

6. Individuals and agencies where authorized by court order or court rule;

5015 7. Agencies of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, public transportation companies 5016 owned, operated or controlled by any political subdivision, and any public service corporation that operates a public transit system owned by a local government for the conduct of investigations of 5017 applicants for employment, permit, or license whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety, it is 5018 5019 necessary to determine under a duly enacted ordinance if the past criminal conduct of a person with a 5020 conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment, permit, or license under 5021 consideration;

5022 7a. Commissions created pursuant to the Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) of 5023 Title 33.2 and their contractors, for the conduct of investigations of individuals who have been offered a 5024 position of employment whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety and as authorized in the 5025 Transportation District Act of 1964, it is necessary to determine if the past criminal conduct of a person 5026 with a conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment under consideration;

5027 8. Public or private agencies when authorized or required by federal or state law or interstate 5028 compact to investigate (i) applicants for foster or adoptive parenthood or (ii) any individual, and the 5029 adult members of that individual's household, with whom the agency is considering placing a child or 5030 from whom the agency is considering removing a child due to abuse or neglect, on an emergency, 5031 temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to §§ 63.2-901.1 and 63.2-1505, subject to the restriction that 5032 the data shall not be further disseminated to any party other than a federal or state authority or court as 5033 may be required to comply with an express requirement of law;

5034 9. To the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, public service companies as defined in 5035 § 56-1, for the conduct of investigations of applicants for employment when such employment involves 5036 personal contact with the public or when past criminal conduct of an applicant would be incompatible 5037 with the nature of the employment under consideration;

10. The appropriate authority for purposes of granting citizenship and for purposes of international 5038 5039 travel, including, but not limited to, issuing visas and passports;

11. A person requesting a copy of his own criminal history record information as defined in
§ 9.1-101 at his cost, except that criminal history record information shall be supplied at no charge to a
person who has applied to be a volunteer with (i) a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of
America; (ii) a volunteer fire company; (iii) the Volunteer Emergency Families for Children; (iv) any
affiliate of Prevent Child Abuse, Virginia; (v) any Virginia affiliate of Compeer; or (vi) any board
member or any individual who has been offered membership on the board of a Crime Stoppers, Crime
Solvers or Crime Line program as defined in § 15.2-1713.1;

12. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child 5047 5048 welfare agency as defined in § 63.2-100 for dissemination to the Commissioner of Social Services' 5049 representative pursuant to § 63.2-1702 for the conduct of investigations with respect to employees of and 5050 volunteers at such facilities, caretakers, and other adults living in family day homes or homes approved 5051 by family day systems, and foster and adoptive parent applicants of private child-placing agencies, pursuant to §§ 63.2-1719, 63.2-1720, 63.2-1720.1, 63.2-1721, and 63.2-1721.1, subject to the restriction 5052 that the data shall not be further disseminated by the facility or agency to any party other than the data 5053 5054 subject, the Commissioner of Social Services' representative or a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of law for such further dissemination; 5055

5056 13. The school boards of the Commonwealth for the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or who accept public school employment and those current school board employees for whom a report of arrest has been made pursuant to § 19.2-83.1;

5059 14. The Virginia Lottery for the conduct of investigations as set forth in the Virginia Lottery Law (§ 58.1-4000 et seq.) and casino gaming as set forth in Chapter 41 (§ 58.1-4100 et seq.) of Title 58.1, and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the conduct of investigations as set forth in *Article 1* (§ 3.2-4122 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 and Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2;

5064 15. Licensed nursing homes, hospitals and home care organizations for the conduct of investigations
5065 of applicants for compensated employment in licensed nursing homes pursuant to § 32.1-126.01, hospital
5066 pharmacies pursuant to § 32.1-126.02, and home care organizations pursuant to § 32.1-162.9:1, subject
5067 to the limitations set out in subsection E;

5068 16. Licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers for the conduct of
5069 investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed assisted living facilities and
5070 licensed adult day care centers pursuant to § 63.2-1720, subject to the limitations set out in subsection F;

5071 17. The Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority for the conduct of investigations as set forth 5072 in § 4.1-103.1;

5073 18. The State Board of Elections and authorized officers and employees thereof and general registrars
5074 appointed pursuant to § 24.2-110 in the course of conducting necessary investigations with respect to
5075 voter registration, limited to any record of felony convictions;

5076 19. The Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for those individuals who are committed to the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to §§ 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.6, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.3, 19.2-182.8, and 19.2-182.9 for the purpose of placement, evaluation, and treatment planning; 20. Any alcohol safety action program certified by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety

5080 Action Program for (i) assessments of habitual offenders under § 46.2-360, (ii) interventions with first offenders under § 18.2-251, or (iii) services to offenders under § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 18.2-266.1;

5082 21. Residential facilities for juveniles regulated or operated by the Department of Social Services, the
5083 Department of Education, or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the
5084 purpose of determining applicants' fitness for employment or for providing volunteer or contractual
5085 services;

5086 22. The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and facilities operated by the
5087 Department for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to
5088 departmental instructions;

5089 23. Pursuant to § 22.1-296.3, the governing boards or administrators of private elementary or secondary schools which are accredited pursuant to § 22.1-19 or a private organization coordinating such records information on behalf of such governing boards or administrators pursuant to a written agreement with the Department of State Police;

5093 24. Public institutions of higher education and nonprofit private institutions of higher education for 5094 the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or accept employment;

5095 25. Members of a threat assessment team established by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-79.4,
5096 by a public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805, or by a private nonprofit institution of higher education, for the purpose of assessing or intervening with an individual whose behavior may present a threat to safety; however, no member of a threat assessment team shall redisclose any criminal history record information obtained pursuant to this section or otherwise use any record of an individual beyond the purpose that such disclosure was made to the threat assessment team;

5101 26. Executive directors of community services boards or the personnel director serving the
5102 community services board for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment,
5103 approval as a sponsored residential service provider, or permission to enter into a shared living
5104 arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver pursuant to
5105 §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

5106 27. Executive directors of behavioral health authorities as defined in § 37.2-600 for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider, or permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

5110 28. The Commissioner of Social Services for the purpose of locating persons who owe child support
5111 or who are alleged in a pending paternity proceeding to be a putative father, provided that only the
5112 name, address, demographics and social security number of the data subject shall be released;

5113 29. Authorized officers or directors of agencies licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of 5114 Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the 5115 purpose of determining if any applicant who accepts employment in any direct care position or requests 5116 approval as a sponsored residential service provider or permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver has been convicted 5117 5118 of a crime that affects his fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of individuals with 5119 mental illness, intellectual disability, or substance abuse pursuant to §§ 37.2-416, 37.2-506, and 5120 37.2-607:

5121 30. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, for the purpose of evaluating applicants
5122 for and holders of a motor carrier certificate or license subject to the provisions of Chapters 20
5123 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) and 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 46.2;

5124 31. The chairmen of the Committees for Courts of Justice of the Senate or the House of Delegates
5125 for the purpose of determining if any person being considered for election to any judgeship has been convicted of a crime;

5127 32. Heads of state agencies in which positions have been identified as sensitive for the purpose of
5128 determining an individual's fitness for employment in positions designated as sensitive under Department
5129 of Human Resource Management policies developed pursuant to § 2.2-1201.1;

5130 33. The Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under
5131 subdivision A 1 and for purposes of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually
5132 Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

5133 34. Shipyards, to the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, engaged in the design,
5134 construction, overhaul, or repair of nuclear vessels for the United States Navy, including their subsidiary
5135 companies, for the conduct of investigations of applications for employment or for access to facilities,
5136 by contractors, leased laborers, and other visitors;

5137 35. Any employer of individuals whose employment requires that they enter the homes of others, for5138 the purpose of screening individuals who apply for, are offered, or have accepted such employment;

5139 36. Public agencies when and as required by federal or state law to investigate (i) applicants as
5140 providers of adult foster care and home-based services or (ii) any individual with whom the agency is
5141 considering placing an adult on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to § 63.2-1601.1,
5142 subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the agency to any party other
5143 than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of
5144 law for such further dissemination, subject to limitations set out in subsection G;

5145 37. The Department of Medical Assistance Services, or its designee, for the purpose of screening
5146 individuals who, through contracts, subcontracts, or direct employment, volunteer, apply for, are offered,
5147 or have accepted a position related to the provision of transportation services to enrollees in the
5148 Medicaid Program or the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Program, or any other
5149 program administered by the Department of Medical Assistance Services;

5150 38. The State Corporation Commission for the purpose of investigating individuals who are current 5151 or proposed members, senior officers, directors, and principals of an applicant or person licensed under 5152 Chapter 16 (§ 6.2-1600 et seq.) or Chapter 19 (§ 6.2-1900 et seq.) of Title 6.2. Notwithstanding any 5153 other provision of law, if an application is denied based in whole or in part on information obtained 5154 from the Central Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to Chapter 16 or 19 of Title 6.2, the 5155 Commissioner of Financial Institutions or his designee may disclose such information to the applicant or 5156 its designee;

5157 39. The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation for the purpose of investigating5158 individuals for initial licensure pursuant to § 54.1-2106.1;

5159 40. The Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services and the Department for the Blind and
5160 Vision Impaired for the purpose of evaluating an individual's fitness for various types of employment
5161 and for the purpose of delivering comprehensive vocational rehabilitation services pursuant to Article 11
5162 (§ 51.5-170 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 that will assist the individual in obtaining employment;

5163 41. Bail bondsmen, in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-120;

5164 42. The State Treasurer for the purpose of determining whether a person receiving compensation for 5165 wrongful incarceration meets the conditions for continued compensation under § 8.01-195.12;

43. The Department of Social Services and directors of local departments of social services for the 5166 5167 purpose of screening individuals seeking to enter into a contract with the Department of Social Services 5168 or a local department of social services for the provision of child care services for which child care 5169 subsidy payments may be provided;

5170 44. The Department of Juvenile Justice to investigate any parent, guardian, or other adult members of 5171 a juvenile's household when completing a predispositional or postdispositional report required by § 5172 16.1-273 or a Board of Juvenile Justice regulation promulgated pursuant to § 16.1-233;

5173 45. The State Corporation Commission, for the purpose of screening applicants for insurance 5174 licensure under Chapter 18 (§ 38.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 38.2; and

5175 46. Other entities as otherwise provided by law.

5176 Upon an ex parte motion of a defendant in a felony case and upon the showing that the records 5177 requested may be relevant to such case, the court shall enter an order requiring the Central Criminal 5178 Records Exchange to furnish the defendant, as soon as practicable, copies of any records of persons 5179 designated in the order on whom a report has been made under the provisions of this chapter.

5180 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, upon a written request sworn to 5181 before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the 5182 criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish a 5183 copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the person making the request; however, such person on whom the data is being obtained shall consent in writing, under oath, to the 5184 5185 making of such request. A person receiving a copy of his own conviction data may utilize or further 5186 disseminate that data as he deems appropriate. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the data 5187 subject, the person making the request shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect.

5188 B. Use of criminal history record information disseminated to noncriminal justice agencies under this 5189 section shall be limited to the purposes for which it was given and may not be disseminated further.

5190 C. No criminal justice agency or person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal 5191 history record information for employment or licensing inquiries except as provided by law.

5192 D. Criminal justice agencies shall establish procedures to query the Central Criminal Records 5193 Exchange prior to dissemination of any criminal history record information on offenses required to be 5194 reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to ensure that the most up-to-date disposition data is 5195 being used. Inquiries of the Exchange shall be made prior to any dissemination except in those cases 5196 where time is of the essence and the normal response time of the Exchange would exceed the necessary 5197 time period. A criminal justice agency to whom a request has been made for the dissemination of 5198 criminal history record information that is required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records 5199 Exchange may direct the inquirer to the Central Criminal Records Exchange for such dissemination. 5200 Dissemination of information regarding offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange shall be 5201 made by the criminal justice agency maintaining the record as required by § 15.2-1722.

