## **2020 SESSION**

20108566D 1 **SENATE BILL NO. 880** 2 AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE 3 (Proposed by the House Committee on Appropriations 4 on February 21, 2020) 5 6 (Patron Prior to Substitute—Senator Locke) A BILL to amend and reenact § 22.1-253.13:2 of the Code of Virginia, relating to minimum staffing 7 ratio for school counselors. 8 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 9 1. That § 22.1-253.13:2 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 10 § 22.1-253.13:2. Standard 2. Instructional, administrative, and support personnel. 11 A. The Board shall establish requirements for the licensing of teachers, principals, superintendents, and other professional personnel. 12 B. School boards shall employ licensed instructional personnel qualified in the relevant subject areas. 13 14 C. Each school board shall assign licensed instructional personnel in a manner that produces 15 divisionwide ratios of students in average daily membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, school counselors, and librarians, 16 that are not greater than the following ratios: (i) 24 to one in kindergarten with no class being larger 17 than 29 students; if the average daily membership in any kindergarten class exceeds 24 pupils, a 18 full-time teacher's aide shall be assigned to the class; (ii) 24 to one in grades one, two, and three with 19 20 no class being larger than 30 students; (iii) 25 to one in grades four through six with no class being 21 larger than 35 students; and (iv) 24 to one in English classes in grades six through 12. After September 22 30 of any school year, anytime the number of students in a class exceeds the class size limit established 23 by this subsection, the local school division shall notify the parent of each student in such class of such 24 fact no later than 10 days after the date on which the class exceeded the class size limit. Such 25 notification shall state the reason that the class size exceeds the class size limit and describe the measures that the local school division will take to reduce the class size to comply with this subsection. 26 27 Within its regulations governing special education programs, the Board shall seek to set pupil/teacher ratios for pupils with intellectual disability that do not exceed the pupil/teacher ratios for self-contained 28 29 classes for pupils with specific learning disabilities. 30 Further, school boards shall assign instructional personnel in a manner that produces schoolwide ratios of students in average daily memberships to full-time equivalent teaching positions of 21 to one in 31 32 middle schools and high schools. School divisions shall provide all middle and high school teachers with one planning period per day or the equivalent, unencumbered of any teaching or supervisory duties. 33 34 D. Each local school board shall employ with state and local basic, special education, gifted, and 35 career and technical education funds a minimum number of licensed, full-time equivalent instructional personnel for each 1,000 students in average daily membership (ADM) as set forth in the appropriation 36 37 act. Calculations of kindergarten positions shall be based on full-day kindergarten programs. Beginning 38 with the March 31 report of average daily membership, those school divisions offering half-day 39 kindergarten with pupil/teacher ratios that exceed 30 to one shall adjust their average daily membership 40 for kindergarten to reflect 85 percent of the total kindergarten average daily memberships, as provided in 41 the appropriation act. 42 E. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and in support of regular school year programs 43 of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to fund certain full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students in grades K 44 through 12 who are identified as needing prevention, intervention, and remediation services. State 45 funding for prevention, intervention, and remediation programs provided pursuant to this subsection and 46 47 the appropriation act may be used to support programs for educationally at-risk students as identified by **48** the local school boards. 49 To provide algebra readiness intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may 50 employ mathematics teacher specialists to provide the required algebra readiness intervention services. 51 School divisions using the Standards of Learning Algebra Readiness Initiative funding in this manner shall only employ instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education. 52 53 F. In addition to the positions supported by basic aid and those in support of regular school year 54 programs of prevention, intervention, and remediation, state funding, pursuant to the appropriation act, shall be provided to support 17 full-time equivalent instructional positions for each 1,000 students 55 identified as having limited English proficiency, which positions may include dual language teachers 56 who provide instruction in English and in a second language. 57 To provide flexibility in the instruction of English language learners who have limited English 58 59 proficiency and who are at risk of not meeting state accountability standards, school divisions may use

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**60** state and local funds from the Standards of Quality Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation account to

employ additional English language learner teachers or dual language teachers to provide instruction to
identified limited English proficiency students. Using these funds in this manner is intended to
supplement the instructional services provided in this section. School divisions using the SOQ
Prevention, Intervention, and Remediation funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel
licensed by the Board of Education.

