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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 5075
	Offered August 18, 2020
2 3	Prefiled August 18, 2020
4	A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 32.1-13, 32.1-20, 32.1-42, and 44-146.17 of the Code of Virginia,
5	relating to Emergency Services and Disaster Law; Commissioner of Health; emergency orders and
6	regulations; limitations.
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-	Patrons—LaRock, Cole, M.L., Walker and Wright; Senator: Ruff
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9	Referred to Committee on Health, Welfare and Institutions
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11	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:
12	1. That §§ 32.1-13, 32.1-20, 32.1-42, and 44-146.17 of the Code of Virginia are amended and
13	reenacted as follows:
14	§ 32.1-13. Emergency orders and regulations.
15	A. The Board may make separate orders and regulations to meet any emergency, not provided for by
16	general regulations, for the purpose of suppressing nuisances dangerous to the public health and
17	communicable, contagious, and infectious diseases and other dangers to the public life and health.
18	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Board shall not make any order or regulation
19	pursuant to this section unless, based on the evidence available to the Board, (i) such order or
20	regulation is necessary to suppress a nuisance dangerous to the public health or a communicable,
21	contagious, or infectious disease or other danger to the public life and health; (ii) no alternatives to the
22	proposed order or regulation that are reasonable in light of the impact on quality of life and economic
23	well-being exist; and (iii) the provisions of such order or regulation are narrowly tailored to address
24	the nuisance dangerous to the public health or a communicable, contagious, or infectious disease or
25	other danger to the public life and health. Evidence considered by the Board in making such order or
26	regulation shall be made part of the record of such decision. Any order or regulation adopted pursuant
27	to this section shall comply with the requirements of § 57-2.02.
28	C. An order or regulation made by the Board pursuant to subsection B shall be valid for a period
29	not to exceed 15 days. The Board may extend an order or regulation made pursuant to subsection B
30	one time, for a period not to exceed 15 days, if (i) the Board provides notice of its intent to extend the
31	order or regulation and holds at least one public hearing, which shall include opportunity for public
32 33	comment, prior to such extension and (ii) based on the evidence available to the Board, (a) such order
33 34	or regulation is necessary to suppress a nuisance dangerous to the public health or a communicable,
34 35	contagious, or infectious disease or other danger to the public life and health; (b) no alternatives to the proposed order or regulation that are regionable in light of the impact on guality of life and economic
33 36	proposed order or regulation that are reasonable in light of the impact on quality of life and economic well-being exist; and (c) the provisions of such order or regulation are narrowly tailored to address the
37	nuisance dangerous to the public health or a communicable, contagious, or infectious disease or other
38	danger to the public life and health. Evidence considered by the Board in extending such order or
39	regulation shall be made part of the record of such decision.
40	D. Any order that (i) limits the number of individuals who may gather together in person, in public
41	or private, or (ii) categorizes individuals on the basis of their relationship to or association with such
42	individuals and limits the categories of individuals with whom an individual who is not known or
43	reasonably suspected to have been exposed to or infected with a communicable disease of public health
44	threat may associate shall be deemed to negatively impact the quality of life and economic well-being of
45	residents of the Commonwealth.
46	E. Any person who violates an order or regulation made pursuant to this section is subject to a civil
47	penalty of no more than \$100 per violation. Such civil penalty is payable to the Literary Fund. In no
48	case shall any person be assessed a total of more than \$1,000 in penalties for violations of the same
49	order or regulation.
50	§ 32.1-20. Vested with authority of Board.
51	A. The Commissioner shall be vested with all the authority of the Board when it is not in session,
52	subject to such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Board.
53	B. Any order or regulation made by the Commissioner pursuant to this section shall be subject to the
54	requirements of § 32.1-13.
55	§ 32.1-42. Emergency rules and regulations.

The Board of Health may promulgate regulations and orders to meet any emergency or to prevent a potential emergency caused by a disease dangerous to public health, including, but not limited to, procedures specifically responding to any disease listed pursuant to § 32.1-35 that is determined to be

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caused by an agent or substance used as a weapon or any communicable disease of public health threat that is involved in an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (\$ 32.1-48.05

that is involved in an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05et seq.) of this chapter. Any regulation or order adopted by the Board pursuant to this section shall be subject to the provisions of § 32.1-13.

63 § 44-146.17. Powers and duties of Governor.

64 The Governor shall be Director of Emergency Management. He shall take such action from time to
 65 time as is necessary for the adequate promotion and coordination of state and local emergency services
 66 activities relating to the safety and welfare of the Commonwealth in time of disasters.

67 The Governor shall have, in addition to his powers hereinafter or elsewhere prescribed by law, the 68 following powers and duties:

(1) To proclaim and publish such rules and regulations and to issue such orders as may, in his
judgment, be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter including, but not limited to such
measures as are in his judgment required to control, restrict, allocate or regulate the use, sale, production
and distribution of food, fuel, clothing and other commodities, materials, goods, services and resources
under any state or federal emergency services programs.

He may adopt and implement the Commonwealth of Virginia Emergency Operations Plan, which provides for state-level emergency operations in response to any type of disaster or large-scale emergency affecting Virginia and that provides the needed framework within which more detailed emergency plans and procedures can be developed and maintained by state agencies, local governments and other organizations.

79 He may direct and compel evacuation of all or part of the populace from any stricken or threatened area if this action is deemed necessary for the preservation of life, implement emergency mitigation, preparedness, response or recovery actions; prescribe routes, modes of transportation and destination in connection with evacuation; and control ingress and egress at an emergency area, including the movement of persons within the area and the occupancy of premises therein.