5202 E. Criminal history information provided to licensed nursing homes, hospitals and to home care 5203 organizations pursuant to subdivision A 15 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange 5204 for any offense specified in §§ 32.1-126.01, 32.1-126.02, and 32.1-162.9:1.

5205 F. Criminal history information provided to licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day 5206 care centers pursuant to subdivision A 16 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange 5207 for any offense specified in § 63.2-1720.

5208 G. Criminal history information provided to public agencies pursuant to subdivision A 36 shall be 5209 limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense set forth in clause (i) of the 5210 definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02.

5211 H. Upon receipt of a written request from an employer or prospective employer, the Central Criminal 5212 Records Exchange, or the criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the 5213 Exchange, shall furnish at the employer's cost a copy of conviction data covering the person named in 5214 the request to the employer or prospective employer making the request, provided that the person on 5215 whom the data is being obtained has consented in writing to the making of such request and has 5216 presented a photo-identification to the employer or prospective employer. In the event no conviction data 5217 is maintained on the person named in the request, the requesting employer or prospective employer shall 5218 be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect. The criminal history record search shall be 5219 conducted on forms provided by the Exchange.

I. Nothing in this section shall preclude the dissemination of a person's criminal history record 5220 5221 information pursuant to the rules of court for obtaining discovery or for review by the court. 5222

§ 19.2-389. (Effective July 1, 2021) Dissemination of criminal history record information.

5223 A. Criminal history record information shall be disseminated, whether directly or through an 5224 intermediary, only to:

5225 1. Authorized officers or employees of criminal justice agencies, as defined by § 9.1-101, for 5226 purposes of the administration of criminal justice and the screening of an employment application or 5227 review of employment by a criminal justice agency with respect to its own employees or applicants, and 5228 dissemination to the Virginia Parole Board, pursuant to this subdivision, of such information on all 5229 state-responsible inmates for the purpose of making parole determinations pursuant to subdivisions 1, 2, 5230 4, and 6 of § 53.1-136 shall include collective dissemination by electronic means every 30 days. For 5231 purposes of this subdivision, criminal history record information includes information sent to the Central 5232 Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to §§ 37.2-819 and 64.2-2014 when disseminated to any full-time 5233 or part-time employee of the State Police, a police department or sheriff's office that is a part of or 5234 administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof, and who is responsible for the 5235 prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of the 5236 Commonwealth for the purposes of the administration of criminal justice;

5237 2. Such other individuals and agencies that require criminal history record information to implement 5238 a state or federal statute or executive order of the President of the United States or Governor that 5239 expressly refers to criminal conduct and contains requirements or exclusions expressly based upon such 5240 conduct, except that information concerning the arrest of an individual may not be disseminated to a 5241 noncriminal justice agency or individual if an interval of one year has elapsed from the date of the 5242 arrest and no disposition of the charge has been recorded and no active prosecution of the charge is 5243 pending:

5244 3. Individuals and agencies pursuant to a specific agreement with a criminal justice agency to provide 5245 services required for the administration of criminal justice pursuant to that agreement which shall 5246 specifically authorize access to data, limit the use of data to purposes for which given, and ensure the 5247 security and confidentiality of the data;

5248 4. Individuals and agencies for the express purpose of research, evaluative, or statistical activities 5249 pursuant to an agreement with a criminal justice agency that shall specifically authorize access to data, 5250 limit the use of data to research, evaluative, or statistical purposes, and ensure the confidentiality and 5251 security of the data;

5252 5. Agencies of state or federal government that are authorized by state or federal statute or executive 5253 order of the President of the United States or Governor to conduct investigations determining 5254 employment suitability or eligibility for security clearances allowing access to classified information; 5255

6. Individuals and agencies where authorized by court order or court rule;

5256 7. Agencies of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, public transportation companies 5257 owned, operated or controlled by any political subdivision, and any public service corporation that operates a public transit system owned by a local government for the conduct of investigations of 5258 5259 applicants for employment, permit, or license whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety, it is 5260 necessary to determine under a duly enacted ordinance if the past criminal conduct of a person with a 5261 conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment, permit, or license under 5262 consideration;

5263 7a. Commissions created pursuant to the Transportation District Act of 1964 (§ 33.2-1900 et seq.) of 5264 Title 33.2 and their contractors, for the conduct of investigations of individuals who have been offered a 5265 position of employment whenever, in the interest of public welfare or safety and as authorized in the 5266 Transportation District Act of 1964, it is necessary to determine if the past criminal conduct of a person 5267 with a conviction record would be compatible with the nature of the employment under consideration;

5268 8. Public or private agencies when authorized or required by federal or state law or interstate 5269 compact to investigate (i) applicants for foster or adoptive parenthood or (ii) any individual, and the 5270 adult members of that individual's household, with whom the agency is considering placing a child or from whom the agency is considering removing a child due to abuse or neglect, on an emergency, 5271 5272 temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to §§ 63.2-901.1 and 63.2-1505, subject to the restriction that 5273 the data shall not be further disseminated to any party other than a federal or state authority or court as 5274 may be required to comply with an express requirement of law;

5275 9. To the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, public service companies as defined in 5276 § 56-1, for the conduct of investigations of applicants for employment when such employment involves personal contact with the public or when past criminal conduct of an applicant would be incompatible 5277 5278 with the nature of the employment under consideration;

5279 10. The appropriate authority for purposes of granting citizenship and for purposes of international travel, including, but not limited to, issuing visas and passports; 5280

11. A person requesting a copy of his own criminal history record information as defined in 5281 5282 § 9.1-101 at his cost, except that criminal history record information shall be supplied at no charge to a 5283 person who has applied to be a volunteer with (i) a Virginia affiliate of Big Brothers/Big Sisters of 5284 America; (ii) a volunteer fire company; (iii) the Volunteer Emergency Families for Children; (iv) any 5285 affiliate of Prevent Child Abuse, Virginia; (v) any Virginia affiliate of Compeer; or (vi) any board

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5286 member or any individual who has been offered membership on the board of a Crime Stoppers, Crime5287 Solvers or Crime Line program as defined in § 15.2-1713.1;

5288 12. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child 5289 welfare agency as defined in § 63.2-100 for dissemination to the Commissioner of Social Services' 5290 representative pursuant to § 63.2-1702 for the conduct of investigations with respect to employees of and 5291 volunteers at such facilities, caretakers, and foster and adoptive parent applicants of private child-placing 5292 agencies, pursuant to §§ 63.2-1719, 63.2-1720, and 63.2-1721, subject to the restriction that the data 5293 shall not be further disseminated by the facility or agency to any party other than the data subject, the 5294 Commissioner of Social Services' representative or a federal or state authority or court as may be 5295 required to comply with an express requirement of law for such further dissemination;

5296 13. The school boards of the Commonwealth for the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or who accept public school employment and those current school board employees for whom a report of arrest has been made pursuant to § 19.2-83.1;

5299 14. The Virginia Lottery for the conduct of investigations as set forth in the Virginia Lottery Law
5300 (§ 58.1-4000 et seq.) and casino gaming as set forth in Chapter 41 (§ 58.1-4100 et seq.) of Title 58.1, and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for the conduct of investigations as set forth in *Article 1 (§ 3.2-4122 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 and* Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2;

5304 15. Licensed nursing homes, hospitals and home care organizations for the conduct of investigations
5305 of applicants for compensated employment in licensed nursing homes pursuant to § 32.1-126.01, hospital
5306 pharmacies pursuant to § 32.1-126.02, and home care organizations pursuant to § 32.1-162.9:1, subject
5307 to the limitations set out in subsection E;

5308 16. Licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day care centers for the conduct of
5309 investigations of applicants for compensated employment in licensed assisted living facilities and
5310 licensed adult day care centers pursuant to § 63.2-1720, subject to the limitations set out in subsection F;

5311 17. The Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority for the conduct of investigations as set forth5312 in § 4.1-103.1;

5313 18. The State Board of Elections and authorized officers and employees thereof and general registrars
5314 appointed pursuant to § 24.2-110 in the course of conducting necessary investigations with respect to
5315 voter registration, limited to any record of felony convictions;

5316 19. The Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for those individuals who are committed to the custody of the Commissioner pursuant to §§ 19.2-169.2, 19.2-169.6, 19.2-182.2, 19.2-182.3, 19.2-182.8, and 19.2-182.9 for the purpose of placement, evaluation, and treatment planning; 20. Any alcohol safety action program certified by the Commission on the Virginia Alcohol Safety
5320 Action Program for (i) assessments of habitual offenders under § 46.2-360, (ii) interventions with first

offenders under § 18.2-251, or (iii) services to offenders under § 18.2-51.4, 18.2-266, or 18.2-266.1;
21. Residential facilities for juveniles regulated or operated by the Department of Social Services, the Department of Education, or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the

5323 Department of Education, or the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the
 5324 purpose of determining applicants' fitness for employment or for providing volunteer or contractual
 5325 services;
 5326 22 The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and facilities operated by the

5326 22. The Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services and facilities operated by the
5327 Department for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment pursuant to
5328 departmental instructions;

5329 23. Pursuant to § 22.1-296.3, the governing boards or administrators of private elementary or secondary schools which are accredited pursuant to § 22.1-19 or a private organization coordinating such records information on behalf of such governing boards or administrators pursuant to a written agreement with the Department of State Police;

5333 24. Public institutions of higher education and nonprofit private institutions of higher education for5334 the purpose of screening individuals who are offered or accept employment;

5335 25. Members of a threat assessment team established by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-79.4,
5336 by a public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805, or by a private nonprofit institution of higher education, for the purpose of assessing or intervening with an individual whose behavior may present a threat to safety; however, no member of a threat assessment team shall redisclose any criminal history record information obtained pursuant to this section or otherwise use any record of an individual beyond the purpose that such disclosure was made to the threat assessment team;

5341 26. Executive directors of community services boards or the personnel director serving the
5342 community services board for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment,
5343 approval as a sponsored residential service provider, or permission to enter into a shared living
5344 arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver pursuant to
5345 §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

5346 27. Executive directors of behavioral health authorities as defined in § 37.2-600 for the purpose of

determining an individual's fitness for employment, approval as a sponsored residential service provider,
or permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance
services pursuant to a waiver pursuant to §§ 37.2-506 and 37.2-607;

5350 28. The Commissioner of Social Services for the purpose of locating persons who owe child support
5351 or who are alleged in a pending paternity proceeding to be a putative father, provided that only the
5352 name, address, demographics and social security number of the data subject shall be released;

5353 29. Authorized officers or directors of agencies licensed pursuant to Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2 by the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services for the 5354 purpose of determining if any applicant who accepts employment in any direct care position or requests 5355 approval as a sponsored residential service provider or permission to enter into a shared living 5356 5357 arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver has been convicted 5358 of a crime that affects his fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of individuals with 5359 mental illness, intellectual disability, or substance abuse pursuant to §§ 37.2-416, 37.2-506, and 5360 37.2-607;

5361 30. The Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles, for the purpose of evaluating applicants
5362 for and holders of a motor carrier certificate or license subject to the provisions of Chapters 20
5363 (§ 46.2-2000 et seq.) and 21 (§ 46.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 46.2;

5364 31. The chairmen of the Committees for Courts of Justice of the Senate or the House of Delegates
5365 for the purpose of determining if any person being considered for election to any judgeship has been convicted of a crime;

5367 32. Heads of state agencies in which positions have been identified as sensitive for the purpose of determining an individual's fitness for employment in positions designated as sensitive under Department of Human Resource Management policies developed pursuant to § 2.2-1201.1;

5370 33. The Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities otherwise permitted under
5371 subdivision A 1 and for purposes of performing duties required by the Civil Commitment of Sexually
5372 Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.);

5373 34. Shipyards, to the extent permitted by federal law or regulation, engaged in the design,
5374 construction, overhaul, or repair of nuclear vessels for the United States Navy, including their subsidiary
5375 companies, for the conduct of investigations of applications for employment or for access to facilities,
5376 by contractors, leased laborers, and other visitors;