66 G. In addition to the full-time equivalent positions required elsewhere in this section, each local 67 school board shall employ the following reading specialists in elementary schools, one full-time in each elementary school at the discretion of the local school board. One reading specialist employed by each 68 local school board that employs a reading specialist shall have training in the identification of and the 69 appropriate interventions, accommodations, and teaching techniques for students with dyslexia or a 70 related disorder and shall serve as an advisor on dyslexia and related disorders. Such reading specialist 71 72 shall have an understanding of the definition of dyslexia and a working knowledge of (i) techniques to help a student on the continuum of skills with dyslexia; (ii) dyslexia characteristics that may manifest at 73 74 different ages and grade levels; (iii) the basic foundation of the keys to reading, including multisensory, 75 explicit, systemic, and structured reading instruction; and (iv) appropriate interventions, accommodations, 76 and assistive technology supports for students with dyslexia.

To provide reading intervention services required by § 22.1-253.13:1, school divisions may employ
reading specialists to provide the required reading intervention services. School divisions using the Early
Reading Intervention Initiative funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed
by the Board of Education.

81 H. Each local school board shall employ, at a minimum, the following full-time equivalent positions82 for any school that reports fall membership, according to the type of school and student enrollment:

83 1. Principals in elementary schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
84 principals in middle schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis; principals in high schools, one full-time, to be employed on a 12-month basis;

2. Assistant principals in elementary schools, one half-time at 600 students, one full-time at 900
students; assistant principals in middle schools, one full-time for each 600 students; assistant principals
in high schools, one full-time for each 600 students; and school divisions that employ a sufficient
number of assistant principals to meet this staffing requirement may assign assistant principals to schools
within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are
elementary, middle, or secondary;

3. Librarians in elementary schools, one part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students;
librarians in middle schools, one-half time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students; librarians in high schools, one half-time to 299 students, one full-time at 300 students, two full-time at 1,000 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of librarians to meet this staffing requirement may assign librarians to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or secondary; and

4. School counselors:

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a. Effective with the 2019-2020 2020-2021 school year, in elementary schools, one hour per day per
rstudents, one full-time at 375 students, one hour per day additional time per 75 students or major
fraction thereof; in middle schools, one period per 65 students, one full-time at 325 students, one
additional period per 65 students or major fraction thereof; in high schools, one period per 60 students,
one full-time at 300 students, one additional period per 60 students or major fraction thereof.

104 b. Effective with the 2021-2022 school year, local school boards shall employ one full-time 105 equivalent school counselor position per 325 students in grades kindergarten through 12.

b. c. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of school counselors to meet the school counselor staffing requirements set forth in this subdivision may assign school counselors to schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are elementary, middle, or high schools.

110 I. Local school boards shall employ five full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades 111 kindergarten through five to serve as elementary resource teachers in art, music, and physical education.

J. Local school boards shall employ two full-time equivalent positions per 1,000 students in grades
 kindergarten through 12, one to provide technology support and one to serve as an instructional
 technology resource teacher.

To provide flexibility, school divisions may use the state and local funds for instructional technology resource teachers to employ a data coordinator position, an instructional technology resource teacher position, or a data coordinator/instructional resource teacher blended position. The data coordinator position is intended to serve as a resource to principals and classroom teachers in the area of data analysis and interpretation for instructional and school improvement purposes, as well as for overall data management and administration of state assessments. School divisions using these funds in this manner shall employ only instructional personnel licensed by the Board of Education.

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K. Local school boards may employ additional positions that exceed these minimal staffing
 requirements. These additional positions may include, but are not limited to, those funded through the
 state's incentive and categorical programs as set forth in the appropriation act.

