Department of Planning and Budget 2020 Fiscal Impact Statement

1.	Bill Number	:: HB33	3 S1				
	House of Orig	in 🗌	Introduced		Substitute		Engrossed
	Second House		In Committee	\boxtimes	Substitute		Enrolled
2.	Patron:	Lindsey					
3.	Committee: Committee on the Judiciary						
4.	Title:	Parole; exception to limitation on the application of parole statutes.					
5.	Summary: The 1994 General Assembly Special Session II abolished parole for offenses committed on or after January 1, 1995. On June 9, 2000, the Virginia Supreme Court ruled that the jury in a noncapital criminal case should be instructed that parole had been abolished in Virginia (<i>Fishback v. Commonwealth</i> , 260 Va. 104). The substitute bill makes eligible for parole any person who was sentenced by a jury for a noncapital offense committed on or						

after January 1, 1995, who remained incarcerated for such offense on July 1, 2020. The substitute bill requires the Parole Board to establish procedures consistent with this

provision, and requires anyone who meets the eligibility requirements as of July 1, 2020, to be scheduled for a parole interview no later than July 1, 2021, allowing for extension of time

6. Budget Amendment Necessary: No

for reasonable cause.

- 7. Fiscal Impact Estimates: Preliminary. See Item 8 below.
- **8. Fiscal Implications:** According to Virginia Department of Corrections' November 2019 data, approximately 311 offenders were eligible for parole under the parameters set forth in this bill. The Virginia Parole Board (VPB) reports that all of the affected offenders have already been identified eligible for parole by the VPB and that this bill is not expected to have a fiscal impact on agency operations.
- **9. Specific Agency or Political Subdivisions Affected:** Virginia Parole Board; Department of Corrections.
- 10. Technical Amendment Necessary: No
- 11. Other Comments: None