5377 35. Any employer of individuals whose employment requires that they enter the homes of others, for5378 the purpose of screening individuals who apply for, are offered, or have accepted such employment;

5379 36. Public agencies when and as required by federal or state law to investigate (i) applicants as
5380 providers of adult foster care and home-based services or (ii) any individual with whom the agency is
5381 considering placing an adult on an emergency, temporary, or permanent basis pursuant to § 63.2-1601.1,
5382 subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the agency to any party other
5383 than a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express requirement of
5384 law for such further dissemination, subject to limitations set out in subsection G;

5385 37. The Department of Medical Assistance Services, or its designee, for the purpose of screening
5386 individuals who, through contracts, subcontracts, or direct employment, volunteer, apply for, are offered,
5387 or have accepted a position related to the provision of transportation services to enrollees in the
5388 Medicaid Program or the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Program, or any other
5389 program administered by the Department of Medical Assistance Services;

38. The State Corporation Commission for the purpose of investigating individuals who are current or proposed members, senior officers, directors, and principals of an applicant or person licensed under Chapter 16 (§ 6.2-1600 et seq.), Chapter 19 (§ 6.2-1900 et seq.), or Chapter 26 (§ 6.2-2600 et seq.) of Title 6.2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if an application is denied based in whole or in part on information obtained from the Central Criminal Records Exchange pursuant to Chapter 16, 19, or 26 of Title 6.2, the Commissioner of Financial Institutions or his designee may disclose such information to the applicant or its designee;

5397 39. The Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation for the purpose of investigating5398 individuals for initial licensure pursuant to § 54.1-2106.1;

5399 40. The Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services and the Department for the Blind and
5400 Vision Impaired for the purpose of evaluating an individual's fitness for various types of employment
5401 and for the purpose of delivering comprehensive vocational rehabilitation services pursuant to Article 11
5402 (§ 51.5-170 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 that will assist the individual in obtaining employment;

5403 41. Bail bondsmen, in accordance with the provisions of § 19.2-120;

5404 42. The State Treasurer for the purpose of determining whether a person receiving compensation for 5405 wrongful incarceration meets the conditions for continued compensation under § 8.01-195.12;

5406 43. The Department of Education or its agents or designees for the purpose of screening individuals
5407 seeking to enter into a contract with the Department of Education or its agents or designees for the
5408 provision of child care services for which child care subsidy payments may be provided;

5409 44. The Department of Juvenile Justice to investigate any parent, guardian, or other adult members of
5410 a juvenile's household when completing a predispositional or postdispositional report required by §
5411 16.1-273 or a Board of Juvenile Justice regulation promulgated pursuant to § 16.1-233;

5412 10.1-275 of a Doard of Suverine Sustee regulation prohulgated pursuant to § 10.1-255,
5412 45. The State Corporation Commission, for the purpose of screening applicants for insurance
5413 licensure under Chapter 18 (§ 38.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 38.2;

5414 46. Administrators and board presidents of and applicants for licensure or registration as a child day 5415 program or family day system, as such terms are defined in § 22.1-289.02, for dissemination to the 5416 Superintendent of Public Instruction's representative pursuant to § 22.1-289.013 for the conduct of 5417 investigations with respect to employees of and volunteers at such facilities pursuant to §§ 22.1-289.034 5418 through 22.1-289.037, subject to the restriction that the data shall not be further disseminated by the 5419 facility or agency to any party other than the data subject, the Superintendent of Public Instruction's 5420 representative, or a federal or state authority or court as may be required to comply with an express 5421 requirement of law for such further dissemination; and

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47. Other entities as otherwise provided by law.

5423 Upon an ex parte motion of a defendant in a felony case and upon the showing that the records
5424 requested may be relevant to such case, the court shall enter an order requiring the Central Criminal
5425 Records Exchange to furnish the defendant, as soon as practicable, copies of any records of persons
5426 designated in the order on whom a report has been made under the provisions of this chapter.

5427 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, upon a written request sworn to 5428 before an officer authorized to take acknowledgments, the Central Criminal Records Exchange, or the 5429 criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange, shall furnish a 5430 copy of conviction data covering the person named in the request to the person making the request; 5431 however, such person on whom the data is being obtained shall consent in writing, under oath, to the 5432 making of such request. A person receiving a copy of his own conviction data may utilize or further 5433 disseminate that data as he deems appropriate. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the data 5434 subject, the person making the request shall be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect.

5435 B. Use of criminal history record information disseminated to noncriminal justice agencies under this 5436 section shall be limited to the purposes for which it was given and may not be disseminated further.

5437 C. No criminal justice agency or person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal 5438 history record information for employment or licensing inquiries except as provided by law.

5439 D. Criminal justice agencies shall establish procedures to query the Central Criminal Records 5440 Exchange prior to dissemination of any criminal history record information on offenses required to be 5441 reported to the Central Criminal Records Exchange to ensure that the most up-to-date disposition data is 5442 being used. Inquiries of the Exchange shall be made prior to any dissemination except in those cases 5443 where time is of the essence and the normal response time of the Exchange would exceed the necessary 5444 time period. A criminal justice agency to whom a request has been made for the dissemination of 5445 criminal history record information that is required to be reported to the Central Criminal Records 5446 Exchange may direct the inquirer to the Central Criminal Records Exchange for such dissemination. 5447 Dissemination of information regarding offenses not required to be reported to the Exchange shall be 5448 made by the criminal justice agency maintaining the record as required by § 15.2-1722.

5449 E. Čriminal history information provided to licensed nursing homes, hospitals and to home care 5450 organizations pursuant to subdivision A 15 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange 5451 for any offense specified in §§ 32.1-126.01, 32.1-126.02, and 32.1-162.9:1.

5452 F. Criminal history information provided to licensed assisted living facilities and licensed adult day
5453 care centers pursuant to subdivision A 16 shall be limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange
5454 for any offense specified in § 63.2-1720.

5455 G. Criminal history information provided to public agencies pursuant to subdivision A 36 shall be 5456 limited to the convictions on file with the Exchange for any offense set forth in clause (i) of the 5457 definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02.

5458 H. Upon receipt of a written request from an employer or prospective employer, the Central Criminal 5459 Records Exchange, or the criminal justice agency in cases of offenses not required to be reported to the 5460 Exchange, shall furnish at the employer's cost a copy of conviction data covering the person named in 5461 the request to the employer or prospective employer making the request, provided that the person on 5462 whom the data is being obtained has consented in writing to the making of such request and has 5463 presented a photo-identification to the employer or prospective employer. In the event no conviction data is maintained on the person named in the request, the requesting employer or prospective employer shall 5464 5465 be furnished at his cost a certification to that effect. The criminal history record search shall be 5466 conducted on forms provided by the Exchange.

5467 I. Nothing in this section shall preclude the dissemination of a person's criminal history record 5468 information pursuant to the rules of court for obtaining discovery or for review by the court.

5469 § 19.2-392.02. (Effective until July 1, 2021) National criminal background checks by businesses

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5470 and organizations regarding employees or volunteers providing care to children or the elderly or 5471 disabled.

5472 A. For purposes of this section:

5473 "Barrier crime" means (i) a felony violation of § 16.1-253.2; any violation of § 18.2-31, 18.2-32, 5474 18.2-32.1, 18.2-32.2, 18.2-33, 18.2-35, 18.2-36, 18.2-36.1, 18.2-36.2, 18.2-41, or 18.2-42; any felony 5475 violation of § 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3, 18.2-46.3:1, or 18.2-46.3:3; any violation of § 18.2-46.5, 18.2-46.6, 5476 or 18.2-46.7; any violation of subsection A or B of § 18.2-47; any violation of § 18.2-48, 18.2-49, or 5477 18.2-50.3; any violation of § 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-51.2, 18.2-51.3, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-51.5, 18.2-51.6, 18.2-52, 18.2-52.1, 18.2-53, 18.2-53.1, 18.2-54.1, 18.2-54.2, 18.2-55, 18.2-55.1, 18.2-56, 18.2-56.1, 5478 18.2-56.2, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.01, 18.2-57.02, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-58, 18.2-58.1, 18.2-59, 18.2-60, or 18.2-60.1; 5479 any felony violation of § 18.2-60.3 or 18.2-60.4; any violation of § 18.2-61, 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, 18.2-67.4; 18.2-67.4; 18.2-67.4; 18.2-67.4; 18.2-67.5; 5480 5481 5482 5483 18.2-87, 18.2-87.1, or 18.2-88; any felony violation of § 18.2-279, 18.2-280, 18.2-281, 18.2-282, 18.2-282.1, 18.2-286.1, or 18.2-287.2; any violation of § 3.2-4173, 18.2-289, 18.2-290, 18.2-300, 5484 5485 18.2-308.4, or 18.2-314; any felony violation of § 18.2-346, 18.2-348, or 18.2-349; any violation of 5486 § 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 18.2-357.1; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-361; any violation of § 18.2-366, 18.2-369, 18.2-370, 18.2-370.1, 18.2-370.2, 18.2-370.3, 18.2-370.4, 18.2-370.5, 5487 5488 18.2-370.6, 18.2-371.1, 18.2-374.1, 18.2-374.1:1, 18.2-374.3, 18.2-374.4, 18.2-379, 18.2-386.1, or 18.2-386.2; any felony violation of § 18.2-405 or 18.2-406; any violation of § 3.2-4174, 18.2-408, 5489 18.2-413, 18.2-414, 18.2-423, 18.2-423.01, 18.2-423.1, 18.2-423.2, 18.2-433.2, 18.2-472.1, 18.2-474.1, 5490 5491 18.2-477, 18.2-477.1, 18.2-477.2, 18.2-478, 18.2-479, 18.2-480, 18.2-481, 18.2-484, 18.2-485, 37.2-917, 5492 or 53.1-203; or any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction; (ii) any violation of § 18.2-89, 18.2-90, 18.2-91, 18.2-92, 18.2-93, or 18.2-94 or any substantially similar offense under 5493 5494 the laws of another jurisdiction; (iii) any felony violation of § 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4168, *3.2-4170, 3.2-4171, 3.2-4172, 3.2-4175, 3.2-4190, 3.2-4191,* 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.02, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-248.5, 18.2-251.2, 18.2-251.3, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258, 5495 5496 5497 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, or 18.2-258.2 or any substantially similar offense under the laws of another 5498 jurisdiction; (iv) any felony violation of § 18.2-250 or any substantially similar offense under the laws of 5499 another jurisdiction; (v) any offense set forth in § 9.1-902 that results in the person's requirement to 5500 register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to § 9.1-901, including any finding that a person is not guilty by reason of insanity in accordance with Chapter 11.1 (§ 19.2-182.2 et 5501 5502 seq.) of Title 19.2 of an offense set forth in § 9.1-902 that results in the person's requirement to register 5503 with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to § 9.1-901; any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction; or any offense for which registration in a sex 5504 5505 offender and crimes against minors registry is required under the laws of the jurisdiction where the 5506 offender was convicted; or (vi) any other felony not included in clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) unless 5507 five years have elapsed from the date of the conviction.

5508 "Barrier crime information" means the following facts concerning a person who has been arrested for, 5509 or has been convicted of, a barrier crime, regardless of whether the person was a juvenile or adult at the 5510 time of the arrest or conviction: full name, race, sex, date of birth, height, weight, fingerprints, a brief 5511 description of the barrier crime or offenses for which the person has been arrested or has been 5512 convicted, the disposition of the charge, and any other information that may be useful in identifying 5513 persons arrested for or convicted of a barrier crime.

5514 "Care" means the provision of care, treatment, education, training, instruction, supervision, or 5515 recreation to children or the elderly or disabled. 5516

"Department" means the Department of State Police.

"Employed by" means any person who is employed by, volunteers for, seeks to be employed by, or 5517 5518 seeks to volunteer for a qualified entity.

