Department of Planning and Budget 2020 Special Session I - Fiscal Impact Statement

1. Bill Number: SB5035

House of Origin	Introduced		Substitute	Engrossed
Second House	In Committee	\square	Substitute	Enrolled

- 2. Patron: Hashmi
- 3. Committee: House Committee on Public Safety
- 4. Title: Law-enforcement civilian review boards.
- 5. Summary: The bill provides that a locality may establish a law-enforcement civilian oversight body. A law-enforcement civilian oversight body established pursuant to this section may receive, investigate, and issue findings on complaints from civilians regarding conduct of law-enforcement officers and civilian employees of a law-enforcement agency serving under the authority of the locality. The civilian oversight body may investigate and issue findings on incidents, including the use of force by a law-enforcement officer, death or serious injury to any person held in custody, serious abuse of authority or misconduct, allegedly discriminatory stops, and other incidents regarding the conduct of law-enforcement officers or civilian employees of a law-enforcement agency serving under the authority of the locality. The bill also sets forth other duties and responsibilities as reasonably necessary for the oversight body to effectuate its lawful purpose as provided for in this section to effectively oversee the law-enforcement agencies, as authorized by the locality.

Additionally, the civilian oversight body may hold hearings and, if after making a good faith effort to obtain, voluntarily, the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, and other evidence necessary to perform its duties the oversight body is unable to obtain such attendance or production, it may apply to the circuit court for the locality for a subpoena compelling the attendance of such witness or the production of such books, papers, and other evidence, and the court may, upon good cause shown, cause the subpoena to be issued. Any person so subpoenaed may apply to the court that issued such subpoena to quash it.

Any person currently employed by a law-enforcement agency is ineligible to serve on a civilian oversight body established pursuant to this section. A law-enforcement civilian oversight body may retain legal counsel to represent the oversight body in all cases, hearings, controversies, or matters involving the interests of the oversight body. Such counsel shall be paid from the funds of the locality.

The bill defines "Law-enforcement officer" to mean any person, other than a sheriff or chief of police, who, in his official capacity, (i) is authorized by law to make arrests and (ii) is a non-probationary officer of the police department, bureau, or force of any political subdivision or the campus police department of any public institution of higher education of the Commonwealth where such department, bureau, or force has three or more law-enforcement officers.

The proposed legislation defines "Law-enforcement agency" to mean any sheriff's office, police department, or other agency or department that employs persons who have law-enforcement authority that is under the direction and control of any political subdivision or a campus police department of any public institution of higher education of the Commonwealth employing a law-enforcement officer established pursuant to section 23.1-809.

- 6. Budget Amendment Necessary: No.
- 7. Fiscal Impact Estimates: Preliminary (see Item 8 below).
- **8. Fiscal Implications:** The Department of Criminal Justice Services does not anticipate a fiscal impact as a result of the proposed legislation.

The fiscal impact on local law enforcement agencies cannot be determined at this time. The bill is not expected to have a fiscal impact on state agencies with law enforcement personnel.

9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected: The Department of Criminal Justice Services, local law-enforcement agencies.

10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No.

11. Other Comments: None.