L. A combined school, such as kindergarten through 12, shall meet at all grade levels the staffing requirements for the highest grade level in that school; this requirement shall apply to all staff, except for school counselors, and shall be based on the school's total enrollment; school counselor staff requirements shall, however, be based on the enrollment at the various school organization levels, i.e., elementary, middle, or high school. The Board of Education may grant waivers from these staffing levels upon request from local school boards seeking to implement experimental or innovative programs that are not consistent with these staffing levels.

132 M. School boards shall, however, annually, on or before December 31, report to the public (i) the 133 actual pupil/teacher ratios in elementary school classrooms in the local school division by school for the 134 current school year; and (ii) the actual pupil/teacher ratios in middle school and high school in the local 135 school division by school for the current school year. Actual pupil/teacher ratios shall include only the 136 teachers who teach the grade and class on a full-time basis and shall exclude resource personnel. School 137 boards shall report pupil/teacher ratios that include resource teachers in the same annual report. Any 138 classes funded through the voluntary kindergarten through third grade class size reduction program shall 139 be identified as such classes. Any classes having waivers to exceed the requirements of this subsection 140 shall also be identified. Schools shall be identified; however, the data shall be compiled in a manner to 141 ensure the confidentiality of all teacher and pupil identities.

142 N. Students enrolled in a public school on a less than full-time basis shall be counted in ADM in the 143 relevant school division. Students who are either (i) enrolled in a nonpublic school or (ii) receiving 144 home instruction pursuant to § 22.1-254.1, and who are enrolled in public school on a less than full-time 145 basis in any mathematics, science, English, history, social science, career and technical education, fine 146 arts, foreign language, or health education or physical education course shall be counted in the ADM in 147 the relevant school division on a pro rata basis as provided in the appropriation act. Each such course 148 enrollment by such students shall be counted as 0.25 in the ADM; however, no such nonpublic or home 149 school student shall be counted as more than one-half a student for purposes of such pro rata 150 calculation. Such calculation shall not include enrollments of such students in any other public school 151 courses.

152 O. Each local school board shall provide those support services that are necessary for the efficient 153 and cost-effective operation and maintenance of its public schools.

For the purposes of this title, unless the context otherwise requires, "support services positions" shall include the following:

156 1. Executive policy and leadership positions, including school board members, superintendents and157 assistant superintendents;

**158** 2. Fiscal and human resources positions, including fiscal and audit operations;

3. Student support positions, including (i) social workers and social work administrative positions; (ii)
school counselor administrative positions not included in subdivision H 4; (iii) homebound
administrative positions supporting instruction; (iv) attendance support positions related to truancy and
dropout prevention; and (v) health and behavioral positions, including school nurses and school
psychologists;

4. Instructional personnel support, including professional development positions and library andmedia positions not included in subdivision H 3;

166 5. Technology professional positions not included in subsection J;

167 6. Operation and maintenance positions, including facilities; pupil transportation positions; operation168 and maintenance professional and service positions; and security service, trade, and laborer positions;

169 7. Technical and clerical positions for fiscal and human resources, student support, instructional170 personnel support, operation and maintenance, administration, and technology; and

171 8. School-based clerical personnel in elementary schools; part-time to 299 students, one full-time at 172 300 students; clerical personnel in middle schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 173 600 students beyond 200 students and one full-time for the library at 750 students; clerical personnel in 174 high schools; one full-time and one additional full-time for each 600 students beyond 200 students and 175 one full-time for the library at 750 students. Local school divisions that employ a sufficient number of 176 school-based clerical personnel to meet this staffing requirement may assign the clerical personnel to 177 schools within the division according to the area of greatest need, regardless of whether such schools are 178 elementary, middle, or secondary.

179 Pursuant to the appropriation act, support services shall be funded from basic school aid.

180 School divisions may use the state and local funds for support services to provide additional181 instructional services.

182 P. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, when determining the assignment of instructional

and other licensed personnel in subsections C through J, a local school board shall not be required to include full-time students of approved virtual school programs.