5519 "Identification document" means a document made or issued by or under the authority of the United 5520 States government, a state, a political subdivision of a state, a foreign government, political subdivision 5521 of a foreign government, an international governmental or an international quasi-governmental 5522 organization that, when completed with information concerning a particular individual, is of a type 5523 intended or commonly accepted for the purpose of identification of individuals.

5524 "Provider" means a person who (i) is employed by a qualified entity and has, seeks to have, or may 5525 have unsupervised access to a child or to an elderly or disabled person to whom the qualified entity 5526 provides care; (ii) is a volunteer of a qualified entity and has, seeks to have, or may have unsupervised 5527 access to a child to whom the qualified entity provides care; or (iii) owns, operates, or seeks to own or 5528 operate a qualified entity.

5529 "Qualified entity" means a business or organization that provides care to children or the elderly or 5530 disabled, whether governmental, private, for profit, nonprofit, or voluntary, except organizations exempt pursuant to subdivision A 7 of § 63.2-1715. 5531

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5532 B. A qualified entity may request the Department of State Police to conduct a national criminal 5533 background check on any provider who is employed by such entity. No qualified entity may request a 5534 national criminal background check on a provider until such provider has: 5535

1. Been fingerprinted; and

5536 2. Completed and signed a statement, furnished by the entity, that includes (i) his name, address, and 5537 date of birth as it appears on a valid identification document; (ii) a disclosure of whether or not the 5538 provider has ever been convicted of or is the subject of pending charges for a criminal offense within or 5539 outside the Commonwealth, and if the provider has been convicted of a crime, a description of the crime 5540 and the particulars of the conviction; (iii) a notice to the provider that the entity may request a 5541 background check; (iv) a notice to the provider that he is entitled to obtain a copy of any background 5542 check report, to challenge the accuracy and completeness of any information contained in any such report, and to obtain a prompt determination as to the validity of such challenge before a final 5543 5544 determination is made by the Department; and (v) a notice to the provider that prior to the completion 5545 of the background check the qualified entity may choose to deny the provider unsupervised access to 5546 children or the elderly or disabled for whom the qualified entity provides care.

5547 C. Upon receipt of (i) a qualified entity's written request to conduct a background check on a 5548 provider, (ii) the provider's fingerprints, and (iii) a completed, signed statement as described in 5549 subsection B, the Department shall make a determination whether the provider has been convicted of or 5550 is the subject of charges of a barrier crime. To conduct its determination regarding the provider's barrier 5551 crime information, the Department shall access the national criminal history background check system, 5552 which is maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is based on fingerprints and other 5553 methods of identification, and shall access the Central Criminal Records Exchange maintained by the 5554 Department. If the Department receives a background report lacking disposition data, the Department 5555 shall conduct research in whatever state and local recordkeeping systems are available in order to obtain 5556 complete data. The Department shall make reasonable efforts to respond to a qualified entity's inquiry 5557 within 15 business days.

5558 D. Any background check conducted pursuant to this section for a provider employed by a private 5559 entity shall be screened by the Department of State Police. If the provider has been convicted of or is 5560 under indictment for a barrier crime, the qualified entity shall be notified that the provider is not 5561 qualified to work or volunteer in a position that involves unsupervised access to children or the elderly 5562 or disabled.

5563 E. Any background check conducted pursuant to this section for a provider employed by a 5564 governmental entity shall be provided to that entity.

5565 F. In the case of a provider who desires to volunteer at a qualified entity and who is subject to a 5566 national criminal background check, the Department and the Federal Bureau of Investigation may each 5567 charge the provider the lesser of \$18 or the actual cost to the entity of the background check conducted 5568 with the fingerprints.

5569 G. The failure to request a criminal background check pursuant to subsection B shall not be 5570 considered negligence per se in any civil action. 5571

H. [Expired.]

5572 § 19.2-392.02. (Effective July 1, 2021) National criminal background checks by businesses and 5573 organizations regarding employees or volunteers providing care to children or the elderly or 5574 disabled.

5575 A. For purposes of this section:

5576 "Barrier crime" means (i) a felony violation of § 16.1-253.2; any violation of § 18.2-31, 18.2-32, 18.2-32.1, 18.2-32.2, 18.2-33, 18.2-35, 18.2-36, 18.2-36.1, 18.2-36.2, 18.2-41, or 18.2-42; any felony 5577 violation of § 18.2-46.2, 18.2-46.3, 18.2-46.3:1, or 18.2-46.3:3; any violation of § 18.2-46.5, 18.2-46.6, 5578 or 18.2-46.7; any violation of subsection A or B of § 18.2-47; any violation of § 18.2-48, 18.2-49, or 18.2-50.3; any violation of § 18.2-51, 18.2-51.1, 18.2-51.2, 18.2-51.3, 18.2-51.4, 18.2-51.5, 18.2-51.6, 5579 5580 18.2-52, 18.2-52.1, 18.2-53, 18.2-53.1, 18.2-54.1, 18.2-54.2, 18.2-55, 18.2-55.1, 18.2-56, 18.2-56.1, 5581 18.2-56.2, 18.2-57, 18.2-57.01, 18.2-57.02, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-58, 18.2-58.1, 18.2-59, 18.2-60, or 18.2-60.1; any felony violation of § 18.2-60.3 or 18.2-60.4; any violation of § 18.2-61, 18.2-63, 18.2-64.1, 5582 5583 18.2-64.2, 18.2-67.1, 18.2-67.2, 18.2-67.3, 18.2-67.4, 18.2-67.4:1, 18.2-67.4:2, 18.2-67.5, 18.2-67.5:1, 5584 5585 18.2-67.5:2, 18.2-67.5:3, 18.2-77, 18.2-79, 18.2-80, 18.2-81, 18.2-82, 18.2-83, 18.2-84, 18.2-85, 18.2-86, 18.2-87, 18.2-87.1, or 18.2-88; any felony violation of § 18.2-279, 18.2-280, 18.2-281, 18.2-282, 5586 5587 18.2-282.1, 18.2-286.1, or 18.2-287.2; any violation of § 3.2-4173, 18.2-289, 18.2-290, 18.2-300, 5588 18.2-308.4, or 18.2-314; any felony violation of § 18.2-346, 18.2-348, or 18.2-349; any violation of § 18.2-355, 18.2-356, 18.2-357, or 18.2-357.1; any violation of subsection B of § 18.2-361; any violation 5589 5590 of § 18.2-366, 18.2-369, 18.2-370, 18.2-370.1, 18.2-370.2, 18.2-370.3, 18.2-370.4, 18.2-370.5, 18.2-370.6, 18.2-371.1, 18.2-374.1, 18.2-374.1:1, 18.2-374.3, 18.2-374.4, 18.2-379, 18.2-386.1, or 5591 18.2-386.2; any felony violation of § 18.2-405 or 18.2-406; any violation of § 3.2-4174, 18.2-408, 5592

5593 18.2-413, 18.2-414, 18.2-423, 18.2-423.01, 18.2-423.1, 18.2-423.2, 18.2-433.2, 18.2-472.1, 18.2-474.1, 5594 18.2-477, 18.2-477.1, 18.2-477.2, 18.2-478, 18.2-479, 18.2-480, 18.2-481, 18.2-484, 18.2-485, 37.2-917, or 53.1-203; or any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction; (ii) any violation 5595 5596 of § 18.2-89, 18.2-90, 18.2-91, 18.2-92, 18.2-93, or 18.2-94 or any substantially similar offense under 5597 the laws of another jurisdiction; (iii) any felony violation of § 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4168, 5598 3.2-4170, 3.2-4172, 3.2-4172, 3.2-4175, 3.2-4190, 3.2-4191, 18.2-248, 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.02, 18.2-248.03, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-248.5, 18.2-251.2, 18.2-251.3, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2, 18.2-258, 5599 5600 18.2-258.02, 18.2-258.1, or 18.2-258.2 or any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction; (iv) any felony violation of § 18.2-250 or any substantially similar offense under the laws of 5601 another jurisdiction; (v) any offense set forth in § 9.1-902 that results in the person's requirement to 5602 register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to § 9.1-901, including any 5603 finding that a person is not guilty by reason of insanity in accordance with Chapter 11.1 (§ 19.2-182.2 et 5604 5605 seq.) of Title 19.2 of an offense set forth in § 9.1-902 that results in the person's requirement to register 5606 with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry pursuant to § 9.1-901; any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction; or any offense for which registration in a sex 5607 5608 offender and crimes against minors registry is required under the laws of the jurisdiction where the offender was convicted; or (vi) any other felony not included in clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) unless 5609 5610 five years have elapsed from the date of the conviction.

5611 "Barrier crime information" means the following facts concerning a person who has been arrested for, 5612 or has been convicted of, a barrier crime, regardless of whether the person was a juvenile or adult at the 5613 time of the arrest or conviction: full name, race, sex, date of birth, height, weight, fingerprints, a brief 5614 description of the barrier crime or offenses for which the person has been arrested or has been 5615 convicted, the disposition of the charge, and any other information that may be useful in identifying 5616 persons arrested for or convicted of a barrier crime.

5617 "Care" means the provision of care, treatment, education, training, instruction, supervision, or 5618 recreation to children or the elderly or disabled. 5619

"Department" means the Department of State Police.

5620 "Employed by" means any person who is employed by, volunteers for, seeks to be employed by, or 5621 seeks to volunteer for a qualified entity.

5622 "Identification document" means a document made or issued by or under the authority of the United 5623 States government, a state, a political subdivision of a state, a foreign government, political subdivision 5624 of a foreign government, an international governmental or an international quasi-governmental 5625 organization that, when completed with information concerning a particular individual, is of a type 5626 intended or commonly accepted for the purpose of identification of individuals.

5627 "Provider" means a person who (i) is employed by a qualified entity and has, seeks to have, or may 5628 have unsupervised access to a child or to an elderly or disabled person to whom the qualified entity 5629 provides care; (ii) is a volunteer of a qualified entity and has, seeks to have, or may have unsupervised 5630 access to a child to whom the qualified entity provides care; or (iii) owns, operates, or seeks to own or 5631 operate a qualified entity.

5632 "Qualified entity" means a business or organization that provides care to children or the elderly or 5633 disabled, whether governmental, private, for profit, nonprofit, or voluntary, except organizations exempt 5634 pursuant to subdivision A 7 of § 22.1-289.030.

B. A qualified entity may request the Department of State Police to conduct a national criminal 5635 5636 background check on any provider who is employed by such entity. No qualified entity may request a 5637 national criminal background check on a provider until such provider has: 5638

1. Been fingerprinted; and

5639 2. Completed and signed a statement, furnished by the entity, that includes (i) his name, address, and 5640 date of birth as it appears on a valid identification document; (ii) a disclosure of whether or not the 5641 provider has ever been convicted of or is the subject of pending charges for a criminal offense within or 5642 outside the Commonwealth, and if the provider has been convicted of a crime, a description of the crime 5643 and the particulars of the conviction; (iii) a notice to the provider that the entity may request a 5644 background check; (iv) a notice to the provider that he is entitled to obtain a copy of any background 5645 check report, to challenge the accuracy and completeness of any information contained in any such 5646 report, and to obtain a prompt determination as to the validity of such challenge before a final 5647 determination is made by the Department; and (v) a notice to the provider that prior to the completion 5648 of the background check the qualified entity may choose to deny the provider unsupervised access to 5649 children or the elderly or disabled for whom the qualified entity provides care.

5650 C. Upon receipt of (i) a qualified entity's written request to conduct a background check on a 5651 provider, (ii) the provider's fingerprints, and (iii) a completed, signed statement as described in 5652 subsection B, the Department shall make a determination whether the provider has been convicted of or is the subject of charges of a barrier crime. To conduct its determination regarding the provider's barrier 5653 5654 crime information, the Department shall access the national criminal history background check system,

which is maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is based on fingerprints and other
methods of identification, and shall access the Central Criminal Records Exchange maintained by the
Department. If the Department receives a background report lacking disposition data, the Department
shall conduct research in whatever state and local recordkeeping systems are available in order to obtain
complete data. The Department shall make reasonable efforts to respond to a qualified entity's inquiry
within 15 business days.