Executive orders, to include those declaring a state of emergency and directing evacuation, shall have
the force and effect of law and the violation thereof shall be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor, and
any person who violates such an order is subject to a civil penalty of no more than \$100 per violation
in every case where the executive order declares that its violation shall have such force and effect. Such
civil penalty is payable to the Literary Fund. In no case shall any person be assessed a total of more
than \$1,000 in penalties for violations of the same executive order.

Such executive orders declaring a state of emergency may address exceptional circumstances that
exist relating to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation concerning a communicable disease of
public health threat that is issued by the State Health Commissioner for an affected area of the
Commonwealth pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of Title 32.1.

Except as to emergency plans issued to prescribe actions to be taken in the event of disasters and 94 95 emergencies, no No rule, regulation, or order issued under this section shall have any effect beyond June 96 30 next following the next adjournment of the regular session of the General Assembly but the same or a similar rule, regulation, or order may thereafter be issued again if not contrary to law 15 days after the 97 98 date of issuance. If, however, the General Assembly does not take any action on the rule, regulation, or 99 order within the 15 days during which the rule, regulation, or order is effective, the Governor may once 100 again issue the same rule, regulation, or order but shall thereafter be prohibited from issuing the same 101 or a similar rule, regulation, or order relating to the same emergency.

102 Notwithstanding the foregoing or any other provision of law, the Governor shall not issue any rule, regulation, or order pursuant to this subdivision unless, based on the evidence available to the 103 Governor, (i) such rule, regulation, or order is necessary to address a compelling circumstance; (ii) no 104 alternatives to the proposed rule, regulation, or order that are reasonable in light of the impact on 105 quality of life and economic well-being exist; and (iii) the provisions of such rule, regulation, or order 106 107 are narrowly tailored to address the compelling circumstance. Evidence considered by the Governor in 108 issuing such rule, regulation, or order shall be made part of the record of such decision. The Governor 109 may extend a rule, regulation, or order issued pursuant to this paragraph one time, for a period not to exceed 15 days, if (a) the Governor provides notice of his intent to extend the rule, regulation, or order 110 111 and holds at least one public hearing, which shall include opportunity for public comment, prior to such extension and (b) based on the evidence available to the Governor, (1) such rule, regulation, or order is 112 113 necessary to address a compelling circumstance; (2) no alternatives to the proposed rule, regulation, or 114 order that are reasonable in light of the impact on quality of life and economic well-being exist; and (3) 115 the provisions of such rule, regulation, or order are narrowly tailored to address the compelling circumstance. Evidence considered by the Governor in extending such rule, regulation, or order shall be 116 made part of the record of such decision. For the purposes of this paragraph, any rule, regulation, or 117 118 order that (A) limits the number of individuals who may gather together in person, in public or private, 119 or (B) categorizes individuals on the basis of their relationship to or association with such individuals and limits the categories of individuals with whom an individual who is not known or reasonably 120

121 suspected to have been exposed to or infected with a communicable disease of public health threat may

122 associate shall be deemed to negatively impact the quality of life and economic well-being of residents **123** of the Commonwealth. Any rule, regulation, or order adopted pursuant to this section shall comply with

124 the requirements of § 57-2.02;

(2) To appoint a State Coordinator of Emergency Management and authorize the appointment or
 employment of other personnel as is necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter, and to
 remove, in his discretion, any and all persons serving hereunder;

(3) To procure supplies and equipment, to institute training and public information programs relative
to emergency management and to take other preparatory steps including the partial or full mobilization
of emergency management organizations in advance of actual disaster, to insure the furnishing of
adequately trained and equipped forces in time of need;

(4) To make such studies and surveys of industries, resources, and facilities in the Commonwealth as
 may be necessary to ascertain the capabilities of the Commonwealth and to plan for the most efficient
 emergency use thereof;

(5) On behalf of the Commonwealth enter into mutual aid arrangements with other states and to coordinate mutual aid plans between political subdivisions of the Commonwealth. After a state of emergency is declared in another state and the Governor receives a written request for assistance from the executive authority of that state, the Governor may authorize the use in the other state of personnel, equipment, supplies, and materials of the Commonwealth, or of a political subdivision, with the consent of the chief executive officer or governing body of the political subdivision;

(6) To delegate any administrative authority vested in him under this chapter, and to provide for thefurther delegation of any such authority, as needed;

(7) Whenever, in the opinion of the Governor, the safety and welfare of the people of the
Commonwealth require the exercise of emergency measures due to a threatened or actual disaster, he
may declare a state of emergency to exist;

(8) To request a major disaster declaration from the President, thereby certifying the need for federal
disaster assistance and ensuring the expenditure of a reasonable amount of funds of the Commonwealth,
its local governments, or other agencies for alleviating the damage, loss, hardship, or suffering resulting
from the disaster;

(9) To provide incident command system guidelines for state agencies and local emergency responseorganizations; and

(10) Whenever, in the opinion of the Governor or his designee, an employee of a state or local public safety agency responding to a disaster has suffered an extreme personal or family hardship in the affected area, such as the destruction of a personal residence or the existence of living conditions that imperil the health and safety of an immediate family member of the employee, the Governor may direct the Comptroller of the Commonwealth to issue warrants not to exceed \$2,500 per month, for up to three calendar months, to the employee to assist the employee with the hardship.