5661 D. Any background check conducted pursuant to this section for a provider employed by a private 5662 entity shall be screened by the Department of State Police. If the provider has been convicted of or is 5663 under indictment for a barrier crime, the qualified entity shall be notified that the provider is not 5664 qualified to work or volunteer in a position that involves unsupervised access to children or the elderly 5665 or disabled.

5666 E. Any background check conducted pursuant to this section for a provider employed by a governmental entity shall be provided to that entity.

5668 F. In the case of a provider who desires to volunteer at a qualified entity and who is subject to a national criminal background check, the Department and the Federal Bureau of Investigation may each charge the provider the lesser of \$18 or the actual cost to the entity of the background check conducted with the fingerprints.

5672 G. The failure to request a criminal background check pursuant to subsection B shall not be considered negligence per se in any civil action.

5674 H. [Expired.] 5675 § 22.1-277.08

§ 22.1-277.08. Expulsion of students for certain drug offenses.

5676 A. School boards shall expel from school attendance any student whom such school board has 5677 determined, in accordance with the procedures set forth in this article, to have brought a controlled 5678 substance, or imitation controlled substance, or marijuana as defined in § 18.2-247 or marijuana as 5679 defined in § 3.2-4122 onto school property or to a school-sponsored activity. A school administrator, 5680 pursuant to school board policy, or a school board may, however, determine, based on the facts of a 5681 particular situation, that special circumstances exist and no disciplinary action or another disciplinary 5682 action or another term of expulsion is appropriate. A school board may, by regulation, authorize the 5683 division superintendent or his designee to conduct a preliminary review of such cases to determine 5684 whether a disciplinary action other than expulsion is appropriate. Such regulations shall ensure that, if a 5685 determination is made that another disciplinary action is appropriate, any such subsequent disciplinary 5686 action is to be taken in accordance with the procedures set forth in this article. Nothing in this section 5687 shall be construed to require a student's expulsion regardless of the facts of the particular situation.

5688 B. Each school board shall revise its standards of student conduct to incorporate the requirements of this section no later than three months after the date on which this act becomes effective.

5690 § 22.1-315. Grounds and procedure for suspension.

A. A teacher or other public school employee, whether full-time or part-time, permanent, or 5691 5692 temporary, may be suspended for good and just cause when the safety or welfare of the school division 5693 or the students therein is threatened or when the teacher or school employee has been charged by summons, warrant, indictment or information with the commission of a felony; a misdemeanor involving 5694 5695 (i) sexual assault as established in Article 7 (§ 18.2-61 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 18.2, (ii) obscenity 5696 and related offenses as established in Article 5 (§ 18.2-372 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2, (iii) drugs 5697 as established in Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et 5698 seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2, (iv) moral turpitude, or (v) the physical or sexual abuse or neglect of a 5699 child; or an equivalent offense in another state. Except when a teacher or school employee is suspended 5700 because of being charged by summons, warrant, indictment or information with the commission of one 5701 of the above-listed foregoing criminal offenses, a division superintendent or appropriate central office designee shall not suspend a teacher or school employee for longer than sixty 60 days and shall not 5702 5703 suspend a teacher or school employee for a period in excess of five days unless such teacher or school 5704 employee is advised in writing of the reason for the suspension and afforded an opportunity for a 5705 hearing before the school board in accordance with §§ 22.1-311 and 22.1-313, if applicable. Any teacher 5706 or other school employee so suspended shall continue to receive his or her then applicable 5707 then-applicable salary unless and until the school board, after a hearing, determines otherwise. No 5708 teacher or school employee shall be suspended solely on the basis of hisor her refusal to submit to a 5709 polygraph examination requested by the school board.

5710 B. Any school employee suspended because of being charged by summons, warrant, information or 5711 indictment with one of the offenses listed in subsection A may be suspended with or without pay. In the 5712 event any school employee is suspended without pay, an amount equal to his or her salary while on 5713 suspended status shall be placed in an interest-bearing demand escrow account. Upon being found not 5714 guilty of one of the offenses listed in subsection A or upon the dismissal or nolle prosequi of the 5715 charge, such school employee shall be reinstated with all unpaid salary and accrued interest from the 5716 escrow account, less any earnings received by the school employee during the period of suspension, but 5717 in no event shall such payment exceed one year's salary.

C. In the event any school employee is found guilty by an appropriate court of one of the offenses 5718 5719 listed in subsection A and, after all available appeals have been exhausted and such conviction is 5720 upheld, all funds in the escrow account shall be repaid to the school board.

5721 D. No school employee shall have his or her insurance benefits suspended or terminated because of 5722 such suspension in accordance with this section.

5723 E. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of a school board to dismiss or 5724 place on probation a teacher or school employee pursuant to Article 3 (§ 22.1-306 et seq.) of this 5725 chapter.

5726 F. For the purposes of this section, the placing of a school employee on probation pursuant to the 5727 terms and conditions of § 18.2-251 shall be deemed a finding of guilt. 5728

§ 24.2-233. Removal of elected and certain appointed officers by courts.

5729 Upon petition, a circuit court may remove from office any elected officer or officer who has been 5730 appointed to fill an elective office, residing within the jurisdiction of the court:

1. For neglect of duty, misuse of office, or incompetence in the performance of duties when that 5731 5732 neglect of duty, misuse of office, or incompetence in the performance of duties has a material adverse 5733 effect upon the conduct of the office;

5734 2. Upon conviction of a misdemeanor pursuant to Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of 5735 Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or Article 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 and after all rights of appeal have terminated involving the: 5736

5737 a. Manufacture, sale, gift, distribution, or possession with intent to manufacture, sell, give, or 5738 distribute a controlled substance or marijuana;

5739 b. Sale, possession with intent to sell, or placing an advertisement for the purpose of selling drug 5740 paraphernalia or marijuana paraphernalia; or

5741 c. Possession of any controlled substance or marijuana and such conviction under subdivision a, b, or 5742 c has a material adverse effect upon the conduct of such office;

5743 3. Upon conviction, and after all rights of appeal have terminated, of a misdemeanor involving a 5744 "hate crime" as that term is defined in § 52-8.5 when the conviction has a material adverse effect upon 5745 the conduct of such office: or

5746 4. Upon conviction, and after all rights of appeal have terminated, of sexual battery in violation of 5747 § 18.2-67.4, attempted sexual battery in violation of subsection C of § 18.2-67.5, peeping or spying into 5748 dwelling or enclosure in violation of § 18.2-130, consensual sexual intercourse with a child 15 years of 5749 age or older in violation of § 18.2-371, or indecent exposure of himself or procuring another to expose 5750 himself in violation of § 18.2-387, and such conviction has a material adverse effect upon the conduct 5751 of such office.

5752 The petition must be signed by a number of registered voters who reside within the jurisdiction of 5753 the officer equal to ten 10 percent of the total number of votes cast at the last election for the office that 5754 the officer holds.

5755 Any person removed from office under the provisions of subdivision 2, 3, or 4 may not be 5756 subsequently subject to the provisions of this section for the same criminal offense. 5757

§ 37.2-314. Background check required.

5758 A. As a condition of employment, the Department shall require any applicant who (i) accepts a 5759 position of employment at a state facility and was not employed by that state facility prior to July 1, 1996, or (ii) accepts a position with the Department that receives, monitors, or disburses funds of the 5760 Commonwealth and was not employed by the Department prior to July 1, 1996, to submit to 5761 5762 fingerprinting and provide personal descriptive information to be forwarded along with the applicant's 5763 fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) 5764 for the purpose of obtaining national criminal history record information regarding the applicant.

5765 B. For purposes of clause (i) of subsection A, the Department shall not hire for compensated 5766 employment persons who have been convicted of (i) any offense set forth in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of 5767 the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 or (ii) any offense set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 (a) in the five years prior to the application date for 5768 5769 employment or (b) if such person continues on probation or parole or has failed to pay required court 5770 costs for such offense set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02.

5771 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, the Department may hire for compensated 5772 employment at an adult substance abuse or adult mental health treatment program a person who was convicted of any violation of § 18.2-51.3; any misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-56 or 18.2-56.1 or 5773 subsection A of § 18.2-57; any first offense misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-57.2; any violation of § 18.2-60, 18.2-89, 18.2-92, or 18.2-94; any misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-282 or 18.2-346; any 5774 5775 offense set forth in clause (iii) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02, except an offense 5776 pursuant to subsection B or C of § 3.2-4170 or subsection H1 or H2 of § 18.2-248; or any substantially 5777

similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction, if the Department determines, based upon a 5778 5779 screening assessment, that the criminal behavior was substantially related to the applicant's substance 5780 abuse or mental illness and that the person has been successfully rehabilitated and is not a risk to 5781 individuals receiving services based on his criminal history background and his substance abuse or 5782 mental illness history.

5783 D. The Department and a screening contractor designated by the Department shall screen applicants 5784 who meet the criteria set forth in subsection C to assess whether the applicants have been rehabilitated 5785 successfully and are not a risk to individuals receiving services based on their criminal history 5786 backgrounds and substance abuse or mental illness histories. To be eligible for such screening, the 5787 applicant shall have completed all prison or jail terms; shall not be under probation or parole 5788 supervision; shall have no pending charges in any locality; shall have paid all fines, restitution, and 5789 court costs for any prior convictions; and shall have been free of parole or probation for at least five 5790 years for all convictions. In addition to any supplementary information the Department or screening 5791 contractor may require or the applicant may wish to present, the applicant shall provide to the screening 5792 contractor a statement from his most recent probation or parole officer, if any, outlining his period of 5793 supervision and a copy of any pre-sentencing or post-sentencing report in connection with the felony 5794 conviction. The cost of this screening shall be paid by the applicant, unless the Department decides to 5795 pay the cost.

5796 E. The Central Criminal Records Exchange, upon receipt of an applicant's record or notification that 5797 no record exists, shall submit a report to the state facility or to the Department. If an applicant is denied 5798 employment because of information appearing on his criminal history record and the applicant disputes 5799 the information upon which the denial was based, the Central Criminal Records Exchange shall, upon 5800 written request, furnish to the applicant the procedures for obtaining a copy of the criminal history record from the FBI. The information provided to the state facility or Department shall not be 5801 5802 disseminated except as provided in this section.

5803 F. Those applicants listed in clause (i) of subsection A also shall provide to the state facility or 5804 Department a copy of information from the central registry maintained pursuant to § 63.2-1515 on any 5805 investigation of child abuse or neglect undertaken on them.

5806 G. The Board may adopt regulations to comply with the provisions of this section. Copies of any 5807 information received by the state facility or Department pursuant to this section shall be available to the 5808 Department and to the applicable state facility but shall not be disseminated further, except as permitted 5809 by state or federal law. The cost of obtaining the criminal history record and the central registry 5810 information shall be borne by the applicant, unless the Department or state facility decides to pay the 5811 cost. 5812

§ 37.2-416. Background checks required.

5813 A. As used in this section:

"Direct care position" means any position that includes responsibility for (i) treatment, case 5814 5815 management, health, safety, development, or well-being of an individual receiving services or (ii) immediately supervising a person in a position with this responsibility. "Hire for compensated employment" does not include (i) a promotion from one adult substance abuse 5816

5817 5818 or adult mental health treatment position to another such position within the same licensee licensed 5819 pursuant to this article or (ii) new employment in an adult substance abuse or adult mental health 5820 treatment position in another office or program licensed pursuant to this article if the person employed 5821 prior to July 1, 1999, in a licensed program had no convictions in the five years prior to the application 5822 date for employment. "Hire for compensated employment" includes (a) a promotion or transfer from an adult substance abuse treatment position to any mental health or developmental services direct care 5823 5824 position within the same licensee licensed pursuant to this article or (b) new employment in any mental 5825 health or developmental services direct care position in another office or program of the same licensee 5826 licensed pursuant to this article for which the person has previously worked in an adult substance abuse 5827 treatment position.

5828 "Shared living" means an arrangement in which the Commonwealth's program of medical assistance 5829 pays a portion of a person's rent, utilities, and food expenses in return for the person residing with and 5830 providing companionship, support, and other limited, basic assistance to a person with developmental 5831 disabilities receiving medical assistance services in accordance with a waiver for whom he has no legal 5832 responsibility.

5833 B. Every provider licensed pursuant to this article shall require (i) any applicant who accepts 5834 employment in any direct care position, (ii) any applicant for approval as a sponsored residential service 5835 provider, (iii) any adult living in the home of an applicant for approval as a sponsored residential 5836 service provider, (iv) any person employed by a sponsored residential service provider to provide 5837 services in the home, and (v) any person who enters into a shared living arrangement with a person 5838 receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver to submit to fingerprinting and provide

personal descriptive information to be forwarded through the Central Criminal Records Exchange to the
Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the purpose of obtaining national criminal history record
information regarding the applicant. Except as otherwise provided in subsection C, D, or F, no provider
licensed pursuant to this article shall:

1. Hire for compensated employment any person who has been convicted of (i) any offense set forth in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 or (ii) any offense set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 (a) in the five years prior to the application date for employment or (b) if such person continues on probation or parole or has failed to pay required court costs for such offense set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02;

2. Approve an applicant as a sponsored residential service provider if the applicant, any adult residing in the home of the applicant, or any person employed by the applicant has been convicted of (i) any offense set forth in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 or (ii) any offense set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 (a) in the five years prior to the application date to be a sponsored residential service provider or (b) if such applicant continues on probation or parole or has failed to pay required court costs for such offense set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 (a)

3. Permit to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver any person who has been convicted of (i) any offense set forth in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 or (ii) any offense set forth in clause shared living arrangement or (b) if such person continues on probation or parole or has failed to pay required court costs for such offense set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of barrier set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 (a) in the five years prior to entering into a shared living arrangement or (b) if such person continues on probation or parole or has failed to pay required court costs for such offense set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02.

5863 The Central Criminal Records Exchange, upon receipt of an applicant's record or notification that no 5864 record exists, shall submit a report to the requesting authorized officer or director of a provider licensed 5865 pursuant to this article. If any applicant is denied employment because of information appearing on the 5866 criminal history record and the applicant disputes the information upon which the denial was based, the Central Criminal Records Exchange shall, upon written request, furnish to the applicant the procedures 5867 5868 for obtaining a copy of the criminal history record from the FBI. The information provided to the 5869 authorized officer or director of a provider licensed pursuant to this article shall not be disseminated 5870 except as provided in this section.

5871 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, a provider may hire for compensated employment 5872 at adult substance abuse or adult mental health treatment programs a person who was convicted of any violation of § 18.2-51.3; any misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-56 or 18.2-56.1 or subsection A of § 18.2-57; any first offense misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-57.2; any violation of § 18.2-60, 18.2-89, 5873 5874 5875 18.2-92, or 18.2-94; any misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-282 or 18.2-346; any offense set forth in clause (iii) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02, except an offense pursuant to subsections 5876 5877 B or C of § 3.2-4170 or subsections H1 and H2 of § 18.2-248; or any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction, if the hiring provider determines, based upon a screening assessment, 5878 5879 that the criminal behavior was substantially related to the applicant's substance abuse or mental illness 5880 and that the person has been successfully rehabilitated and is not a risk to individuals receiving services 5881 based on his criminal history background and his substance abuse or mental illness history.

5882 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, a provider may hire for compensated employment 5883 at adult substance abuse treatment facilities a person who has been convicted of not more than one 5884 offense under subsection C of § 18.2-57, or any substantially similar offense under the laws of another 5885 jurisdiction, if (i) the person has been granted a simple pardon if the offense was a felony committed in Virginia, or the equivalent if the person was convicted under the laws of another jurisdiction; (ii) more 5886 5887 than 10 years have elapsed since the conviction; and (iii) the hiring provider determines, based upon a 5888 screening assessment, that the criminal behavior was substantially related to the applicant's substance 5889 abuse and that the person has been successfully rehabilitated and is not a risk to individuals receiving 5890 services based on his criminal history background and his substance abuse history.

5891 E. The hiring provider and a screening contractor designated by the Department shall screen 5892 applicants who meet the criteria set forth in subsections C and D to assess whether the applicants have 5893 been rehabilitated successfully and are not a risk to individuals receiving services based on their criminal 5894 history backgrounds and substance abuse or mental illness histories. To be eligible for such screening, 5895 the applicant shall have completed all prison or jail terms, shall not be under probation or parole 5896 supervision, shall have no pending charges in any locality, shall have paid all fines, restitution, and court 5897 costs for any prior convictions, and shall have been free of parole or probation for at least five years for 5898 all convictions. In addition to any supplementary information the provider or screening contractor may 5899 require or the applicant may wish to present, the applicant shall provide to the screening contractor a 5900 statement from his most recent probation or parole officer, if any, outlining his period of supervision

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5901 and a copy of any pre-sentencing or post-sentencing report in connection with the felony conviction. The cost of this screening shall be paid by the applicant, unless the licensed provider decides to pay the cost.

5903 F. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, a provider may (i) hire for compensated 5904 employment, (ii) approve as a sponsored residential service provider, or (iii) permit to enter into a 5905 shared living arrangement persons who have been convicted of not more than one misdemeanor offense 5906 under § 18.2-57 or 18.2-57.2, or any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction, 5907 if 10 years have elapsed following the conviction, unless the person committed the offense while 5908 employed in a direct care position. A provider may also approve a person as a sponsored residential 5909 service provider if (a) any adult living in the home of an applicant or (b) any person employed by the 5910 applicant to provide services in the home in which sponsored residential services are provided has been 5911 convicted of not more than one misdemeanor offense under § 18.2-57 or 18.2-57.2, or any substantially 5912 similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction, if 10 years have elapsed following the conviction, 5913 unless the person committed the offense while employed in a direct care position.

5914 G. Providers licensed pursuant to this article also shall require, as a condition of employment, 5915 approval as a sponsored residential service provider, or permission to enter into a shared living 5916 arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver, written consent 5917 and personal information necessary to obtain a search of the registry of founded complaints of child 5918 abuse and neglect that is maintained by the Department of Social Services pursuant to § 63.2-1515.

5919 H. The cost of obtaining the criminal history record and search of the child abuse and neglect 5920 registry record shall be borne by the applicant, unless the provider licensed pursuant to this article 5921 decides to pay the cost.

5922 I. A person who complies in good faith with the provisions of this section shall not be liable for any civil damages for any act or omission in the performance of duties under this section unless the act or omission was the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct.

5925 J. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a provider licensed pursuant to this article that 5926 provides services to individuals receiving services under the state plan for medical assistance services or 5927 any waiver thereto may disclose to the Department of Medical Assistance Services (i) whether a 5928 criminal history background check has been completed for a person described in subsection B for whom 5929 a criminal history background check is required and (ii) whether the person described in subsection B is 5930 eligible for employment, to provide sponsored residential services, to provide services in the home of a 5931 sponsored residential service provider, or to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person 5932 receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver.

5933 § 37.2-506. Background checks required.

5934 A. As used in this section:

5935 "Direct care position" means any position that includes responsibility for (i) treatment, case
5936 management, health, safety, development, or well-being of an individual receiving services or (ii)
5937 immediately supervising a person in a position with this responsibility.

"Hire for compensated employment" does not include (i) a promotion from one adult substance abuse 5938 5939 or adult mental health treatment position to another such position within the same community services 5940 board or (ii) new employment in an adult substance abuse or adult mental health treatment position in 5941 another office or program of the same community services board if the person employed prior to July 1, 5942 1999, had no convictions in the five years prior to the application date for employment. "Hire for 5943 compensated employment" includes (a) a promotion or transfer from an adult substance abuse treatment 5944 position to any mental health or developmental services direct care position within the same community 5945 services board or (b) new employment in any mental health or developmental services direct care 5946 position in another office or program of the same community services board for which the person has 5947 previously worked in an adult substance abuse treatment position.

5948 "Shared living" means an arrangement in which the Commonwealth's program of medical assistance
5949 pays a portion of a person's rent, utilities, and food expenses in return for the person residing with and
5950 providing companionship, support, and other limited, basic assistance to a person with developmental
5951 disabilities receiving medical assistance services in accordance with a waiver for whom he has no legal
5952 responsibility.

5953 B. Every community services board shall require (i) any applicant who accepts employment in any 5954 direct care position with the community services board, (ii) any applicant for approval as a sponsored 5955 residential service provider, (iii) any adult living in the home of an applicant for approval as a 5956 sponsored residential service provider, (iv) any person employed by a sponsored residential service 5957 provider to provide services in the home, and (v) any person who enters into a shared living 5958 arrangement with a person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver to submit to 5959 fingerprinting and provide personal descriptive information to be forwarded through the Central Criminal 5960 Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for the purpose of obtaining national 5961 criminal history record information regarding the applicant. Except as otherwise provided in subsection

5962 C, D, or F, no community services board shall hire for compensated employment, approve as a 5963 sponsored residential service provider, or permit to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person 5964 receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver persons who have been convicted of (a) any 5965 offense set forth in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 or (b) any 5966 offense set forth in clause (iv) of the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02 (1) in the five years 5967 prior to the application date for employment, the application date to be a sponsored residential service 5968 provider, or entering into a shared living arrangement or (2) if such person continues on probation or 5969 parole or has failed to pay required court costs for such offense set forth in clause (iv) of the definition 5970 of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02.

5971 The Central Criminal Records Exchange, upon receipt of an applicant's record or notification that no 5972 record exists, shall submit a report to the requesting executive director or personnel director of the 5973 community services board. If any applicant is denied employment because of information appearing on 5974 his criminal history record and the applicant disputes the information upon which the denial was based, 5975 the Central Criminal Records Exchange shall, upon written request, furnish to the applicant the 5976 procedures for obtaining a copy of the criminal history record from the FBI. The information provided 5977 to the executive director or personnel director of any community services board shall not be 5978 disseminated except as provided in this section.

5979 C. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, the community services board may hire for 5980 compensated employment at adult substance abuse or adult mental health treatment programs a person 5981 who was convicted of any violation of § 18.2-51.3; any misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-56 or 18.2-56.1, subsection A of § 18.2-57, or § 18.2-57.2; any violation of § 18.2-60, 18.2-89, 18.2-92, or 5982 18.2-94; any misdemeanor violation of § 18.2-282 or 18.2-346; any offense set forth in clause (iii) of 5983 the definition of barrier crime in § 19.2-392.02, except an offense pursuant to subsection B or C of 5984 § 3.2-4170 or subsection H1 or H2 of § 18.2-248; or any substantially similar offense under the laws of 5985 5986 another jurisdiction, if the hiring community services board determines, based upon a screening 5987 assessment, that the criminal behavior was substantially related to the applicant's substance abuse or mental illness and that the person has been successfully rehabilitated and is not a risk to individuals 5988 5989 receiving services based on his criminal history background and his substance abuse or mental illness 5990 history.

5991 D. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, the community services board may hire for 5992 compensated employment at adult substance abuse treatment programs a person who has been convicted 5993 of not more than one offense under subsection C of § 18.2-57, or any substantially similar offense under 5994 the laws of another jurisdiction, if (i) the person has been granted a simple pardon if the offense was a 5995 felony committed in Virginia, or the equivalent if the person was convicted under the laws of another 5996 jurisdiction; (ii) more than 10 years have elapsed since the conviction; and (iii) the hiring community 5997 services board determines, based upon a screening assessment, that the criminal behavior was 5998 substantially related to the applicant's substance abuse and that the person has been successfully 5999 rehabilitated and is not a risk to individuals receiving services based on his criminal history background 6000 and his substance abuse history.

6001 E. The community services board and a screening contractor designated by the Department shall 6002 screen applicants who meet the criteria set forth in subsections C and D to assess whether the applicants 6003 have been rehabilitated successfully and are not a risk to individuals receiving services based on their criminal history backgrounds and substance abuse or mental illness histories. To be eligible for such 6004 6005 screening, the applicant shall have completed all prison or jail terms, shall not be under probation or 6006 parole supervision, shall have no pending charges in any locality, shall have paid all fines, restitution, and court costs for any prior convictions, and shall have been free of parole or probation for at least **6007** five years for all convictions. In addition to any supplementary information the community services 6008 6009 board or screening contractor may require or the applicant may wish to present, the applicant shall 6010 provide to the screening contractor a statement from his most recent probation or parole officer, if any, 6011 outlining his period of supervision and a copy of any pre-sentencing or post-sentencing report in 6012 connection with the felony conviction. The cost of this screening shall be paid by the applicant, unless 6013 the board decides to pay the cost.

6014 F. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection B, a community services board may (i) hire for 6015 compensated employment, (ii) approve as a sponsored residential service provider, or (iii) permit to enter 6016 into a shared living arrangement persons who have been convicted of not more than one misdemeanor 6017 offense under § 18.2-57 or 18.2-57.2, or any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction, if 10 years have elapsed following the conviction, unless the person committed the offense 6018 6019 while employed in a direct care position. A community services board may also approve a person as a 6020 sponsored residential service provider if (a) any adult living in the home of an applicant or (b) any 6021 person employed by the applicant to provide services in the home in which sponsored residential 6022 services are provided has been convicted of not more than one misdemeanor offense under § 18.2-57 or 6023 18.2-57.2, or any substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction, if 10 years have

6024 elapsed following the conviction, unless the person committed the offense while employed in a direct 6025 care position.

6026 G. Community services boards also shall require, as a condition of employment, approval as a 6027 sponsored residential service provider, or permission to enter into a shared living arrangement with a 6028 person receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver, written consent and personal 6029 information necessary to obtain a search of the registry of founded complaints of child abuse and 6030 neglect that is maintained by the Department of Social Services pursuant to § 63.2-1515.

6031 H. The cost of obtaining the criminal history record and search of the child abuse and neglect 6032 registry record shall be borne by the applicant, unless the community services board decides to pay the 6033 cost.

6034 I. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a community services board that provides services to 6035 individuals receiving services under the state plan for medical assistance services or any waiver thereto may disclose to the Department of Medical Assistance Services (i) whether a criminal history 6036 6037 background check has been completed for a person described in subsection B for whom a criminal 6038 history background check is required and (ii) whether the person described in subsection B is eligible 6039 for employment, to provide sponsored residential services, to provide services in the home of a 6040 sponsored residential service provider, or to enter into a shared living arrangement with a person 6041 receiving medical assistance services pursuant to a waiver.

6042 J. A person who complies in good faith with the provisions of this section shall not be liable for any 6043 civil damages for any act or omission in the performance of duties under this section unless the act or 6044 omission was the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct.

6045 § 48-17. Enjoining nuisances involving illegal drug transactions.

6046 The attorney for the Commonwealth, or any citizen of the county, city, or town, where such a 6047 nuisance as is described in § 3.2-4190 or 18.2-258 exists, may, in addition to any other remedies and 6048 punishment, maintain a suit in equity in the name of the Commonwealth to enjoin the same. The 6049 attorney for the Commonwealth shall not be required to prosecute any suit brought by a citizen under 6050 this section. In every case where the bill charges, on the knowledge or belief of the complainant, and is 6051 sworn to by two witnesses, that a nuisance exists as described in § 3.2-4190 or 18.2-258, a temporary 6052 injunction may be granted as soon as the bill is presented to the court provided reasonable notice has 6053 been given. The injunction shall enjoin and restrain any owners, tenants, their agents, employees, and 6054 any other person from contributing to or maintaining the nuisance and may impose such other 6055 requirements as the court deems appropriate. If, after a hearing, the court finds that the material 6056 allegations of the bill are true, although the premises complained of may not then be unlawfully used, it 6057 shall continue the injunction against such persons or premises for such period of time as it deems 6058 appropriate, with the right to dissolve the injunction upon a proper showing by the owner of the 6059 premises.

§ 52-8.1:1. Powers and duties of a drug law enforcement and investigation division.

6061 A. In addition to any other powers and duties which may be provided by statute or otherwise, it shall 6062 be the duty of a division for drug law enforcement and investigation to enforce the laws of the Commonwealth and conduct investigations related to violations of Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of 6063 6064 Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 and Articles 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) and 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 6065 of Title 18.2 or when requested pursuant to the provisions of § 52-8.1.

6066 B. The Superintendent may request and receive, from any federal, state or local agency, cooperation 6067 and assistance to aid such division in the performance of its duties, including temporary assignment of personnel which may be necessary to carry out the performance of its functions; provided that the 6068 6069 agency consents to the assignment. Consent may not be unreasonably withheld. Any assistance or 6070 appropriation given to such division shall be used for the primary purpose of enforcing laws and 6071 conducting investigations related to violations of Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 6072 3.2 and Articles 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) and 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2. Such 6073 division shall be a party to any anti-crime partnership agreement established pursuant to § 2.2-117 and 6074 may assist any locality declared an Intensified Drug Enforcement Jurisdiction pursuant to § 15.2-1715.

6075 C. Such division may enter into agreements with other states pertaining to the enforcement of Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 and Articles 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) and 1.1 6076 6077 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 across state boundaries. Such division may share 6078 information with law-enforcement agencies in other states as is necessary to carry out its work. 6079

§ 52-35. Witness protection program established.

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6080 The Superintendent of State Police may establish and maintain within the Department of State Police a witness protection program to temporarily relocate or otherwise protect witnesses and their families 6081 6082 who may be in danger because of their cooperation with the investigation and prosecution of serious violent crimes, felony violations of § 18.2-248, and violations of §§ 3.2-4170, 18.2-57.2, 18.2-67.5:1, 6083 18.2-67.5:2, and 18.2-67.5:3. The Superintendent may make the services of the program available to 6084

law-enforcement and criminal justice agencies of all counties, cities, and towns, and of the 6085 Commonwealth, pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Superintendent under the Administrative 6086 6087 Process Act. (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.).

§ 53.1-220.1. Transfer of prisoners convicted of designated illegal acts. 6088

6089 With the consent of the appropriate state authorities, the Immigration and Naturalization Service may, 6090 following notification under § 19.2-294.2, take physical custody of and responsibility for any alien 6091 convicted of any (i) felony offense involving murder, rape, robbery, burglary, larceny, extortion, or 6092 abduction, or (ii) illegal drug violation designated as a felony under Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.) of Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of Title 18.2. The director, 6093 6094 sheriff or other official in charge of the facility in which such alien is incarcerated may enter into an agreement, which includes provisions relating to reimbursement, with the Immigration and Naturalization 6095 Service to retain custody or supervision of such alien until he is deported or until other mutually 6096 6097 satisfactory arrangements are made to transfer custody of such alien to the Service. 6098

§ 53.1-231.2. Restoration of the civil right to be eligible to register to vote to certain persons.

6099 This section shall apply to any person who is not a qualified voter because of a felony conviction, 6100 who seeks to have his right to register to vote restored and become eligible to register to vote, and who 6101 meets the conditions and requirements set out in this section.

Any person, other than a person (i) convicted of a violent felony as defined in § 19.2-297.1 or in 6102 6103 subsection C of § 17.1-805 and any crime ancillary thereto; (ii) convicted of a felony pursuant to \$\$§ 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4168, 3.2-4170, 3.2-4172, 3.2-4175, 3.2-4191, 18.2-248, 6104 18.2-248.01, 18.2-248.1, 18.2-255, 18.2-255.2 or § 18.2-258.02; or (iii) convicted of a felony pursuant 6105 to § 24.2-1016, may petition the circuit court of the county or city in which he was convicted of a 6106 6107 felony, or the circuit court of the county or city in which he presently resides, for restoration of his civil 6108 right to be eligible to register to vote through the process set out in this section. On such petition, the 6109 court may approve the petition for restoration to the person of his right if the court is satisfied from the 6110 evidence presented that the petitioner has completed, five or more years previously, service of any sentence and any modification of sentence including probation, parole, and suspension of sentence; that 6111 the petitioner has demonstrated civic responsibility through community or comparable service; and that 6112 the petitioner has been free from criminal convictions, excluding traffic infractions, for the same period. 6113

6114 If the court approves the petition, it shall so state in an order, provide a copy of the order to the petitioner, and transmit its order to the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The order shall state that the 6115 6116 petitioner's right to be eligible to register to vote may be restored by the date that is 90 days after the date of the order, subject to the approval or denial of restoration of that right by the Governor. The 6117 Secretary of the Commonwealth shall transmit the order to the Governor who may grant or deny the 6118 petition for restoration of the right to be eligible to register to vote approved by the court order. The 6119 6120 Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send, within 90 days of the date of the order, to the petitioner at 6121 the address stated on the court's order, a certificate of restoration of that right or notice that the 6122 Governor has denied the restoration of that right. The Governor's denial of a petition for the restoration 6123 of voting rights shall be a final decision and the petitioner shall have no right of appeal. The Secretary 6124 shall notify the court and the State Board of Elections in each case of the restoration of the right or 6125 denial of restoration by the Governor.

On receipt of the certificate of restoration of the right to register to vote from the Secretary of the 6126 6127 Commonwealth, the petitioner, who is otherwise a qualified voter, shall become eligible to register to 6128 vote. 6129

§ 54.1-2903. What constitutes practice; advertising in connection with medical practice.

6130 A. Any person shall be regarded as practicing the healing arts who actually engages in such practice as defined in this chapter, or who opens an office for such purpose, or who advertises or announces to 6131 the public in any manner a readiness to practice or who uses in connection with his name the words or letters "Doctor," "Dr.," "M.D.," "D.O.," "D.P.M.," "D.C.," "Healer," "N.P.," or any other title, word, 6132 6133 6134 letter or designation intending to designate or imply that he is a practitioner of the healing arts or that 6135 he is able to heal, cure or relieve those suffering from any injury, deformity or disease.

6136 Signing a birth or death certificate, or signing any statement certifying that the person so signing has rendered professional service to the sick or injured, or signing or issuing a prescription for drugs or 6137 6138 other remedial agents, shall be prima facie evidence that the person signing or issuing such writing is 6139 practicing the healing arts within the meaning of this chapter except where persons other than physicians 6140 are required to sign birth certificates.

B. No person regulated under this chapter shall use the title "Doctor" or the abbreviation "Dr." in 6141 6142 writing or in advertising in connection with his practice unless he simultaneously uses words, initials, an abbreviation or designation, or other language that identifies the type of practice for which he is 6143 6144 licensed. No person regulated under this chapter shall include in any advertisement a reference to 6145 marijuana, as defined in § 18.2-247 3.2-4122, unless such advertisement is for the treatment of addiction 6146 or substance abuse. However, nothing in this subsection shall prevent a person from including in any

advertisement that such person is registered with the Board of Pharmacy to issue written certificationsfor the use of cannabidiol oil or THC-A oil, as defined in § 54.1-3408.3.

6149 § 54.1-3408.3. Certification for use of cannabis oil for treatment.

6150 A. As used in this section:

6151 "Cannabis oil" means any formulation of processed Cannabis plant extract, which may include oil
6152 from industrial hemp extract acquired by a pharmaceutical processer pursuant to § 54.1-3442.6, or a
6153 dilution of the resin of the Cannabis plant that contains at least five milligrams of cannabidiol (CBD) or
6154 tetrahydrocannabinolic acid (THC-A) and no more than 10 milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol
6155 per dose. "Cannabis oil" does not include industrial hemp, as defined in § 3.2-4112, that is grown, dealt,
6156 or processed in compliance with state or federal law, unless it has been acquired and formulated with
6157 cannabis plant extract by a pharmaceutical processor.

6158 "Practitioner" means a practitioner of medicine or osteopathy licensed by the Board of Medicine, a
6159 physician assistant licensed by the Board of Medicine, or a nurse practitioner jointly licensed by the
6160 Board of Medicine and the Board of Nursing.

6161 "Registered agent" means an individual designated by a patient who has been issued a written
6162 certification, or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, designated
6163 by such patient's parent or legal guardian, and registered with the Board pursuant to subsection G.

6164 B. A practitioner in the course of his professional practice may issue a written certification for the
6165 use of cannabis oil for treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of any diagnosed condition or disease
6166 determined by the practitioner to benefit from such use. The practitioner shall use his professional
6167 judgment to determine the manner and frequency of patient care and evaluation and may employ the use
6168 of telemedicine consistent with federal requirements for the prescribing of Schedule II through V
6169 controlled substances.

6170 C. The written certification shall be on a form provided by the Office of the Executive Secretary of 6171 the Supreme Court developed in consultation with the Board of Medicine. Such written certification 6172 shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the practitioner, the name and address of the 6173 patient issued the written certification, the date on which the written certification was made, and the 6174 signature of the practitioner. Such written certification issued pursuant to subsection B shall expire no 6175 later than one year after its issuance unless the practitioner provides in such written certification an 6176 earlier expiration.

6177 D. No practitioner shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-248 or 18.2-248.1 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167,
6178 or 3.2-4170 for dispensing or distributing cannabis oil for the treatment or to alleviate the symptoms of
6179 a patient's diagnosed condition or disease pursuant to a written certification issued pursuant to subsection
6180 B. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Board of Medicine from sanctioning a practitioner for
6181 failing to properly evaluate or treat a patient's medical condition or otherwise violating the applicable
6182 standard of care for evaluating or treating medical conditions.

6183 E. A practitioner who issues a written certification to a patient pursuant to this section shall register
6184 with the Board. The Board shall, in consultation with the Board of Medicine, set a limit on the number
6185 of patients to whom a practitioner may issue a written certification.

6186 F. A patient who has been issued a written certification shall register with the Board or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, a patient's parent or legal guardian shall register and shall register such patient with the Board.

6189 G. A patient, or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, such
6190 patient's parent or legal guardian, may designate an individual to act as his registered agent for the
6191 purposes of receiving cannabis oil pursuant to a valid written certification. Such designated individual
6192 shall register with the Board. The Board may set a limit on the number patients for whom any
6193 individual is authorized to act as a registered agent.

6194 H. The Board shall promulgate regulations to implement the registration process. Such regulations 6195 shall include (i) a mechanism for sufficiently identifying the practitioner issuing the written certification, 6196 the patient being treated by the practitioner, his registered agent, and, if such patient is a minor or an 6197 incapacitated adult as defined in § 18.2-369, the patient's parent or legal guardian; (ii) a process for 6198 ensuring that any changes in the information are reported in an appropriate timeframe; and (iii) a 6199 prohibition for the patient to be issued a written certification by more than one practitioner during any 6200 given time period.

I. Information obtained under the registration process shall be confidential and shall not be subject to
the disclosure provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.). However,
reasonable access to registry information shall be provided to (i) the Chairmen of the House Committee
for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, (ii) state and federal agencies or local
law enforcement for the purpose of investigating or prosecuting a specific individual for a specific
violation of law, (iii) licensed practitioners or pharmacists for the purpose of providing patient care and
drug therapy management and monitoring of drugs obtained by a registered patient, (iv) a

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6208 pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility involved in the treatment of a registered patient,
6209 or (v) a registered patient, his registered agent, or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as
6210 defined in § 18.2-369, the patient's parent or legal guardian, but only with respect to information related

6211 to such registered patient.

§ 54.1-3442.6. Permit to operate pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility.

A. No person shall operate a pharmaceutical processor or a cannabis dispensing facility without first obtaining a permit from the Board. The application for such permit shall be made on a form provided by the Board and signed by a pharmacist who will be in full and actual charge of the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility. The Board shall establish an application fee and other general requirements for such application.

6218 B. Each permit shall expire annually on a date determined by the Board in regulation. The number of
6219 permits that the Board may issue or renew in any year is limited to one pharmaceutical processor and
6220 up to five cannabis dispensing facilities for each health service area established by the Board of Health.
6221 Permits shall be displayed in a conspicuous place on the premises of the pharmaceutical processor and
6222 cannabis dispensing facility.

6223 C. The Board shall adopt regulations establishing health, safety, and security requirements for 6224 pharmaceutical processors and cannabis dispensing facilities. Such regulations shall include requirements 6225 for (i) physical standards; (ii) location restrictions; (iii) security systems and controls; (iv) minimum 6226 equipment and resources; (v) recordkeeping; (vi) labeling and packaging; (vii) quarterly inspections; 6227 (viii) processes for safely and securely dispensing and delivering in person cannabis oil to a registered 6228 patient, his registered agent, or, if such patient is a minor or an incapacitated adult as defined in 6229 § 18.2-369, such patient's parent or legal guardian; (ix) dosage limitations, which shall provide that each 6230 dispensed dose of cannabis oil not exceed 10 milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol; (x) a process 6231 for the wholesale distribution of and the transfer of cannabis oil products between pharmaceutical 6232 processors and between a pharmaceutical processor and a cannabis dispensing facility; (xi) an allowance 6233 for the sale of devices for administration of dispensed products; (xii) an allowance for the use and 6234 distribution of inert product samples containing no cannabinoids for patient demonstration exclusively at 6235 the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility, and not for further distribution or sale, 6236 without the need for a written certification; and (xiii) a process for acquiring oil from industrial hemp 6237 extract and formulating such oil extract with Cannabis plant extract into allowable dosages of cannabis 6238 oil. The Board shall also adopt regulations for pharmaceutical processors that include requirements for 6239 (a) processes for safely and securely cultivating Cannabis plants intended for producing cannabis oil; (b) 6240 a maximum number of marijuana plants a pharmaceutical processor may possess at any one time; (c) the 6241 secure disposal of plant remains; and (d) a process for registering cannabis oil products.

D. The Board shall require that, after processing and before dispensing cannabis oil, a pharmaceutical processor shall make a sample available from each homogenized batch of product for testing by an independent laboratory located in Virginia meeting Board requirements. A valid sample size for testing shall be determined by each laboratory and may vary due to sample matrix, analytical method, and laboratory-specific procedures. A minimum sample size of 0.5 percent of individual units for dispensing or distribution from each homogenized batch is required to achieve a representative sample for analysis.

E. A laboratory testing samples for a pharmaceutical processor shall obtain a controlled substances
registration certificate pursuant to § 54.1-3423 and shall comply with quality standards established by
the Board in regulation.

F. Every pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall be under the personal supervision of a licensed pharmacist on the premises of the pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility. A pharmacist in charge of a pharmaceutical processor may authorize certain employee access to secured areas designated for cultivation and other areas approved by the Board. No pharmacist shall be required to be on the premises during such authorized access. The pharmacist-in-charge shall ensure security measures are adequate to protect the cannabis from diversion at all times.

6258 G. The Board shall require an applicant for a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing
6259 facility permit to submit to fingerprinting and provide personal descriptive information to be forwarded
6260 along with his fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of
6261 Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information regarding the applicant.
6262 The cost of fingerprinting and the criminal history record search shall be paid by the applicant. The
6263 Central Criminal Records Exchange shall forward the results of the criminal history background check to
6264 the Board or its designee, which shall be a governmental entity.

H. In addition to other employees authorized by the Board, a pharmaceutical processor may employ
individuals who may have less than two years of experience (i) to perform cultivation-related duties
under the supervision of an individual who has received a degree in horticulture or a certification
recognized by the Board or who has at least two years of experience cultivating plants and (ii) to
perform extraction-related duties under the supervision of an individual who has a degree in chemistry

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6270 or pharmacology or at least two years of experience extracting chemicals from plants.

6271 I. A pharmaceutical processor to whom a permit has been issued by the Board may establish up to
6272 five cannabis dispensing facilities for the dispensing of cannabis oil that has been cultivated and
6273 produced on the premises of a pharmaceutical processor permitted by the Board. Each cannabis
6274 dispensing facility shall be located within the same health service area as the pharmaceutical processor.

6275 J. No person who has been convicted of (i) a felony under the laws of the Commonwealth or another **6276** jurisdiction or (ii) within the last five years, any *criminal* offense in violation of *Article 7 (§ 3.2-4159 et seq.)* of *Chapter 41.2 of Title 3.2 or* Article 1 (§ 18.2-247 et seq.) or Article 1.1 (§ 18.2-265.1 et seq.) of **6278** Chapter 7 of Title 18.2 or a substantially similar offense under the laws of another jurisdiction shall be **6279** employed by or act as an agent of a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility.

6280 K. Every pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall adopt policies for 6281 pre-employment drug screening and regular, ongoing, random drug screening of employees.

6282 L. A pharmacist at the pharmaceutical processor and the cannabis dispensing facility shall determine
6283 the number of pharmacy interns, pharmacy technicians and pharmacy technician trainees who can be
6284 safely and competently supervised at one time; however, no pharmacist shall supervise more than six
6285 persons performing the duties of a pharmacy technician at one time.

6286 M. Any person who proposes to use an automated process or procedure during the production of
6287 cannabis oil that is not otherwise authorized in law or regulation or at a time when a pharmacist will not
6288 be on-site may apply to the Board for approval to use such process or procedure pursuant to subsections
6289 B through E of § 54.1-3307.2.

6290 N. A pharmaceutical processor may acquire oil from industrial hemp extract processed in Virginia, 6291 and in compliance with state or federal law, from a registered industrial hemp dealer or processor. A 6292 pharmaceutical processor may process and formulate such oil extract with cannabis plant extract into an 6293 allowable dosage of cannabis oil. Oil from industrial hemp acquired by a pharmaceutical processor is 6294 subject to the same third-party testing requirements that may apply to cannabis plant extract. Testing 6295 shall be performed by a laboratory located in Virginia and in compliance with state law. The industrial 6296 hemp dealer or processor shall provide such third-party testing results to the pharmaceutical processor before oil from industrial hemp may be acquired. 6297

6298 § 54.1-3442.8. Criminal liability; exceptions.

6299 No agent or employee of a pharmaceutical processor or cannabis dispensing facility shall be prosecuted under § 18.2-248, 18.2-248.1, 3.2-4160, 3.2-4161, 3.2-4164, 3.2-4166, 3.2-4167, 3.2-4170, or 6300 6301 18.2-250, or 18.2-250.1 for possession or manufacture of marijuana or for possession, manufacture, or 6302 distribution of cannabis oil, subject to any civil penalty, denied any right or privilege, or subject to any 6303 disciplinary action by a professional licensing board if such agent or employee (i) possessed or 6304 manufactured such marijuana for the purposes of producing cannabis oil in accordance with the provisions of this article and Board regulations or (ii) possessed, manufactured, or distributed such 6305 6306 cannabis oil in accordance with the provisions of this article and Board regulations.

6307 2. That §§ 18.2-248.1, 18.2-250.1, 18.2-251.1 through 18.2-251.1:3, and 19.2-389.3 of the Code of 6308 Virginia are repealed.

6309 3. That the provisions of this act may result in a net increase in periods of imprisonment or 6310 commitment. Pursuant to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the 6311 necessary appropriation cannot be determined for periods of imprisonment in state adult 6312 correctional facilities; therefore, Chapter 1289 of the Acts of Assembly of 2020 requires the 6313 Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission to assign a minimum fiscal impact of \$50,000. Pursuant 6314 to § 30-19.1:4 of the Code of Virginia, the estimated amount of the necessary appropriation cannot 6315 be determined for periods of commitment to the custody of the Department of Juvenile Justice.